

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

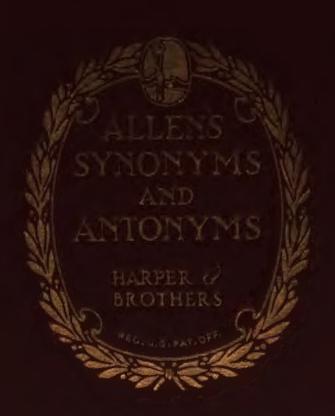
Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + Make non-commercial use of the files We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + Maintain attribution The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + Keep it legal Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/







	•		

		•
	•	
		. ·
	•	
•		
•		

		•		
		•		
•				
•				
	•			

	•		,
-			

•			
	•		

ALLEN'S SYNONYMS, AND ANTONYMS

B



	·			·
			•	
		•		
			•	
•				
				•

ALLEN'S SYNONYMS AND ANTONYMS

BY

F. STURGES ALLEN, A.B., LL.B.

Late General Editor of "WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY"



HARPER & BROTHERS PUBLISHERS NEW YORK AND LONDON

ALLEN'S SYNONYMS AND ANTONYMS

Copyright, 1921, by Harper & Brothers
Copyright in Great Britain

The property right of Harper & Brothers in this work is acknowledged in the United States of America and in the countries subscribing to and adhering to the Berne Convention creating an International Union for the protection of Literary and Artistic works, as Revised, and the property right in this work is reserved under all Conventions and Treaties inforce.

All rights reserved, including the right of translation into the Scandinavian languages and into other languages

Printed in the United States of America

To My Friend JAMES BROOKS COMINS, M.D.

In appreciation of the watchful care which restored me to health, in the year 1914, making possible the carrying on and completion of the work, on this book.

affected.—When a person deliberately uses a diction which is not natural and is not chosen simply in order best to convey his meaning, his use of words is affected. This is ordinarily due to prudery, excessive niceness or fastidiousness, undue desire for show, or a desire to support some pretense, as of sympathy, refinement, etc. There are in English various words which are typically so used in some senses, and they are followed in this book by the word "affected," as where delectation is used for delight, peregrinator for pilgrim, confect for make, emporium for market, limb for leg, avaunt for away, etc.

Common forms of affectation are the excessive use of euphemisms (see EUPHEMISTIC, below) and intensives.

archaic.—Words that belong to the past but have now fallen into disuse in ordinary language, but are for some reason retained in particular uses, as in poetry or for their flavor of archaism, are followed by the term archaic. Archaic uses may survive with particular individuals, as when the word positive is pronounced with the i before the v long (as in pine), or the word oblige is pronounced with the i sounded as ee. Among the very many words archaically used in English are: ghastful for alarming, anhungered for hungry, bestow for apply, host for army, facete for facetious, hostel for inn, inform for deformed, etc.

A word may become obsolete or archaic in general use, but be retained in professional use or in some stock phrase, as let in "without let or hindrance," hearse or herse for bier in certain ecclesiastical usage. Archaic uses often shade almost insensibly into those that are poetic, learned, or rare.

bookish.—Some words are literary in that they are little used out of books, but still lack any special literary associations aside from the fact that they are rather more formal than ordinary words or that they "smell of the shop." Terms decidedly of this character are often termed bookish (and are so marked in this book), as horrific for horrible or frightful, tintinnabulum for bell, verve for ardor, horrific for fearful. The use of such words often smacks of preciosity or stiltedness. Of course here, as in all matters of usage, there is no definite line of distinction setting off bookish words as a group from those usually felt to be literary, learned, technical, or pedantic. Cf. TECH., below.

colloq.—Those words are designated as colloq. (that is, colloquial) which are usually and properly common in ordinary speech or conversation,

but lack the dignity of association which is necessary to make them

appropriate for formal or elevated discourse.

The use of these words in ordinary conversation is not suggestive of vulgarity, but when used in formal or elevated discourse they lend an air of flippancy or illiteracy that is offensive to good taste. Words which have not become recognized as in good usage even to the extent of being colloquial are designated as slang (which see, below). The appropriate use of colloquial words lends a charm and easiness to informal conversation without which it is likely to appear affected, stilted, or pedantic.

A few examples of colloquialisms are: milksop for coward, flit for

depart, cabby for cab driver, swing for liberty, ado for fuss.

contextual.—As used in this book the word contextual is used for brevity in place of "a contextual sense or usage." Very many words depend more or less upon their context or the circumstances of their use for a part of the sense or meaning which they are intended to convey. Thus, when the question is asked, "Have you done your arithmetic?", we must know the facts with reference to which the question was asked in order to know what done implies, as learned, memorized, or worked the examples of. This dependence of a word upon its context or the circumstances of its use exists, to a greater or less degree, in all cases where a word of more general meaning is used in place of a word of a narrower, or specific, meaning. Thus, whenever we use do in this way, we must in each case look beyond the word itself to know the particular implication which it is intended to have.

An almost unlimited number of contextual synonyms might in this way be given in any dictionary of synonyms, as for example animal under horse, cow, child, man, woman, insect, etc.; emotion under passion, frenzy, love, hatred, joy, happiness, etc.; move under rush, go, dart, run,

walk, creep, glide, etc.

I have attempted to avoid uselessly cluttering the pages of the book with an excess of such synonyms, but have added general words as synonyms where it was felt that they would be of service to the user of the book.

Examples of the use of contextual occur on most of the pages, as after ecclesiastic under monk, girl under hussy, product under offspring, mark

under brand, etc.

euphemistic.—One often has occasion to express what is in itself unpleasant or is conventionally tabooed in direct expression, by using terms that have less offensive suggestions than would be involved in those precisely or bluntly indicating one's meaning.

The use of euphemisms is a notable feature of primitive races or customs, as where the Greeks designated the avenging *Errinnyes* by the name *Eumenides* (a name which arose as a euphemism, and literally means, "the gracious ones"), or where we use *intoxicated* for *drunk* or

VIII

bowels or intestines for guts (a word once in polite usage and still proper in some connections). Other words wholly or often used euphemistically are infidelity for adultery, intimacy for illicit amour, departure for death, innocent for simpleton. So any word of pleasant connotation may be used in place of a word of unpleasant suggestion whenever the intended sense will be conveyed.

fig.—When the use of a word in the sense for which it is given involves a consciousness that it is more or less transferred or figurative in use, the word is followed by fig. (for figurative). This has resulted in many words being marked fig. which are not figurative in any sense that would imply that their use belongs to what is rhetorically called figurative, flowery, or ornate discourse; but merely that the sense though established in English usage is not one in which the consciousness of transferred or figurative use is yet entirely forgotten, and without the fig. there might be a momentary difficulty in sensing the connection. This is the case with blaspheme for abuse, whip for abuse, or cosmic for consistent, voice for speaker, day for time.

Proper names conventionally used as synonyms are also designated as fig., where the consciousness of the figure still exists, as where Boanerges is used for speaker, Castalia or Hippocrene for spring, Cyclopean for massive.

formal.—I have designated by formal those words which are characteristic of formal or precise discourse, as where insular is used for island (as an adjective), protasis for beginning, chamber for bedroom. Here again it is difficult to draw the line between those sufficiently formal to be so designated and those which are not, and I have omitted the designation when there seemed to be any question about its correctness.

intensive.—When the intensive force of a word is a noticeable element of its meaning the designation intensive is added after the word. In many cases a prefix is added to a word so as to form a new word, but in an intensified degree. The commonest prefixes so used are be- and en- or em-, as in bedeck, becloud, bespatter, embolden, empoison, enchain; but en- and em- are now little used in new combinations, and be- usually has a suggestion of excess, often with a note of contempt or disgust, as in bedeck, begem, becalm, bespatter, bedraggle. The intensive force is plainly felt in some of the older words, now obsolete or archaic, as in beshrew (thee), bethink (thee), and in many modern forms, such as bedew, enfeeble, empoison, enchase, encarnalize, etc. In many cases the intensive force of the prefix em- or en- is lost and the compound word has become the ordinary term, as embitter (rather than bitter), encircle (rather than circle), emboss (rather than boss). The emphatic form is in some cases so far restricted to poetic use as to justify the denomination poetic.

learned.—Many words are common enough in learned discourse, written

or spoken, but are nevertheless quite out of place in ordinary general literature or conversation. Technical terms (here marked as tech.) are essentially of the learned class; but many other words which cannot properly be classed as technical and yet are not generally known to those of ordinary education, are in this work followed by the word "learned." It would be ridiculous to designate as learned all words not understood or which are not at all, or but imperfectly, understood by those with only a grammar-school or even a high-school education, for of these words, many will be more or less familiar to one person and strange to another, who in turn may know well words unfamiliar or unknown to the first. Words of this class are lugubrious, dolorous, matutinal, venial, fallacious, inimical, and these are left unmarked, though at times it is difficult to draw the line between them and those marked affected, learned, or literary.

Those words designated as learned, therefore, are only those about which there seems to be no question and concerning the nature of which a warning should be given to the user of this dictionary. Among them are: indite for compose, mordacious for biting, decollate for behead, autochthonous for native. Learned words are often, like technical terms, more exact in their meanings than more common words.

literary. Many words are chiefly restricted in use to literary expression notable for its elevation in form or taste or to formal addresses couched in such language, and these are designated as literary. Such words carry a suggestion of studied elegance of expression or of learning that would lend to their use in colloquial or technical discourse an appearance of pedantry, stiltedness, or affectation.

Many or most of these words have once belonged to ordinary diction, but have by a long restricted use been set aside for this more studied or elegant discourse, as burgeon for bud, distrait for absent-minded. The setting apart of words in this way is a process continually going on in English. Further common examples of "literary" words are froward for perverse, fruition for enjoyment, imbrue for stain, impugn for attack, Thespian for dramatic, array for dress, decease for die, fuliginous for smoky, infelicitous for unhappy. Cf. FORMAL, above.

obs.—The abbreviation obs. (for obsolete) is put after such words as have fallen into disuse but have seemed notable enough to warrant their inclusion among the synonyms. Since Chaucer's time many thousands of English words have become obsolete, and the presence of even a large part of them would mar a book of English synonyms of to-day. The art of printing has now, as it were, stereotyped our English vocabulary, so that in these days words comparatively seldom become obsolete. Indeed, there is at present rather a tendency, consciously or unconsciously, to retain or revive words already partly or wholly fallen into disuse, as is seen in the large number of words marked archaic.

Therefore, where there has seemed to be some literary or other sufficient reason for including in the book an obsolete word, I have not hesitated to do so, as in case of pleat for braid, pleasant for buffoon, wick for village.

obsolescent.—Where a word has begun to fall into disuse, but still has use enough so that it would be inappropriate to designate it as rare or obsolete, I have added the designation obsolescent. As already said, words do not now so often become obsolete, the influence of the printing-press being to keep in use the vocabulary which we already have. Words that are simply falling into disuse and so are obsolescent (as incommodious for inconvenient, quiz for hoax) are to be distinguished from archaic words which are consciously retained in use or revived for the sake of the flavor of archaism associated with them. Cf. Archaic, above.

rare.—The term rare after a word denotes that the word is rarely used in general literature. Rare words consist mostly of those which now and then appear in literature but have never become common. Thus, fledgy for feathery, affright for fear, desipient for foolish were first used many years ago, but they have never become established in general use. Some words now rare were once common; where the fact of their former frequent occurrence is of notable interest these are usually designated as now rare. Rare words ordinarily are of a more or less learned or pedantic character, and hence their use is often affected to produce a humorous or ironical effect.

rhetorical.—The word rhetorical is used to designate words which are characteristically used in language that is artificially or extravagantly elegant, or that specially seeks to convey an extreme or exaggerated effect, as where mighty is used for big, or mellifluous for melodious, or wroth for angry.

slang.—When a word as a whole, or in the given sense, has a certain arbitrary use, but is considered as generally below the level of educated speech, it is designated as slang.

Slang generally consists of new words or new uses of old words; but this is not necessarily so. Mere newness does not make a word or sense slang, for many of the new words and senses of words in all departments of life, especially in the arts and sciences, are not slang in this sense, though they might come under the very broad sense of slang as equivalent to jargon, or technical terminology (cf. TECH., below). Generally speaking, the use of slang is not only inconsistent with a refined or elegant diction, but also with that seriousness and dignity which is felt to be essential to the general course of conduct and speech.

Occasionally, terms which arise as slang, such as hoax, jitney, and bus, are accepted into good usage, but the great bulk of slang words (such as newlywed for benedict, dope for medicine, claret for blood,

buster for blusterer or a big thing) remain slang as long as they are used.

spec.—The word specific (abbreviated in the text to spec.) denotes that a word is a synonym of the title word only in having a specific, or particular and restricted, sense which is included among those for which the title word may be used. Specific senses are at the opposite extreme from words which have such a general meaning that they are denominated contextual (which see, above).

It is noteworthy that the more exact a person becomes in his designation or description, the more specific are the words which he uses. Such words when correctly used conduce to accuracy, but they corre-

spondingly narrow, often belittle, the meaning.

The designation spec., therefore, often serves as a useful or needed warning that a word given as a synonym is so much restricted in its meaning that it is not to be used as a general equivalent of the other; in many other cases this is obvious without the spec., which is then given merely for the sake of uniformity. For examples consult entries on almost any page at random, as depart, horse, perceive, shrine, child,

offspring.

tech.—The abbreviation tech. (for technical) is added after words such as pomiform for apple-shaped, ramus for branch, squama for scale, sternum for breastbone, which are chiefly found in, and characteristic of, technical usage. Many, perhaps most, of such words are occasionally to be found outside of technical literature, but their use then nearly always gives an impression of learning or pedantry. Many technical terms are the mere jargon, or slang (in the broad sense), of a trade or profession, and such terms are not ordinarily included in this book.

It is to be noted that technical, as well as learned, terms are ordinarily more specific and exact in meaning than popular words, and are also barren of much or all of the connotations which lend to the commoner words their richness of meaning.

Various characterizations of words other than those given above are used in this book, such as British, U.S., hist. (for historical), antiq. (for antiquarian or antiquities), stilted, etc. Such designations have meanings readily inferred from their ordinary significations, and there is nothing in their relation to general usage or to each other to call for explanation of them here. Thus, the designation British is equivalent to "only or distinctively in British usage"; U.S., to "only or distinctively in use in the United States"; hist., to "used in historical reference or discourse"; antiq., to "used by antiquarians or in reference to antiquities"; stilted, to "characteristically used in stilted discourse."

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS BOOK

	6	adjective.	interj	interjection.
	adi	adjective.	math	mathematics.
	adv	adverb.	med	medicine.
٠	Af., Afr	Africa.	metal	metallurgy.
	Am	America.	metaph	metaphysics.
	anat	anatomy.	meteorol	meteorology.
	antiq	antiquities.	min	mineralogy.
	arch	architecture.	mythol	mythology.
	archsol	archeology.	n	noun.
	astrol	astrology.	New Eng	New England.
	astron	astronomy.	obs	obsolete.
	Bib	Biblical.	obsolesc	obsolescent.
	biol	biology.	p	participle.
	bot	botany.	philos	philosophy.
	Brit	British.	physiol	physiology.
	Can	Canada.	pl	plural.
	cf	confer (L., compare).	Port	Portuguese.
	chem	chemistry.	p.p	participle past.
	colloq	colloquial.	p. pr	participle present.
	oonj	conjunction.	prep	preposition.
	dial	dialect, dialectal.	pron	pronoun.
	dim	diminutive.	psychol	psychology.
	eccl	ecclesiaștical.	R. C. Ch	Roman Catholic Church.
	econ	economics.	Scot	Scottish, Scotland.
	elec	electrical.	sing	gingular.
	Engl	English.	8o	South.
	esp	especially.	Sp	Spanish.
	etc	et cetera (L., and so forth).	spec	specific.
	ethnol	ethnology.	tech	technical.
	exclam	exclamation.	theol	theology.
	fem	feminine.	U. S	United States.
	fig	figurative, figuratively.	V	verb.
	Ger	German.	var	variant (spelling).
	her	heraldry.	▼. i	verb intransitive.
	hist	historical, history.	v. t	verb transitive.
	infin	infinitive.	soöl	soölogy.

CROSS REFERENCES

Every cross reference from a word is to some other synonymous word, under which it is given either merely as a synonym or by way of a reciprocal reference at the end. This latter is often done where there are two groups of synonyms of overlapping signification.

The matter in smaller type at the foot of the page consists entirely of cross references, the words in the *italic type* in each case having, under the main vocabulary entrance, a list of synonyms including the word referred from. Thus, "obloquy: abuse, discredit" means: "see in the main Vocabulary the words abuse and discredit, where the word obloquy will be found as one of the several synonyms of the other words."

DIVIDING NUMBERS

Under many of the vocabulary entries the synonyms are divided into numbered groups, so as to keep together the synonyms for any one sense, because the synonyms of a word in one sense usually differ in whole or in part from the synonyms of the word in a different sense. Where the distinction between the senses is not obvious, I have introduced a brief hint or definition so as to make this plain, as under abridgment, arrangement, ask, v. t., assembly, base, n., beak. Frequently the difference in meaning between the senses is made clear or more obvious by the following antonyms, as under absolute, ask, v. t., branch, body, benefit.

. .

ALLEN'S SYNONYMS, AND ANTONYMS

	•	
•		

ALLEN'S SYNONYMS

AND

ANTONYMS

ABILITY

abandon, v. t. leave, quit, desert, remit, renounce, forsake, desolate (rare), forgo (rare or archaic), drop, discard, surrender; spec. evacuate, forswear, maroon, consign, bolt; see RELINQUISH, FORGO, ABDICATE, SUBJECT, STOP.

Antonyms: see KEEP, CONTINUE, ACCOM-

PANY, APPROPRIATE.

abandoned, a. 1. corrupt, reprobate, unprincipled, depraved, hardened, irreclaimable, incorrigible, irreformable, irredeemable, lost; spec. shameless; see DISSIPATED. Antonyms: see CONSCIENTIOUS.

2. forlorn, lorn (literary), destitute (rare), castaway, outcast, derelict, deserted, de-

sert (archaic).

8. See UNINHABITED.

selves," etc., as object: degrade, lower, debase, demean (not in good usage), sink (rare), stoop (rare), bemean.

2. humble, humiliate, reduce, disgrace, prostrate, lower, mortify (rare or spec.); spec. depose, disrate, disrank, disgrade, discrown, uncrown, disbench, disbishop, disbar, dispurple, unchurch, discepter.

Antonyms: see ADVANCE, ELEVATE, DIG-NIFY.

abasement, n. Spec. degradation, debasing, humiliation, disgrace, etc.

abash, v. t. disconcert, confound, confuse, discountenance, dash, embarrass, awe; spec. shame, overawe; see INTIMIDATE.

Antonyms: see CHEER, ENCOURAGE.

abashed, a. disconcerted, confounded,

confused, ashamed, etc.

abate, v. t. & i. 1. destroy, abolish, reduce.

Antonyms: see BUILD, PRESERVE.

2. reduce, decrease, curtail, diminish, remit, lower, depress, lessen, abridge, slacken, mitigate, relax, slack; spec. qualify, intermit, drop, fall $(v.\ i.)$, sink, subside $(v.\ i.)$, flatten, wane $(v.\ i.)$, allay.

Antonyms: see Increase, Intensify.

abbreviate, v. t. 1. See SHORTEN.

2. Referring to words: shorten, clip, reduce, contract, prune.

abdicate, v. t. abandon, relinquish, re-

sign, demit;—all four contextual.

exc. as referring to animals), paunch (dyslogistic, exc. of an animal), pod (vulgar), corporation (chiefly spec.; colloq. or vulgar), guts (pl.; cant or vulgar); spec. epigastrium.

abdominal, a. ventral, visceral, hemal (tech.), alvine (rare); spec. cœliac, uterine,

abdominous (rare), big-bellied.

abduct, v. t. transport (contextual), kidnap, rape (esp. in p. p. & p. a. "rapt"; archaic), ravish (literary; often with "away"), spirit (chiefly with "away"); spec. crimp, shanghai.

abhor, v. t. dislike (contextual), detest, hate, contemn, despise, abominate,

loathe, nauseate (rare).

Antonyms: see LIKE, LOVE, ADMIRE. abhorrence, n. dislike (contextual), detestation, despisal, hate, abomination, hatred, antipathy, nausea, disgust, loathing, aversion, horror.

Antonyms: see LIKING, LOVE, ADMIRA-

TION, AFFECTION.

ability, n. 1. Referring to the ability to do a particular thing: competency, capacity, power, efficiency, sufficiency.

Toross references: see Note.

abatt: backward.

abattoir: slaughterhouse.

abbey: convent.

abduce: withdraw.
aberrant: abnormal, wandering,
unusual.
abet: aid, incite.

abide: stay, dwell, tarry, continue, stick, inhere.
abide, v. i.: endure, awail.
abiding: lasting, constant.

Antonyms: see Inability.

3. In a general sense: capability (often in pl., as in "of great capabilities"), power, caliber, strength, energy, spec. gauge, parts (pl; archaic or luterary), masterliness. Antonyms. see INABILITY

2. Referring to a concrete quality: talent, faculty, hang (collog.), gift, art, trick, knack; spec. hand; see SKILL, ENDOW-

Antonyma: see DIBABILITY.

abject, a. servile, slavish, sneaking, groveling, wormy (fig), cringing, hangdog (collog.), reptile (rare), underfoot (rare); see OBSEQUIOUS.

Anionyms' see ASSUMING, ASSURED, IM-

PUDENT, SELF-ASSERTIVE.

abjure, v. t. 1. recall (contextual), for-swear, unawear (rare).

Antonyms: see MAINTAIN, STATE.

2. See DISCLAIM.

able, a. 1. qualified, competent, capable, effective (chiefly spec), sufficient. Antonyme see INCAPABLE.

2. clever, gifted, talented; spec. accom-plished, notable (archaic or rare).

 powerful, competent, strong, mighty (thetorical), masterly; see SKILFUL, LEARNED.

Antonums: see WEAK.

abnormal, a. exceptional (contextual), irregular, erratie, anomalous, anomalistic (rore or lech.), aberrant, eccentric, heter-oclite (rare or gram.), anormal (rare); spec. amorphous, bastard, unnatural; see MONSTROUS.

Antonyma: see NORMAL, ORDINARY. abode, n. 1. residence, habitation (formal or stilted), inhabitance (obs.), habitance (obs.), dwelling, house, quarters (pl.; chiefly spec.), seat (archaic or poetic), home, domicile (chiefly legal), tenement (chiefly spec.), place (contextual), rest (rare), hole (in contempt), habitat (chiefly bot. and zool.), fireside (fig.), nest (fig.), harbor (archate or literary), cunabula (lithomestead, headquarters, rendency, hosetel, hospice, hospitium, hall, court, palace, hibernaculum or (rare) hibernacle, mansion, college, curatage, vicarage, novitiate, Magdalen or Magdalene, legation, hospitium, hospiti telry, wigwam, heritage, hermitary (rore), collectorate, burrow, barracks (pl.); see QUARTERS, HOUSE.

2. See STAY. abolish, v. t. 1. annul, cancel, nullify, cass (obs. or Scot), quash, disannul (emphatic for "annul"), rescind, remove, abrogate; spec. (chiefly in reference to laws) antiquate, everrule, everturn; ass RE-VOKE, INVALIDATE.

Antonyms: see ESTABLISH, CONFIRM, ENACT.

2. overthrow, overturn, subvert, eradicate, remove, extirpate, suppress, exterminate, extinguish, destroy; spec. reform; SEE ABATE, NULLIFY, ANNIHILATE.

Anlonyms: see ESTABLISH, CONCLUDE. abominable, a. 1. odious, detestable, execrable, hateful, damnable, accursed, heathenish (collog.), nefarious, impious, hideous, horrible, horrid (now rare or literary), horrific (rare), nefandous (rare), nefand (obs.), nameless, unutterable, unspeakable.

Antonyma: see Estimable, attractive. 2. disgusting, foul, loathsome, loathful, loathly (laterary), loathy (archaic), beastly, vile, nefandous (archaic), revolting, shocking, putid (rare), nameless.

Antonyms: see PLEASANT, ATTRACTIVE, BEAUTIFUL

abominate, v. L. abhor, detest, dislike (contextual), execrate, hate.

Antonyms: see Love, Like, admire. abort, v. t. bear (contextual), cast (referring to beasts only), slink (chiefly dial., referring to beasts only).

abortion, n. 1. miscarriage, cast (referring to beasts only), slink or slinking (refer-ring to beasts only).

freak, monstrosity, 2. misconception, come-to-naught (rare).

3. See PAILURE.

abound, v. i. 1. exuberate (rare); spec. superabound.

3. overflow, flow, swim, teem; spec. lux-uriate, revel; see awarm.

abounding, a. replete, plenteous (archaic), flowing, full, fertile, fruitful, rife (rare), flush, teeming, swimming, fat, rich; see SWARMING.

Antonyms: see INFREQUENT, DEFICIENT,

about, adv. & prep. 1. around, round, circa (Latin).

 nearly, approximately, proximately, almost, nigh, well-nigh, circa (Latin) 2. round, circuitously; spec. alternately,

successively.

4. helter-skelter, zigzag.
5. concerning, anent (Scot.), touching, of, regarding, on, after, respecting, quoad (Latin), re (Latin).

about, a. As used predicatively after "is," "was," etc.: 1. afoot, sturing, going, moving, doing (collog.).

above, adv. & prep. 1. over, upon, on. 3. adv. See ALOFT.

beyond, exceeding, surpassing, over;
 spec. super- (a prefix), hyper- (a prefix).
 Antonyms: see BELOW.

ABSORBENT

abrade, v. f. rub (contextual), wear; spec.

fret, grind, grate; see SCRAPE.

abrasion, n. rubbing or rub (contextual), wearing or wear; spec. fret, grase; see SCRAPE.

abrasive, a. abradent, scrapy; spec. fretting, graty (colloq.).

abrasive, n. abradent, abrader (rore); spec. carborundum, emery, sand, pumice, shagreen, putty, bort, rouge.

Antonyms: see LUBRICANT.

abreast, a. beside, alike (contextual),
alongside; spec. aligned, parallel, even.

abridge, v. f. 1. abbreviate, compress, brief, reduce, contract (chiefly spec.), condense, compact, epitomize, sum (chiefly with "up"); spec. razee, abstract, dock; SEE SUMMARIZE.

Antonyms: see ENLARGE, EXTEND.

3. See SHORTEN, DEPRIVE, ABATE. abridgment, n. 1. Referring to the act condensation, epitomization, compression, reduction, abbreviation, contraction; spec. elision; see SUMMARIZATION.

Antonyma: see ENLARGEMENT, EXTEN-

Referring to the result: spec. condensation, epitome, abstract, summary, sum, compendium, compend (rars), brief, breviary or breviale (obs. or rare), digest, précis (tech.; French), comprisal (rare), synopsis, bulletin; see BUMMARY.

sbrupt, a. 1. steep, sudden, sharp, quick, angular.

Antonyms: 800 GRADUAL a offhand, sudden, hasty, unpremeditated, precipitate, tout-de-suite (French), out-of-hand, jerky.

Anionyma: see Deliberate.

absence, n. 1. awayness (rare); spec. nonattendance, nonappearance, cut (colloq). Antonyms: see PRESENCE, ATTENDANCE.

2. See ABSENT-MINDEDNESS.

1. deficiency, privation (logic; a loose use), want; spec. destitution.

absent, a. 1. away, abroad (chiefly spec.), elsewhere, otherwhere (rare); spec. flown, distant, gone, exiled, bamahed, oversea, nonattendant.

Antonyms: see PRESENT.

deficient, missing, wanting, privative (logic; a loose use); spec. indigent (rare),

withdrawn, gone.

3. far-away, dreamy, abstracted, absorbed, distant, inattentive, vacant, preoccupied, distrait (literary; chiefly as French masc.), lost, absent-minded, rapt (rhetorical or literary); spec. musing, breathless.

Antonyme: see ATTENTIVE.

absent-mindedness, n. abstraction, absence, absorption, preoccupation, vacancy, inattention.

cancy, inationical,
Antonyma: see attention.

absolute, a. 1. pure, perfect, consummate, complete, total, entire, round, blank, unqualified, dead, clear, positive, utter, downright, sheer, thorough, thoroughgoing, stark, essential, mere (rore), regular (colloq.), teetotal (colloq.), unalloyed, flat (chiefly colloq.); see Thorough.

Antonyma: see PARTIAL, IMPEREECT.

Antonyms: see Partial, IMPERFECT.

2. unrestricted, unqualified, unbounded, independent, arbitrary, unreserved, uncontrolled, full, plenary, plenipotentiary (chiefly spec.), plenipotent, plenary; spec. categorematic; see AUTOCRATIC.

Antonyma: see restricted.

2. unreserved, unequivocal, unqualified, positive, independent, unconditional, unconditioned, peremptory.

Antonyms: see CONDITIONAL. 4. See actual, belf-existent.

absolutely, adv. purely, utterly, entirely, consummately, flat, flatly, dead, downright, plumb (chiefly U. S.; slang), plum (chiefly U. S.; slang), roundly, tectotally (colloq.), thoroughly, outright, altogether; apec, out,

absolution, n. 1. forgiveness, freeing, justification (chiefly eccl.), clearance, shrift (eccl.), assoilment (rare), discharge (contextual).

Antonyms: see RETALIATION, PUNISH-

3. See ACQUITTAL.

absolve, v. t. free, forgive, clear, assoil (eccl.), wash (fig.), shrive (eccl.), justify (chiefly eccl.), discharge (contextual).

Antonyms: see Punish.

absorb, v. L. 1. drink (chiefly used with "in" or "up"), imbibe, sop, occlude (tech.), soak, suck (chiefly with "up"), resorb (rare); spec. reabsorb, ingulf or engulf, blot, sink.

Antonyms: see EXUDE, REFLECT, EMIT, DIRRUSE.

2. Referring to ideas, etc.: incorporate, imbibe, drink (fig.), take (contextual);

apec. merge. 3. occupy, engross, preoccupy, immerse, sink, merge, bury, enwrap (literary), deyour, hold (contextual), keep (contextual),

prepossess. absorbed, a. engaged, preoccupied, oc-cupied, deep, sunk, buried, rapt (hierary), wrapt; see ABBENT.

absorbent, d. absorptive, bibulous.

Cross references: see Note. aboveboard: openly, above-mentioned: aforesold,

abroad: wide-spread, astray, free, absound: depart, absent, wrong. [salidate. absent, s. t.: withdraw, abrogate: abolich, revoke, in- absolutism: autocracy.

spongy, spongous (rare), sorbent (rare), thirsty (rare or fig.), sorbefacient (rare).

absorption, n. 1. imbibition, occlusion (tech.); spec. resorption (rare), reabsorption, soaking, etc.

Antonyms: see REFLECTION, RADIATION,

EMISSION.

2. incorporation, imbibition (rare); spec.

engagement, engrossment, preoccupation, prepossession.

abetain, v. i. forbear, refrain, withhold, stay, desist, patience (rare).

Antonyms: see INDULGE. abstainer, n. teetotaler, hydropot (rare), rechabite (fig.); spec. teetotum (humor-

abstemious, a. ascetic, austere, sober, frugal, abstinent, temperate, abstaining; spec. teetotal, temperance (colloq.).

Antonyme: see BELF-GRATIFTING, DRINK-

ING, GLUTTONOUS.

abstinence, n. abstaining, abstention, withholdment (rare), nepheliam (rare), temperance, refrainment (rare), forbearance (rers).

abstract, a. 1. ideal, metaphysical, transcendental, imaginary (rare), visionary (rare); see ACADEMIC.

2. See abstruse.

abstract, n. abridgment, conspectus, synopsis, syllabus (chiefly law and spec.); spec. docket, brief, note, headnote; see

Antonyma: see ENLARGEMENT, EXTEN-

BION, WHOLE.

abstract, v. t. 1. withdraw, deduct, eliminate, remove, subtract, separate (contextual); spec. embezzle, steal (figurative or slang).

2. See REMOVE, SUMMARIZE, ABRIDGE.

Antonyms: see ADD.

*betraction, n. withdrawal, deduction, etc. abstruce, a. profound, recondite, abstract, deep, high, dark, acroamatic (rare), difficult (contextual), esoteric (fig.), subtle; spec. far-fetched.

Antonyms: see EVIDENT, CLEAR.

abourd, a. irrational, preposterous, unreasonable, false (contextual), fallacious, sophistic, illogical, incongruous, incoherent, incredible, nonsensical; spec. silly, ludicrous, ridiculous, paradoxical, selfcontradictory.

Antonyma: see LOGICAL, REASONABLE,

THUE, CONSISTENT.

abundance, n. 1. plenty, plenitude (literary), copiousness, profusion, profuseness, plenteousness (chiefly poetic), ampli-

tude, affluence, fullness, repletion, free ness, luxuriance, opulence, wealth, richness, prodigality, generosity, foison (archaic), cheap (archaic), routh (Scot.;) spec. flood, exuberance, super-abundance, flow, heaviness, lavishness.

see DEFICIENCY, INFRE-Antonyms:

abundant, a abounding, copious, generous, luxuriant, pientiful, plenteous (rare or literary), opulent, ample, liberal, profuse, rich, flush (chiefly spec.), plenty (chiefly colloq.), fat (rare), free, effuse (rare), bounteous, bountiful, affluent (rare or literary), numerous (rare); spec. generous, lavish, flowing, exuberant, prodigal, thick, superabundant, profigate, rife, teeming, heavy, unstinted, big.

Antonyma: see DEFICIENT, INFREQUENT.

MEAGER, SCANTY.

abundantly, adv. aboundingly, copiously, generously, galore (chiefly collog.), etc. abuse, n. t. misuse, misusage, ill-use, misemployment (rare or spec.), abusing, mishandiment (rare or spec.)

handling, outrage, despite (archaic), per-

see ILL-THEATMENT.

3. reviling, revilement, vilification, vituperation, malediction, insultation (rare), blasphemy (fig.), scurrility, libel, opprobrium, obloquy, contumely, rating, ribaldry, tongue-lashing; spec. Billingsgate, blackguardism: see DEVARATION, DIRPAR, blackguardism; see DEFAMATION, DISPAR-AGEMENT.

Antonyms: see PRAIRE, EULOGY, FLAT-

abuse, v. t. 1. misuse, misemploy (rare or spec.), mishandle, pervert, outrage; spec. hase; see ILL-TREAT.

Antonymo: see CHERISH.

2. revile, berate (obs. or rare in England), vilify, vituperate, scurrilise, blaspheme (fig.), slang (colloq.), whip (fig.), flay, lash, conviciate (obs. or rare), mis-call (rare or dial.), bullyrag (colloq.), flyte (archaic or literary), tongue-lash; blackguard, curse; see INSULT, DISPAR-AGE, DEPAME.

Antonyma: see PRAIRE, ENNOBLE, FLAT-

abuste, a. vilificatory, vituperative, in-solent, blasphemous (fq.), despiteful (lit-erary), insulting, scurrilous, opprobrious, scandalous, scurrile (archaic), outrageous, foul-mouthed (contextual), dyslogistic (literary or learned; used of names, senses, etc.), contumelious, Thersitical (fig.), ribald, ribaldrous (orchaic); spec. disparaging, sarcastic, Fescennine (fig.); see DE-FAMATORY.

ACCOMPLISHED

Antonyms: see Praising, Laudatory, FLATTERING.

abut, v. i. join, butt (of seams, etc.); see

abyss, n. deep (poetic or rhetorical), gulf, abysm, swallow (rare), profound, profundity, chasm, pit, sink (chiefly spec.), void.

Anionyms: see Height.

academic, a. 1. collegiate, scholarly, scholastic, clerkly (archaic).

2. conventional, formal, cut-and-dried

(collog.), budge (archaic).

3. theoretical, speculative; see ABSTRACT. accede, v. t. agree, assent, consent, acquiesce (with "in"), concede, yield, subscribe, accord (with "with").

Antonyms: see DISAGREE.

accent, v. t. accentuate, stress, emphasize, ictus (tech.); spec. circumflect (rare).

Antonyms: see SLUR.

- accent, n. 1. stress, emphasis, accentuation, ictus (lech.); spec. circumflex, prime, secondary.
- 2. See EMPHASIS, MODULATION, TONE.

accept, v. t. 1. See RECEIVE, HONOR, BE-LIEVE.

2. recognize, embrace, adopt, take, receive (referring to laws, etc.).

Antonyms: see REJECT, DECLINE.

acceptable, a. pleasant, welcome, allowable, agreeable, gratifying, grateful, comfortable, gracious (archaic), canny (Scot.); spec. answerable, popular, liked, refreshing; see Pleasant, Timely.

Anionyms: see UNACCEPTABLE.

acceptance, n. recognition, embracement, reception (referring to laws, etc.), etc.; taking; spec. vogue.

Antonyms: see DECLINATION, REFUSAL,

REJECTION.

accepted, a. approved; spec. popular, conventional, orthodox.

accessible, a. approachable, come-at-able (collog.), get-at-able (collog.); spec. open, patent (rare), ready, compassable, convenient, available.

Antonyms: see Inaccessible.

accession, n. 1. See coming, addition.

2. agreement, accordance, assent, assentation (literary), consent, acquiescence, concession, subscription, acceptance (with "of"), suffrage (chiefly spec.).

Antonyms: see disagreement.

accessory, a. 1. contributing, contributory, auxiliary, supplementary, supplemental, adjective, extra, additional, adjunct, suppletory (learned), suppletive 2. Referring to a person, his learning, etc.:

(rare), accessary (the less usual form); spec. incident (law), appurtenant.

2. adventitious, adscititious (rare), appendant, dependent, supervenient, accompanying, bye (rare or spec.), collateral, accessary (the less usual form).

Antonyms: see NECESSARY.

3. abetting, privy, conniving, connivent, confederate, participant, assistant, accessary (the less usual form).

accessory, n. 1. adjunct, dependant, adjective, belonging, accompaniment, appurtenance, appurtenant, concomitant, incident (law), accessary (the less usual form); spec. property; see ACCIDENT.

2. privy; spec. assistant, participant,

conniver; see ACCOMPLICE.

accident, n. 1. See Chance, missor-TUNE, QUALITY, ACCESSORY.

2. accessory, nonessential, external, incident, collateral, unessential.

Antonyms: see Essential.

accidental, a. 1. fortuitous, accessory, nonessential, contingent, casual, subsidiary, external, incident, collateral; spec. stray.

Antonyma: see consequential, inten-TIONAL.

2. accessory, incidental, external, adventitious, nonessential, unessential, collateral, subsidiary.

Anionyms: see NECESSARY, FUNDAMEN-TAL, INHERENT.

3. See OCCASIONAL.

acclimatize, v. t. acclimate, season, nat-

accompaniment, n. attendance, escort, convoy (chiefly spec.), etc.

accompany, v. t. attend, escort, company (archaic), convoy (chiefly spec.), follow; spec. cavalier, esquire (rare), companion, chaperon.

Antonyms: see ABANDON.

accompanying, a. attendant, accessory, concomitant, comitant (rare).

accomplice, n. Spec. abettor, acces-

sory; see associate.

accomplish, v. t. complete, fulfill, perform, effect, achieve, do, attain, execute, compass, effectuate, work, manage, contrive, dispatch, consummate, negotiate (spec. or colloq.), win, expedite (literary); see finish.

accomplished, a. 1. completed, complete, fulfilled, performed, done, consummate, etc.

Antonyms: see CRUDE.

Cross references: see Note. abysm: abyss. accelerate: quicken, hasten. accentuate: accent, emphasize.

access: attack. accessory. acclaim: praise, shout acclivity: slope.

accommodate: adapt, conform, arrange, furnish, oblige, accommodating: obliging.

finished, proficient, cultivated, polished | (chiefly spec.), beseen (archaic, as in "well ", spec. learned, versed, read, exquisite.

Antonyma: see BOORISH, RUSTIC

accomplishment, n. 1. fulfillment, doing, completion, execution, consummation, performance, work, achievement, management, deed, feat (referring to an act), negotiation (spec. or colloq.); spec., dispatch, triumph.

2. (usually in pl.) refinement, embellishment, acquirement, attainment, acquisition; spec. graces (pl.), proficiency, polish (used in a generic sense; as, "a man without polish").

accordingly, adv. agreeably, correspondingly, conformably, consistently, so, there-

accouchenr, n. obstetrician (chiefly spec.), man-midwife. "Accoucheur" is French.

accoucheuse, n. midwife, obstetrician (chiefly spec.), howdie (Scot.). "Accou-

account, n. 1. See COMPUTATION, CON-

BIDERATION, IMPORTANCE.

- 2. reckoning, tally, score (chiefly spec.).
 3. statement, report, description, narration, narrative, relation, recounting, recountal (rare), rehearsal, recital, recitation, detailment, record, history (chiefly spec), story, tale, rede (archaic or poetic), opec. chronicle, travels (pl.), summary, detail; see ANECDOTE, NARRATIVE.
 4. score, tick (colloq.), battels (pl.; Univ.
- of Oxford), shot (archaic), reckoning.

account, v. i. Spec. report, return; see SETTLE.

accountable, a. responsible, answerable, liable, amenable; spec. good, solid. Antonyms see UNACCOUNTABLE.

accountant, n. clerk (contextual), bookkeeper; spec. actuary (life insurance), auditor. cashier, teller, controller, sirkar (Anglo-Indian).

accouterments, n. pl. equipment, gear (archaic); spec. harness, clothing, dress,

trappings (pl.). accredited, a. credentialed, authorized, sanctioned, acknowledged.

accretion, n. 1. See GROWTH, ADDITION, GAIN

2. concretion, adhesion.

enure, redound (said of benefits, advantages, etc); spec. vest, mature, attach, fall (chiefly with "due"). accrued, a. due, owing; spec. overdue, matured, vested.

accumulate, v. t. d i. cumulate, mass, amass, gather (*sp with "together"), pile (chiefly with "up"), heap (chiefly with "up"), agglomerate, aggregate, collect, congest, roll (chiefly with "up"), acervate (rare), coacervate (rare); spec. scrape (with "up"), garner, store. Antonyms: see SCATTER.

accumulation, n. amassment, cumulation, agglomeration, conglomeration, conglomerate, aggregation, heap, aggregate, collection, gathering, acervation (rare) coacervation (rore); spec. congeries, huddle, drift, htter; see STORE, STOCK.

accuracy, n. exactness, precision priety, fidelity, justness, truth, etc. n. exactness, precision, pro-

accurate, a. exact, precise, correct, just, faithful, true, close, critical, strict, nice, proper, exquisite; see TRUE.

Antonymu: see inaccurate, inexact. accursed, a. anathematized, cursed (often vulgar oath), execrated, devoted damned (chiefly a vulgar oath), doomed (archaic), blasted (chiefly a vulgar oath).

Antonyms. see Blessed.

accusation, n. indictment, charge, impeachment, arraignment, denunciation, taxing, delation (chiefly by an informer), impeach (rare); spec complaint, attack, crimination, recrimination.

Antonyms' see ACQUITTAL.

acouse, v. t. charge, indict, impeach, arraign, denounce, task, tax, attaint (archaic), delate (now bookish or tech); spec. article, recriminate, criminate, incriminate, countercharge, report, attack.

Antonyms: see ACQUIT.

accuser, n. Spec. plaintiff, prosecutor, complainant, libellant, informer, informant, delator.

accustom, v t. habituate, use, familiarise (rare), addict, wont, inure, hackney (used with "in"; chiefly in a bad sense); spec. train, naturalize, see TRAIN.

Antonyms: see disaccustom.

accustomed, a. 1. wont, wonted; spec. natural, see ADDICTED.

2. See CUSTOMARY.

acknowledge, v. f. 1. allow, grant, admit, agnize (archaic), avouch (rare), avow, confess, recognize, yield, concede, testify (chiefly Biblical); see Answer.

Antonyms' see CONTRADICT, DENY,

3. own, confess, recognize, admit, avow (obs. or rore); spec. father, mother.

Cross references see Note secord, v. t. give [monite. secord, v. s.: agree, accede, harmoord, n: agreement, corres-pondence, harmony accordant: consistent, agreeable

accost: address, greet. accouchement: lying-in. account, v / concentration consider. accredit: confirm, believe.

accroach, v r encroach. achieve: accomplish, get, acrismontous.

ACTION

- 3. profess, declare, avow.
- 4. Meaning "to receipt for": receipt.
- 5. See NOTICE.
- acknowledgment, n. 1. confession, recognition, admission, allowance, grant, concession, etc.

Antonym8: 8ee Denial.

- 2. profession, declaration, avowal.
- acquaintance, n. Spec. friend, intimate, associate, familiar.

Antonyms: see Stranger.

- acquainted, a. 1. Referring to things: see AWARE.
- 2. Referring to persons: spec. familiar "Acquainted" implies no (which see). more than mere personal intercourse and has no general symonym. Cf. KNOW, v. t.

acquired, a. Spec. learned, adopted, cultivated, affected.

Antonyms: 8ee Innate.

acquisition, n. 1. Referring to the act or gain, acquirement, acquist (literary); spec. purchase, usucaption, conquest; see GETTING.

Antonyms: see LOSS.

2. Referring to the thing: acquirement (chiefly spec.), acquest (literary); spec. spoils (pl.), purchase, trade, bargain, buy (collog.); see GAIN, ACCOMPLISHMENT.

acquisitive, a. quæstuary (rare); spec.

greedy.

acquit, v. t. 1. See DISCHARGE, PAY, BEHAVE. 2. exculpate, exonerate, clear, discharge, absolve, purge, assoil (obs.), quit (obs. or

Antonyms: see convict, accuse, blame. acquittal, n. 1. See ACQUITTANCE.

2. exculpation, acquittance (rare), clearance, clearing, discharge, purgation (rare), absolution (now rare or literary); spec. compurgation, acquitment (rare).

Antonyms: see Accusation, conviction. acquittance, n. 1. See DISCHARGE, PAY-

MENT, ACQUITTAL.

2. Referring to the document: release, acquittal (rare, exc. legal); spec. discharge.

acrid, a. 1. pungent, biting, acid, corrosive, virulent, sharp, caustic, rough (contextual), mordicant (rare), acrimonious (archaic), vitriolic (spec. or fig.), hot (colloq.).

Antonyms: see bland.

2. See ACRIMONIOUS.

acridity, n. 1. pungency, roughness (contextual), bitingness, acidity, corrosiveness, virulence, causticity.

2. See ACRIMONY.

acquaint: inform.

acrimonious, a. 1. See ACRID.

2. tart, corrosive, acid, bitter, acrid, sharp, cutting, caustic, pungent, virulent, rancorous, atrabilious (rare), vitriolic. sour, biting; see sarcastic.

Antonyms: see smooth, agreeable. GOOD-NATURED.

acrimony, n. acidity, heat, acridity, virulence, pungency, rancor, etc.; spec. sarcasm, asperity.

acrobat, n. Spec. tumbler, vaulter, equilibrist, rope-walker, contortionist, funam-

bulist.

across, prep. on, over, athwart, overthwart (rare), thwart (archaic or poetic), cross (now chiefly dial. or poetic).

act, n. 1. Referring to an act considered as a whole without involving the idea of the time occupied or of its going on: deed, performance, action; see action, 1, DEED.

Antonyms: see NEGLIGENCE.

2. Referring to the proceeding or course of acting: see ACTION.

3. action, move, step, turn, deal, move-

ment (rare), play, proceeding.

act, v. i. 1. perform, work, operate, function, functionate, go, serve, make; spec. do, energize, preside, officiate; see work, Tell.

- **2.** Referring to the theater, shows, etc.: perform, play; spec. theatrize (rare), theatricalize (rare), mum, mime, mince, gaff (slang, Eng.).
- **3.** move, proceed, deal, stir.
- 4. See Behave, dissemble. act, v. t. 1. perform, take (a part), represent, impersonate, enact (rare or rhetorical), play, assume, support, sustain, render, do (as a part, an act, etc.); spec. counterfeit, theatricalize (rare); see PERSONATE.

3. See Pretend.

acting, n. performance, representation, rendition (U. S.), enaction (rare); spec. histrionism, dramaturgy, mummery, personation, etc.

action, n. 1. act (rare), doing (chiefly in pl.), acting, performance, movement, working, operation; spec. effect, motion, play (of the feelings, passions, etc.), operance (rare), touch, process, procedure, business (theatrical), function, reaction, response, conation. If considered as a whole without reference to the element of time these terms are sometimes used as synonyms of "act." See ACT, 1.

Antonyms: see INACTIVITY, REST.

3. measure, step, course, procedure, provision, proceeding, démarche (French); spec. counterstep, precaution; see STROKE.

8. See BEHAVIOR, TRANSACTION, ACTIV-ITY, BUSTLE.

4. influence, operation, working, touch; see AGENCY.

Cross references: see Note. acme: height, top.

acquiesce: accede. acquire: get, gain, receive, learn. acquirement: acquisition, ac-

complishment, getting. across: crosswise. act: work, tell.

5. proceeding (legal), suit, case, cause, process, spec. plea (hist. or Scot), remanet, interpleader, replevin, assumpsit, trespass, libel, counterclaim, prosecution, etc.

sotive, a. 1. acting, operative, operant (rare); spec. exertive, conative.

Antonyms. 886 INACTIVE.

A. energetic, vigorous, assiduous, busy, industrious, hustling (collog., U. S.), vivacious (chiefly spec), animated, bustling (collog., U. S.), trustling (collog., U. S.), brisk, humming (slang), deedful (rare), pragmatic (rare), deedy (dial.), deliver (collog.), and trust collisions (state). (archaic); spec. strong, sedulous, light, rapid; see NIMBLE, LIVELY, RESTLESS

Antonyms: see sludgish, idle, indo-

LENT, LAZY.

. See ALERT, AMBITIOUS

activity, n. 1. energy (chiefly tech.), vigor, vivacity (chiefly spec.), briskness, actuality (obs., exc metaphysics), hustle (U. S.; slang or colloq), rustle (U. S; slang or colloq.), operation (rare), operancy (rare); spec nimbleness.

Antonyms see INDOLENCE.

2. See ALERTNESS, AMBITION.

8. coil (literary), bustle, hustle (U. S.; slang or colloq.), rustle (U. S.; slang or collog.), stir, action, turmoil, movement; SCC EXCITEMENT, BUSTLE.

Antonyms: see CALM, PEACE. motor, n. 1. Spec. agent, doer, performer. Antonyms: see BUBJECT.

2. player, performer, personator, Thespian (luterary), actress (fem.), histrion (rare), impersonator (chiefly spec.), dramatis persona (Latin; pl.); spec. tragedian, tragedienne (fem.; French), comedian, comedienne (fem; cant), pantomimist, farceur (French), caricaturist, burleaquer, star, diva (fem.), ingénuc (fem.; French), Pierrot (masc.; French), Pierrette (fem.; French), punchinello (Italian), buffo (Italian), comique (French), pantomime (hist.), mummer, mime, protagonist, tritagonist. Cf. PUPPET.

actual, a. real, true, very, factual, posi-tive, concrete, veritable, absolute, indeed (postpositive), tangible, practical, substantial, substantive, effective (as opposed to "potential"); spec. sober, right, hypo-

static, hypostatical.

Antonyms see unreal, visionary, im-AGINARY, SUPPOSED, FABULOUS, FICTI-

TIOUS, APPARENT.

actuality, n. 1. reality, realism, realness, verity, truth, trueness, substantiality, sooth (archaic), substance, tangibility, effect (chiefly in "in effect"), fact. In a concrete sense: positive, eternities (pl.), reality, truth, verity, etc.

Antonyms: see ILLUSION, FICTION,

DREAM, DAY-DREAM.

actualize, v. t. realize, substantialize, verify (rare), substantiate, reify (rare), hypostatize (tech.), eventuate (rure); see MATERIALIZE, PERSONIFY.

actually, adv. really, truly, veritably, ver-

ily, indeed.

actuate, v. f. excite, impel, move, activate

(tech); see STIMULATE, INCITE.

adapt, v. f. prepare (contextual), accom-modate, fit, conform, suit; spec. coordinate, match, square, arrange, adjust, shape, frame, turn, contemper (archaic), attemper, harmonize, naturalize, prepare, assimilate; see qualify.

adaptable, a. pliable, pliant, tractable, accommodative, conformable, applicable, adaptive, flexible; spec. convenient, versatile, facultative (biol.).

Antonyms: see intractable, obstinate, UNYIELDING.

adaptation, n. preparation (contextual), arrangement, accommodation, qualifica-

tion, design, etc.

add, v. t. 1. join, unite, put (with "with,"
"on," "to"), adjoin (rare), superadd; spec.
tack, tag (with "on"), adject (rare), allix,
attach, postfix, interline interpolate, engraft (with "on"), annex, append, subjoin; see ATTACH.

Antonyma: see Abstract, deduct.

2. compute (contextual), sum (chiefly spec.), total, foot (with "up"), cast (tech.); apec. superadd.

addict, v. t apply, devote, give; see APPLY. addicted, a. accustomed (contextual), given, devoted.

addiction, n. application, devotion.

addition, n. 1. adjection (rore), joining, uniting; spec. attachment, annexation, subjunction, interlineation, superaddition, etc.

3. computation (contextual), summation (chiefly spec.), totaling, footing (with

Antonyms: see DEDUCTION.

 increase; spec. raise, enlargement, adjunct, accretion, accession, affix, access, increment, appendage, appendix, annex, annexation, attachment, sub-script, codicil, interlineation, interpolation, contribution, supplement, equation, rider, tag, imitation, extension, prolongstion, continuation; see PREFIX, SUFFIX, POSTSCRIPT.

additional, a. extra, further, new, fresh,

Cross references: see Note. activate: gnimale. actuary1 mathematician.

acument ducernment doute: pointed, charp, intense, discerning, sensitive, high. adage: saying adamantine: hard, unyielding, unfecting.

more, else (postpositive), remanent (rare), supervenient(rare); spec. other, ulterior, supplementary; see ACCESSORY, SPARE.

address, v. t. 1. See DIRECT, APPLY.

2. accost (in speech; archaic), speak, bespeak (archaic); spec. apostrophize, petition, salute, memorialize, whisper (archaic), pray, stump (colloq.); see GREET.

address, n. 1. speech, talk (a word suggestive of informality or brevity), parley (rare), compellation (archaic); spec. invocation, valedictory, salutatory, appeal, petition, memorial, prayer, lecture, lecturette, (rare), harangue, eulogy, oration, argument, sermon, salutation, apostrophe; see greeting, sermon.

2. See skill, tact.

adduce, v. t. instance, cite, bring (a charge, argument, etc.); see PRESENT.

adequacy, n. sufficiency.

adequate, a. equal (with "to"), commensurate (with "to" or "with"), commensurable (with "with"), sufficient (with "to" or "for"), satisfactory (chiefly spec.), enough, enow (archaic), ample, competent, due, good, copious; spec. proportionate.

Antonyms: see inadequate, deficient. **adherent,** n. follower, satellite (literary), dangler; spec. hobbler (obs. or hist.), retainer, sectary, supporter; see DISCIPLE, PARTIZAN.

- adjacency, n. 1. adjoining, contiguity, contiguousness, juxtaposition; spec. ABUT-MENT.
 - 2. See NEARNESS.

adjacent, a. contiguous, conterminous, bordering, adjoining, touching; spec. abutting; see NEAR.

Antonyms: see Apart, distant, sepa-

- adjoin, v. t. 1. touch, abut (chiefly spec.); spec. border, neighbor, side (rare).
 - 2. See ADD.
- adjourn, v. i. rise.
- adjourn, v. t. 1. suspend, continue (chiefly Ncot.); spec. prorogue. Cf. dissolve.
 - 2. See defer.
- adjudge, v. t. judge (rare), award, assign, give.
- adjunct, a. added, annexed, connected, auxiliary; see Accessory.
- adjuration, n. conjuration, obtestation, appeal (contextual).
- adjust, v. t. 1. See Arrange, adapt. HARMONIZE.
- 2. arrange, dispose, regulate, fix, trim,

set, coapt (rare), rig (chiefly spec.); spec. register, orient, orientate, size, shape, level, collimate, square, justify, true, modulate (the voice, tones, light, etc.), comb, couch (a lance, etc.), tune, readjust, harmonize, rectify, systematize, gait, coordinate; see TUNE, SIZE, SET, PROPORTION.

Antonyms: see DISARRANGE.

adjustment, n. arrangement, disposition, trim, etc.; spec. compromise. Cf. Adjust. administer, v. t. 1. give, dispense, dispensate (rare); spec. exhibit, distribute.

2. In law: settle, dispose (rare); spec.

distribute.

3. See deliver, manage, contribute. admirable, a. good, estimable; spec. adorable; see excellent, fine, estimable, PLEASANT.

Antonyms: see contemptible.

admiration, n. 1. wonder (archaic or literary).

3. approval, approbation (with "of"), esteem (with "for"), pleasure (with "in"), reverence (with "for"), adoration (with "of").

Antonyms: see Abhorrence, condem-

NATION.

admire, v. t. 1. wonder (archaic or literary). **3.** approve, approbate, esteem, love (colloq.); spec. idolize, latrize (rare), revere, adore, idolatrize.

Antonyms: see condemn, abhor, abom-INATE.

admission, n. 1. admittance, reception, receipt (rare), adhibition (rare).

Antonyms: see Expulsion.

- **3.** institution, investiture (tech.), initiation, inauguration, investure (rare), vesture (rare); spec. collation, incardination.
- 8. See Entrance, acknowledgment. admit, v. t. 1. receive, adhibit (rare), intromit (rare).
- 2. install, induct, invest, vest, institute, inaugurate, initiate, enter; spec. matriculate, incardinate.

Antonyms: see EXPEL.

3. See ACKNOWLEDGE.

admixture, n. 1. See MIXTURE.

2. mixture, infusion, leaven, tincture, tinge, cast, alloy, spice, sprinkling, seasoning, soupcon (French), flavor; see DASH.

admonitory, a. monitory, commonitory

(rare); see WARNING, REPROVING.

adopt, v. t. 1. arrogate (Roman law), affiliate (rare or fig.); spec. father, mother, naturalize.

Cross reserences: see Note. adept, a.: skilful, tactful. adept, n.: master.

adhere: stick. adhesive: sticky. adieu: good-by.

adjoin: touch, border. adjoining: adjacent. adjudicate, v. t.: decree.

adjudicate, v. i.: judge. adjudication: award, decree, judament.

adjunct: addition, accessory. adjure: bid, ask. admeasure: apportion. admonish: warn, advise, reprove.

ado: trouble.

7

a. embrace, espouse, father (fig.), take (a person's side or part); spec. borrow, follow, see CHOOSE, COPY.

Antonyms see REJECT.

adoption, n. 1. arrogation (Roman law), affiliation (rare or fig.), etc.

2. embrace (rare), embracement, espousal. adult, n Spec. major, Nestor (fig.). Antonyms' see INFANT.

adulterate, v. t falsily (contextual), sophisticate, blend, dose (rare or tech.), debase, doctor (collog), cook (collog); spec vittate (with "with"), weaken, simpson (slang), dash, interpolate, sand, load, fill, dilate, thin, drug, lace.

Autonyms see PURIFY.

sdulterated, a impure, sophisticated, etc.

adulterer, n. fornicator (tech.). adultary, n. formcation (tech.), infidelity

(a euphemism).

advance, v. i. 1. progress, proceed, make, press, push, march, head (against force). incede (rare); spec. inch, creep, drive,

Antonyms: see RECEDE, RETREAT, RE-TIRE.

2. rise, appreciate (U. S.; not in good usage), enhance; spec. boom.

Andonyma: see FALL, DEPRECIATE. 3. See PROGRESS

advance, v. t. 1. forward, further, promote, push, shove (colloq. or slang), speed. Antonyms - see ABASE, RETIRE.

2. raise, prefer, adduce, suggest, present, venture, propound; see PROPOSE, OFFER.

Antonyms see suppress, refress.

3. raise, appreciate (U. S.; not in good usage), enhance, boost (slang); spec. boom, bull.

Antonyms: see DEPRECIATE.

4. furnish (beforehand), spec. imprest. 5. raise, elevate, exalt, promote, aggrandize (rare), prefer (rare or archaic); spec. make, dignify, ennoble.

Antonyma: see ABASE. advance, n. 1. forwarding, furtherance, promotion, preference; see AID

2. progression, advancement (rare), march, procession (rare), progress, access (rare), push, headway, profection (obs. or astrol)

Antonyms: see recression, retreat

3. Spec. imprest.

4. suggestion, preferment, preference, venturing, see PROPOSAL, OFFER.

5. rise, appreciation (U. S.; not in good usage), raise, boost (collog. or slang), enhancement; spec. boom, spurt.

Autoryms: see FALL, DEPRECIATION. advanced, a. 1. ripe (as "a ripe age").

2. Nee Precocious, forward.

advancing, a. rising; spec booming,

advantage, n. 1. superiority, precedence, better (used utromatically), odds (pl and sing.), forehand, prise (rars), leverage (rare), purchase (mech. or fig.); spec. spare.

Antonyms: see DISADVANTAGE.

2. See GOOD, BENEFIT.

advantageous, a. superior, favorable, profitable, gainful, good, clever (colloq.), expedient, expediential (rare), behoveful (archaic), right (contextual), wise (contextual), advisable; see BENEFICIAL.

Antonyms: see DIBADVANTAGEOUS, UN-

WISE, INADVISABLE.

adventurer, n. Spec. free lance, condot-tiere (Italian), landloper or landlouper (literary).

advertize, v. l. 1. notify, notice, announce, proclaim, publish; spec, avow, blaze, blazen, noise, trumpet; see PROCLAIM.

Antonyms, see HIDE, 2. Spec. circularize, bill, placard, post,

poster, cry, quack, push. advertizement, n. Spec. notice, bill,

placard, poster. advice, n. 1. counsel, rede (archaic), opinion, recommendation, advisement (archaic), admonition; spec. misadvice, miscounsel, dehortation; see EXHORTATION.

2. See NOTICE, INFORMATION.

advise, v. t. 1. counsel, rede (archaic or poetic), recommend, monish (rare), admonish (literary), guide (contextual); spec, disadvise, misadvise, miscounsel, dehort (rare), exhort.

2. See INFORM.

adviser, n. 1. counselor, guide (contextual), admonisher, spec referendary, compra-dor (Oriental), assessor.

2. See Informant

advocacy, n. support; see DEFENSE.

advocate, v. t. support, favor, plead; see DEFEND.

advocate, n. 1. supporter, favorer, pleader; spec. intercessor, interpleader, patron (Roman antiq.).

Antonyms: see opponent.

2. See LAWYER, CHRIST.

Cross references see Note. adorable: estimable adore: worship admire, love. adorn: ornament

adrift: afloat adroit: skilful, ready. adulate: flatter adult: grown

advene: come advent: arrival, coming adventitious: accessory, acciadventure, " t venture. adventurous: venturesome. rash dangerous, reckless

adverse: opposed, opposing, unfirerable, unifortune, Penerse, advert; furn (mentally), refer, advertence: reference, advised consult advised deliberate advisement: advice

AFTERMATH

aërate, v. t. aërify; spec. ventilate, inflate. aëronaut, n. aërostat, navigator (contextual).

aëronautics, n. aërostatics, aërostation, navigation (contextual); spec. aërodonet-

methetic, a. tasteful, tasty (collog. and in-

elegant); see ELEGANT.

affable, a. sociable, conversable, debonair (literary), talkable (rare); spec. accostable (rare), approachable, soft-spoken, communicative, iree, unreserved.

Antonyms: 866 ARROGANT, ILL-TEM-PERED, SURLY, HAUGHTY, HATEFUL.

- affair, n. business (chiefly contemptuous), proceeding, go (colloq. or vulgar), circumstance, matter (often in pl.), thing (often in pl.), concern; spec. finances (pl.), fight, battle, duel; see TRANSACTION, CON-CERN, THING.
- affect, v. t. touch, reach, take (with "disease," "blow," "fancy," etc., as the subject), seize (with "idea" or the like as the subject), hit (colloq.); spec. possess, attack, infect, smite, hurt, trouble, move, grip, concern, interest, pierce, perturb, impress, penetrate, strike, nip (rare); see INFLUENCE, TAINT, THRILL, AGITATE, EX-CITE, IMPRESS.

affectation, n. artificiality, frill (slang), mannerism; spec. modishness, profession, conventionality, mincingness, etc. Cf. AFFECTED.

affected, a. 1. touched, reached, etc.; spec. infected, tainted, attacked, seized, distempered, concerned, diseased, etc.

Antonyms: see Unaffected, intact.

3. See PRETENDED.

3. artificial, nonnatural, unnatural (rare), mannered (rare); spec. modish, stagy (collog), conventional, missish, nambypamby, got-up (colloq.), smirking, mincing, minikin (rare), niming-piming (rare), mealy; see PRETENTIOUS.

Antonyms: see Artless, Sincere, Nat-URAL, SIMPLE, UNAFFECTED, FRANK.

- affecting, a. moving, touching, impressive; spec. piercing, pathetic, pathetical (rare), heart-rending, nerve-racking, pitiable, tender, feeling, pungent.
- affection, n. 1. See feeling, ailment, TROUBLE.
- 2. regard, fondness, liking, bosom (fig.), attachment (contextual), charity (Chris- 4. See ABOUT, FOR. tian religion; archaic), storge (tech.; rare); aftermath, n. aftergrowth, rowen (chiefly

spec. dotage, idolization, latrization (rare), familism; see LOVE.

Antonyms: see dislike, hatred, ab-HORRENCE, ILL-WILL, INDIFFERENCE.

3. In a medical sense: spec. infection, contagion.

affectionate, a. fond (often spec.), loving, warm, tender, soft (often spec., and then colloq. or contemptuous); spec. doting, spoony (colloq. or slang), fatherly, motherly, sisterly, brotherly.

Antonyms: *8ee* INDIFFERENT, THETIC, COLD, DISAGREEABLE, HATEFUL,

SHARP, STERN.

affiliate, $v.\ t.\ 1.\ See$ join.

3. filiate; spec. father, mother (with "on" or "upon").

affirmative, a. predicative, declarative, declaratory; spec. insistent, insistive (rare).

afflict, v. t. Spec. strike, beset, smite, ply; spec. persecute; see TROUBLE, OP-PRESS.

affliction, n. Spec. trial, disability, disease, misfortune, visitation.

afford, v. t. 1. In the sense of "to have resources or means that are adequate": carry, manage, bear, go (colloq.), give;—not good synonyms, but the nearest there are.

3. See Furnish, Yield.

afloat, a. 1. Hoating.

Antonyms: see AGROUND.

- 2. overflowed, submerged, flooded, swamped, swimming; spec. anchorless, awash.
- launched, started, afoot, astir, going. 4. adrift.
- aforesaid, a. forenamed, forementioned, said, mentioned, beforesaid, named, abovesaid, above-mentioned, afore-mentioned (rare or archaic). "Aforesaid" is now chiefly formal or legal.

afraid, a. 1. apprehensive (rare), afeard (archaic), fearful (obsolete), alarmed, affrighted, terrified, frightsome (rare). timorous (rare), funky (slang); spec. panic,

aghast, scary (colloq.).

Antonyms: see Bold, Reckless.

3. See Timid, Apprehensive. after, prep. 1. past, beyond, by. Antonyms: see Before.

3. following.

3. In the sense of "according to": to, by.

Cross references: see Note. actial: atmospheric, airy, lofty. aerie: nest. acriform: gaseous.

affiance, v. t.: betroth. affiance, n.: betrothal. affianced: betrothed. affine: relative.

affinity: relation, liking, attraction.

affirm: swear, state. affirmable: predicable. affirmance: statement. affix, v. :.: add, attach.

affix, n.: addition, prefix, suffix. afflictive: troublesome.

affluence: abundance, wealth. affluent, a.: abundant, rich. affluent, n.: tributary. affront: insult, offend. afoot: preparing, afloat. afresh: again. aft: astern. after, a.: hind, subsequent.

fog, aftercrop.

afterpiece, n. postlude (music).

aftertaste, n. tang.

afterwards, adv. subsequently, thereupon (formal), thereon (formal), thereafter (formal), so, eft (abs or archaic), eftsoon or eftsoons (archaic), later, then.

Antonyms: see BEFORE, NOW. again, adv. afresh, anew, anon (chiefly literary), freshly, newly; spec. encore.

age, n. 1. oldness, ancientness, ancientry (hiterary), anility (bookush), caducity (rare), antiquity (chiefly spec.), sendity (chiefly spec.), eld (archaic and poetic), ser ectitude (rare); spec. date, immemorialness (rare), epact.

Antonyms: see CHILDHOOD, INFANCY,

YOUTH.

3. period, won (often tech.), con, lifetime (fig.), years (pl.); spec. Olam (Hebrew chronology), kalpa (Hindu cosmology).

Antonyms: see MOMENT.

agency, n. 1. action (contextual), operation (contextual), mediation, intermediation, ministry (rare or spec.), instrumentality; spec. hand, working, procurement, procuration.

2. Spec. medium, vehicle, contagion; see

AGENT, MEANS.

3. Spec. factorship, commission, proxy, mediumship, factorage, delegacy.

agent, n. 1. actor (rare), doer, operator (contextual), worker (contextual); spec. reagent, medium, mediary.

Antonyms: see Bubject.

2. attorney (chiefly tech. or spec.), servant (law), representative, hand (fig.); spec. factor, agency, steward, instrument, in-strumentality, broker, emissary, almoner, dummy, intermediary, go-between, en-voy, lobbyist, minister, proxy, commissary, procurator, consignee, syndic, negotiant, coagent, comprador (Oriental); SEE REPRESENTATIVE.

Antonyms: see PRINCIPAL.

8. See MEANS.

aggravate, v. t 1. intensify, heighten, worsen, exacerbate.

Antonyms: see EXPLATE, MITIGATE, MOD-

ERATE, REDRESS. 2. See IRRITATE.

magregate, n. amount, total, footing, foot, sum; spec. summation.

aggressive, a. offensive, attacking, pushful (colloq.); spec invasive, incursive.

spec. consenescent (rare).

dial. & U.S.), eddish, rowet (dial.); spec. | agitate, v. t. 1. In a physical sense: disturb, affect (contextual), disquiet, per-turb, trouble, excite, convulse, toes, shake, exercise, discompose, turmoil (rare), tempest (rare), commove or commote (rare,; spec. semove (rare), flurry, betoss (intensive), heave.

Antonyms: see CALM. PACIFY.

2. disturb, trouble, disquiet, perturb, convulse, demoralize, solicit (a Latinism; rare), commove or commote (rare), tempest (rare), turmoil (rare); spec. flutter, fret, ruffle, ripple, undulate, curl, buss, flurry, heave, churn; see SHAKE.

Antonyms: see STILL, DEADEN.

See discuss.

agitated, a. 1. In a physical sense: disturbed, shaken, troublous, troubled, unquiet; spec. ebullient, boiling, ripply, fretful, ruffled; see ROUGH.

Antonyms see CALM, STAGNANT, QUIET. 3. disturbed, distraught (emphatic; chiefly literary), uneasy, tumultuary (emphat-ic), tumultuous (emphatic), shaken, un-

Antonyms: see CALM, PEACEFUL, QUIET. agitating, a. disturbing, disquieting, per-turbing, affecting, stc. Cf. AGITATE.

Antonyms: see Calmative.

agitation, n. 1. Referring to the action on the mind: disturbance, commotion, demoralization, perturbation, excitement, perturbancy (rare); spec. incendiarism, upheaval, demagogism, ebullition.

2. Referring to the state of mind: turmoil, tumult, discomposure, unquiet, unquietness; spec. heat, trepidation, tremble, twitter (dial. Eng., or colloq., U. S.), twitteration (slang), ferment, perturbation, perturbancy (rare). The words under sense 1 may also be used in this connection.

Antonyms: see CALM. 2. Referring to the physical action: disturbanes, commotion, troubling, toss, tossing, jactation (chiefly med.), perturbation (rare); spec upheaval, convulsion, undulation; see SHAKING, FLURRY, RUF-FLE, UPROAR, FRET, BOILING, EXCITEMENT. 4. Referring to the physical condition or manifestation: spec. flurry, ruffle, tumult, curl, fret, ebullience, ebullition, flutter, whitecap, cat's-paw; see RIFFLE, SHAKE. Most of the words under 3 may also be used in this sense.

Antonyma: see CALM.

5. See discussion, disturbance. aging, a. senescent (tech.), oldening (rare); agitator, n. Spec demagogue. ago, adv. back, since.

To Cross references: see Note. meane: open, wondering aged: old.

agglomerate: accumulate.

agglutinate: stick. aggrandizo: enlarge, elevate. aggregate, v. t.: units, collect,

aggression: attack. agile: nimble. agog: eager

harmonize, consist (with "to" or "with"), harmonize, consist (with "with"), answer (with "to"), correspond (with "with" or "to"), suit, match, cohere, comport, consort, coincide, jump, tally, hitch (colloq.), chime, concord (rare), jibe (U. S.; colloq.), gee (colloq.), conform (with "with" or "to").

Antonyms: see disagree, conflict, dif-

2. accord, harmonize, concur, consent (archaic), cotton (colloq. or Eng.), assort (rare).

Antonyms: see OBJECT, QUARREL.

- 3. covenant, stipulate, meet, engage, close, arrange; see PROMISE, CONTRACT.
- 4. See ACCEDE.
- agreeable, a. 1. suitable, accordant, accordable, concordant, harmonious, consonant, fit, answerable, congruous, consentaneous (archaic); see CONSISTENT, CORRESPONDENT.

Anionyms: see inconsistent, unsuitable, contradictory, inharmonious.

2. pleasant, suave, nice (a term lacking in dignity), lovely (collog. or emphatic), gracious, lief (archaic), likable, genial, congenial; see AFFABLE, GOOD-HUMORED, COMPLAISANT, SMOOTH.

Antonyms: see DISAGREEABLE, ILL-TEM-PERED, ARROGANT, HAUGHTY, HATEFUL, SURLY, ACRIMONIOUS.

- 3. See Pleasant, acceptable.
- agreeably, adv. 1. well.
- 2. See ACCORDINGLY.
- agreed, a. concerted, stipulated, contracted, covenanted, consented, arranged.
- agreeing, a. 1. accordant (obs. or rare), agreeable (obs. or rare), congruent, consentient, consentive (rare), consensual, consentaneous, concentual (fig.). "Agreeing" is not much used as an adjective; the other terms are rare or literary.

Antonyms: see dissentient, discor-DANT, CONFLICTORY, INHARMONIOUS, DIS-PUTATIOUS.

- 2. Referring to sound: assonant, consonant.
- agreement, n. 1. accord, accordance, concord, consistence, consistency, coincidence, harmony, chime, correspondence, concert (literary), concinnity (literary), consonance, unison, match, consort (rare), conformity, concentus (rare), line, keeping, consonancy, congruence, congruity, coherence, conformation; see consistency.

Antonyms: see Inconsistency, DIS-AGREEMENT, CONFLICT, DIFFERENCE.

- 2. Referring to the mind: concert, meeting (in "meeting of the minds"; legal), concurrence, consension (rare), consensus, consentience (rare), unanimity, understanding, concentus (bookish), consent, (archaic), concent (fig.), rapport (French). Antonyms: see OBJECTION, DISAGREEMENT, QUARREL.
- 8. Referring to the result of the act: engagement, transaction, pact, covenant (chiefly spec.), convention, paction (chiefly spec.), compact, arrangement, league (chiefly spec.), bargain, deal, cheap (archaic); spec. interim, concordat, cartel or (German) Kartel, sponsion, affiance; see PROMISE, CONTRACT.
- 4. Of sounds: assonance, consonance.
- 5: See ACCESSION.
- agricultural, a. rural, prædial (literary or tech.), georgic (literary), georgical (literary), geofonic (rare).

agriculture, n. husbandry, farming, geofonics (rare; usually pedantic), agronomy (tech.).

agriculturist, n. husbandman, farmer (the usual word), agronomist (tech.).

aground, a. grounded, aland (archaic); spec. ashore, stranded, struck.

Antonyms: see AFLOAT.

ahead, adv. before, on, forward, forth, forthright (archaic).

Antonyms: see BACKWARD.

- aid, v. t. 1. help, assist, bestead (literary), comfort (obs. or legal); spec. avail, abet (in wrongdoing), relieve, sustain, uphold, patronize (rare or spec.), succor, befriend, favor, serve, subserve, coassist (rare), strengthen, speed (archaic), hand; see SUPPORT.
- Antonyms: see HINDER, DEFEAT, OPPOSE.

 2. further, promote, advance, strengthen, support, second, foster, nourish, favor, facilitate, bolster (with "up"), boost (colloq. or slang; U.S.); spec. prosper, subsidize, encourage, patronize.

Antonyms: see HINDER, DEFEAT, BLIGHT, PREVENT, OPPOSE.

aid, n. 1. coöperation (stilted or spec.), assistance, help, aidance (rare), comfort (obs. or legal); spec. abettal or abetment (in wrongdoing), sustenance (rare or literary), support, succor, strengthening, service, boot (archaic), suppeditation (rare), sustainment (rare), relief; see support.

Antonyms: see HINDRANCE, DEFEAT, OP-

2. furtherance, fosterage, nourishment, advancement, support, favor, sustainment (rare), promotion, boost (colloq. or

slang; U. S.), maintenance, conducement (rare); spec. patronage
Autonyms. see OBSTACLE, HINDRANCE,

DEFEAT, PREVENTION, OPPOSITION.

3. See AIDER.

aider, n. 1. helper, associate, assistant, coadjutor (rare or spec.), coadjutant (rare), helpmate or (the original, but now the less usual, form) helpmeet, spec. coworker, cooperator, ally, henchman, tool, stool, decoy, acolyte, second, etc.

3. promoter, furtherer, favorer, etc. Cf.

AID, t. t.

all, v. t 1. Referring to the body: affect,

trouble, distress.

2. Referring to the mind : see TROUBLE. ailing, a. invalid, indisposed, unwell, ill (chiefly predicative), sick (chiefly l'. S. or literary); spec. sickness, sickly, sickish, sickled (rare), bad (contextual), poorly, peaked, unhealthy, morbid, puling (colloq.), pathological (tech.), pathologic (rare), down (colloq.), unsound, complaining inform exceedings (tech.), maled to ing, infirm, cacochymic (obs.), maladive (rare), valetudinarian (rare), valetudinary (rare), invalidish (rare); see Dis-EASED.

Antonyms see WELL, HEALTHY, VIGOR-

OUS, HEARTY

ailment, n. disorder, ail (rare), complaint, indisposition, trouble, affection, ill (chiefly in pl), illness, sickness, infirmity, weakness; spec decline; see DISEASE.

sim, v. f. 1. direct, train, level, point, pre-

sent; spec. fire, shoot, sight.

3. Referring to a missile direct, drive, peg (colloq); spec. shoot, throw.

aim, v. i. 1. point, drive; all also used fig 2. See INTEND.

aim, n 1. object, mark, target, shot, visic (Scot.); spec. butt, bull's-eye, white.

2. marksmanship.

3. See OBJECT. simed, a. directed (contextual), pointed;

spec. direct, point-blank, straight.

Antonyms see Aimless.

simices, a. 1. chance, random, blind, blindfold (fig.), undirected; spec. harumscarum.

Antonyms see AIMED.

2. See purposeless.

air, n. 1. atmosphere, heaven, aërosphere (rare); spec miasma.

2. Spec. manner, action, bearing, attitude, way, domineer (collog.), bridle,

3. Chiefly in pl.: affectation (contextual),

frill (chiefly in pl.; colloq., U. S.); spec. show, mannerism, style; see PRETENSE.

4. See WIND, MELODY

airy, a. 1. See atmospheric, gaseous, un-BUBSTANTIAL, LIGHT, EXPOSED, WINDY. 2. light, thin, delicate, tenuous, aërial, ethereal, etherial, aëriform (rore), celestial (fig.).

Autonyms: see Clumby, heavy.

3. See EXPOSED.

alar, a Referring to the wings: alate, winglike, wing-shaped, winged, alated.

alarm, n. 1. See FEAR.

3. signal (contextual), alarum; spec. toc-

alarming, a. frightful, scary (collog), terrific (now rare, exc. as an expletive), dreadful, dread (rather literary or formal), terrifying, terrible, startling, ghastful (ar-

Antonyms. see REASSURING.

alarmist, n. scaremonger, pessimist, disquietist (rare), spec terrorist. alas, interj. alack, chone (Scot. & Irish),

ah, woe.

Antonyms : see EUROE.

alcoholic, a. spirituous, hard, ardent, strong (contextual).

alert, a. 1. See NIMBLE.

2. Referring to mental quality: active, quick, live (chiefly U. S.), lively, nimble (rare or contextual), awake, see READY, WATCHFUL.

Antonyma: see BLUGGIBH, STUPEFIED. alertness, n. 1. nimbleness (cf. NIMBLE). 2. activity, liveliness, quickness, nimbleness (rare or contextual); spec. watchfulness.

allenate, v. t 1. See TRANSFER.

3. separate, estrange, wean, disunite, disaffect, spec disacquaint

alight, v. i. 1. descend, light, perch, settle, drop, pitch, fall, land; spec. ground; see LODGE

Antonyms: see RISE.

2. See DISMOUNT.

s. Spec. detrain.

align, v. t. range, line (with "up"); spec. collimate (tech.).

alike, c. 1. same, like, identical, selfsame (emphatic), twin (of two); spec. consubstantial, duplicate; see EQUAL

Antonyms see different, distinct.

2. See SIMILAR.

alikeness, n 1. sameness, likeness, identity, elc.

2. See SIMILARITY.

Cross references nee Note air, o t · ventilate, express, dus-play. alsle: body, alley.

alack: olas alacritous: ready. alamode: stylish. alarm, v t frigh alarmed: ofraid. frighten.

alarum: clarm alcove: recess.
alias, a otherwiss.
alias, n name.
alien: foreign

AMALGAMATE

exclusion, as in "there is no hope of any relief," "I cannot give you any encouragement"), every (distributive), each (implying separation in consideration or treatment); —not truly synonyms of "all" nor of each other, but often analogous in use.

Antonyms: see few, many.

all, n. whole, entirety, everything, everybody;—specific or partial synonyms only. See WHOLE.

Antonyms: see PART, NONE.

alley, n. Spec. frescade (rare), mall, lane, aisle (an inaccurate use), byway.

alley, n. taw.

all-healing, a. panacean (learned). allied, a. 1. See UNITED, RELATED.

2. In scientific usage: kindred, related, congeneric, cognate, akin.

Antonyms: see Unrelated.

allowance, n. 1. See PERMISSION, AC-KNOWLEDGMENT.

- 2. Spec. fee, aid, share, subvention, commission, pension, livery (historical), viaticum, pin money, quarterage, pittance; see SUBSIDY, FEE, COMMISSION.
- **8.** Ration (chiefly mil. or formal), feed (collog.); spec. dietary.
- 4. In sports: odds (pl. & sing.), law (tech.); spec. bisque.

alloy, n. 1. See MIXTURE, ADMIXTURE.

- 2. garble (rare); spec. amalgam, spelter (rare), brass, bronze, latten, temper, pinchbeck, billon.
- alloy, v. t. 1. adulterate, mix, temper; spec. amalgamate.

Antonyms: see Purify.

2. See MODERATE, MIX.

alluvium, n. deposit (contextual), wash (contextual); spec. geest, drift, gravel, sand, waste, till, delta, warp.

Antonyms: see ENEMY, OPPONENT.

2. In scientific classification: congener.
alms, n. dole, charity; spec. pittance,
maundy (Eng.).

aloft, adv. 1. above (contextual), on high; spec. heaven-high, overhead.

2. See UP.

alone, a. solitary, only (rare), single (now rare), sole (archaic), isolated, separate, lone (poetic or archaic), lonely (emphatic), lonesome (rare), solus (masc.; Latin), sola (fem.; Latin); spec. unaccompanied, unattended, forsaken, deserted, abandoned, detached, companionless, desolate.

alone, adv. 1. solitary, only (rare), sepa-

rately, solely, singularly (rare).

2. See only, merely.

aloof, a. apart, distant, off, away.

Antonyms: see SILENTLY.

2. See LOUDLY.

alphabet, n. Christcross-row (hist. or archaic), letters (pl.); spec. ogham or ogam, glossic, glossotype, palæotype, futhorc.

wise, too, further or (less usual) farther, yet, similarly, withal (archaic), forby (archaic), furthermore or (less usual) farthermore, therewithal (archaic), eke (archaic), thereto (archaic).

altar, n. shrine, sanctuary; spec. superaltar, chantry, marae, thymele, Communion table, Lord's table, Holy table,

table (for short).

aiter, v. t. modify, change; spec. interpo-

late; see falsify, change.

Antonyms: see CONTINUE, MAINTAIN, FIX. alternate, v. t. interchange, vary, rotate; see RECIPROCATE.

alternation, n. interchange, interchangeableness, variation, rotation; see RECIPRO-CATION.

aiternative, n. choice, side, horn (of a dilemma; rhetoric and logic), disjunction (logic).

although, conj. notwithstanding, though, howbeit, albeit, maugre (archaic), despite (literary or learned).

always, adv. 1. ever (archaic or literary),

Cross references; see Note. aliment, n.: food. aliment, v. t.: feed. alimentary: nutritious. alimentation: nutrition, feedsensitive. alive: living, lively, swarming, allay: appease, abate, mitigate, moderate, calm. allegation: statement. allege: state. allegiance: constancy. allegorical: metaphorical. all-embracing: comprehensive. alleviate: mitigate. alleviation: mitigation. alleviative: mitigatory. alliance: union, confederacy, relation, amour.

allocation: placing, apportionment, arrangement.

allot: apportion, appropriate.

allotment: apportionment, appropriation, share.

allow: acknowledge, concede, apportion, permit, grant.

allowable: acceptable, permissible.

all-powerful: omnipotent.

allocate: place, apportion, ar-

allied: united, related.

allude: refer.
allure: attract.
allurement: attraction.
alluring: attractive.
allusion: reference.
allusive: referential.

ally, v. i.: unite, league. almighty: omnipotent. almost: about. almshouse: poorhouse. lengthwise, foralong, adv.: ward. along, prep.: by. alongside: abreast. aloof: apart. already: before. alterable: changeable. alterative: changing. altercate: dispute. altercation: disputs. alternately: about. altitude: height. altogether: absolutely. amalgam: alloy, mixture. amalgamate: alloy, mix.

AMANUENSIS

perpetually, eternally, evermore (archaic | or literary), everlastingly, forever.

Antonyms: see NEVER. 2. See CONSTANTLY

amanuensis, n. scrivener, scribe, writer;-(all three contextual,; spec khoja.

amateur, n. Spec. dilettante, Corinthian

amateurish, a. nonprofessional; spec. Corinthian (fig.).

Antonyms see PROFESSIONAL.

amatory, a. erotic, amorous, lovesome (archaec); spec gallant (rare), tender, languorous, languishing, Anacreontic (rare), Sapplie (rare), silly (rare or collog), spoony (colloq. or slang); spec. toysome, erotomaniae, nymphomaniae.

Antonyms: see MAN-HATING, WOMAN-

HATING, APATHETIC.

am biguous, a. uncertain, doubtful, equivocal, dilogical (rars), double, questionable, mistakable; spec. left-handed, oracular. Antonyms: see DEFINITE, UNQUESTION-ABLE

ambition, n. 1. See DESIRE.

2. energy, activity, push (colloq.), emulation, aspiration.

ambitious, a t. See Desirous.

3. energetic, active, pushing (colloq), pushful (colloq); spec. Icarian (fig.).

Anlonyms see LAZY, UNAMBITIOUS,

3. Referring to a person, his imagination, etc.: spec. bold, audacious, aspiring, soar-

4. Referring to what shows ambition: spec. bold, audacious; see PRETENTIOUS, SHOWY. Antonyms. see BIMPLE.

amble, n. Spec. jog-trot, dog-trot, niggle; see PACE.

ambush, n. trap (contextual), ambuscade, ambushment, blind, bushment (obs).

ambush, v. t. trap (contextual), waylay, ambuscade, forelay (obs. or dial.), wait (archaic).

ambush, v. i. wait (archaic), lurk (rare). amend, v. t 1. improve, reform, mend (rare or dial.), rectify (rare), see CORRECT, REDRESS.

Antonyms: see SPOIL, IMPAIR.

3. See REFORM.

amendable, a. improvable, corrigible, reformable; see corrigible.

amendment, n. 1. improvement, reform, reformation; spec. progress; see correc-TION, REDRESS.

3. See REFORMATION.

amidst, prep 1. Referring to position in or near the middle: amid (poetic or formal), mid or often (as an aphelic form) 'mid (poetic), midst or often (as an aphetic form), midst (archaic).

2. See among.

ammunition, n. supplies (pl.; contextual), munition (often in pl.); spec. missiles (pl), archery, powder, shot (pl.), bullets (pl.), shell (pl.), etc.

among, prep. amongst (less usual than among, esp. in the primary local sense),

amidst, in.

amount, n. 1. See BUM, AGGREGATE, QUANTITY.

2. deal, lot (colloq.); spec. quantity.

amount, v. i. total,

amour, n. 1. See LOVE 2. love affair, loves (pl.), intrigue (contextual), gallantry, alliance (contextual), amourette (dim); spec. intimacy (euphemistic), see Courtship.

amputate, v. t. sever (contextual); spec.

amulet, n. periapt (rare), charm, talisman; spec. phylactery.

amusing, c. diverting, light, funny, odd (collog.), good, delicious; see LAUGHABLE. Antonyms: see DULL, SAD, SERIOUS,

analogous, c. parallel, correlative, corresponding, similar, cognate, equivalent, correspondent.

Antonyms. see OPPOSITE, CONTRASTING. analogue, n. parallel, correlative, correlate (rare), parallelism, equivalent.

Antonyma: see opposite, contrast. analogy, n. parity (rather literary or learned), correlation, equivalence, parallelism, proportion (rare), similarity, correspondence.

Antonyms: see Contrast, opposition. analysis, n. 1. separation, resolution, dissection, division, anatomy (fig.), reduction; spec. partition, pilpul; see DECOM-POSITION, DISINTEGRATION.

2. In grammar: parsing, construction; spec. scansion.

analytical, a. divisive, resolvent, separa-

tive. Antonyms: see COMPOSITIVE.

analyze, v t. 1. separate, resolve, dissect, anatomize (fig); spec partition; see DE-COMPOSE, DISINTEGRATE.

Cross references me Note. amass: accumulate. AMAZO: GUTDTIES. amazement: surprise. amazing: surprising. ambit: circuit, bound. ambrosial: divine, fragrant, amaliorate: improve, mitigate.

amenable: accountable, amenable: accountable, amenable: compensation, amenity: pleasantness, amiable: fine brable, kindly, amiable: frendly, amile; wrong, amily: peace

amnesty: forgetfulness, pardon. amnesty: forpetfulness, pardon.
amorous: amatry
amorphous: formless
ample: abundant, adequate.
amplity: enlarge
amplitude: abundancs, sies,
amuse: dvert.
amusement: dversson.

amenable: accountable.

ANNEXED

Antonyms: see COMPOSE.

2. In grammar: parse, construe; spec.

anarchical, a. lawless, ungoverned. Antonyms: see LAW-ABIDING.

anarchistic, a. red (colloq.), lawless; spec. nihilistic, dynamitic.

anarchy, n. misrule, lawlessness; spec. nihilism, dynamitism.

Antonyms: see GOVERNMENT.

anatomize, v. t. dissect; spec. hominisect,

anatomy, n. 1. dissection; spec. hominisection, callisection, sentisection, vivisection, phytotomy, topography, zoötomy.

2. See skeleton, analysis.

ancestor, n. predecessor (contextual), ancestry (a collective), forebear (orig. Scot.; now literary), stock (a collective), foreelder (rare), forerunner; spec. root (fig.), patriarch, progenitor, forefather, father, ancestress, grandam (literary; fig.), progenitress, progenitrix, foremother (rare).

Antonyms: see descendant, offspring. ancestral, a. forefatherly; spec. patrimon-

ial, hereditary.

ancestry, n. lineage, progeniture.

anchor, 1. Spec. kedge, bower, sheet anchor, killick (chiefly Eng.), grapnel.

2. See HOLD.

anchorage, n. riding, berth (contextual);

spec. harborage, roadstead, road.

ancient, a. old (contextual), early (contextual), primitive, high, pristine (usually in a good sense), vetus (Latin); spec. prehistoric; see antiquated, obsolete.

Antonyms: see NEW, MODERN, RECENT.

ancillary, a. auxiliary, subordinate.

andiron, n. fire-dog or (for short) dog. anecdote, n. account (contextual), inci-

dent (contextual); spec. haggada.

angel, n. 1. spirit (contextual), celestial (contextual); spec. cherub, seraph, virtue, archangel, principality, power, throne, dominion, Ariel, Belial, Gabriel.

2. See minister, demon, genius.

angelic, a. 1. celestial (contextual), seraphic (chiefly spec.), cherubic (chiefly spec.).

2. See HEAVENLY.

anger, n. ill-temper (contextual), displeasure (contextual), choler (literary), ire (literary), wrath, indignation, indignance (rare), indignancy (rare), spleen, dudgeon (archaic), madness (colloq.), vexation, gall, bile, heat, mad (slang; colloq., U.S., anneal, v. t. temper, toughen; spec. bake.

or dial.), dander (collog., U. S., or dial.), despite (archaic), corruption (collog. or dial.), irritation (contextual); spec. fury, frenzy, rage, passion, furiousness, exasperation, furiosity (rare).

Antonyms: see Pleasure.

anger, v. t. exasperate madden, provoke, incense, inflame, excite (contextual); spec. chafe, enrage, infuriate, huff (colloq.).

Antonyms: see Please.

angle, n. 1. corner, bend (primarily spec.), point; spec. cant, nook, elevation, depression, shoulder, elbow, knee, crotch, cusp, bull's-nose.

3. See Point, fishhook, aspect.

angry, a. displeased, wrathful, wrathy (colloq.), incensed, irate or ireful (literary), wroth (rhetorical), dark (fig.), hot (colloq.), heated, black (fig.), mad (colloq.), riley (colloq., U. S.), huffy (colloq.), exasperated, wood (archaic); spec. furious, infuriated, infuriate (literary), passionate, impassionate (rare), rabid, raging, indignant, fevered, fiery, high, rough.

Antonyms: see Pleased, apathetic, un-

IMPASSIONED.

angular, a. cornered, sharp, edgy, abrupt, cranky (esp. dial.; Eng.), angulous (rare).

Antonyms: see Straight, curved.

animal, n. 1. organism (contextual); spec. invertebrate, vertebrate, brute, beast, zoön (tech.), vermin, creature (in U.S. esp. of cattle), fauna (a collective), flesh (a collective). "Animal," except in technical usage, is generally distinguished from "man" and also is chiefly used of vertebrates.

2. Spec. beastliness, brutality, bestiality,

brutishness, blood (fig.).

animal, a. 1. Spec. bestial, brutal, brutish, zoöid (tech.), zoic (tech.), holozoic (tech.).

Antonyms: see Spiritual, Human, Veg-ETABLE, MINERAL.

2. See sensual, unreasoning.

animate, v. t. 1. energize, inspire, quicken (archaic), vivify, vitalize, enliven (rare), actuate (contextual), inform (literary or spec.), imbue, activate (tech.), spirit (rare); spec. pervade, revive, raise, spiritualize.

Antonyms: see KILL, PARALYZE.

2. See ENLIVEN, INCITE, ENCOURAGE.

ankle, n. tarsus (tech.).

Cross references: see Note. anathema: curse. anchoret: religious, hermit. anchorless: afloat. ancientness: age. anent: about.

anew: again. anguish: pain. animadversion: comment, cenanimadvert: comment.

animated: living, active. animosity: ill-will. annex: add, attach. annexation: addition, attachment. annexed: adjunct.

animalize: brutalize.

annihilate, v. l. abolish (contextual), de- | stroy, obliterate, dissolve, nullify (rare), efface (contextual), uncreate, blot (contextual), unmake (rare), extinguish, annul (rare), discreate (rare), nothing (rare); see EXTIRPATE.

Antonyms: see CREATE, PRESERVE. anniversary, n. mind day (obs.), spec. centenary, centennial, triennial quadrenmal, quinquennial, sextennial, septennial, octennial, decennial, birthday, birthnight, jubilee, year day (obs.)

annotate, v. t. gloze, gloss, commentate (rare), spec. marginalize (rare), margin,

interlineate.

annotation, n. 1. Referring to the act glozing, glossing, commentation (rare).

2. Referring to the result comment (contextual), note (contextual), gloss, scholium (tech.), gloze, spec. margin (rare), marginalia (pl.), interlineary, postil .hist.).
annotator, n. commentator, glossist, glos-

sator, glosser, glossographer (rare), scho-

liast (tech.).

announce, v. t. advertize, intimate, de-clare, tell, herald, bruit (literary), notify, signify, signal, annunciate, enunciate (formal), enounce (rare); spec sound, usher, call, denounce, presage, advertise, bill, post, cry, bulletin; see PROCLAIM.

Antonyma see HIDE.

announcement, n. intimation, annunciation, notification, declaration, notice, advertisement, enunciation (formal); spec. indiction, banns (pl.), bulletin, obituary,

obit (archaic), proclamation. annoy, v. t. distress (contextual), disturb (contextual), vex, touch, plague, torment, harass, irk (archaic), curry (fig.), pester, exulcerate (archaic), fret, molest (archaic), displeasure (rave), spec. nag, rag (collog. or slang), ruffle, pinprick, earwig, bore; see IRRITATE, TROUBLE, TEASE. Antonyms see PLEASE, ELATE, PAC-IFY, CALM.

annoyance, n. 1. distress (contextual), disturbance (contextual), harassment, exulceration (rare), molestation (archaic);

see TRRITATION.

2. Referring to what annoys vexation, plague, thorn, torment, pest, pester, nuisance, gall, bore; see IRRITATION, TROUBLE. Antonyms' see COMFORT.

3. Referring to the state of mind: vexation, displeasure, disquiet, ruffle; see IR-BITATION.

annoying, a. displeasing (contextual), vex-atious, plaguesome (colloq.), plaguey (collog.), thorny, painful, worrisome, irksome. Antonyms: see Calmative, Sedative. annual, a. yearly.

annular, a. ring-shaped, round (contextual), annulated, annulate, cricoid (tech.;

chiefly spec.).

anoint, v + anele (archaic), oint (archaic), inunct (chiefly spec.; rors), smear (now only contemptuous); spec. oil, grease, chrism, balsam, salve.

anonymous, a. nameless, unnamed, un-

known (a loose contextual use)

another, a. Spec. second, other (archaic

or rare), different.

answer, v. i. 1. Referring to making defense against a charge, as in law: defend, plead (law); spec. reply, rejoin, rebut, surrejoin, surrebut.

2. reply, respond, retort, return (contextual), rejoin, replicate (rare); spec. sub-

join, recriminate.

3. react, respond; spec. counteract.

4. See agree, serve.

answer, v t. 1. As in law: defend.

2. reply, respond, retort, rejoin, say (contextual), replicate (rare). Antonyms: see QUESTION.

acknowledge; spec. receipt.

4. solve.

5. See SATISFY, SETTLE. answer, n. 1. As used in law: defense, plea; spec. rebutter, reply, rejoinder, replication, surrejoinder, surrebutter.

2. reply, response, retort; spec. counterblast, countercharge, contraremonstrance, repartee, antiphony, subjoinder, oracle, anthem.

Antonyms: see QUESTION.

3. acknowledgment; spec. receipt.

4. solution.

5. reaction, response.

answering, a. responsive, replying, responsory (obs.).

antedate, v. t. 1. precede (in time), predate.

Antonyms: see POSTDATE.

contextual), 2. mustime anachronize

(rare). antediluvian, a. prediluvian, antediluvial, prediluvial.

anteprandial, a preprandial; -both rare. anteroom, n. vestibule; spec. hall, lobby, antechamber.

anthem, n respond (rare), responsory; spec. offertory.

DW Cross references: see Note. annual: yearly. annul: abolish, invalidate.

annulus: ring annunciate: announce annunciation: announcement. annunciatory: proclamatory. anomalous: ahnormal.
anon: soon, again
answerable: accountable, acceptable

antagonism: apposition antagonist: opponent, competiantagonize: oppose.
antacode: precede. [vioueness,
antacodenco: precedence, preantacodent: preceding, presi-

antecessor: predecessor. anterior: previous, fore.

anthology, n. posy (rare), florilegium (rare).

anticipate, v. t. 1. preconceive, foresee (fig.), precognosce (rare); spec. hope, reckon (used with "that" and a dependent clause), suspect, forefeel (rare), forebode, intuit (rare or tech.); see EXPECT, FORE-TASTE.

2. forestall, forerun, devance (rare), fore-

come (rare), prevent (rare).

anticipation, n. 1. presentiment, foresight, preconception, preassurance (rare); spec. forefeeling (rare), reckoning, foreboding, hope, prolepsis, intuition; EXPECTATION.

2. forestalment, prevenience (rare), prevention (rare); spec. prevenance.

anticipatory, a. 1. anticipant, anticipative, precognoscent (rare), presentient (rare); spec. proleptic (rare); see EXPECT-ANT, HOPEFUL.

2. anticipant, prevenient (learned), pre-

venting (rare).

anticlimax, n. bathos (learned), come-

down (colloq.).

antidote, n. remedy (contextual), alexipharmic (learned), Theriac (archaic; fig.), mithridate (obs. or hist.), counterpoison, obvietam (obs. or hist.); spec. countercharm, countervenom, bezoar (archaic). Antonyms: see Poison.

antiquarian, n. antiquary; spec. archæologist, archæologer (rare), palæologist.

antiquarianism, n. Spec. palæology, archæology.

antiquate, v. t. age, outdate, unmodern-1ze (rare).

antiquity, n. 1. age (contextual), old (archaic or poetic), oldness, ancientness.

2. Referring to the people of antiquity: eld (archaic or poetic); spec. foreworld (rare). Antonyms: see Modernness, newness, RECENCY.

3. See Relic.

antlers, n. pl. head, attire;—both collectives, and hunting terms.

anvil, n. stithy (rare); spec. teest.

anxiety, n. distress (contextual), trouble (contextual), care, disquiet, concern, con-apostatize, v. i. 1. renegade, secede, re-

cernment, uneasiness, suspense, solicitude; see APPREHENSION.

anxious, a. distressed (contextual), troubled (contextual), careful (rare), uneasy, concerned, solicitous; see TIMID, APPRE-HENSIVE.

Antonyms: see Careless, Bold, Calm, CONFIDENT.

anybody, n. any one.

anyhow, adv. anyways, anyway, anywise. anything, n. aught (literary), ought (the less usual spelling).

apart, a. 1. separate, aloof, away, aside; spec. distant, foreign.

3. See UNRELATED.

apart, adv. 1. separately, aside, away, aloof, asunder.

Antonyms: see together, adjacent, TOUCHING.

3. independently.

apathetic, a. dull, phlegmatic, calm (contextual), cold, sluggish, cold-blooded, inert (literary or learned), impassive, indifferent, insensible, nerveless, torpid, torpent (rare); spec. languid, languishing, languorous, listless, lethargic, inexcitable, lackadaisical.

Antonyms: see EAGER, EXCITED, ARDENT, ANGRY, IMPETUOUS, COMPASSIONATE, EMOTIONAL, EMPHATIC, ENERGETIC, SUS-CEPTIBLE, SPIRITED, AMATORY, AFFEC-TIONATE, HATEFUL, etc.

apathy, n. dullness, sluggishness, inertness (literary or learned); spec. languor, torpor, lethargy, lassitude, calm (context-

ual), etc.

apiece, adv. individually, each, severally. apostasy, n. 1. recreancy, tergiversation (rare), abandonment, perversion, secession, lapse, relapse. Cf. BACKSLIDE.

Antonyms: see Constancy.

2. See DESERTION.

apostate, n. 1. renegade, recreant, turncoat, pervert or (colloq.) vert, transfuge (rare), tergiversator (rare); spec. backslider.

3. See deserter.

apostate, a. recreant.

e Note. antic, a.: grotesque, frisky, buffoonish. antic, n.: buffoon, caper. anticipant: anticipatory, expectant. antifebrile: febrifuge. antipathy: aversion, abhorrence, incompatibility. antipodal: opposite. antipodes: underworld. antipyretic: febrifuge. antiquated: old, old-fashioned, obsolete, chronic. antique: old, old-fashioned. antithesis: contrast.

antler: horn. anyway, anyways: anyhow. apace: rapidly. apache: desperado. apartment: room, suite. ape, n.: simian, imitator. ape, v. t.: imitate. apelike: simian. aperient: cathartic. aperture: opening. apex: top, cusp, height. aphorism: saying. aplary: beehive. apish: simian, imitative.

tithetic: contrasting

antitype: foreshadow.

aplomb, a.: vertical. aplomb, n.: assurance, verticality. revelation. disapocalypse: closure. apocalyptic: revelatory. apologetic: justificatory, excusatory. apologist: justifier, excuser. apologue: fable. apology: justification, excuse, substitute. apophthegm: saying. apostrophe: address. apotheosize: deify. appall: frighten, dismay.

lapse, lapse, fall, vert (collog., Eng.); see BACKSLIDE

2. Nee DESERT.

appanage, n. adjunct, appurtenance, proprium (tech ,, property (contextual), spec. perquisite, prerogative.

apparatus, n. 1. ngging, machine, machinery, mechanism, gear, plant, enginery (often fig.); spec tackle.

2. See instrument, equipment.

apparent, a. 1. See EVIDENT.

 seeming, ostensible, ostensive (rare), semblable (rare or literary), evident (rare); spec. phenomenal, external, sensible; see PROFESSED.

Antonyms see hidden, actual.

apparently, adv. seemingly, etc., methinks (archaic and usually poetic). Cf. APPAR-

apparition, n. 1. See appearance.

2. specter, appearance, phantasm, phantom, image, show, shadow, umbrage (luterary), idol (literary or learned), phasm (rare), shape (now rare or contextual), phantast (rare), phantasma (rare,, eidolon (learned); spec double, wraith, fetch, double-ganger, bogy, boodie (Scot.), epiphany, Christophany, blue-devils (collog.), illusion; see Ghost, Semblance.

apparitional, c. phantom, phantasmic

(rare), phantasmal.

appeal, v. i. 1. turn; spec. refer; cf. AP-

PEAL, 7., 3.

A apply, ask, pray, sue, entreat (rare), cry (hg), plead, go (contextual; esp. with "up"), petition.

appeal, n. 1. As used in law: counterplea (rare); spec. recusation, plaidoyer. 2. application, turning, reference, address

(rare), prayer; spec. memorial.

3. application, request, asking, call, cry, prayer, entreaty, plea, sut; spec. oath, captation.

4. See ATTRACTION.

appear, v. i. 1. show (now calloq.), emerge, issue, peer (archaic), spring (chiefly spec.), offer, develop, come (contextual); spec. figure, rise, sparkle, coappear, compear (law), issue, loom, glimpse (archaic). Antonyms' see disappear, vanish.

2. See SEEM.

appearance, n. 1. appearing, manifestation, show (colleg.), rise, apparition (learned); spec. shadow, reapparition, avatar, glimpse, outcrop, gleam. Antonyms see DIBAPPEARANCE.

2. species (tech.), phase, guise, aspect, figure, look, favor (archaic), face, form, shape, surface, shadow, phantasm, ghost, complexion, cast, color, show (now rhetorical or poetic, exc. as referring to an illusory or deceiving appearance), portraiture (rare), visage (rare); spec. perspective, smoke, facies (natural hist.); see ASPECT. 3. phenomenon; spec meteor (esp. tech.).

4. semblance; apec. likeness.

5. See APPARITION

appease, v. t 1. See SATISFY, PACIFY. 2. slake, quench, assuage, allay, mitigate, lay (archaic); see SATISFY.

appeasement, n 1. See SATISFACTION. 2. slaking, assuagement, etc. Cf. AP-PEASE, 2.

appendage, n. 1. attachment, pendicle (chiefly Scot.), codicil (fig. or spec.); spec. chatelaine, châtelaine (French), fob, pendant, tang, crook.

2. Sec PROCESS.

appendix, n. attachment, addition, codi-

cil (fig or spec); spec. excursus.
appetite, n. 1. belly (fig.), hunger, desire, craving, maw (fig. or spec.); spec. malacia (tech.), see THIRST.

Antonyms see DISCUST, BURFEIT.

2. See DESIRE

applaud, v. t. Spec. acclaim, clap, cheer, encore, chirrup (Eng; slang), claque (cant or slang), see PRAISE

Antonyms. see condemn, censure. applaud, v. i. Spec. acclaim, clap, cheer, huzza, stomp.

applause, n. 1. See PRAISE.

2. Referring to what is done by way of praise: spec. plaudit (chiefly in pl.), handclap, clap, hozanna, huzzas (pl).

Antonyms see CONDEMNATION, CENSURE.

apple, n. pome (poetic).

apple-shaped, a. pomiform (tech.). applicable, a. 1. See ADAPTABLE.

a suitable, usable, adaptable, devotable; spec appropriate, appropriable.

application, n. 1. apposition, touching. 2. constancy (contextual), assiduity, devotion, appliance, sedulity (rare), sedulousness, intentness, diligence, industry, attention.

Antonyms; see Changeableness, indo-LENCE.

3. resort, recourse, recurrence.

4. See ASKING, APPEAL, APPROPRIATION. Spec. poultice, plaster, epithem, stupe, lotion, foment, wash, ointment, cerate.

Ter Cross references see Note. apparel, n dothing apparel, r t dothe apparency: endency appearable: pacifiable, salisfi-able

appellation: naming, name.

appellative: name. append: attach appendant: accessory, resultapperceive: perceive apperception: perception, in-telligence appertain: belong, relate appetency: deere, inclination, appetize: reliah appetizing: palatable appliance: application, inapplicant: asker.

APPROPRIATE

apply, v. t. 1. put (with "to," "on," or "upon"), use (with "to," "on," or "upon"), lay (with "to," "on," or "upon"), bestow (archaic); spec. misapply.

2. direct, concentrate, give, devote, address, bend, buckle, put, keep, ply (rare or

dial.); see ADDICT.

3. See appropriate, relate.

apply, v. i. 1. bear (with "on" or "upon"), hold, subsist.

2. address (rare), turn, run, resort, go

(contextual); see APPEAL.

appoint, v. t. 1. ordain, prescribe, fix, order, frame, establish, determine, preappoint, decree, direct, set, destine, fore-ordain, dispose; spec. redetermine.

2. designate, assign, constitute, set, fix, limit, settle, cast; spec. commission, place, name, detail, depute, deputize (U. S.), delegate, prick, nominate, destine, attach, determine, predetermine, locate; see APPORTION, APPROPRIATE.

Antonyms: see FORBID.

8. See EQUIP.

appointed, a. fixed, ordained, determined, set, etc.

- appointment, n. 1. ordinance, ordination, ordainment, establishment, disposition, determination, prescription, decree, direction, settlement, foreordination, predetermination.
 - 2. designation, constitution, settlement, limitation; spec. commission, deputation, indiction, destination, determination, etc.; see APPORTIONMENT, APPROPRIATION.
- **3.** engagement, assignation, tryst (literary), meeting, date (colloq.).

4. See EQUIP.

- apportion, v. t. portion (less usual than "apportion"), assign, appoint, allow, allocate, allot, admeasure, measure (archaic or fig.), award, mete (rare), give (contextual), distribute, deal (chiefly spec.); spec. award, limit (U. S. & Canada), dole, admeasure (rare).
- **apportionment,** n. assignment, appointment, allowance, allotment, etc. Cf. AP-PORTION.
- appreciative, a. sensible, sensitive.
 Antonyms: see UNAPPRECIATIVE.
- apprehension, n. fear (with "lest" or "that"), anxiety (with "lest"), solicitude (with "lest"), scruple (rare).

apprehensive, a. fearful (with "of," "lest," or "that"), anxious (with "for fear that"), solicitous (with "lest"), afraid (with "that"). "Apprehensive" is used with "of," "lest," or "that."

Antonyms: see HOPEFUL.

apprehensiveness, n. fearfulness, anxiety, solicitude, fear.

approach, v. i. 1. near, advance (contextual), approximate, nigh (rare), advene (rare), accede (rare), approprinquate (rare); spec. borrow, verge, draw, board, converge, come.

Antonyms: see DEPART.

2. approximate (as in quality, form, etc.), near (rare); spec. resemble.

8. come (contextual);—referring to what draws near in time.

approach, v. t. near, approximate (archaic), approprinquate (rare), anear (archaic).

Anionyms: see Avoid, Leave.

approach, n. 1. nearing, approximation, advance (contextual); spec. convergence.

Antonyms: see AVOIDANCE, DIVERGENCE.

2. coming.

3. In pl.: advances (pl.).

4. access; spec. entrance.

approaching, a. 1. nearing, advancing; spec. convergent, connivent (tech.), coming.

2. See coming (in time).

appropriate, v. t. 1. take, spheterize (rare); spec. misappropriate, condemn, arrogate, convert, embezzle, foreclose, secrete, pocket, usurp; see CONVERT, STEAL, CONFISCATE.

Antonyms: see Abandon, relinquish, forgo.

- 2. assign, appoint, allot, apply, devote, dedicate (spec. or archaic), design; spec. reserve, misapply, misappropriate.
- 8. See ASCRIBE.

appropriate, a. 1. See PECULIAR.

2. becoming, suitable, fit, fitting, meet, condign (of punishment), felicitous (action, remark, etc.), convenient (archaic), convenable (obs.), feat (archaic), competent (archaic), likely, proper, appropriate, apposite, pat (chiefly spec.), apt, good, right, sortable (archaic), idoneous (rare), concinnous (rare), congruous; spec. happy, decent, graceful, applicable; see TIMELY. Antonyms: see UNSUITABLE, UNTIMELY.

Cross references: see Note.

apposite: appropriate, relative.

apposition: application, relation.

appraisal: valuation.

appraise: value.
appraisement: valuation.
appreciable: perceptible.
appreciate: value, feel, advance.

appreciation: valuation, feeling, advance, understanding. appreciative: sensitive. apprehend: arrest, capture,

perceive, understand, expect, fear.

apprehensible: understandable, perceptible. apprehension: arrest, capture, intelligence, perception, expectation, fear. [gent.
apprehensive: afraid, intelliapprise: notify, inform.
approachable: accessible, affable.
approbate: approve, admire.
approbation: approval, admiration.

APPROPRIATELY

etc , apropos. Cf. APPROPRIATE, a., 2. appropriateness, n. becomingness, suit-

ability, fitness, felicity, etc.

appropriation, n. taking, application; spec confiscation, arrogation, allotment, secretion, stc. Cf. APPROPRIATE, v. f.

approval, n. approbation, support, sanction, imprimatur (spec or fig.), indorsement, countenance, acceptance, spec. favor, fancy, auspices, vis. (French); see

ADMIRATION, PRAISE, LIKING approve, v. t. approvate (rare; chiefly Eng.), sanction, support, countenance, sustain, pass, indorse, second; spec. encourage, precomze (rare), favor, visé; see LIKE, PRAISE, ADMIRE

Antonyms: see condemn, reprove, cen-

approximate, a. rough, round, close, near; -referring to approximations, numbers, etc.

appurtenance, n. accessory, belonging, app irtenant; spec paraphernalia (pl), incident (law), requisite, property (theaters), props (pl.; theaters); see ACCESSORY,

nguiline, a. Referring to the nose: hawknosed (rare or opprobrious), beaked, hooked, Roman.

Antonyms' see PUG-NOSED, SNUB.

arable, a. plowable, tillable.

arable, n infield (Brit.), earthland (rare), plowland.

arbitrary, a. 1. See absolute, capri-CIOUS, TYRANNICAL, AUTOCRATIC

2. High-handed, willful, high (collog.).

arbor, n bower; spec. pergola, pandal (Anglo-Indian).

arboreal, a arboral, arboreous, arborous, dendral (rare).

areade, n. passage (contextual); spec. cloister, loggia (Italian).

arch, n. cove (the ordinary hollow arch), fornix (Latin); spec. ogive, skewback, conch, concha, vault, invert, concameration (rare), span.

arch, v. t. 1. cove, vault (chiefly spec.), embow (literary), concamerate (rare); spec. hog, hump, hunch.

2. span, overvault (rare), overarch.
archer, n. sagittary (rare), bowman, bowyer (rare), spec. Sagittarius.

appropriately, adv. becomingly, suitably, architect, n. builder (contextual), maker (rare,, constructor (contextual), master builder (tech.), spec ecclesiologist. architecture, n. structure, building, con-

struction; spec ecclesiology.

ardent, a. 1. See BURNING, HOT, ALCOHOLIC. 3. eager, impetuous, hot, warm, fiery, burning, fierce, fervent, glowing, feverish, fervid, perfervid (emphatic for "fervid"; rare), zealous, passionate, enthusiastic or enthusiastical (both archaic).

Antonyms sec Apathetic, indifferent. ardor, n. eagerness, impetuosity, ardency, fervor, fever, feverishness, heat, glow, warmth, fire, clan (French), fieriness, vehemence, seal, flame, spirit, soul, verve (literary or bookish), ferventness, fervidity (rare), perfervor (rare), enthusiasm (archaic).

Antonyms: see APATHY, INDIFFERENCE. area, n 1. Referring to an extent of land: extent, space, expanse, tract, circuit, com-pass, field, sphere, range, scope, ground (contextual), size, stretch; spec. sheet, ter-

rain, terrane; see PIECE. 2. extent, expanse, space, room (now

chiefly spec.).

arens, n. 1. Spec. circus, amphitheater, cirque, ring, liste (pl.), cockpit 2. See SPHERE.

argument, n. 1. reason (contextual); spec. silencer, fallacy, sophism, sockdologer (slang, U. S.), settler (collog), dilemma; see REASON.

2. See discussion, dispute.

aright, adv Spec. rightly, correctly, justly, properly.

arise, i. i 1. See RISE

2. or.ginate, spring, issue, rise, proceed, emerge, come, grow, flow, accrue, begin; see OCCUR, RESULT.

Antonyma, see DIE. arising, n 1. See RISE

2. origination, spring, rise, beginning, birth, etc. Cf. ARISE, v. i., 2.

aristocracy, n 1. Referring to a form or principle of government: optimacy (rare), patriciate (rare).

Antonyms see DEMOCRACY.

3. See NOBILITY.

3. As a collective: quality (chiefly archaic or dial.).

Cross references see Note. approximate: approach
approximately: about
approximation: approach
appulse: impact
appulse: impact
appurtenance: property
appurtenant, a accessory.
appurtenant, n accessory. appurtenent, n accessory apriori: deductive appropriately, appropriately, appropriate, disposed.

nqueduct: channel aqueous: watery arbiter: judge, master arbitrate: decide, judge arbitration: decision, judgment. arbitrator: judge. arbor: arle arborescent: branching, arc: curve band Arcadian: rural, arch, a chief archaic: old-fashsoned.

archetypal: original, archetype: original, pattern. archipelago: sea. ardency: arder arduous: difficult, labornous. argent: silvery argillaceous: clayey arguinceous: cayey.
Argos: ship
Argos: paryon dialed,
Arguable: questionable.
Argue: discuss dispute, mean.
Axid: dry, uninteresting aristocrat, n. patrician (learned), optimate (learned); see NOBLE.

aristocratic, a. 1. See NOBLE.

2. patrician (rare). [COMMON. Antonyms: see DEMOCRATIC, PLEBEIAN,

spec.); spec. brachium, humerus, forearm.

branch; spec. inlet, estuary, fiord or

fjord; see Branch.

3. projection; spec. transept, jib, davit, fluke, crane; see BOOM.

4. See POWER, WEAPON, SLEEVE.

arm, v. t. 1. equip; spec. panoply, heel, lead (led), forearm.

2. See ARMOR.

armed, a. equipped (rare); spec. panoplied, forearmed.

Antonyms: see UNARMED. armhole, n. 1. See ARMPIT.

2. armseye (tech.), scye (rare).

armor, n. Spec. panoply, mail, bard. armor, v. t. 1. Referring to man or horse:

arm, mail; spec. panoply, helm (archaic or poetic).

2. Referring to a vessel, aëroplane, etc.: protect (contextual), plate, mail (rare).

armored, a. mailed, mail-clad; spec. panoplied, loricate, iron-clad.

armpit, n. armhole, axilla (tech.).

arms, n. 1. armament, armor (obs. or rare); see WEAPON.

2. In heraldry: coat of arms or (for short) coat, bearings (pl.; often in sing.), blazon,

ensign, blazonment, blazonry.

army, n. 1. host (archaic or poetic), array (archaic), force, forces (pl.), troops (pl.), legion or (pl.) legions (orig. spec.), menof-war (pl.; now rare or hist.), battalion (archaic); spec. fyrd (hist.), division, corps.

2. See MULTITUDE, ORGANIZATION.

arrange, v. t. 1. dispose, distribute, allocate (learned), lay; spec. adjust, classify, range, rank, trim, organize, systematize, marshal, collocate, form, array, group, defilade, brigade, dress, pitch, echelon, space, size, compose, recompose, order,

tidy (colloq.), drape, seriate (rare); see ORGANIZE, PACK, ADJUST.

Antonyms: see DISARRANGE, CONFUSE.

2. In music: spec. orchestrate, score, in-

strument.

8. settle, accommodate, reconcile, compose, compound, compromise (obs. or archaic); spec. adjust, arbitrate, mediate.

4. See AGREE, STIPULATE, ADAPT, PLAN. arrangement, n. 1. disposure, disposition,

allocation (learned), ordinance (now only in literature or art); spec. systematization, ordination, malarrangement, trim, groupage, organization, defilade, categorization, chronography, collocation, codification; see Organization, Adjustment.

Antonyms: see disorder.

2. Referring to the result: disposure, disposition, form, shape, etc. (with most of the terms under 1., above), lay; spec. make-up, orderliness, array, schematism, cosmos.

8. In music: spec. orchestration, instru-

mentation, score.

4. settlement, accommodation, reconciliation. composite; spec. exchange, stipulation.

5. Referring to the result: settlement; spec. mise (Eng.; hist.), bundobust (Anglo-Indian); see AGREEMENT.

6. See ADAPTATION, PLAN, THING.

arranger, n. Spec. disposer, distributer, classifier, marshal, etc. Cf. ARRANGE.

arrest, v. t. 1. See STOP, RESTRAIN.

2. seize, apprehend, bond (slang), nick (colloq. or slang), grab (colloq.), pinch (slang), collar (slang).

arrest, n. 1. See STOPPAGE, RESTRAINT, IMPRISONMENT.

2. seizure, apprehension, arrestment (chiefly Scot.), arrestation (a Gallicism).

arrival, n. coming, access (rare), advent, subvention (rare; chiefly spec.).

arrive, v. i. come, attain (with "to"), accede (rare), subvene (rare; chiefly spec.), reach (with "to"). "Arrive" takes "at" for its preposition.

arrogance, n. presumption, assumption, pride, overweening, haughtiness, etc. Cf. ARROGANT.

arrogant, a. presumptuous, overbearing, assuming, assumptive (rare), magisterial (bookish or learned), fastuous (rare), highminded, high, overweening, uppish (colloq.), topping; see SELF-IMPORTANT, IMPUDENT, HAUGHTY, ROUGH.

Antonyms: see AGREEABLE, AFFABLE, HUMBLE, SUBMISSIVE, BASHFUL, ABJECT,

CONDESCENDING, OBSEQUIOUS.

bolt, flight, sumpit, vire (hist.), quarrel. arrow-headed, a. sagittate sagittated;—

both tech.

arsenal, n. armory.

arsis, n. thesis (the original sense of "thesis" being the same as the present common sense of "arsis," and vice versa).

Cross references: see Note.

armada: fleet.

armament: arms, equipment. armorial: heraldic.

armory: arsenal.
aroint, interj.: away.
aroma: smell.

aromatic: odorous. around: about.

arouse: wake, rouse, excite.

arraign: accuse.
arrant: outrageous.
arras: tapestry.

array, n.: arrangement, army,

body, group, clothing. array, v. t.: arrange, clothe.

arrear: debt.
arrive, v. t.: reach.

arrogate: appropriate, assume, ascribe.

arrowy: rapid.

art, n. 1. craft, skill (archaic); spec. trade. handicraft, cacotechny (rars), discipline, mystery.

2. See skill, ingeniousness, learning.

ABILITY.

 craft, craftiness, wilmess, deceitfulness, artfulness, strategy, cunning, insidi-ousness (rare), finesse, design, artifice, ingenuity, policy, slyness, subtlety or subtleness (both now rare), pawkiness (Scot or dial.), foxiness (chiefly colloq.), foxery (rare); see TRICKINESS; -mostly with specific implications.

Antonyms spec. artlessness, frankness

(see ARTLESS, FRANK).

artful, a 1. See skillful, ingenious.

2. crafty, sly, wily, deceitful, cunning, mercurial (fig), cautelous (archaic), subtle (now rare), subtile (obsolescent), stenithy, politic, insidious (rare,, versute (rare), foxy (chiefly colloq.), crooked, fly (slang), pawky (Scot. or dial.; chiefly humorous); see TRICKY, -mostly with specific implications Antonyms: see ARTLESS, FRANK.

article, n. 1. piece; spec. contribution, critique, review, essay, feuilleton (French), appreciation, notice, paper, skit, study, sketch, apology.

2. thing (contextual), commodity; spec.

export, import; see goons.

3. See CLAUSE, ITEM, THING. artifice, n. 1. See art, ingeniousness. 2. device, trick, subterfuge, shuffle, finesse, ingenuity (rare), maneuver, practice, design, contrivance, fetch, trickery (rare), strategy (rare), stratagem, feint; spec. counterplot; sec TRICK, PRETENSE.

artificer, n. craftsman; spec. artisan, ar-

tist, Dædalus (fig.).
artificial, a. factitious, made, false, madeup, manufactured (spec. or fig.), painted (spec. or fig.); spec. labored, unnatural, theatrical, constrained, cultivated, see PRE-TENDED, COUNTERFEIT, CONVENTIONAL.

Antonyms: see NATURAL, GENUINE, UN-

CONSTRAINED.

artillery, n. ordnance, enginery (archaic); spec. archery, broadside, battery, onagers (pl.), trebuckets (pl.); see CANNONRY.

artilleryman, n. gunner; see CANNONEER. artist, n artiste (French); spec. dilettante, pastellist, painter, sculptor, etcher, cartoonist, colorist, water-colorist, landscapist, impressionist, cubist, futurist, rapin (French), pianist, violinist, organist, etc.
The term "artist," exc. as shown by the context, refers to one skilled in painting, sculpture, etc.

artistic, n. artful (archaic), dædal (fig.); spec painterly.

Antonyma: see inartistic.

artless, a. 1. See UNCULTURED.

2. simple, innocent, inartificial, naive or (less usual) naif, natural, guileless, ingennous, straightforward, plain, unsophisticated; spec. rural, rude, homely, homespun, homebred; see FRANK.

Antonyms: see ARTFUL, CALCULATING, AFFECTED, PRETENDED, TRICKY, HYPO-

CRITICAL.

artiessness, n naïveté (French), simplicity, unsophistication, ingenuousness, inartificiality (rare), simpleness, etc. Cf. ARTLESS.

as, adv. & conj. 1. like (generally considered vulgar or slovenly).

2. See BECAUSE.

ascend, v. t. 1. See RISE, CLIMB, SLOPE. 2. Referring to going back in time. mount. ascend, v. t. climb, mount, rise; spec. reascend, clamber, top.

Antonyms. see DESCEND.

ascendancy, n. control, ascendance (rare), ascendant.

scent, n. 1. Spec. rise (which see), clumbing (cf. CLIMB). ascent, n.

2. slope, rise, gradient (tech ; Eng.); see BILL.

ascetic, a. austere, abstemious, mortified (rare); see ABSTEMIOUS.

Antonyms see Self-Gratifying, Glut-TONOUS, SENSUOUS, CONVIVIAL.

ascetie, n. Spec. fakir, stylite, yogi (Hindu philos.); see HERMIT.

Antonyms: see BON-VIVANT, GLUTTON, DRINKER.

asceticism, n. austerity, abstemiousness; spec. yoga or yogism.

Antonyma: see Belf-Gratification. ascribe, v. f. 1. See ATTRIBUTE, ACCREDIT. 2. attribute, assign, arrogate (literary), appropriate.

ascription, n. 1. See ATTRIBUTION. 2. attribution, arrogation (literary), ap-

propriation.

asexual, a neuter (biol), sexless. ash, a. cinerary (literary or tech.), ashen.

ashy, a. ashen, cinereous (hterary or tech.), cineraceous (rare), cineratious (literary or tech.), favillous (rare).
aside, n. bye; spec. byplay, by-end, by-

matter; see BY-WORK.

Cross references see Note. articulate: joini, pronounce. articulate: artist ascendance: escendancy ascendant, a.: rusing, unbrolling.

ascendant, n.: horascope, asconducty ascending: rising, sloping. ascension: rise
ascepticize: sterilize,
ascertalo: discover, learn.

ascertainable: descoverable. ashamed: abashed. ashen: ash, ashy ashore: aground. aside: apart. asinine: stupid.

ASSOCIATE

request; spec. beg, crave (literary or formal), pray (archaic, exc. in certain phrases), entreat, beseech, petition, implore, supplicate, dun, importune, move, plead, adjure, conjure, obsecrate (rare), sue, solicit, earwig, knee (rare), coax.

Antonyms: see FORBID, COMPEL.

2. With the thing asked for as the object: request; spec. beg, entreat, implore, supplicate, demand, petition, clamor, canvass, require, seek (archaic), exact, solicit, call, invoke, cry.

Antonyms: see REJECT.

- 8. See SUMMON, QUESTION, DEMAND, IN-VITE.
- ask, v. i. 1. Spec. beg, beseech, plead, appeal, postulate (rare), petition, sue, clamor, importune, entreat (rare).

2. See QUESTION.

- asker, n. Spec. requester, applicant, craver, supplicant, entreater, claimant, suppliant, orator (law), etc. Cf. Ask, v. t.
- askew, a. crooked (contextual), distorted, awry, atwist (rare), skew, skewed; spec. loxic.
- **asking**, a. 1. interrogative, interrogational, interrogatory, implorative, postulatory (rare).
- 2. Spec. requesting, begging, etc., supplicatory, solicitant (rare), supplicant, suppliant, precative, implorative, postulatory (rare), precatory (chiefly legal or tech.), petitory (rare), petitory (rare), petitory (rare). Cf. ASK.
- questing, n. 1. Spec. begging, question, request, petition, impetration, imploration (rare), application, postulation (rare), prayer, canvass, solicitation, importunity, dun, entreatment (archaic), entreaty, obsecration, beseechment, obtestation (literary or learned), imploring, imploration, instancy (rare), solicitation, suit (literary), petition, suppliance, supplication, rogation, comprecation; see APPEAL.

2. Referring to what is asked: see RE-QUEST.

aspect, n. 1. See Appearance, side, facing.

2. appearance, light, angle (chiefly colloq.), complexion, phase, face, view, look. aspirant, n. aspirer, seeker; spec. candidate, suitor, competitor.

aspirate, n. spiritus, breathing, aspiration.

aspirated, a. rough (contextual), spirated, aspirate (rare).

assail, v. t. 1. See ATTACK.

2. pelt, ply, storm, bestorm (rare); spec. din, hoot.

Antonyms: see Defend, Shelter.

assailable, a. pregnable.

assassin, n. Spec. thug, sicarian (rare). assassinate, v. t. murder (contextual), remove; spec. morganize (U. S.).

assay, n. trial, test, examination; spec. analysis, cupel, cupellation, docimasy.

assembly, n. 1. See GATHERING, COM-PANY.

- 2. Referring to the more formally organized gatherings of persons, spec.: synod, salon, chapter, plenum, court, moot, convention, convocation, congregation, legislature, congress, senate, house, diet, chamber, camera (rare or hist.), cabinet, council, parliament, meeting, chapter, camarilla (Spanish), comitia (Roman hist.), muster; see convention, council, congregation.
- assess, v. t. 1. charge, levy.

2. See TAX, VALUE. assessable, a. leviable.

assimilate, v. t. 1. See conform, liken.
2. adapt, absorb; spec. digest;—all often used fig. of ideas.

Antonyms: see EXCRETE.

associate, n. companion, fellow, consociate (rare); spec. sister, brother, conjunct (rare), chum (colloq.), familiar, comrade, intimate, covey (slang or vulgar), comes (astron.), crony, yokefellow, housemate, gossip, cummer (Scot.), ally, confederate, accomplice, shipmate, clansman, condisciple (literary), privy, compeer, confrere (obs. or rare), confrère (French), classmate, messmate, convictor, cohabitant, capitulary, neighbor, association, partner, copartner, consort, spouse, mate, comate (rare), coadjutor; see ALLY, SISTER, COLLEAGUE, ATTENDANT.

associate, v. t. 1. join, unite, link, conjoin, attach (with "to"), combine, ally (chiefly spec.), mingle; spec. pool, syndicate, brigade, regiment, consort, couple, league.

2. Referring to mental association: connect, join, unite, link, sort (rare or literary), consort (rare or literary), couple, mingle.

Cross references: see Note.

askance: obliquely.

aslant: sloping.

asleep: sleeping, numb.

aslope: sloping.

asperity: roughness, acrimony.

asperse: sprinkle, disparage.

aspersion: sprinkling, disparagement.

asphyxiate: suffocate.

asphyxiation: suffocation.

aspiration: aspirate, desire, ambition.
aspire: desire, rise.
asquint, adv.: obliquely.
asquint, a.: squint-eyed.
ass: donkey, blockhead.
assault: attack.
assent, v. i.: accede.
assent, n.: accession.
assert: maintain, state.

asseverate: state.
assiduous: diligent, constant,
active, persistent.
assign: appoint, refer, apportion, appropriate, adjudge, ascribe, attribute, transfer.
assist: aid, contribute.
assist: serve.
assistance: aid, contribution.
assistant, a.: accessory, helpful,
assistant, n.: aider.

assets: property.

associate, v. i. 1. unite, combine, join, conjoin, consociate (rare), mingle; spec. missort (rare), mingle, mix, neighbor, herd, tive, holty-toity (usually implying petujoin, consociate (rare), mingle; spec. missort (rare), mingle, mix, neighbor, herd,

2. companion (rare), consort (literary or formal), fellow (rare), assort (rare), fellowship, accompany (rare), train (slang), consociate (rare), sort (dial. or archaic), forgather; spec sororize (rare), fraternize, mingle, mix, neighbor, clique, arony (rare), herd, haunt (rare, exc. of animals), missort (rare), hobnob; see con-

association, n. 1. joining, union, connection, conjunction (rere), linking, combination, alliance (rare, ezc. spec.), mingling;

 company, companionship, fellowship, consociation (rare), consort (literary), consortion (rare); spec. comradeship, comradery (rare), camaraderie (French), confraternization (rare), fraternization,

complicity.

8. body; spec. company, society, band, troop, crew, gang, clan, concern, consociation, pool, trust, combine, hong (Chinese), hoey (Chinese), Burschenschaft (German), bond (Dutch), league, craft, trade, profession, brigade, union, mystery, college, Athensum, guild, board, fellowship, academy, order, sodality, brotherhood, sisterhood, institute, congregation, communion, connection, somal (India), fratry (obs. or hist.), choir, chantry, ku-klux, chapter, camorra, organisation, corps, hunt, clique, carbonarii (pl.; Italian), see CONVENT, PARTY, COMPANY, PARTNERSHIP, CORPORATION, FIRM, CLUB, UNION, SISTERHOOD.

mesume, v. t. 1. take (as a partner into association); spec. reassume, arrogate.

2. postulate, suppose, fiction (rare), feign, presume, presuppose, say (used in the imperative), hypothesize, hypothetize (rare), posit, pose (rare), beg (chiefly in "to beg the question").

Antonyms : see DENY

3. affect, take (a character), invest (oneself with), endue (literary), strike (an attitude); spec. reassume; see ACT.

Antonyms: see DOFF. 4. take (as in "to take the shape of").

5. See undertake, don

assume, v. i. presume, venture

assumed, a. supposed, hypothetical, hypothetic, supposititious, suppositional, suppositive, fictional, fictionary (rare), presupposed, presumptive, paper (collog.); spec. given.

lance or ill-temper), superior, forward, lofty; see arrogant.

Antonyms. see abject, modest, unpre-

TENTIOUS.

assumption, n. 1. taking; spec. reassumption.

 supposition, supposal (rare), supposure (rare), postulation, presupposition, presupposal (rare), presumption, hypothesis (tech. or learned).

Antonyms : see DENIAL.

3. Referring to the thing assumed postulate (logic, etc.), hypothesis (tech. or learned), suppose (rare), fiction; spec. make-believe, datum, premiss, condition, principle. The terms under sense 2 are also used concretely.

4. affectation, investiture, enduement

(literary), striking, etc.

5. presumption, superiority, loftiness, nerve (slang), cheek (slang), forwardness; see ARROGANCE.

assumptive, a. 1. See assuming, arro-

2. suppository, postulative, presuppository.

assurance, n. 1. warrant, certification;

spec. reassurance

2. confidence (contextual), self-assurance, sufficiency, self-confidence, self-reliance, self-possession, aplomb (French), self-trust, self-security (rare), self-sufficiency, plerophory (rars); spec. overconfidence, overtrust (rare), bumptiousness, coolness, cocksureness, nerve (slang), cheek (slang ; see BOLDNESS, PRESUMPTION, IM-PUDENCE.

Antonyme: see TIMIDITY, DOUBT, DIS-TRUST, BASHFULNESS, EMBARRASSMENT.

3. See GUARANTEE, INSURANCE.

assure, v. t. 1. warrant, tell (contextual), certify, resolve (a reflexive); spec. reassure; see CONVINCE.

Antonyms: see disconcert, embarrass, INTIMIDATE.

3. See INSURE.

assured, a. confident (contextual), self-assured, self-confident, self-reliant, immodest (rare), self-assertive, self-possessed; spec. bumptious, cool, overconfident, flush (rare), Icarian (fig.), independent, crank (dial), nervy (slang), checky (slang), presumptuous; see BOLD, IMPUDENT, SELF-ASSERTIVE, DECIDED.

Autonyms. see ABJECT, DOUBTFUL, TIM-ID, DISTRUSTFUL, BASHFUL, HESITATING.

Cross references see Note masort, v. t · classify, class.

assorted: classified. lection, partely

usuuaga: mitigale, appease, satusfy. assuuasive: mitigalory. assuredly: truly.

ATTEND

assuring, a. Spec. reassuring, comfortable, encouraging, emboldening.

Antonyms: see DEPRESSING, HORRIBLE.

- astern, adv. 1. aft, abaft (as in "the gale was abaft").
 - 2. See BACKWARD.
- astir, a. active, moving; spec. agog; see AFLOAT.

astray, a. 1. lost, wandering.

2. abroad, out, wide, off (collog.).

astringent, a. constrictive, styptic; spec. puckery, hæmostatic, rough, binding (colloq.).

astrologer, n. Chaldean (fig.), astrologian

(rare), cock (fig.; poetic).

astronomy, n. Spec. astrology, astromancy, meteoroscopy, uranology, uranography, astrophysics, astrochemistry, astrophotography.

asylum, n. 1. See REFUGE.

2. home (contextual), college (chiefly Eng.); spec. madhouse, sanitarium, bethlehem (rare), bedlam (archaic).

at, prep. 1. Referring to place: in, to

(U.S. or dial. Eng.).

2. Referring to time: in, to, by.

atheistic, a. godless.

athlete, n. Spec. boxer, fighter, pancratiast, acrobat.

Antonyms: see WEAKLING.

athletic, a. 1. palæstral (rare); spec. agonistic, gymnastic, acrobatic.

2. See strong.

athletics, n. Spec. gymnastics, agonistics, acrobatism.

atmospheric, a. airy, aërial, elemental (referring to atmospheric forces), meteoric (tech.).

atomize, v. t. comminute, spray, reduce (contextual); spec. nebulize.

atomizer, n. sprayer; spec. odorator, nebulizer.

atone, v. i. pay (with "for").

attach, v. t. 1. take, seize, nail (obs. or

slang); spec. garnishee.

2. join (contextual), add (contextual), unite (contextual), connect, fasten, fix, affix, annex, tie (chiefly spec.), wed (fig.), bind (chiefly spec.), confix (rare); spec. append, chain, tag, tack, tie, tail, hook, hinge, screw, pin, engraft, subjoin, barnacle (rare).

Antonyms: see SEPARATE, DETACH.

8. See Join, add, associate, appoint, attribute.

attachable, a. Spec. fastenable, annexable, connectable, appendable, etc. Cf. ATTACH.

attachment, n. 1. joining (contextual), union (contextual), connection, annexation, affixture (rare); spec. confixation (rare), subjunction (rare), appending, binding.

2. Spec. fixture, affix, annex, postfix, appendicle, appendix, insertion, fixtures (pl.; chiefly U. S.); see APPENDAGE.

8. See Joining, Addition, Affection, Love.

attack, v. t. 1. assault, assail, engage, encounter, attempt (archaic), aggress (rare; v. i. only), tackle (colloq.), storm (chiefly spec.); spec. charge, ply, beset (literary), strike, bait, torpedo, mob, grenade, rush, flank, surprise, fusillade, storm, raid.

Antonyms: see DEFEND, PROTECT, SHEL-

2. In a nonphysical sense: assail, impugn (literary); see DISPUTE, OPPOSE, ACCUSE.

Antonyms: see DEFEND.

8. See censure, affect, begin.

attack, n. 1. assault, assailment, aggression, encounter, set, onset, offense, oppugnation (rare); spec. charge, onslaught, stroke, musketade, battery, camisade or camisado (archaic or mil.), descent, bombardment, connonade, raid, sally, surprise, escalade, surprisal, shock, storm.

Antonyms: see Protection, Defense.

2. In a nonphysical sense: assault, impugent (rare), crusade; see ACCUSATION.

3. access (tech. or literary), onset, seizure; spec. epidemic; see fit.

4. See BEGINNING.

attempt, v. t. try, essay, assay (archaic), offer, make, undertake, endeavor (archaic), enterprise (archaic); spec. venture.

ettempt, n. trial, try (colloq.), endeavor, venture, slap (colloq. or slang), offer (rare), whack (slang), shy (slang), essay (archaic or literary), set, assay (archaic), undertaking.

attend, v. t. 1. tend (now rare, archaic, or U. S., exc. spec.), serve, mind, nurse, keep; spec. guard, stroke, watch, feed, valet, midwife, wash.

Antonyms: see disregard, ignore.

2. In the sense of "to be present at": spec. frequent, haunt.

3. See ACCOMPANY, SERVE, FOLLOW.

Cross references: see Note.

astonish: surprise.

astound: surprise.

astraddle: bestriding.

astrict: constrict.

astride: bestriding.

astringe: constrict.

astute: discerning, shrewd,

subtle.

asunder: apart.
athwart: across.
atmosphere: air.
atomy: particle, pygmy.
atomy: skeleton.
atonic: weak, unaccented.

atrabilious: acrimonious.
atrocious: wicked, cruel, outrageous.

atrocity: wickedness, cruelty, outrage, monstrosity.
attach, v. i.: stick, belong, accrue.
attain, v. t.: reach, get, accomplish.
attain, v. i.: reach, arrive, come.
attainment: accomplishment.
attaint, v. t.: contaminate, sully.
attaint, n.: contamination.

attend, v. i. 1. See LISTEN, SERVE.

2. wait, hang (with "upon"); spec. dangle.

3. In the sense of "to give attention" tend, look (with "after"); spec minister (usually with "to"), care (chiefly with "for"),

attendance, n. 1. tendance, attention,

minding, keeping.

waiting (with "upon"), hanging (with "upon"), tendance (rare); spec. service.

See accompaniment, service, reti-

NUE, COMPANION.

attendant, a. 1. ministerial, attending; spec serving.

3. See ACCOMPANYING, SUBSEQUENT. attendant, n companion, associate; spec. shadow, satellite (chiefly derogatory), peo-ple (pl.), barnacle (fig.), famulus (Latin), chamberlain, escort, acolyte, page, buttons (colloq), peon (India), orderly, femme de chambre (French), courtier, courier, outrider, sergeant, henchman, gillie (Scot.), valet, minder, keeper, bodyguard, caddie, cad (Eng.); see BANDMAID, NURSE, PAGE.

attention, n. 1. consideration, observ-ance, regard, heed, respect, notice, ad-vertence, thought, intentness, concentra-tion, car (as in "lo give ear," "to have the ear of"), observancy (archaic); see APPLI-CATION, CARE.

Antonyms. see DISREGARD, INATTEN-TION, ABSENT-MINDEDNESS.

1. See CIVILITY, SERVICE.

attentive, a. 1. considerate, observant, heedful, studious, advertent (rare), regardful, attent (archaic), awake (with "to"), watchful, intent (with "on"), intentive (archaic), bent (rare, exc. in "bent m"), thoughtful, concentrated, mindful, careful, regardant (rare); spec. searching, resolved, studious (with "of").

Antonyms: see ABSENT, INATTENTIVE, UNOBSERVANT.

2. See POLITE.

attentiveness, n. I. consideration, regard, heed, intentness, etc. Cf. ATTENTIVE. 3. See POLITENESS, CIVILITY.

attenuate, v t 1. extenuate (rare), spin (with "out"); spec. draw, finedraw, rope.

3. See Thin, Weaken.

attenuated, a thin; spec. drawn-out spun-out, finespun, subtle; see SLENDER. spec. drawn-out,

attenuation, n. 1. extenuation (rare); spec. drawing, finedrawing.

2. Spec. thinning (see THIN, v.), thinness (see THIN, a.), subtlety; see SLENDERNESS, WEAKENING, WEAKNESS.

attic, n. garret, loft, cockloft (archaic; often spec.), soler (obs. or rare), sky parlor (humorous or collog)

attitude, n. 1. Referring to the body or bodily appearance: see POSTURE, AIR.

2. Referring to the mind: posture, position, set; spec. feeling, twist, prejudice. attorney, n. 1. See AGENT.

2. In the sense of "attorney at law": spec. solicitor, curator, procurator, proctor, barrister, counselor, advocate.

attract, v. t. 1. See Draw, Catch.

2. draw, magnetize (fig.), take, pull; spec. drag, allure, entice, seduce (ssp. to svil), solicit, invite, tempt, attempt (archauc), lure, bait, trap, bonnet, decoy (often fig.), button (slang), charm.

Antonyms: see REPEL, DISGUST.

attraction, n. 1. Spec affinity, gravita-

tion, gravity; see DRAWING.
2. Referring to the act or action or quality: draw (rare), magnetism (fig.), pull; spec. affinity, allurement, appeal, seduction (esp. to evil), charm, enticement, inveiglement, temptation, solicitation, glamour.

3. Referring to the thing that attracts: cynosure (chiefly literary or learned), bait, decoy, magnet, lure, charm. Most of the

terms under 2 are similarly used.

attractive, a. 1. See DRAWING. 3. drawing, alluring, seductive (esp. to evil), catchy (colloq.), seducing (esp. to evil), magnetic, allective (rare); spec. enticing, decoying, prepossessing, tempting. taking, catchy, pleasing, psychagogic (rare), winning, winsome, temptatious (rare), charming, meretricious; see PLEAS-

Anionyms: see REPELLENT, ABOMINABLE, DISGUSTING.

attractiveness, n. 1. See ATTRACTION, charm, grace, winsomeness, pleasing-

attributable, a. referable, referrible, ascribable, imputable, due, chargeable, owing; spec. traceable.

attribute, v. t. 1. refer, ascribe, assign, impute, lay, attach, accredit, count, give, place, put; spec. mother, father.

Antonyme: see REFUSE.

2. See ascribe.

attribution, n. reference, ascription, assignment, etc. Cf. ATTRIBUTE, v.

auction, a. sale (contextual); spec subhastation, cant (chiefly Irish), survey (dial. Eng.).

audible, a sensible (contextual), auricular (rare), hearable (rare).

Cross references see Note. Attio, a.: classic, refined.

attire, v. f : clothe, attire, n : clothing attitudinise: pose attune: harmonus.

atwist: cakero. audacious: bold audibly: aloud.

AUTONOMOUS

audience, n. 1. Referring to the act, fact, or action: hearing, ear; spec. durbar

(East India), court.

2. Referring to those that hear: auditory (rare); spec. congregation, theater, church, gallery gods (pl.; colloq.), gallery, orchestra, pit; see HEARER.

auditorium. n. auditory (rare); spec. pit, parterre, parquet, cockpit, orchestra.

- auricular, a. aural, heard (rare), auditory (referring to the function of the ear), otic (rare).
- auspicious, a. 1. See ominous, prosper-
- 2. favorable, propitious, promising promiseful, prosperous, white (literary), lucky, fortunate, bright, hopeful, rosy, Hattering, Favonian (rare), felicitous (chiefly spec.); spec. brilliant, fair.

Antonyms: see INAUSPICIOUS, ILL-

OMENED.

austere, a. strict (contextual), severe, rigid, stern, hard, difficult (rare), rigorous, Catonian (rare), astringent (rare); spec. rugged; see ascetic, abstemious.

Antonyms: see GENTLE, SELF-GRATIFY-

ING.

austerity, n. strictness, severity, rigidity, rigor, rigorism, etc. Cf. Austere.

authenticate, v. t. 1. Spec. canonize. 2. attest, certify, seal (chiefly spec.), avouch; spec. coattest, consign (rare), countersign, certificate, test, validate.

author, n. 1. originator, creator, creatress or creatrix (fem.), breeder (chiefly spec. or fig.), doer, maker; spec. constructor, deviser, producer, inventor, begetter, father, mother; see CREATOR.

Antonyms: see CREATURE.

2. authoress (fem.), composer; writer, scribe, poet, literatist (rare), quilldriver (contemptuous), penner, penman, scribbler, inditer, contributor, coauthor, pastoralist, magazinist, magaziner, legendary, mythologist, penny-a-liner, librettist, Goliard (hist.), litterateur, pamphleteer (chiefly derogatory), paragraphist, paragrapher, compiler, essayist, encyclopedist, bluestocking (colloq.), penwoman, pot-boiler (colloq.), hack, prosaist, parodist, ecloguist, proser, romancer, lexi-cographer, textualist, critic, reviewer, editor. "Author" is now generally used instead of "authoress."

authoritative, a. 1. potestative (rare), magisterial (rare), magistral (rare); spec. official, standard, valid, canonical, orthodox, cathedral.

2. commanding, imperative, dictatorial, imperial (rare or allusive), jussive (rare), peremptory, lordly, imperious; spec. masterful; see DOMINEERING.

Antonyms: see Submissive, obedient. authority, n. 1. power, command, dominion, jurisdiction (chiefly spec.), authorization, warrant (chiefly spec.), competency, faculty (chiefly eccl.); spec. supremacy, canonicity, canonicalness, agency, plenipotence, validity.

2. See magistrate, influence.

3. precedent; spec. decision, dictum, testimony.

authorization, n. permission, license, sanction, warrant, etc.

authorize, v. t. permit, license, sanction, warrant, empower, enable; spec. commission, legalize, legitimate, fiat (rare), faculty (chiefly eccl.).

Antonyms: see FORBID.

authorship, n. composition (which see);

spec. pencraft (rare).

autocracy, n. monarchy, despotism, absolutism, tyranny (chiefly with reference to ancient rulers); spec. czarism, tsarism, kaiserism, Cæsarism.

autocrat, n. monarch, despot (after ancient Greek usage), tyrant (chiefly with reference to ancient rulers), dictator (chiefly hist. and spec.); spec. czar or tsar (hist.), czarina or tsarina (hist.), Kaiser (hist.), emperor, Cæsar (hist.).

autocratic, a. 1. arbitrary, despotic (after ancient Greek usage), absolute, tyrannous or tyrant (chiefly in reference to ancient

rulers).

Anionyms: see Democratic, Yielding.

2. See arbitrary.

autograph, n. Spec. holograph, signmanual; see signature.

autographic, a. 1. autograph, manual (signature); spec. holographic, holograph. 2. self-recording, ipsographic (rare).

automatic, a. 1. self-acting, self-regulating, self-moving; spec. mechanical, spontaneous; see AUTOMOBILE, a.

3. See INVOLUNTARY.

automobile, a. automatic (contextual), self-moving, locomobile, locomotive (chiefly spec.), automotive.

automobile, n. locomobile, locomotive (chiefly spec.), machine (colloq.), motor (collog.); spec. autocar, motor-car, elec-

Cross references: see Note. auditory: auricular. auditory: audience, auditorium. aught: anything, cipher. augment: increase. augmentation: increase. augur, n.: diviner.

augur, v. t.: predict, signify. augury: divination, sign. august: imperial, imposing. aura: emanation, exhalation, sensation. aureate: golden, gilded. aureola: crown, halo.

auspicate: begin. auspice: divination, sign (in pl.), patronage. authentic: reliable, genuins authorized: accredited. automaton: machine. autonomous: self-governing.

ing car, roadster, towncar, coupé, coupelet, sedan convertible, truck, torpedo, tractor, motorevele, motocycle, cycle car. autumn, n. harvest (obs. or dial.), fall (chiefly U S)

auxillary, n. secondary, subsidiary, succenturiate (rarc), parergal (rare); see Ac-

CESSORY, ADJUNCT, ANCILLARY

available, a. Spec ready, handy, convenient, present, free, disposable, useable: see ACCESSIBLE

avalanche, n. slide, lauwine (rare); spec. landslide (chiefly U. S.), landslip (chiefly Eng.), snowslide, snowship, glissade, boulement (French).

avenger, n. Spec. revenger, Ate, Eumenides (pl.), Erinnyes (pl.), Alecto, Megæra, Tissphone.

everage, a. mean, medial (chiefly math.), normal; spec. standard; see ORDINARY,

average, n. mean, normal, run, rule.

average, v. i. run, go; spec. equate. averaton, n. dislike, repugnance, repulsion, antipathy, dyspathy (rare); spec. nausea, horror (with "of"), loathing, Rus-sophobia, negrophobia, anthrophobia, gyngecophobia, Anglophobia, Germanophobia, etc.; see ABHORRENCE, OPPOSI-TION.

Antonyms: see LIKING, LOVE, LONGING. avert, v. t. turn (chiefly with "from" or "away"), divert, forfend (archaic), prevent (rare); spec. parry.
Antonyms: see INCUR.

aviary, n. Spec. cage, birdhouse, dovecote. aviation, n. aëronautics, flying; spec. gliding, soaring, climbing, aeroplaning, hy-

droplaning, planing (colloq.), volplaning. woman, aviatress or aviatrix, birdman (collog.), birdwoman (collog.); spec. pilot, glider, observer, spotter (military cant), bomber, scout.

avoid, v. t. 1. shun, elude, evade, escape, balk, beware, miss (contextual), clear, flee, dodge, blink, run (contextual), help (with a clause introduced by "but"), blench (rare), evite (rare), eschew (rare or obs., exc. spec.); spec. boycott, double, slip.

Antonyms. see FACE, MEET, APPROACH, INCUR, UNDERTAKE, COURT.

3. See INVALIDATE.

avenging: retributive. avenue: way, road. aver: proce, state aver: proce, state averse: opposed, unwilling, avid: greaty avocation: business, diversion, avocation: business, diversion, avocation: authenticate, state, con-

avow: state, acknowledge

tric, steamer, runabout, limousine, tour- avoidance, n. elusion, evasion, eschewal, shunning, eschewment (rare), escape (rare or obs, exc. spec), evitation (rare). await, v t tarry, wait, expect (obs.), abide,

bide, spec. watch

awake, a. 1. waking, spec. open-eyed. Antonyme see unconscious 2. See conscious, alert, attentive.

awake, v. i. waken, awaken, rouse.

award, n. 1. See DECISION.

a. assignment, adjudication, adjudgement (rare); see APPORTIONMENT.

aware, a. 1. cognisant, conscious, sensible, ware (archaic), intelligent (now rars). Antonyms, see unconscious.

2. conversant (learned or formal; with "with"), informed (with "of"), acquainted (with "with"), spec. familiar (with "with").
"Aware" is used with "of."

awareness, n Spec. cognizance, acquaintance, consciousness, conversance, etc.

away, a & adv. 1. See APART, ABSENT.

2. off, hence.

away, interj. begone, arount (obs or archase), hence, off (chiefly with "with"), avaunt (a word denoting aversion; now literary or affected), go; spec. scat, shoo,

awe, n. abashment, fear, reverence, dread. Antonyms: see contempt.

awful, a. fearful, dread, awesome, dreadful. awkward, a. 1. ungainly, uncouth, clownish, gauche (French), wooden, rustic, grotesque, mept, mapt (rare,, gawky (colloq.), maladroit (literary or learned), ungraceful; spec. stiff, bungling, slouchy, see

Antonyms: see GRACEFUL, SKILLFUL. 2. tactless, clumsy, indelicate, uneasy (rare), boorish.

Antonyms: see skillful, tactful, dip-LOMATIC.

8. Sec embarrassing, difficult.

awkwardness, n. maladresse (French), gaucherie (French), rusticity, gawkiness (collog), ineptitude, ineptness, inaptness (rare), inaptitude (rare), ungainliness, uncouthness, clownishness; see CLUMBINESS.

axial, o. pivotal. axiomatic, a. self-evident, apodeictic (learned), necessary; spec. gnomic, gnomical.

axis, n. Spec. spindle, shaft, arbor; see AXLE.

ment ment wake, rouse, excite, awaken; waken vake rouse excite, award; apportion, adjudge, awash; finding afoot awasome; auful, fearful awy; askew [ton. axiom; rule, saying, proposa-

avowal: acknowledgement, state-

Cross references: see Note. evall, n . benefit. avail, v · benefit aid, serve. avalla: proceeds avaricio in: greedy avaunt: oway.

ava, r : hail

ave, n : greeting.

avenga: conducate, retribute. axle, n. axis (rare), shaft; spec. axletree, arbor, spindle; see PIVOT.

ax-shaped, a. dolabriform (tech.), securi-

form (rare).

azure, a. blue (contextual), cerulean (literary), celestic (literary or tech.), cerule (poetic), cerulescent (rare), skyey (colloq. or undignified; rare).

babble, v. i. 1. Referring to inarticulate or meaningless sounds, as of a baby, idiot, etc.; chatter, clatter, cackle, prate, blather or blither (dial.), prattle, patter (colloq.), gabble (collog.; chiefly derogatory), chipper (rare), claver (Scot.), deblaterate (rare and humorous or contemptuous), clack (chiefly derogatory), twaddle (rare), gibber (chiefly spec.), jargon, jargonize (rare); spec. drivel, rave.

2. See CHATTER (reserving to senseless or trivial talk), MURMUR (as brooks, leaves,

etc.), TATTLE.

babble, v. t. 1. chatter, clatter, prattle, prate, blather or blither (dial.), gabble (colloq.; chiefly derogatory).

3. See TELL, TATTLE.

babble, n. 1. chatter, clatter, prattle, prating (rare), blatter or blether or blather (dial.), bibble-babble, babblement, blateration or deblateration (rare and humorous or contemptuous), patter, gabble (colloq.; chiefly derogatory), jargon, prattlement (rare), cackle, clack, claver (Scot.), clatter, clitter-clatter (rare), prittle-prattle; spec. drivel.

2. See Chatter, tattle, murmur.

babyish, a. infantine, infantile, childish,

dolly or dollish.

Bacchanul, n. 1. Bacchant (masc. or fem.), Bacchante (fem.), Bacchanalian, Bacchæ (pl.; fem.); spec. Thyiad (fem.), mænad (fem.).

2. See REVELER.

bacchic, a. 1. Bacchanalian, Dionysiac, Dionysian, Dionysic.

2. See REVELING.

back, n. posterior, back side (now used only of the buttocks when used as one word), rear, arrear (archaic), backing, dorsum (tech.); spec. behind (vulgar), breech, butt, cascabel, gorge, rearward (of an army; archaic); see BUTTOCKS, REVERSE.

Antonyms: see front.

backbone, n. 1. spine, spinal column, rachis (tech.), spina (Latin; tech.), chine (tech. or archaic), ridgebone (rare).

3. See Constancy, determination.

background, n. rear, distance; spec. groundwork, setting, distemper.

Anionyms: see FOREGROUND.

backslide, v. i. slide (contextual; rare), lapse, fall, revert, weaken, tergiversate (rare); spec. refall (rare); see APOSTATIZE, RELAPSE, DESERT.

backward, adv. back, arear, hindward, rearward, astern (naut. or fig.), abaft (now only naut.), baft (archaic; now only naut.).

Antonyms: see FORWARD.

backward, a. 1. rearward, hindward, back, reverse.

Anionyms: see forward, ahead.

2. retrogressive, retrograde, regressive, recessive; see DEGENERATIVE, REVER-SIONARY.

Antonyms: see Progressive, Precocious.

3. retrospective.

bad, a. 1. In the very general sense of "not good": poor, wretched, execrable (a hyperbolism), sad (often jocular), miserable, horrid (colloq.; a weak hyperbole).

Antonyms: see GOOD, EXCELLENT, FAIR,

FINE.

2. See WICKED, HARMFUL, UNPLEASANT, UNSUITABLE, FAULTY, IMPERFECT, INFE-RIOR, INVALID (pron. in-val'id), AILING, DANGEROUS, SEVERE.

badge, n. mark (contextual), emblem, token, symbol, sign, ensign (chiefly spec.), insignia (pl.; chiefly spec.); spec. marker, recognizance (archaic), colors (pl.), regalia (pl.), mon (Japanese), crest, favor, laticlave, decoration, cockade, chevron, brassard, weeper, angusticlave, rosette, cordon, ribbon, button, medal, collar, etc. **bag**, n. container (cant; contextual), pouch, case, poke (dial. or tech., exc. in "pig in a poke"), receptacle (contextual), pocket (obs. or spec.); spec. capsule, mail, packet, satchel, sabretache, sachet, sack, sac, sacklet, reticule, scrip (archaic), purse, ditty-bag, gunny, bunt, cod, knapsack, portmanteau, haversack, dilly-bag (orig. Australian).

2. See SAC.

bag, v. t. pouch, sack.

bag, v. i. pouch, pocket (rare), belly, bulge

(contextual), swell (contextual).

baggage, n. 1. encumbrances (pl.), luggage (chiefly British), viaticals (pl.; rare; chiefly mil.), impedimenta (pl.; chiefly mil.), truck (colloq.), traps (pl.; colloq.), plunder (slang or cant), things (pl.; colloq.; contextual), trap (colloq.), dunnage (sailor's slang).

2. See WANTON, GIRL.

Cross references: see Note.

baa: bleat.

bachelor: celibate.

back, v.t.: support, mount, drive. backbite: censure, defame.

backing: back, support.

badger: harass, lease. badinage: pleasantry.

baffle: deseat.

baggy: bag-shaped, flaccid.

bailiff, n. 1. Spec bailie (Scot), pursuivant (Eng), catchpoll (laterary: archave), beagle (fig.), bumbailiff (contemptuous), constable, granger (Eng.), hundreder (Eng).

bake, v. t. cook (contextual; chiefly spec.); spec. burn, roast, fire, kiln.

bake, n. cook (contextual; chiefly spec.); spec. rosst, burn.

balance, n. 1. scales (pl.).
poise, equilibrium, libration (rare), equipoise, equilibrity (rare), equiponderance (learned), equiponderancy (rare); spec. isostasy, stability. Often used fig. of other than physical forces.

2. See COUNTERPOISE, COMPENSATION,

COMPARISON.

4. Referring to character: poise, compos-

ure, equipoise, evenness; see BANTY.
balance, v. 1. 1. poise, equilibrate (tech. or learned), equilibrize (rare); spec. equate, trim (naut). Often used fig. of things or forces other than physical ones.

Antonyms : see Overturn, upset.

2. See COUNTERPOISE, COMPENSATE, COM-PARE, WAVER.

2. Of accounts: equate (rare), square. balance, v. 1 poise, equilibrate (rare), librate (said of a bird).

balanced, a. 1. equilibrious, poised; spec stable.

2. Referring to accounts, total, etc.: even,

bald, a. 1. bare (contextual), hairless, peeled (obs. or rare), depilous (rare), pelon (as a dog, French), glabrous (tech.); spec. beardless, whiskerless.

Antonyms: see hairy, hearded.

2. See BARE, MERE, UNADORNED, EVI-DENT.

halk, v. i. refuse (rare), jib; spec. shy. balky, a. restiff (obs. or rare), restive.

ball, n. 1. globe, sphere, orb (chiefly literary and spec.), round (chiefly contextual); spec. globule, pellet, sphericle (rare), spherule, puck, gutty (slang), grub, bowl, clew, bullet, croquette, bottom (obs.), cop, marble, jinglet, pigskin (colloq), earthkin, terella, mound, pompon; see prop.

2. Spec. masquerade, fandango (now rare, exc. as to foreign countries), masque,

bag-shaped, a. baggy, pouchy; tech. sac-cate, utricular, utriculate, utriculose ball, v. t. globe (a reflexive), orb (a reflex-ve), conglobe, conglobate, englobe, ensphere; *pec. clew;—all literary or rare, exc. "ball."

ball, v. i. orb (rare).

ballad, n. song, singsong (chiefly spec.); spec. cantilens (Italian), derry (rare).

band, n. 1. Chiefly in plural: bond; spec. shackle, chain, fetter, trammel, bilbo, manacle, gyve, handcuff, cuffs (collog.; pl.), binding; -all implying restraint of per-

sonal liberty

2. bond, tie, bind, shackle (rare or obs.), binder, binding, vinculum (tech.); spec. bandage, couple, strap, chain, rope, billet, clasp, ligature, ligament, hoop, fillet, girdle, girth, tourniquet, belt, loop, baldric, bandsaw, bandoleer, thong, regula, sliver, reglet, tendon, commissure, breech ing, holdback, collar, collet, ferrule, headband, fanon, fascia, parrel or parral, becket, cincture, cuff, curb, garter, gar-land, noseband, cavesson, waistband; see STRING, STRAP, RIBBON.

3. stripe, strip, bar, belt, sone, arc, line; spec. fascia, vitta, frieze, orle; see STREAK. 4. association, organization; spec. brigade (of workers), cohort, union, chorus

(of singers), chouan (French).

5. Spec. brass, woodwind, strings (pl), orchestra, Kapelle (Ger.).

band, v. t. streak, stripe, belt, line; see STREAK.

banded, a. striped, barred, listed; spec. ring-streaked, fasciated, belted. Antonyms: see UNIFORM.

bandy, v. t. 1. See BEAT.

2. toss (words, names, etc.), shuttlecock (rare), exchange (contextual).

bank, n. 1. Spec mound, dike, shelf, ridge, terrace, brae (Scot.), embankment, escarpment, terreplein, escarp, glacis, digue (French), remblai (French); ses BAR.

2. brim (archaic); spec. riverside, levee

(U. S.), rivage (poetic), ripe (rare); see SHARE.

bank, v. t. 1. Spec. embank, dike, terrace, escarp, mound, rampart.

2. See CAROM. bankrupt, v. i. break, smash (slang), bust (slang, U. S).

banner, n. flag (contextual); spec. penon, oriflamme, gonfalon, gonfanon.

bantam, n. 1. See DWARF.

Cross references see Note. bail, n bar. bail, v t dip. bairn: child. bait: worry, feed, attract. balderdash: nonsense.

bale, v t.. dip.
bale, n * evil, harm, sorrow
baleful: harmful, sorrowful,
malevolent

balk: arond, shirk, defeat-balm: miligatory balmy: fragrant, calmative, miligatory, mild. baluster: post balustrade: railing.

ban, v t curse, forbid. banal: commonplace. baudit: desperado bandy-legged: bow-legged

bane: harm, pest evil.
baneful: harmful, deadly
bang, s t strike dap.
bang, n blane dap.
banish: e-pet
banish ment: e-pulsion. banister: rading, bank, with rely bankrupt: insolvent, banquet: feast.

cockalorum, whippersnapper, skipjack (orchaic), puppy (colloq.); spec. braggart, jackanapes, upstart.

banter, v t. & 1. rally, badinage, joke, roast (collog. or slang), persuffate (rare, josh (slang), jig (dual or slang), chaff (colloq), quiz, jolly (colloq), kid (slang).

baptize, t. t. christen; spec. dip (colloq.; contextual), immerse (contextual), sprinkle

(collog : contextual), rebaptize.
bar, n. 1. Spec. rod, stick, rail, bail, cross bar, batten, boom, tongue, came, concelli (pl), crow, fiferail, handspike, slicebar, slice, bull, rave, crosshead, hound, fid; see STAKE, ROD.

3. ridge; spec. sandbar, overslaugh (local, U. S.), spit, swash.

8. See BARRIER, BAND, COURT, COUNTER. 4. bank, barrier, ridge; (all three contextual), spec sandbar, shelf, barrage

5. prevention, hindrance, impediment, check, stop, conclusion (law); spec. foreclosure, estoppel.

bar, v. t. 1. See STOP, PREVENT.

 prevent, hinder, stop, check, preclude; spec. forcelose, exclude, oust, estop.

guage misuse (contextual), solecism, catabarbarism, n. chresis (tech.); spec malapropism, Gothicism, Gothism, vandalism, Gallicism, Latinism, Grecism, etc.

Antonyms: see CULTURE.

barbarise, v. t. savage. barbarous, a. 1. Spec. Gothic, vandalic, heathenish, Hunnish.

3. See CRUEL, UNCIVILIZED, HEATHENISH, CACOPHONOUS.

bare, a. 1. naked, nude, exposed, bald, spec. stripped, denudate, uncovered, depilated, unhaired, barked, skinned, peeled, napless, threadbare, blank, gaunt, desolate, callow, breechless, plain, rampick (archaic or dial.), galled; see BALD, RAW, NAKED.

Antonyms: see COVERED, CLOTHED, HAIRY, LEAFY.

2. See MERE, UNADORNED, UNCOVERED, NARBOW, MEAGER.

bare, v. t. 1. denude, denudate, divest; spec. unsheathe, bark, skin, shave, discase (archeic), expose, disclose, uncover, strip, peel, depilate.

Antonyms: see COVER. 2. See EXPOSE, DISCLOSE

barefoot, a. unshod, discalceate (chiefly

2. Referring to a self-important fellow: | bareheaded, a. Spec. uncovered, tonsured.

bargain, v. i. t. Spec. haggle, higgle, stickle, treat, negotiate, dicker (U. S.), chop (obs or rare), chaffer, cheap (archaic); SEE BARTER.

2. See CONTRACT. bark, n. rind (chiefly tech. or literary), skin, peel; spec. cortex, liber, cork, tan, dita, cambium, hat.

bark, v. t. skin, peel, denude, debark (rare), decorticate.

bark, n. cry (contextual), yap (colloq.), yelp (collog. or spec.), latration (literary); spec. bay, quest.

bark, v. i. speak, cry (contextual), latrate (very rare), yap (collog.), yelp (collog. or spec.); spec. quest, bay. barking, a. latrant (literary).

barracks, n pl. lodgings (pl.), quarters (pl.); spec. bullpen (cant).

barren, a. 1. sterile, fruitless (rare as referring to animals), unproductive, unfruit-ful, infertile, dead (chiefly of soil or land), infecund (rare); spec. childless (context-ual), heartless, naked, neuter, acarpous, infructuose (rare), desert, unfructuous (rare), farrow.

Antonyms see fruitful, luxuriant. 3. unproductive, dead, jejune (literary), otiose (literary), fruitlese; see INEFFECT-

Anionyms: see PRODUCTIVE, EFFECTIVE, INCENTOUS.

barricade, n. fence, obstruction, barrier, bar;—all four contextual.

barrier, n. obstruction (contextual), fence (chiefly spec), bar (primarily spec.); spec. hedge, chain, boom, rope, bank, entangle-ment, wall, stockade, fencing (collective), gate, barrage, barrage (French; mil.), traverse (rare); see BARRICADE.

barter, v. t. & z. bargain, exchange, trade, swap or swop (collog., U. S.; or dial.), truck, chop (rare or obs.).

base, a. 1. See LOW, LOWLY, ILLEGITIMATE, INFERIOR (in quality), PLEBEIAN.

2. Ignoble, infamous, vile, mean, low, cheap, miscreant (literary), turpitudinous (rare), illiberal (literary), vulgar (rare or archaic), sordid; spec. abject, groveling, menial, villain (rare), villein (hist.), slavish, beggarly, servile, soulless, baseborn; see CONTEMPTIBLE.

Antonyms. see NOBLE.

said of nuns, friars, etc.), discalced (eccl.). base, n. 1. See BOTTOM, SUPPORT, FOUNDA-

Cross references nee Note. banter: pleasantry. barbarian, a. foreign, uncivil-

barbarian, n.: foreigner, surage, boor

barbarie: foreign, uncivilized barbarity: cruelly. bard: poet, enger bard: armor, bargain: agreement, contract bark: pessel, boat.

barmy: yeasty, fighty baroque: extrangant, irregular. barrage: bar, obstacle. barricade: obstruct barroom: saloon. basal: foundational, fundamental. TION, BEARING, STEM (philol.), RECEPTA-CLE, BASS.

a. In the sense of "chief ingredient": ground, basis, basement (tech.; chiefly spec.).

3. In bottom; zoology, etc.: foot, fundus (tech.), bottom; spec. hutt; see STALK.
base, v. t. 1. rest (contextual), found,

ground (orig. spec.), put (contextual), bottom; spec. build.

2. In a secondary sense: found, ground, rest, predicate (U.S.).

baseness, n. ignominy, meanness, infamy,

turpitude, etc. Cf. BASE, a., 2. bashful, a. shy, retiring, diffident, shrinking, timid, strange, shamefaced, shamefast (archaic), coy, reserved, chary (rare), boggle (dial or collog.), modest; spec. sheepish, blushful. "Coy" (which see) does not imply anything as to the disposition, but refers merely to the outward acts.

Antonyms: see ASSURED, BOLD, IMPUDENT, SHAMELESS, ARROGANT, CONCEITED.

bashfulness, n. shyness, diffidence, coyness, reserve, timidity, etc.

Antonyma: see ABBURANCE, CONCEIT. basis, n. 1. See hase, bottom, reason, GROUND.

foundation, ground, groundwork, fundamental, principle, premise corner stone

(fig.), keystone (fig.).
basket, n skep (local, Eng.); spec. scuttle, seedlip, tap, tapnet, crate, calanthus (archeol.), irail, bass, bassinet, canister (a Latinism or Grecism), pannier, corbeil, buck, moll, creel, gabion, nacelle, flasket, flat, prickle, pad, corf, canaster, hanaper (historical), hamper.

bass, a. low, deep, heavy, base (obsoles-cent), basso (Italian), grave (rare); spec. barytone,

Antonyms see SHRILL.
base, n. base (obsolescent); spec. thoroughbase, drone, barytone, bourdon.

bastard, n. by-blow or bye-blow (archaic), love child, whoreson (law or archaic), illegitimate (formal or legal), misfortune (Scot. & dial. Eng.), come-by-chance (colloq.); spec. nephew (euphemistic), niece (euphemistic).

bath, n. 1. immersion, dipping; spec. tub-bing, pedilavium, douche (French), dip (colloq); see WASH.

2. suffusion, circumfusion, embathing (literary).

 wash, lotion; spec. dip.
 lavatory, laver (literary or rhetorical); spec, tub, demibath, hammam or hummum (Turkish), sudatory, sudatorium (Latin), therm (archaic), therma (pl.; Latin), sitz bath, vaporarium (Latin), caldarium (Latin).

bathe, v. t. 1. immerse, dip, bath (always literal), embathe (literary); spec. tub, embrocate, foment; see WASH.

suffuse, circumfuse, embathe (literary).

1. bask, beek (Scot.).

battleship, n. Spec. predreadnought dreadnought, superdreadnought, liner. predreadnought,

bawd, n. pimp, procurer, whoremaster (low), pander, procures, panderess (rare); spec. bawdstrot (obs.), broker (obs.), cadet, maquereau (French), mackerel (archarc).

bawdry, n 1. pandering, pimping, procuration, panderism; spec. proxenetism. 2. See OBSCENITY.

be, v. i. 1. exist, consist (archaic), stand, lie, subsist, remain, go (as in "as things go"), spec. coexist, postexist (rare), preexist (rare), occur, lurk, rank.

3. See CONTINUE, OCCUR, CONSTITUTE. beadle, n. constable, bluecoat or bluebottle (nickname); spec. bedell or poker

(Univ. slang, Eng.). beak, n. 1. Referring to a bird: bill, nib,

2. Referring to an insect snout, rostrum (tech.), nose; spec. proboscis.

8. Referring to a vessel's prow: rostrum, beakhead.

4. projection (contextual), spec. nozzle, nose, horn, umbo (tech.).

beam, n. 1. timber, raft (archaic or spec), balk; spec. batten, scantling, truss, tie, trevis (Scot.), chevron (rare), girder, raft-

er, joist; see Pole 2. See width, quill, RAY. beanlike, a. fabaceous (tech.). bean-shaped, a. fabiform (tech.),

bear, v. t. 1. See support, keep (in mind), ENTERTAIN, ENDURE, SUFFER, TRANSPORT, BEHAVE, PRESS, SHOW, CARRY, CAUSE, YIELD.

3. produce, have (a child, young, etc.), only of animals), drop throw (cant;

Cross references see Note. bastard: magnate. bastard: fundamental. bastard: illegitimate, false, irbastard: slegitimals, regular, unauthorised, bastinado: cudgel, bateb: quantity bate, r. s. fcp, bathos: anticimax, bating: szeepl, batout slaff.

battalion: division batten: thrice, fatten. batter, v. f.: beat, bruss, indent. batter, n.: elope. batter, n.: paste. battle, r. :: fight battle, n.: fight, : fight, contend. bauble: gewgaw, scepter. bawl, r 1; cry, shout. bawl, r L. shout. bawl, n cry, shout, outcry.

bay, n compartment, window. bay, r : bark bayonet, e t: stab. bayou: inlet. bays, pl.. wreath, garland, bazzar: market, fair, beach: ground, beacon: signal, watchtower, beam; u : shine, beaming: shining.

BECOMING

(chiefly of animals, esp. sheep), teem (obs. or archaic), cast (esp. prematurely; chiefly of animals); spec. spawn (contemptuous), child (obs.), farrow, abort.

bear, v. i. 1. travail (of women only), teem (archaic), labor (of women only; archaic), parturiate (rare); spec. litter, yean, ean (obs.), cub, pig, pup, farrow, calve, fawn, kitten, foal, whelp, twin, spawn (contemptuous).

2. See RELATE, APPLY.

bear, n. 1. Bruin (used as a proper name); spec. grizzly, cub, whelp.

2. As applied to a person: rudesby (archaic), crab (rare), cur (contemptuous; contextual).

8. See SPECULATOR.

beard, n. 1. Spec. whiskers (pl.), Charley or Charlie (colloq. or slang), goatee, imperial, Vandyke, Burnsides (pl.), Galloways (pl.).

2. awn, arista (tech.).

bearded, a. 1. hairy (contextual), whiskered, barbate (rare).

Antonyms: see BALD.

2. Spec. awned, barbate, barbed, pogoniate (tech.), glochidiate (tech.).

beardiess, a. smooth-faced; spec. shaven, unfledged (fig.).

bearing, n. 1. See ENDURANCE, POSITION, RELATION, TRANSPORTATION, BEHAVIOR, CARRIAGE.

2. base, support, rest; spec. journal, plate, step, coak, cock, brass, babbit, tread, trunnion, seating, gudgeon, yoke, saddle, tassel or torse, templet, lintel, headstock, tailstock; see BUSHING.

8. In heraldry: charge, devise; spec. well, rest, goutte (French), trestle, trivet, traverse, trefoil, tressure, weare, gore, wedge, ferrule, virule, woolpack, flasque, fusil, yard; see ARMS.

beast, n. 1. See ANIMAL.

2. As a term of contemptuous opprobrium: spec. brute, dog, cur, hog, swine, hound. beastlike, a. theriomorphic (rare), bestial, beastly (rare), brutish, brutal (rare), theroid (rare), ferine (rare), feral (learned). beastly, a. 1. See BEASTLIKE.

2. coarse (contextual), abominable (contextual), vile; spec. swinish, hoggish, piggish boarish, filthy, gluttonous, greedy; see INDECENT.

Antonyms: see REFINED, GENTLEMANLY, LADYLIKE, CHASTE.

beat, v. t. 1. pound, clapperclaw (archaic or dial.), contund (humorous or affected), belabor (intensive), thump (colloq.), thwack, whack, pommel or pummel, welt (colloq.)

or slang), fan (slang), lam (colloq.or vulgar); spec. mill, bepommel or bepummel (intensive), drub, tattoo, whale, hammer, bandy, mallet (archaic), malleate (rare), scutch, flail, flog, lap, beetle, drum, full, batter; see RAM, THRASH.

Antonyms: see Cherish, Caress.

2. Referring to making a foam or the like of: whip, mill, churn (fig. or spec.), switch.

8. Referring to games, contests, etc.: defeat (esp. in a game); spec. gammon, whitewash (colloq.), skunk (vulgar slang), blank, goose-egg (slang), distance, lurch.

4. See nonplus, surpass, defeat.

beat, n. 1. See BLOW, PULSATION, CIRCUIT, TACK, FLAP, SPONGER.

2. defeat; spec. whitewash (colloq.), skunk (vulgar slang), blank, etc.

8. In newspaper cant: scoop.

beatification, n. felicitation (rare), macarization (rare).

beatified, a. blessed.

beatify, v. t. heaven (rare), bless, felicitate (rare), imparadise (rare), macarize (rare); see PLEASE, GLADDEN.

Antonyms: see curse.

beatitude, n. blessing; spec. macarism (rare).

Antonyms: see curse.

beautiful, a. lovely, lovesome (archaic), beauteous (literary and chiefly poetic), bright, lustrous (fig.), splendent; spec. pretty, dainty, sweet.

Antonyms: see UGLY, ABOMINABLE. beautify, v. t. become (contextual), adorn, grace; spec. prettify; see ORNAMENT.

Antonyms: see Deface.

beauty, n. 1. loveliness, lovelihead (rare), formosity (archaic), pulchritude (rare), lustre; spec. glory, prettiness (beauty without dignity).

Antonyms: see ugliness, deformity.

2. belle, fair lady, fair one; spec. bellibone (obs.).

Antonyms: see HAG.

because, conj. since, inasmuch as, as, forwhy (archaic), long or along (archaic or dial.), forasmuch as (archaic or formal). becloud, v. t. cloud, darken, obscure; spec. fog.

become, v. t. 1. befit, fit, suit, beseem.

Antonyms: see MISBECOME.

2. See GRACE, BEAUTIFY.

become, v. i. grow, turn, go, fall, drop, wax (archaic or literary), come, get;—
mostly idiomates.

becoming, a. 1. befitting, fitting, fit, suitable, worthy, good, well-becoming, seemly, meet, gainly (rare), graceful (chiefly

Cross references: see Note.

bearish: rough.
beatific: glad.

beau: dandy, lover.
beaver: visor.
becalm: calm, detain.

: visor.
1: calm, detain.

beck: brook.
beck: bow, gesture.
beckon: gesture.

BECOMINGNESS

PROPRIATE, PROPER.

Antonyma: see UNBECOMING, UNBUIT-

ABLE, IMPROPER.

2. beautifying, feat (archaic or dial.). becomingness, n. fitness, suitability, comeliness, grace (chiefly spec.); spec. appropriateness, propriety

bed, n. 1. couch, lair (rare, exc. of beasts), doss (stang or cant), berth (chiefly spec), bunk (colloq. or spec), roost (slang), spec litter, crib, cot, cradle, trundle, truckle, mattress, pallet, hammock, shakedown.

3. See BEDSTEAD, LAYER, BOTTOM, PIECE. bed, v t. 1. lodge, latr (rare, exc. of beasts), bunk (collog. or spec); spec. cradle, litter

2. See Rest. bedover, n. Spec. quilt, bedquilt, coverlet, coverlid (rare), counterpane, comforter (colloq., U. S.), bedspread (U. S.), apread (U. S.), comfortable (U. S.), pall bedoover, #. (archaic), rezai (Anglo-Indian), palam-

pore, duvet (French). bedding, n. Spec. bedclothes, litter, lit-

tering, lairage (rare), brancard.
bedroom, n. bedchamber or chamber (formal or pretentious), bower (archaic), cubicle (esp. one of a series in an Eng. school dormitory), cubiculum (jocose); spec.

ruelle (French).
bedutead, n Spec cot, charpoy (Anglo-Indian), bed (collog. or cant).

bedtick, n. tick, case, cover (contextual). beef, n. The animal: bovine, neat (rare); spec. bull, oow, freemartin, ox, steer, heifer, muley or mulley, bullock, bossy, roan, taurine (rare), buffalo, bison, aurochs, carabao, gayal, gaur, zebu, za-

mouse, yak, musk-ox, urus, anoa, saputan, Kerry, Durham, Jersey, etc.

beshive, n. hive, apiary (tech.), alveary (obs., exc. as figuratively used of various old dictionaries), bike (Scot. or dial.); spec. dome.

beckeeping, n. apiculture.

beetle, n. coleopter (tech.), clock (Eng.); spec. scarab, dung beetle, dorbeetle, June beetle, etc.

befool, v. t. 1. See DECEIVE.

3. rig (slang or collog.), bejape (slang or dial.) before, adv. 1. See FORWARD.

2. earlier, sooner, antecedently, previously, already, beforehand, heretofore, hitherto, beforetime (archaic), erenow (literary or archaic).

Antonyms see AFTERWARDS, NOW.

spec.), beseemly (rare), decorous; see AF- | before, prep 1. ere (now chiefly literary or dial), or (archaic or dial.).

Antonyms: see AFTER.

2. coram (Latin; for "in presence of"). beg, v t. 1. See ASK.

2. mendicate (rare); spec. quest (R. C. Ch.), cadge (dial. or slang). Antonyms, see give, reject.

beg, t 1, 1. See ASK,

3. mendicate (rare,, mump (cant; obs.), cadge, cant (literary), quest (R. C. Ch.). beget. v. t. parent (rare), raise (rare), gender (archaic), engender (archaic or learned), get (now only of animals), ingender (rare), father, procreate (rare).

Anionyms: see KILL.

begetter, n. author (in "author of one's being"), generator, procreator.

begetting, n. progeniture, procreation, generation, getting (archaic), get (chiefly cant).

beggar, n. pauper (contextual), mendicant (learned or tech.; esp of certain ecclesias-tics), mumper (slang), thigger (Scot.), clapperdudgeon(archaic), canter(archaic); spec. fakir, jockey (historical), bluegown (Scot.), gangrel (archaic), vagabond, gaberlunzie (Scot.), schnorrer (Jewish), dyvour (Scot.; obsolescent), dervish, dandy, roundsman, beadsman (Eng.).

Antonyms: see RICH PERSON begging, n. 1. beggary, mendicity (rare), mendicancy, mendication (rare).

2. See Asking

begging, a 1. See ASRING

2. mendicant (learned or tech.), canting (rare), cadging.

begin, v. t commence, start, gin (archaic). originate, initiate, broach (chiefly spec.), inchoate (learned); spec. attack, institute, raise, introduce, reintroduce, recom-mence, open, inaugurate, auspicate, handsel (Ling)

Antonyms' see END, FINISH, COMPLETE. begin, v. i. commence, gin (archaic), proceed, start, enter, open; spec. exordise (rare, recommence, renew.

Ardonyms see END

beginning, n. 1. commencement, start, outstart, outset, inauguration, opening, institution, inchoation (learned), inchoacy (rare), inception, incipience, incipiency, initiation, initiative, ingress (archaic), onset; spec. gambit, origination, attack.

Antonyms. see END, PINISH, CATASTRO-PHE, EVENT.

Gross references see Note.

bedeck: ornament.
bedew: wel
bedin: darken
bediten: ornament.
bediam: asylum.
bedquitt: bedoner.

bedraggle: drapple bedrivel: slother bedspread: bedcore betall: happen, belong, occur. beft: hecome

befitting: becoming befog: cloud, confuse

beforehand: before. beloul: contaminate. befuddle: confuse begon: ornament beggar, v t impoverish, belittle, beggarly: poor, base, mean. beggary: begging.

- 2. The place of beginning: spec. threshold, outset, tee, origin.
- 3. See Arising.
- 4. Spec. rudiment, forefront, front, embryo, outstart, outset, prime, proem (learned), prelude, incunabula (pl.; literary), morning (fig.), dawn (fig.), protasis (learned).

Antonyms: see COMPLETION, END, OUT-COME.

beginning, a. commencing, inauguratory, initiative, initiatory, inceptive, initial, incipient; spec. nascent. The word "beginning" is unusual as an adjective.

beguile, v. t. 1. See DECEIVE, CHEAT, DI-VERT.

2. In the sense of "to while away": shorten.

behave, v. t. As a reflexive verb: conduct, demean(this is the correct use of "demean"), bear, comport, deport, carry, quit (archaic), acquit (archaic); spec. misbehave, misconduct, misdemean. "Behave" is often used as implying good behavior.

behavior, n. conduct, demeanor, bearing, comportment, deportment, carriage, acquittance, manners (pl.), action, semblance (rare), goings (pl.; colloq.), conversation (archaic), havior (archaic), quittance (archaic). Cf. AIR.

behead, v. t. decapitate, head (archaic), neck (dial.), decollate (learned); spec. guillotine, caboche.

behold, interj. ecce (Latin), lo, la (dial.).
being, a. existing, existent, extant, beent (metaphysics), subsistent, subsisting;
spec. constituted. "Being" is rare as an adjective.

Anionyms: see nonexistent.

being, n. existence, entity, subsistence; spec. life, essence, quid (learned), hypaxis (rare; tech.), existent (rare), ens, automaton.

Antonyms: see NONEXISTENCE.

belfry, n. tower (contextual), companile, clocher (rare).

belie, v. t. Spec. defame, misrepresent, contradict.

belief, n. 1. Referring to the mental action, condition, habit, etc.: credit, faith, acceptance, credence, reception (chiefly Bib.), thinking (contextual), fay (archaic); specsupposition, trust.

Antonyms: see Unbelief, doubt, skep-ticism.

- 2. Referring to what is believed as a matter of faith: tenet, persuasion, creed; spec. supposition, profession, superstition, mumpsimus (contemptuous or humorous), tradition, misbelief.
- 3. See conviction, opinion, creed.

believable, a. credible; spec. supposable.
Antonyms: see UNBELIEVABLE.

believe, v. t. 1. trust, credit, swallow (chiefly colloq. or slang), accept, receive (chiefly Bib.), accredit (an erroneous use); spec.feel, suppose, fancy, misbelieve, guess.

Antonyms: see DISBELIEVE DOUBT

Antonyms: see disbelieve, doubt.

2. See Consider.

believe, v. i. trust.

Antonyms: see DOUBT.

believer, n. truster, accepter, receiver; spec. Christian, faithful (a collective; used with "the").

Antonyms: see UNBELIEVER, HERETIC.

believing, a. credulous (chiefly spec.), creditive (rare), credent (rare); spec. trustful, confiding, fond, easy (colloq.), superstitious.

Antonyms: see unbelieving, doubtful, skeptical.

believingness, n. credulousness (chiefly spec.), credulity (chiefly spec.), trustfulness; spec. fondness, easiness (colloq.), superstition.

belittle, v. t. 1. overshadow (fig.), minish (rare), beggar, minimize; spec. dwarf.

Antonyms: see EXAGGERATE.

2. See DISPARAGE.

bell, n. 1. Spec. sanctus bell, grelot, gong, dingdong (literary or colloq.), jingle, pavillon, tintinnabulum (bookish or tech.), tinkler (slang), tocsin, chimes (pl.).

2. sound (contextual), stroke; spec. toll, knell, jingle.

3. See BUBBLE, TIME, HOUR.

bellow, n., v. t. & v. i. 1. cry (contextual), bell (esp. of deer), roar, low (of kine), blare (rare).

2. See SHOUT.

bellowing, a. mugient (rare), lowing (of kine), roaring.

bell-shaped, a. campanulate, campanular, campanulous, campaniform;—all four tech. or literary.

begone: away.
begrime: soil.

begrudge: envy, grudge.

beguilement: deception, cheat, disersion.

behalf: side, benefit. behave, v. i.: act. behest: bisding.

behind: hind, remaining, late,

slow. behind: buttocks. behold, v. t.: see. beholden: indebted. beholder: spectator. behoof: benefit.

behoveful: beneficial, advan-

tageous.
bejewel: ornament.
belabor: beat, ply.
belated: delayed.
belay: fasten.
belch: erupt, eject.

beldam, beldame: grandmother, hag.
beleaguer: surround.
belike: probably, perhaps.
bell, v. i.: flare.
bell, v. & n.: bellow.
belle: beauty.
belles-lettree: literature.
bellicose: pugnacious.
belligerent: fighting, warlike,
combative.
belly, v. i.: bag.

belong, v. i. pertain, appertain (formal), behove (archaic), befall (archaic), attach. belonging, a. pertaining, pertinent, appertaining (formal), appertment (formal), accessory or (less usual) accessory. beloved, n. dear, idol; sec LOVE.

below, adv & prep 1. In the sense of "lower than" beneath, neath or 'neath (poetic). Antonymu: see above.

2. In the sense of "directly below"; see

belt, n. band; spec. girdle, girth, bandoleer. bench, n. 1. seat (contextual), settle; spec.

3. See COURT, LODGE.

bend, v. t. 1. strain (archaic, exc. of the bow), draw, stretch (a bow)

2. crook, flex (**cientafic*), ply (rare), turn (chiefly with "over." "out," "in," etc.); spec. spring, strain, crank, deform, circumflex, deflex, buckle, warp, bate, double, geniculate (rore), hook, knee, elbow; see CURVE, STRAIGHTEN.

8. See Bubdue, Strain, Turn, Apply, DIRECT.

bend, n. 1. flexure (tech.), flection or (British or spec.) flexion (chiefly referring to the act or action; tech.), turn (contextual), crook, bent (rare); spec. warp, buckle, sag, crank, crankle, hook, knee, elbow, scarp.

2. See TURN, STOOP, DROOP. bending, n. flection, flexure, crooking; spec. circumflexion, genuflexion, reclination.

benedict, n. benedick (alluding to Benedick in Shakespeare's "Much Ado about Nothing"), neogamist (rare), newlywed (slang).

Antonyma: see CELIBATE.

benefaction, n. 1. benefit (rare), beneficence, kindness, favor. Antonyms: see Injuny.

2. See GIFT.

benefactor, n. benefiter (rare); spec. patron, Mæcenas (fig.; literary), giver. Antonyms: see sponger.

benefice, n Eccl · living; spec. parsonage, sinecure, vicarage, rectory, mensal, pre-

bend, provoetry, commandery, curacy.
beneficent, a. 1. Referring to persons:
benefic (rare), beneficial (obs.); see KIND, KINDLY.

Antonyms' see EVIL-DOING.

3. Referring to things see BENEFICIAL. beneficial, a advantageous, helpful, good, beneficent, behooveful or behoveful (archaic), gainful (rare); spec. serviceable, bonitarian or bonitary; see CURATIVE, REMEDIAL, HEALTHFUL.

Antonyms: see INJURIOUS, HARMPUL,

RUINOUS.

beneficiary, n. Spec. usufructuary, pre-bendary, prebend (rare), chargeant (rare or Scot., chargee (rare), donee, grantee,

impropriator, impropriatrix, incumbent, benefit, n. 1. avail (only in "of avail" and "of no, little, etc., avail"), profit, vail (obs.), advantage, behalf (as in "in behalf of," "on behalf of,"), behoof (now chiefly legal or literary), good.

2. good, gain, profit, advantage, service, avail, boot (archaic, exc in "to boot"), benefaction, commodity (archaic), betterment (rare), behoof (now chiefly legal or literary); spec. bespeak (actor's cant),

easement.

Antonyms' see Injury, HARM. benefit, v. t. advantage, profit, help, serve, avail, behoove, behove, good (obs.), boot (archaic or literary), skill (archaic; used only impersonally with "it" as the subject).

Antonyms: see INJURE. benefit, v. i. profit, gain; -with the impersonal "it"

benevolent, a. 1. charitable (referring esp. to almsgiving), caritative (rare); spec. philanthropic or philanthropical.

Antonyms see MALEVOLENT.

3. See GENEROUS.

bent, a. 1. flexed (tech.), crooked, uneven (contextual), spec. inflexed, reflexed, infractous, geniculate; see cunven. Antonyms: see STRAIGHT.

2. See determined.

bequeath, v. t. 1. bequeathe (a variant), will, give (contextual), leave, devise (usually of real estate). "Bequeath" usually refers to personally.

3. See TRANSFER, GIVE.

bequest, n. 1. willing (rare), devise, devisel.

3. devise, gift (contextual); spec. legacy, fideicommissum. The same distinction holds between "bequest" and "devise" as holds between "bequeath" and "devise."

bereave, v. t. deprive; spec. orphan, widow (chiefly in p. p. or fig.).

Cross references see Note.

Les Cross references see Note.
belonging: accessory, property.
betted: banded
bennenn: abase
bemist: confuse
bennedtle: confuse
bennedtle: confuse,
bennedtle: confuse,
bennedtle: below, under,
bennedtleton: blessing,
bennedtennes: bennefaction,

benign: kind, kindly, gentle, mild benignant: kindly. benison: blessing bent: inclination, trend benumb: numb, dull, stupefy.

benumbed, a.: numb, insensible, dutl.

berate: scold. berm: ledge, sdgs.

barth: anchorage, bed, poertion.

basech: ack.
beseem, s 1. seem.
basech: becoms.
beset: stud, surround, harass,
allack inned, besege, obases.

beshrew: curse, beside, prep by, beside, a abreast, besides: also.

bestege, v. t. 1. invest, encompass, set (chiefly with "out"; obs.), beset (rare), siege (rare), gird (literary); spec. blockade.

2. 800 ASSAIL.

best, n. choice, flower, cream, prime, pick; spec. élite (French).

bestow, v. t. 1. See PLACE, DEAL.

2. confer (as attention, pains), show (with "to"), send (with "to"), pay, give (contextual), spend.

Antonyms: see TAKE.

3. confer; spec. lavish, heap, place (an order, etc.). Cf. GIVE.

bestriding, a. astraddle, astride, a-cock-

horse (rare or spec.).

betray, v. t. 1. blow (slang; rare), bewray (archaic), sell (now usually understood as spec.); spec. knife (slang or cant, U. S.).

2. See disclose, tattle, seduce.

betrayal, n. 1. betrayment (rare), prodition (rare).

2. See disclosure, seduction.

betrayer, n. Simon (who betrayed the Troans; fig.), Judas (who betrayed Jesus; fig.); see TRAITOR.

betroth, v. t. contract (contextual), affiance (formal), espouse (literary or archaic), affy (obs.), engage, bind (contextual), promise (contextual); spec. handfast (hist.).

betrothal, n. contract (contextual), affiance (formal), espousal (literary or archaic), engagement, promise (contextual); spec. handfast (hist.), subarrhation (hist.).
betrothed, a. engaged, affianced (formal).
betrothed, n. fiancée (fem.; French), fiancé (masc.; French), affianced (rare or formal), intended.

better, a. 1. superior, gooder (illiterate), preferable; spec. choicer, safer, wiser, etc.

Antonyms: see WORSE.

2. See IMPROVED. betterness, n. superiority, meliority (rare),

preferableness.

betty, n. molly, peggy, moppet, cotquean (archaic), mollycot (dial. Eng.), henhussy. between, prep. atween (archaic), betwixt (archaic and chiefly poetic), atwixt (archaic); spec. midway (rare, exc. as adv.).

Antonyms: see ABOUT, adv. & prep.

beverage, n. drink, potion (chiefly med.), potation (rhetorical), drinkable (colloq.; chiefly in pl.).

bewildered, a. confused, dazed (cf. confuse, DAZE).

bewitch, v. t. 1. witch, charm, enchant, spellbind, spell, glamour (rare), trance (rare), ensorcell (rare); spec. voodoo, sirenize (rare), overlook.

Antonyms: see disenchant.

2. See CAPTIVATE.

bewitched, a. charmed, enchanted, spell-bound, etc. Cf. BEWITCH.

bewitchery, n. 1. In a sense implying a spell cast over one: witchery, bewitchment, enchantment, captivation (rare), spell, charm, glamour, fascination (obs. or hist.); spec. sorcery.

2. See BEWITCHMENT (referring to the power or faculty), MAGIC (referring to the

art or practice), CAPTIVATION.

bewitching, a. 1. witching, enchanting, Sircean (fig.).

2. See CAPTIVATING.

bewitchment, n. 1. See BEWITCHERY, CAPTIVATION.

2. Referring to the power or faculty: bewitchery (rare), witchery, enchantment, fascination (obs. or hist.), charm, glamour. beyond, prep. Spec. yound (obs. or dial.), past, exceeding, farther, without, outside, above, after.

biannual, a. semiannual, biyearly (rare).

bid, v. t. 1. See offer, invite.

2. tell, direct, instruct, enjoin, command, order, call (now chiefly spec.), charge; spec. adjure, conjure, enjoin.

Antonyms: see FORBID.

bidding, n. direction, instruction, injunction, enjoinment (rare), order, dictate, charge, command, commandment (rare of the act), behest (literary), mandate, biddance (rare), prescription, jussion (rare), imperation (rare), word (contextual), ordinance (rare or spec.), mandatum, mandment (law), voice, hest (archaic); spec. imperative, decree, warrant, fiat, commission, countermand, precept, writ. Antonyms: see FORBIDDANCE.

bier, n. feretory (rare), hearse or (now rare) herse (archaic or eccl.); spec. catafalque. big, a. 1. bulky, voluminous, bumper (crop, etc.; colloq.), hulking or hulky (colloq.), whacking (colloq.), large, decuman (very large; literary), magnitudinous (rare), mighty (rhetorical), gross, mickle (ar-

besmear: smear.
besmear: smear.
besmut: blacken. [tify.
besot: intoxicate, stupefy, stulbespatter: spot.
bespeak: engage, order, indicate, address.
besprinkle: spot. [ual.
bestial: animal, beastlike, sensbestir: rouse, excite.
bestraddle: straddle.

bestride: mount, straddle, ride.
bet: wager.
betide: happen, befall.
betimes: early, immediately.
betoken: signify, indicate.
better, v. t.: improve, surpass.
bevy: flock, company.
bewail: mourn.
beware: avoid.

bewilder: confuse, stupefy. bezel: edge.

bias, n.: slant, tenency, prejudice, partiality, inclination.
bias, v. t.: prejudice, incline
biased: partial, prejudiced.
bibulous: drinking, absorbent.
bicker: quarrel, dispute, murmur.
bid: offer, invitation.
biddable: obedient.
bidding, a.: commanding.
bide: await, withstand, endure.
bifurcate: forked.

chaic), tall (stang, U. S.), great; spec. stout, thick; see MABSIVE, LARGE, IM-MENSE.

Antonyms: see SMALL, SLENDER.

2. See important, pretentious, swol-

big thing (of any kind), bouncer (collog.), whopper (collog.), strapper (collog), swinger (collog).

Autonyms see PARTICLE.

bill, v. t. Spec. invoice.

billow, n. wave (contextual), undulation (learned or tech.; contextual), swell, surge. billow, v. z. wave (contextual), swell, undulate (contextual).

billowy, a. wavy (contextual), undulating (learned or tech.; contextual), rolling,

surging, swelling.

sin, n box (contextual); spec. pocket, kench (U.S.), bunker, hold, crib, hutch. bind, v. t. i. hold (contextual), truss, confine (contextual); spec. tie, vinculate (rare), wattle, bend, lash (chiefly naul), ligature, ligate, enchain, fillet, ferrule, ferrel, pinion, trues, garter, fetter, enfet-ter (rare), frap, fasciate (rare), braid, ter (rare), frap, fasciate (rare), braid, band, chain, enchain (rare or literary), bond, cord, rope, wire, reeve, sheaf, thong, withe, hoop, gyve, pin, bandage, lace, enlace (rare), entangle, interlace (chiefly fig), muzzle, swathe.

Antonyms : see LOOSE. 2. stick, jam, jamb (rare); spec. squeeze 2. Spec. braid, tape.

4. obligate, hold, oblige (chiefly law), engage, restrict (chiefly law), astrict (rare); spec. bond, mortgage, pledge, sacrament, indenture, pin (with "lo"), indebt (rare), swear, hypothecate.

Antonyms : see FREE.

5. Sec attach, border, restrain, fast-EN, CONSTIPATE.

bind, s. i. stick, jam, jamb (rare), hold (contextual); spec. squeeze binding, a. 1. See ASTRINGENT.

a obligatory, obligative (rare), obliging (rare), imperative, imperious (rare); spec. mandatory, incumbent. Antonyms see invalid.

binding, n. 1. holding, confining, confinement, tying, religation (rare), ligation (rare or learned); spec. bandaging, ligature, deligation (rare).

2. See BAND.

3. obligation, committal, obligement (rare), engagement. "Binding" is rare

4. See attachment, restraint.

bird, n. fowl (rare, exc. spec. or as a col-lective); spec. fledgling or fledgeling, squeaker, chirper, dicky (collog.), dickybird or dickey-bird (colloq.), cockyolly bird (nursery or pet name), cageling, nestling, nestler (rare).

birdhouse, n. aviary; spec. columbarium, columbary, dovecote.

birdlike, a. volucrine (rare), avian (tech.); spec. ornithomorphic (rare), ornithoid (rare).

birth, n 1. nativity (laterary or eccl.), nascency (rare or fig.), natality (rare); spec. cast, heterogenesis, litter.

Antonyms. see DEATH

2. See offspring, product, descent, ARISING.

birthmark, n. nævus (chiefly spec.; tech.); spec. strawberry, tumor, mole.

biscuit, n. Spec. cracker (U. S.), hardtack, ship biscuit, cracknel, rusk, pretzel (U S.).

bisect, v. t. halve, hemisect (rare), middle (naul.).

bishop, n. prelate, pontifex (rare), pontiff (historical or spec.), primate, presul (rare); spec metropolitan, patriarch, pope, exarch, diocesan, archbishop, chorepiscopus (hist), suffragan, episcopacy (a collective, with "the")

bishoprie, n. 1. See DIOCESE.

 bishophood, bishopry, lawn (fig.), primacy, prelateship, prelacy, prelature, (fig.), episcopacy, episcopate; spec. exarchate. bitch, n dog (contextual), slut, lady (cant or euphemistic), spec. brach, euphemistic), spec. brachet.

bite, v t. 1. fang (rare); spec. nibble, nip, gnaw, gnash, scrunch, champ, chop, savage, snap, tooth (rere), worry. Most of these synonyms are also used absolutely or intransitively.

2. See CUT, WOUND, CORRODE, PAIN, HOLD, BTING, etc.

bite, n. Spec. nibble, crunch, acrunch,

nip, champ, snap, gnash.
biting, s. i. mordant (rare), mordacious (learned).

2. See ACRID, STIMULATING, ACRIMONI-OUS, SARCASTIC.

bitter, a 1. Spec. gally, bitterish.

2. See ACRIMONIOUS, SEVERE, PAINFUL, SORROWFUL.

bitter, v t. embitter (emphatic), sour. Antonyma. see SWEETEN.

Cross references nee Note big-bellied: corpulent. bight: bay, loop bigot: fanatic

bigoted: narrow. bigotry: fanalicism. bigwig: personage.

bilateral: two-ended bilge: protuberance bilk, v t · defeat, deceive, cheat. bilk, n trick bill: carees. billet, n · stick. billet, n · letter, position

hillet, e t lodge, billon: alloy binder: tond birthplace: cource birthright: hereditament. biserial: two-rowed. bit: morsel, particle.

black, a. 1. dark, jet, pitchy, jetty, piceous (rare), coaly, nigrous (rare), Cimmerian (fig.; literary), sooty, atramentous (rare), swart (chiefly spec.), inky, sable, atramentaceous (literary).

Antonyms: see WHITE.

2. See DEPRESSING, MALEVOLENT, WICK-ED, OUTRAGEOUS, THREATENING.

blackball, n. pill (slang), pip (colloq. or

slang).

blacken, v. t. 1. black, nigrify (rare); spec. soot, ink, besoot (intensive), besmutch (intensive), besmut (intensive), cork, begrime (intensive), charcoal, blackwash, ebonize.

Antonyms: see WHITEN.

2. See STAIN, SULLY.

blackened, a. blacked; spec. inked, corked, smutty, etc.

bladder, n. Spec. vesica, vesicle, cyst,

sac, gall, sound.

bladdery, a. bladderform (rare); also, (all tech. or learned), vesiculose, vesiculous, cystic, vesicular, vesiculiform.

blade, n. 1. flat; spec. spoon, vane, wash, limb, web, languet, spear, brand (poetic or archaic), snare, colter or coulter.

2. See CUTTER, FEATHER.

8. spark, bawcock (archaic), blood, dasher (colloq.), galliard (archaic); spec. Johnny (colloq.), rake, jeunesse dorée (French), buck, roysterer.

ful (rare), blameworthy, delinquent, faulty, censurable; spec. vituperable (rare); see GUILTY, SINFUL, REPREHENSIBLE.

Antonyms: see Blameless, Sinless, In-

blame, n. 1. fault, culpability, blameworthiness, censurableness; see guilt, sinfulness, reprehensibility.

2. censure, reflection, criticism, dispraise, mispraise (rare); see REPROOF, CENSURE.

blame, v. t. censure, criticize, inculpate (rare), dispraise (rare), mispraise (rare); see REPROVE, CENSURE.

Antonyms: see ACQUIT, EXCUSE.

blameless, a. faultless, unblamable (rare), innocent, incensurable (rare), irreproach-

able, irreprovable (rare), inculpable (rare), irreprehensible (rare), unimpeachable; see SINLESS, INNOCENT, GUILTLESS.

Antonyms: see Blamable, SINFUL, GUIL-TY, REPREHENSIBLE.

blaming, n. censure, criticism, inculpation; see REPROOF, CENSURE, ACCUSATION.

bland, a. 1. smooth, inirritant (rare), velvety, velvet.

Antonyms: see ACRID, CORROSIVE, HARSH, PUNGENT.

2. See smooth, plausible.

blank, a. 1. See absolute, empty, bare, confused, unadorned.

2. thoughtless, vacuous, vacant, inexpressive, unexpressive, dull, expressionless.

Antonyms: see EXPRESSIVE, THOUGHT-FUL, PLEASED, etc.

blanket, n. cover, wrap, whittle (obs. or dial.); spec. mackinaw, shroud.

blaze, n. 1. See flame, flash, outburst.

2. Referring to a marking on an animal: spec. spot (contextual), star, snip, cloud. blazon, v. t. 1. In heraldry: emblazon.

2. See describe, depict, show.

blazonry, n. 1. See arms, show, depiction, display.

2. blazoning, emblazonry, blazonment. bleach, v. t. whiten (contextual), blanch, decolorize (chiefly tech.).

blear, a. 1. Referring to the person: bleareyed, bleared, bleary, dim-eyed, dimsighted, sand-blind (archaic).

Antonyms: see BRIGHT-EYED.

2. Referring to the eyes: bleary, bleared, cloudy, blurred, dimmed, lackluster, dull. blear, v. t. & i. dull, blur, cloud, dim.

bleat, v. i. & n. cry (contextual), baa, blat, blate.

bleed, v. t. 1. blood (archaic); spec. phle-botomize, venesect, cup, leech, deplete.

bleed, v. i. Spec. shed, flow, ooze, drop. bleeding, n. bloodletting; spec. phlebotomy, venesection.

blend, v. t. mix (contextual), mingle (contextual); spec. fuse, amalgamate, interfuse, intergrade, gradate; see ADULTERATE.

Antonyms: see SEPARATE.

bivouse: camp.
bisarre: fantastic, odd, unfamiliar, extravagant.
blab: tattle.
blab, blabber: tattler.
blackguard, n.: rascal.
blackguard, v. t.: abuse.
black-hearted: wicked, malevolent.
blackleg: cheat.
blackmail: extortion.
blameworthy: blamable.

blanch: whiten, bleach, pale.

blandish: cajole.
blank, v. t.: defeat.
blare: trumpet, sound.
blaspheme: curse, abuse.
blasphemous: impious, irreverent, abusive.
blast, n.: wind, charge, explosion.
blast, v. t.: blow, blight, ruin.
blasted: accursed.
blat, v. i.: bleat, chatter.
blat, v. t.: blurt, tattle.
blatant: boisterous, clamorous.
blate: bleat, chatter.

blaze, v. i.: flame, shine.
blaze, v. t.: advertize.
blazing: flaming, flashing.
blazon: arms, description, depiction.
bleak: exposed, cold, gloomy.
blear, n.: blur.
bleary: blear.
bleb: vesicle, bubble.
blemish, v t.: damage, impair, sully.
blemish, n.: fault, impairment.
blench: shirk.
blend, v. i.: unite, harmonize.

blending, a. confluent (learned).

bless, v. t. 1. See CONSECRATE, BEATIFY,

CONGRATULATE, PRAISE.
2. In the sense of "to invoke the divine good will or protection upon": sain (archaic). Antonyms: see curse.

blessed, a. 1. blest (a variant), Antonyms: see ACCURSED.

3. See GLAD, HALLOWED. blessing, n. 1. benediction, benison (archaic or poetic), benedicite (Latin); spec. grace (al table).

Antonyms: see CURSING.

2. See Good.

blight, v. t blast, nip, strike; spec. blow, infect, wither, rust, mildew, sear, brand, burn, bunt, choke.

Antonyme: see AID, CHERISH, STRENGTH-

EN.

blighted, a. blasted, nipped, stricken;

spec. rusty, blown, etc.

blind, a. 1. sightless, visionless, dark, unseeing, unperceiving, rayless; spec. eyeless (often fig.), moon-eyed, moon-blind, blindfold, blindfolded, stockblind, stoneblind.

2. unperceiving, undiscerning, uncompre-hending, unseeing, blindfold (fig.), dark, senseless, insapient (rare), benighted (literary), see DISREGARDFUL.

Antonyms see discerning, Prophetic. 3. closed (at the end), cæcal (tech.)

4. Referring to walls etc, that have no opening through: blank.

5. See UNINTELLIGIBLE, HIDDEN, ILLEGI-

BLE, CHANCE. blind, v. s. 1. blear, darken, purblind, quench (the eye; literary); spec. squint, blink, exoculate (rare), excecate (rare),

gouge, seel, hoodwink; see DAZZLE.

3. darken (the mind), benight, hoodwink

(fig.), deaden.

blindly, adv. Spec. darkly, unseeingly,

gropingly, unperceivingly, etc.

blindness, n Spec. sightlessness, darkness, senselessness, benightedness (liter-

ary), etc.

Antonyma: see BIGHT, INBIGHT. blister, n. vesication (tech.), vesicle (tech. or learned); spec. blain (rare), bullation. bloat, v. t. inflate, swell, pull (chiefly with "up"), distend.

Antonyma: see CONTRACT, DEFLATE,

SHRINK.

blook, n 1. mass (contextual); spec clog (chiefly Scot.), clump, scotch, brick, bri-

loaf, mold, nub, set, stock (rare), dado;

2. Referring to buildings: insula (Roman antiq.), island (rars); spec. square.

8. See BLOCKING, PATTERN, BLOCKHEAD,

QUANTITY, DIVISION, STOP.

block, v t. 1. obstruct, jam (rare), jamb, choke, blockade (fig. or spec.); spec. ram,

2. See stop, defeat, shape, outline,

blockhead, n. simpleton, dunce, stupid, ass (contemptuous), dolt, dullard, block, stick (collog.), chump (collog. or slang), numskall, stock (rare), dunderhead, blunderbuss, blunderhead, clod, clodpate, clodpoll, cod s-head (slang), buzzard (rare), chucklehead (chiefly dial.), coof (Scot.), pignoonee (contemptuous; rare), oxheud (colloq.), loggerhead, lunkhead (slang, U. S.), woodenhead (colloq.), hardhead (colloq.), booby (colloq.), doddypoll (obs. or rare), cuddy (chiefly Scot.), idiot (slang or contemptuous), dummy (colloq), driveler (contemptuous), idiot (contemptuous), imbecile (contemptuous), mome (archaic), foozle (colloq), saphead (slang, contemptuous), jolthead (rare), dotterel (fig.), wiseacre (ironical or sar-

Antonyms: see scholar, wiseacre. blocking, n. obstruction, block, jamming, choking, choke, blockade (fig. or spec.). blond, blonde, a. fair, light, spec. albino.

Antonyms: see BRUNET.

blood, n. 1. claret (slang), drops (pl.; by ellipsis); spec. gore, cruor, grume, ichor (Greek myth.).

2. See BAP, FAMILY, RELATION, ILL TEM-PER, BLADE.

blood, v. t. 1. See BLEED. 2. bloody, engore (rare), bebleed (archaic; intensive).

bloodless, a. 1. anæmic (chiefly med.), ex-sanguine (rare), exsanguious (rare), exsanguinous (rare).

2. See Peaceable, unfeeling.

bloodshed, n bloodletting; spec. slaugh-

bloodshot, a. red (contextual); spec. inflamed.

bloodthirsty, a. cannibal, bloody, tigerish, sanguinary (bookish), sanguineous (rare).

Antonyms: see gentle.

bloody, a. 1. red (contextual), sanguinary quette, briquet, square, die, cube, pad, | (unusual in the literal sense), sanguineous

Gross references bee Note. blindfold: blad blink, v. t.: wink, ficker, shine blink, v. t.: wink, ficker, shine blink, v. t.: wink, moment, shink, ficker, bliss: gladness, good,
blissful: glad
blithe: glad, cheerful, gay
blithesome: glad, cheerful, cheering gay blissard: storm, wind.

bloat, a inflated, evollen.
bloat, n drinkard
blockade, v t block, besiege.
blockade, n siege
bloodisting: bleeding, bloodshed.
bloodister: extertioner.

(rare), harmatic (tech.), sanguine (poetic | blow, n. 1. blowing, bluster; spec. perflarhetorical), ensanguined (literary); spec. crimson (contextual), purple (con*textual*), gory, sanguinolent (chiefly med.), reeking.

2. See HOMICIDAL.

bloom, n. 1. See FLOWER (referring to a single blossom), FLUSH, EFFLORESCENCE, POWDER, PRIME.

2. Referring to the state: flower, blossom, anthesis (tech.), efflorescence (tech.), florescence (tech. or learned), blowth (rare).

8. Flowers collectively: efflorescence (tech.), bloomage (rare), blossom (rare).

blotch, n. 1. spot, area (learned; contextual), patch; spec. stigma.

2. See VESICLE.

blouse, n. Spec. smock, smock frock, camorra (Italian), camise, garibaldi, tunic.

blow, n. 1. stroke, impact, clip (collog.), **buffet** (chiefly spec.), coup (French), smite (chiefly rhetorical); spec. smite, bang, bat, beat, bounce, ding (dial.), thump (colloq.), douse (rare), crack, clout (dial. or vulgar), clour (Scot. or dial. Eng.), douser (dial. or slang), punch, plug (slang), smash (colloq.), dad (chiefly dial. & Scot.), push (chiefly dial.), lick (slang or vulgar), welt (colloq. or slang), whack (colloq.), thwack, slam, crack, wipe (slang), drub, dump, dash, dab, dazzler (slang), doublethonger (colloq.), cut, clash, clap, bang, floorer (slang or cant), dunt (chiefly Scot.), stinger (colloq.), swipe (colloq.), counter, sidewinder (U. S.), kick, bastinado, punch, left-hander, right-hander, slash, rap, wallop (slang), plunk (slang), sockdologer (slang, U. S.), slug (colloq.), whop (collog.), whang (dial. or collog.), tunk (collog. or dial.), bump, stamp, facer (collog.), smack (collog.), thumper (rare), fisticults (pl.); see CUFF, SLAP.

Antonyms: see CARESS.

2. See DISASTER.

blow, v. i. 1. Spec. bluster, flaw, whiff, whille, ian, breeze (rare), storm, puff, fuff (rare or Scot.), blast (rare or obs.).

2. See EXHALE, BOAST.

3. pant, puff, fuff (rare or Scot.).

4. Spec. toot, tootle.

blow, v. t. 1. wind (pron. wind); blast, puff, bugle, toot, tootle; see TRUMPET.

2. See Inflate, blight.

tion (rare or tech.), whisf, puff.

2. See WIND.

blunder, v. i. 1. err, slip, bungle, boggle (collog.), foozle (slang or often cant and spec.); spec. solective, muff.

2. stumble, slip, flounder.

blunder, n. 1. error (contextual), slip, bungle, boggle (colloq.); spec. muff, bull, solecism.

2. stumble, slip, flounder.

blunt, a. 1. dull; spec. pointless, round, turned, dullish.

Antonyms: see Sharp, Pointed.

2. See DULL (mentally), INSENSIBLE.

3. bluff, burly (archaic), abrupt, plump, direct, outspoken, plain-spoken, flat, brusque, round, crisp; see ROUGH.

Antonyms: see Gentle, Smooth, Smooth-SPOKEN.

blunt, v. t. 1. dull; spec. unedge (rare), turn, round, rebate (rare).

Antonyms: see Sharpen.

3. See DULL (mentally). blur, n. 1. See smear, stain, sully.

2. Referring to vision: blear (rare), cloud, dimness, indistinctness.

blurt, v. t. utter (contextual), plump, blat (collog.), bolt (rare).

blush, v. i. redden, rouge (rare), ruddy (rare), flush.

Antonyms: see PALE.

blushing, a. rubescent (learned), erubescent (rare), flushed, ruddy, rosy.

Antonyms: see PALE.

bluster, v. i. 1. See BLOW.

2. bounce (rare), hector, roister, swagger, bully, ruffle, gasconade (literary), vapor (literary), swell, bravado; see RAGE.

Antonyms: see CRINGE, COAX.

bluster, n. 1. See BLOW, WIND.

2. bravado, swagger; spec. jingo, jingoism, chauvinism (learned), vaporing or vapor (literary).

blusterer, n. swaggerer, bully, bouncer (colloq.), roister or (now more usual) roisterer, buster (slang), swasher, swash (rare), etc.

board, v. t. 1. approach (a ship).

2. enter (a train).

3. entrain (put aboard a train).

board, n. Spec. deal, plank, panel, slab, clapboard, gangboard.

boarding house. pension (French; chiefly referring to a boarding house in continental Europe).

Cross references: see Note. **bloom:** flower, thrive, flush. **bloomy:** flowery, thriving. **blossom**, n.: flower, bloom. blossom, v. i.: flower. blot, n.: spot, stain, sully. blot, v. t.: spot, cancel, sully, stain, hide, dry.

blotch: spot, stain. blowy: windy. blowzy: red, slovenly. blubber: cry. bluestocking, n.: pedant, prebluestocking, a.: precious, pebluff, v. t.: deceive. bluff, n.: pretense. blunder, v. t.: botch, mismanage. blur: smear, sully, blear. blurred: blear. board, n.: tack. boarish: swinish, beastly, cruel.

dantic.

boast, v. i. brag, vaunt, vapor (literary), bounce (rare), blow (dial. or colloq.), cackle (cant or slang), bluster, flourish, swash, gasconade (literary), crack (ar-chaic); spec. rodomontade (literary).

boaster, n. bragger, brag, braggart, lex-iphanes (rare, literary), braggadocio, vaunter, vaporer (luterary), bouncer, cracker, fanfaron (French), mouther (contemptuous), gasconader (rare), Gascon (literary), swashbuckler, hector, killcow (obs or dial.), puff (archaic), puckfist (contemptuous), Rodomont (literary; fig.), Thraso (literary, fig); spec. Scaramouch (literary; fig.), Tartarin (literary; fig.). boastful, a. bragging, braggart, vaunting, lexiphanic (rare; literary), bouncing

(rare), tongue-valiant (rare), rodomon-tade (rare), Thrasonical (literary; fig.), Thrasonic (literary, fig.), mouthy (col-loq.), flaunty (rare), self-glorious (rare), vaunty (Scot), windy (collog. or slang),

vainglorious; see BOMBASTIC. Antonyms: see MODEST

boasting, n. bragging, braggery (rare), braggadocio, braggartism, cockahoop, (rare), vaunting, vaporing (literary), vauntery (rare), vaporosity (rare), jactitation rodomontade (literary), gasoonade (literary), gloriation (rare), blow (colloq.); see BOMBAST.

boat, n. 1. vessel (contextual), bark (poetic); spec. sandal, sampan, shallop, skimming dish (colloq.), skiff, randan, umiak or oomiak, sharpy, rocker (chiefly U. S.), rum-tum, punt, sculler, torpid (slang, Eng.), sink (U. S.), flat, flatboat, pontoon or ponton, tow, dinghy, praun, pinnace, cutter, drover, currach (Scot. or Irish), dahabeeyah, canoe, gondola, gig, pair-oar, cot (Irish), calque (French), barge, coracle, bateau (chiefly Canada and Louisiana), scout, Bucentaur, yawl.

sauce boat, gravy boat. boatman, n. boatsman, boater; spec. rower, sculler, barcarole (Italian), waterman, wherryman, dandi (Anglo-Indian), keelman (dial. Eng. & Scot.), lighterman, gondolier, hoveler (Eng.).

boat-shaped, a. navicular (literary or tech.), naviform (rare), cymbiform (tech.), scaphoid (tech.).

bodily, a. physical (contextual), somatic (tech.), corporeal, corporal, carnal, fleshly, earthly; spec. unspiritual, personal.

Antonyms: see ETHEREAL, SPIRITUAL, GHOSTLY

bodily, adv. 1. corporally, carnally, corporeally.

2. en masse (French), bodaciously (dial., Southern U. S.).

body, n 1. corpus (now humorous or grotesque), form, case (rare), clod (fig.), bulk (disparaging), carcass (contemptuous), hulk (contemptuous; chiefly spec.).

Antonyms: see MIND, SOUL, GHOST. 2. carcass (now contemptuous when used of a human corpse), form (contextual), cadaver (chiefly spec. and tech), heh (archaic), corpse (a human body), corse (chiefly poetic or archaic), carrion (obs. or archaic,, remains (pl.; suphemistic); spec. kill, mummy, carnage (a collective with "the").

Antonyms see SOUL, GHOST.

3. trunk, soma (tech.), corporation (hu-

morous or slang), torse or torso (sculp-ture); spec. waist, bust.
4. Spec. (in the sense of "the main part") nave, siste, cell or cella, hull, centrum, enceinte (French), buck (dial., exc., U.S., in "buckboard"), purview, nacelle, hmousine, sedan,

Antonyms: see Border, Edge, Branch, RIM, VESTIBULE

5. mass, form, figure, consistence (rare); spec. bulk, hulk, corpuscle, corpuscule, aggregation, mobile (rare), atom, atomy, pygmy, mite, particle, piece, fragment,

6. corps, force, troop (chiefly spec.), array, army (fig. or spec.), spec. detachment, squad, committee, regiment, battalion, etc.

7. See bulk, gathering, force, person, TRUNK, SUBSTANCE, STRENGTH, QUANTITY, MATERIAL, PRINCIPLE, ASSOCIATION.

bogy, n. bogey, demon (contextual), spec-ter, hobgoblin, scarecrow (fig.), buga-boo, boggard or boggart (rare), goblin, boggie, bogle, bug (obs or dial); spec. rawhead, bloody bones; see BUGHEAR.

boil, v. t. seethe (archaic or literary a cookery term), scald; spec wallop (dial. or tech.), cree (dial.), parboil, decoct (tech.), coddle, stew, poach, elixate (tech.). Antonyma: see freeze.

boil, v. i 1. bubble, see the (archaic or literary or a cookery term), ebulliate (rare). Antonyms: see FREEZE

3. See RAGE.

Cross references see Note. boat, v. 1 ' sail. bob, n.; plummet, jerk, bow,

bob, n.: plummet, zerk, bob bunch.
bob, v. t.: jerk, dock, refrain.
bob, v. i.. bow.

bobble: signle bods: forchode, signify boding, a significant bodyguard: escort, retinue bog: marsh bogey: bogy.

hoggle, v i · shy, object, bungle, hoggle, n · shy boggle, n · bogy. boggs: marshy.
bogle: bagy
bogus: pretended.

boil, n. see the (rare); spec. wallop (dial. or tech.).

boiled, a. sodden (now rare).

boiler, n. Spec. caldron, copper.

boiling, n. agitation (contextual), bubbling, ebullition (learned or tech.), ebullience (rare), coction (literary or affected), gurgitation (rare); spec. elixation (rare), decoction.

boisterous, n. noisy (contextual), riotous, roaring, robustious (rare), rumbustious (collog.), clamorous, wild (contextual), uproarious, rampant, rampageous, tumultuous, noisy, turbulent, vociferous, blatant; see ROUGH, CLAMOROUS.

Antonyms: see Calm, motionless, si-LENT.

bold, a. 1. assured (formal or literary), stout, stout-hearted, daring, forward, audacious, fearless, dreadless (rare), intrepid (formal), confident, undaunted, dauntless, hardy, unapprehensive (rare), nervy (collog. or slang), dour (Scot.), unfearful (rare), free, cool, impavid (rare); see BRAVE, RECKLESS, IMPUDENT, INDECENT, VENTURESOME.

Antonyms: see timid, afraid, fear-FUL, ANXIOUS, COWARDLY, BASHFUL, MODEST.

2. See steep, bluff, projecting.

boldness, n. stoutness, nerve (colloq.), hardihood, audacity, daring, intrepidity, assurance, face, etc.

Antonyms: see Timidity, Fear, anxiety,

bombast, n. boasting, extravagance, rant, stuff (contextual), turgescence (rare), turgidity or turgidness (formal or literary), tumidity (rare), rodomontade (literary), mouthing (contemptuous), tympany (rare), loftiness (contextual), magniloquy (rare), sonorousness (contextual), magniloquence (less common than "grandiloquence"), grandiosity, grandiloquence, grandiloquism (rare), inflation, heroics (pl.; sarcastic), fustian (contemptuous), highfalutin or highfaluting (colloq.), flatulence (rare), swellingness (rare), swollenness (rare), bombastry, lexiphanticism (rare), pomposity, gas (slang), Johnsonese (fig.); spec. spread-eagleism (U. S.), euphuism, rant.

bombastic, a. boastful, sounding, stilted, tumid (literary or formal), turgid (literary or formal), grandiloquent, grandiloquous (rare), turgent (rare), pompous, plethoric

(literary), flatulent (rare), puffed, magniloquent (less usual than "grandiloquent"), mouthing (contemptuous), orotund (contemptuous; learned), grandiose, grand (contextual), lofty, mouthy (contemptuous), inflated, fustian (contemptuous), magnisonant (rare), lexiphanic (rare), hyperbolical, heroic, extravagant, high-flown (esp. of language), highfalutin or highfaluting (colloq.), high-sounding, magnific (chiefly derisive), tall (collog.), toplofty (colloq., U. S.), Herodian (fig.; rare), Johnsonese or Johnsonian (fig.), Ossianic (fig.), sonorous (contextual), swollen, pyrotechnic (learned), sounding. Antonyms: see MODEST.

bond, n. 1. union (contextual); spec. coupler, coupling, couple, link, bonder, tie; see Band, Shackle.

2. nexus (learned or tech.), tie, link, cord, union, attachment, yoke, connection.

3. See Contract, surety.

bondage, n. serfdom, serfage or serfhood; spec. helotry or helotism (Greek hist.), peonage (Spanish American); see SLAV-ERY.

Antonyms: see freedom.

bondman, n. bondsman (masc.), bondmaid (fem.), bondwoman (fem.), serf; spec. villein (hist.), carl (obs. or hist.), vassal, helot (Greek hist.), peon (Spanish American); see SLAVE.

Antonyms: see freeman.

bonnet, n. cap; spec. tam-o'-shanter, toque, sunbonnet, poke bonnet, poke.

bonus, n. gift; spec. premium, honorarium; see TIP.

bon vivant. bonne vivante (French; fem.), high liver; spec. epicure.

Anionyms: see ASCETIC.

bony, a. osteoid (rare), ossean (rare), osseous (tech.).

book, n. 1. volume, tome (literary or tech.); spec. booklet, packet, incunable (rare), incunabulum (rare), chapbook, folio, quarto, octavo, duodecimo, sixteenmo, twelvemo, etc., legend (obs. or eccl.), miscellany, brochure, livret (dim.; French), pamphlet, journal, blotter, ledger, codex, treatise, handbook compendium, canto.

2. [Cap.] Bible;—used with "the".

3. set (contextual), packet.

bookworm, n. student (contextual), dig, sap, grind, bucker;—the last four slang or collog.

Cross references: see Note. **bolster**, n.: cushion, support. bolster, v. t.: cushion.

bolt, n.: arrow, lightning, pin, roll. bolt, v. i.: rush, run.

bolt, v. t.: swallow, desert.

bolt, v. t.: sift. bomb: shell.

bond, a.: servile.

bombard: cannonade, pelt. bombardier: gunner. bonbon: sweetmeat.

bonfire: fire. bon mot: witticism.

bonny: good-looking, cheerful. booby: blockhead.

book, v. t.: list.

bookish: learned, pedantic.

boom, n. arm, beam (contextual), spar; spec. jib, crane; see spar.

boor, n. 1. See RUSTIC.

2. vulgarian (rare), lout, clown, clodhopper (contemptuous; colloq.), lubber, churl, carl (archaec or Scot.), carter (fg.), loon, barbarian (literary), clout (archaic), lobby (chiefly dial.), chuff (obs. or rare); spec Grobian (fig.; literary).

Antonyms: see GENTLEMAN. boorish, a. 1. See RUSTIC.

2. vulgar, ill-mannered, clownish, loutish, clodhopping (contemptuous; colloq.), in-urban (rare), cloddieh, uplandish (rare), churlish, ill-bred, low-bred, barbarian (laterary), coarse, woolen (rare), illiberal (laterary), carlish (literary), lubberly, rude, uncultured; spec. ungentlemanly; AWKWARD.

Antonyms: see ACCOMPLISHED, REFINED,

border, n. 1. bound, bordure (archaic), verge, threshold (spec. or fig.), shirt, fringe, hem; apec. curb.

Antonyms see INTERIOR, BODY.

2. edge; spec. hem, edging, forel, selvedge, dado, orphrey, orfray, purfle, mat.

3. frontier, coast (archaic), borderland, march (hist, in pl and with "the"; or archaic), rand (obs., dial., or spec.); spec. outskirt (rare), outskirts (pl), wayside; see DOUNDARY.

Antonyms: see interior, inland.

border, v. t. 1. skirt, verge (rars), rim, fringe, line (contextual), bound, neighbor. edge; spec. purl, cotise, purfle, bind, dado.

border, v. i. adjoin (contextual), neighbor, bound, touch (contextual); sec ABUT. bore, v. t. 1. pierce (contextual), eat (con-

textual); spec. gimlet, drill.

3. See WEARY. bore, n. wave (contextual), eager (a less usual name).

borrow, v. t. 1. get (contextual). Antonyms: see LEND.

2. See ADOPT.

bosh, interj. fudge, nonsense.

bosom, n. breast, bust (esp. of a woman). bosom, a. gremial (now only in "gremial veil").

botch, v. t. bungle, blunder, muddle, clamper (chiefly Scot.); spec. cobble, tinker, butcher (slang), murder (slang); see MISMANAGE, REPAIR.

botchy, a. bungling.

bottle, n. container (cant); spec. vinaigrette, vial or (more often tech.) phial, split, siphon, bolthead, demijohn, deadman (slang or colloq), matrass, marine (slang), magnum, Jeroboam (literary and humorous), caraie or caraff, carboy, cruet, cruse (archaic), costrel, gostskin, tickler (colloq.), flagon, flask, flacon, gourd, cornet, canteen.

bottle-shaped, a. utriform (rare).

hottom, n. 1. foot, base, basis (archaic), doup (Scot.), root, sole; spec. keel, culet, cullet, bilge, heel, sump.

Antonyms: see TOP, PEAK.
2. bed (of a body of water); spec. coulee (U. S.), channel, basin.

s. intervale, interval, haugh (Scot. or

dial.), spec. swale (dial).
4. See DEPTH, SUPPORT, BUTTOCKS, SEAT,

ENDURANCE, DREGS

bottomless, a. baseless, fathomless, plumbless (rare). boudoir, n. cabinet (archaic), bower (liter-

bought, a. boughten (chiefly collog., U.S.,

or poctic), purchased.

bouncer, n. whaler, whacker, whopper, whapper, bumper, buster, smasher, sock-dologer (U. S.);—all slang or calloq. Antonyons: see DWARF.

bound, a. 1. fastened, confined, tied.
2. obliged, obligated; spec. committed, liege, indentured.

3. See CERTAIN.

bound, v. i. 1. See JUMP.

2. bounce, rebound, dap (rare), resile (rare); spec. ricochet.

bound, n. 1. See BOUNDARY, BORDER.

2. In the pl. (bounds): territory, area, place, compass, limit, range, reach, pale (chiefly spec.), confine (chiefly in pl.; obs.

Cross references, see Note boom, v 1. hum, resound, progress, there, advance, boom, v 1. advance boom, n.: hum, resonance, advancs. manch boom, n.: good, gift.
boom, a.: land, companionable
booms, n.: carouse, liquer,
booms, n.: if ink, carouse,
boom, n.: lift, push, advance,
boom, p. t.: lift, push, rause,

advance, boot, v t. shoe, boot, n.; benefit, remedy, boot, v. t.: benefit.

booth: stall bootless: useless. booty: plunder, prize.
boose, n: carouse, liquor.
boose, v: drink, carouse.
borderland: border. borderland: border.
bordere: border.
bore, n. t. annoy, tire,
bore, n.: hole, tube, caliber,
annoyance.
boreal: northern.
boredom: ennus.
borough: town
borreal: synorum.
borrowed: musted.
bosh: nonsenss.

bonk: thicket. bosky: bushy. boson, s. t.: embrace, boson, n.: employer, controller, overseer. overteer.
boss, v. t., direct.
boss, v. t. emboss, stud.
boss, v. t emboss, stud.
bossy: studded
bossy: downneering.
bother: frouble, lease.
bothersome: troublesome. bough: branch boulder: rock boulevard: road, walk, bounce, v. i.: bound.

or rare); spec. perambulation, division, purlieu; see SPHERE, SCOPE.

bound, v. t. 1. limit, confine, demarcate (literary or tech.), circumscribe, delimit (chiefly literary), terminate; see CONFINE.
2. See BORDER.

boundary, n. 1. bounder (archaic), boundure (obs. or rare); spec. demarcation, monument, landmark, term, Hermes,

Herma, herm, cairn, line.

2. limit, bound (chiefly in pl.), outline, precinct, confine, verge, buttal (obs. or tech.), butt (obs. or rare), bourne (literary), mete (chiefly in pl. and legal), mere (archaic), march (historical or archaic), mark (historical or archaic), rubicon (fig.), term (rare), periphery, circuit, circumference, compass, line (contextual), dool (Scot. & dial. Eng.), bounder (archaic); see BORDER.

boundary, a. limitary, terminal (rare),

boundless, a. 1. unlimited, infinite, termless, limitless, incomprehensible (rare), immeasurable, unbounded, illimitable;

spec. shoreless.

Antonyms: see LIMITED, NARROW.

2. See ENDLESS, INEXHAUSTIBLE.

limital (rare), bounding, border.

bouquet, n. 1. nosegay, boughpot (archaic); spec. posy (archaic or colloq.), buttonhole (colloq.; Eng.), boutonnière (French), buttonhole (colloq.).

2. See SMELL.

bow (pron. bo), n. 1. See curve.

2. Fiddlestick (now familiar or contemptuous).

bow, v. i. 1. (pron. bou) See curve, stoop, Yield.

2. (pron. bou) Spec. incline, curtsy, curtsey, bob, beck (chiefly Scot.), nod, duck, scrape, cap, salaam, dip (colloq.), kotow, stoop, knee, genuflect (rare), congé (French), congee, lout (archaic or dial.);—referring to a gesture of courtesy, respect, or deference.

3. (pron. bō) bend, curve.

bow (pron. bou), v. t. incline, bend; spec. prostrate, nod, stoop.

bow (pron. bou), v. t. 1. See STOOP, OVER-COME, SUBDUE.

2. Spec. incline, bend, stoop, lout (archaic or dial.; rare);—referring to a gesture of courtesy, respect, or deference.

bow, n. 1. (pron. bou) Spec. obeisance, curtsy, curtsey, bob, reverence, leg (archaic or jocular), beck (chiefly Scot.), nod, nid-nod (colloq.), scrape, salaam, prostration, obedience (archaic or dial.), congé (French), congee, duck, inclination, dip.

2. (pron. bou) prow, stem, head, prore (poetic), entrance (tech.), forepart; spec. foreship (rare), beakhead (rare), forefoot, forepeak, forehold, foresheets (pl.), hawse, luff, forecastle, gripe.

bowl, n. 1. Spec. mazer (obs. or historical), crater (Greek antiq.), tazza, jorum, Jeroboam (humorous), bowie (Scot.), cogie (Scot.), cap (Scot.), porringer, brimmer.

2. See HOLLOW.

bowl, v. i. 1. See ROLL.

2. glide, tool, roll;—referring to a manner of progress, as of a carriage.

bow-legged, a. bandy-legged.

bowl-shaped, a. crateriform (tech.).

bowstring, n. string, cord, nerve (poetic).

box, v. i. fight (contextual), spar.

box, n. 1. case, container (com.), receptacle: spec. canister, chest, cabinet, casket, cassette (French), cassolette, canteen, coffin, pyx, cofferdam, caisson, carton, cartouche, buist (obs. or Scot.), caddy, drawer, kist (Scot. & dial. Eng.), shrine (archaic), trunk, case.

2. Referring to the theater box: compartment (contextual); spec. loge (French).

3. See SEAT, SHELTER.

brace, n. bracer (rare), support (contextual), strengthener (contextual); spec. clasp, buckle, band, clamp, stay, strut, bolt, rope, chain, bracket, truss, girder, tie, rod, rider, rib, crib, prop, shore, buttress, reinforce, reinforcement.

brace, v. t. 1. support, strengthen, stiffen; spec. gird, prop, strut, tie, truss, buttress, chain, bracket, rib, stay, reinforce, bone,

shore, etc.

2. See STIMULATE, STRENGTHEN.

bracket, n. 1. brace (contextual); spec. corbel, console, shoulder, cheek, modillion, gusset, cantilever.

2. See shelf.

braid, n. plait, pleat (obs.), brede (archaic), plaiting (a collective); spec. soutache (French), galloon, cue, leghorn (a collective), Venetians (pl.), lace.

bound, a.: going.
bounteous: generous, abundant.
bountiful: generous, abundant.
bounty: generosity, gift, reward, subsidy.
bourn: goal.
bourse: exchange.
bouse, n.: carouse, liquor.
bouse, v. i.: drink, carouse.

bout: round, course, contest, carouse.

bovine: beef. [sion, interior. bowel: intestine; in pl.; compasbower: bedroom, boudoir, arbor. bowery: shady.
bowl, v. t.: roll, serve.
boxi: slap.
boxer: fighter.
boy: child, youth, servant.
boycott, v. t.: avoid.

boycott, n.: conspiracy.
boyish: childish.
bracing: stimulating.
brackish: salt.
brag, n.: boaster.
braggadocio: boasting, boaster.
braggart, n.: boaster.
braggart, a.: boastful.
bragging, a.: boastful.
bragging, n.: boastful.
bragging, n.: boastful.

braid, v. t. 1. intertwine (contextual), plat, plant, pleat (obs.), brede (obs. or archanc). 2. See BIND.

brain, n. 1. headpiece (fig.), encephalon (tech.); spec. ccrebrum, cerebellum, hind-brain, little brain.

2. In pl : see MIND.

brake, n. check (rare), stop; spec clog, convoy, block, chock, cow, drag, skid. brakeman, n. brakesman, guard (Eng.)

"Brakeman" is the usual form.
branch, n. 1. shoot, offshoot, stick (contextual), ramus (tech.), rame (rare); spec limb, bough, twig, spray, sprig, spire, start, caulome, bush, phyllociade (tech), offset, sucker, ramulus, ramulet, fork, rootlet; see shoot.

Antonyms: see TRUNK.

2. division (contextual), ramification, di-varication (learned), embranchment (rare), fork, arm, offshoot, offset, throw-off (rare); spec stem, loop, spur, bifurca-tion, billabong (Australia), anabranch (Australia); see ARM.

Antonyms. see BODY.

8. Referring to a horn: fork; spec. snag, tine, prong, speller, tray, broach, start, bez-antler, pricker.

4. member (contextual); spec, lodge, tent, court, filiation, chapter, poet, corps,

branch, a. rameous (rare), ramal (tech.). branch, v. t. & i. 1. divide, ramify, divaricate (learned), offset, outbranch (poetic), digitate (rare); spec. dichotomize, bush. 3. See DIVERGE.

branching, a. arborescent, ramifying; spec, dichotomous, spraying; see BRANCHY. branchy, a. ramose (tech.), ramous (tech.), branching, spec. ramulose, ramellose, twiggy, sprayey, spriggy.

brand, n 1. See SWORD, BLIGHT.

2. character (contextual), stigma (learned), print, stamp; spec. crop, burn (context-

8. mark, chop (in China), cachet (French); spec. label, stamp, tally.

4. Referring to goods quality, make, class, grade, chop (in China), stamp. brand, v. t. 1. stigmatize (learned or liter-

ary), print, stamp, mark (contextual); spec. burn (the original sense of "brand"), pitch, tiver (dial. Eng).

2. In commerce: mark; spec. label, tally. brave, a. 1. bold, courageous, stalwart, daring, game (stang or colloq), gamy (collog. or slang), dauntless, spirited, lionhearted (rhetorical), valuant, valurous, gallant, doughty (literary), dour (Scot.), stout, resolute, preux (French), galliard (archaic), prow (archaic), yeomanly (literary); spec. manful, intrepid, manly, chivalrous, womanly.

Antonyms: see COWARDLY, UNCHIVAL-

ROUS.

2. See EXCELLENT, SHOWY. bravery, n. boldness, courage, daring, valor, spirit, etc., cf. brave.

Antonyms: see COWARDICE bravo, interj. excellent! good! fine! brawling, n. 1. See MURMURING.

2. disputation, quarreling; cf. QUARREL bray, n. & v. 1. cry (contextual), hee-haw (onomatopoetic; collog.). braze, v. t. 1. brass, brazen.

2. See SOLDER.

brazen, a 1. brass; spec. brassy, brassish.

2. See SHAMELESS, HARSH, METALLIC. brazen, v. t. cheek (slang), face; -chiefly with "out."

brazier, n firepan; spec. brasero (Spanish), hearth, mangal (rare), scaldino (Italian), breach, n 1. See BREAK, SURF, VIOLATION,

opening, break, rent, rupture, disruption, ruption (rare or spec); spec. chasm, fret, split, gap.

3. Referring to personal relations: division, rupture, ruption, split, break, schism, breach, v. t. break, rupture, disrupt; spec.

bread, n. tommy (slang, Eng.), bread-stuff; spec biscuit, eulogia (hist.), pone (Southern U. S.), manchet (archasc), muffin, roll, rusk, pumpernickel, toast, simuel (chiefly historical), showbread, brewis (dial.), bun, crug (slang, Eng.), host, element.

break, v. t. 1. Spec disrupt (rare or fig.), rupture, snap, rive, burst, smash, rend, fragmentize (rare), stave, chip, bray, brake, craze, fritter, crash (rare), crumb, comminute, crack, crumple, fracture, fault, tear, cabble, buck, rag, splinter, nick, demolish; see SHATTER, SCRAPE, BURST.

(ar Cross references: see Note. brainpan: skull. brainsiok: deranged. brainwork: thinking. brainwork: Uniking, brainy: intelligent, brantie: fern, thicket, brushwood, bramble: brier, brambly: briery, brandish: encager brand, a hasty, impetuous, brittle.

brash, n · rubbish, wood. brass, a brazen. brass, a braze brassy: brazen. brat: child bravado, n · bluster, defiance. brave, v t defy, face, challenge, bravo: desperado.
brawl: fight, quarrel, murmus.
brawn: fisch, strength.
brawn: muscular, strong.
bray, s f grand
brayer: pesite
bracchy: unruly
breadth: walth, also, cf. spacrous, roomy, liberal, compreheneive.

brave, n bully, desperado, war-

BREVITY

Antonyms: see Join, Unite, Cement, Bolder.

2. See Breach, DISARRANGE, INTERRUPT, EXCEED, RUIN, DISCHARGE, BANKRUPT, COMMUNICATE, SUBDUE, TAME, VIOLATE, DEGRADE.

break, v. i. 1. part (contextual); spec. disrupt (rare or fig.), crash (rare), burst, crack, splinter, rend, outburst (rare); see SHATTER, BURST.

2. Referring to a wave: comb, wash,

crest, topple (colloq.).

3. Referring to a fish: rise, leap, prime(rare).

4. Referring to the voice: change, mature.
5. See Fail, dawn, burst, start, change.
break, n. 1. breach; spec. disruption (rare or fig.), break-up, rupture, crush, crash, smash, snap, burst, debacle, rent, abra-

sion, chip; see BURST.

2. incontinuity (rare); spec. opening, gap, rent, nick, chasm, hiatus, blank, interval, lacuna, void, intermission, aperture, rift, fissure, drop, crack; see SCRAPE.

2. Referring to the waves: spec. wash,

combing, breaking.

4. See INTERRUPTION, BREACH, START,

CHANGE, TRANSITION, RISE.

breakable, a. frangible (learned or book-ish); see BRITTLE.

breaker, n. 1. Spec. crusher, smasher, brayer, cracker, etc.

2. wave (contextual), comber, white horse, surge (a collective).

breakfast, n. déjeuner (French), dejune

(Scot.; archaic).

breaking, n. 1. breakage; spec. disruption (rare or fig.), rupture (rare), ruption (rare), fracture (chiefly spec.), fraction, infraction (rare), fragmentation (rare), crumblement (rare), irruption (learned or bookish), inbreak (rare), incrash (rare), rending, inburst (rare).

breakwater, n. Spec. mole, framework, groyne, jetty, pier (colloq., U.S.).

breast, n. 1. mamma (of a female; tech.), mammilla (of a male; tech.), bubby (dial. or vulgar).

2. See BOSOM, COURAGE.

3. brisket.

breastbone, n. sternum (tech.).

breastplate, n. pectoral (rare), poitrel (archaic), plastron (hist.); spec. cuirass. breast-shaped, a. mammillary, mammiform; spec. mastoid;—all three tech.

breath, n. 1. air (contextual).

2. respiration, spiration (rare); spec. snore, pant, puff, yawn, wheeze; see IN-HALATION, EXHALATION, SIGH.

3. See EXHALATION, WIND, REST, EXER-CISE, MOISTURE, TRIFLE.

breathe, v. i. 1. respire; spec. pant, puff, pump, snore, wheese; see INHALE, EXHALE, SIGH.

2. See Stop.

breathe, v. t. 1. respire; see INHALE, EXHALE.

2. See REST, EXHALE, UTTER.

breathing, n. 1. respiration, spiration (rare); spec. eupnœa, dyspnœa, apnœa; see inhalation, exhalation.

2. See REST, UTTERANCE, ASPIRATE.

breathless, a. 1. blown, pumped (slang or colloq.), exhausted (contextual), all in (slang, U S.).

2. See lifeless.

bred, a. reared, raised (now chiefly U. S., and considered improper or colloq. as applied to persons); spec. educated.

breeches, n. pl. 1. knickerbockers (U. S.), breeks (Scot.), small clothes, smalls (colloq.), hose (obs. or hist.; chiefly spec.); spec. buckskins, galligaskins, corduroys;—all pl.

2. See TROUSERS.

breechless, a. trouserless, sansculottic (hist.), unbreeched, pantless (vulgar).

breed, v. t. 1. Referring to the female: grow, create, produce, cherish, form, develop; spec. hatch.

2. Spec. inbreed, cross, interbreed, inter-

cross, crossbreed, fancy.

2. produce, grow, engender, brew, generate (rare);—as in "to breed trouble."

Antonyms: see EXTINGUISH.

4. raise (stock, etc.).

5. See CAUSE, REAR.

breed, v. i. 1. In the sense of "to bear young": generate (rare), reproduce, propagate.

2. In the sense of "to be born": originate

(rare).

breed, n. stock, brood (chiefly contemptuous as used of men); see FAMILY, RACE. breeding, n. 1. stirpiculture (rare).

2. nurture, education (rare); spec. gentility, gentilesse (archaic); see POLITE-

NESS.

breeding place. 1. Spec. loonery, hennery, hawkery, gullery, heronry, hatchery, beavery, hoggery, piggery, rookery.
2. Fig.: hotbed.

brevity, n. 1. See SHORTNESS.

2. Referring to time: briefness, shortness, littleness, momentariness, swiftness, transiency, transience.

Antonyms: see LENGTH.

Cross references: see Note.
breakage: breaking.
breakdown: collapse.
breakneck: dangerous.

break-up: decomposition. break. breast, v. t.: oppose.

breathing, a.: living.

breeze: author.
breeze: wind, disturbance.
breezy: windy, lively.
breve: summary.

2. Referring to speech or writing: shortness, curtness, breviloquence (affected or humorous), brachylogy (rare), pauciloquy (rare); see CONCISENESS.

Antonyms: see PROLIXITY.

bribe, v. t. corrupt (contextual), hire (contextual), buy, suborn (tech.); spec. oil (slang), anoint (rare; in "to anoint the hand"), palm (slang), subsidise, tip, grease (slang), square (colloq.).

bribe, n. douceur (French), gratification (euphemistic); spec. sop, graft, grease,

baksheesh, tip.

bribery, n. corruption (contextual), subornation (tech.); spec. subsidizing.

bric-a-brac, n. knicknacks (pl.); spec. scrimshaw.

brick, n. Spec. clinker, clink, grizzle, lump, cutchs (Anglo-Indian), quarl, beader, binder, briquette or briquet.

bricky, a. lateritious (referring esp. to color; chiefly tech.)

bride, n. wife, Beatrice (fig.).

bridegroom, n. husband, groom, benedict, Benedick.

bridesman, n. best man, groomsman. bridge, n. 1. span; spec drawbridge, viaduct, bateau, bridge, bascule bridge, Bifrost (mythol.).

2. See PLATFORM.

bridge, t. t. & i. span, overbridge (rare). bridgehead, n. tête-du-pont (French). bridie, n. 1. headgear; spec. snaffle, branks (used in punishing a scold; pl.).

2. See RESTRAINT. bridle, v. i. briatle.

brief, a. 1. See short. 2. Referring to time: short (now obs. or archaic, exc. in certain phrases), transient, little, short-lived, swift, momentary; see EPHEMERAL.

Antonyma: see Long, Endless, Eternal,

LENGTHY.

\$. Referring to speech: breviloquent (rare), curt, curtal (archaic); see concise. Antonyms see PROLIX

brier, n. brier (a variant), bramble; spec. blackberry, raspberry, loganberry.

brier, n. briar (a variant), heath, brier-

briery, a. briary (a variant), brambly. bright, a. 1. Spec. brilliant, effulgent, re fulgent, glaring, lucid (rare), splendid, splendent, resplendent, radiant (rare), gay, vivid, splendorous, splendrous, gorgeous, strong (contextual), garish, brightsome, light, lightsome, transplendent (rare), Orient or Oriental (esp. of gems, elc); see LUSTROUS, LUMINOUS, SHINING, FLASHING, GLOWING, DAZZLING, FLAMING.

Antonyms: see DARE, DIM.

3. Referring to colors: spec. flaming, flamboyant, fresh, lively, flashy, gay; see showy. Most of the terms given under sense 1 are also used as synonyms in refer-

ence to colora.

Antonyms see DULL. 3. Referring to a career, course of conduct, etc.: spec. brilliant, dassling, illustrious, meteoric, purple (literary), distinguished,

Antonyms: see OBSCURE.

4. See CHEERFUL, CLEAR, INTELLIGENT, AUSPICIOUS, DISCERNING.

brighten, v. t. 1. illuminate, beshine (rare) illume (literary or fig.), enlighten (chiefly poetic or rhetorical), embrighten (rare), irradiate (literary).

Referring to colors: raise, liven (collog.),

lighten.

See shine, enliven, cheer.

bright-eyed, a. shining-eyed, clear-eyed. Antonyms: see BLEAR, DIM-EYED.

brightness, n. 1. Spec. brilliance, efful-gence, refulgence, glare, lucidity (rare), splendor or splendour, splendidness, resplendence, splendrousness (rare), gaiety, strength (contextual), splendence (rare), gorgeousness, glister (chiefly litersplendence ary), sparkle, transplendency (rare), Oriency (esp. of gems), glitter; see LUSTER, LUMINOSITY, SHINE, DAZZLE.

Antonyms: see DARKNESS, DIMNESS, OB-

2. Referring to colors: spec. flamboyance, freshness, flashiness, gayness, galety, showiness. Most of the terms under sense 1 are also used of colors.

Antonyms: see DULLNESS.

3. Referring to a career, performance, etc.: spec. brilliance, illustriousness, (French), distinction, fame.

Antonyms. see Obscurity.

4. See INTELLIGENCE, DISCERNMENT. brindled, a. party-colored, brinded, brindle; spec, tabby.

bring, v. t. 1. fetch, conduct (a Latinism), deduce (rars), have (archaic); spec. land, retrieve, draw, get, reduce (rare).

Antonyms: see SEND, REMOVE.

2. Referring to price, amount, etc.: fetch, command, realize, encash (rore), spec. net.

Cross references see Note. brew: concoct, devise. brewing: concoction.
briar: brier
bridal: marriage.
bridle, v. L. restrain.

brief, n.: letter, writ, abstract, summary.
brief, v t: abridge. [tion.
brigade, n.: division, organizabrigade, v t: organize. brigand: desperado.

brighten: clear, improve. brim: edge, brimful: full, brimmer: bumper. brine: pickle. brink: edge.

BRUNT

3. reduce, throw, work; spec. reason (esp. with "into," "out of," etc.), conjure, pray, laugh, ridicule, lull, etc.

4. reflect (as censure, doubt, etc.), throw,

cast.

5. See INDUCE, PRESENT, INTRODUCE, INFLICT.

brisk, a. 1. See active, rapid, strong, sharp.

2. smart, perky. brisket, n. breast.

bristle, n. Spec. (tech.) seta, setula, setule, vibrissa.

bristle, v. i. 1. Referring to hair or bristles: erect (learned or tech.), stand, stare (archaic).

2. See BRIDLE.

bristling, a. horrid (chiefly poetic), shaggy, rough, horrent (chiefly poetic).

bristly, a. setaceous, strigose, strigate, setulose, hispid, setose, scrubby (rare or spec.), horrent (chiefly poetic), hairy (contextual);—all exc. "bristly," "scrubby," hairy, and "horrent," chiefly tech.

Antonyms: see smooth.

brittle, a. weak (contextual), breakable (contextual), fragile, frail (contextual), brickle (dial.), bruckle (dial.), brash (chiefly U. S. and spec.); spec. delicate (contextual), short, crisp, shattery (rare), shivery, cold-short, hot-short; see CRUMBLY. Antonyms: see STRONG, FLEXIBLE, UNBREAKABLE.

broad, a. 1. See WIDE, SPACIOUS, ROOMY, EVIDENT, COMPREHENSIVE, UNRESTRAINED, GENERAL, LIBERAL.

2. full (daylight).

3. pronounced (brogue, accent, etc.), Doric (spec. or fig.; of a dialect, etc.).

broadside, adv. flatways, flatwise, sidewise, sideways.

brogue, n. 1. shoe, brogan.

2. See MODULATION.

broil, v. t. 1. cook (contextual), grill, carbonado (obs. or literary); spec. frizzle, devil, spitchcock.

2. See HEAT.

broken, a. 1. Spec. disrupt (rare or fig.), burst, fractured, shattered, gapped, ruptured, torn, rent.

Antonyms: see INTACT, WHOLE.

- 2. Referring to one's health: shaken; spec. run-down.
- 3. See INTERMITTENT, ROUGH, VIOLATED. broker, a. 1. See PAWNBROKER, GO-BE-TWEEN.

2. agent, middleman; spec. jobber.
brokerage, n. brokage (obs., rare, or spec.);
spec. pawnbrokerage, agency (contextual).
brooch, n. clasp, ouch, fibula (antiq.).

brood, n. 1. hatch; spec. clutch, covey, cletch or clatch (dial.), nide (chiefly Eng.).

2. See offspring, race, breed.

brook, n. stream, rivulet, rindle (rare or dial.), rill, beck (Eng.; literary or dial.), burn (dial. or Scot.), runnel, runlet, run, streamlet, burnie (Scot.), bourn or bourne (chiefly local Eng. or literary), burn (dial. and Scot.); spec. gill (dial., Eng.), rillet. broom, n. brush (contextual), besom (now chiefly dial. or literary); spec. wisp, pope'shead, brush, whisk, whisker, wing.

broom-shaped, a. scopiform, fascicular;

—both chiefly tech.

broth, n. broo or bree (Scot.), liquor; spec. brewis (dial.), cullis (now rare), kale; see SOUP.

brothel, n. bagnio (literary), bordel (obs. or archaic), bawdyhouse, house of ill repute (the usual legal term).

brother, n. 1. Spec. cadet (younger brother).

2. See associate, friar. brotherly, a. 1. fraternal.

2. See AFFECTIONATE.

brown, a. Spec. lurid, foxy, hazel, chelidonian, bay, bayard (archaic), brownish, browny, brunneous (rare), ferruginous, auburn, adust (rare), bronze, mahogany, maroon, russet, snuff-colored, smoky, russetish, russety, tan, sorrel, puce, tawny, fallow, tabac, musteline, fawn.

brown, n. Spec. bistre, mummy, feuille-

morte (French), écru (French).

brown, v. t. embrown (emphatic); spec. tan, russet, scorch, toast.

bruise, v. t. 1. injure (contextual), contuse (tech. or literary), batter, contund (rare), pound (rare); spec. suggilate (obs. or rare).

2. See INDENT, CRUSH.

bruise, n. 1. injury (contextual), contusion (tech. or literary), batter (rare), pound (rare); spec. suggilation (rare or tech.), ecchymosis, mouse (slang).

2. See INDENTATION.

bruising, a. contusive (bookish or tech.).
brunet, a. dark, brunette (less usual than "brunet"; chiefly fem.); spec. (tech.) melanochroid, melanous, melanistic.

Antonyms: see BLOND.

brunet, n. brunette (fem.); spec. (tech.) melanochroi (pl.), melanoi (pl.).

briny: salt.

British: English.

broach, n.: spit, horn.

broach, v. t.: transfix, open, begin, spill, introduce, draw, ream.

broadcast: scattered.

broaden: widen, generalize, liberalize, enlarge.
brokage: brokerage.
brood, v.: incubate, consider.
brook: endure.
brotherhood: association, fra-

browbeat: bully.
brownie: fairy.
browse, n.: fodder.
browse, v. t.: graze.
bruit: report.
brummagem: gaudy.
brunt: shock.

ternity, fellowship.

brush, n. 1. Spec. pen, pencil, rigger, sable, [pope's-head, fitch, card, air brush.

2. See BROOM, TUFT, TAIL.

brush, v t 1. Spec. whisk; see SWEEP.

2. See GRAZE.

brushlike, a. scopiform (tech.), muscariform (tech), brushy (rare).

brushwood, n. 1. scrub, brush, bush; spec. chaparral (U. S.), frith (Eng.), brake, underbrush, rice (Eng.).

brush;—referring to small branches cut

brutalize, v. t. Chiefly fig. in sense: animalize (rare), imbrute (literary), brutify, bestialize; spec. dehumanize (rare), dishumanize (rare), sensualize, harden.

Antonyms. sec REFINE, SPIRITUALIZE. bubble, n. 1. globule (contextual), bell (chiefly Scot. or tech.), blob (dial. or collog.), blobber (obs or dial.); spec. bullule, bead, bleb, bladder.

2. Referring to the sound gurgle.

8. See SHOW, FALLACY, TRIFLE. bubble, v. s. 1. bell (dial, Scot., or tech), effervesce (literary or tech.; often spec.), intumesce (tech.; often spec.), rise (contextual), ebullate or ebulliate (rare); spec. bead, sparkle, gurgle, yaw; see BOIL.

2. gurgle.

bubbling, a. effervescent (literary or tech.; often spec.), effervescive (literary or tech.; often spec.), ebullient (tech.; often spec.), intumescent (tech , often spec.), fretting (rare); spec. sparkling; see BOILING.

bubbling, n effervescence or (rare) effervescency (literary or tech.; often spec.), in-tumescence (tech.; often spec.), ebulhence (rare), ebullition (literary or tech), fret (rare).

bubbly, a. bubblish; spec. bladdery, blebby, beady.

bucket, n. Spec. tub, scoop, kibble, float, piston, pail, blackjack.

buckle, n. 1. clasp, fibula (antiq.); spec.

2. See BEND, TWIST.

buckler, n. 1. shield, rondache (French); spec. rounder

2. See PROTECTOR.

bud, n. 1. sprout, shoot, gemma (tech.), burgeon (poetic), tendron (rare); spec. button, gemmule, gemina, knop (archaic), eye, bulbil, bulbet, cabbage, chit. 2. gemma (biol.); spec. (zoöl.) medusa, medusoid, hydra.

bud, v. t. 1. sprout germinate, burgeon (literary); spec. button.

2. gemmate (biol.). 3. disbud; spec, chit.

buff, n. orange, yellow; spec. Isabella, Isabel.

buffer, n. bumper; spec. fender, dolly, cushion.

buffer, v. t. cushion.

buffet, n. 1. cupboard, sideboard. 2. See EATING HOUSE, FOOTSTOOL.

buffoon, n. clown (chiefly spec.), merryandrew, fool, Jack-pudding (archaic), pleasant (obs), grotesque (rare), antic, pickle-herring (rare), merryman (rare), droll, harlequin, sany (orig spec.; rare or literary); spec. punch, punchinello, Scaramouch, pantaloon, jester, jackpudding, pierrot, Harlequin, mimic, mummer, mime, mimer, archimime, Goliard (historical), gracioso (Spanish).

buffoon, v. z. droll (literary or rare), harlequinade (rare), merry-andrew or merry-

andrewize (rare).

bufloonery, n. farce, clownery (chiefly spec.), foolery, harlequinade, drollery (literary or rare), merry-andrewism (rare), bufloonism, sanyism (orig. spec.; rare); spec. mimicry, mummery, Harlequinade, Antonyms: see DIGNITY.

buffoonish, a. clownish, buffoon, antic.

Antonyms: see DIGNIFIED.

bugbear, n. bug (obs. or archaic), bugaboo, scarecrow (fig. or spec.), boggard or boggart (rare); spec. fetish, mumbo-jumbo; see Bogy.

buggy, a. Spec. cimicine.

build, v. t. 1. erect, raise, rear, edify (rare), fabricate (rare or spec.), construct, big or bigg (Scot.); spec. mason, substruct, superstruct, reconstruct.

Antonyms' see ABATE, DESTROY.

2. See FRAME, BASE, ESTABLISH, CON-STRUCT, COMPOSE.

build, n. 1. See STRUCTURE.

2. Referring to a person: physique, set, set-up (collog.).

builder, n. architect (chiefly spec.), erector; spec. jerry-builder, carpenter, mason. building, n. 1. Referring to the operation: erection, fabric (now seel.), edification

Cross references see Note. brush, n : contest, fight. brush, n · brushwood, thicket, brushy: rough brusque: blunt, rough.

brutal: animal cruel, rough, course, sensual.
brute, a unreasoning, soulless, insensible, sensual, rough, un-

conscious,

brute, n · animal, beast flend, sensualist.

brutish: animal, beastlike, unreasoning, coarse, sensual, cruel,

huconnear: desperado, pirate. buok, n : deer, dondy. buok, n : ' jump buok, n : ' jump buok, n t, unhorse buoket, s t.. draw, drench, dries

bucket, r. 1 ? ride bucket, v. 1. rade budge, a 's more, preld-budge, a 'stif, pedantic. buffet, polish buffet, v. istriks, fight. buffet, v. istriks, fight. bug: sneed bugs boot bugbear, buster harm. bugle: horn. build, s. i.: rely.

(rare), architecture, construction, fabri-

cation (rare or spec.).

2. Referring to what is built: edifice (usually spec.), erection (formal), fabric, structure, construction; spec. substructure, superstructure, superstruction (rare), library, hall, rotunda, palace, chamber, camera, store, mansion, coe (local; mining) pavilion, cottage, hovel, factory, garage, shelter, court, etc.; see HOUSE. "Building" is commonly used only of an inclosed structure.

built, a. built-up, framed; spec. fabricated. bulb, n. 1. bud (contextual); spec. bulbil,

chive, clove.

2. Spec. tuber, corm.

bulb-shaped, a. bulbiform, bulbous, bulb-ed.

bulging-eyed, a. goggle-eyed.

bulk, n. stall.

bulk, n. 1. See SIZE, QUANTITY, BODY.

2. generality, body, mass, heft (colloq., U. S.), most (with "the"), staple, gross (obs. or archaic); spec. majority, many.

Antonyms: see MINORITY.

bulk, v. i. 1. swell, expand, loom; see swell.

2. See WEIGH.

bull, n. bovine (contextual); spec. michy (slang, Australia), bullock.

bullfighter, n. toreador (Spanish; esp. a mounted bullfighter); spec. banderillero (Spanish), picador.

bull's-eye, n. aim (contextual), center; spec. prick (obs.), blank, white, carton (cant).

bull-shaped, a. tauriform (tech. or learned).

bully, n. 1. intimidator, bounce (rare; colloq.), bouncer (rare; colloq.), hector, hectorer, brave (archaic), tiger (slang), bulldozer (colloq.).

Antonyms: see fawner.

2. See BLUSTERER.

bully, v. t. intimidate, overbear, bounce (rare; colloq.), hector, huff, browbeat, overbear, bulldoze, bullyrag; spec. bluff, outbully, haze (U. S.).

Antonyms: see COAX, CAJOLE.

bully, v. i. 1. intimidate, hector, bounce (colloq.), huff (colloq.), domineer (contextual), bulldoze.

Antonyms: see CRINGE, COAX.

2. See BLUSTER.

bulwark, n. 1. wall (contextual); spec. rampart, parapet, breakwater.

3. See SHELTER.

bumper, n. 1. brimmer; spec. cupful, glassful, bowlful.

2. See BUFFER, BOUNCER.

bunch, n. 1. See PROTUBERANCE.

2. cluster, bob (dial. or spec.); spec. bundle, fascicle, fasciculus, hand (of bananas), wisp, whisk; see TUFT.

3. See QUANTITY, GROUP.

bunchy, a. 1. bundled, fasciculate (tech.), fasciculated (tech.), clustery.

Antonyms: see SCATTERED.

2. See PROTUBERANT.

buncombe, n. 1. makebelieve (contextual), claptrap (contemptuous), talk (colloq.).

bundle, n. 1. package, pack, packet, parcel, truss (rare or spec.); spec. roll, fadge or fodge (tech. or dial.), fardel (archaic), brail, faggot, dossier (French), dufter (Anglo-Indian), fascine, sheaf, swag (Australia), book, peter (thieves' cant), bolt, bavin (obs. or dial., Eng.), bottle (now local Eng.), hand, bung (Eng.); see BUNCH.

2. See GROUP, QUANTITY.

bundle, v. t. 1. pack, packet, truss (archaic or spec.), parcel; spec. faggot, hamper (rare), crate, cask, sack, pug, bag,

bale.

2. See hasten.

bungle, v. t. & i. blunder (rare), boggle (colloq.), butcher (colloq.), tinker, foozle (slang or often cant and spec.); spec. muff; see BOTCH.

bunt, n. Referring to part of a flag or sail:

bag, belly, swell.

buoy, n. float (contextual); spec. dan, dolphin, nun, buoy, nut buoy, can buoy, spar buoy, bell buoy, etc.

buoyant, a. 1. floaty (colloq.).

2. Referring to the mind: resilient, elastic, corky (colloq.); see HOPEFUL.

Antonyms: see HOPELESS, DEPRESSED.

burden, n. 1. burthen (now chiefly archaic), load, weight, incubus (literary; chiefly spec.), cumber (literary), incumbrance or encumbrance, incumbency (rare; literary), tax (esp. excessive); spec. surcharge; see LOAD.

bulge, v. i.: protuberate, bag.
bulge, v. i.: protuberance.
bulging: protuberant.
bulkhead: partition, wall.
bulky: big.
bull, n.: blunder.
bull, v. t.: raise.
bulldoze: intimidate, bully.
bullet: ball, missile.
bullyrag: bully, tease.

bummer: loafer.
bump, v. t.: knock.
bump, n.: protuberance.
bumper: big.
bumpkin, n.: rustic.
bumptious: self-assertive.
bumpy: protuberant.
bunch, v. t.: gather.
bunch, v. i.: protuberate, gather.
bunco, v. t.: cheat.
bundle, v. i.: hasten.

bulwark: protect.

bung: stopper, vent.
bungle, n.: blunder.
bungling: botchy, awkward.
bunk, n.: bed.
bunk, v. i.: lodge.
bunker: bin, hazard.
bunko, v. t.: cheat.
bunt, n.: blight.
bunt, v. & n.: push, butt.
buoy: float.
bur: hull.
burden, n.: refrain.

1. In a legal sense onus, obligation, charge, weight, incumbency, cumbrance (rare); spec responsibility, tax

 Referring to what is mentally burdensome: incubus, weight, load, cumber (lit-

erary), cumbrance (rare).

. See CHARGE, CAPACITY. burden, v. t. 1. load, weight, cumber, encumber, charge (now chiefly fig or naut), lade (archaic), tax (esp. to burden oppressively), saddle (orig. spec.); see OVER-BURDEN; -all used also fig.

Antonyms see Lighten. . See OPPRESS, CHARGE.

burdensome, a. 1. heavy, onerous (formal or learned), oppressive, weighty, cumbersome;—all used also fig.

Antonyms see Light. 2. See OPPRESSIVE, TROUBLESOME.

bureau, n. 1. See OFFICE.

2. chest (of drawers); spec. tallboy, lowboy; see SECRETARY.

burgher, n. citizen, freeman.

burglar, n. housebreaker, cracksman (slang); spec. robber.

burglarise, v.t. burgle (humorous or collog). burglary, n. housebreaking, effraction

(rare); spec. robbery. burial, n. 1. interment, inhumation, entombment (orig spec.), deposition (chiefly eccl.), sepulture (formal or literary), sepelition (rare), tumulation (rare); spec. vi-

visepulture (rare). Antonyms: see disinterment.

3. See FUNERAL.

burial, a. 1. mortuary, sepulchral, sepultural (rare), tombic (rare).

2. See FUNERAL.

burlesque, a. Spec. Hudibrastic (fig.; literary), burlesque-heroic, mock-heroic, buffo, macaronic, parodic (rare); see comic. burlesque, n. 1. Referring to a literary composition: parody, travesty; caricature, paratragordia, mock-heroic, extravaganza, burletta.

Antonyms. see TRAGEDY.

2. See CARICATURE. burlesque, v. t. parody, travesty; spec caricature, buffoon, buffoonize.

burn, v. t. 1. consume (by fire), combust (obs. or jocular), oxidize (chem. or contextual), spec. carbonize, char, scorch, sear, deflagrate, cremate, cinder (rare), incinerate, kiln, incense, coal (rare), parch, brand, singe, conflagrate (rare), chark (rare), coke, broil, flame; see ROAST.

2. To injure by heat: spec. bluster, sear, scald, cauterise.

burn, t. t. 1. consume (contextual), oxidize (chem. or contextual); spec. flame, flash, glow, deflagrate, flicker, smoke, smother, rage (contextual), conflagrate (rare), flare, fizzle, smolder

2. Sec DESIRE, SHINE burning, a. 1. ardent (literary), live, liv-

ing; spec. glowing, affame (predicative), flaming, conflagrant (literary or learned), flamed (rare), red, raging (contextual), ustorious (rare),

Antonyms: see LIFELESS.

3. See ARDENT.

2. consuming, comburent (rare); speccaustic.

burning, n. consumption (with "of,"; contertual,, combustion, fire; spec. flaming, flashing, ustion (rare), eremacausis (rare). burnt, a. Spec. charred, incinerated, tor-rid, parched, etc., samel or sammen.

burr, n. ring (contextual); spec. rove, washer. burrow, v. z. dig, work; spec. earth, mole,

gopher, mine. burrow, n. 1. cuniculus (tech.), excavation (contextual); spec. mine, earth, wormcast.

2. See Lair.

burst, t break, bust (dial. or vulgar), disrupt (bookssh or literary: chiefly fig.), rend, rupture; spec shatter; see EXPLODE.

burst, v 1. 1. break, bust (dial. or vulgar), disrupt (bookish or literary; chiefly fig.), rend, rupture; spec inburst; see EXPLODE. 2. break, outburst, outbreak; spec. gush, outblaze (often fig.), effervesce, sally, flash,

explode, outflame; see START.

buest, n. 1. break, rupture, disruption (bookish or literary; chiefly fig.), bust (dial. or vulgar); spec. eruption; see EXPLOSION. 2. breaking, outburst, outbreak; spec. explosion, implosion, outblase, gush, sally, flash, effervescence, spurt.

3. See EFFORT, RUN.

bursting, a. d.sruptive, rending; spec. eruptive, erumpent (rare); see EXPLOSIVE. bury, v. t. 1. inter, inhume, inhumate, sepulcher (rare or spec.), ensepulcher (rare), sepulture (formal or literary); spec. entomb, mearth (chiefly poetic), earth (poetic or rhetorical), urn, inurn, tumulate (rare), tomb (rare), grave (archaic), mold (rare), immure, hearse.

Antonyms see DISINTER.

2. Spec. cache

3. See COVER, SUBMERGE, IGNORE, FOR-GET, ABSORB.

bury, n. Spec. camp (dial.), pie, pit, clamp, cache.

bush, n. 1. shrub, scrog (chiefly Scot), tod (archaic or dial.), cop (dial.); spec. bushlet.

Cross references see Note. bureauerst: officer burgeon, n. bud

burgeon, c 1 germinate burgh: town burial place: grave, cemetery burn, a brook burnish: polish burr: hell.

BYWORD

2. See BRUSHWOOD.

bushing, n. bearing (contextual), coak, bush, bouche, thimble.

bushlike, a. dumose (rare), dumetose

(rare).

bushy, a. brushy, dumose (rare), dumetose (rare), scroggy (chiefly Scot.), bosky, busky, thick (contextual); spec. shrubby, scrubby.

2. See ROUGH.

business, n. 1. See task, work, relation, office, traffic, industry, errand, duty, concern, affair.

2. occupation, employment, vocation, avocation (common in good writers in this sense, but as so used avoided by many as unfortunately destroying the useful distinction between "vocation" and "avocation"), pursuit, calling, profession (chiefly spec.), mystery (archaic), trade (chiefly spec.), faculty (archaic or hist.), shop (chiefly in "to talk shop"; colloq.), craft (chiefly spec.) Antonyms: see DIVERSION.

business, a. commercial, industrial.

buskin, n. 1. shoe (contextual), half-boot (contextual), cothurnus.

2. See TRAGEDY.

bustle, v. i. 1. fluster, flutter, flurry, hustle (colloq.), rustle (colloq., U.S.), clutter, stir.
Antonyms: see GLIDE, SIT, IDLE, DAWDLE.

bustle, n. action (contextual), fluster, flurry, flutter, stir, to-do, commotion, fuss, tumult, rustle (colloq., U. S.), hustle (colloq.).

Antonyms: see LEISURE, DELIBERATION, IDLENESS.

bustling, a. rushing, hurried, tumultuous, humming, rustling (colloq., U.S.).

Antonyms: see LEISURELY, IDLE, DE-LIBERATE.

busybody, n. meddler, quidnunc (literary; contemptuous), pry (rare), Paul Pry (fig.), numquid (rare), pragmatist (rare), pragmatic (rare); spec. snoop; see GOSSIP.

but, prep., adv., & conj. 1. See EXCEPT.

2. however, howbeit (archaic), yet, still, moreover, nevertheless, natheless or nathless (archaic), howsomever (dial. or vulgar), howsoever (archaic), notwithstanding (emphatic).

butcher, v. t. 1. slaughter.

2. See MURDER, SPOIL, BUNGLE, MANGLE. butcherly, a. 1. carnificial (learned or affected).

2. See CRUEL.

butt, n. 1. See STOCK, AIM, OBJECT.

2. laughing-stock, byword, make-game (rare), target, sport, mockery, mock, laughter (rare), joke.

2. push, bunt, thrust, buck (colloq. or

dial.).

butterless, a. dry (toast).

buttery, a. butterish (rare), butyraceous

(tech.), butyrous (rare and tech.).

teriors (pl.), butt (colloq. and vulgar, exc. spec.), behind (colloq. or vulgar), fundament (chiefly tech.), nates (pl.; tech.), breech, bottom (colloq.), seat, tail (dial. or vulgar), stern (colloq.), doup (Scot.), podex (tech.), back (contextual); spec. cushions (pl.).

buttony, a. knoblike, bossy, buttonlike, umbonal (tech.), umbonate (tech.), um-

bonic (rare).

buttress, n. support (contextual), brace (contextual); spec. flying-buttress, aroboutant (French), counterpart.

buttress, v. t. support, prop, brace;—all

three contextual.

buy, v. t. purchase, chap (dial.), coff (archaic, Scot.), take (contextual; chiefly spec.); spec. preëmpt, ransom, repurchase, redeem, rebuy, discount; see BRIBE.

Antonyms: see SELL, HIRE, GRANT.

buy, n. purchase, cheap (obs.), bargain (now spec.).

buying, n. purchase, emption (chiefly law); spec. preëmption, redemption, coemption.

Antonyms: see SALE.

by, prep. & adv. 1. near, beside, besides (less usual than "beside"), to.

2. along, over, through, per (Latin); spec. past.

3. See at, after.

4. beside (in comparison).

5. per (Latin), with, of, forby (archaic); spec. thereby, therewith, thereof, hereby, herewith, etc.

by-bidder, n. straw bidder, Peter Funk (U. S.).

bye, n. 1. See ASIDE.

2. In games: spec. run, goal, hole.

bystander, n. Spec. spectator, witness. byway, n. sideway (rare); spec. bypath, byroad, sidepath, lane.

byword, n. 1. See SAYING, TALK, NICK-NAME.

2. proverb (word of reproach).

buskined: tragic.
busky: bushy. [dlesome.
busy, a.: active, occupied, medbusy, v. t.: occupy.
butcher, n.: slaughterer.
butchery: slaughter, slaughterhouse.

butlery: pantry.
butt: cask.
buttery: pantry. [dant.
buttons: servant, page, attenbuyable: purchasable.
buxom: plump.
buzz, v. i.: hum, ring.
buzz, n.: hum, humming.

buzzard: hawk.
bygone: past.
byname: name.
bypath: byway.
byplay: aside.
by-product: product.
byroad: byway.
by-talk: gossip.

cabinet, n. 1. room; spec. boudoir, 2. case, slip (obs.); spec. étagère (French), vargueno (Spanish); see CHEST.

2. See council.
cache, v. t. bury, hide, store.
cackle, v. i. 1. Spec. clack, check, gabble, gaggle, keckle.

1. See LAUGH, BABBLE, CHATTER.

excephonous, a. ill-sounding; spec. harsh, raucous. "Cacophonous" is rare, learned, or pedantic.

cad, n. 1. see ATTENDANT

3. In the sense of "a vulgar fellow": cocktail (slang, Eng.), snob (chiefly English). cadet, n. son (contextual), chevalier (hist.), spec duniwassal (Scot.).

omsura, n. In rhetoric: break, pause,

lengthening; spec comma. cage, n. aviary (contextual); spec. mew. exiole, v. t. flatter, palaver (rare, chiefly with "ever"), wheedle, tweedle (rare), carry or carney (dial. or colloq. Eng.), jolly (collog.), cog (obs. or archaic), inveigle, blandish.

Antonyma: SCS BULLY, INTIMIDATE, COMPEL.

cajole, v. i. flatter, palaver, carny or

carney (dial, or collog Eng.). cajolery, n flattery, cajolement (rare), wheedling, blandishment, palaver, jollying (colloq.).

Antonyms see COMPULSION.

cake, n. mass (contextual); spec. brick, block, floe (of ice).

cake, v. i. bake, harden; spec. plaster, crust, encrust.

calamitous, n. distressing, troublesome, miserable, unhappy, disastrous, catastrophic, sad.

calamity, n. 1. trouble, distress, misfortune, misery, unhappiness, affliction. Antonyms: see happiness, pleasure.

2. Referring to an instance of what is colomitous: trouble, misfortune, misery, distress, disaster, catastrophe, blow, scourge, curse; spec. fatality. Antonyms: see GOOD.

calculating, a. calculative, scheming, politic, designing.

Antonyme. see artless.

calculous, a. gritty, stony.

calculus, n. concretion; spec. cystolith, dacryolith, gravel, sand, gastrolith, crab's-eye, stone, bezoar.

calendar, n. 1. almanac, rubric (rare) calends (pl.; rare); spec. clog (hist.), fasti (pl.), menology, kalendar (eccl. var).

3. list; spec. docket.

calendar, v. t. press (contextual); spec. water.

call, n. Referring to part of the leg; no syns. The adjective is sural (tech)

call, n. 1. bovine (contextual), offspring (contextual); spec. maverick (U. S.), dogie (Western U. S.), slink. The adjective for calf is vittine (tech.).

See CLOWN.

caliber, n. 1. diameter, bore.

2. See ability, importance, quality. calibrate, v. t. measure, graduate; spec. rectify.

call, v. f. 1. See NAME, UTTER, SUMMON, PROCLAIM, HAIL, ELICIT, INVOKE, CON-BIDER, ENCORE, EVOKE, CONVOKE, ROUSE. 2. In a legal sense summon (as from a lower court), evoke (rare), evocate (rare).

call, v. z. cry (contextual); spec. coo, hoot, shout, yell, toot, neigh, whisper, speak, cooee or cooey (Australia).
call, n. 1. Spec. tally-ho, fanfare, ho, re-

cheat (archaic), coo, coop, cooce or cooey (Australia), cluck, whiatle, roll call, note, yell, shout, whisper, trumpet, taps, reveille. etc.; see hall, crt.

2. Spec summons, convocation, appeal, demand, duty, need, invitation, visit.

 Spec. buzzer, bell, horn, annunciator. callous, c. 1. hard, hardened, indurated; -all three contextual.

3. See insensible.

callous, v. f. harden, indurate.

calm, a. 1. In a physical sense: undis-turbed, tranquil, reposeful, smooth, serene, imperturbed (rare), unperturbed (rare), halcyon (days, etc.; poetic or elevated), still, quiet, placid, peaceful, pa-cific (rare, exc. in "Pacific Ocean"), unruffled, calmy (archaic and poetic), untroubled.

Antonyms' see BOISTEROUS, BOUGH, AGITATED, STORMY, CLAMOROUS.

2. In a mental sense: undisturbed, un-

Cross references nee Note.
cabal, v. v. vntrugus.
cabal, n. intrugus, ad.
cabala: mysticism. cabalist: mystic cable: rope, conductor, message. cablegram: message caboose: cookroom, car eschet: brand, seal. escoph encus: karsh, discordant.

cadaverous: pale. cadence: rhythm, fall, modulation. cadent: rhythmical. caduceus: staff.
Contar: autocrat.
cafe: eating house.
cage, v t confine. calrn: heap calison: box.
caltif. a contemptible, mean.
caltif. n : wretch.
calash: hood.

calcity: petrify calculate: compute, discover, think, expect, intend calculate, v v rely. caliginous: dark
caliper, r t measure.
calipers: compasses calisthenies: gymnastics. called: named calligraphy: handwrsting. callow: featherless, inexperi-enced, immature.

CANTANKEROUS

ruffled, quiet, tranquil, phlegmatic, sober, cool, philosophical, composed. reposeful, pacific (rare), placid, impassive, unpassionate, equanimous (rare), marble (fig.), marbly (fig.), imperturbable, unperturbed, imperturbed, sedate, serene, recollected (rare), untroubled, douce (Scot.), reposeful, canny (Scot.); see SELF-CONTROLLED, PEACEFUL, UNIMPASSIONED, UNEXCITABLE.

Antonyms: see uneasy, agitated, excited, raging, ecstatic, irascible, anxious, confused, etc.

calm, n. 1. In a physical sense: tranquility, quiet, quietness, rest, smoothness, repose, serenity, serene (rare), serenitude (rare), calmness, stillness, placidity, peace, peacefulness; spec. doldrums (pl.).

Antonyms: see ACTIVITY, OUTCRY, NOISE, AGITATION, etc.

2. In a mental sense: composure, repose, equanimity (formal), temper (chiefly in "to lose one's temper," "to keep one's temper," or the like), tranquillity, quiet, calmness, composure, serenity, serenitude (rare), serene (rare), impassiveness, sobriety, sedateness, soberness, placidity, reposedness (rare), poise, quietude (rare), quietism (rare), imperturbation (rare); spec. countenance, indisturbance (rare); see SELF-CONTROL.

Antonyms: see ACTIVITY, AGITATION, COMMOTION, EXCITEMENT, ECSTABY, DISTURBANCE, etc.

calm, v. t. 1. See STILL.

2. smooth, settle, still, soothe, sedate (rare), quiet, tranquilize, compose, pacify, (rare), hush, serene (rare), allay, ease (mentally), salve (the conscience); spec. disfever (rare), becalm, lull, lullaby; see COOL. Antonyms: see ROUSE, ANNOY, AGITATE,

calmative, a. calming, quieting, soothing, tranquilizing, etc., quietive (rare); spec. dulcet, balmy, lulling. "Calmative" is less usual and more formal than "calming."

Antonyms: see Annoying, agitating, Disturbing, Exciting, Irritating.

calming, n. subsidence.

camp, n. encampment, cantonment (mil.), leaguer (rare or hist.); spec. bivouac, roundabout (rare), douar or dowar (Oriental), laager (So. Africa).

camp, v. i. encamp; spec. bivouac, tent, laager (So. Africa), maroon (So. U. S.), outspan (So. Africa).

Antonyms: see DECAMP. camp, a. castrensian (rare).

campaign, v. i. Spec. crusade, electioneer. can, n. Spec. cup, tin (Eng.), glass.

cancel, v. t. 1. deface (contextual), damask (obs. or tech., Eng.); spec. obliterate, blot, cross, overscore (rare); see DELETE.

2. See ABOLISH, REVOKE, COUNTERACT. cancellate, a. reticular, reticulate, reticulated, cancellous;—all tech. or learned.

candidacy, n. candidateship, candidature. candidate, n. Spec. (eccl.), confirmand, probationer, licentiate, competent.

candidate, v. i. sit; spec. run.

candie, n. Spec. taper (obsolesc.), planet (cant), paschal, bougie (French), cierge (French), dip, pastil.

candiestick, n. ceroferary (rare), candelabrum (antiq. or eccl.), chandelier (chiefly spec.); spec. sconce, tricerion, dicerion, paschal, torchère (French), standard, girondole.

canine, a. doggy (rare; a weak term), canicular (rare or phrasal); spec. houndy, currish, houndish, doggish.

canine, n. 1. See DOG.

2. tooth (contextual), cuspid, laniary (rare). cannibal, n. man-eater, anthropophagite (rare), anthropophagist (rare), anthropophagi (pl.); spec. ogre, ogress.

cannibal, a. anthropophagous (learned), anthropophagic (rare), anthropophagian (rare; humorously stilted), hominivorous (rare); spec. ogreish, ogrish, Thyestean, (fig.), necrophagous.

cannonade, v. t. cannon (rare); spec. bomb, bombard, shell.

cannonading, n. cannonry; spec. bombarding, drumfire.

cannoneer, n. artilleryman, gunner; spec. mitrailleur (French).

cannonry, n. 1. See CANNONADING.

2. artillery, guns (pl.), cannon (a collective).

canonize, v. t. saint, besaint (contemptuous).

canopy, n. cover (contextual); spec. tester, tilt, parasol, dome, heaven, hood, majesty (hist.), pavilion, cope, ciel (French), howdah, coverture (rare).

cant, n. 1. pretense, hypocrisy; spec. and contemptuous snivel, whine.

2. See JARGON.

cant, v. i. Spec. snivel, whine;—both contemptuous.

Cross references: see Note. calumniate: defame. calumny: defamation. campaign, n.: movement. campanular: bell-shaped canal: channel.

canal: channel. canard: report. candent: glowing. candid: frank.
canker, v. t.: corrupt.
cankerous: ulcerous, consum-

cannon, v. i.: carom, cannonade. canny: shrewd, calm.

canon: valley.

canon: rule, standard.

canonical: orthodox.
cant, v. i.: snivel, whine.
cant, n.: slope, bevel, inclination.
cant, v. t.: incline.

cant, v. t.: incline. cant, v. i.: slope.

cantankerous: ill-lempered, perverse.

canter, n. tittup (chiefly dial. or humorous); see GAIT.

canter, v. 1. go (contextual), drive (contextual), tittup (chiefly dial. or humorous).
canvas, n. 1. fabric (contextual), cloth (contextual); spec. scrim, tarpaulin, poldavy, burlap.

2. See PAINTING, BAIL, TENT.

canvass, v. t. 1. See EXAMINE, DISCUSS, PEDDLE.

3. solicit, campaign, electioneer.

canvass, v. i. solicit.

cap. n. i. hat (contextual); spec. glengarry, fool's-cap, chaco, coif, busby, caul (hist.), coxcomb, buretts or beret or berret, biggin (Scot.), calotte, calpac (Turkish), tamo'-shanter, tuque, fez, pileus (antiq.), tarboosh, kepi, mortarboard, succhetto (Italian), Phrygian cap (the cap of liberty).

2. See TOP.

enpable, a 1. See ABLE.
2. susceptible, admitting.

capacity, n. i. See ability, qualifica-

 Referring to capacity to bear or holdcontent, burden (naut), retention (rare).
 caparison, v. t. trap, accounter (contextual)
 caparisoned, a. barbed or barded (said of a horse).

cape, n. Spec. pelerine, bertha, vandyke, talma, tippet, capa (Italian), fichu (French).

caper, n. 1. jump (contextual), leap (contextual), prance, skip, gambol, capriccio (Italian), caracole, gambade or gambado, romp, frisk.

2. play, jump, antic, jape, prank, dido (slang or colloq., U. S.), conceit, trick,

escapade; see FROLIC.

caper, t. i. 1. jump (contextual), leap (contextual), gambol, frisk, prance (colloq.), gambado (luterary), prank (rare), skip, skit (rare), caracol; see FROLIC.

2. See PRANCE.

capital, a. 1. metropolitan.

2. See PATAL, CHIEF, IMPORTANT, FINE.
2. Referring to letters: great (chiefly spec.);
spec. initial.

capital, n. 1. metropolis, seat.
2. Spec. stock, principal

capitol, 7. statehouse (U.S.)

caprice, n. 2. whim, freak, notion, conceit, fantasy, phantasy, fancy, humor, quip, quirk, vagary, crotchet, fantasticality (rare), whimsicality (rare), whimsy, crank,

turn, maggot (now rare), kink, frisk (rare).

Antonyms: see OPINION, CONVICTION.

2. See Capriciousness.

capricious, a whimsical, freakish, freaky, humorsome, fanciful, fantastical, fickle, crotchety, variable, arbitrary, changeable, erratic, fantastic, fantastic (rare), whimsy (rare), whimmy (colloq.), vagarious (rare), wayward, notional, puckish (fig. or spec.), moony (colloq).

Antonyms: see CONSTANT.

capriciousness, n. caprice, fantasticality, fantasy, phantasy, fantasticalness, whimsicality, whimsicalness, humor, notionality.

Andonyms: see CONSTANCY.

captain, n. 1. See CHIEF, COMMANDER.

2. In nautical usage, master, commander (often spec.), skipper (chiefly spec.); spec. nakhoda (East Indian), reis or rais (Arabic), ressaldar (India), rittmaster (rare), patron (rare), patron (rare), serang (Anglo-Indian), coaster.

captious, a 1. catchy (colloq.), entangling, sophistic, fallacious.

3. See CAVILING, FAULTFINDING.

captivate, v. t. captive (archaic), enthrall, enslave, fascinate, catch (chiefly colloq), charm, enchant, bewitch, fetch (now colloq.), infatuate; spec. sirenize; see PLEASE.

Antonyms: see REPEL.

captivated, a. infatuated, fascinated, charmed, etc., captive.

captivating, a. pleasant (contextual), infatuating, enchanting, charming, bewitching, witching.

Antonyma: see REPELLENT.

eaptivation, n.1. captivity (rare or archaic), enthrallment, enalavement, fascination, charm, glamour, enchantment, witchery, bewitchment, bewitching, servitude.

2. See SLAVERY.

capture, v. t. 1. seize (contextual), take, get (chiefly colloq. or contextual), apprehend (learned), captivate (archair), captive (archair), catch; spec. grab (colloq.), arrest, collar (colloq.), prize, reduce (a place), recapture, retake, incaptivate (rare), jump (checkers), castle (chess), bag (hunting).

Antonyma: see FREE.

2. take (as a fort); spec. rush, force.
Autonyms: see Surrender.

Cross references see Note.
cantilever: bracket
cantie: piece, sikee
canton, p. t divide
canton, m district
cantonment, n. comp, quarters,
cantrip; frohe
canvasser: solicitor

emp, v t cover, overlie, crown, surpass top, capacious: roomy, capacison: trapping, capo: headland capillary: filamentous, capital, n top

capitulate: surrender capitulation: surrender, summary capsize, v. overturn. capitve, n: prisoner. capitvity: confinement, captaton. captor: capturer

capitalist: financier

capture, n. 1. seizure, taking, catching, apprehension (learned); spec. arrest, reduction, prize.

Antonyms: see FREEING.

2. In a concrete sense: prize, bag.

capturer, n. captor, taker, apprehender (learned), etc.

car, n 1. See VEHICLE.

2. Referring to railroad cars: spec. carriage, pullman, trolley, tram (Eng), tramcar (Eng), smoker (U.S.), empty, gondola, box, van (Eng), sleeper, coach, flat, goods wagon (Eng.), caboose, cab.

 Referring to a balloon: spec. nacelle, basket, gondola.

4. In an elevator: spec. cage.

caravan, n. 1. company (contextual), cafila er kafila (Oriental).

2. See VAN.

carbonaceous, a. Spec. coaly, charry, plumbaginous.

carbonize, v. t. burn (contextual); spec. char, coke.

card, n 1. Spec. ticket, carte-de-visite

(French), carte, rose.

2. Referring to playing cards: pasteboard (collog. or cant), Devil's picture books (obs or rare; pl); spec. court card, discard, tarot (French).

care, n 1. cark (archaic), solicitude, con-cern, concernment, carefulness, reck (poctic), distress; see TROUBLE, ANXIETY.

Antonyma see Carelessness, Happi-

NESS

2. charge, guardianship, ward (literary or formal), custody, keep, keeping, safe-keeping, protection, trust (rare), guardship (rare); spec. commendam; see over-SIGHT.

heed, thought, heedfulness, vigilance, attention, caution, gingerliness, concern, consideration, precaution, guardedness, wariness, regard, reck (poetic), particularity, niceness, notice, pains (pl.), painstaking; see PRUDENCE.

Antonyms: see CARELESSNESS, NEGLI-GENCE, IMPRUDENCE, RECKLESSNESS,

RASHNESS

4. Referring to that which causes care responsibility, anxiety, concern; TROUBLE.

onre, v i. 1. In the sense of "to concern oneself": cark (archaic), reck (poetic). 2. heed, notice, consider, think (con-textual); see ATTEND.

eareful, a. 1. carking (archaic), solicitous, solicitudinous (rare), concerned; spec. meticulous; see ANXIOUS, TROUBLED.

"Careful" is now archaic in this sense.

beedful, attentive, considerate, conscientious, regardful, mindful, respective (rare, thoughtful, close (chiefly spec.), nice, diligent, painstaking, painful, curious (archave), near (chiefly spec.), searching, particular, precise.

Antonyms' see NEGLECTFUL, UNOBSERV-

3. cautious, precautious (rare), cautelous (archaic), prudent, circumspect, gingerly, leery (slang), vigilant, watchful, wary, chary (chiefly spec.), guarded, safe, shy, guardful (rare), canny (Scot; archaw), circumspective (rare); spec. noncommit-

Antonyms. see CARELESS, IMPRUDENT. NEGLIGENT, UNRESTRAINED, RECKLESS,

RASH, VENTURESOME.

careless, a. 1. unanxious, unconcerned, untroubled, unapprehensive, easy, free, blithe or blithesome (nearly equal to "happy" in sense; literary), easy (rare), secure (literary), cavalier, supune (chiefly spec.), inconsiderate, incurious (archaic), worriless (rare), poco-curante (Italian), insouciant (French), nonchalant; see 1M-PRUDENT, INDIFFERENT.

Antonyms: see ANXIOUS.

2. heedless, inattentive, inconsiderate, disregardful, harebrained, regardless, thoughtless, unthinking, unmindful, improvident (chiefly spec.), imprudent, neglectful, negligent, uncareful (rare), mind-less, incogitant (rare), unheedful, unwary, slovenly, unguarded, cursory, casual, unheedy (rare), incurious (archaic), unobservant, inobservant, incautious, uncareful (rare), unattentive (rare); spec.

offhand, rash, slack; see RECKLESS.

Antonyms: see WATCHFUL, CAREFUL, CONSCIENTIOUS, PRUDENT, VIGILANT.

carelessness, n. unconcern, ease, security, nonchalance, etc. Cf. CARELESS.

Antonyma. see CARE, CONSIDERATION. caress, v. t. fondle, cherish (archaic), daut (Scot), coddle (chiefly with a suggestion of excess), coax (archase), pet; spec. touch, stroke, lap, pat, kiss, bill, hug, dandle, dander (dial. Eng.), cuddle, overfondle; see K188.

Antonyms: see BEAT, ABUSE, ILL-TREAT. caress, n. fondle (rare); spec. touch, stroke, pat, kiss, hug, dandle.

Antonyma: see BLOW.

caressing, n fondling, dalliance (literary), cherishment (rare), cherishing (rare).

Cross references: see Note. onracole: turn, caper. carcase: body cardboard: pastsboard.

cardine: stimulating cardinal, a chief cardinal, a prin careen: incline

CRECET, 71. FORM. CONTROL oareworn: weary. ourgo: load

caricature, n. 1. See BURLESQUE.

3. misrepresentation (contextual), misdescription (chiefly spec.), burlesque, travesty, parody; spec. cartoon.

carnival, n. merrymaking, festival, revel-

ry; spec. Mardigras.

carnivorous, a. flesh-eating, sarcophagous (rare), zoophagous (rare); spec. equivorous (rare), ichthyophagous, omophagous, necrophagous, predaceous, cannibal.

carol, n. song, lay; spec. noël. carom, n. shot (contextual), cannon (chiefly Eng), carambole (rare).

carom, v. z. rebound, cannon (chiefly

Eng); spec. glance. cazom, v. t. Spec. bank.

carouse, n. carousal, orgy, debauch, racket (slang), jamboree (slang, U. S.), spree (collog.), bat (slang), bout, bust or buster (slang), rouse (archaic), fuddle (slang or collog), rantan (slang; rare), wassail (archaw), toot (slang, U.S.), bouse or boose or (collog.), booze, drunk (slang), soak (slang), tear (slang, U. S.), saturnalia (pl.; some-times used as a sing), bacchandia (pl.). carouse, v. i, rant (rare), debauch, bum (vulgar slang), drink (contextual), spree (colloq.), bouse (rare), or boose or (colloq.)

carriage, n. 1. See TRANSPORTATION, BE-

HAVIOR, VEHICLE.

2. bearing, mien, air, poise, port, port-ance (archaic), behavior, conduct, demeanor, presence, front, gest (archaic), personage; spec. gait, walk, run, step, tournure (French), elevation, lift.

carriage house, remise (rare), hangar (French; chiefly spec.), coach house.

carrion, n. flesh (contextual); see OFFAL. carry, v. t. 1. See transport, extend, pro-LONG, SUPPORT, BEHAVE, CONDUCT, AF-FORD.

2. Referring to news, messages, informa-tion, etc.: communicate, transmit, bear, take, bring, convey.

8. hold (as the head, oneself, etc.), bear (oneself); spec. port (mil.).

4. keep (as in stock), hold, have,

carry, v. i. Referring to a gun, etc.: reach,

carry, n. Spec. portage.

cartilaginous, a. gristly, chondric (rare). carve, v. i. 1. See CUT, CHISEL, ENGRAVE, BCULPTURE.

 Referring to carving at the table: out; spec. (all obs. or rare) mince, lift, flush, display, disfigure, unjoint.

case, n. 1. Spec (in grammar) genitive, accusative, nominative, dative, ablative, objective, vocative.

3. See Example, STATE, PATIENT, ACTION, CHARACTER.

case, n. 1. receptacle (contextual), holder (contextual), container (contextual; cant), casing; spec. box, chest, cabinet, drawer, bag, value, sheath, scabbard, cartouche, canister, shell, cellaret, burse, chasse (French), shrine, pyx, étui (French), quiver, holster, housewife, hackle, hutch, coffer, crate, cartridge, portfolio; see CAB-INET, CABRET.

2. covering, cover; spec. sheath, skin, hull, cocoon, shell, carpet, etc.

case, v. t. cover (contextual), incase; spec. bag, sheathe, crate; see BOX.

cash, n. money; spec, coin, chink (slang), brass (slang), silver, gold, rowdy (slang), dust (slang), paper.

cash, v. t. encash (rare); spec. realize. cask, n. receptacle (contextual), barrel container (contextual; cant), stand (chiefly obs. and spec.); spec. cade, caroteel, butt, keg, tierce, hogshead, firkin, castrel, puncheon, pipe, tun, kilderkin.

easket, n. receptacle (contextual), box (contextual), case, pyx or pyxis (rare or spec.); spec. reliquary, reliquaire (French),

coffin.

cast, v. l. 1. See THROW, PROJECT, VOMIT, OVERTURN, ABORT, REJECT, REMOVE, SHED, PUT, ADD, APPOINT, PREDICT.

3. run, found; spec. recast.

oastellan, n. governor (contextual), keeper (contextual), chastelain

caster, n. 1. roller (contextual), trundle, truckle (rare), wheel (contextual).

3. See BOTTLE.

casting, n. founding, cast; spec. run,

castrate, v. t. geld (chiefly tech. referring to the male); spec. cut, spay (the female), emasculate (chiefly fig.), evirate (referring to the male, rare), steer (a male calf, rare), unman (a man), capon or caponize (a cock), eunuchize (rare), twitch (a beast). castrated, a. gelt, gelded.

casually, adv. happy-go-lucky, haphazard,

hitty-missy (rare or dial.).

Cross references see Note. caricature, p. t.: burlesque. carina: ridge. earlous: decomposed.

cark, n care
cark, v t. trouble
carnage: slaughter.
carnal: boddy, worldly, sensual.

carol, n. mng

carousal: carouse, tournament. carp. v. i. card. carping, a: faultinding. carte: card carton: pasteboard, box, bull's-cyr, and cartoon, n: design, cariculure. cartoon, v: burlesque, cartouche: box, tablet, ecroll.

carving: engraving, sculpture, cascade: waterfall, casement: saxh, window, cashler, v. t. discharge easing: cover, case, covering, cast, n · exursum castaway: abandoned. castigate: punish, reprove. castigatory: punifiee.

CAUTIOUS

casualty, n. 1. See CHANCE.

2. In pl.; mil.: losses.

cat, n. feline (tech. or learned), Baudrons (Scottish; a proper name, like "Reynard" for the fox), puss (chiefly a call name), pussy (chiefly a pet name), miauler (fanciful), grimalkin (chiefly spec.), gib (familiar; chiefly spec.); spec. mouser, rumpy (colloq.), tortoiseshell, tomcat (male), tommy (male; colloq.), tabby, kit, kitten, bobcat, kitty (a pet name), kitling (dial.), catling, maltese, Angora.

catalogue, n. list; spec. didascaly, index,

sanctilogy, beadroll.

catalogue, v. t. Spec. list, index.

catastrophe, n. 1. cataclysm, convulsion; spec. debacle, débacle (French), upheaval, paroxysm.

3. ending, dénoûment (French).
Antonyms: see BEGINNING.

8. See CALAMITY.

catastrophic, a. 1. convulsionary, cataclysmic, paroxysmal (rare).

2. See CALAMITOUS.

catch, v. t. 1. take, seize, nab (slang or colloq.); spec. nick (slang), entoil (archaic), land, net, mesh, dredge, lime, gill, ginnle, hook, illaqueate (rare), grin (archaic), noose, guddle, entangle, enmesh, snap, snare or (emphatic) ensnare, trawl, trap or (emphatic) entrap, drag; see SEIZE, CAPTURE, TRAP.

Antonyms: see free, throw.

2. attract (the attention, fancy, etc.), engage, take, arrest, smite (rhetorical.), hit (colloq.); see CAPTIVATE.

8. Referring to a cold, disease, etc.: con-

tract, take, get.

4. Referring to chastisement, reproof, etc.: receive, get.

5. get (as a train), make, nick (slang,

Eng.).
6. trip (in a fault), nick (slang., Eng.).
7. See OVERTAKE, DISCOVER, RECEIVE, FASTEN, UNDERSTAND, PERCEIVE, HEAR, PHOTOGRAPH.

catch, v. i. 1. seize, hold; spec. hitch.

2. See KINDLE, GASP.

catch, n. 1. seize, seizure, hold; spec. grasp, grab, snatch, etc.

Antonyms: see MISS.

2. Spec. trigger, trap, detent, click, dog, latch, barb, buckle, snap, fence, pallet, pawl.

3. Thing or amount caught: spec. take, net, fare, trip, trap, draft, haul, shot, field, fly.

4. See ROUND.

cataplasm: poultice.

catching, a. inoculable, contagious, communicable, taking (chiefly U. S.), infectious; spec. pestilential, pestiferous, noxious.

cathartic, a. laxative, physic, purgative, purging, aperient, evacuatory, eccoproctic (mild; rare), eccritic (rare), deobstruent (tech.), alviducous (rare), deoppilent (rare or obs.), lapactic (rare).

Antonyms: see Constipating.

cathartic, n. laxative, physic, purgative, purge, aperient, dejector (rare), eccoproctic (rare), evacuant.

cathedra, n. seat, chair, throne, see (ar-

chaic).

cathedral, n. duomo (Italian); spec. secondary.

catholic, a. 1. See GENERAL, LIBERAL.

2. [cap.] Short for "Roman Catholic": Roman, Romish (chiefly in derogation), Popish (used only in derogation).

Catholicize, v. t. Romanize.

cattle, a. 1. In a general sense: see STOCK.

2. Referring to bovines: beeves (pl.), neat (archaic; a collective); spec. (pl.) red-polls, shorthorns, Lancashires, Jerseys, Hol-

cattle raising: boviculture (affected). causable, a. inducible, producible causal, a. 1. Spec. creational.

2. See CAUSATIVE.

causative, a. inductive, inducive (rare), productive, causal (rare), creative (chiefly

spec.), generative.

cause, v. t. produce, effect, effectuate (rare), gar (Scot.), make, have, do (obs.), germinate (fig. or spec.), keep (rare; equiv. to "keep up"), inchoate (rare), provoke, originate, let (archaic or phrasal), create, generate, occasion, breed, bring, raise, work; spec. necessitate, bear, will, induce, superinduce; see EXCITE, FORM.

Antonyms: see PREVENT.

cause, n. 1. principle (tech. or literary), origin, producer (rare), wherefore (colloq.), inducement, occasion; see MOTIVE, REASON.

Antonyms: see RESULT.

3. See ACTION, SIDE.

caustic, a. 1. burning, escharotic (tech.); spec. catheretic.

2. In mathematics: spec. catacaustic, diacaustic.

3. See ACRID, ACRIMONIOUS.

caustic, n. 1. escharotic (tech.), cauter, cautery; spec. catheretic, moxa.

2. Spec. catacaustic, diacaustic.

casuistry: prevarication.
cataclysm: catastrophe, upheaval.

cataract: waterfall, deluge. catchy: attractive, deceptive. catechize, v. t.: teach, question. categorical: dogmatic. cater: provide. causeless: groundless.
caution, n.: warning, care.
caution, v. t.: warn.
cautionary: warning.
cautious: careful.

cavalry, n. soldiery (contextual), horse; spec. uhlan; in the British Army. Yeomanry, Life Guards, Horse Guards, Dragoon Guards, Dragoons, Hussars, Lancers.

cavalryman, n. soldier (contextual), horseman, troop, plunger (mil. slang); spec. horse guard, heavy, roughrider, reiter (hist.), dragoon, silladar (Anglo-Indian), cuirassier, hussar, matross (hist., U.S.), cossack

cave, n recess, cavern, den (chiefly spec); spec. grotto, grot (poetie), nymphæum, Lupercal (rare; antiq.).

eave-dweller, n. caveman, troglodyte

(tech.).

oave-dwelling, a. cavernicolous (rare), troglodyte (tech.), speluncous (rare)
cavil, n. criticism (contextual), carping;

spec wrangle.

cavil, v. 1 except (contextual), carp, nibble, haggle (chiefly spec), higgle (chiefly spec.), stickle; spec. quarrel, wrangle.

caviling, a critical (contextual), captious, hairsplitting, carping, exceptive (rare), exceptious (rare); spec. hypercritical.

cavity, n. hole, hollow; spec. hold (of a ship), sinus (tech.), ventriculus, vacuole, bug, well, diverticulum (tech.), pocket, fossa or fosse, pit, depression, fossette, druse, lacuna (tech), crypt, cistern, atrium, cup; see CHAMBER.

Antonyma: see PROJECTION, PROTUBER-

ANCE.

celling, n. ceil (rare and poetic), roof, plafond (French); spec. cupola. celebrate, v. t. 1. See OBSERVE, PRAISE.

proclaim, extol, emblazon, emblaze (rare), commemorate, sing, sound, resound, laud, trumpet, royalize (rare), renown (rare); spec historicize, fame (rare), sonnet (rare), hymn, concelebrate (rare), tune, lionize, rime or rhyme, berime or berhyme (emphatic; often contemptuous). Antonyms: see DEPRECIATE,

celebrate, v. f. jubilate, jubilize (rare); apec. triumph.

celebration, n. 1. See OBBERVANCE, PRAISE, COMMUNION.

3. proclamation, emblazonment, commemoration, laudation, etc. Cf. CELE-BRATE, v t.

3. Spec. festivity, festival, triumph, ovation, Eucemia (Oxford Univ.), anniversary, biennial, triennial, etc., birthday. celebrity, n. 1. See FAME.

3. notable, name, light, luminary, lion, lioness.

celibacy, n. singleness, celibate (archaic);

spec. virginity.

celibate, a. single, unmarried; spec. virgin. celibate, n. Spec. bachelor, maid or maiden (obs or legal, exc. as of women), spinster, old maid (fem.; collog or contemptuous).

Antonyma: ece BENEDICT, HUSBAND,

WIFE.

cell, n. 1. Spec. utricle, vacuole, theca, spore, amœba, corpuscle, plastid, locule, loculus, loculament, locellus, eye, cellule, hæmatid, hæmad, macrocyte.

2. room (contextual); spec. serdab, vault, reclusory (rare), concameration (rare), box (slang).

3. See Compartment.

celled, a. cellate, cellated, cellulate; -all these tech.

cell-like, a. cytoid (tech.).

cellular, a. Spec. loculose (tech.), loculamentose (tech.; rare), loculamentous (tech.; rare), favose (tech.), comby (rare), honey-combed, faveolate (tech.).

cement, n. Spec. glue, lute, lime, putty, tar. mortar. paste, solder. "Cement" is tar, mortar, paste, solder.

chiefly spec.

cement, v. i. conglutinate (rare), glue (primarily spec.), stick; spec. solder, lime, paste, ferruminate (archau), mortar, be-lute (rare), lute, putty, grout, plaster.

Antonyms' see BREAK. cometery, n. burial place, graveyard, gol-gotha (literary), necropolis (rhetorical);

spec polyandrium, catacomb, churchyard (archaic or hist.).

censer, n. thurible, incensory; spec. caseo-lette, incense boat, navicula, nef (French). censorious, a. critical (contextual), culpatory (rare), condemnatory, reprobative, disapprobatory (rare), reprehensive, reprehensing (rare), reprehensory (rare); spec. vitriolic, cynic; see faultfinding

Antonyms. see APPROVING, PRAISING. censure, n. 1. blame, condemnation, reproach (rare), reprehension, reprobation (rare), objurgation (rare), reproof, hit (collog.), knock (slang), criticism, stricture, nip, animadversion (literary); spec. attack, diatribe, backbite, dyslogy (a nonce word); see BLAME, HLAMING, RE-

Antonyms: see APPLAUSE, APPROVAL,

PRAISE, COMPLIMENT.

Gross references: see Note. Cavaller, n. horseman knight, gentleman, escort, lorer, cavaller, a.; careless, proud.cavallerty; prou

CAVEFR: Cave cease: stop ceaseless: constant, endless. code, v t . relinguish, transfer cell: line celebrated: famous

celerity: rapidity celestial, a. hearenly, divine, Chinese
collectial, n : angel
consurable: blamable, reprehensible 2. Referring to direct criticism of a person: see REPROOF.

censure, v. t. 1. condemn, reproach, reprehend, reprobate, reprove (rare), hit (colloq.), knock (slang), tax (rare), fault (rare), scarify (fig.), perstringe (rare), criticize; spec. backbite, attack; see BLAME.

Antonyms: see APPLAUD, APPROVE, PRAISE, COMPLIMENT.

2. Referring to direct censure of a person: see REPROVE.

census, n. lustrum (Roman antiq.; rare). cent, n. copper (colloq.), penny (a loose usage).

centenary, a. secular; spec. centennial, hundredal.

center, n. 1. In a physical sense: middle, omphalos (rare; fig. or spec.), hub (fig.), navel (fig.); spec. nucleus, pivot, radiant. metropolis, coom (Scot.) bull's-eye.

Antonyms: see CIRCUMFERENCE, EDGE, VERGE, RIM.

2. In a nonphysical sense: focus, hub, heart, core, navel, pivot, hinge, kernel, nucleus.

center, v. t. 1. centralize, concenter (rare or spec.); spec. focus.

2. See UNITE.

central, a. middle; spec. focal, nuclear, pivotal.

century, n. 1. centennium (rare), centenary (rare).

2. See HUNDRED.

ceramics, n. pottery.

cereal, n. 1. Referring to the plant: grain, corn (chiefly spec., the particular sense varying with the locality); spec. oat, pea, bean.

2. See GRAIN.

cerebrate, v. i. mentalize (rare).

cerebration, n. mentalism, mentation.

procedure: performance, observance, rite, function (chiefly spec.), office, practise; spec. sacrament, mummery (contemptuous), ordinance (eccl.), tenebræ (pl.).

2. Referring to the form: see FORM.

certain, a. 1. See FIXED, DEFINITE, UN-AVOIDABLE, UNQUESTIONABLE, CONFIDENT.

2. In a sense implying unfailing correctness: sure, assured (rare), infallible.

Antonyms: see Uncertain, doubtful, Hesitating.

8. With "to" and the infinitive: sure, bound, destined.

certainty, n. 1. Spec. fixity, definiteness, unquestionableness, etc.

2. In a sense implying unfailing correctness: sureness, assurance (rare), surety, certitude; spec. infallibility.

Antonyms: see uncertainty, doubt.

8. Meaning a thing that is unquestionable or inevitable: surety, cinch (slang). "Sure thing" is chiefly slang.

Antonyms: see Chance.

certificate, n. Spec. policy, scrip, debenture.

chafed, a. rubbed, galled, fretted, eaten, foxed (dial.), worn.

chaffy, a. paleaceous, paleate;—both tech. chain, n. 1. catena (rare or tech.); spec. painter, fob.

2. See ROW, STRING, SERIES, MOUNTAIN. chair, n. Spec. tumbrel, rocker, roundabout (U. S.), throne, Cromwell chair, curule chair, faldstool, exedra; see CATHEDRA.

chairman, n. president, presider; spec. toastmaster, moderator, speaker, prolocutor, croupier.

chalky, a. cretaceous (literary or tech.), cretous (rare).

challenge, v. t. 1. dare, defy, stump (colloq., U. S.), deraign (hist. or obs.), brave (rare).

2. See QUESTION.

challenge, n. 1. dare, defy (colloq.), defiance, stump (colloq., U. S.).

2. See OBJECTION.

chamber, n. 1. See ROOM, BEDROOM, COM-PARTMENT, ASSEMBLY.

2. Referring to a room for official business or public assembly: camera (rare, tech., or spec.); spec. bourse, exchange, curia, hall.

3. cavity, camera (rare or tech.); spec. coffer, cofferdam, kistvaen, casemate, lock, vault, cist, cell; see GRAVE.

chambered, a. concamerated, camerate; spec. septate, locular;—all tech., exc. chambered.

chambermaid, n. femme de chambre (French).

champagne, n. simkin (Anglo-Indian). champion, n. 1. protector, defender; spec. knight, knight-errant, paladin (fig.).

2. See SUPPORTER, VICTOR.

chance, n. 1. Referring to a way of happening of events or to a fortuitous state of af-

ceremonial, a,: formal.
ceremonial, n,: form.
ceremonial, n,: form.
ceremonious: formal.
certify: assure, authenticate.
certitude: confidence, certainty.
cerulean: azure.
cessation: stop, intermission.

cession: transfer, relinquishment.
chafe, v. t.: rub.
chafe, v. i.: rub, fret.
chaff, n.: pleasantry, refuse.
chaff, v. t.: banter.
chain, v. t.: bind, fasten.
chalice: cup.

challenge, v. i.: object.
challenging: defiant.
champaign: plain, country.
champion, v. t.: protect, support.
championship: protection,
support.
chance, v. i.: happen.

fairs: outcome, fortune, cast (obsolescent), hazard (rore), casualty (obsolescent), peradventure (literary), venture (archaic); spec. toss-up (colloq), gamble.

Antonyms: see CERTAINTY, NECESSITY.
2. Referring to a particular happening: occurrence, accident, casualty, contin-gency, contingence, fortuity, fortune, hap (rare), peradventure (literary), spec draw, chance-medley; see MISFORTUNE. Antonyms see NECESSITY.

2. Referring to chance generically, a sense often personified, accident, hazard, haphazard, contingency (rare), contingence (rare), hap; spec. luck; see FORTUNE.

Antonyms. see NECESSITY.

4. See opportunity, contingency. chance, a. accidental, contingent, casual, chanceable (archaic), chanceful (archaic), stray (fig.), blind, blindfold (fig.), hap-hazard, errabund (rare), harum-scarum (collog.); see PURPOSELESS, AIMLESS.

Antonyms: see CONSEQUENTIAL, INTEN-

chancel, n. sanctuary, bema (eccl.; antiq.).

chandelier, n. 1. candlestick.

2. pendant (contextual); spec. gaselier, electroher, corona, pendant (rare), crown. change, n. 1. See EXCHANGE, REMOVAL, SUBSTITUTION.

a. variation, alteration, transition, mutation, variance, turning, turn (chiefly colloq.), transmutation, passage, passing, pass, movement (chiefly spec.), shift (chiefly spec.), go (collog or slang), revolution (rare), novation (rare); spec. start, bob, break, graduation, risk, vicissitude; TRANSFORMATION, QUALIFICATION, CONVERSION.

Antonyms: see Constancy, Continua-

TION.

Referring to garments: shift (now U. S.

or dial. Eng.).

change, v. f. 1. exchange (often spec.), commute; spec. shift (one's garments); see

EXCHANGE, MOVE. REMOVE.

3. alter, vary, qualify, variate (rare), modify, transform, mutate (chiefly spec.), convert, turn; spec. provect, transmute, moderate, diminish, increase, intensify, qualify, transform, shade, convert.

change, v. i. alter, vary, variate (rare), shift (chiefly spec), pass, resolve (literary or spec), go (colloq or spec), mutate (chiefly spec.), turn (chiefly spec.); spec. shape (as in "things are shaping his way;" collog.), glide, sink, jump, break, range, graduate, grade.
Antonyms: see CONTINUE.

changeable, c. 1. movable, variable, mobile, versatile (rare or spec.), mutable; see exchangeable, movable

Antonyms: see IMMOVABLE, FIXED.

3. Alterable, varying, variant, variable, mutable, modifiable, inconstant, fickle mutable, modifiable, inconstant, fickle (fig.), spec. changeful, vicissitudinous, vicissitudinary, chatoyant, shot.

Antonyms. see CONSTANT, FIXED. 8. fickle, inconstant, variable, light-headed or light, moody (obsolescent), harebrained, flighty, mutable, shifty (chiefly spec.), skittish (fig.), volatile (literary), feathery (fig.; rare), versatile (rare), mercurial (literary), unatable, changeful. Antonyms see CONSTANT, OBSTINATE,

changeableness, n. 1. movableness, variableness, *etc.*

3. alterableness, variableness, inconstance, etc.

Antonyma see APPLICATION.

changeling, n. 1. Proteus (fig.); spec. waverer, turncoat; renegade.

2. oof.

2. See IDIOT.

changing, a. 1. changeful, fluxile (rare), various (rare or archaic), mobile, dynamic

or dynamical (tech.)

alterative, modifying, modificatory. channel, n. 1. conduit, canal, course, duct, carrier (contextual); spec. trough (now U.S.), gutter, groove, turrow, closes, caloriduct (rare), sewer, main, rabbet, artery, aorta, vein, runway, airway, cesspipe, pipe, lateral, aqueduct, drain, flute, shoot, intake, leader, canaliculus, coulisse (French), cullis, flume, riffle, wadi, ditch, dike, downcomer, dale, lumen, meatus, launder, main, neck, katabothron (rare), marigot (French), lead, run, runnel, runner, sulcation (rare), donga (So. Af.), guillet (local Eng.), gully, funnel, culvert, sluice, raceway or race (chiefly U.S.) 2. Referring to the deep part of a water-way: thalweg (German; tech), thread, runway (rare), ditch (contemptuous); spec. tideway, gut, sound, strait, swash, race-way or race (chiefly U. S.), neck, lead, fairway.

3. Referring to a long depression: spec. furrow, groove, sulcation (rare), trough, fluting, dig, scratch, score, gouge, cut,

gutter.

Antonyms see RIDGE.

channel, v. t. Spec. gutter, canal (rare), gully, ravine, chamfer, ditch, canalize, sweal (obs. or Scot.). channeled, a. Spec. guttered, guttery,

ditched.

chant, n. Spec. hymn, song, canticle, requiem (chiefly poetic), intonation.

chaos, n. 1. abyss, void; spec. Ginnungagap.

2. See confusion.

chapel, n. Spec. galilee, vestry, cubiculum, crypt, chantry, oratory, pool, Bethesda. **chaperon**, n. gouvernante (French); spec. duenna.

chaperon, v. t. matronize (rare).

chapter, n. 1. division (contextual); spec. sura (in the Koran), capitular.

3. See ASSEMBLY, BRANCH.

char, v. t. burn, scorch, carbonize (tech.),

char, n. burn, scorch, scar; spec. charcoal,

character, n. 1. See FIGURE, MARK, NA-TURE, QUALITY, HANDWRITING, TYPE, STYLE, PERSONALITY, PERSONAGE, REPU-TATION.

2. symbol, emblem (fig. or contextual), figure (spec. or contextual); spec. letter, type, hieroglyph, hieroglyphic, polyphone, ideograph, pictograph, descender, hook.

3. personage, eccentric, crank (colloq.), original, erratic (rare), vagarian (rare), case (collog. or slang, U. S.), oddity (colloq.). "Character" is somewhat colloquial in this sense.

characteristic, n. feature, trait, peculiarity, physiognomic (rare); spec. diagnostic (esp. med.); see QUALITY, DISTINCTION.

charge, n. 1. See PRICE, EXPENSE, TAX, ACCUSATION, COMPLAINT, BIDDING, CARE, BURDEN, ATTACK.

2. liability, burden, encumbrance, tax (orig. spec.), expense; spec. assessment, rate; see Mortgage.

3. rate, tax (colloq. or slang, U.S.); spec. average, demurrage, tariff, terminals (pl.), dockage, storage, etc.; see PRICE.

4. debit (tech.), chalk (spec. or fig.), score (*spec.*), due.

5. Referring to firearms, a furnace, etc.: load; spec. round, blast, feed (fig.).

charge, v. t. 1. See FILL, BID, ASSESS, AC-CUSE, ATTACK, PREPARE, LOAD.

2. burden, commission, intrust, tax, encharge (rare).

8. Referring to a person: tax (colloq.,

4. Referring to the amount: debit (tech.), See BABBLE, RATTLE.

score (rare); spec. peg, size (Eng. universities).

5. Referring to what is charged with a liability: burden, incumber; see MORT-

charitable, a. 1. See BENEVOLENT.

2. eleëmosynary (literary, tech., or euphe-

3. liberal, considerate; spec. fair-minded, large-hearted.

charity, n. 1. See LOVE, KINDNESS, BENEV-OLENCE, ALMS.

2. Spec. foundation, bequest, hospital, college (chiefly Eng.).

charm, n. 1. See BEWITCHERY, BEWITCH-MENT, ATTRACTION, ATTRACTIVENESS, CAPTIVATION.

2. Spec. talisman, fetish or fetich, medicine (anthropology), saphie (North Africa), obi or obeah (negro), greegree (Africa), amulet.

Antonyms: see HOODOO.

charmer, n. 1. See magician.

2. Referring to a charming person, esp. a woman: witch (collog.).

chase, n. 1. In the generic sense: pursuit, hunting, course, hunt, cynegetics (rare); spec. venery.

2. See HUNT, GAME, PURSUIT.

chase, v. i. pursue; spec. run;—with "after."

chaste, a. 1. pure, clean, white (fig.), innocent, honest (rare or archaic), virtuous. Antonyms: see unchaste, lewd, im-MORAL, COARSE, BEASTLY, INDECENT, COR-RUPT, LASCIVIOUS, LICENTIOUS.

3. See Pure, Proper.

chastity, n. 1. purity, pureness, innocence, honor, virtue, virtuousness.

2. See PURITY.

chattel, n. chose (tech.), movable, things (pl.; chiefly spec.); spec. distress (sing.); see Goods.

chatter, n. 1. babble (rare), jargon, jangle, patter (colloq.), gabble (contemptuous), clatter (contemptuous), patter (colloq.), twaddle or twattle (now dial. or colloq.), claver (contemptuous, Scot.), clack (contemptuous), mag (colloq.), cackle (contemptuous or spec.), gibber, gibberish, jabber, jibber (rare), prattle, prate (rare), prating, prittle-prattle (rare); spec. talk.

Cross references: see Note. chant, v. t.: sing, intone. chanticleer: cock. chaotic: formless, confused. chap: person. chapfallen: depressed. chaplet: crown. chapped: cracked. chaps: jaw, chops. Charge, v. i.: rush.

charge: diplomatic agent. chargeable: attributable. charger: platter, horse. charlatan: quack. charm, v. t.: bewitch, captivate, attract. charming: captivating, pleasant, attractive. charnel house: ossuary. chart, n.: table.

chart, v. t.: tabulate. charter, n.: deed, privilege. charter, v. t.: hire. chary: careful, prudent. chase, v. t.: hunt, pursue. chasm: abyss, cleft, break, void. chasten: purify, punish, restrain. chastise: punish. chat, v. i.: converse. chat, n.: conversation.

chatter, v. i. 1. babble, jargon, jargonize (rare), jabble (rare), patter (colloq.), gabble (contemptuous), prattle, jabber, prate, blat or blate (vulgar or contemptuous); spec. talk.

1. See RATTLE.

chatter, v l. 1. patter, prate, rattle (fig.). 3. See RATTLE.

cheap, a 1. mexpensive; spec. easy (collog); see ECONOMICAL.

Antonyma: see COSTLY. 2. See LOW-PRICED.

vulgar, meretricious; spec. popular;

SEC BASE, PALTRY, GAUDY.

cheat, v. i. sharp, shark (rare), swindle. cheat, v. i. 1. defraud, swindle, beguile, cozen (now literary), victimize (contextual), bilk (collog), gouge (collog), fob or fub (rare), daddle (collog), bob (obs., slang), bucket (slang), rogue (rare), shave, rook (collog. or slang), gudgeon (collog.), mump (collog.; obs.), lurch (ar-chaic), ramp (slang), Jew (used opprobriously by non-Jews; rulgar), cozen (now literary), cony-catch (obs.); spec. cog, fleece, thimblerig, bunco, chouse (callog. or slang). 3. See DECEIVE.

cheat, n. 1. swindle, beguilement (esp. the action), do (slang), cross (cant or slang),

fraud.

2. defrauder, swindler, sharper, sharker (rare), cozener (now literary), trickster, sharp, Jew (used opprobriously by some non-Jews; vulgar), blackleg (colloq.), crook (colloq), cony-catcher (obs.), snide (slang), Greek (chiefty spec), hawk (fig.), bilk (rare, colloq. or slang), kite (rare), shaver (rare), rascal, lurch (rare), rogue, rook (fig.); spsc. blackleg (colloq.), chouse (collog. or slang).

S. See DECEIVER, DECEPTION.

cheating, n. defrauding, swindlery (rare). check, v. t. 1. See STOP, RESTRAIN, RE-PRESS, SUPPRESS, REJECT, BAR, STUNT, CHOKE, INTERRUPT

 mark; spec. tick, prick, tally.
 repulse, squelch, rebuff; spec. snub.
 countercheck; spec. block, scotch, cog, snub, brake, drag, anchor, damp, rein. withhold, forbear, spare, refrain (rare); врес. севве.

check, n. 1. See STOP, STOPPAGE, REPRES-BION, REVERSE, BAR, RESTRAINT, INTER-

RUPTION

2. Referring to that which checks countercheck; spec. drag, drogue, block, snub, chock, clog, stop, stopper, damp, damper, blanket, rein, bridle, inhibition, brake, let (esp. in "unthout let or hindrance")

 repulse, rebuff, setback (U.S.), backset, thwart (rare); spec. snub.
 mark; spec. tick, prick, tally, dash.
 Referring to that by which a thing is controlled, measured, etc.: spec. standard, control.

checkered, a. checky, chequée or chequé (heraldry).

cheek, n. 1. jowl (rare or dial.); spec. gills (pl.; slang).

2. See IMPUDENCE.

cheer, v. t. 1. encourage, inspirit, cherish (rare), comfort, strengthen, solace, console, hearten, enliven, brighten, encheer (rare), recreate (rare), rehearten (rare), liven (colloq.), warm; spec. chirrup.

Antonyms: see ABASH, DISCOURAGE,

SADDEN, GRIEVE, DEPRESS.

3. See APPLAUD.

oheer, v. 1. shout (contextual), jolly (Eng.); spec. hurrah, hurray, hurra, huzza.

oheer, n. 1. encouragement, comfort, solace, consolation, consolement (rare), enlivenment, recreation (rars).

2. shout (contextual), jolly (Eng.); spectiger, huzza, hurrah, hurray, hurra. cheerful, a. 1. light, light-hearted, bright, chipper (slang or colloq., U. S.), chirrupy (colloq.), lively, merry, jocund (literary), debonair (literary), lightsome, chirpy (colloq.), hilarious jolly gladeone, hasterand log.), hilarious, jolly, gladsome, heartsome (chiefly Seet.), canty (dial.), sunny, sunshiny (collog), buxom (archaic), lusty (archaic), riant (rare), cheery, genial, blithe, blithesome, bonny (obs. or rare), brisk (chiefly dial.); spec. smiling.

Antonyms, see DEPRESSED, SULLEN,

GLOOMY.

2. See CHEERING.

cheerfulness, n. geniality, hilarity, sunshine, gladsomeness, etc.

Antonyms: see DEPRESSION, DISCOUR-AGEMENT

cheering, a. cheerful, genial, enlivening, inspiriting, strengthening, consolatory, gladsome, lâtificant (rare), heartsome (chiefly Scot.), chirping (rare), cheery, blithesome, comfortable, cordial (rare), solaceful (rare).

Antonyms. see Depressing, Gloomy. oheering, n. solacement, enlivenment,

heartening, etc.

synthetical.

cheerless, a. dull, dismal, gloomy, dreary, dark, joyless.

cheerlessness, n. duliness, dismainess, gloom.

cheesy, a. caseous (chiefly tech.). chemical, a. Spec. alchemical, analytical,

Cross references are Note.

checker: pland checkmate: defeat.

cheep: cherful, cheering

chemise, n. shift, smock, slip;

oherish, v. t. 1. protect, foster, nurse, coddle, bosom (rare), brood; spec. enshrine, cosset, pet; see FOSTER.

Antonyms' see ABUSE, BEAT, BLIGHT,

ILL-TREAT.

2. See Caress, Love, preserve, enter-

ohest, n. 1. case, box, coffer (chiefly spec.), hutch (archaic or spec.); spec. cist or cyst (antiq), clothespress, cabinet, commode, chiffenier, coffin, locker, tallboy, highboy, wangun (cant), bureau; see TRUNK.

thorax (tech); spec. breast.

chestnut, a. castaneous (tech.).

chevron, n. 1. Spec. zigzag, dancette.

3. See BADGE.

chew, v. t. & i. 1. masticate (formal), chaw (now vulgar or implying vulgarity), manducate (rare); spec. crunch, crump, munch, mumble, champ, ruminate, gnaw. 3. See REND.

chewing, a masticatory, manducatory (rare);—both formal

chicane, v. i. pettifog (in law).

chicanery, n deceit (contextual), trickery, sophistry, chicane; spec. prevarication, pettifogging, pettifoggery.

chick, n. offspring (contextual), squab

(chiefly spec.); see CHICKEN. chicken, n. fowl (contextual), poult (rare),

biddy (colloq.); spec. broiler, fry, peeper,

chicken-breasted, a. gibbous (rare or

tech.), pigeon-breasted chief, a. 1. first, arch (chiefly literary or used in combination), principal, foremost, master, head, high (contextual), preëminent. top, supereminent (rare), premier. 2. In importance, interest, etc.: main, principal, first, capital (literary or for-mal), premier, cardinal, pivotal, great (used with "the"), central, top, primary, supreme, prime, grand, leading, palmary

Antonyms. see INFERIOR, SECONDARY,

(rare), palmarian (rare).

8. In proportion: prevailing, main. chief, n. 1. head; spec. chieftain, head-man, headsman (rare), primate (rare), cob (dial.), cock (collog.), ruler, leader, dux (chiefly Scot. or spec.), captain, captano (Italian), cacique (West Indies), condottiere (Italian), clicker, cid, general (mil. or eccl.), foreman, elder, goodman (Scot. or archaic), protopope (eccl.), jarl, caboceer (Africa), hierarch (eccl.), pro- chilly, a. cold, cool, chill.

vincial (eccl.), ringleader, reis or rais (Arabia), sheik (Arabia), sagamore, sachem, raja or rajah, principal, prince, cardinal (R. C. Ch.), primate (eccl.), poligar, prytanis (fig.), president, premier, phylarch, matriarch (chiefly jocular), malik (Hindu), abuna (eccl.), metran (eccl.), lumberdar (India), judge (Bib.), kehaya (Turkish), see OVERSEER, SUPE-RIOR, COMMANDER.

Antonyms see SUBORDINATE.
3. principal, don (literary or cant)

3. In heraldry: spec soustenu (French). chiefly. adv. principally, mainly, most, mostly, capitally, cardinally, etc. chieftancy, n. chiefship, headship, su-

premacy, masterdom.

child, n. 1. See offspring 3. offspring (contextual), kid (slang or collog.), bairn (Scot.), cub (jocose or contemptuous), whelp (contemptuous), papoose (Amer. Ind.), dandiprat (obs., juvenile, or archaic), dab (contemptuous), loey (Australia; colloq.), imp (chiefly spec.), moppet (archair; a term of endearment), bud (a term of endearment), brat (contemptuous), innocent (as being pure), cherub (pl. cherubs; spec. or sarcastic), lambkin (a term of endearment); spec. boy, girl, changeling, nestling (fig.), elf, tot, elfin (literary; rare), chit (colloq.), trot (colloq.), urchin; see BON, DAUGHTER.

Antonyme' see Parent, father, mother. childbirth, n. parturition (tech.), parturience (tech.; rare), travail (archaic), labor, pains (pt.), puerpery (rare); spec. deliv-

ery, eutocia, dystocia.

childhood, n. infancy (chiefly legal, exc. spec.), youth, puerility (rare); spec. minor-

ity, pupilage, nonage.

Antonyms: see AGE, MATURITY. childish, a. childlike, childly (rare), juvenile, puerile (usually in a bad sense), youthful, brattish (contemptuous), kiddish (slang or collog.); spec. boyish, boylike, girlish, girl-like, girly (collog), see BABYISH.
These terms when applied to older persons
are used as equivalent to: "foolish, weak, silly, trifling, trusting, unsuspecting," stc. "Childish" is seldom used except of older persons, and usually in a derogatory sense: "childlike" usually implies approval.

Anionyms: see MANLY, WOMANLY, WOM-

ANISH, OLD.

children, n. pl. 1. offspring (contextual). 2. childhood (rare); spec. infantry (jocu-

Cross references see Note, charished: dear charub: angel, child. charup: chirp,

ohevalier: horseman, knight, chide: scold reproze, childike: childish

chill, n cold, depression.

chill, a cold chilly

chill, r l cool restrain, freese

chilling: depressing, repellent.

chime, v. i. & t. 1. ring (archaic or spec.), | choose, v. t. select, elect, take, opt (rare), play (contextual).

3. See agree, harmonize.

ohimney, n. 1. Spec. flue, shoot, stack, pipe

See CLEFT.

chimney corner, fireade, inglenook (ht-

chin, n. mentum (tech); spec jowl. ohina, n earthenware (rare), chinaware, porcelaine; spec. crackle, belleek, majolica, etc.

Chinese, a. Celestial (humorous), Sinic (rare), Singean or Single (rare); spec. Serian or Seric.

chip, n. Spec. flake, spall, turnings (pl), cuttings (pl.), parings (pl.), flint; see PIECE, SPLINTER.

chirp, n & v 1. cry (contextual), twitter, cheep, cherup, chipper, peep, pipe, pip, chirk (dial. or U. S.), chirrup or chirup; spec pule

chirping, a. cheepy.

chisel, v. t. cut (contextual), carve (contextual); spec. boast (masonry), gouge. chisel-shaped, a. scalpriform (tech.).

choice, n 1. Referring to the act preference, preferment (rars), selection, elec-tion (chiefly spec.), option, choose (rare, humorous or illiterate), optation (rare), pick, delectus (rare, exc. spec.); spec. cooptation, cooption.

Antonyms' see REJECTION.

2. Referring to the thing chosen: preference, selection, option, pick, favorite; spec. cull (cant), delectus; see ALTERNA-TIVE, BEST.

3. Power of choosing: option, pick; spec discretion.

choice, a. 1. select, picked, recherché (French), exquisite

2. See FINE, EXCELLENT

choke, v. l. & i 1. suffocate (contextual), strangle, strangulate (chiefly med.), throttle; spec. bowstring, garrotte, grin (archaic), gag. 3. See repress, obstruct, deaden, ex-

TINGUISH.

3. repress (contextual), check, swallow, gulp (used chiefly with "down"). "Choke" is used chiefly with "down."

pick, optate (rare), list (only as a v. i.; archave); spec. coopt (learned or tech.), cooptate, culi, draw, prefer, prick, garble; SEC ADOPT. Antonyms. see REJECT.

choosing, a. optative, selective; spec. eclectic, elective. chop, n. 1. See JAW.

2. In pl. (chops): chaps (pl.; a variant), choke (dial.); spec. flews (pl.). chop, v. t. & i. out (contextual), hew, hack;

spec. mince, hackle, lop, haggle.

chop, n. 1. cut (contextual), slice (contextual), hew, hack; spec. lop.
2. bobble, lop, overfall, rip; spec. tiderip,

ripple.

chopping, a. wavy (contextual), rough (contextual), bobbling, cockling, bobbly, loppy, spec. ripply

chosen, a. select, elect (chiefly spec.), picked, predilective (rare); spec. conscript,

preferential, predestined, preferred.
chosen, n. Spec. elect, clite (French).
Christ, n. Saver (rare), Savior or Saviour,
Jesus, Redeemer, Messiah, Messias, Immanuel, Mediator, Intercessor, Advocate, Judge, Word, Son, Son of Man, Son of God, Lamb, Lamb of God;—mostly used with "the" or "our"

christen, v. l. 1. See BAPTIZE, NAME.
2. In the sense of "to use for the first time": auspicate (learned or literary), handsel; spec. wet (slang), blood. "Christen" is collog

Christendom, n. The Church, Christian-

ity, Zion (fig.). Christian, n Nazarene (used esp. by Jews and Mohammedans), saint (Bib), graour (used by Turks), gentile (used in India); spec. professor (chiefly Scot. & U. S.), novice, probationer, Gnostic, Baptist, Methodist, etc.

Antonyma: see heathen, heretic. Christmas, n. Yuletide (literary or local),

Yule (literary or local).

chronic, a. inveterate, confirmed, seated, settled, rooted, continuing (contextual); spec. inborn, inbred.

chronological, a. datal (rare), temporal (contextual).

Cors references see Note.

chime, n, bell, melody, harmony,
agreement, rhythm
chimeres: fancy
chimerloal: fancyful, visionary.
chime, left, crack
chink, n jungle, cosn.
chink, n; garp
chipper: chip.
chimerion: nosse.
chicoraphy: handwriting. oblicography: handwriling. chirrip: chirp ohit: bud, affapring, child.

chitchat: conversation chivalrous: knightly, generous, polite choler: anger chopfallen: depressed choral: hymn. chord, n. string chord, v. i. harm chore: task harmonise. chorus: refrain. chose: chattel Christianity: Christendom. chronicle, n : account.

chronicle, v f: record, narrate, chronicler: historian, chubby: plump chuck, n d v cluck chuck, v t throw, stroke, chuck, n throw, stroke, cluck, chuckle: laugh chuckle: lockhrad chum, v v cohobit, chummy: utimate. chum, v i cohabit. chummy: intimate, chump: blockhead. chunk: piece, lump.

CIRCUMVOLUTION

church, n. 1. temple, house, house of God, Lord's house, fane (archaic or poetic), ecclesia (hist.), kirk (Scot. & north of Eng.; chiefly spec.); spec. Ebenezer, cathedral, chapel, Caaba, Kaaba, Bethel, meetinghouse, basilica, synagogue, tabernacle, duomo (Italian), mosque, kiack, minster, mensal (hist.), martyry, conventicle, samaj (*India*), delubrum, dom (*German*).

2. See Congregation, Christendom. **chute**, n. shoot, hopper; spec. slide.

cigar, n. weed (slang). cimeter-shaped, a. acmaciform (rare). cinder, n. Spec. coal, breeze; see SLAG.

cinder, v. t. Spec. scority.

cindery, a. coaly; spec. slaggy.

cipher, n. 1. nought, naught (a less usual form), 0, nothing, zero, aught (rare and a mistake for "naught"), ought (a mistake for "nought").

2. cryptogram, cryptology. 3. See NUMERAL, MONOGRAM.

cipher, v. t. 1. encipher (more formal than "cipher").

2. See COMPUTE.

circle, n. 1. disk, radius, round, rondelle (rare or tech. and spec.), rondure or roundure (rare), rondel (archaic), orb (rhet. and chiefly spec.), roundel (chiefly spec.); spec. carton, discus, roundle (tech.), roundlet (dim.), circlet (dim.).

2. ring, round, roundabout (rare), gyration (tech.), gyre (chiefly poetic), orb (rare or obs.), roundel (chiefly dial.), O (fig.); spec. cycle, corona, halo, hoop, meridian, epicycle, ecliptic, cordon, equator, colure, horizon, circlet, roundle, roundlet, spiral; see RING.

3. See CIRCUIT, SET.

circle, v. i. wheel, ring, gyrate; see RE-VOLVE, CIRCUIT.

circuit, n. 1. See CIRCUMFERENCE, BOUN-DARY, AREA, SPHERE, JURISDICTION.

- 2. course, round, circling, circle, turn, revolution (rare), ambit, compass, orbit, tour, circuition (rare), troll (archaic), circulation (rare), perambulation (literary and fig.), circumambience (nonce use); spec. lap, journey (contextual), trip, bout; see REVOLUTION.
- 3. Referring to the way: course, round, compass, ambit, circuition (rare); spec. eyre (obs. or hist.), tour, turn, giro (Italian), iter (tech.), beat, detour, roundabout, lap, ring, cycle; see WINDING.

circuit, v. t. round, circle, encircle, girdle (fig.), surround (rare); spec. circumambulate (rare), circumnavigate, perambulate, tour.

circuit, v. i. course, round, circulate, circle; spec. tour, detour; see REVOLVE-

WIND.

circular, a. 1. round, rounded, orbicular (elevated or tech.), orbed (literary), orby (rare), rotund (rare or tech.), orbiculate (rare), encircular (rare); spec. discoid, rotate (rare), disciform, discoidal (rare), cycloid.

2. round, ringy (rare), ringlike, orby (rare), compass (rare or tech.); spec. rotary, gyrant, gyrate, orbital, roundabout.

8. Of a letter; esp. eccl.: cyclic, encyclical. circularly, adv. roundabout, roundwise, round, roundly (rare).

circulate, v. i. 1. See CIRCUIT, REVOLVE.

2. Referring to money, goods, etc.: pass, go, run, move.

3. Referring to rumors, etc.: run, go; spec. evulgate (rare).

circulate, v. t. 1. See DIFFUSE, REPORT.

2. Referring to money, etc.: pass. circulating, a. current (referring to money).

circulatory, a. circulative, diffusive.

circumference, n. periphery (learned or tech.), circuit, compass, round, perimeter (geom.), perimetry (rare); spec. girth, girt, perambulation (literary and fig.); see BOUNDARY.

Antonyms: see center, middle.

circumlocution, n. periphrasis (learned), periphrase (rare), roundabout (rare), indirection, ambage (rare), circuition (rare), circumambages (pl.; rare), circumbendibus (jocular).

circumlocutory, a. periphrastic, roundabout, indirect, ambagious (rare), circuitous.

circumscribe, v. t. 1. inclose, surround; spec. bound.

2. See BOUND, RESTRICT, DESCRIBE.

circumstance, n. 1. See occurrence, STATE, FORMALITY, AFFAIR.

2. fact, matter; see particular.

circumstanced, a. conditioned, fixed (colloq.), situated.

circumstantial, a. minute, detailed, full, detaily (colloq.; rare); spec. fussy; see PARTICULAR.

Antonyms: see General, indefinite.

Cross references: see Note. churchman: ecclesiastic, minister. churlish: rustic, boorish, surly, rough, ill-tempered, stingy. cinch: girth, hold.

circle, v. t.: circuit. circle; circle, ring, crown. circling: circuit.

circuitously: about. circularize: advertize. circumjacent: surrounding. circumfusion: pouring. circumnavigate: circuit. circumscriptive: restrictive.

circumlocutory.

circuitous: devious, indirect,

circumspect: prudent, careful. circumstantiate: narrate. circumvent: surround, overreach. circumvention: overreaching. circumvolution: rotation, revolution, coil, winding.

circus, n. hippodrome (rhetorical; often) used as a name for a circus building)

cistern, n. reservoir, tank; -both contextmost.

citity, v. t. metropolitanize (rare). "Cutify" is chiefly used in the p. p "citified."

citizen, n. cit (contemptuous); spec. burgess, burgher, comburgess, cleruch, ephebe, cosmopolite, communer, freeman, civilian, denizen; see TOWNSMAN.

Antonyma. see foreigner.

city, n. town, burg (collog., U. S.); spec. metropolis, metropolitan.

civilian, n mohair (soldiers' slang); spec. gownsman, scorpion (slang).

civility, n 1. See POLITENESS.

2. Referring to the act attention, courtesy, devoir (literary or learned), spec. bow, greeting, attentiveness.

civilization, n. civility (archaic); spec. reclamation (the act only), enlightenment, cultivation, kultur (Ger.); see REFINE-MENT.

civilize, v. ! Spec. reclaim, debarbaize, enlighten, cultivate (chiefly in p. a. "cultivated"); see REFINE.

civilized, a. civil (archaic); spec. enlightened

Antonyma: see UNCIVILIZED.

claim, v. t. 1. demand, challenge (obsolescent), vindicate (rare); spec. counterclaim.

Antonyms: see DIBCLAIM.

2. See demand, need. claim, n. demand, pretense, pretension; epec. plea, counterclaim, condiction (Roman law), location (U, S), revendication, plea.

2. demand, lien; spec. hold. Antonyms: see DISCLAIMER.

2. See RIGHT.

elaimant, n. demandant (now rare); spec. pleader, pretender.

clairvoyance, n. second sight, clear sight

clairvoyant, a. clear-eighted (rare).

elairvoyant, n. seer.

clamorous, n noisy (contextual), vociferous, clamant (literary or learned), obstreperous, uproarious, blatant, vocaferant, strepitous (rare); see BOISTEROUS.

Antonyms' see CALM, SILENT.

clamp, n. clam, cramp, grip, vise (chiefly classic, a. Attic (literary or learned).

spec.); spec. crampiron, horse, dog, yoke,

clan, n. 1. Spec. tribe, sept, phratry (Greek antiq. and North Am. Indian), phyle (Greek antiq.), race (a loose usage).

2. See BET.

clang, v. i. clam; see RING.

clang, n. 1. clangor, clam; see RING, RESO-

3. See TIMBRE.

clap, v. i. 1. strike, slap, bang, clack, alam, slat, chek.

3. Sec applaud, put, impose, set.

elap, n. 1. stroke (contextual), blow, slap, slam, bang, clack, slat.

noise (contextual); spec. slam, bang, clack, explosion, peal.

1. See APPLAUSE.

clapper, n. 1. Spec. tongue, clack, bones (pl.)

3. See TONGUE.

clapping, c. clackety, clickety, slapping,

slamming, slatting, etc.
clasp. v. t. 1. seize, embrace, enclasp (rare or emphatic), infold or enfold, clip; spec. twine, clutch, interlock, entwine, fold, in-arm, hug, hook, clutch, twine; see EM-BRACE

Antonyms: see FREE.

2. fasten; spec. buckle, brace, hook, infibulate (rors).

3. See HOLD.

clasp, n. 1. seizure; spec. embrace, fold, hug, clutch; see EMBRACE.

2. fastening, catch; spec. morse, ouch (archaic), fibula, buckle, fermail, hasp.

3. See HOLD

class, n. 1. division (contextual), category (tech. or learned), predicament (spec. or learned), denomination, division, sort, species, group, order, rank, range (rare); spec estate, order, family, genus, species, breed, race (chiefly poetic), tribe chiefly colloq and derogatory), grade, rate, hierarchy, phylum (tech), quality.

3. See KIND, SET, RANK (in pl.), NOBILITY,

BRAND.

 Spec. form, division, seminar, Philathea, Baraca, classis.

class, v. t. place (contextual), rank, rate, number, assort (rare), reckon; posthabit (rare).

Cross references see Note. citation: summons, quotation, พเลน(10% cita: summone, quote, mention civio: public civil: public, polita. clabber: curd clack: datter, clap, noses, babble, rattle. clam: damp

clamar: clamorous, urgent.
clamber: scramble
claminy: sticky.
clamor, n outry, noise.
clamor, v s. cry, shout, din,
ask clamor, v t. shout, clamp: step. clangorous: resonant.

clam: clana

clannish: exclusive claptrap: trickery, nonsense, buncombe. clarification: clearing. clarify: dear clarifyino: personage, clarity: clearness clash, v 1 collide, confiret, disclash, v 1 collide, conflict, dis-agree, dash clash, n collieron, noise, cun-fict, disagreement. classical, a. Spec. humanistic, canonical or canonic, correct.

classification, n. assortment.

classified, a. assorted.

Antonyms: see CONFUSED.

classify, v. t. group, categorize (tech.), assort, sort (literary), order; spec. grade, distribute, arrange, tribe (rare), impost (U. S. customs), graduate, match, size, pigeonhole, range, brack (local), garble (rare, exc. of coins, nuts, etc.).

Antonyms: see confuse, mix.

clatter, n. &. v. i. 1. Spec. clack, clitter, clutter, hurtle; see RATTLE, BABBLE.

clause, n. 1. article, particle (rare); spec. paragraph, covenant, proviso, condition, stipulation, reddendo (Scots law), reddendum.

2. See PART.

claw, n. griff (rare), ungula (tech.), talon (chiefly spec.), hook (slang); spec. single (archaic), clutch (chiefly in pl.), chela, pounce, pincers (pl.), manus, nipper; see NAIL.

claw, v. t. scratch, dig (colloq. or spec.),

clapperclaw (archaic or dial.).

clay, n. argil (tech.), cloam (dial. Eng.); spec. clunch, kaolin, metal, cledge (local Eng.), wacke, slip, till, bole, gault (dial. Eng.).

clayey, a. argillaceous (tech.).

clean, a. 1. unsoiled, pure (literary or fig.), unsullied (literary); spec. immaculate, unstained, incontaminate (rare), undefiled, unsmirched, dirtless, spotless, dustless, white, unblemished.

Antonyms: see DIRTY, FILTHY, SOILED,

FOUL, SMEARY, etc.

2. See pure, skillful, shapely, clean-

LY, CHASTE. clean, adv. 1. So as to be clean: cleanly.

2. Spec. absolutely, completely, skillfully. clean, v. t. 1. cleanse, mundify (rare), clenge (Scot. & dial.), defecate (rare; chiefly spec.), purge (chiefly spec.); spec. purify, wash, deterge, scald, dust, mop, rinse, bream, careen, dress, comb, gill, dredge, pick, grave, scavenge, pure (cant), swingle, scour, blow, scrub, elutriate, wipe, defecate, willow, clarify, ripple; see DRESS, WASH, FAN.

Antonyms: see dirty, soil, smear, foul.

2. See CLEAR.

cleaning, a. cleansing, mundatory (rare), purgative; spec. purificatory, wash, washing, detersive, depurative, detergent, scouring, purging.

cleaning, n. cleansing; spec. purge, purga-

tion, scouring.

cleanly, a. clean, neat.

clear, a. 1. transparent, limpid (chiefly spec.), lucid, pellucid, liquid, pellucent (rare), crystal, crystalline; spec. unclouded, serene; see TRANSPARENT.

Antonyms: see Turbid, dreggy.

2. Referring to weather: fair, bright, fine, serene (rare or literary); spec. sunny, sunshiny, perfect, unclouded, cloudless.

Antonyms: see FOUL, CLOUDY, RAINY,

SNOWY, FOGGY, HAZY.

8. Referring to tones: liquid, pure; spec. mellifluous or mellifluent (rhetorical), crystal, musical, singing, euphonious, fluty, silvery, ringing, sharp.

Antonyms: see HOARSE, DULL.

4. Referring to weights or amounts: net, neat (rare).

5. Referring to the skin, etc.: spec. bright, fresh, healthy, transparent, peachy, fair, blooming.

Antonyms: see Sallow.

6. Intelligible (contextual), plain, lucid, pellucid (literary), luminous (rhetorical), luculent (rare), perspicuous, sharp-cut, unambiguous, naked (rare); spec. vivid, distinct.

Antonyms: see Unintelligible, OB-SCURE, OBTUSE, HIDDEN.

7. See DEFINITE, EVIDENT, CONFIDENT, SMOOTH (in sound), ABSOLUTE, UNOBSTRUCTED, FREE, PURE.

clear, v. t. 1. clarify, fine, refine; spec. set-

tle, defecate, render.

Antonyms: see MUDDY.

2. See Free, disentangle, acquit, absolve, avoid, purify, remove, jump.

3. make, net, clean up (colloq.), profit, realize, get (contextual).

Antonyms: see LOSE.

4. free, rid, sweep, scour.

5. free (from obstructions, rubbish, weeds, or what not), sweep (spec. or fig.), scour (spec. or fig.), clean; spec. open, room (rare), drive, serene (rare), deobstruct (rare), deoppilate (rare), blow, uncloud, evacuate.

Antonyms: see Obstruct.

6. Spec. (referring to land) deforest, stub, grub, denshire (Eng.), burnbeat (Eng.), assart (Eng.).

7. See EVACUATE.

clear, v. i. Referring to the face, the sky, etc.: uncloud (rare), brighten; spec. gladden.

Antonyms: see CLOUD.

clearance, n. 1. freeing, riddance, clearing.
2. See ACQUITTAL, ABSOLUTION, LICENSE,
CLEARING.

clearing, n. 1. clear (chiefly in "in the clear"), open (chiefly in "in the open"),

opening, clearance (luterary); spec. assart. |

3. See ACQUITTAL.

1. clearance; spec. clarification, riddance, evacuation, scouring, deforestation, etc. clearness, n. 1. Spec. clarity, limpidness, limpidity.

2. serene (rare), serenity (literary or rare);

spec cloudlessness.

cleavable, a. fissile (chiefly tech.); spec. scissile, flaggy, laminable, flaky, platy. cleavage, n. 1. fissility, cleavableness; spec. laminableness, lamination, delamination.

2. See BPLITTING.

cleave, v. t. & t. divide, split, shear, dissever (rare); spec. plow, delaminate, laminate, fissure, rift, flake, rive, furrow; see

eleft, a. split; spec. riven, reft, rent, multifid, fissured, cracked, fractured, broken,

cut, rimose

eleft, n. split, gap; spec. fissure, rift, reft (rare), soissure (rare), interstice, chasm, crack, crevios, chimney, chink, clof (Scot.), rent, flaw, slit, dike (local, Eng.), fault; see CREVASSE.

olench, v. t. 1. See CLINCH, SEIZE, GRASP,

ETRENGTHEN.

2. grip; spec. close (the fist), clutch (the fist), set (the teeth).

clenched, a. closed; spec. clubbed, set. clericalism, n. sacerdotalism, ministerialısm.

clericality, n clericate (rare), clergy (obs., exc. in "benefit of clergy"), clergymanship, clerkhood (archaic), spec. priesthood, chaplainship, chaplaincy.
clerk, n. 1. See MINISTER, BALESMAN.

2. Spec. recorder, registrar, scribe, scrivener, protonotary, conicopoly (Anglo-Indian), see ACCOUNTANT, SECRETARY.

clever, a. 1. smart (now chiefly U. S.), cute (collog.), good, pretty (archaic or collog.), solert (obs.); see ABLE, INTELLIGENT, READY, INGENIOUS, SKILLFUL.

Antonyms. see DULL, STUPID, UNINTEL-LIGENT, UNSKILLFUL.

2. See OBLIGING.

click, n. noise, tick, tap; spec. clap, anap. eliek, v. i. & t. sound, tick, tap; spec. clap,

clientele, n. 1. dependants (pl.), chentry (a collective).

2. constituency (colloq.), following, clien- cloggy, a heavy, trammeling.

try (rare), clientelage (rare), clientage;— all collectives.

cliff, n. precipice, crag, steep, heugh or heuch (Scot.), linn (chiefly Scot.), scaur (chiefly Scot.), scar (rare or Eng.), spec. palisade (usually in pl.), perpendicular, krantz or kranz (South Africa).

climate, n. chme (literary and chiefly poetic).

climax, n. 1. In rhetoric: graduation (contextual).

2. See HEIGHT, CROWN.

climb, v 2. 1. ascend, scale, mount; spec. clamber, ramp (of vines, etc.; dial. or rare), swarm (collog.), run (of plants; contextual), scramble, scrabble.

2. See ASCEND

climb, v. t. ascend, scale, mount; spec. clamber, swarm (colloq.), ahin (colloq.), escalade, acramble.

climb, n. ascent, mount; spec. clamber. climbing, a. scansorial (tech.).

clinch, v. t. 1. fasten (contextual), clench, turn (contextual), clink (dial. Eng. & Scot.); spec. rivet.

2. See BEIZE, GRASP, STRENGTHEN. clip, v. t. 1. cut (contextual), snip, shear, retrench (rare), curtail (rare); spec. prune, doek, pare, beshear (rare), shear,

poll, nip; see TRIM.

3. See ABBREVIATE. clip, n. 1. cut (contextual), snip, shear; spec. nip, see TRIM.

2. See BHEARS, BLOW, GAIT.

cloak, n. 1. robe (contextual), pall (archaic); spec. mantle, manteau (hist.), mantua (hist.), surcoat (hist.), cope, mantlet (hist.), domino, mask, burnouse, cardinal, capa (Spanish), capote, capuchin, chlamys, cardinal, prince, manto (Italian or Spanish), manta (Spanish), cowl, Inverness, Joseph (hist.), jelab (Moroccan), poncho (Spanish), pluvial (hist. or eccl.), pallium, paletot, palla (Roman antiq.), talma, scapular or scapulary, roquelaure (hist.) (hist.), sagum, poncho.

2. See PRETEXT. cloak, v. f. 1. clothe (contextual), mantle. 2. See HIDE.

clog, n 1. check, weight, drag, trammel; apec. log, block.

2. See HINDRANCE.

Cross references: see Note clear-sighted: discerning, cleave, r : slick clement: merciful, mild. clergy ministry clergyman: minister, clerical: ministerial. clew: ball, guide, corner. click: catch client: dependent, principal. chiff; precipilous.

elimacterie, a climacterie, n clime: dimate clinch, t. i cl culta, c. i close, collector; celler cling; stock, hold, cultaing; stocky, clink; ring clinker; slag clip, v. i. closp, hold, surround, cup, n. clamp.

allpping: quotation, clique: set allquish: exclusive olook: timeprice, ornament, beetle, clockmaker: horologist clockwork: machiner; elod: tump, earth, blockhead, cloddish: rusic, stupid clodhopper: rusic, boor, shoe, clog, v. t. check, shackte, homper, obstruct.

- close, a. 1. See Closed, Narrow, accurate, particular, thick, compact, approximate, confined, hidden, reticent, stingy, near, short, intimate, stocky, searching.
- 2. oppressive, stale, heavy, stuffy, fusty, stifling; spec. musty, sultry, sweltry.

 Antonyms: see FRESH.

3. tight, snug.

- close, v. t. 1. shut, stop, estop (archaic), cork (spec. or fig.); spec. button, lock, occlude, seal, douse, lute, stopper, plug.

 Antonyms: see OPEN, UNFOLD.
- 2. See INCLOSE, SHUT, OBSTRUCT, END, CLENCH.
- close, v. i. 1. embrace, clinch, grapple, grip.
 2. See AGREE.
- close, n. inclosure; spec. precinct, curtilage. closed, a. close; spec. shut; see CLENCHED, BLIND.

Antonyms: see OPEN.

closet, n. 1. room (contextual), cabinet, cuddy.

2. Spec. recess, cupboard, cabinet, buffet, wardrobe, garderobe (hist.), cuddy, Ascham.

closure, n. 1. closing, shut (rare); spec. blockade, occlusion.

2. Referring to debate: cloture, cloture (French), stoppage (rare).

clot, n. mass, lump, clout, clump; spec. gout (now chiefly in allusion to Shake-speare's use), gob (now vulgar), thrombus, crassamentum, grume, coagulum.

cloth, n. 1. fabric (contextual); spec. mungo, shoddy, dab (chiefly dial.), pall (archaic), corporal, corporas.

2. With "the": see MINISTRY.

3. In pl. "clothes": see CLOTHING.

clothe, v. t. 1. dress, apparel (rather formal or rhetorical), attire (dignified), tire (obs. or archaic), array (dignified), costume, robe (chiefly spec.), accounter (obs. or spec.), habilitate (rare), vest (chiefly fig.), garb (chiefly spec.), beclothe (rare), invest (literary), deck, endue (literary), dizen or bedizen (now usually contemptuous; chiefly spec.), vesture (rare), encase or incase (chiefly humorous), rig (colloq. or slang), light (archaic or dial.; used esp. in romances), bedight (archaic and poetic), enrobe (literary), garment (rare), guise (archaic), tog (chiefly with "out"; slang); spec. jacket, deck, beclout (rare), breech, cassock, fur, gown, coat, scarf, shroud (fig.), uniform, frock, tartan, enclothe, empurple (rare), crape, coif, swathe, reclothe, reinvest (rare); see CLOAK.

Antonyms: see STRIP, UNDRESS.

2. See invest, disguise.

clothed, a. clad (now chiefly literary), enclad (rare), vested (heraldry or fig.).

Antonyms: see NAKED, BARE. clothier, n. costumer, outfitter (chiefly cant); spec. hosier, haberdasher, furnisher, hatter, etc.

clothing, n. 1. Referring to the act: investment (chiefly literary), investiture (literary

or tech.).

- 2. dress, clothes (pl.), garments (pl.), apparel (dignified), habiliment (chiefly in pl.; learned or literary), array (dignified), attire (rather formal; often spec.), garb, raiment (rhetorical or poetic), costume, robes (pl.; formal or spec.), vesture (literary or fig.), vestments (pl.; chiefly tech.), class (Scot.), investiture (literary), investment (literary), costumery (rare), garmenture (rare), rigging (colloq.), wear (colloq.), toggery (slang), togs (pl.; slang), duds (pl.; slang), gear (archaic or literary), things (pl.; colloq.), nulls (pl.; fig.); spec. robing, gala (obs., exc. with "in"), rags (pl.), tatters (pl.), coating, livery, duck, buff (mil.), overwear (rare, U.S.), overclothes (pl.), underclothes (pl.), slops (pl.; colloq.), wardrobe, washing; see costume.
- cloud, n. 1. meteor (tech.), nebula (rare or spec.), thickness (rare, exc. of the state of fact); spec. cirrus, cumulus, stratus, nimbus, cirro-cumulus, rack, colt's-tail, film, messenger, woolpack, mist, fog, fogginess, scud, haze, haziness, mare's-tail, whiff, goat's-hair; see fog.

smoke, fog, nubecula, puff, scud, mist, fog, film, steam; see BLUR, HAZE.

8. See multitude, imperfection, fault, spot, stain, scarf.

cloud, v. t. 1. overcloud, overcast, overshadow, becloud (an intensive), adumbrate (rare), obnubilate (rare), obnebulate (rare); spec. shade, shadow, befog, fog, mist.

Antonyms: see CLEAR.

2. Referring to the brow: darken, shade.

3. See DULL, BLEAR, SULLY, WATER.

cloud, v. i. 1. thicken.

Antonyms: see CLEAR.

3. See SULLY.

cloud-bringing, a. nubiferous (rare). cloudburst, n. rainfall (contextual), deluge. clouded, a. 1. See CLOUDY.

2. cloudy; spec. moiré (French), watered, mottled.

3. See darkened, hidden.

clouding, n. 1. obnubilation (rare); spec. moiré (French), water.

2. See OBSCURATION.

Cross references: see Note. cloister: convent, arcade.

closing: closure.
clot, v. t.: coagulate.

clothe, v. i.: dress. clothes: clothing.

cloudy, a. 1. nubilous (learned or tech.), clouded, nebulous (chiefty spec.), thick; spec overcast, foggy, misty, fogged, dull, black, filmy, hazy, blurred, overcast, murky, lowering or louering, lowery or loury, lund, subnuvolar (rare); see FOGGY. Antonyms. see CLEAR.

2. Spec muddy, nebulous, smoky, foggy. misty, steamy; see HAZY, TURBID.

3. See CLOUDED, DARK, HIDDEN, DULL,

DEPRESSING BLEARED.

clown, n. 1. See RUSTIC, BOOR, SIMPLETON, BUFFOON.

2. Meaning a "clumsy fellow": spec. slouch (slang or collog.), swab (naut. slang), hobinal (fig.), lubber (primarily naut), chuckle (slang), duffer (slang), muff (slang), lout (collog.), bumpkin, booby (collog.), annew (collog.) early (collog.) gawky (colloq), gawk (colloq.), calf (colloq.), hawbuck (slang, Eng.).

Antonyms see EXPERT. club, n. 1. stick (contextual), cudgel, truncheon (archaic, exc. spec.), bat, bludgeon, bourdon (archaic); spec waddy, mace, mere or meri, nulla-nulla, lecangle, keerie, baton, batoon (archaic), knob-kerrie, lathee (Anglo-Indian), knobstick, billy, shillalah, staff, hickory, crab or crabstick

2. In games: spec. hockey, hurley, driver, niblick, brassy, cleek, midiron, loftie, mashie, putter, iron, shinny, hurl (rare).

3. In cards spec basto

4. association (contextual); spec. combination, Turaverem (German), Sängerbund (German), tabagie (French), Rota (Eng. hist), hetery (ancient Greek hist.); see SORORITY, FRATERNITY.

club, v. l. strike (contextual), beat (contextual), cudgel, truncheon (rare), bludgeon; spec. bastinado, paddle.

clubtoot, n 1. Referring to the foot. splayfoot, poltfoot (archaic).

2. Referring to the deformity: talipes (tech.), clublootedness, splayfoot, poltfoot (archaic); spec. varus.

club-shaped, a. clavate, claviform; both

cluck, n. & v. call (contextual), cry (contextual); spec. chuck. clump, n. 1. See LUMP.

2. group, cluster, bunch; spec. thicket, grove, plump (archaic), tuft, etc. clumpy, a. t. clustery.

cloy: aurfest clump: gather cluster: bunch clump cluster: gather clustery: bunchy, clumpy grasp hold rollert confuse, collect busile clutch, v 1 clutter, v t.

2. See Lumpy.
clumsy, a. 1. Referring to a person: awk-ward, unhandy, ungraceful, heavy, lumberly, lumbering, lumbersome, lumbrous (rare), graceless (rare), wooden, left-handed, lubberly (naut. or fig.), lubber-like (naut. or fig.), booby, boobyish, in-elegant; spec. elephantine, unskillful, draggy, mapt, lumpish, bungling.

Antonyms' see SKILLFUL, GRACEFUL 2. Referring to a thing: spec. unwieldy, cumbrous, heavy, unhandy, bungling, botched, rough, crude, lumberly, lumbering, lumbersome.

Andonyms, see AIRY.

clustered, a. Spec. conglomerate, glomerate (tech.).

clutch, n. 1. nest; spec. sitting.

2. See BROOD.

clutch, v. t. 1. hold (contextual), grip, grasp, engrasp (rare), clasp, clench, gripe (rare); see EMBRACE, GRAPPLE, SQUEEZE. 2. See BEIZE, CLENCH, GRASP.

clutch, n. 1. Referring to the act: hold (contextual), grip, grasp, clench, clasp; see EMBRACE, GRAPPLE.

Antonyms: see RELEASE.

2. Referring to the thing that holds hold (contextual), grip; spec. grab, grabber, claw, clasper, grasper, grapple, clamp, crampon, grappler, comealong (cant), grapnel, lewis, lewisson, gland, fist (chiefly jocular), finger, nipper, nip, gripper, gripe, dog, clip, pincers, forceps, chuck. Antonyms see RELEASE.

3. See BEIZURE (in pl), GRASP, CONTROL coach, n. 1. vehicle (contextual), rattler (slang); spec rattletrap (slang), tally-ho, drag, four-in-hand.

2. teacher (contextual), crammer (cant or slang,, grinder (cant or slang), concher (cant), tutor. "Coach" is cant.

coach, v t teach (contextual), cram (cant or slang), tutor. "Coach" is cant.

coagulate, v 1 & t. thicken (contextual), clot, run (dial.; used as a v. i. only), set, curdle, clod (obs. or rare), cruddle (chiefly dial.), clabber (U. S.); spec. solidify, lopper, caseate; see JELLY

Antonyms' see LIQUETY. congulated, a. clotted, loppered, curdled. coagulum, n mass, coagulation, curd (chuffy spec); see CLOT.

coal, n 1. Referring to the substance: spec charcoal, cannel coal, anthracite, cinder,

ciutter, n collect non noise busile coachman: driver. collection, confucoadjutor: aider coalesce: unite combination, confederary.
comly: carbonaceous, black, dark.

boorsah

slack, lignite, jet, cobbles (pl.; Eng.), duff, dross, culm, coke, carbocoal.

2. Referring to a lump or piece of coal: gleed (archaic; chiefly spec.); spec. ember, cinder. coarse, a. 1. large (contextual), crass (chiefly literary), gross (literary or tech.), heavy (chiefly spec.), thick; spec. rank, reedy, gruff (tech. or Scot.), homespun, earthy.

Antonyms: see Delicate, Small, Slen-Der.

2. low, vulgar, common, unrefined, crude, gross, unideal (rare), crass (literary), inelegant, unpolished, rough, plebeian (spec. or literary), woolen (rare), indelicate; spec. rude, ribald, earthy (rare), rustic, clownish, brutal, brutish, swinish, scurrilous; see BOORISH, BEASTLY, LEWD, INDECENT.

Antonyms: see REFINED, SPIRITUAL, IN-TELLECTUAL, CHASTE.

3. See ROUGH.

coarsen, v. t. 1. enlarge (contextual), thicken (contextual).

2. See ROUGHEN, SENSUALIZE.

coat, n. 1. Spec. jacket, sack, jemmy (Eng.; rare), overcoat, greatcoat (chiefly Eng.), jacket, paletot (French), oiler (U. S.; colloq.), cutaway, cassock, secret (antiq.), frock, habergeon, buff, tunic.

2. cover, coating; spec. set, scumble, wash, intonaco (Italian), glaze, priming, fur, buff; see smear, crust.

3. pelage (tech. or learned), pilage (rare), fell (rare or literary); spec. fleece.

4. See ARMS, SKIN.

coat, v. t. 1. See CLOTHE.

2. cover, overlay; spec. lute, fur, gum, bark, prime, plaster, render, roughcast, wash, silver, glaze, film; see CRUST, SMEAR. coax, v. t. & i. Spec. persuade, entice, cajole, urge, honey (rare or obs.). There is no general synonym of "coax."

Antonyms: see Bluster, Bully, Compel, Initimidate.

coaxing, a. Spec. bland, gentle, winning, persuasive.

coaxing, n. sussion (rare).

Antonyms: see Compulsion.

cobbler, n. repairer (contextual); spec. (re-

ferring to shoes) clobberer (dial. Eng.), sutor (learned), clouter.

cobweblike, a. arachnoid (tech.); spec. cortinate (tech.).

cock, n. 1. chanticleer (poetic and usually used as a proper name), rooster (chiefly U. S. and dial. Eng.); spec. capon, cockalorum (dim.; colloq.), cockerel, singer, heeler.

2. spout; spec. faucet, tap, valve, plug.

8. See WEATHERVANE, CHIEF, HEAP.

cockade, n. device; spec. black cockade (Hanover), white cockade (Stuart), resette, knot.

cocoon, n. case (contextual), covering (contextual); spec. pod.

code, n. 1. codex (rare); spec. system, formulary, law, rule, religion.

2. See DIGEST.

codify, v. t. systematize, digest.

coexistent, a. contemporaneous, concomitant; see CONTEMPORANEOUS.

coextensive, a. equal, coequal; spec. coterminous; see contemporaneous.

cofferdam, n. chamber (contextual), box, batardeau (French), coffer, caisson.

coffin, n. box (contextual), casket (U.S.), hearse (archaic), cist (archaeol.), kist (Scot.); spec. sarcophagus, shell.

cogency, n. strength, power, force, weight, etc.

cogent, a. strong, powerful, good, forcible, forceful, constraining, robustious (rare), pregnant (archaic or literary), weighty, trenchant (literary or rhetorical); spec. convincing, urgent.

Anionyms: see unconvincing.

cogwheel, n. wheel, gearwheel, gear; spec. lantern, wormwheel.

cohabit, v. i. Spec. chum (colloq.). "Cohabit" is chiefly spec.

coheir, n. heir, coparcener, parcener.

cohere, v.i.1. stick, adhere, consist (archaic).

2. See AGREE.

coherent, a. 1. sticking, adherent, consistent (rare).

2. See consistent.

cohesion, n. sticking, adherence, adhesion, coherence, cohesiveness, consistence (rare).

Cross references: see Note. coast, n.: shore. coast, v. i: sail, slide, glide. coast, v. t.: sail. coastal: littoral. coating: coat, crust. coat of arms: arms. cobble, n.: stone. cobble, v. t.: pave. cobble, v. t.: repair. cobweb: network, filament. cock, n.: turn, inclination. cock, v. t.: turn, incline. cockcrow: daybreak. cocker: indulge. cockerel: cock.

cock-eye: cross-eye.
cockscomb: crest, dandy.
cocksure: confident.
cocky: self-important.
coddle: parboil, caress, cherish,
indulge.
codex: code, manuscript, book.
codger: fellow.
compolite: religious.
coequal: equal, coördinate, coextensive.
coerce: compel.
coercible: compellable.
coercive: compulsory.
coeval: contemporaneous.
coffer: chest, cofferdam, treasury.

cogitable: thinkable.
cogitate, v. i.: think, consider.
cogitate, v. t.: consider, devise.
cogitative: thinking.
cognate: related, analogous.
cognition: knowing, knowledge, intelligence.
cognizable: knowable, jurisdictional.
cognizance, n.: perception, awareness, intelligence, notice, jurisdiction, badge.
cognizant: aware, conscious.
cognomen: name.
cohesive: sticky.
cohort: division, band.

coil, n 1. Meaning a "series of rings": | spet inductorium, hank.

2. wind, turn, ring, convolution, round, curl, fold, loop, circumvolution, volute (chiefly spec.), volume (rare), twine, twist, lap; spec. hight, fake, bolster, baluster, roll, see spiral.

coil, v. t. & z. wind, loop, upcoil (rare), twist, fold, lap, convolute (rare or learned), curl, twine, clue (used with "up"; rare), spec. roll, spire, spiral (rare), wreath, en-roll (rare), belay, fake.

Antonyms: see UNWIND.

coin, n. 1. Referring to money: piece, chinker (slang); spec. copper (colloq.). dump, doit, cart wheel (slang), coach wheel (slang, Eng.), mite, nickel (colloq., U. S.), dime, shilling, etc.

2. Referring to coins collectively money, specie; spec. silver, brass (dial. or colloq.), chink (slang), gold, tin (slang), change.

(rare); spec. contorniate, counterfeit.

3. See INVENT.

coincide, v. t. 1. concur.

2. See AGREE.

coincidence, n. 1. concurrence, concomitance, concourse (obs. or rare), conjunction, juncture, conjuncture (rare), syndrome (rare or obs.).

2. See CONTEMPORANEOUSNESS, AGREE-MENT.

coincident, a. concurrent, concomitant. coiner, n. minter, moneyer (hist.); spec. counterfeiter.

coin-shaped, a. nummular, nummulated, nummiform; -all tech or learned.

cold, a. t. chill; spec. cool, coolish, crisp, heatless (rare), chilly, coldish, frigid, icy, frosen, glacial (rare), frosty, rimy, chilling, freezing, frore (now poetic only), gehd (literary), arctic, polar, bleak, hipping, sharp, raw, wintry.

Antonyms see hot, warm, heated. 2. Of a creature or person: spec. chilly,

chill, chilled, frozen, frostbitten.

. unfeeling, frigid; spec. unemotional, unsympathetic, heartless, unresponsive,

indifferent, unimpassioned, stony; see APATHETIC, REPELLENT, CRUEL.

Antonyms' see AFFECTIONATE, COMPAS-SIONATE, KINDLY, FOND.

cold, n. L. chill, coldness; spec. cool, coulth (rare or dial.), frost, chillness, gelidity (rare or literary), frigidity, iciness, cool-ness, gelidness (rare), frore (now only poetic), sharpness.

Antonyms see HEAT, WARMTH.

2. Referring to the sensation: chill, coldness, chilliness,

 catarrh, spec. coryza, gravedo (rare). cough.

colic, n. bellyache (now chiefly vulgar), grapes (pl.), mulligrubs (pl.; jocular), tormina (lech.).

collapse, n. 1. Spec. cave-in (colloq.), breakdown, downfall.

2. See Failure, Fall, Exhaustion.

collar, n. 1. neckband, neckpiece; spec. carcanet, bertha, brecham (Scot), collarette, fall, ruff, gorget, tucker, Vandyke, dicky (New Eng.), torque or tore, fraise, piccadill (obs.),

2. See RING.

collarbone, n. clavicle (tech.), jugulum (tech. and rare),

collared, a. torquate, ringed. collation, z. 1. See comparison, meal.

2. Spec. harmony, diatessaron.

colleague, n. associate (contextual), confrère (French); spec. duumvir, triumvir, centumvir.

collect, v. t. 1. See GATHER.

2. gather, aggregate, concentrate, con-2. gather, aggregate, contentance, concenter (rare); spec. scramble (esp. with "up," "logether," etc.), constellate (rare), congest, dredge, rake (esp. with "together," "up," etc.), muster, bundle, compile, skim, scrape (esp. with "up," "together," etc.), round (with "up"), collate, re-collect; see ACCUMULATE.

Antonyms: see Separate, Scatter, Dis-

TRIBUTE

8. See INFER, COMPOSE. collect, v. i. 1. See GATHER.

3. gather, mass; spec. concentrate, conglomerate, cluster, concenter, congest, clutter, bunch, bundle, see LUMP.

collection, n. 1. See GATHERING, MEET-

2. Referring to the act or action: gathering; spec. massing, recollection, conglomeration, concentration, compilation, concretion, collation, philately, combination; SEE ACCUMULATION.

Antonyms: see SCATTERING, DISTRIBU-

3. gathering, aggregation, aggregate, assemblage; spec clump, cluster, parcel, assortment, lot, budget, mass, congeries, colluvies (hterary), heap, pack (derogatory), museum, number, conglomerate, conglomeration, conglutination (rare), combination (literary), codex (Latin), code, chapter, crowd, drove, huddle, jumble, bunch, concentration, body, cor-

Cross references: see Note.

colgn: corner, confusion. coke, n · coal.

coke, v. t. carbonize collaborate: coënerate collabor, v. jail fall. cullateral, a purallel accessory, secondary, accidental, subor-

dinate related, coordinate collect, compare, excollect, compare, exquently, amine. accident. collateral, n.: plodge, security, collected: calm. pus, round-up (U. S. & Australia), sylloge (rare), cumulation, harvest, file, list, confluency, chrestomathy, quest, compilation, clutter, concresence; see ACCUMULATION, SET, CONCRETION.

4. See inference, self-control.

collective, a. 1. aggregate, collected; spec. concentrative, congregative.

Antonyms: see Individual, SEPARATE, SCATTERED.

2. See common.

collector, n. Referring to a collector of taxes: tax-gatherer, toll-gatherer (rare or obs.), publican (chiefly Scriptural), toller (obs. or rare), exacter (archaic), tollman (rare); spec. scavenger (hist.), gabeller (hist.), exciseman, procurator, proctor.

collide, v. i. 1. strike (usually with "together"), meet (contextual), clash, hurtle, intershock (rare), interfere, knock, shock, smash, impinge; spec. cannon, crash.

2. See CONFLICT.

collision, n. 1. striking, impact (chiefly tech.), impingement, meeting (contextual), clash, hurtle, concussion, shock, smash (colloq.); spec. smash-up (colloq.), crash, jostle, dash.

2. See CONFLICT.

colloquial, a. conversational; spec. informal.

Antonyms: see LITERARY, PEDANTIC, FORMAL.

colloquial, n. conversationalism; spec. informality, familiarism.

colonial, a. provincial (obs. or hist.).

colonist, n. settler, planter (hist.), transmigration (rare); spec. emigrant, immigrant, pilgrim.

colonization, n. settling, settlement,

plantation (rare).

colonize, v. t. 1. settle, found, people, plant.

2. Referring to the sending of people to colonize: transport (chiefly spec.), settle;

spec. exile, banish.
colonnade, n. portico (chiefly spec.); spec.
gallery, choultry (Anglo-Indian), peristyle, amphiprostyle, prostyle, octastyle,
enneastyle, decastyle, dodecastyle, arceo-

colony, n. settlement, plantation (rare).
color, n. 1. hue (poetic or rhetorical), tincture (chiefly spec.); spec. discoloration, lear, dye, undertone, yellow, blue, orange, green, violet, purple, indigo, lavender, pink, mauve, magenta, cerise, scarlet,

crimson, taupe, azure, vermilion, olive, brown, gray, dun, etc.; see TINT.

2. See PIGMENT, APPEARANCE, PRETEXT, COMPLEXION, FLUSH, BADGE, FLAG, SA-LUTE.

color, v. t. 1. encolor (rare), hue (poetic or rhetorical), paint (spec. or fig.), dye (chiefly spec.), stain (chiefly spec.), tone (chiefly spec.); spec. discolor, tinge, tinct, tint, bloom, complexion (rare), sip, distemper, wash, crayon.

2. See MISREPRESENT.

coloration, n. colorature; spec. pigmentation, tonality, chromatism (tech.).

color-blindness, n. daltonism.

colored, a. 1. hued (poetic or rhetorical), painted (orig. spec.), tinted, etc.

2. Spec. black, red, brown, negro, mulatto. coloring, a. tingent (rare); spec. tinctorial, dyeing, painting, staining.

colorless, a. achromatic (tech.), white, hueless (rare), tintless (chiefly spec.); spec. black.

colt, n. offspring (contextual), horse (contextual), foal, youngster (cant), patro (Sp.); spec. filly (female).

column, n. pillar; spec. atlantes (pl.), atlas (sing.), cippus, telamon, caryatid; see OBELISK, PILLAR.

comb, n. 1. Spec. card, ripple, ébauchoir (French), heckle, hackle, hatchel, gill (cant).

2. See CREST.

combative, a. contentious, pugnacious, militant, belligerent; see QUARRELSOME.

Antonyms: see PEACEFUL, PACIFIC.

combination, n. 1. See Union, MIXTURE, COÖPERATION, CONSPIRACY.

2. In commerce, politics, etc., referring to the action: union; spec. syndication, pooling, coalition, fusion, merger.

8. aggregate, union; spec. (card games) tenace, pair, full house, run, flush, etc.;

see composite, series, group.

4. association (which see), ring, set, union, company, party; spec. conjunction, combine (colloq., U. S.), syndicate, cartel or (German) Kartel, camarilla, Camorra, cabinet, trust, ring (chiefly U. S.), cabal, faction, clique, coalition, consolidation, fusion, merger, duumvirate, triumvirate, junto, junta (rare), cave (slang).

combinatory, a. combinational, coadunative (rare).

combine, v. t. & i. 1. See UNITE, MIX, ASSOCIATE.

collectivism: socialism.
collectivism: socialism.
colleen: girl.
collegiate: academic.
collimate: align.
collocate: place.
colloid: gelatinous.

colloquy: conversation.
collude: conspire.
collusive: conspiratory.
colossal: gigantic.
colossus: giant.
coma: stupor, sleep.
comatose: stupefied.

comb, v. i.: break.
combat, n.: fight, contest, contention.
combat, v.: fight, contend.
combatant, a.: fighting.
combatant, n.: fighter.
combar: breaker.

2. In commerce, politics, etc.: unite; spec. syndicate, consolidate, merge, pool, fuse. combustible, a. Spec. burnable, tindery, inflammable.

Antonyms: see INCOMBUSTIBLE.

come, v. i. 1. approach, hither (rare), attain (rare or archaic), advene (literary), spec, immigrate.

Antonyms: see DEPART.

3. See ARRIVE, ARISE, APPEAR, RESULT, EMANATE, HAPPEN, FOLLOW, BECOME, DESCEND, DERIVE, ACCRUE, IMMIGRATE, RESULT, REACH, YIELD

3. fall;—as a disease, calamity, etc. comfort, n. 1. See AID, CHEER.

 comfortableness, ease, self-ease (rare), luxury, spec. pcace, satisfyingness (rare), restfulness, coziness, content, enjoyment; 866 REST, RELIEF, CONVENIENCE.

Antonyms: see DISCOMFORT, DISTRESS,

PAIN.

3. Of things that give case: easement (rare), luxury; spec. solace, rest, satisfaction, relief, convenience.

Antonyma: see TROUBLE, ANNOYANCE.

comfort, v. t. 1. See CHEER.

ease, recomfort (archaic); spec. rest. satisfy, quiet; see RELIEVE.

Antonyms see HARASS, DISCOMPORT, DISTRESS, PAIN, WORRY.

comfortable, a. 1. cheering, pleasant, self-satisfied.

2. easy, easeful, well, luxurious; spec. coxy, satisfactory, satisfying, assuring, roomy, snug, convenient, restful.

Antonyms; see UNCOMPORTABLE, DIB-

TRESSING, ANNOYING.

comforter, n. 1. spec. cheerer, solacer, aider, helper; spec. Holy Spirit Cf aid, CHEER.

2. See BEDCOVER

comie, a. comical; spec. burlesque, farcical; see FUNNY, LAUGHABLE.

Antonyms: see TRAGIC.
coming, a. 1. Coming in space: nearing; see APPROACHING

2. Coming in time: ensuing, nearing, approaching, imminent, forthcoming; see FUTURE.

coming, n. 1. See ARRIVAL.

2. As to time approach, appropringuation (fig.; archaic), advent; spec. advance.

1. As to space: accession (now rare); sec APPROACH

Antonyms: see DEPARTURE.

command, n. 1. See BIDDING, AUTHORITY, CONTROL, DIRECTION, VIEW, FORCE.

2. Referring to the faculty: control, authoritativeness.

commander, n. controller (rare), chief, leader, captain (chiefly spec.); spec. commandant, chiliarch, centurion, tagus, heretoga, hetman, drungar, hipparch, killadar, lochage or lochagus, sirdar, proconsul, decurion, enomotarch, commendador, shogun, taxiarch, commodore.

commander-in-chief, n. generalissimo (rare or spec.), generalissima (fem.), spec.

tartan.

commanding, a. bidding (rare), magisternal (bookish or learned), imperative, mandative, mandatory, justive (rare), peremptory, preceptive.

commemorative, a. memorial, recordative (rare), memorative (rare), celebrative

(rare).

commensal, n. Spec. companion, (contextual), messmate, guest, inquiline (tech.; rare), trenchmate. "Commensal" is rare. comment, v. i. & t. remark, observe, commentate (rare), animadvert (literary; chiefly spec.), descant (literary), opine (stilled or humorous); spec. discourse, touch, gloss (rare), interpose, interject.

comment, n. remark, observation, reflection, note, animadversion (rare or literary; chiefly spec.), commentary (chiefly spec), descant (literary), discourse; spec. scholiasm, whisper, nothing, interjection, gossip, exegesis, gloss; see ANNOTATION,

CRITICISM, EXPLANATION.

commercial, a. mercantile, mercurial (literary), mercatorial (rare); spec. shoppy. commercial traveler. drummer, bagman, traveler (contextual), rider (obs.).

comminute, v. t. reduce, fritter (rare), fine (rare); spec. grind, grate, bray, triturate, pulverise, crush, crumb, crumble, harrow, buck (mining), mince, hash.

Antonyms: see unite.

commission, n. 1. warrant, certificate (contextual); spec. brevet.

2. See AGENCY.

authorization (contextual), spec, errand, mission, message, duty, charge; see ORDER. 4. allowance, pay, fee; spec. dastoori or dustoori (East India), rake-off (slang).

Combustion: burning come-down: fall comedy: drama comely: good looking come-outer: dissenter, reform-comat: sucestment comfortless: desconsolate comfortless: desconsolate comfort: laughable comforty: politeness commandant: commander

commandment: bidding. commemorate: celebrate commence: begin. commencement: beginning commend: praise commit commendable: praise commendable: praise commendation: praise, comcommensurable: adequate commensurate: adequate, procommensuration: proportion. commentary: comment commerce, a traffic, intercourse, commerce, v i traffic commerce, n traffic intercourse commerce, n traffic comminate: threaten comminate: threaten commiserate: compassionals. commiseration: compassionals.commissary: agent commissioner: representative.

COMMUNICATION

5. In a bad or evil sense: doing (often with "of"), perpetration, commitment (rare),

committal (obs.).

commit, v. t. 1. deliver, consign, intrust or entrust, trust, confide, commend, recommend, refer (rare); spec. resign, transfer, recommit, leave.

Antonyms: see WITHDRAW.

2. See REFER, DELEGATE, COMPROMISE.

- **8.** consign (as to memory, writing, etc.), reduce.
- 4. send, consign, remit (rare), remand; spec. condemn, relegate; see condemn, IMPRISON.

Antonyms: see free.

- **5.** In a bad or evil sense: do, perpetrate; spec. sin (a sin), cut (as in "to cut up pranks").
- **commitment,** n. 1. delivery, consignment, consignation, committal, intrustment, confiding, commendation; resignation, transfer.

2. See REFERENCE, DELEGATION, BIND-ING, SENDING, IMPRISONMENT.

8. warrant (for imprisonment), mittimus, condemnation, relegation.

4. Referring to the document: warrant, mittimus.

5. consignment (as to memory, writing, etc.), reduction, committal.

commodity, n. thing (contextual); spec. ware, drug (as in "a drug on the market"). **common,** a. 1. general, universal, mutual (properly only of two); spec. commutual, reciprocal, joint, collective.

3. popular, exoteric (learned), vulgar (obsolescent); see PUBLIC.

Antonyms: see INDIVIDUAL.

3. usual, ordinary, standard, regular, prevailing, vulgar (obsolescent); spec. frequent, familiar; see HABITUAL.

Antonyms: see UNUSUAL, EXTRAORDI-NARY, UNFAMILIAR, ESPECIAL, EXTREME.

4. inferior, ordinary, trivial (rare or archaic), vulgar; spec. popular, low, base, unrefined, commonplace, illiterate; see PLEBEIAN, COARSE.

Antonyms: see Aristocratic, exclu-

5. In grammar: epicene (a loose and improper use).

commonplace, n. 1. banality, triviality (now rare), prosaism, twaddle, prosaicism, prose, cabbage (fig. or slang); spec. platitude (rare or spec.), fadaise (French), truism.

Antonyms: see Oddity.

2. topic; spec. quotation; see saying. commonplace, a. everyday, common, ordinary, hackneyed, threadbare, stale,

tame, trite, trivial (now rare), banal, plebeian (literary), Philistine (literary), prose, prosy, prosaic; spec. exoteric, platitudinous, pedestrian, dull, monotonous, sober.

Anionyms: see odd, unusual, original... commonplace, v. i. platitudinize (rare or

learned), twaddle. common-sense, n. understanding (contextual), mother wit, sense, horse sense (collog.), gumption (collog., U.S.), sevey or savy (slang).

Antonyms: see nonsense.

commotion, n. 1. See AGITATION.

2. disturbance (contextual), stir, breeze (colloq.), fuss, ferment, welter, turmoil, hurly-burly (now undignified), disorder, pother, ado, tempest (fig.); see BUSTLE. Antonyms: see CALM.

3. Spec. sea (as in "there was a sea on"),

rip, bobble, chop.

communicable, a. 1. impartible, conveyable; spec. teachable, transferable; see CATCHING.

2. See COMMUNICATIVE.

communicant, n. Eccl.: communicator, communionist, communer (esp. U. S.), partaker; spec. kneeler.

communicate, v. t. 1. impart, convey, give, carry, confide; spec. deliver, telephone, tell, say, write, narrate, express, send, telegraph, cable, signal, wigwag, heliograph, sing, break, shout, transmit, etc.; see CARRY.

2. In reference to disease, emotions, etc.: impart, convey, give, transmit.

3. Eccl.: housel (hist.).

communicate, v. i. 1. Eccl.: partake, commune (esp. U.S.), receive.

2. Referring to persons: converse (now chiefly spec.), intercommunicate, intercommune (rare); spec. intermessage (rare), correspond, deal, cable, talk, write, etc.; see converse.

8. Referring to places joined by passageways, etc.: connect, intercommunicate.

communication, n. 1. impartation, impartment (rare), conveyance, giving; spec. transmittal, transmission, sending, telling, saying, writing, narration.

2. intelligence (rare); spec. message, telegram, cable (colloq.), wire (colloq.), cablegram, confidence, secret, news, information; see LETTER, MESSAGE.

3. See Intercourse, passage.

Cross references: see Note. committal: commitment, reference, delegation, binding, commission. committee: trustee, body.

commix: mix. commodious: roomy, convenient. commodity: convenience, thing, commonalty: people.

commonwealth: community, communalism: socialism. commune, n.: people. commune, v. i.: converse.

COMMUNICATIVE

4. Referring to the relation of places joined by passageways, etc.: connection, intercommunication.

5. Referring to diseases, ideas, etc.: unpartation, giving, conveyance, transmis-

sion; spec infection, contagion. communicative, a. communicatory, com-

municable, transmittive (rare); spec. chatty.

Antonyms: see RETICENT.

communion, n. 1. See COMMUNITY, 87M-PATHY, INTERCOURSE, ASSOCIATION.

2. Eccl.: liturgy, celebration, concelebra-tion, Eucharist, Sacrament, Lord's Supper, Eulogia (hist.), Mass.

community, n. 1. communion, solidarity (literary); spec. sharing, partnership, society.

2. group, body, society, commonwealth; apec. body politic (tech.), state, neighbor-

hood, preceptory, phalanstery.
compact, a 1. See COMPOSED, CONCISE 2. dense, consistent, solid, close, crass (obsolescent), massive (chefty spec. and tech), gross (literary and fig.); spec. heavy, saggy, woofy (rare), packed, snug, tight, thick.

Antonyms: see POROUS, SCATTERED.

3. Referring to things or their arrangement, as rooms, a house, etc.: close, tight,

snug, neat, spec. packed.

compactness, n. 1. density, body, consistence, consistency, denseness (rare), solidity, closeness, consolidation, thickness, compactedness, heaviness, conjacency (rare), snugness, etc.

2. neatness. companion, n. associate (contextual), shadow (fig or spec), company; spec. match, compeer (rare), commensal, escort, chaperon, accomplice, symbiont, attendant, mate; see spouse, comrade.

companionable, a livable, boon (rare or archaic), spec. clubable; see SOCIABLE. CONVIVIAL.

companionship, n. association, fellowship, intercourse, company, mateship (rars), society; spec. symbiosis.

companionway, n. stairs, passageway;both contextual.

company, n. 1. See COMPANIONSHIP, COMPANION, ASSOCIATION, GUEST, FIRM, GANG.

2. assembly, association, party (colloq. or spec), crowd (colloq., U. S. and British colonies), boodle (contemptuous), sack (collog), lot (contemptuous), consort (obs. or archaic), fellowship (archaic or rare, exc.

spec.), number (contextual), rout (now chiefly poelic); spec. bevy, flock, covey, kennel, gang, set, mob, herd, brood, crew, horde, troop, troupe, platoon, squad, co-hort, gaggle (deriewe), circle, suite, concourse, vexillum, turma, team, Hanse, watch, table, caravan, faction, taxis, vexillation (rare), mess, cavalcade, claque, command, posse.

comparative, a. relative (contextual), col-

lative (tech.); spec. contrastive

compare, v. t. 1. collate, parallel, balance, parallelize (rare), counterpoise, paragon (archaic or postic), measure, confront, confer (obs., exc. as imperative, and usually in abbr. "cf."); spec. equal (rare), equate (rare); see CONTRAST, LIKEN.

3. In grammar: inflect.

compare, v. i. match, spec. vie. comparison, n. 1. See LIKENING.

2. collation, confrontation, parallelism, dissimile (rare), simile, contrast, equating, balance, compare (with "past" or "beyoud")

3. parable (archaic), similitude, parabole (rare), balance, simile, parallelization

(rare); spec, dissimile,

compartment, n. division, chamber, partition, spec. pane, pigeonhole, cell, coupé (French), locker, coffer, bay, severy, embayment (rare), well; see FANEL. compass, n. 1. See BOUNDARY, CIRCUM-

FERENCE, AREA, BOUND, CIRCUIT.

2. sweep, scope; see REACH. 3. extent, range; in music: range, scope, sweep, gamut, register (of the voice), diapason

4. Naut.: needle (fig.), pyxis (rare), box

(fig.; colloq.); spec. dial.

compassion, z. 1. sympathy, kindness, bowels (pl.; obsolescent or literary), commiseration, pity, rue (archaic), ruth (literary or archaic), heart, tenderness, piteousness (archaic), pitifulness, mercy, pathoa.

Anionyms: see CRUELTY, MALEVOLENCE,

HATE

2. See SYMPATHY.

compassionate, a. sympathetic, kind, tender, pitiful, commiserative, ruthful (archaic), piteous (archaic), compassive (rare)

Anionyms: see unfeeling, uncompas-SIONATE, APATHETIC, MALEVOLENT, HATE-FUL, CRUEL, COLD, RELENTLESS.

compassionate, v. t. pity, commiserate, bepity (intensive).

Antonyms see CONGRATULATE.

Cross references see Note. communium: socialism commutable: exchangeable. commute: exchange

commutual: common compact, n: agreement, con-federacy [pose abridge, compact, v. t * consolidate, comcompanionless: alone. compans: curved. compatible: consistent compatriot: countryman. compel. v. t. 1. force, oblige, necessitate, complaining, n. faultfinding, complaincoerce, make (with the infin without "to" coact (rare), coarct (rare), drive, enforce (archaic or literary), constrain, impel, move, gar (Scot.), distress (rare), compulse (obsolescent); spec. conjure, concuss (chiefly Scot), drum, distrain, hunger (rare), reduce.

Antonyms see COAX, CAJOLE, ASK.

2. See DEMAND,

compellable, a. enforceable, coercible, constrainable.

Antonyms : see UNYIELDING. compelled, a. forced, obliged, constrained,

beholden (archaic), vain (now literary).
compensate, v. t. 1. offset, counterbalance, balance, redress (rare), counterpoise, countervail; spec. recoup, redeem.
2. pay (contextual), requite, repay, recompense, guerdon (poetic or rhetorical), reward, remunerate; spec. restitute (rare),

indemnify, recoup; see RETRIBUTE. ance, counterbalance, countervailing, counterpoise, spec. recoupment, redemp-

tion.

Antonyms' see LOSS

pay (contextual), payment (contextuel), recompense, repayment, requital; spec. amends, indemnity, indemnification, sat-isfaction, reward, reparation, justice, solatium, honorarium, recoupment, restitution; see RETRIBUTION.

compensatory, a. paying (contextual), compensative, reparative, amendatory,

indemnificatory, etc.

compete, v. z. contend, strive; spec race. competition, n. contest, contention, rivalship, rivalry, rivalism (rare), rivality (rare), concurrence (now used as French); spec. trial, handicap; see RACE, EMULA-TION.

Antonyms: see COOPERATION.

competitor, n. contestant, rival, antag-onist, concurrent (now chiefly used as French); spec field (competitors collectively; fig. or spec.); spec. entrant; see

compilation, n. composition (contextual), recueil (French); spec customary or cus-

tumal, anthology.

compile, v. t. compose, quilt (rare, fig.) complain, v. i. murmur, grunt, grumble, gruntle (rare), grutch (archaic), lament, repine (chiefly spec.), plain (archaic); spec. moan, groan, growl, grouse (colloq.), scold, mutter, whine. Antonyms: see REJOICE.

tive (rars), murmuring; spec. grumbling, growling, grousing (colloq.).

complaining, a 1. See AILING.
2. grumbly (colloq), querimonious (literary); spec. querulous, peevish.

complaint, n. 1. Sec AILMENT.

3. murmuring, grumbling, etc., murmur, lament, lamentation, plaint (literary), querimony (rese), plain (archaic), repining (chiefly spec.); spec. growl, grunt, whine. 3. accusation, charge, plaint (literary or law); spec. information, grievance.

complaisant, a. complacent (obsolesc.), agreeable (contextual), pliant, soft, smooth, yielding, supple, facile (literary), subservient, buxom (archaic), easy, weak, doughfaced (colloq.), courtly, yielding; spec. gracious, condescending, exorable, submissive; see obliging, obedient.

Antonyms: see PERVERSE, OBSTINATE, DISPUTATIOUS, UNYIELDING, UNACCOMMO-DATING, DISOBEDIENT, CONTROVERSIAL.

complement, n. 1. See COMPLETION, CROWN. total, tale; spec. cadre (French; mil.). complete, a. i. full, entire, perfect, inte-grate (rare), integral (rare), round (chiefly spec.); spec. intact, self-contained, dead, orbed (rare), orbicular; see WHOLE, ABSOLUTE, TEOROUGH.

Antonyms see INCOMPLETE, PARTIAL, INITIAL, CONDITIONAL, IMPERFECT.

2. See FINISHED, ACCOMPLISHED.

complete, v. t. 1. consummate, totalize, complement (rare), round (used chiefly with "out"), integrate; spec. mature, crown, cap, perfect, perfectionate (rare).
Antonyms: see BEGIN

3. See FINISH, ACCOMPLISH.

completed, a. perfected, consummate; spec. mature, ripe.

completely, adv. 1. fully, entirely, right (archaic or dial), quite; spec. integrally, perfectly, consummately, roundly, cap-apie (French), out, altogether.

2. See ABSOLUTELY, WHOLLY, THOR-OUGHLY.

completion, n. 1. consummation, perfection, complement (rare), integration; spec. maturement (rare),

Antonyms see BEGINNING.

2. Referring to the state: consummation, etc. (as in sense 1, above), full, integrity; spec. infinity, maturity.

3. Referring to the completing thing: complement, completory (rare); spec. copestone, coronation (rare or literary), crown, finish, correlate

Ter Cross references see Note. comper, n equal compandious: concise. compandium: abridgement. compete: contend competence: fortune. competency: ability, qualifi-

competent: adequate, qualified, complement; self-satisfied.

Antonyms: see BEGINNING.

4. See finishing, accomplishment. completive, a. completory (rare), perfective, consummative, complementary.

complex, a. 1. See COMPOSITE.

2. complicated, complicate, intricate, perplexed, involute (rare,, involved; spec. entangled, knotty, mazy, inextricable, de-complex, dædal, Dædalian, Gordian, crabbed.

Antonyme: see SIMPLE.

complex, n. 1. See COMPOSITE.

2. complexus (rare), complication, compages (rare), complexity, complexus; spec network, web, tangle, snarl, intanglement, node, maze, labyrinth.

complexion, n. 1. Of the skin hue (now almost equiv. to "color"), color, blee

(archaic).

2. Sec APPEARANCE, ABPECT.

complexioned, a. complected (dial. or col-

log., U. S.), hued.

complexity, n. 1. complexness (rare), perplexity, complicatedness, complication, complicacy, complicity (rare), involution, intricateness, intricacy, involvedness; spec. confusion, inextricability, intricableness, mazinesa.

2. See COMPLEX.

compliant, a. conformable, compliable (now rare), spec. resigned; see COMPLAI-BANT, OBEDIENT.

Antonyms see disobedient.

complicate, v. t. perplex, intricate (rare), involve, complex, compound; spec. em-barrass, entangle, intertangle (rare), interlace, decompound.

Antonyms: see SIMPLIFY.

complicity, n. association, privity, guilt.

Antonyms. see INNOCENCE. compliment, n. 1. praise (contextual), honor (contextual); spec. encomium, eulogy, tribute, panegyric, flattery, commendation, ovation.

Antonyms see DISPARAGEMENT, CEN-BURE, REPROOF, CONDEMNATION.

2. In pl : sce RESPECT.

compliment, v. t. 1. praise (contextual), honor (contextual); spec. commend, congratulate, eulogize, flatter, favor.

Antonyms: see DISPARAGE, CENSURE,

REPROVE, CONDEMN.

2. See PRESENT, BESTOW.

comply, v. t. conform (used with "to"), yield; see oney.

component, a. constituent, constitutive, compositional (rars), ingredient, integral (chiefly spec.), integrant (chiefly spec.); spec. partial, elemental.

component, n. part, constituent, ingredient, principle, element, material; spec. intermixture.

compose, v. t. 1. make (contextual), constitute, form, compound, compact, build (chiefly spec.); spec. synthesize, construct, weave, fabricate, mix.

Antonyms see ANALYZE, DISINTEGRATE. 2. produce, make, do, indite (learned), frame, build, gignate (rare and jocular), prepare; spec. write, draw, redact, twist, address, compile, recompose, collate, conflate (rare), sonnetize (rare), dash (used with "off"), scribble, hexametrise, score, precompose, fable; see compile, extem-PORIZE.

In printing set.

4. See ARRANGE.

5. calm (contextual), collect, recover, recollect (pron. rek-o-lekt'), recall.

compose, v. i. Spec. write, sonnetize, sonnet, sonneteer, pamphletize, elegize, epitaph, epigrammatize, epilogize or epiloguize (rare), prose, poetise.

composed, a. 1. constituted, formed, compact or compacted (archaic), compagi-

nated (rare).

calm (contextual), collected, self-possessed, cool; see PEACEFUL.

Antonyms' see Excited, UNEASY. composer, n 1. maker, doer, poet (rare or archaic), constructor, constructor (rare), framer, former, builder.

2. author (which see); spec. melodist, melodramatist, symphonist, hymnist, hymnodist, harmonist.

3. In music author.

composite, a. compound, complex (archaic), concrete (literary or spec.), decomposite (tech.), complicate (archaic); spec. decompound, colonial, polyzoic, polygenous, conflate (literary criticism).

Antonyms' see SIMPLE.

composite, n. compound, composition, complexus (tech.), compo (cant or colloq.; chiefly Eng.), complex (archarc), confection (rare or spec.), combination, compost (literary); spec. breccia, conglomerate, compositum, motley, conserve.

composition, n. 1. preparation (contextual), constitution, make-up, making, formation, confection (rare), compaction (rare), synthesis (learned), framing, compounding, building; spec dispensation; see STRUCTURE, MIXTURE.

Antonyma: see ANALTSIS.

2. Referring to the distinctive character: constitution, make, make-up.

3. See COMPOSITE, COMPROMISE.

Cross references see Note. complex, v. i.; complicate. complexus: complex, composite. complication: complexity. complimentary: laudatory complet, n . conspiracy.

complet, v. i.: conspire. compart, v. i.: behave. compart, v. i.: agree.

4. production, authorship, writing, inditing or inditement (learned); spec. invention, imagination, conflation; see COMPILATION.

5. In music: spec. instrumentation, hym-

nology, hymnody, songeraft.

6. Referring to literary productions: production, preparation, piece, opus; spec. work, opuscule, screed, brochure, paper, discourse, disquisition, effusion, dissertation, tract, disputation, essay, thesis, theme, treatise, tractate, study, fiction, poem, novel, sequence, prose, exercise, elucubration (rare), lucubration (often humorous), conflation (archaic), pastoral, scribble, thing (contemptuous), morceau (French), Balaam, extravaganza, niminy-piminy, dithyramb, descant, diatribe.

7. Referring to musical productions: production, opus; spec. compilation, drama, oratorio, concertino, concerto, aria, fugue, study, sonata, sonatina, nocturne, intermezzo, madrigal, duet, quartet, sextet, morceau (French), melologue (rare), med-

ley, melopœia.

8. In art: spec. relief, relievo, alto-relievo, basso-relievo, statue, painting, etching, etc.

9. typesetting, typography.

compositive, a. constitutive, synthetical; spec. retextive (logic; rare).

Antonyms: see Analytical.

compositor, n. composer, typesetter; spec. typothetæ (pl.).

composure, n. calm (contextual), collection, recollection, self-possession; see BALANCE, PEACE.

compotation, n. drinking (contextual), symposium; spec. carouse.

comprehensive, a. 1. See INCLUSIVE, UNDERSTANDING.

2. large, wide, extensive, broad, general, sweeping, expansive; spec. all-embracing.

Antonyms: see NARROW.

compromise, n. 1. arrangement (contextual), composition.

2. See ARRANGEMENT, CONCESSION. compromise, v. t. 1. arrange (contextual), compound.

3. See endanger.

3. prejudice, commit.

comptroller, n. controller; spec. steward, auditor.

compulsion, n. forcing, obligation, neces-

sitation, coercion, coaction (rare), coarctation (rare), constraint, impulsion (rare), force (chiefly spec.), reduction, enforcement; spec. necessity, concession (chiefly Scot.), distraint.

Antonyms: see COAXING, CAJOLERY.

compulsory, a. 1. compellent (rare), obligatory, necessitative, coercive, imperative, coercionary (rare), coactive (rare), constraining, impelling, moving, imperious; spec. violent.

2. forced, enforced, obligatory.

Antonyms: see Optional.

computable, a. calculable, countable,

numerable, reckonable, etc.

computation, n. 1. calculation, reckoning, account (now only in a few phrases, as "money of account"), computus (hist.); spec. estimation, counting, recount, telling (archaic), numbering, numeration, enumeration, denumeration (rare), division, multiplication, subtraction, calculus, indigitation (rare), supputation (rare), ciphering, rhabdology, daytale or daytal or datal (local Eng.), expansion, capitation, logistics; see ADDITION.

2. Referring to the result arrived at: result, account, calculation, reckoning; spec. score, sum, quotient, multiple, estimate. computative, a. calculative; spec. enu-

merative, numerative.

compute, v. t. & i. calculate, reckon; spec. count, recount, figure, tell (archaic), numerate, enumerate, cast, number, connumerate (rare), divide, multiply, subtract, cipher (colloq., U. S.), estimate, tally; see ADD.

comrade, n. associate, companion, fellow, frater (Latin); spec. contubernal, messmate, roommate, crony (intimate), coachfellow, playmate, playfellow, chum (colloq.); see INTIMATE.

concede, v. t. 1. See ACKNOWLEDGE, GRANT, RELINQUISH.

2. allow, grant, yield. conception.

2. judgment, opinion.

3. conceitedness, self-esteem, self-complacency, self-conceit, self-exaltation, inflation, self-pleasing (rare), self-glorification, self-sufficiency, sufficiency, self-satisfaction, self-admiration, megalomania, egotism, vanity, egoism (rare), overweening, overweeningness, outrecui-

compost: fertilizer.
compost: fertilizer.
compote: preserve.
compound, n.: inclosure.
compound, a.: composite.
compound, n.: composite, derivative.
compound, v. t.: compose, complicate, arrange, pay.

comprehend: understand, include, imply. [able. comprehensible: understand-comprehension: understanding, intelligence, inclusion. compress, v. t.: squeeze, condense, crowd, consolidate, constrict, abridge. comprise: include.

compunction: regret.
compunctious: regretful.
concatenate: connect.
concatenation: connection,
series.
concave: hollow, hole.
conceal: hide.
concealed: hidden, secret.
concealment: hiding, secrecy.

dance (French; rare), priggery, priggishness, assurance, puppyism.

Antonyms: see BASHFULNESS, MODESTY, HUMBLENESS.

4. See IMAGINATION.

5. notion, caprice, quip, quick, fancy, device (archaic), crochet, maggot, crank, trick; see CAPRICE.

conceited, a. self-complacent, self-satisfied, self-pleased, self-concerted, egotistical (rare), egotistic, vain, overweening, priggish, self-opinionated, self-opinioned, self-sufficient, inflated, blown (lucrary), conceity (colloq., chiefly Scot.).

Antonyms see BASHFUL, MODEST. conceive, v. t. 1. form (in the womb).

2. form (in the mind), frame, ideate (rare), brain (rare).

2. See IMAGINE, DEVISE, THINK, UNDER-

concentrate, v. t. 1. concenter (rare), atrengthen; spcc. reconcentrate; see Dis-TILL, INTENSIFY, CONDENSE, UNITE, FOCUS. Antonyms: see SEPARATE, SCATTER, DIS-PERSE, DIFFUSE.

2. Referring to the mind, attention, ideas, etc.: focus (fig), consolidate (fig.), recollect, spec. rally, localize; see APPLY.

concentrated, a. Spec. condensed, intent (of a person), fixed, intensified, etc. Antonyms: see DIFFUSE.

conception, n. 1. conceiving; spec. superfetation or superfortation.

Spec. embryo, fetus or fœtus.

3. See imagination, thinking, under-STANDING, IDEA, PLAN.

conceptual, a. conceptive, concipient (rare).

concert, n. 1. See COOPERATION, CONSPIR-ACY, AGREEMENT.

 entertainment, consort (obs. or hist.); spec aubade (French), madrigal, serenade, recital.

See ACCESSION. concession, n. 1. ACKNOWLEDGMENT, RELINQUISHMENT, GRANT.

2. allowance, granting, grant, yielding; spec. compromise.

conciliate, v. t 1. win (favor, a person, etc.), square (a person; colloq.); spec. curry (favor).

3. reconcile (as theories, differences).

3. See PACIFY.

concise, a brief (contextual), terse, condensed, short (contextual), pithy, compact, sententious, compressed, succinct, summary; spec. laconic, holophrastic, curt, epigrammatic, compendious.

Antonyms: see PROLIX, WORDY, VER-

BOSE, DISCURSIVE.

conciseness, a. brevity, shortness (contextual), concision (rare), syntomy (rare), shortness (contextual), terseness, commatism (learned), succinctness, compactness; spec. lacomsm, etc.

conclude, v. t. 1. See END, INFER, DECIDE. 2. effect, make, drive, close; spec. com-

pound.

Antonyms: see abolish, prevent.

conclusion, n. 1. See END, EVENT, INFER-ENCE, DECISION.

2. effecting, making, closing, effectuation. concoct, v. t. devise (contextual), prepare, invent, brew, plan; see PLAN.

concoction, n 1. devising, preparation (contextual), planning, invention, brewing. a. device, preparation, invention; spec. lie, mixture, dose, scheme, plot.

concomitant, c. accompanying, concurrent; spec. simultaneous, coincident, coexistent, accessory; see contemporaneous. concourse, n. 1. As to persons or animals: confluence, conflux, concurrence, con-gress (rare); see GATHERING.

2. See confluence, junction. concrete, a 1. See COMPOSITE, ACTUAL, PARTICULAR, SOLID.

2. In reference to numbers: material (theol. and philos.), denominate (rare).

concrete, n. 1. composite, compound, concretion.

2. Spec. conglomerate, beton, tabby, ferroconcrete, asphalt.

concretion, n. 1. See BOLIDIFICATION, ACCRETION.

3. The thing formed: collection (contextual), concrement (rare), concrescence (rare), concrete (obsolesc); spec calculus, knot, congelation, accretion, crystallization, geode, dacryolite, dacryolith.

concubinage, n. cohabitation; betærism, betairism.

Cross references, see Note. conceltedness: conceitedness: concert conceivable: thinkable, im-

concent: harmony.
concent: paralel.
concent: idea
concert, n affair, thing, interest, importance, care, rela-

tion, firm. concern, v. t.: affect, concerned: affected, careful, GR27014

concernment: interest, importance, care concerning: about. concert, r t plan loperate concert, r t conspire, ro-conclude: end, finish, eventuate conclusive: final, decreive, conconcord, n.: agreement, peace,

harmony.
concord, t i agree
concordant: agreenble, harmo-

concordat: agreement. concrete: solidify. concupiscent: desirous, lasersconcur: conneide, agree, coop-concurrance: convedence, con-course, confluence, agreement, cooperation, currespondence, ooncurrent: cancident, con-fuent, concomitant, coopera-tive, joint, correspondent. conouss: shock, shake condemn, v. t. 1. disapprove (contextual), discommend (rare), reprobate, disallow (archaic), disfavor, reprehend, discounte-nance, denounce, deprecate, spec. anathematize, damn (archine; very strong, or rulgar), hoot, hiss; see CENSURE.

Antonyms: see CONDEMN, APPLAUD, AP-

PROVE, PRAISE, COMPLIMENT.

 sentence, doom, judge (obs.), adjudge; spec. damn (archaic), lag (cant).

 consign, commit (contextual), devote, doom.

4. See CONVICT, CONFISCATE, APPRO-PRIATE.

condemnable, a. 1. disapprovable, dis-allowable, damnable (archaic, very strong, or vulgar); see BLAMABLE, REPREHENSIBLE.

convictable, adjudgeable.

consignable, committable, devotable. condemnation, n. 1. disapprobation, discommendation (rare), reprehension, disapproval, frown, reprobation, deprecia-tion, damnation (very strong or vulgar); 800 CENSURE.

Antonyms. see Justification, applause, APPROVAL, PRAISE, ADMIRATION, COM-

PLIMENT.

2. conviction, convictment (rare), sentence, doom, judgment (rare).

3. consignment, commitment (context-ual), committal, doom (rare).

condemnatory, a. 1. disapprobatory, damnatory, reprobative, reprehensive, deprecatory; see censorious.

Antonyma: see APPROVING, LAUDATORY,

PRAISING. 2. convictive.

3. consignatory, devotive, doomful.

condensation, n. 1. thickening, concentration, coercion (tech., and chiefly spec.); spec. liquefaction (of a gas), distillation, inspissation, solidification.

2. abridgment, abbreviation, compression, concentration.

Antonyms: 866 DEVELOPMENT, ENLARGE-

condense, v. t. & i. 1. thicken, concentrate, densify (rare), coarct (rare); spec. inspissate, liquely; see distill, solidify. Antonyms: see DILUTE, EVAPORATE,

2. abridge (contextual), abbreviate, compress, concentrate; spec. epitomize.

Antonyms: see DEVELOP, ENLARGE. condescend, v. i. stoop, deign, descend, vouchsafe.

condescending, a. gracious (of very exalted persons).

Antonyms: see ARROGANT.

condescension, n. 1. Referring to an action or to an act: stoop.

condescendence, graciousness, grace; spec. complaisance.

condition, n. 1. provision, proviso, prerequisite, postulate, precondition; spec. assumption, contingency, terms (pl.), defessance, stipulation.

2. See QUALIFICATION, STATE, RANK, LIMITATION.

conditional, a. subject, conditioned, provisional, provisory, provisionary, pr requisite; spec. contingent, dependent.

Antonyms: see absolute, complete. conduct, v. t. 1. See GUIDE, ESCORT, MAN-AGE, HOLD, BEHAVE, TRANSPORT, TRANS-

2. In the sense of "to carry on as an enterprise": run, operate, carry (often with "along," "on," etc.); spec. push, drive, wage.

conductor, n. 1. See LEADER, GUIDE, ES-

CORT, MANAGER.

 guard (on a train; Eng.); spec. tripper. 8. transmitter, conveyor; spec. cable, lead, bus, buster.

cone-shaped, a. conical, conic, coniform (rare).

confection, v. t. prepare, form, mix.

confederacy, n. 1. association, league, alliance, compact (the agreement only), union, coalition, confederation, federation, spec. Bund (German), pentapolis, Dreibund (German), Zollverein (German). conspiracy.

confederate, a. leagued, allied, confeder-

ated, federated, federal.

confer, v. i. 1. See CONVERSE, CONSULT. 2. talk, parley, palaver, powwow (fig. or врес.).

conference, n. 1. See CONVERSATION, CONSULTATION.

a. talk, parley, palaver, powwow (fig. or арес.).

contess, v. l. 1. See ACKNOWLEDGE.

2. disclose (contextual), tell, reveal, un-bosom, disbosom (rare); spec. unburden.

Cross references: see Note-condescendences condescencondign: appropriate
condiment: flavoring
condition, a t stipulate, limit,
conditioned: circumstanced condole: sympathize condolence: sympathy condonation: ercuse

condone: ezcuse. conduce: tend, contribute. conducement: contributeon. conducive: contributory conduct, n. management, direction, procedure, behavior, pursuit, daing conduction: transmission. oonduit: channel.

confabulate: converse, confabulation: consersation. confect: preserve confection: preparation, com-position, sweetment, preservation. confectionery: factory, susetconfederate: ally, conspirator. confederation: confederacy.

Antonyma: see HIDE, DENY.

shrive, shrift (rare).

ocniession, n. 1. See ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

2. shrift (chiefly spec.).

3. Referring to a body of believers in one faith communion.

confessional, n. etail.

confidant, n. confidante (fem.), confidente (French, fem.), confident (French; masc.), intimate, privado (obs).

confidence, n. 1. See ASSTRANCE.

 assurance, certitude, self-confidence, clearness, positiveness, clearness, cocksureness surety (rare); spec. insistency, certainty. cocksureness. 3. communication, privacy, secret.

confident, a. 1. See ASSURED, BOLD.

2. assured, sure, certain, positive, clear, cocksure, secure (literary); spec insistent. Antonyms: see ANXIOUS, TIMID.

confidential, a 1. private, secret, fiducial,

fiduciary, trust.

2. See INTIMATE, TRUSTED.

confinable, a. restramable, imprisonable. confine, v. t. 1. imprison, prison (poetic or thet), mew (literary), incarcerate (learned), carecrate (rare), restrain, immure, spec. mure (orig. spec.), pew (fig. or spec.), curcumscribe (rare), kennel (fig. or spec.), embound (rare,, restrict, pen (fig. or spec.), restringe (rare), close, inclose (obs., exc. spec.), jail, pinch, shop (cant), bail, cauldron (rare), box, house, closet, chamber (archaic), cabin (rare), crib (rare), pound, impound, cub (chiefly dial.), pin, embar (rare), impark (rare), shackle, dam, dungeon, jug (stang), lock (used chiefly with "up," "into," etc.), endungeon (rare), bastille or bastile, closster, coop, penfold, gate (Eng. univ.), yard, impale (rare), enchain, incave, encage, embank, intern, constrain, enjail (rare), labyrinth, cage, see DETAIN. Antonyms see FREE

2. fasten (contextual), hold, secure, detain, restrain; spec. tie, jess, braid, brail, bind, button, chain, constrict, enchain,

rope, etc ; see BIND.

Antonyms see LOOSE.

2. bound, limit, restrict, circumscribe, astrict (rare), restringe (rare), pinch (rare), narrow, cram; see RESTRICT.
Many of the words gwen under sense 1 may be used figuratively in this sense.

confined, s. 1. incarcerate (archaic), restrained, pent, imprisoned, mewed, etc.;

see BOUND.

Antonyms: see free

2. restricted, hmited, narrow, close, cramp; see NARROW

Antonyma, see UNLIMITED, UNINCLOSED, WIDE.

bedrid, bedridden.

confinement, n 1. imprisonment, incar-ceration learned), carceration (rare), immurement (orig. spec.), prisonment (rare), restraint, constraint, durance (chiefly literary and in the phrase "in durance vile"), ward (obsolescent); spec. duress, claustration, captivity, chains, inclosure, limbo, prison, detailment (rare), custody.

Antonyms. see FREEDOM.

3. fastening (contextual), holding (contextual), securing (contextual), detention; spec. chains, restraint.

3. limitation, bruting, restriction, circumscription, narrowness (as of opportunity), hmit, crampedness, crampness (rare), see RESTRICTION.
4. childbed.

confining, a. limitative, limiting, restrictive, circumscriptive, binding, limitary. confirm, v. t. 1. establish, fix, strengthen; spec. bishop, see STRENGTHEN.

Antonyms: see abolish, weaken. 2. ratify, sanction, validate, roborate (rare), corroborate (now rare), avouch, vouch (rare or tech.), approbate or approve (chiefly Scots law); spec. homologate (chiefly Scots law), countersign, indorse, seal, reconfirm (rare).

Antonyms: see INVALIDATE, DISPUTE. 3. establish, verify, corroborate, accredit, support, substantiate, sustain, clinch

(collog); see PROVE.

Antonyms: see DISPROVE, DISCREDIT, CONFUTE.

confirmable, a. verifiable; see PROVABLE, confirmation, n. seal, support, sanction, verification.

confirmatory, a. 1. ratificatory, sanctionstive, corroborant (rere), roborative (rere), corroborative (obsolescent); spec. signatory, obsignatory (rare).

3. corroboratory, corroborative, corrobo-

rant, supportive.

confiscate, v. t. take (contextual), seize, appropriate, forfeit (rare or hist.); spec. condemn, sequestrate, sequester,

conflagrant, a. See BURNING.

conflict, n. 1. See contention, Fight.
2. confliction (rare), encounter, rencounter (rare), collision, clash; see IN-TERFERENCE, DISAGREEMENT.

Antonyms: see AGREEMENT. conflict, v. i. 1. See FIGHT.

 clash, encounter, rencounter (rare), collide; spec. interfere; see DIBAGRES. Antonyms. see AGREE, CONFORM.

Cross references see Note confide, v. t. commit, tell.

confiding, n.: commitment confiding, a.: trustful, believ-

oonfiguration: form, construction. confine, n boundary confiagration: fire

CONGRATULATE

conflictory, a. conflicting, conflictive (rare), collisive (rare), clashing; spec. discordant, interfering, disagreeing.

Antonyms: see AGREEING.

confluence, n. 1. Meaning "a flowing together": junction, conflux, concourse, concurrence.

Antonyms: see DIVERGENCE.

2. See CONCOURSE.

confluent, a. joining, meeting, commingling, concurrent.

Antonyms: see divergent.

conform, v. t. adjust, accommodate, shape, assimilate, liken (rare); spec. serve; see ADAPT, HARMONIZE.

conform, v. i. 1. agree (contextual; used with "with"), harmonize, shape; spec. assimilate (used with "to").

Antonyms: see CONFLICT.

2. See COMPLY, CORRESPOND.

conformable, a. Spec. agreeable, adaptable, consistent, correspondent, compliant. confront, v. t. See FACE, OPPOSE, COMPARE.

2. contrapose (rare), counterpose (rare).

confuse, v. t. 1. See ABASH.

- 2. perplex (contextual), confound, distract, disconcert, flurry, addle, flutter, fluster, flustrate, bewilder, flabbergast (colloq.), wilder (rare), muddle, bemuddle (intensive), fuddle, befuddle (intensive), mess (colloq.), mist (fig.), bemist (intensive), mess (colloq.), clutter (dial.), muss (colloq., U. S.), dizzy, mix (colloq.), bumbase (rare), maze (rare), entangle, bemaze (rare), bemuse (rare), blank (archaic or rare), dazzle, muddify (rare), muddy (fig.), gravel, bedevil (rare), befog, fog (rare), demoralize (colloq. or spec.); spec. rattle, dumfound, dumfounder; see STUPEFY, DISCONCERT, DIS
- **3.** disorder (contextual), mix, jumble, ravel (rare), embroil, embrangle (rare), entangle, mingle, muddle, commingle; spec. blend, confound, mess, derange; see DISARRANGE.

Antonyms: see ARRANGE, CLASSIFY, DISTINGUISH, ELUCIDATE.

confused, a. 1. abashed; see ABASH.

2. flabbergasted (colloq.), bemazed (intensive), puzzleheaded, faggy, misty, flustery (rare), flustered, turbid, mixed (colloq.), distracted, distract (archaic), muddy (fig.), addle (literary), muddleheaded; spec. blank, dim, capernoitit (Scot.), thunderstruck, thunderstricken; see STUPEFIED.

Antonyms: see CALM, METHODICAL, SELF-CONTROLLED.

8. mixed, jumbled, jumbly, topsy-turvy, higgledy-piggledy (contemptuous), promiscuous, messy (colloq.), macaronic (literary); spec. chaotic, troublous, indiscriminate, mussy (U. S.).

Antonyms: see ORDERLY, CLASSIFIED. confusedly, adv. helter-skelter, higgledy-piggledy, jumbly, hurry-scurry.

confusing, a. perplexing, distracting,

flustering, etc.
confusion, n. 1. See ABASHMENT, DISCOMFITURE, STUPEFACTION.

2. Referring to the state of mind: perplexity (contextual), distraction, disconcertedness, flurry, blankness, flutter, flutteration, muss (U. S.), fluster, flustration, bewilderment, wilderment (rare), puzzle, muddle, fuddle (chiefly spec.), disconcertion (rare), disconcertment (rare), fluster, flusterment (rare), dazzle (rare), dazzlement (rare), puzzlement (rare), mist, muddiness (fig.), muddlement (rare); spec. dumfounderment, entanglement, dumfoundedness, demoralization; see

STUPEFACTION, DISARRANGEMENT.

Antonyms: see Calm, Self-Control.

3. Referring to the physical condition: disorder (contextual), ravelment (rare), jumble, chaos, muss (U. S.), higgledy-piggledy (contemptuous), jumblement (rare), babel (rare; fig.), coil (archaic), imbroilment, imbroglio (chiefly spec.), huggermugger (colloq.), moil (archaic), muddle, fuddle, clutter (dial. or colloq.); spec. tangle, tanglement, entanglement, promiscuity; see disarrangement.

Antonyms: see Arrangement, method,

SYSTEM, ORDER.

confute, v. t. confound (archaic), convince (archaic), convict (archaic), redargue (Scot.), overthrow, overturn, overcome, refute; spec. disprove, silence.

Antonyms: see Confirm, Prove.

congeal, v. t. & i. solidify (contextual), fix, set, freeze (chiefly spec.); spec. pectize (rare), gelatinize, jelly, coagulate, ice (rare); see CRYSTALLIZE.

Antonyms: see SOFTEN, LIQUIFY.

congealed, a. solidified, set, frozen (chiefly spec.); spec. pectous.

congenital, a. connate (chiefly spec.), connascent (rare), innate (chiefly spec.), connatural.

congratulate, v. t. felicitate, gratulate (archaic), macarize (rare), hug (oneself),

Cross references: see Note.
conflux: confluence, concourse.
conform, a.: consistent, correspondent.

confrère: colleague.

congener: ally.
congeneric: allied.
congenial: agreeable.

congeries: collection, accumulation. congest: accumulate, collect, congest. conglomerate, n.: mass, accumulation, collection.
conglomerate, v.: collect.
conglomeration: accumulation, collection.

CONGRATULATORY

plume (oneself), pride (oneself), flatter (oneself); see COMPLIMENT.

Antonyma: see COMPASSIONATE congratulatory, a. gratulatory (rare) congregate, a. met (contextual), assembled. congregate, v. z. assemble, gather, collect; spec. throng, flock, swarm, crowd, herd (fig. of men), shoal; see MEET, CROWD. Antonyms: see SEPARATE, SCATTER

congregation, n. 1. assemblage, assembly, gathering, collection; see MEETING.

2. church; spec. parish (U. S.), propaganda (R. C. Ch.).

conical, conic, a. cone-shaped, coniform

conjectural, a. suppositional, suppositi-tious (learned), hypothetical (learned), theoretical (chiefly tech.); see SUPPOSED. Antonyms: see UNQUESTIONABLE.

conjure, v. i. 1. juggle (rare), charm (rare), incant (obs. or rare).

2. See JUGGLE.

connect, v. t. Spec. concatenate, link, interlink, interconnect, associate, relate, hyphen, hyphenate, hyphenize, see JOIN, UNITE, ATTACH, ASSOCIATE, RELATE

Antonyms: see DETACH, DISCONNECT. connect, v. i. Spec. lock, interlock, interdigitate (rare), interosculate; see com-MUNICATE.

connection, n. 1. Spec. attachment, junction, union, concatenation, interosculation, linking; see association, relation, INTERCOURSE, COMMUNICATION.

Antonyms see DETACHMENT. 2. See RELATION, BOND, DENOMINATION. connivance, n winking; cf. collusion, cooperation, consent.

connive, v. i. wink; nearly related are: collude, cooperate, consent.

connivent, a. Nearly related are: collusive, cooperative; see ACCESSORY.

connoisseur, n. expert, virtuoso (masc.; Italian), virtuosa (fem.; Italian); spec. critic, judge, epicure, lapidary.

conquer, v. i. prevail, overcome, overthrow, win; spec. triumph.

conquerable, a. vincible (rars), vanquishable, overcomable (rare).

Antonyms: see Unconquerable. conquering, a. victorious.

conqueror, n. defeater, conqueress (fem.), victor, victress (fem.), victrix (fem.; Latin), winner, subjugator, subduer, discomfiter, master; spec. humbler, reducer, prostrator.

conquest, n. 1. See Acquisition, over-COMING.

2. victory, win (colloq.), winning, mastery; spec triumph; see DEFEAT.

conscientious, a. upright, religious, faithful, strict, scrupulous, exact, particular; spec.careful, honorable, incorruptible, just. Antonyms: see ABANDONED, DECEITFUL,

DISHONEST, CARELESS, UNPRINCIPLED. conscious, a. 1. sensible, cognisant, percipient (tech. or learned), awake (fig.), sen-

tient; see AWARE.

Antonyms: see UNCONSCIOUS. 2. self-conscious; spec guilty. Antonyms: see INNOCENT.

3. See INTENTIONAL.

consciousness, n. sensibility, sense, mind, sentience (rare or literary), perception, sensation, etc.

conseribe, v. f. enlist (contextual), draft, impress.

conscription, n. enlistment (contextual), drafting, impressment.

consecrate, v. t 1. To pronounce words of consecration over: bless (archaic), seal (rare), sacrament (rare); spec. dedicate, taboo, sanctify, devote.

Antonyms: see Curse. 2. To make consecrate (in fact): hallow, sanctify, sacrament (rare; fig.), bless (archaic).

Antonyms: see desecrate.

consecration, n. 1. blessing (archaic), sacring; spec. sanctification, dedication, devotion.

2. hallowing, sanctification, devotion. consecrative, a. hallowing, consecratory, sanctifying.

consequence, n. 1. See RESULT, INFER-ENCE, IMPORTANCE, BELF-IMPORTANCE. 2. succession (contextual), sequence, consecution, sequent.

Cross references: nee Note. congress: meeting, intercourse, congruence: agreement, conagreement, concongruent: agreeing, consist-

congruity: ogreement, consistcongruous: agreeing, consist-

conjoin: join, unite conjoint: joint, united. conjugal: matrimonial. conjugate, a joined, united, married, related. comjugate, v. t.: infect.

conjugate, r t unite. conjunct: joined, united conjunctive, a : joining, unitconjugate, r i eonjuration: magac, invocabring effect. v. t: ask, invoke, conjurat: magician, juggler. conjury: magic, jugglery connate: congenital, relate congenital, related, united connected: joined, united, adjunct constant, related connotation: meaning. connote: mean.

connubial: matrimonial. conquer, s. t. defeat, overcome. contanguinity: relation. conscript: drafted consecrated: holy. consecution: succession, conconsecutive: successies. consensus: agreement. nated unantmous consentience: agreement. consentient: agreeme, unaniconsequential, a. 1. necessary, consequent, sequential; see INFERABLE

Antonyms. see accidental, chance 2. In reference to results, indirect, secondary; spec. eventual (rare).

3. See BELF-IMPORTANT.

conservative, a. 1. preservative. Cf. PRE-

 unprogressive (a derogatory term); spec. misoneistic (rare), Tory (Eng.), blue (Eng. politics).

(slang, chiefty U. S.), hunker (local, U. S.), Tory (Eng.). conservative, n.

consider, v. t. 1. deliberate, cogitate, ponder, ponderate (rare), brood, contemplate, meditate, ruminate, chew (collog. or fig.), study, speculate (obs. or rare), turn, revolve, roll (rare), forethink (rare), perpend (archave), treat; spec. weigh, muse, design (rare), digest, envisage (literary), precontrive (rare), premeditate (rare), preconsider (rare); see RECONSIDER, EN-

2. regard, heed, mark, notice, mind, scan; spec. entertain, review, consult, esteem. Antonyms: see DISREGARD, IGNORE.

3. think, opine (rare), opinionate (rare), regard, believe, view, trow (archaic), judge, hold, deem, count, account, reckon, take, call, esteem, make; spec. rate, estimate, value, repute, gauge, misesteem; see INFER.

4. respect, regard.

Antonymu: see INSULT, IGNORE.

consider, v. i. 1. think, reflect, deliberate, meditate, brood, muli (colloq., U. S.), study (colloq.), ponder, pore, cogitate (learned), muse (chiefly spec.), ruminate, speculate.

2. See CARE.

considerable, a. large, sisable (chiefly spec.), substantial, substantive, good, round, important, goodish, goodly, gey (Scot.), tolerable, pretty, fair, respectable; spec. material, noteworthy, comfortable, decent (chiefly colloq.), handsome, tidy (colloq.).

Antonyms: see SMALL.

consideration, n. 1. thinking, thought, forethought, deliberation, cogitation (learned), pondering, ponderation (rare), think (dial. or colloq.), speculation (rare), contemplation, meditation, study, pon-derment (rare), reflection, rumination; spec. premeditation, preconsideration (rare), precognation (rare), predeliberation (rare), muse, musing, counsel, view, introversion, envisagement (literary); see RECONSIDERATION.

Antonyms: see Thoughtlessness.

2. care, regard, heed, mindfulness, respect (rare); spec. afterthought, review, retrospect, retrospection.

Antonyms' see CARELESSNESS, DIBRE-

GARD, IMPUDENCE.

 importance, respect, esteem.
 account, opinion, judgment, esteem, estimation, reckoning, regard, view; spec. misestimation, misestimate.

5. See REASON, COMPENSATION, ATTEN-

TIVENESS, ATTENTION

consign, v. t. 1. See DELIVER, COMMIT.

 send, remit, remand, resign; spec. condemn, devote; see ABANDON.

consignation, n. 1. See DELIVERY, COM-MITMENT.

sending, consignment, remission (rare), remand, resignation; spec. condemnation, devotion, abandonment.

consigner, n. consignor, deliverer; spec. vendor, shipper, freighter, bailor, principal.

consignment, n. 1. See DELIVERY, COM-MITMENT, CONSIGNATION.

2. goods (contextual), shipment.

consist, v. i. L. subsist, lie.

2. See INHERE, AGREE. consistency, n. agreement (contextual), congruence, congruency, congruity, co-herency, coherence, conformability, con-formity, correspondence, compatibility, harmony, accordancy, consonance, con-sonancy; spec. self-consistency, consesonancy; spec. self-consister quence (logic), reconcilability.

consistent, c. 1. See COMPACT, FIRM. 2. agreeable (contextual), accordant, coherent, consentaneous (rare), congruous, congruent, conformable, conform (archaic), correspondent, compatible, consonant, harmonious; spec. self-consistent, consequent (logic), symmetrical, reconcilable, cosmic (fig.), concordial (rare).

Antonyms: see INCONSISTENT, ABSURD. consolidate, v. f. 1. compact, firm, compress, settle, knit, solidify; see con-

CENTRATE.

2. See join, unite, combine, unity. consonant, n. articulation; spec letter, sound, explosive, explodent, sonant, surd,

Cross references are Note. consequent: resulting, inferable, consequential
consequentialness: self-importance
consequently: therefore.
conservation: preservation.
conservation:

conservator: custodian, guardian conserve, n : sweetneat considerate: careful, obliging, charitable, attentive kindly considerative: thoughful considered: deliberate

consistence: firmness, compactness. consistory: court. consols, v. t. cheering. consols, v. t. cheer consols, n. bracket consessent, harmonious. consonant:

whisper, breath, subvocal, subtonic, continuant, stop, check, mute, liquid, semiliquid, cerebral, fricative, trill, sibilant, glottal, lingual, labial, dental, labiodental, interdental, nasal, guttural, palatal, velar, alveolar.

conspicuous, a. notable (contextual), prominent, great (contextual), signal, striking, noticeable, marked, staring, eminent, glaring (esp. of what is bad); spec. notorious, gaudy, rampageous, brilliant, celebrated, distinguished, re-

markable.

Antonyms: see OBSCURE, UNNOTICEABLE conspiracy, n. confederacy, concert, combination, plot (contextual), plan (contextual), cooperation (contextual), complot (literary), conspiration (rare), covin (obsolescent; law), synomosy (literally, a sworn conspiracy; rare), practice (archaie), machination (literary; contextual); specintrique (contextual), boycott, collusion, cabal.

Antonyms: see DIBAGREEMENT, CONTEN-TION.

conspirator, n. conspiratress (fem.), confederate, complotter (rare); spcc. colluder, Cataline (fig.), caballer, coconspirator, intrigant (masc.; French), intrigante (fem; French).

conspiratory, a. collusive, covinous (chief-

ly legal).

conspire, v. i. combine (contextual), confederate (rare), concert, plot (contextual), complot (literary), machinate (literary; contextual), consult (archaic), practice (archaic), collogue (dial.); spec. cabal, intrigue, collude, plan (contextual), trinket (obs. or rare), coöperate (contextual).

Antonyms: see DISAGREE, CONTEND.
constancy, n. Spec. faith, faithfulness, endurance, truth, devotion, honor, perpetuity, continuousness, trustiness, continuity, uniformity, stability, persistence, permanence, eternity, etc. (f. constant. Antonyms: see CHANGE, APOSTACY, VAC-

ILLATION.

constant, a. 1. steadfast, fast, firm, unwavering, continued, stanch, unalterable, unswerving, abiding, enduring, fixed, settled, unmoved, tenacious, dligent, assiduous, sedulous, unshaken, steady, staid (rare), stable, rocky (rare); spec. persevering, persistent, pertinacious, Sisyphean (fig.), see DETERMINED.

Andonyms: see CHANGEABLE, CAPRICIOUS 3. true, loyal, leal (literary or Scot.), faithful, feal (archaio), tried, devoted, trusty,

trustworthy; see RELIABLE.

Antonyms see TREACHEROUS, INCON-

STANT, TREASONABLE, UNFAITHFUL, UNRELIABLE.

3. In a sense implying absence of change or variation, invariable, invariant (rare, exc. math.), unchanging, fixed, uniform, steady, stable, invaried (rare), unvaried, unwavering, undeviating, regular, persistent.

Antonyms see changeable, vacillat-

ING, CAPRICIOUS, UNSTABLE.

4. In a sense implying continuation in time: continual, continued, persistent, sustained, enduring; spec. permanent, abiding, perpetual, eternal, unremitting, everlasting, regular, endless, momentary (rare), momently (rare), hourly.

Antonyms: see TRANSIENT

5. In a sense implying unbroken continuance: continuous, continual, unbroken, regular, even, uniform, uninterrupted, steady, sustained, unremitting, unremitted, unintermitted, incessant, incessable (rare), ceaseless, unceasing, connected, perennial, pauseless, running, endless.

Antonyms: see INTERMITTENT.

constantly, adv. steadfastly, firmly, unchangingly, uniformly, continually, perpetually, always, regularly, evenly, stc.

Cf. CONSTANT, a. constipate, v. t. bind (collog.), confine (rare), astrict (rare), astringe (rare).

Antonyms' see Physic

constipated, a. bound (colloq.), costive (iech.).

Antonymis: see LOOSE.

constipating, a. binding (collog.), costive (tech.)

Antonyms: see CATHARTIC.

constituency, n. principal; spec. electorate.

constituent, a. 1. See COMPONENT, 2. Spec. elective, appointive, electoral.

constituent, n. 1. See COMPONENT.

2. principal; spec. elector, voter.

constitute, v. i. form, be, make, spell; spec aggregate (collog.), total;—with a cognate object, as in "fifty-two cards constitute a pack."

constitution, n. 1. See APPOINTMENT, ESTABLISHMENT, STRUCTURE, TEXTURE,

COMPOSITION.

2. nature (contextual), make-up, make; spec. temperament, physique; see DISPO-SITION.

3. decree (contextual), law, edict; spec. fundamental law, organic law.

constitutional, a. 1. natural, organio, hectic (obs.); spec. temperamental, dia-

consort, n spouse, mate, ship.

consortable: association conspectus: outline consternation: fear constitute, v l append, estubush create, compose, make, constituted: being

- 2. See ESSENTIAL.
- 3. In law: organic, politic (rare); see LAW-FUL.
- constraint, n. 1. See COMPULSION, CONSTRICTION.
- 2. Referring to a compelling force: pressure, press, force, stress, duress (chiefly spec.), distress, pinch, cramp (rare).

8. restraint, repression, reserve; see EMBARRASSMENT, STIFFNESS, SELF-CONTROL.

Antonyms: see EASE, FAMILIARITY.

constrict, v. t. squeeze (contextual), compress (contextual), bind, contract, cramp, astrict (rare), astringe (rare), constringe, constrain (literary); spec. strangulate, choke; see CONFINE, NARROW.

Antonyms: see FREE, ENLARGE, DISTEND, INFLATE.

constriction, n. 1. compression, squeezing, contraction, constraint (*literary*), narrowing, astriction (*rare*), contingency (*rare*).

Antonyms: see Inflation.

2. contraction, stricture; spec. intake, neck, choke; spec. narrowing.

construct, v. t. 1. In reference to physical things: make, build, form, frame, confect (rare), configurate (rare), configure (rare), compose, join, fabricate; spec. erect, draw, forge, contour.

Antonyms: see DESTROY, ABATE, DE-MOLISH.

2. In reference to ideas, plans, etc.: create (contextual), build, fabricate, contrive, weave, frame.

Antonyms: see destroy, abolish.

- construction, n. 1. The act: making, building, formation, fabrication, composition; spec. malconstruction, manufacture.
- 2. The thing: form, building, structure, fabrication, figure (chiefly spec.), contrivance, conformation (chiefly spec.), configuration (chiefly spec.), frame; spec. formation, drawing, erection.
- **8.** As to immaterial things or qualities: composition, contexture, structure, conformation, configuration; spec. frame-up.

4. See EXPLANATION, MEANING. constructive, a. tectonic (literary), constitutive.

consult, v. i. talk (contextual), advise, confer, counsel, commune (obs. or rare), powwow (chiefly U. S.), colloque (colloq.), confabulate (rare).

consult, v. t. 1. advise with, confer with;—no single-word synonyms.

2. See CONSIDER.

consultant, n. conferrer, counselor, adviser, consulter.

consultation, n. talk (contextual), conference, counsel, advice (obs.), colloquy, parley (chiefly spec.), pourparler (French), powwow (spec. or chiefly U.S.), palaver (chiefly spec.); spec. indaba, interview.

consultative, a. advisory, consultory (rare).

consume, v. t. 1. destroy, eat, canker (fig.); see WASTE, BURN, DECOMPOSE, CORRODE.

Antonyms: see RENEW.

2: Meaning "to use up": devour, swallow (fig.; chiefly with "up"); spec. absorb, take, eat, drink, use (contextual), wear, kill, outwear (rare), dissolve; see EXPEND, ERODE.

Antonyms: see RENEW.

consumer, n. 1. destroyer.

2. user (contextual), devourer, cormorant (fig.), eater, barathrum (fig.).

consuming, a. destroying, cankerous (fig.); spec. depascent (rare), erodent.

consumption, n. 1. destruction; see BURN-ING, DECAY, CORROSION.

2. Meaning "a using up": use (contextual), devourment; spec. absorption, dissolution, eating, drinking; see EXPENDITURE, WEAR.

consumptive, n. lunger (slang or colloq.), hectic (rare or tech.), pulmonic (rare).

contact, n. 1. touch (contextual), touching, tangency (tech.), contingence (rare), taction (rare).

2. In elec.: meaning "a touching piece": spec. contactor, brush, terminal.

container, n. Spec. wrapper, package, bottle, box, bag, case, cask, empty, bar-rel, cash, etc.; see RECEPTACLE.

contaminate, v. t. 1. corrupt (contextual), infect, taint, attaint (rare), pollute, soil, inquinate (rare), defile, sully, foul, befoul (intensive), file (dial. or obs.), vitiate, poison, empoison (intensive; literary), envenom (intensive; literary); spec. debauch, degrade, deprave, stain, dirty.

Antonyms: see Purify, Elevate.

2. See FOUL, VITIATE.

contaminated, a. corrupt, corrupted, polluted, pollute (rare), maculate or maculated (rare), cankered (literary), etc.

contamination, n. 1. The act: corruption, attaint (rare), tainture (rare), infection,

constitutive: component, creative. [strict. constrain: compel, confine, reconstrained: stiff, forced. constraining: compulsory. constringe: constrict. construe, v. t.: explain, trans-

late, understand, interpret.
construe, n.: translation.
consuetude: custom, habit.
consul: magistrate, diplomatic
agent.

consummate, a.: absolute, perfect, accomplished, completed, burning.

consummate, v. t.: complete, perfect, accomplish.
consummation: completion, perfection, end, accomplishment, death, height.
contagious: catching, infectious.
contain: include, hold, restrain (oneself).

maculation (rare), defilement, tainting, stain, soil (rare), filing (dial. or obs.), sullying, pollution, inquination (rare), vitiation, fouling; spec. debauchment, degradation, depravation, stain.

. That which corrupts corruption, taint, stain, infection, pollution, poison, foul-ness, impurity; spec. depravity, filth, ob-scurity, filthiness, immorality, abomina-

tion.

3. Spec. fouling, vitiation, infection. contaminative, a. corruptive, tainting, infectious (rare), poisonous, depraying, defiling, polluting, infective, etc.

Anlonyms: see ELEVATING.
contemn, v. t. 1. Referring to the mental attilude : see DESPISE, ABHOR.

2. scorn, flout; see RIDICULE. This sense refers to the act, which may not agree with the inward or mental attitude.

Antonyms: see HONOR.

contemporaneous, a. coexistent (contextual), contemporary, monochronous (rare); spec. coetaneous (rare), coeval, concomitant, coinstantaneous, coincident, simultaneous, coterminous, synchronous, collateral, synchronical (rare), synchronal; see COEXISTENT.

contemporaneousness, n coexistence (contextual), contemporariness, etc.

contempt, n. 1. disdain, scorn, despisal, contumely (literary), despite (archaic), disesteem (rare), misprison (literary), misprise (rare), misprisal (rare), spec. pity (fig.), superciliousness, despite (literary). Antonyms: see RESPECT, AWE, POLITE-NESS.

2. See discredit.

contemptible, a. despicable, mean, un-venerable (rare), base, vile, low, abject, pitiful, pitiable, sorry, wretched, ignominious, cartiff (literary), scald (archaic), scurvy, dirty (vulgar or very contemptu-OUS); SCE PALTRY.

Antonyms see Admirable, Estimable,

PRAISEWORTHY.

contemptuous, a. disdainful, ludibrious (rare), scornful, contumelious (literary), despiteful (archaic), pitying (fig.), supercilious, insolent, sneering, cynic, cavalier (learned), cavalierly (rare).

Antonyms: see RESPECTFUL, POLITE. contend, v. i. 1. contest (rare), engage,

fight (fig.), battle (fig. or spec.), struggle, strive, conflict (rare); spec. fight, buffet, tussle, combat, vie, rival, cope, wrestle (cant), war, spar, scramble, jostle (fig.), tilt; see fight, quarrel, dispute

Antonyms: see AGREE, CONSPIRE, CO-OPERATE.

2. compete, contest (rare), rival (archaic), strive, vie, struggle, rivalize (rare).

contention, n. 1. Referring to the action: contest, fight (fig or spec), colluctation (rare), conflict, spec. combat, strife, struggle, wrestling (cant), scramble; see FIGHT, DISPUTE, QUARREL, LITIGATION.

Antonyms. see AGREEMENT, CONSPIRACY,

COÖPERATION.

3. See Competition.

contentious, a. strifeful (rare), gladia-torial (fig.), litigious (rare, exc. spec.); spec. stormy; see QUARRELSOME, DISPU-TATIOUS, COMBATIVE.

contents, n. pl. content (obs.), lining (fig.); spec. furniture (rare), filling, subject-

matter.

matter.

contest, n. 1. contention, struggle, engagement, encounter, strife, combat (fig. or spec.), fight (fig. or spec.), battle (fig. or spec.), concurrence (a Gallicism), rencounter (literary); spec. bout, scrap (colloq. or slang), tussle (colloq.), tilt (often fig.), set-to (slang), brush, skirmish, scrimmage (colloq.), scrummage (rare; colloq.), bully, tenson (French), duel, pool, grapple, match, pentathlon, decathlon, draw, rubber, passage, roughathlon, draw, rubber, passage, roughand-tumble (collog.), scuffle, tournament, handicap, wrestle; see Fight.

Antonyms: see Cooperation. 2. See CONTENTION, COMPETITION. contestant, n. contender, spec. rival, tilter, juster; see FIGHTER, DISPUTANT. contingency, n. 1. possibility, chance.

2. See CONDITION.

contingent, a. 1. possible.

2. See CONDITIONAL.

continuance, n. I. continuation, duration, abidance (rare), currency, course, lasting, persistence, endurance, perduration (rare), last (rare), run, stay, during (rare); spec. pendency, standing.
Antonyms: sec STOP, STOPPAGE.

persistence, persistency, perseverance,

continuation (rare).

Cross references: see Note. contemplate, v. f., consider, inlend, respect, see contemplation: considerafron, intention, eight. thoughtful. meditatire (neous. contemporary: contempora-contender: contenant, fighter, dispulant.

content, n.: contents, meaning, coparity, substance content, a. satisfied, happy content, n. satisfaction, hapcontent, v. t.: satisfy, gladden, contentment: satisfaction, contest, v 1 ' contend

oontext: lext. contexture: lexture. contiguity: adjacency, expancontiguous: adjacent continence: self-control. continent, a. self-controlled. continent, n. receptacle, mancontinual: constant,

8. See CONTINUATION, PROLONGATION, EXTENSION, STAY.

continuation, n. 1. continuance, maintenance, sustenance, support; spec. pursuance, perpetuation; see RENEWAL, EXTENSION, PROLONGATION.

Antonyms: see CHANGE, STOPPAGE.

2. Spec. supplement, sequel.

3. See CONTINUANCE.

continue, v. i. 1. See EXTEND.

2. be (contextual), last, endure, persist, remain, subsist, abide, stand, run, rest, perdure (rare), dure (archaic), stay; spec. hold, drag (esp. with "on," "along," etc.), linger (esp. with "on"), stick (colloq.), dwell, keep, live, perennate (rare).

Antonyms: see CHANGE, STOP.

8. persevere, persist, proceed, pursue, insist (archaic), carry on (chiefly Eng.), keep (chiefly spec.); spec. flow, plug (collog. or slang).

Antonyms: see STOP, HESITATE, DESIST,

VACILLATE.

continue, v. t. 1. See extend, prolong, keep, maintain, sustain.

2. Spec. perpetuate, spin, perennate (rare); see RENEW.

Antonyms: see ALTER.

3. pursue, carry, run.

Antonyms: see ABANDON, INTERMIT, STOP. continued, a. 1. sustained, protracted, continuous, prolonged; spec. sostenuto (Italian).

2. See CONSTANT.

continuing, a. enduring, durable, during (rare), lasting, persevering, persistent; spec. chronic.

continuity, 1. See CONSTANCY.

2. Spec. continuum, contiguity, unbrokenness.

continuous, a. 1. See CONSTANT.

2. unbroken.

contort, v. t. twist, writhe, wreathe; see DISTORT.

contraband, a. forbidden.

Antonyms: see INNOCENT.

contract, v. i. 1. agree (contextual), bargain, covenant (spec. or rhetorical), stipulate, engage.

2. shrink, shrivel (spec. or fig.); spec. pucker, pinch; see NARROW.

Antonyms: see SWELL, DILATE.

3. See DIMINISH.

contract, v. t. 1. stipulate, bargain, promise, covenant (spec. or rhetorical); spec. undertake, indenture; see BETROTH.

2. See INCUR, EFFECT, MAKE, CATCH, FORM.

3. reduce, diminish, shorten; spec. syncopate, shrink, pucker, pinch; see constrict, NARROW, DIMINISH, ABBREVIATE, ABRIDGE.

Antonyms: see STRETCH, BLOAT, EN-

LARGE, DISTEND, INFLATE.

contract, n. agreement (contextual), promise (contextual), bargain, pact (chiefly spec.), cheap (archaic), covenant, stipulation (chiefly spec.), convention (chiefly international law), obligement (civil law); spec. undertaking, condition, suretyship, lease, bond, barter, exchange, coup or cowp (Scot.), option, debenture, indenture, cowle (Anglo-Indian), trade (U.S.); see BETROTHAL.

contracted, a. shrunken, diminished; spec. shriveled, puckered, pinched, con-

stricted, corky, clung, cramp.

contraction, n. 1. agreement, stipulation (chiefly spec.), bargaining, covenanting;

spec. undertaking.

2. shrink, shrinking, shrinkage, shriveling (spec. or fig.), reduction, diminution, abbreviation, abridgment; spec. pucker, cramp, pinching, syncope, syncopation, systole, narrowing; see construction.

Antonyms: see DILATION.

3. See SHRINK, ABRIDGMENT.

contractor, n. undertaker (chiefly spec.), bargainer or bargainor, covenanter or covenanter (spec. or rhet.), stipulation (chiefly spec.); spec. sweater, padrone (Italian), lumper.

contradict, v. t. 1. gainsay (literary or formal), contravene (rare), deny, belie, counter, controvert, dispute, negative, traverse (chiefly law), denegate (rare), disallow (rare); spec. counterargue (rare), contrapose (logic).

Antonyms: see ACKNOWLEDGE.

2. See OPPOSE.

contradiction, n. 1. gainsay (rare), countering, gainsaying (literary or formal), denial, controversion, dispute, negation, traverse (law), denegation (rare), disallowance (rare); spec. contraposition, antinomy.

2. See opposition, inconsistency.

contradictory, a. contradictive, negatory, contrary.

Antonyms: see AGREEABLE.

contrast, v. t. compare, oppose, antithesize (rare).

contrast, n. comparison (contextual), difference, opposition, antithesis; spec. foil; see OPPOSITE.

Antonyms: see Analogue, analogy.

continuous: continued, constant. continuum: continuity. contortionist: gymnast.

contour: outline.
contrapose, v. t.: confront.
contrarious: perverse, opposing.
contrary, a.: opposite, oppos-

ing, contradictory, perverse, inconsistent, unfavorable.
contrary, n.: reverse.
contrast, v. t.: compare.

contrasting, a. different, contrastive, antithetic, contrasty (colloq.), contrastful. Antonyms: see ANALOGOUS.

contravene, t. t. oppose, thwart, counter; SEE VIOLATE, DEFEAT.

contribute, v. t. 1. give (contextual); spec subscribe.

2. help, aid, assist, subserve (rare,, administer (literary), minister (literary), conduce, go (an ultomatic use).

contribute, v. v. tend, conduce, serve, redound, go; spec. minister.

contributing, a. Spec. contributory, accessory.

contribution, n. 1. gift (contextual); spec. subscription, see subsidy.

 conducement (rare), help, subservience (rare), administration (literary), ministration (literary).

Antonyms: see HINDRANCE, PREVEN-

help. aid, assistance; spec. instrumentality.

Antonyms: see HINDRANCE.

4. tax, tribute, scot, gavel (obs. or hist.); spec. quarterage.

5. See ARTICLE.

contributor, n. 1. giver (contextual); spec subscriber.
2. author (contextual); spec. correspond-

ent, editor.

3. conducer, helper, aider, ministrant (literary).

contributory, a. contributing, helpful, conducive, contributary (rare), contributive, subservient, serviceable, instrumental, dispositive (literary), ministrant (literary); see ACCESSORY

Antonyms: see HINDERING, PREVENTIVE. contrivance, n See DEVISING, INVENTION, ARTIFICE, PLAN, FORMATION, CONSTRUC-

TION, INGENIOUSNESS.

3. thing (contextual), device, contraption (collog.), fangle (rare), fanglement (rare), fake (slang), fakement (slang), jiggumbob (collog.; humorous); spec. invention, construction, machine, gimerack (colloq.), whigmaleerie (Scot.).

contrive, v. t. 1. See DEVISE, CONSTRUCT, INVENT, PLAN.

2. effect, manage, do (contextual); see ACCOMPLISH.

contrive, v. i. plan, plot, shift; spec. conspire.

control, v. t. command, dominate, sway, govern, rule, regulate, order, rem (fig.), convene, v. t. gather, assemble, collect,

predominate (rare); spec. ride, direct, carry, hold, grap, gripe, obsess, caucus (Eng), officer, prevail, master, preponderate; see RESTRAIN, RULE, DIRECT, MANAGE.

control, v. i. prevail, reign.

control, n 1. controlment (archaic), command, mastery, mastership, domination, power, dominion, paramountcy (literary or spec.), regulation, regiment (rare), disposition, disposal, reign (fig.), governance (archaic), government (chiefly spec.), reins (pl.; fig.), sovereignty, prepotence or pre-potency (rare), predomination (rare), curb, restraint, predominance (rare), prevalence (rare), prepollence or prepollency (rare), preponderance, preponderancy, preponderation (rare); spec. empire, clutches (pl.; fig.), hand, jussion (rare), grip, gripe; see RULE, ASCENDANCY, RESTRAINT, DIRECTION, MANAGEMENT, COMMAND (the faculty), BELF-CONTROL.

Antonyme: see uncontrol.

3. See DOMAIN.

controller, n. 1. control (rare), dominator, rector (rore), swayer, governor, ruler, manager, regulator, spec. commander, arbitrator, master, mistress, disposer, director, boss (cheefty spec.; cant or slang), regent (rare); see RULER.

2. See ACCOUNTANT, COMPTROLLER.

controlling, a commanding, governing, predominant, uppermost, sovereign, master, prepollent (rare), prepotent (learned), paramount, dominant, dominative, ascendant, preëminent, preponderant, regnant (spec. or fig.), regent (rare), gubernative (rare or learned), regulative, governmental; spec. hegemonic (rare), prevalent; see RULING.

controversial, s. 1. disputatious, eristic (literary), polemic or polemical (learned

or tech.); see FORENSIC.

2. See QUESTIONABLE, COMPLAISANT, controversialist, n. disputant, disputer, polemic (learned or tech.), arguer, eristic (literary; rare), polemist (rare), polemicist (rare).

convalesce, v. i. recover (contextual), recuperate (contextual).

convene, v i gather, assemble, collect, congregate (rare), muster (chiefly spec.); spec. reconvene; see MEET.

Antonyms: see SEPARATE, SCATTER,

STRAY.

Cross references see Note. contretemps: misfortune. contrite: regretful. controversy, n : dispute, quarcontrovert: dispute, contradict.

controvertible: questionable contumacious: disobedient, contumacy: disobedience, obcontumelious: abusine, intpudent, contemptuous

contumely: abuse, impudence, contempt contuse: bruise. contusion: bruise conundrum: riddle, question. convalence: recover convection: transfer

muster (chiefly spec.); spec. reconvene; see CONVOKE.

Antonyms: see SEPARATE, SCATTER, DIS-SOLVE.

convenience, n. 1. Spec. adaptability, accessibility, handiness, availability, serviceableness; see Instrument.

2. advantage, commodity (archaic), accommodation; spec. easement, ease, commodiousness (archaic), comfort.

Antonyms: see Inconvenience.

convenient, a. 1. See Adaptable, accessible, available, serviceable.

2. advantageous, commodious (archaic), comfortable, easy.

Antonyms: see INCONVENIENT.

convent, n. association (contextual), cloister (chiefly literary or tech.), monastery (chiefly spec.), convent (chiefly spec.), cenoby (rare); spec. abbey, priory, nunnery, fratry (obs. or hist.), math (Hindu), friary, friars (pl.), commandery.

convention, n. 1. assembly, gathering, congregation, congress (chiefly spec.); see

MEETING, ASSEMBLY.

Antonyms: see SCATTERING.

2. See CONVOCATION, GATHERING, AGREE-MENT, CONTRACT, CUSTOM, CONVENTION-ALITY, RULE.

3. custom, usage, formality, conventionalism, conventionality (chiefly spec.), convenance (French); see FORMALITY;—used with "a" or in the pl.

conventional, a. customary, agreed, stipulated, accepted, cut-and-dried (colloq.), artificial, right, orthodox (chiefly spec.), correct, positive, approved; spec. stiff, contractual, academic; see FORMAL.

Antonyms: see unconventional, home-

conventionality, n. 1. conventionalism, convention, rightness, correctness, orthodoxy (chiefly spec.), positiveness; spec. stiffness; see FORMALITY.

2. See CONVENTION, CUSTOM.

converge, v.t. & i. Spec. center (contextual).

Antonyms: see SCATTER.

conversation, n. discourse (literary or dial.), confabulation (literary or stilted), talk, converse (learned), speech, confab (colloq.), colloquy (esp. spec.), tell (dial.), collocution (rare), interlocution (rare); spec. palaver, chat, chatter, chit-chat, gossiping, gossipry, indignation (rare), parley, conference, interlocutory, coze (rare), word (with "a"), episode; see DIALOGUE.

conversational, a. confabulatory (literary or stilted), confabular (rare), colloquial (chiefly spec.), interlocutory (rare); spec. chatty, dialogic, cosy (Eng.).

conversationalist, n. conversationist (less common than "conversationalist"), talker, converser, confabulator (rare); spec.

dialogist.

converse, v. i. 1. deal (rare or archaic, exc. spec.), commerce (obsolescent), commune (archaic or spec.), common (obs.), intercourse (rare), traffic; spec. associate. "Converse" is now chiefly spec.; but is broader than "commune."

2. speak, discourse (literary or dial.), confabulate (literary or stilted), talk, confab (colloq.), colloque (colloq. or humorous), colloque (rare); spec. chat, gossip, confer, coze (literary; rare), dialogue, dialogize (rare), parley.

converser, n. 1. confabulator (rare); spec. interlocutor, dialogist, interlocutress

(fem.), interlocutrix (fem.).

2. See CONVERSATIONALIST.

conversion, n. 1. change (contextual), reduction, resolution; see TRANSFORMATION.

2. regeneration; spec. proselytization, proselyting, Protestantization.

3. appropriation (contextual); spec. embezzlement; see THEFT.

4. See EXCHANGE.

convert, v. t. 1. change, turn, regenerate; spec. disciple (rare or archaic), proselyte, proselytize, Protestantize

2. change, resolve, reduce, turn; see

TRANSFORM

Antonyms: see FIX.

3. appropriate (contextual); see STEAL, EMBEZZLE.

convert, n. neophyte (chiefly spec.), convertite (archaic; often spec.); spec. vert (colloq.), catechumen, marrano (hist.), proselyte, proselytess (fem.; rare).

convertible, a. conversible (rare), exchangeable; spec. interchangeable, liq-

uid, equivalent.

Antonyms: see fixed.

convex, a. protuberant, swelling; spec. embowed (literary), gibbous or gibbose, hog-backed.

Antonyms: see HOLLOW.

convict, a. condemned;—not a good synonym.

convict, v. t. 1. condemn (not a good synonym), convince (archaic).

Antonyms: see ABSOLVE, ACQUIT.

2. convince (of sin, etc.; rare).

convenience: oblige.
convenience: oblige.
conventicle: meeting, church.
conventual: ecclesiastic, monk,
nun.

conversable: sociable.
conversant: aware.
converse, n.: intercourse, conversation.
converse, a. & n.: opposite.

convey: transport, transfer, transmit, communicate, carry. conveyance: transportation, transfer, transmission, communication, vehicle.

convict, n. criminal (contextual); spec. | cookshop, n. trattoria (Italian). felon, expiree, emancipist (Australia), bushranger, Derwenter (Australia), lagger (cant), termer (cunt), trusty (cant), lifer (cant).

conviction, n. 1. condemnation; -not a good synonym.

Antonyms: see ACQUITTAL.

2. Referring to the act of convincing: convincement, convictment (rare), satisfaction (rare).

3. Referring to the state or belief: belief (contextual), convincement (rare), convictment (rare), satisfaction (rare), persussion; spsc. possession, obsession.

Antonyms' see CHANGEABLENESS, CA-PRICE, CAPRICIOUSNESS, UNCERTAINTY. convince, v. t. assure (contextual), sat-

isfy, persuade; spec. possess, obsess.

convincing, a. satisfactory, satisfying, conclusive, persuasive (now archaic or rare), see COGENT

Antonyma: see UNCONVINCING.

convivial, a. sociable (contextual), companionable (contextual), festive, gay, jolly, jovial, good (contextual).

Antonyms: see APATHETIC, ASCETIC convocation, n. 1. gathering, assembling, convention, call (contextual), calling (used esp. with "together"), summons.

2. See ASSEMBLY.

convoke, v. f. convene, assemble, summon, call (esp. with "together"), convocate (archaic); spec. resummon, reconvene. Antonyms. see DISSOLVE.

convolution, n. twist, volume or volute (literary or technical), see COIL, CURL.

cook, s. t. 1. prepare (contextual), (chiefly in the p. p.); spec. overdo boil, fry, bake, roast, braise, barbeoue, buccan, griddle, pan, jug, coddle, devil, frizzle, steam; see ROAST, BROIL, STEW, PARBOIL, FRY.

2. See DEVISE, FALSIFY, FAKE, RUIN. cook, n 1. cooky (colloq.), doctor (chiefly naul.; slang or cont); spec. magirologist (rare), magirist (rare).

2. Spec. boil, fry, fricassee, broil, etc. cookery, n. cuisine (tech. or learned); spec. magirology (rare), magiric (rare), gastrology.

cooking, n. preparation (contextual), coc-

tion (literary or affected). caboose; see KITCHEN.

cool, v. t. 1. chill, colden (rare), refrigerate (chiefly spec.), frigorily (rare), infrigidate (rare); spec. ice, freeze, quench, defervesce.

Antonyms see HEAT, WARM.

2. calm; spec. freeze, quench, ice (fig.); spec. dialever (rare). "Cool" is chiefly used with "off" or "down."
2. See DEFRESS.

cool, v. i. 1. refrigerate, colden (rare); spec. shiver, freeze, defervesce (rare).

cooling, a. refrigerative, refrigerating, re-frigeratory, refrigerant, frigorific (chiefly tech.); spec. freezing, defervescent (rare). Autonyms: see heating.

cooperate, v. i. combine, concur, concert, cowork (rare), coact (rare); spec. collaborate, colleague (rare), conspire, concur; see CONNIVE.

Antonyms: see CONTEND.

cooperation, a. combination, concurrence (contextual), concert, concourse (rare), coworking (rare), coaction (rare), synergy (rare); spec. collaboration, conspiracy; see CONNIVANCE, AID.

Antonyms. see COMPETITION, CONTEN-

TION, CONTEST.

cooperative, a. cooperant (rare), coactive (rare), concurrent; spec. coefficient, synadelphic (rare), conspiratory; see HELPFUL, CONNIVENT.

coordinate, a. equal, coequal, collateral (rare or spec).

coordinative, a. 1. Spec. equalizing, paratactic, organizing.

copper, a. cupreous (rare), cuprous (chiefly tech.); spec. cupric.

copper-colored, a. cupreous (tech. or tearned).

coppice, a. underwood, copse, hay (dial. Eng).

copulate, v. i. unite (contextual), couple (chiefly spec.). "Copulate" is chiefly used

copy, n. 1. reproduction, representation; spec. transcript, counterscript, duplicate, counterpart, facsimile, transfer, offprint, rewriting, electrotype, ectype, replica, reflex

Antonyms: see ORIGINAL.

2. See imitation, pattern.

3. matter; spec. flimsy (slang), manuscript, typoscript or typescript.

Cross references see Note. convincement convolue, convincement convolue, convolue, curled convolue; curled convol, n accompany, convolue; agiate, shake convulsion, n agiation, convolue, description, n agiation, conversed to convince the convolution. spasm, fit, catastrophe

convulsive: spasmodic. ood, e. t. cry, woo
ood, n. cry
cool, a. coid, chily calm, deliberate, compused, undifferent, unencisanal, bold, impudent, unexaggerated, self-controlled
ooolists: cold. coolness: cold, assurance, self-

control, boldness, deliberation. coordinate: equalize, adapt. copartner: associate, partner. cope, s : contend cope, n cault copious: adequate, abundant, diffuse, prolix

CORRESPOND

copy, v. t. 1. reproduce; spec. transcribe, take, duplicate, electrotype, rewrite, transfer, trace, pounce, offprint, etch, engross, rewrite; see MANIFOLD.

Antonyms: see ORIGINATE.

2. adopt, borrow, follow; spec. echo (fig.); see IMITATE, RESEMBLE.

copyist, n. 1. reproducer (rare); spec. transcriber, writer, scrivener, duplicator, typist (chiefly cant), typewriter (now being replaced by "typist").

2. See IMITATOR.

cord, n. Spec. braid, funicle, cordon, gimp or guimp, twist; see string, rope, band, bond, rib, bowstring.

cordage, n. cording; spec. roping, ropework, tackle, service, sennit, sinnet.

cordial, a. 1. See STIMULATING.

2. sincere, hearty, heartfelt, heartwhole, heartful (rare), warmth, ardent, vigorous, earnest.

Antonyms: see distant.

3. See FRIENDLY.

cordiality, n. good will, sincerity, heartiness, heartfulness (rare), empressment (French), warmth, ardency, vigor, depth, earnestness.

Antonyms: see distance.

cordlike, a. restiform (tech. or learned). core, n. 1. carpel (tech.).

2. center, interior, inside; spec. draw-back, mandrel, mandril.

3. See PITH, SUBSTANCE.

corky, a. suberic, subereous (rare), suberose;—all three tech. or learned.

corner, n. 1. Spec. angle, predicament.

2. angle, coign (chiefly in "coign of vantage"), coin (obs. or archaic), quoin (chiefly spec.), cantle (chiefly spec.), nook (chiefly spec.); spec. horn, crook, dog's-ear, shot, clew.

corner stone. coin or (usually) quoin (both obsolescent), headstone (archaic).

cornerwise, adv. diagonally, cater (dial.); spec. bendwise.

coronet, n. 1. crown; spec. tiara.

2. See WREATH.

3. cushion (of a horse's foot).

corporal, n. pall (archaic), mortcloth (Scot.).

corporation, n. 1. association, company,

incorporation, society; spec. city, borough.

2. Referring to the abdomen: potbelly (vulgar); see ABDOMEN.

corpselike, a. cadaverous (lit. or tech.), deathlike; spec. ghastly.

corpulent, a. fat, big-bellied (now chiefly vulgar) bellied (vulgar)

vulgar), bellied (vulgar).
correct, a. 1. right, rightful (rare), regular,
true, perfect, strict; spec. faultless,
straight (fig.), pure, grammatical; see

LOGICAL, ACCURATE, PROPER, TRUE, EX-

ACT, CONVENTIONAL.

Antonyms: see INCORRECT, ILLOGICAL, INACCURATE, IMPROPER, UNTRUE, INEXACT, UNCONVENTIONAL, UNTIMELY.

2. Referring to artistic style, taste, etc.: pure, Attic; spec. classical, academical, faultless, neat.

correct, v. t. 1. rectify, right, repair, remedy, righten (rare), amend, mend, emend (rare); spec. emendate, castigate (a text), reform; see REDRESS.

Antonyms: see Falsify.

2. See Punish, Reprove, Counteract. correction, n. rectification, repair, remedy, amend, reparation, etc.

corrective, a. 1. correctory (rare), correctional, amendatory (rare), rectificatory; spec. emendatory, reformative.

2. See PUNITIVE.

3. counteractive, neutralizing.

correctness, n. 1. rightness, right, truth, strictness, trueness, perfection, rectitude; spec. accuracy, propriety, logicality, exactness, conventionality, faultlessness, grammaticalness.

2. As to artistic taste, style, etc.: purity, pureness, purism (rare, exc. as concrete); spec. faultlessness, sumpsimus (literary). correlate, n. correlative; spec. reciprocal, complement, counterpart, correspondent. correspond, v. i. 1. agree, concur (used with "with"), conform (used esp. with "to"), answer (used with "to"), suit (used with "with"), square (used with "to"), quadrate (rare), tally (used with "with"), respond (rare), match (used with "with"); spec. harmonize, homologize (chiefly tech.), correlate; see RECIPROCATE.

Antonyms: see DISAGREE.

coquet, n.: flirt.
coquetry: flirtation.
coquette: flirt.
coquettish: flirtatious.
cord, v. t.: string.
cordial, n.: stimulant, liqueur.
cordon: line, guard.
cork, n.: bark, float, stopper.
cork, v. t.: stopple, blacken.
corker: settler.
corn, n.: grain.
corn, v. t.: granulate, feed.

cornecus: horny.
corner, v. t.: perplex, monopolize.
cornered: angular.
corollary: inference, result.
corona: circle, crown, chandelier.
coronal: crown.
coronate: crown.
coronate: crown.
coronate: united, material.
corporate: bodily, material.

corps: body.
corpse: body.
corpus: body.
corpuscle: particle, cell.
correctional: corrective.
corpuscule: particle.
correlate, v. i.: relate.
correlate, v. i.: correspond,
reciprocate.
correlation: relation, analogy,
reciprocation.
correlative: related, reciprocal,
analogous.

CORRESPONDENCE

2. communicate (contextual), write (col-

correspondence, n. 1. agreement, conformity, conformableness, accord, respondence (rare), respondency (rare), tally, concurrence; spec. correlation, proportion, equivalence, parallelism, homology (chiefly tech.), uniformity; see con-BISTENCY, RECIPROCITY.

. communication (contexual), intercourse (contextual), communion (rare), rapport

. Collectively: letters (pl.), writing, writ-

ings (pl.).

correspondent, a. agreeable, responsive (rare), conformable, conform (absolescent), concurrent, corresponsive (rare), corresponding; spec. uniform, proportional, ratable, correlative, complemental, relative, equivalent, homologous (chiefly tech); see CONSISTENT, RECIPROCAL, ANALOGOUS.

Antonyms see incongruous, absurd,

INCONSISTENT.

correspondent, n. 1. Spec. correlate, homologue (chiefly tech.).

2. communicator (contextual; rare),

3. See CONTRIBUTOR.

corrigible, a. amendable, rectifiable; spec. emendable.

corrode, v. t. consume, gnaw, bite, canker (rare), rust, cancer.

(fig.), eat (esp. with "away"); spec. etch corrosion, n. consumption, gnawing, spec etching, rust.

corrosive, a. 1. corroding, consuming, gnawing, eating, mordant; spec. caustic, cankerous, burning.

Antonyms: see BLAND.

2. See ACRID, ACRIMONIOUS. corrugate, v. t. furrow, wrinkle; spec. pucker.

Antonyms: SMOOTH.

corrugated, a. wrinkled, furrowed. corrupt, G. 1. See DECOMPOSED, ADUL-TERATED.

2. corrupted, wicked, demoralised, immoral, impure, dissolute, deprayed, vicious, rotten (vulgar or strongly denunciative), putrid (a very strong term), rantipole (rare), Neronian (fig); see GRACELESS, DE-BAUCHED, CONTAMINATED, ABANDONED, LI-CENTIOUS, DISSIPATED, DISHONEST, SIN-FUL.

Anlonyma: see uncorrupted, inno-CENT. PURE, SINLESS, CHASTE.

corrupt, t. f. demoralize, vitiate, deprave, defile, canker, degrade, debase, debauch; see BRIBE, CONTAMINATE, PERVERT.

Antonyms: see Purify, REFORM corruption, n. 1. The act. demoralization, vitiation, depravation, debauchery, deg-

radation.

2. The state or quality: wickedness, contamination, perversion, defilement, poison (fig.), immorality, impurity, corruptness, rust (fig.), demoralization, vice, vitiation, depravity, depravation (rare), depravedness (rare), depravement (rare), viciousness, filth, vitiosity, rottenness, putridity, putrefaction (rare), debauchery, degradation; see CONTAMINATION, DISHONESTY,

DISSIPATION, BRIBERY. Antonyms: see Purity.

corruptive, a demoralizing, depravatory, vitiatory (rare), perversive, debauching, degrading; spec. contaminative.

Antonyms: see Purificatory, Reforma-

corset, n. bodice (obs.), stays (pl.).

cortical, a. corticate, corticose; all tech. corybant, n. devotee (contextual), priest (contextual), orgast.

cosmette, n. Spec. powder, paint, paste, rouge, cream, make-up (a collective; theatrical cant), whitewash.

cosmic, a. 1. universal; spec, pancosmic (rare), extraterrestrial (rare).

2. See VAST, GRAND

cost, n. 1. charge (obsolescent), price.

2. See expense, expenditure, loss. cost, v t require; -only approximate; there are no close synonyms.

coetly, a. 1. expensive, high-priced, high, chargeful (obs), dear, precious (very coetly); spec. valuable, Orient, Oriental, noble, golden (fig.), overcostly, overdear, dispendious (rare).

Antonyms: see CHEAP.

2. Pyrrhic (fig.; esp. in "Pyrrhic victory").

8. Spec. rich, sumptuous, gorgeous. costume, n. clothing, clothes (pl.), dress, garb, outfit (colloq.), guise, rig (colloq.), rigout (colloq.); spec bloomers (pl.; fig.), uniform.

costumer, n. clothier, outfitter (chiefly cant); spec. haberdasher.

cot, n. 1. See COTTAGE, SHED.

Eir Cross references: see Note corresponding: correspondent. analogous, reciprocal
corridor: gallery, holl.
corroborate: confirm.
corrupts, v. v. decompose.
corrupted: corrupt, contamicorruptness: corruption. portugui maish

corsair: pirate. corse: body. cortège: reinue. correcate: flash corrine crewisks. corrbantio: erguaric. comphes: doncer comogony: creation. cosmopolitan: world-wide. cosset: cherish, foster, indulge,

costate: ribbed. costies: free costsume, ci clothe, cosy: sheltered, cosy: sheltering, comfortable, sheltered,—a variant of casy. oot: bed oote: shed, ooterie: est.

COUNTRYMAN

2. cover, sheath, stall; spec. fingerstall, thumbstall

cottage, n. house, room (poetic or archaic); spec. bower, chalet, casino, lodge, cot (poetic or literary).

cottager, n. cotter, cottar, cottier.

couch, n. t. See BED, LITTER.

2. Spec lounge, dormouse, settee, divan, pulvina (French), chaise-longue (French), poul (French), vis-à-vis (French), davenport; see SOFA.

couch, v. t. 1. lower (as a spear; contextual); apec. level.

2. See LOWER, REST, EMBROIDER, EX-

cough, v. i. & t. Spec. expectorate (tech. or learned), hem, hack.

cough, n. tussis (med); spec. hem, hack, expectoration (learned or tech).

cough, a. Tech.: bechic, tussal, tussicular, tussive. "Cough" is the noun used attributively.

council, n assembly (contextual), spec. congregation, senate, synod, junta (Spanish and Italian), divan Oriental), cabinet, duma, ministry, diet, convocation, husting (hist), decurion (Roman or Italian hist), rada, soviet

councilor. n. Spec. senator, minister, decurion (Roman and Italian hist.), elder,

Nestor (fig.)

count, n. nobleman; spec. earl (Eng.), landgrave, graf (Ger.), palatine, palgrave(hist.). count, v t. 1. compute (contextual), enumerate, tell (chiefly spec.), score (fig. or spec.), notch (spec. or fig.)

2. See NAME, INCLUDE, MAKE, ATTRI-

BUTE, CONSIDER.

count, v. i. 1. compute, number; spec. muster.

2. See rely, tell, matter.

counter, n. 1. computer.

2. Spec. chip, dib, fish, dump, lot. counter, n. table (rare or contextual),

board (rare); spec. bar.

counteract, v. t. destroy (contextual), op-pose; spec. nullify, cancel, neutralize, correct, frustrate, hinder, impede; see COUN-TERPOISE.

counterbalance, v. t. compensate (contextual), balance, equate.

countercharge, v. i. & t. answer, recrimi-

counterclaim, n. set-off; spec. recoupment.

counterfeit, a. false, sham, flash (cant); spec. forged, make-believe; see PRE-TENDED, ARTIFICIAL.

counterfeit, v. t. 1. imitate, forge; spec. personate, copy, fake; see PRETEND, ACT.

2. See RESEMBLE.

counterfest, n. imitation, forgery (chiefly spec.), sham; spec. duffer (slang), doublet, Brummagem, pinchbeck, dummy.

counterfeiter, n. imitator (contextual): spec. forger, coiner, pretender, dissembler,

impostor.

countermine, v. t. & i. counterwork. counterpart, n. 1. copy, duplicate, double.
2. likeness, similitude; spec. picture, image, like, match, parallel, pendant,

8. Spec. opposite, obverse, correlate, twin, tally, reciprocal, complement, supplement, parallel; see REVERSE.

counterpoise, n. 1. balance, counterbalance, counterweight, equipoise; makeweight, offset.

3. See COMPENSATION.

counterpoise, v. t. 1. counteract, balance, counterbalance, equiponderate (literary and fig.), equilibrate (chiefly fig.), equilibrize (rare), equipoise (rare), counteract (chiefly in reference to immaterial things); spec. offset.

3. See COMPENSATE.

countersign, v. t. sign (contextual); spec. indorse, attest.

countersign, n. signal, sign; spec. paseword, shibboleth (hist. or fig.), watchword.

counting, n. computation (contextual), account.

countless, a. innumerable, innumerous (rare), myriad (chiefly poetic), infinite (archaic or rare), numberless, uncountable, uncounted, unnumbered; cf. IN-CALCULABLE.

countrify, v. f. ruralise, rusticate. country, n. 1. land, region.

2. See STATE, PEOPLE.

3. Spec countryside, champaign (literary), field (archase), plain, waste, wild, heath, fields (pl.), forest, meadows (pl.), valley, mountain, uplands (pl.), lowlands (pl.), etc.

country house, garden house (Eng.); spec. countryseat, seat, villa. countryman, n. 1. compatriot (learned or literary), landsman (rare).

Cross references: see Note. cotter: ky
cotter: cottager, peacani.
cotter: cottager, peacani.
cotteh: cottager, peacani.

counsel, v. t. advise counselor: adviser, lowyer, countable: computable countenance, n . face, apcountenance, r. f.: approve counter, a * apposing, apposed.

counter, n perry countarmand, v t revoke, counterpane; bedcover, countervall; compensate, counterwork; countermins, countrified; rustic, country, a.: rushe, rural.

counter, v. t. oppose, contradict.

2. See RUSTIC, PEASANT.

county, n. shire (not an exact synonym, though the district is usually conterminous, Brit.); spec. landgraviate (Ger.), palati-

coup-de-grace, n. death-blow, finisher (collog.). "Coup-de-grace" is French. couple, v. t. t. join, tie, link, yoke (chiefly spec or fig.), shackle (fig. or spec.); spec. double; see LEASH.

Antonymis; see uncouple. 2. See JOIN, UNITE, ASSOCIATE.

coupling, n. tie, link, couple, shackle (chiefly fig. or spec.); spec. turnbuckle,

courage, n. boldness, bravery, valor, spirit, breast (literary), pluck, plackiness, and (slang, U. S.), grit (slang, U. S.), heart, fortitude, mettle, nerve, spunk (colloq.), stout-heartedness, high-heartedness (literary), stoutness, prowess, courageousness, daring, derring-do (pseudo-archaic), hardihood; spec heroism, dauntlessness, firmness, resolution, manhood, pot-valiance, Dutch courage. Antonyms. see COWARDICE.

courageous, a. bold, brave, valorous, val-iant, nervy (slang), game (colloq.), high-hearted (literary), fortitudinous (rare), unfearful, undismayed, heart-whole (rare), stout, stanch or staunch, stalwart, mettlesome, plucky, spunky (colloq.), hardy (literary), lion-hearted (fig.), gingerous or gingery (rare); spec. heroic, resolute chivalrous, firm; see BRAVE.

Antonyms * see COWARDLY.

courier, n. runner, messenger, express, post rider or post (chiefly hist, and spec.), poster (rare); spec. postman (hist), esta-fette (French), kavass (Turkey).

course, n 1. motion (contextual), currency (rare), passage, career (luterary); see

PROGRESS.

2. way, track, route, line, tack (fig. or spec.), path, road; spec. thread, lane, orbit, meander, circuit, circle, ambit, random (rars), traverse, march, stadium, disulos, walk, trajectory, traject (rars), itinerary, racecourse.

s. progress, happening, sequence, current, run, tenor; spec. drift, trend, conduct, process, lapse; see ROUTINE.

4. See ACTION, SERIES, CONTINUANCE, CHANNEL, CHASE.

5. Referring to action, work, etc: round, bout, turn, run, spell; spec. heat, pull. 6. curriculum (chiefly spec.), cursus (tech.),

college (rare or local).

7. set (of dishes at table), service (archaic); spec. dessert.

court, n. 1. inclosure; spec. curtilage (chufty legal and tech.), peristyle, courtyard, quadrangle, cortile (Italian), par-

vis, patio . Italian).
2. tribunal, bench (chiefly tech.), judicatory (chiefly Sect.), bar (fig.), curia (chiefly spec), judicature (rare), jurisdiction (fig); spec. dicastery, shiremote or shiremoot (hist.), husting (Eng.), ex-chequer (Eng.), hallmote (hist.), rota, divan (Turkish), court-martial, leet, Marshalsea (Eng.), sanhedrin, mallum (hist.), consistory, brotherhood (Eng.),

Inquisition, conservancy, presbytery.

8. attention, addresses (pl.); spec. homage. 4. See HOUSE, RETINUE, ASSEMBLY. court, a. carial, aulic (rare or spec.).

"Court" is the noun used attributively. court, v. t. 1. cultivate, haunt.

2. woo, spark (collog.), sue, gallant (rare), gallantize (rare)

3. invite, solicit; see SEEK. Antonyms. see AVOID.

court, v. i. woo, spark (collog.), philander (chiefly spec.), spoon (slang), bill (chiefly in "bill and coo"), sue.

courtly, a. I. aulic (rare).

2. See POLITE, DIGNIFIED, REFINED.

courtship, n. amour, wooing, courting, love-making, suit, love (chiefly in "make love"), service (rare or archaic).

cousin, n. relative (contextual), cos (for "cousin"; chiefly used in fond or familiar address), cousiness (fem; rare); spec. catercousin, cousin (German).

cover, v. t. 1. encover (rare), overcover (rare); spec. overwhelm, drown (fig.), protect, invest, clothe, cloak, overspread, veil, envelop, sheathe, roof, deck, skim, jacket, shadow, bury, mantle, leather, keckle, hoodwink (fig., rare), case, cap, overbuild, overlay, pave, bury, cope, crumb, cushion, copper, coif, clapboard (U.S.), canopy, carpet, drape, tent, lay, mulch, shoe, jacket, overcanopy (rars), shingle, lag, infilm (rare), flake, face, front, lori-cate (rare), net, muffle, dome, house or housel, mat, fledge, gravel, crape, drift, cowl, helmet, curtain, armor, lead, lath; see TOP, OVERSPREAD.

Antonyms. see BARE, UNCOVER, STRIP. 2. See HIDE, DISQUISE, INCUBATE, SHEL-TER, INCLUDE.

2. Tech. or cant: serve, line; spec. top, tup, horse.

cover, n. 1. covering; covert (rare or liter

Est Cross references see Note: coup: master-stroke couple, n · leash, pair, two couple, v. i : unite

couple, s. t. associate course, r. t.: pursue, drive, courteous: polite. courtesau: harlot.

cove, n. recess, inlet, retreat, cove, v t. arch [tract. covenant, n.: agreement, con-covenant, v. s.: contract.

ury); fig. or spec. coverlet (fig.), coverlid (fig.), drape, casing, case, coat, vesture, curtain, cot, lid, cap, helmet, ferrule, ferrel, jacket, face, facing, blanket, tablecloth, board, blind, boot, tick, bedtick, tilt, canopy, shoe, down (rare), dome, capping, skin, screen, envelope, house or housing, frontal, lorication (rare), robe, vesture, tarpaulin, volva, baldachin, baldaguin, husk, screen, muffle, mulch, panoply, pall, mantle, cloak, film, leathering, overcast, coating, overlay, veil, sheathing, mantling, blanket, shed, shelter, cot. The word "covering" is generic or less individual than "cover" and often applies to an inseparable layer or envelope to which cover would seldom apply.

2. Referring to a book: binding, case, lid

(chiefly U. S. and dial. Eng.).

8. blind, cloak; see PRETEXT, DISGUISE. covered, a. covert (now rare); spec. cased, blanketed, cuculate, hooded, crusted, crustate, crustaceous, obtected, etc.

Antonyms: see BARE.

fig. or spec. casing, casement (rare), weather-boarding, clapboarding, coating, sheathing, tegument, headgear, envelope, crust, panoply; see cot, skin. Many words under "cover" are used also in a generic sense (in which they do not take the article "a" or "an") as specific synonyms of "covering."

cow, n. bovine (contextual); spec. heifer, humlie or humblie (Scot.), dairy (a collec-

tive; chiefly Eng.).

coward, n. recreant (rare), caitiff (literary), nithing or niddering (archaic or hist.), wheyface (colloq. or contemptuous), Scaramouch (fig.), milksop (colloq. or contemptuous), hare (fig.), chicken (fig.); spec. dastard, craven, poltroon, cur (contemptuous).

cowardice, n. recreancy (rare), faint-heartedness; spec. dastardliness, dastardice, (obs.), poltroonery.

Antonyms: see BOLDNESS, BRAVERY, COURAGE.

cowardly, a. recreant (rare), faint-hearted, niddering (archaic); spec. dastardly, pusillanimous, craven, dastard, poltroonish morous).

(rare), white-livered. unmanly, unwomanly. Cf. TIMID.

cowherd, n. herder, neatherd (archaic); spec. oxherd, cowboy.

shed, shippon or shippen (Scot. & dial. Eng.).

coy, a. bashful (contextual), reserved, chary; see DISTANT.

crabbed, a. 1. See ILL-TEMPERED, IRASCI-BLE, DIFFICULT, COMPLEX.

2. irregular, cramped, cramp.
Antonyms: see smooth.

crab-shaped, a. cancriform (tech.).

crack, v. i. 1. snap; spec. pistol (rare), pop,

explode; see CRACKLE.

2. break (contextual), fracture (contextual); spec. chap, flaw, split, chink, craze, fissure. crack, n. 1. break (contextual), fracture (contextual); spec. crevice, crackle, craze, chink, flaw, star, cleft, spring, brack, split, chop, fissure, cranny, rift, rent, chap.

2. See BLOW, SHOT, MOMENT, EXPERT.

8. snap; spec. pop, explosion; see

cracked, a. broken, fractured; spec. crazed, crazy, crackled, crannied, starred, chapped, split, chappy.

cracker, n. 1. snapper; spec. popper, fire-cracker, cosaque (French).

2. See BOASTER, BISCUIT.

3. poor white, tacky (Southern U. S.).

crackle, v. i. break (contextual), crack (contextual), crepitate (literary or tech.),

decrepitate (literary or tech.).

crackle, n. break (contextual), crack (contextual), crepitation (literary or tech.), crackling, decrepitation (literary or tech.). crackling, a. crepitant (tech. or literary). crackling, n. 1. See CRACKLE.

2. Chiefly in pl.: greaves or graves (pl.; Eng.), scraps (pl.).

cradle, n. 1. bed (contextual), cunabula (pl.; rare).

2. See source.

crane, n. 1. derrick; spec. jenny, davit.

2. See BOOM.

cranelike, n. gruiform (tech.).

cranium, n. 1. See skull.

2. brainpan, pericranium (affected or humorous).

covert, a.: covered, secret, sheltered, hidden, secluded.
covert, n.: thicket, shelter, protection, feather.
covertness: secrecy.
coverture: covering, hiding, protection.
covet: desire.

covetous: desirous, greedy.
covetousness: desire, greed.
covey: brood, flock, company.
covin: deception.

covinous: deceitful.

cow, v. i.: shrink.
cowboy: cowherd.
cower: stoop, cringe.
cowhide: leather, whip.
cowl: hood, tub.
cowork: coöperate.
coxcomb: cap, dandy, jackanapes.
coxswain: steersman.
cozen: deceive, cheat.
cozy: sheltering, comforting, sheltered.

cow, v. t.: intimidate.

craftiness: art.
craftsman: artificer.
crafty: artful.
crag: cliff.
craggy: precipitous.
cram, v. t.: crowd, stuff, press,
surfeit, teach, study.
cram, v. i.: gormandize.
cramp, n.: clamp, restrain, spasm.
cramp, a.: narrow, crabbed.
cramp, v. t.: constrict, restrain,
fasten.
cramped: stiff, crabbed.
crame, v. t.: stretch.

craft: art, skill, trade, vessel.

crank, n. 1. See HANDLE, CONCEST, CA-

2. erratic (rare), vagarian (colloq. or rare); spec monomaniac. "Crank" is more or less colloquial.

crape, n. crêpe (French); spec. mourning (which see), weeds (slang).

erash, v i. 1. break, shatter, smash, shiver. 3. See COLLIDE.

crash, n. 1. See NOISE, FAILURE.

2. collision, shock, smash.

crayon, n. pencil, pastel, chalk. creak, v. i. spec. squeak, grind, scroop, grate, rasp, screak, crank (rars), screech, stridulate

creak, n. spec. squeak, grind, grinding, scroop, stridor, creaking, rasp, grating, grate (rare), scream, screak, screech.

oreaking, a creaky; spec. squeaking, strident, stridulous, scrooping, grinding, screaky, squeaky, raspy, rasping

cream, n. 1. head (as risen on milk; Brit.) crème (French), seum (rare); spec. froth.
2. Spec. emulsion, crème (French), coemetic, cordial.

3. See BEST.

oreamy, a. creamlike; spec. luscious, soft create, v. f. 1. make, form, fashion, originate, constitute, produce, raise, rear; spec. concreate (rare), co-create (rare), erect, procreate; see DESIGN, INVENT, IMAGINE, CAUSE, RECREATE.

Antonyms see annihilate, nullify,

UNMAKE, ABOLISH, EXTINGUISH. 2. See ESTABLISH, CONSTRUCT.

creation, n. 1. formation, production, origination, constitution, doing (rare), facture (rare); spec erection, cosmogony, procreation, concreation; see invention, DESIGN, IMAGINATION, CAUSATION

2. Referring to the thing created: creature (now lsterary), formation, facture (rare), production, origination; spec. cosmos; see invention, design, imagination.

Antonyms: see CREATOR.

3. Sec ESTABLISHMENT. creative, c. 1. creant (rare), formative, originative, productive, constituent, constitutive, poetic (rare); spec. plastic, procreative, generative, demiurgic; see CAUS-ATIVE, IMAGINATIVE, INVENTIVE.

Antonyms: see ANNIHILATIVE, NULLI-FACATORY.

2. See CONSTITUTIVE.

creator, n. author (contextual), maker, fashioner, poet (rare), originator, producer; spec. Demiurge (philos.), Brahma, inventor, designer, imaginer.

Autonyms: see CREATURE, CREATION. creature, n. 1. creation, being, thing (contextual); spec, breather (literary), animal, creation (collective), see PERSON.

Antonyms: see CREATOR, AUTHOR. 2. minion; spec. dependent, tool.

eredential, n. Spec testimonial, introduction, passport, certificate, exequatur. "Credential" is used chiefly in the pl. credible, a. behevable, likely, swallowable

(rare; collog.), trustworthy; spec. probable.

Antonyms see INCREDIBLE.
credit, n 1. Spec. credibility; see BELIEF,

REPUTATION, HONOR.
2. trust, tick (collog.), score (archaic or dial.); spec. chalk.

Antonyms: see CASH. 3. Spec. payment, set-off.

credit, v. t. 1. See BELIEVE, HONOR.

2. accredit. 3. trust

oreditable, a. honorable; see REPUTABLE. oreed, n. belief, symbol (theol.); spec. tenet, doctrine, persuasion, credo (chiefly tech.), views (pl.).

creep, v i. 1. crawl; spec. forficulate (nonce word), formicate (rare or med.), spec. forficulate worm, swarm, grovel.

2. Referring to plants run, trail, advance (contextual).

\$. Meaning "to go stealthily": steal.

4. Referring to the sensation: crawl; spec. formicate (rare), forficulate (nonce word), swarm.

creeper, n. 1. crawler; spec, reptile.

3. Spec. runner, flagellum (tech.).

2. crampon, crampet.

creeping, a. 1. crawling, reptant (rare), repent (rare), reptile (chiefly spec.); spec. formicant (med.), serpent (rare).

2. Referring to a plant, running.

ereepy, a. crawly.

crenate, a. scalloped, notched, indented; spec. knurled.

Cross references see Note. crank, c t bend, turn. erank, a r spirited. erankle: bend ricksty, unstable, oranky: trascible, odd, rickety, teinding, zigzag.
ogannied: cracked. cranny: crack
craps, v t pucker
crapulence: excess.
crapulent: dissipated,
crapulous: dissipated. crass: coarse, crude, dense, stupid

crate, n basket, case. crater: bowl, mouth. eraunch: cru oravat: neck-loth. orava: ask desire, need. craven, a coward, quiller, oraven, n come oraving: desire craw; crop. stomach crawl, r 1 creep, cringe, inorawling: creeping. crawly: crespy craws, r t derange.

crase, n · derangement, fad, crack, cracked rickety, deoraly: cracked rickety, tanged, franke unusee. crease, n urinkle, pucker, oradence: belief credent: helicung credulty: believing. aredulous: believing. oremate: burn oremate: burn orenel: embattle orepitant: crackles orepitate: crackle orepusole: twilight, orepusoular: twilight.

crescent, n. 1. meniscus (math.), lunule (tech.), lune (chiefly tech.), half-moon (a loose usage), semilune (a loose usage), demilune (chiefly spec.), lunette, lunula, lunulet.

2. Islam (*fig.*).

crescent - shaped, a. convexo-concave (contextual; tech.), crescent, crescentic, crescentiform (formal), semilunar (formal), semilunary (a loose usage), meniscal (rare or tech.), sigmoid (tech.), horned, lunulate, moony (rare), lunular, lunar, lunary, lunate.

crest, n. 1. crown; spec. tuft, comb, copplecrown (obs. or dial.), topknot, horn,

plumicorn (rare), cockscomb.

2. See DECORATION, PLUME, HELMET, RIDGE.

8. The top of a wave: spec. comb, curl. crested, a. Spec. muffed, tufted, copplecrowned (obs. or dial.).

crevasse, n. cleft (contextual); schrund (Ger.), chimney.

crib, n. See Manger, Bedstead, frame.

2. Spec. translation, key, cab, horse, pony, trot;—all but "translation" and "key" slang.

crier, n. Spec. croaker, crower, bellman,

muezzin, herald, proclaimer.

crime, n. offense (contextual), felony, arson, robbery, murder, rape, burglary, theft, manslaughter, perjury, treason, embezziement; see wrong, transgres-SION, SIN.

criminal, a. 1. unlawful, criminous (rare); spec. felonious, burglarious, murderous, treasonous.

Antonyms: see LAWFUL.

2. guilty (contextual), criminous (chiefly spec.), crimeful (rare).

Antonyms: see INNOCENT.

3. wicked (contextual), wrong, crimeful (rare), villainous.

eriminal, n. offender (contextual), malefactor (literary); spec. felon, burglar, murderer, thief, robber, perjurer, incendiary, traitor, embezzler, defaulter, gallowbird.

crimson, n. red (contextual), cramoisy (archaic); spec. magenta.

cringe, v. i. cower, stoop, crouch (fig. or spec.), spaniel (fig.; rare), crinkle (obs. or | Crosus, n. Dives (fig.); spec. nabob, mill-

dial.), fawn, truckle; spec. crawl, grovel, sneak; see shrink.

Antonyms: see Bluster, Bully, swagger. cringe, n. crouch, stoop; see SHRINK.

Antonyms: see SWAGGER.

eringing, a. abject, servile, spaniel (fig.), fawning; see Obsequious.

cripple, n. lameter or lamiter (Scot.); spec. paralytic.

cripple, v. t. disable (contextual), lame: spec. paralyze, maim.

crippled, a. lame, lamish (rare); spec. paralyzed, maimed.

crisis, n. 1. turn, turning-point, hinge (fig.), climacteric (learned), rub (fig.), pinch (fig.).

2. See JUNCTURE.

crisseross, v. t. cross, gridiron.

critic, n. judge; spec. connoisseur, diatribist (rare), reviewer, verbalist, verbarian (rare), censurer, zoilist (fig.).

critical, a. 1. critic (rare); spec. dissective, exacting, hypercritical, supercritical; see

caviling.

2. Spec. judicious, accurate.

3. decisive; spec. climacteric, climacterical, exigent, dangerous, etc.

criticism, n. 1. judgment (contextual), critique; spec. dissection, comment, epicrisis (tech.), appreciation, review, reviewal (rare), animadversion, hypercriticism, nip, zoilism (fig.), diatribe; 8ee CENSURE, CAVIL, REPROOF.

2. critique; spec. dialectic, dialectics. criticize, v. t. judge, do (contextual); spec.

dissect, review, flay, hypercriticize; see CENSURE, BLAME, REPROVE.

croak, v. i. & t. 1. cry (contextual), quark (rare).

2. forbode (contextual).

"Croak" is not a synonym of "complain"; "croak" refers to the future; "complain" to the past or to what is fixed upon. croaking, n. 1. crying (contextual), coaxation (rare).

2. foreboding (contextual).

crock, n. Spec. dish, jar, pot, pitcher, pig (Scot.), plate, etc.

crocket, n. ornament, crotchet.

crocodilian, n. reptile (contextual); spec. gavial, alligator, crocodile, cayman.

Cross reserences: see Note. crescent, a.: waxing, crescentshaped. crest, v. i.: crown top.

crest, v. i.: break. crestfallen: depressed. cretaceous: chalky.

crevice: clest. crew: force, company, gang. crib: steal, plagiarize.

crick: spasm. cricket: stool. criminate: accuse, involve. crimp, v. t.: gash, impress, wrinkle. **crimp,** n.: flute, wrinkle. **crimpy:** wrinkly, curly. crinkle, v. i.: wrinkle, ripple. crinkle, v. t.: wrinkle, curl. crinkle, n.: twist, wrinkle, rip-

ple. **crinkly:** ripply, wrinkly. erisp, a.: curly, brittle, blunt, sharp, definite, lively, cold, stiff. crisp, v. t.: curl, ripple, harden, crisscross, n.: cross. CTISSCIOSS, v. t.: cross. crisscross, adv.: crosswise. crisscross, a.: cross. criterion: standard. critique: criticism. crock, n.: soot, smut. crockery: earthenware. crone: woman. crony: comrade.

ionaire, billionaire;—applied to a very rich man (what constitutes great riches varying with the time and place)., 'Crasus' is fig erook, n. 1. See CURVE, BEND, SINUOSITY.

2. hook, cammock (Scot.; chiefly spec); spec. staff; see CROSIER.

8. evildoer (contextual), spec. malefactor, cheat. swindler.

orooked, a. 1. cranky (rare), crank (Scot.); see bent, curved, angular, sinuous, winding, askew, zigzag, twisted.

Anlonyms' see STRAIGHT.

5. See DISHONEST, INDIRECT, DEVIOUS, DECEITFUL, TRICKY, ARTFUL, INTRIGUING. crop. n. 1. craw, ingluvies (lech.); spec. gebbie (Scot.), gorge.

2. See HANDLE, WHIP, HARVEST cropper, n. fall (contextual), plumper. crosier, n. crozier, crook, pastoral.

oross, n 1. gibbet, crucifix (an erroneous use), crux (tech.); spec. christeross or crisseross (archaic), crosslet, rood (archaic), tau.

3. mark (contextual), signature (contextual), christcross (rare), crisscross.

 See TRIAL, TROUBLE, CROSSING, CROSS-WAY, CROSSBREEDING, HYBRID.

eross, v. t. & i. 1. Meaning "to make the sign of the cross on or over": sign (archaic), Bain (archaic), bless (archaic).

2. intersect, decussate (literary or tech.), intercross (rare), cut (fig, contextual), transit (rare); spec. crisscross, gridiron.

2. traverse, thwart (rare), cut (chiefly spec. and used with "over"); spec. bestride, overstride, overstep, stride.

Antonyms: see ADJOIN, PARALLEL.
4. traverse, overpass (rare), pass, transverse (rare), transpass (rare), thwart (archaic), overthwart (rare); spec. swim, overswim (rare), raft, overstep, repass, recross, leap, jump, etc.

recross, leap, jump, etc.

5. interbreed, mix, crossbreed, intercross (rare), hybridize; spec. cross-fertilize. "Interbreed" and "cross" or "crossbreed" are often distinguished.

6. See CANCEL, OPPOSE.

cross, G. 1. transverse, thwart (archaic or rare), traverse (rare), overthwart (rare).

2. See Opposing, ill-tempered, recipercal.

crossbreeding, n. cross, crossing, interbreeding, hybridization; see cross-fertilization.

crossed, a. 1. crutched (eccl.).

2. See HYBRID.

cross-eye, n. strabismus (tech), cock-eye

cross-fertilization, n. crossbreeding, allogamy (tech.).

crossing, n. 1. cross, overpassing, traversing, traverse (archave).

2. intersection, decussation (literary or tech), spec. lease (weaving).

3. See OPPOSITION, CROSSWAY.

4. Spec. miscegenation; see CROSSBREED-ING

crossroad, n crossway, cross (rare), concourse (a collectwe; literary).

cross-shaped, a. decussate (chiefly bot.), crucial (chiefly anat.), cruciform, cruciate, cruciferous (bot.).

crosstie, n. tie, sleeper (chiefly British). crossway, n. cross; spec. crossing, crosswalk; see crossroad.

crosswires, n, pl. reticule, reticle; -both tech.

orosswise, adv. across, traverse (rare), thwartwise (rare or archaic), transversely, transverse (rare); spec. crisscross, thwartship, askew, awry, sidewise, sideways.

Antonyms' see LENGTHWISE.
crouch, v. 1. bend (contextual), squat,
drop; spec. cower, stoop, see CRINGE.

crouch, n. bend (contextual), squat, droop; see CRINGE, STOOP

crow, n. 1. crake (dial. Eng.); spec. blackneb (Scot.), scaldcrow (local), chough (Cornish), jay (Cornish), hoodie or hoody (Scot.), corbie (Scot.), grayback, gor-

erow, daw, jackdaw.
2. ery (contextual), song (contextual; literary or tech.), cock-a-doodle-doo (colloq.).
erow, v. i. 1. ery (contextual), sing (contextual; literary or tech.), chanticleer (rare).

2. See EXULT.

crow, a. corvine (literary or tech.).

erowbar, n. gravelock (obs. or dial. Eng.), erow; spec. pinch, pinchbar, jemmy, betty.

crowd, n. 1. gathering, concourse (literary), horde, press, drove (disparaging), msss, mob (chiefly disparaging), host, herd (disparaging), swarm, ruck (disparaging), rout, pack, cram, jam, crush, buddle, throng.

2. See MULTITUDE, POPULACE, PRESSURE.

crowd, v. t. 1. See HABTEN, PUBH.

2. Referring to persons brought uncomfortably close together: gather, huddle, overcrowd, crush, press, scronge (colloq.), cram, wedge, shoulder (chiefly spec.), serry (rare), hustle, pack.

3. Referring to things put together very or too closely spec pack, jam, swarm, hud-

EF Cross references see Note. grook, v. d. v. bend, curve, signag, grop, v. f. top. grousbart: whisplotree, grousbart: whisplotree, grousbard: Aybrid grossbrood: cross.

cross-examination: question cross-fertilize: cross cross-grained: perverse, crosshatch: engrate, crossness: ill-temper cross-question: question. oronnual: seesaw orotch: fork, angle orotched: forked orotchet: forked orotchety: capricious, fanciful. orotchety: capricious, fanciful. orotchety: rapricious, fanciful. dle, cram, overcrowd, tuck, ram, com-

press; wedge.

4. Referring to the place in which things or persons are brought or placed too close together: spec. pack, jam, cram, wedge, ove-1crowd, overcharge, throng, gorge, congest. crowd, v. i. 1. See HASTEN.

2. gather, collect, congregate, huddle; spec. throng, mob, press, crush, herd, serry (literary), swarm, cram, wedge, huddle, nestle, jug, shoal; see SNUGGLE.

Antonyms: see Scatter, Straggle.

crowded, a. 1. full, packed, jammed, etc. **2.** thick, serried (literary), thronged, etc. Antonyms: see thin.

crowding, n. 1. press, throng; spec. huddlement.

2. See Pressure.

crowlike, a. corvine, corvoid (chiefly spec.); --both tech.

crown, n. 1. chaplet, coronal, corona (Latin), ring (contextual), crownal (obs. or archaic), circlet, diadem (now chiefly political or rhetorical); spec. crownlet, coronet, aureola, aureole, bays (pl. used with "the"), festoon, laurel, wreath.

2. head-dress; spec. pschent (Egyptian).

3. top, crest; spec. copplecrown, topknot, cockscomb.

4. top, climax, complement.

5. top (contextual), sinciput, poll, vertex.

6. See sovereignty, sovereign, height, PERFECTION, REWARD, CREST.

"Crown" is the noun crown, a. coronary. used attributively.

crown, v. t. 1. coronate (rare), diadem (rare, exc. in p. p. diademed); spec. coronet, laurel; see WREATHE.

2. top; spec. culminate (rare), cap, head,

pinnacle (rare), crest.

crowned, a. incoronate (rare), diademed; garlanded, wreathed, laureled, spec. laureate.

crowning, n. coronation (the formal word for the ceremony).

crownlike, a. Spec. garlandish, garlandy. **crucifizion**, n. 1. Spec. Calvary.

2. See REPRESSION.

crucify, v. t. 1. execute (contextual), hang (obs.).

2. See REPRESS.

crude, a. 1. raw, unfinished, unprepared; spec. rough, unwrought, unmanufactured, half-baked, unbaked, green, undiluted, unfulled, unburnt, unrefined, undressed, unmalted, undigested, untamed, rawish, uncut, etc.

2. raw, unfinished, crass, imperfect; spec. plain, rude, tasteless, rough, gross, artless, incondite (rare), harsh, inartistic, halfbaked, immature, ineloquent, sketchy, rough, bold, bare, etc.; see CLUMSY.

Antonyms: see Accomplished, Nice, SUBTLE, REFINED, SKILLFUL, ELEGANT.

3. See Unripe, Rough, Coarse.

cruel, a. 1. cold-blooded, cold, unfeeling, hard-hearted, hard, harsh, unkind (a euphemism), heartless, fell (rhetorical or poetic), severe, felon (poetic); spec. devilish, atrocious, savage, barbarous, Draconian, swinish, boarish, brutal, butcherly, brute, inhuman, brutish, sanguinary, tigerish, wolfish, fiendish, iron, merciless, ruthless, pitiless, ferocious, truculent, incompassionate.

Antonyms: see Gentle, compassionate,

KINDLY, KIND, MERCIFUL.

2. Figuratively: spec. severe, sharp, hard,

unfavorable, etc.

cruelty, n. cold-bloodedness, coldness, harshness, unkindness (euphemistic), fellness (poetic or rhetorical); spec. deviltry, devilry, atrocity, truculence, barbarity, savagery, etc.

Antonyms: see Compassion, Gentle-

NESS, MERCY.

cruise, v. i. range; see voyage, sail.

cruise, v. t. navigate, range.

cruiser, n. man-oi-war; spec. corvette, battle cruiser.

crumbly, a. breakable (contextual), friable, crump (Scot. & dial. Eng.), soft (contextual), crummable (rare); spec. rotten, short, brittle, pulverizable (contextual), slack, moldery (rare), brashy.

Antonyms: see STRONG.

erunch, v. t. chew (contextual), cranch or craunch (obsolescent), grind, crush, press, scrunch.

crupper, n. 1. Referring to part of a harness or saddle: loop (contextual), dock.

2. See RUMP.

crush, v. t. 1. bruise (rare), press (contextual), pash (archaic); spec. mash, smash, squash, grind, jam, cranch *or* craunch (obsolescent), crunch, scrunch.

2. See PRESS, OVERCOME, OPPRESS,

CROWD, DESTROY.

crush, n. 1. pressure (contextual), pash (archaic); spec. mash, grind, crunch, squash.

2. See Pressure.

.

crust, n. 1. coat (contextual), skin (contextual), incrustation, cake, coating (chiefly spec.), crustation (rare), rind

Cross references: see Note.

orucial: decisive.

crucifix: cross. cruciform: cross-shaped.

cruet: bottle.

cruise: sail, voyage. crumb, v. t.: comminute. crumble: disintegrate. crump: chew.

crumple: wrinkle.

crunching: pressure. crusade, n.: war, movement. crusade, v. i.: war, campaign. cruse: bottle, jug, jar. crushing: pressure.

(chiefly spec.), encrustment; spec. shell efflorescence, druse, pie crust, case, scurf (rare), sinter, scale.

2. See BCAB.

crust, v. i. cake; spec. effloresce, overcrust

orust, v. t. incrust or encrust, cake, in-

crustate (rare); spec. bark, enamel.
ory, v. i. 1. Referring to persons: spec.
shout, exclaim, clamor, call, blare, bray (spec or humorous), chuckle, cluck, coo, croak, crool, croon, croup, crow, chirp, chirrup, holla, hollo, holloa, hoop, hoot, howl, lulliloo, peep, pule, screak, screech, shrill, squall, squeak, squeal, whimper, yang (rare), whoop, yell, yoop (rare); see SHOUT, SCREAM, BELLOW, ROAR.

Antonyms: see LAUGH, SMILE.

Antonyme: see LAUGH, SMILE.

3. Referring to animals. spec. call, note, bas, bay, bell, howl, sing, blare, blat, bleat, boo, bow-wow, bray, cackle, cauk (dial.), caterwaul, caw, cawk, cheep, chirm, chirp, chirr, clutter, cluck, clock (rare), coo, crake, croak, cronk (dial.), cuckoo, drum, gabble, gaggle, hee-haw (colloq), honk (U. S. & Can), hoot, juck, jug., keekle, low, mew macow. juke, jug, keckle, low, mew, misow, mewl, misul, moo, neigh, open, peep, pew, potrack (rare), purr, quack, scape, screak, scream, screech, shriek, shrill, squeak, squawk, trumpet, twitter, west, wepe (a nonce word), whimper, yelp, yowl; see BARK, BELLOW, CHIRP, CROW, BOAR.

1. lament, weep, spec. squall, wail, whimper, sob, bawl, anivel, blubber. Antonyms see REJOICE, LAUGH.

4. See APPEAL, MOURN.

cry, v. t. 1. utter (contextual); spec. shout, exclaim, proclaim.

2. See HAWK.

cry, n. 1. Referring to persons utterance (contextual); spec. shout, exclamation, scream, clamor, call, blare, boo, boohoo, bray (obs. or humorous), cackle, chirm, chirk, chirrup, chuckle, check, coo, creak, creel, creup, crow, gabble, hollo, hollos, hoot, hosanns, howl, lulliloo, lure, quaver, roar, screak, screech, shrick, shrilling, snivel, sob, squall, squawk, squeal, wail, whimper, whoop, yang (rare), yoop (rare), yell; see BELLOW, BHOUT, SCREAM.

2. Referring to animals: spec. note, call, bas, bark, bay, bell, blare, blat, bleat, boation (rare), boo, boom, bow-wow, bray, buller (Scot.), bumble (cant, dial.), cackle, caterwaul, caw, cawk, cheep, chirm,

chirp, chirr, clock (rars), chuckle, cluck, coo, crake, croak, croak (dicl.), gabble, gaggie, gobble, gobblement (rare), growi, hec-haw (collog.), honk (U. S. & Can.), hoot, howl, juck or juke, jug, keckle, low, mew, mewl, miaow, maul, moo, neigh, pheal (rore), purr, quack, scape, screak, scream, screech, shriek, shrill, song, squall, squawk, squeak, squeal, trumpet, twitter, wail, weet, weke, whimper, whoop, yelp, yowl; see Chirp, Bellow, ROAR, CROW.

8. See APPEAL, WATCHWORD.
4. weep (rare); spec. boohoo, wail, whimper, squall, sob, bawl.

Antonyms: see LAUGH.

crystal, a. 1. crystalline (esp. as opposed to "amorphous"), crystalloid (tech. and esp. as opposed to "colloid"), crystalliform (tech); spec. drusiform, glacial.

2. See CLEAR.

2. See Chean, orystallize, orystal, v. 2. crystallize, "Crystal-gaze" is orystal-gaze, v i. scry. "Crystal-gaze rare, exc. in the form "crystal-gazing."

erystal-gazer, n seer (contextual), server. erystallise, v. i. solidify (contextual), congenl (contextual), crystal (rare and literary); spec. candy, shoot.
cub, n. offspring (contextual), whelp.

cube, n 1. solid (contextual), die (chiefly architectural), hexahedron (geam).

product (contextual), power (contextual). cuckold, n. cornute (archaic), cornuto (archair); spec. wittol.

ouckold, v. f. horn (obs.), cornute (ar-

cuckolded, a. horned, cornuted (archaic), forked (obs. or archaic).

cudgel, n. & v. club; spec. bastinado, crab, bludgeon, baton, batoon (archaic). que, n. 1. queue, pigtail or (for short) tail (collog. or humorous); spec. braid, plait, roll, etc.

2. See FILE.

ouff, n. blow (contextual). ouff, v. t. strike (contextual), slap, box, buf-

fet, handreuff (collog). cul-de-eac, n. pocket, impasse (French), no-thoroughfare. "Cul-de-sac" is French.

culminate, v. t. top (collog) cult, n. 1. cultus; spec. worship.

2. See DEVOTION, RITE, HOMAGE. cultivate, v. f. 1. farm, till (now chiefly spec.), work, culture (rare), labor (rare);

spec garden, hoe, rake.
2. Referring to working on plants: grow, husband (rare); spec. hoe, earth.

tar Cross references: see Note-erutoh: etaff, fork crypt: squli cryptic: hidden cuddle, v. 1.: embrace.

enddle, v i · snuggle enddy: donkey, closet cue: suggestion, paet hum culsine: kitchen, cookery culet: facet

oull, v. l.: choose, oully: dupe culm: stalk oulmination: top, height oulprit: transgressor

CURMUDGEON

3. See CIVILIZE, REFINE, PURSUE, COURT, FOSTER.

cultivation, n. 1. farming, tillage (now chiefly spec.), husbandry, culture, tilth (rare or literary).

2. Referring to work on plants: growth, culture.

3. See CIVILIZATION, REFINEMENT, PURSUIT, FOSTERAGE.

culture, n. 1. See CULTIVATION.

2. Spec. education, development, enlightenment, civilization, humanism, humanity (archaic), literature (rare); see REFINEMENT.

Antonyms: see BARBARISM.

cuneiform, n. writing (contextual), print (contextual); spec. sphenogram.

cunning, a. 1. See SKILLFUL, ARTFUL, PRETTY.

2. interesting (contextual), cute (colloq.).
cup, n. 1. Spec. chalice (poetic, elevated, or eccl.), mazer (obs. or hist.), goblet (archaic, exc. spec.), noggin, mug, pannikin, porringer, jorum (colloq.), stein (German), cannikin, cyathus, tazza (Italian), cylix, calix, can, bumper, chark (Russian), beaker, rhyton, standard, taster, bucket, gourd, goddard (obs. or dial.).

2. See SHARE.

cupbearer, n. Ganymede (hist. or fig.), Hebe (hist. or fig.).

cupboard, n. closet; spec. buffet, locker, press.

cupid, n. love, Eros (Greek). "Cupid" is the Latin god.

form (tech.), cupped, cuppy (rare); spec. cupular, cupulate, cotyliform, cotyloid, calathiform, cyathiform.

curable, a healable, remediable, mendable (obs. or dial.), recoverable, medicable.

Antonyms: see INCURABLE.

curate, n. minister (contextual), rector, vicar.

curative, a. beneficial, restorative, curatory, healing, remedial, medical (rare), consolidant (rare), salutary, sanative (rare), sanatative, sanatory; spec. medicable (rare), medicinal, incarnative (rare), recuperative, recuperatory, vulnerary.

curb, n. 1. See CONTROL, RESTRAINT, MARKET.

2. inclosure; spec. collar, puteal.

curd, n. coagulum; spec. clabber, bonny-clabber.

curdle, v. t. & i. coagulate.

cure, n. 1. See MINISTRY, REMEDY, RE-COVERY.

2. preservation (rare or affected); spec. ensilage, corning, smoking, jerking, etc.

cure, v. t. 1. heal, remedy (rare), recover, sanitate (rare), sanitize (rare), restore, mend (archaic), leech (archaic); spec. cicatrize, incarn (rare).

Antonyms: see disease.

2. preserve; spec. ripen, ensilate, ensile or ensilage, kipper, season, jerk, dry, smoke, pickle.

curiosity, n. 1. curiousness, inquiringness, inquisitiveness (chiefly used in a bad sense); spec. pryingness, prying, questioning, interrogation.

Antonyms: see Indifference.

2. article (contextual), curio, bric-à-brac (a collective).

curious, a. 1. See NICE, ODD, ELABORATE.

2. inquiring, inquisitive (chiefly used in a bad sense); spec. seeking, inquisitorial, inquisitional, zetetic, interrogative, prying, questioning, scrutinizing, mousing, percontatorial (rare), supercurious.

Antonyms: see Indifferent.

curl, n. 1. roll (contextual), convolution (tech. or learned), volute (tech. or learned); see TWIST, COIL, SPIRAL.

2. Referring to the hair: buckle (archaic), ringlet, feak (rare); spec. cannon, curlicue, frizz, frounce, frizzle, kink, lovelock, kinkle, favorite, toupee.

curl, v. t. 1. roll (contextual); see TWIST, COIL, SPIRAL.

2. Referring to the hair: spec. kink, frizz, frounce, frizzle, crinkle, crimp, crisp, Phrygianize (nonce word).

3. Referring to the state: buckle; spec. crispation (rare), crispature (rare).

4. See CREST.

curl, v. i. roll (contextual); see WAVE, RIPPLE. curled, a. rolled (contextual), convolute (learned or tech.); spec. coiled, cyclical, involute; see curly. curly, a. Spec. curled, kinky, frizzly, frizzy, crimpy, kinkled, spiry (rare), fuzzy, crisp, wreathy.

curly-haired, a. Referring to a dog: spec.

feathery.

cultivated: artificial, refined.
cultivated: artificial, refined.
cultured: refined.
cultus: cult.
culvert: drain.
cumber, v. t.: hamper, burden.
cumber, n.: burden.
cumbersome: hindering, burdensome, unwieldy.
cumbrous: unwieldy, clumsy.
cumulate: accumulate.

cumulus: heap, cloud.
cuneiform: wedge-shaped.
cunning, n.: skill, art.
cupidity: greed.
cupidous: greedy.
cupped: cup-shaped.
cuppy: cup-shaped, pitted.
cupreous: copper, copper-colored.
cur: dog, coward, wretch.
curscy: ministry.

curator: custodian.
curatory: curative.
curb, v. t.: restrain, subdue.
curd: coagulum.
curdle: coagulate.
curé, n.: minister.
curiew: ringing.
curio: curiosity.
curiousness: curiosity.
curilicue: curl.
curmudgeon: niggard.

current, a. 1. See PREVALENT, PASSING,

2. Referring to money, etc.: circulative (rare), circulating.

3. accepted, received, abroad, afloat, spec general, rife.
4. Referring to expense, etc.: occurrent

(rare), incidental,

current, n. 1. See COURSE.

a stream; spec tide, race, rip, draught, underset, undertow, roost (local; British). curry, v. t. 1. comb (contextual), carrycomb, groom

2. Figuratively: spec. tickle, scrape, beat,

blight, plague, see THRASH

curse, v. t. 1. maledict (rare), devote, execrate (learned), anathematize (learned and, properly, formal), bless (euphemistic or ironical), damn (now chiefly used tulgarly), han (archaic), blank (euphemistic), cuss (vulgar or colloq., and euphemistic; U.S.), shrew or beshrew (archaic), pest (rare); spec. hoodoo.

Antonyms. see BLESS, BEATIFY, CONSE-

CRATE.

See ABUSE, BLASPHEME, ANNOY,

THOUBLE.

curse, v. i. blaspheme, profane (rare), pest (rare), anathematize (learned and, prop-erly, formal), execrate (learned), fullminate (fig. or tech.).

curse, n. 1. malediction, execration (learned), imprecation, anotherna (properly, formal), ban (archaic), blessing (euphemistic or ironical), malison (archave); spec maranatha, excommunication, hoodoo, damn or damme (obs. or archaic; orig. a vulgar ejaculation). "Curse" is the vernacular ejaculation). word

Antonyma: see BLESSING, BEATITUDE.

Spec. trouble, calamity, pest

cursed, a. 1. damnable (now chiefly vulgar and profane), execrable (now weakened in force), infernal (collog. and euphemistic), confounded (now suphemistic); see AC-CURSED.

3. See HATEFUL.

oursing, n. malediction, execration. Autonyms: see Blessing, Prayer.

cursing, a. execratory, execrative. oursory, a. passing, transient, running; spec hasty, hurried; see CARELESS, SUPER-FICIAL, DISCURSIVE

eurt, a. 1. See short, brief.
3. brief (contextual), short, snappish, snappy; spec. tart, brusque.

Antonyma: see GRACIOUS. curtain, n. screen, ridel or riddel (archaic), ster, cover, seat, wad, quilt.

veil (chiefly fig.); spec. drop, purdah (East India), portière (French), arras, lambrequin (U. S.), valance, shade.
ourtain, v. t. screen (contextual), veil

(chiefly fig.); spec. shade.

curtsy, curtsey, n. civility (contextual). bow; see LEG.

curvature, n. 1. Referring to the action or oct: bend, curve, bending, curving, curvation; spec. camber (chiefly tech.), rounding, procurvation, incurvation, recurvation, recurvature, convexity, convexness (rare, concavity, winding, concaveness (rare), retroflexion, sheer.

2. See CURVE

curve, n 1. Referring to the state or the form produced: bend, curvature, inflection (literary), compass (tech), bent (rare); spec, bow, erook, round (archate), roundabout, arc, flex, arch, bight, sinus, decurvation, recurvation, retroflex, recurvature, sweep, epicycloid, conchoid, catenary, curl, sheer, ellipse, evolute, cycloid, extrados (architecture), logistic, polhode, ogee, epitrochoid, herpolhode, gadroon, twist, incurvation, wind, circle, wave, convexity, convex (rare), concavity, concave (rare), geantichnal, geosynclinal, oxbow, coil, sinuosity, turn, spiral.

2. See CURVATURE.

3. Referring to a curved thing: spec. bend, bow, cambrel (obs. or dial., crook.

curve, v. t. & i. bend, turn, inflect, round, crook; spec. bow, embow, twist, arch, arc, decurve, camber, incurve, incurvate, recurve, recurvate, reflect, wind, hook, spire, coil.

Antonyms: see STRAIGHTEN.

curved, a bent (primarily spec.), bowed, curvate (rare), crooked, curvilinear; spec. roundish, rounded, spherical, arched, inbent, reflex, incurved, campylotropous, embowed (literary), retorted (rare), concave, convex, bulging, sweepy, arcuate, crumpled, camerated, compass, circinate, circinal, crescent, falcate, falcated, rotundate, elliptic, circular, oval, tortile (rare), recurved, recurvate; see ainuous, wind-ING

Antonyms: see angular, etraight. curvet, n. jump (contextual), leap (context-ual), courbette (French), vault.

cushion, n 1. pillow; spec pad, woolsack, bolster, panel, mat, wad, compress, buck-ram, pillion, bass, hassock, quilt. 2. See Buffer.

cushion, v. t 1. Spec. pad, protect, bol-

Cross references see Note. ourricultum: course. canine, trascible, ouzrish: wieds

currycomb: curry. cursive: running ourtail: shorten, abole, dimin-18h. dip. deprive

curtate: short, shortened. curtilage: court curtsy, curisey, r i bow. curvilinear: curved. 2. rest, pillow.

cushioned, a. Spec. padded, gamboised, auilted.

cushion-shaped, a. pulvinate (tech.).

cusk, n. torsk.

cusp, n. point (contextual), apex, peak,

cuspis (tech.); spec. horn.

custodian, n. guardian, guardianess (fem.; rare), keeper, custodier (Scots law), custos (Latin); spec. conservator, curator, curatrix (fem.), warden, concierge (French), janitor, janitress, tutor, sacrist, sacristan. custom, n. 1. practice, use (now rare), praxis (rare), usage (properly spec.), consuetude, wont (now chiefly literary), fash-

ion (chiefly spec.), dustoor (East India); spec. rite, localism, way, manner, procedure, prescription, institution; see con-VENTION, HABIT.

2. See CONVENTIONALITY, TAX.

3. patronage, support.

customary, a. accustomed, wonted, usual, consuctudinary (rare), ordinary (contextual), regular; spec. everyday, natural, traditional, traditionary, nomic, prescriptive; see conventional, habitual. Antonyms: 8ee UNACCUSTOMED, UN-CONVENTIONAL, OBSOLETE, OCCASIONAL,

customer, n. 1. buyer, purchaser, patron.

3. See FELLOW.

customhouse, n. douane (French), dogana (Italian).

- cut, v. t. & i. 1. incise (learned, except in p. a. "incised"), incide (rare), separate (contextual); spec. carve, cleave, truncate, lance, scarify, bite, dissect, shear, poll, shave, skive, scissor, snip, saw, bite, scythe, slice, slit, slash, knife, mince, chop, barb, poll, chisel, sculpture, chip, mow, reap, gouge, hack, hash, nick, hew, facet, saber or sabre, score, scotch, flitch, gash, crimp, crease, hog, shred, lop, dock, carbonado, roach, clip, crop, trim, castrate, whittle, pare.
- 2. See SEPARATE, PENETRATE, CROSS, SHORTEN, SWITCH, DIMINISH, REDUCE, DE-PART (v. i.).
- **3.** Referring to the sensibilities: hurt, bite, sting, pain, wound.
- 4. ignore, rump (rare; slang); see slight. cut, n. 1. Referring to an act: cutting (rare), incision (learned), incisure (rare); spec. gash, nick, discission (rare), biter crop, scotch, shave, shear, clip, snip, carve, slit.

2. Referring to the place or form made by cutting: spec. cutting, gash, slash, nick, incision (learned), scotch, notch, channel, turrow, passage, groove, jad, facet.

3. Referring to a piece or part cut off or out: spec. cutting, clipping, shaving, peel, scrap, mowing, crop, fall, snip, paring,

slice.

4. Referring to a piece of meat or food cut off: spec. joint, sparerib, flitch, clod, collop, chop, slice, steak, crop, round, shoulder, neck, brisket, rump, etc.

5. See Engraving, Style, Switch, Pas-SAGE, SARCASM, TAUNT, SLIGHT, ABSENCE. cut, a. Spec. gashy, shorn, tonsured, slashed, carved, carven (rhetorical),

cuttable, a. sectile (learned or tech.), sec-

able (rare); spec. cleavable.

hacked, cleft, etc.

cutter, n. Spec. cleaver, diamond, écraseur (French), colter or coulter, cropper, carver, clipper, chopper, microtome, mower, hewer, hook, blade, shear, sickle, scythe, knife, etc.

cutting, a. 1. sharp, incisive (learned), incisory (rare), sectorial (learned); spec.

edgy.

2. Referring to language, etc.: sharp, biting, stinging, wounding; see ACRIMONIOUS, SARCASTIC.

cutting, n. 1. Referring to the action: cut (rare), incision (learned), section (chiefly tech.), scission (rare); spec. tonsure, excision, concision, shaving, clipping, etc.

2. See CUT.

cycle, n. 1. See CIRCLE, ROUND.

2. period; spec. saros, age.

3. wheel (collog.), machine (collog.), bike (slang); spec. bicycle, tricycle, quadricycle, tandem, pneumatic, quartet, quintet, quintuplet, hydrocycle, motorcycle.

cyclic, a. 1. circular;—chiefly of poems, periods of time, etc.

2. See RECURRENT.

cylinder, n. Spec. rundle, cannon, drum, cage, barrel, fly, roll; see ROLLER.

cylindrical, a. cylindraceous (rare), cylindric (rare), cylindriform (rare), round (contextual; spec.), cylindroid.

cynic, n. 1. See PHILOSOPHER.

2. misanthrope, pessimist (contextual). cynical, a. 1. See SURLY.

2. Spec. Diogenic.

3. misanthropic; spec. sneering, satirical, censorious.

Cross references: see Note. cuspid: canine. cuspidate, cuspidated: point-

ed, ornamented. cuspidor: spittoon.

custody: care, imprisonment. customable: taxable.

cut-and-dried: prearranged, conventional. cutaneous: skin.

cute: cunning, shrewd, clever. cuticle: skin. cutlass: sword.

cutty: short.

cycloid: circular. cyclopean: gigantic, massive. cyclorama: show. cynosure: attraction. cyst: chest, sac. cystic: vesicular. czar: monarch.

D

dab, v. t. 1. strike (contextual), tap; spec. peck, slap, pat.

. See spot.

dab, n. 1. stroke (contextual), tap; spec. peck, slap, pat.

2. See LUMP, SPOT, LITTLE.

dabble, v. t. wet (contextual), spatter. dabble, v i. 1. puddle, muddle, potter, mess, spec. splash, paddle, patter, plouter (chiefly Scot.) 2. potter, trific, smatter, see POTTER.

dabbler, n. 1. mudlark (colleg).

2. dabster, potterer, smatterer; spec. sciolist (learned) Cf. Bungle.

Antonyms' see EXPERT.

dagger, n. 1. weapon (contextual), point (now rare), tickler (slang), skene (archaic or hist.), parazonium (Greek antiq.), or hist.), parazonium (Greek antıq.), prog (rare); spec. pomard (literary), bodkin (archaic), ataghan, creese, crease, kris, kuttar, misericord, dirk, stiletto, stylet, poignado or poinado (archaic), left-hander, khanjar, dudgeon (archaic). 2. In printing: obelisk; spec. diesis (double daager).

daily, a. diurnal, quotidian (rare). Antonyms: see NOCTURNAL.

dainty, a. 1. See PALATABLE, PARTICULAR, FASTIDIOUS, NICE

2. beautiful, pretty, elegant, delicate, neat, trim, trickey (rare), exquisite (very dainty).
Antonyms: see UGLY, CLUMSY, COARSE.

3. nice; spec. squeamish, fastidious, ex-

dais, n. tribune (contextual), platform (contextual), hautpas (French); spec. estrade (rare), half-pace, footpace.

dam, n. obstruction (contextual), barrier (contextual), weir; spec. barrage

dam, v. f. obstruct (contextual), bay; spec.

pond (Eng.).

dance, n. 1. measure (postic), saltation (esp. characterized by leaping steps; rare); spec valse, courante, courant, country-dance, waltz, strathspey (Scot), sun dance, seguidilla (Spanish), tango, turkey-trot, bunny-hug, onestep, twostep, boston, german, saraband, saltarello (Italian), schottische, shuffle, roundelay, round, tarantella, rigadoon, Romaika, rolypoly, ridotto (Italian), juba (U. S.), tam- dandyism, n. foppery, foppishness, ex-

bourin, pas, passepied, grandfather, morris, minuet, hay, pavan (hist.), danse Macabre (French), dance of death, gavotte, hobble, hoedown (U. S.), break-down, hornpipe, gallaird (hist.), gallopade, galop, bolero, contre-dance, cottilion, corroborce, Cracovienne (French), brawl, cachucha, canary, cancan, caper, carma-gnole, polka, reel, kantikoy, quadrille, fling, jig, lavolta (hist.), farandole (French), fandango (Spanish), chemise (cant).

2. party (contextual), assembly (contextual); spec. ball, hop (slang or collog.), promenade, nautch (India).

dance, v. i. & t. foot (chiefly with "it"; rare), spec. step, trip (u), tread (contextual), walts, tripudiate (rare), rigadon, minuet, jig, pirouette, polonnise, pous-sette, polk, reel, quadrille, leap.

3. play, bob, jiggie, jig, jigger, bobble; spec. caper, jump, dandle danoer. n. Terpsichore (fg.), figurant (masc.; French,, figurante (fem.; French), danseuse (fem.; French); spec. flinger, kicker, coryphec, matachin.

dancing, n. footing (contextual), orchestics (the art; rare), Terpsichore (as an art; fig.). dancing, a. 1. saltatorial, saltatory; -both

learned.

3. See JIGGLY. dancing girl. Spec. bayadere (India), geisha (Japanese).

dandy, n 1. fop, coxcomb or (less usual) cockscomb, exquisite, fopling, popinjay (archaic), petit-mattre (French), beau, beau-garçon (French), jackanapes (ar-chaic), man milliner (contemptuous; ar-chaic), jack-a-dandy (archaic), prick-medainty (archaic), buck (archaic), mus-cadin (French), bawcock (obs.), toff (slang, Eng.), skipjack (archaic), dudine (female dudc; colloq), swell (colloq), dude (one excessively dandified); spec. majo (Spanish), incroyable (French), hautton (French), fashionables (pl.).

Antonyms: see SLOVEN, RAGAMUFFIN.

2. SEE FINE ONE.

dandy, a. foppish, smart (archaic or obs.), exquisite, dudish (implying excess), coxcombical, jackanapish (rare), buckish (archaic), dandified, lardy-dardy (slang). Antonyms: see SHABBY, SLOVENLY.

Cross references, see Note

D

Cabster: dabbler, expert. dado: border daft: foolish, deranged. dagge: drapple, soil, vot. dainty: delicacy, sweetmont, dale: valley. dailiance: trefting, idling, careadally: trifle, idle, toy damage, n: detriment, loss, harm, injury, impairment.
damage, v. t. harm, injure. impair damaged: spoiled damaging: harmful, injurious damaging: harmful, injurious

damn: condemn, curse, ruin. damnable: condemnable, abomcurned damnation: run, condemnation, damnatory: ruinous, condemnatory damp, n · motsture, damp, v. t. mousten, restrain, deaden

dampen: maisten, restrain. dampening: depressing. damsel: pirl. dandle: jiggle, caress.

quisitism (implying excess), exquisiteness; (implying excess), macaronism (rare), dudism (implying excess), coxcombery, jackanapery (rare), jack-a-dandysm (archaic,, peacockery (disparaging or contemptions, danger, n. hazard, risk, peril, jeopardy; spec. venture, rock (something dangerous; fig.).

Antonyms: see BAFETY.
dangerous, a. bad (contextual), risky, hazardous, perilous, jeopardous (rare or obs.), chancy (colloq), dangersome (rare), riskful (rare), parlous (archaic); spec. critical, ticklish (colloq), nice, kittle (Scot or literary), delicate, serious, ugly, nasty, adventurous, breakneck, thorny. Antonyms: see BAFE.

dangle, t. t. hang, pendulate (rare); spec swing, jiggle.

dapple, a. spotted, variegated; spec. dapple-gray.

dapple, v. t spot, variegate.

dare, v. t. 1. See CHALLENGE, FACE, DEFY. 2. undertake, venture; not close syn-

dare-devil, n. devil (colloq.), madcap. dark, a. 1. Spec obscure, tenebrous (literary, gloomy, rayless, dingy, dim, dimmish, murk (archaic or poetic), murky, blind, caliginous (literary), obfuscous (rare), Cummerian (alluding to the Cimmerians, fahled to live in perpetual darkness), dun, dunny, dunnish, cloudy (often fig.), umbrageous (literary), fuliginous, sooty, grimy, somber, atramentous (literary), swarthy, swart, tawny, drumly (chiefly Scot. or literary), gloomy, muddy, murksome (rare), nightly, crepuscular (often fig.), nonluminescent (formal), nonluminous (formal), dead, crepusculine (rare), dirty, torchless, shadowy, unsunned (rare), sunless, rayless, cloudy, darkful, darkish, darksome (vaguer and weaker than 'dark'; chiefly poetic), deadly, grimed, umbery (rare), fuscous (chiefly nat. hist), dusky, opaque, swarthy, fuscescent (rare), black, coaly, carbonaceous (rare), dull, ebony, pitchy, inky, inkish (rare), lightless, nigrescent (rare), funereal, unillamined; see DLM, SHADY, BLACK, DULL. Antonyms' see BRIGHT, MOONLIGHT,

LUMINESCENT, BHINING, FAIR. 2. Referring to the understanding: see MYSTERIOUS, ABSTRUSE.

 Referring to the complexion: swarthy, tawny, dusky, swart (stronger than tawny); spec. grimy, ebony.

Antonyms' see FAIR, PALE.

4. See GLOOMY, DEPRESSING, WICKED, IGNORANT, HIDDEN, SECRET, RETICENT, THREATENING.

dark, n. darkness; spec. obscurity, tenebrousness (literary), tenebrosity (literary), dinginess, dimness, murkiness, murk (chiefly literary), caliginosity (literary), dun, umbrageousness (literary), ebony, swarthiness, swartness, tawniness, gloom, shadow, pitchiness, inkiness.

Antonyms: see LIGHT, MOONLIGHT. darken, v. t. 1. dark (archaic or poetic), denigrate (rare); spec. darkle, dim, black, blacken, shade, muddy, eclipse, dun, dull, disluster (rare), ebonize, dusken (rere), cloud, fog, disilluminate, encloud (intensive; rare), gloom, obumbrate (literary), obtenebrate (rare), overshadow, shade, murk (rars), obfuscate (rars), obnubilate (rare), overgloom (rare), over-shade (rare), overcloud, overcast, offuscate (rare), blur, bedoud (intensive), bedim (intensive), bedarken (intensive), bescreen (intensive), begloom (intensive), si (chiefly postic), umber (rars), somber. Antonyms: sec LIGHT, BRIGHTEN.

2. Spec. dim (the eyes or sight, or the sight of), blur, purblind, blear, blind, obscure,

obfuscate (rare), mist.

3. Referring to the understanding: spec. dull, benight, obscure, mystify. Antonyms: see ENLIGHTEN.

4. See Depress, Sully.

darken, v. i. 1. dark (archaic or poetic); spec. darkle (literary), cloud, dusk (literary), dim, dull, dusken (rare), gloom, umber (fig.).

2. In the sense of "to grow angry looking":

darkie, cloud. darkened, a. Spec. obscured, obfuscate, clouded, cloudy, ustulate (rare), infuscate (rare).

darkening, n. obscuration (contextual);

spec. blackening, clouding, etc.

darkness, z. 1. dark; spec. obscurity, dimness, dinginess, dusk, duskness, duskiness, tawniness, gloom, gloominess, swartness, swarthiness, griminess, calig-inousness (literary), murkiness, somberness, dullness, shadow, shadowiness, shadiness, duskishness, caliginosity (archaic), tenebrosity (literary), snokiness, umbrageousness (literary), fuliginosity (literary), sootiness, muddiness, dimmit (dial. Eng.), lightlessness, murk (chiefly Scot.), night, opacity, eclipse, dunness (rare), shades (pl.), etc.; see SHADING. Antonyms see BRIGHTNESS.

Crost references, see Note. fangerless: sa/e.

dangling: hanging. dank: moust dapper: dandy, small, smart. dapple: spotted, variegated dare: challenge, defiance. dare-devil, a.: recklese. daring: bold, brave, defiant.

2. Spec. obscurity, mystery, abstruseness, gloom, depression, wickedness, ignorance, blindness, secrecy.

darling, a. beloved, favorite, pet (which see).

Antonyms: see disliked.

dart, n 1. spear (chefly spec), weapon, lance, javelin, (spec), gavelock (obs or hist.), banderilla, jerid or jereed, whisk 2. Referring to the motion spec, jump, bolt, flit, shoot, leap, spring, whisk, pounce, flirt.

shoot, firt, launch, jaculate (rare).

3. direct (a look, etc.).

dart, v. z shoot, scoot (colloq), spec. leap, jump, pounce, spring, rush, dartle, rocket, bolt, flit, flirt, whip, whisk, scoot, rush, whir.

dash, v. t. 1. propel (contextual), strike, beat, knock, pash (now chiefly dial. Eng.), slam; spec. smash (collog.), swash, ding, slap, crash; see SPLASH, KNOCK.

2. See SHATTER, THROW, RUIN, DEPRESS,

ABASH, FLAVOR, COMPOSE.
dash, v. i. rush, dart; spec. clash, smash, lash; see splash, Rush.

Antonymus: see LAG. dash, n. 1. Sec PROPULSION, SHOCK, LINE, BLOW, RUSH, ENERGY, SHOW.

2. admixture (contextual), little (contextual); spec. touch, intimation (collog.), tinge, spice, sensation (collog. or slang),

lace (of spirits), flavor, relish; see TRACE date, n 1. time; spec. epoch, day, age, era, soon, moment, canon, misdate.

2. See DURATION, APPOINTMENT date, v. t time, place (chronologically). spec. misdate.

dateless, a. undated.

datum, n. Spec. element, premiss, condition, material (a collective)

daughter, n child (contextual); spec, cadette, daughterkin, daughterling, daughter-in-law, stepdaughter, infanta, dauphiness.

Antonyms see Parent, father, mother. dauntless, n. brave (contextual), bold, unaffeared (archave), unaffrighted, unappalled.

dawdle, v. i. 1. trifle, potter, idle, diddle. Antonyma; see BUSTLE.

3. See DELAY

dawn, n. daybreak, break of day.

dawn, v i. 1. daw Scot.), morrow (rare), break (chiefly with "day" as the subject).

2. See ARISE. dawning, n. daybreak. day, n. 1. daytime; spec. sunshine. Antonyms. see Night.

2. A day of a certain kind spec, lay-day (commercial), dripper (collog.), roaster (colleg , scorcher (colleg.), doomsday. 8. Sec DATE.

daybreak, n. dawn, dawning, break chiefly in "break of day"), dawning (Scot.), daylight morn (poetic), cockcrow (fig.), greking (obs. or Scot.), daypeep (poetic), aurora (fig.).

Antonyms: see NIGHT. daydream, n dream (contextual), reverie, conceit, fancy, castle in the air, air castle, château en Espagne (French), pipe dream (colloq.).

Autonyms: see actuality.

daylight, n. light (contextual); spec. sun-

shine, sunlight, day break.
daze, v. t. confuse, confound (archaic), stupefy, bewilder, stun; spec. dazzle, blind. daze, n. confusion, stupor, bewilderment; spec. dazzle, dazzlement.

dazzle, t. t. confuse, daze, blind, bedazzle (intensive), overpower (contextual); spec.

dazzle, n. 1. dazzlement, daze, confusion; -referring to the state.

2. brilliancy, brightness; -referring to the effect of light or display.

8. See SHOW.

dazzling, a. bright (contextual), blinding, overpowering (contextual);-referring to light or display.

dead, a 1. See LIFELESS, ABSOLUTE, UN-

QUESTIONABLE, DIRECT.

2. Referring to a person that has died deceased, perished (by privation), defunct (rure), late (a euphemism, conventional in certain connections), examinate (rare).

Antonyms see LIVING.

Antonyms: see LUSTROUS, POLISHED 4. Referring to living matter that has died:

spec. mortified, gangrenous, sphacelate,

necrosed

5. Referring to things that have ceased to function, act, etc. defunct; spec. obsolete, extinct, extinguished, sleeping, inert, still, stagnant, lusterless, out (referring to fire), flat, useless.

dead, n 1. decedent (U. S; chrefty law), deceased (euphemistic; usually with "the"), defunct (formal; usually with "the"), croaker (slang). "Dead" is chiefly used collectively with "the."

2. See SILENCE.

Las Cross references see Note. darling, n. dear pet darn: repair dashing: lively, showy, energetic. dastard: coward, cowardly

daub, v. t. smear daub, n smear, plaster daunt: intimidate dismay davit: crane dawn: daybreak

daylight: muliaht daystar: morning clar, sun, dazo, c t stupefy dazo, n stuper descon, v t fake

deaden, v. t. 1. Spec. dull, benumb, numb,

stupefy.

2. Referring to sounds or sounding things: muffle, damp, bemuffle (intensive), dumb (rare), mute; spec. pug.

8. Referring to velocity, activity, etc.; check; spec. smother (a fire), damp (a fire), stagnate, repress, choke.

Antonyms: see AGITATE.

deadhouse, n. mortuary; spec. morgue. deadlock, n. standstill.

deadly, a. 1. mortal, fatal, deathly (rare),

fell (poetic).

2. implacable, lethal (literary), fatal, killing (referring to gait, pace, habits, etc.), mortiferous (rare), mortific (rare), deathful (rare), mortifying (rare), funest (rare), lethiferous (rare); spec. murderous, baneful, poisonous, pestilent, pestilential, pestiferous, noxious, etc.

3. See DEATHLIKE.

deaf, a. earless (fig.), surd (archaic).

deafen, v. t. 1. deave (obs. or Scot. and dial.), stun (with noise).

2. See Drown.

deal, n. 1. See share, amount, quantity.

2. lot, heap;—all three colloq. deal, v. t. 1. See APPORTION.

2. Referring to a blow, etc.: give, bestow, deliver, fetch, lay (used with "on"), plant, place, administer, strike.

deal, v. i. traffic, converse, practice (rare);

spec. contend (used with "with").

dealer, n. monger (chiefly in combination), merchant (Scot. or U. S. in sense of retailer), trader, chapman (archaic); spec. copeman (archaic), coper (archaic), cadger, hawker, badger, huckster, tallyman, stallman, jobber, drover (cattle dealer).

dealing, n. 1. intercourse.

2. traffic; spec. negotiation, conduct.

3. giving, bestowal, delivery, placing, planting;—referring to a blow, etc.

dear, a. 1. loved, beloved; spec. cherished, precious, favorite, bosom.

2. See HEARTFELT, COSTLY.

dear, n. darling, deary (amatory, conjugal, or familiar), beloved, mavourneen (Irish), lovey (in affectionate address), honey (chiefly Irish, dial. Eng., or negro U. S.), pigsney (archaic); spec. pet, favorite, moppet (contemptuous as used of a man). death, n. 1. decease (legal, slightly euphe-

mistic, or rhetorical), demise (elevated),

quietus (rare), dying, departure (euphemistic), expiration (rare), expiry (literary), finish (vulgar or colloq.), finis (figurative; rare), exit (literary or affected), parting (euphemistic), ending (now colloq.), end, dissolution (literary or rhetorical), mortality, consummation (a figurative literary use), passing (euphemistic), pass (rare), defunction (rare); spec. predecease, euthanasia or euthanasy.

Antonyms: see BIRTH.

2. Referring to the dying of tissues, etc.: spec. mortification, gangrene, necrosis.

8. Referring to the cause of death: spec. quietus, coup de grâce (French), finish (vulgar or colloq.).

4. Referring to the state: dormition (fig.), sleep (fig.), darkness (fig.), grave (fig.), tomb (fig.).

Antonyms: see LIFE.

5. See EXTINCTION, DESTRUCTION.

death bell. passing bell, knell.

deathlike, a. deathly, deadly, deathy, deathful (rare).

debit, n. entry (contextual), charge. **debit,** v. t. enter (contextual), charge.

débris, n. "Débris" is French. 1. See RUB-BISH.

2. In geol.: spec. detritus, eluvium.

debt, n. Spec. due (chiefly in pl.), arrear (chiefly in pl.).

début, n. appearance, coming-out. "Début" is French.

débutant, n. masc., débuntante, n. fem. come-outer (slang); spec. rose (slang; U. S.). "Débutant" and "débutante" are French.

decade, n. decennary.

decamp, v. i. 1. rise.

Antonyms: see CAMP.

2. See DEPART.

decay, v. i. 1. See DECLINE, DECOMPOSE.

2. Referring to things falling into ruin: spec. dilapidate, disintegrate, ruin, ruinate, perish.

Antonyms: see RENEW.

3. Referring to fruits, etc.: rot; spec. rust, blight, blet.

decay, n. 1. See DECLINE, DECOMPOSITION.

2. Referring to becoming or being ruined:
spec. dilapidation, disintegration, waste,
ruin, ruination, disrepair, decayedness,
decrepitude, irrepair (rare), unrepair,
éboulement (French).

Antonyms: see RENEWAL.

Cross references: see Note. dealing: intercourse, traffic. dean: senior.

dearth: deficiency.
deathless: immortal.
deathly: deathlike.

debacle: rush, catastrophe, upheaval.

debar: exclude, refuse, prevent. debark: disembark.

debark: decorticate.
debase: abase, degrade, adulterate, corrupt.
debase: decline.
debate, v.: dispute, discuss.
debate, n.: dispute, discussion.
debauch, v. t.: corrupt.
debauch, v. i.: dissipate, ca-

rouse.
debauch, n.: carouse.

debauched: dissipated.
debauchery: corruption, dissipation.
debenture: certificate, security.
debilitate: weaken, enervate.
debit: charge.
debouch: issue.
decadence: decline.
decadent: declining.
decapitate: behead.

Referring to fruits, etc.: rot; spec. blight, rust, spur, blet.

decayed, a. 1. dilapidated; spec. decrepit, disjasked (Scot), forworn tumbledown, ruinous, ruined.

2. See DECOMPOSED.

2. Referring to fruit, vegetables, etc.: unsound, rotten; spec. druxy, doted or doated, spurred, ergotized, bletted, dod-

dered, etc

deceitful, a. deceptive (which does not imply intent to deceive, nor necessarily any evil purpose, while the others do', cunning, covinous (archaic), two-faced, indirect, underhand, underhanded, deceivable (archoic), insincere, circumventive, false; spec crooked, double-tongued, double-hearted, dodgy (colloq), evasive, hypocritical, fraudulent, fraudul (rare), guileful, juggling, Jesuitical (opprobriously used by non-Catholics), histrionic (learned or rars), theatrical, dissembling, intriguing, insidious, tricky, trickish, tricksy, snaky, treacherous.

Antonyma: see Conscientious, Frank. deceitfulness, n. cunning, covin (archaic);

spec. guile, fraud, etc.

deceivable, a. Spec. delusible, gullible, il-

lusionable (rare), credulous.

deceive, v t. mislead; spec. delude, fool, befool (intensive), bejape (obs.), begunk (Scot.), bamboozie, beguile, guil, flatter, hoax, humbug, hoodwink, bubble (rare), hoax, humbug, hoodwink, bubble (rare), circumvent, outwit, trick, bucket (slang), cosen, best, cajole, bilk, do (slang), cheat, mock, chisel (slang), chouse (slang), jilt, overreach, defraud, doodle (slang), hallucinate, illude (implying false hopes), cog, blear, bluff, misinform, mock, tantalize, jilt (one's expectations), hocuspocus (rare), juggle, dupe, fob, flimfiam (cant), flam (cant), kid (slang), diddle (collog or slang) (collog or slang)

Antonyms: see UNDECEIVE. deceiver, n. misleader; spec. deluder, bamboosler, beguiler, hoaxer, humbug, hum-bugger, hoodwinker, circumventor or circumventer, outwitter, tricker, cozener, cheater, cheat, swindler, swindle, de-frauder, double-dealer, pretender, Sinon (fig.), trickster, charlatan, impostor, impostress, sharper, cogger (obs. or archaic), hallucinator, hypocrite, illuder (rare), juggler, dodger (often slang), faitour (archaic), duper, rogue, knave, duffer, diddler (collog. or slang).

fact, habit, practice, etc.: deceit; spec. cheat, dole (rare), misleading, delusion, deception, n. 1.

fooling, bamboozle (generic), bamboozle-ment, bambosh (slang), beguilement, ment, bambosh (stang), begunement, hoaz, humbugging, humbug, humbuggery, humbugism, hoodwinking, circumven-tion, outwitting, outwittel, tricking, trick, hocus-pocus, flimflam (cont), flummery (emply talk, etc.), illusion, fancy, cozenage (archaic), flam (cant or colloq), gullery (archaic), duplicity, gulle, finesse, stratagem, pretense, sham, covin (archaic), hallucination, disguise, disguisement, de-fraudation (rare), defraudment (rare), hypocrisy, hypocrisis (rare), do (slang or colloq.), indirectness, insidiousness, trick-mess, trickishness, hanky-panky (slang), chicanery, petthfogging, quibbling, sophistry, subterfuge, dodgery (rare), dupery, subreption (rare), guile, double-dealing, mockery.

3. Referring to the thing that deceives: spec. artifice, cheat, fraud, humbug, mockery, flam (cant), trick, sham, sell, cantel (archaie), dodge, hoax, gag (slang), imposture, cog, bosh (slang), juggle, ruse, wile, atratagem. Many of the words in sense 1 are synonyms also in this sense.

deceptive, a. misleading, deceitful (which see); spec. delusive, delusory, catchy (colloq.), tricksy, hallucinative, hallucinatory, fairy (as if done by a fairy), illusory, fallacious, false, subjective, disingenuous.

decide, v. i. 1. determine, settle, fix, con-clude, resolve (rare), decree (archaic); spec. misdecide.

2. adjudge (tech), adjudicate, dijudicate (rars), decern (Scot.); spec. arbitrate, um-

pire, pass (upon a question).

decide, v. t. 1. determine, settle, resolve, conclude; spec. predetermine, decern (Scots low), adjudge (rare), adjudicate (tech.), judge; arbitrate, award, decree, deraign (law, hist., or obe.), dijudicate (rare), rule, hold.

2. To bring a person to a decision: deter-

mine, resolve (rare).

decided, a. positive, strong, pronounced; spec. marked; see ABSURED,

Antonyms: see DOUBTFUL, HEAFTATING. decipher, v. f. 1. translate, interpret.

2. Referring to mental character: read. trace, make out.

decision, n. s. Referring to the act of the mind: determination, settlement, conclusion; spec. resolution, discretion, judgment, finding,

2. Referring to the delivery of a decision or to the thing decided upon: adjudgment, adjudication, judgment, decerniture (Scots law); spec. arbitration, award, decree, de-

Cross references. see Note. decease, v. s. death

decedent: deseption decent: appropriate, modest,

proper, shapely, considerable, decern: decide

creement, arrêt (French hist.), pronouncement, sentence, edict, definition, decreet (Scots law; colloq.), halacha or halakah, decretal; see VERDICT.

decisive, a. 1. determinative, resolutive or resolutory (in law spec.), conclusive, adjudicative, decretive, decretory.

Antonyms: see INDECISIVE.

2. determinative, definitive, conclusive, final, peremptory, determinant; spec. critical, crucial, fateful.

deck, n. Spec. orlop, texas (Western U.S.), hurricane deck, splinter deck, poop deck, main deck, quarterdeck.

declaim, v. i. speak, harangue (chiefly spec.), rant (chiefly spec.), spout (contemptuous), mouth (contemptuous); spec. perorate (literary).

declamatory, a. Spec. rhetorical, bombastic.

declaratory, n. declarative, predicative, affirmative.

declare, v. t. 1. Spec. proclaim, acclaim, find (law), denounce (as being bad).

2. See STATE, DISCLOSE, ACKNOWLEDGE.

declination, n. 1. See DEVIATION, DESCENT.

2. refusal, declension, nonacceptance, rejection; spec. declinature (Scots law), repudiation, repulse, detrectation (rare).

Antonyms: see ACCEPTANCE.

declinatory, a. In an active sense: deteriorative, degeneratory, degenerative, degradational, depreciatory, depreciative. decline, v. i. 1. See DEVIATE, DESCEND.

2. deteriorate, decay, impair, worsen (rare), fail; spec. ebb, fall (often with "away"), set, weaken, wane, derogate, degenerate, degrade, debase, depreciate, fade, flag, retrograde, wither, recede, retrogress (rare), rot, lapse, dwindle, diminish; see LANGUISH.

Antonyms: see IMPROVE, PROGRESS.

3. See REFUSE.

decline, v. t. 1. bend, bow, depress.

2. refuse, reject; spec. repudiate, repel, repulse, renegue (rare).

Antonyms: see ACCEPT, RECEIVE.

3. See INFLECT.

decline, n. 1. See DESCENT.

2. deterioration, decay, impair (archaic), impairment, declination (obs.), decadence, decadency, degeneration, degradation, debasement, depreciation, derogation, failure, ebb, depravation, languishment, retrograde, retrogression, retrogradation, wane, diminution, etc.

Antonyms: see Progress, recovery.

3. See disease, ailment.

declining, a. In an active sense: decadent, deteriorating, degenerating.

declivitous, a. sloping, steep. "Declivitous" is used esp. in reference to downward slope.

declivous, a. sloping. "Declivous" usu-

ally means descending.

decomposable, a. perishable, resoluble, corruptible (archaic), resolvable; spec. putrescible, putrefiable (rare).

decompose, v. t. & i. 1. decompound (rare), dissolve, resolve, disintegrate (chiefly spec.), analyze (esp. spec.); spec. electrolyze, thermolyze, hydrolyze.

Antonyms: see SYNTHESIZE.

2. Referring to natural decomposition, destroying physical integrity and soundness: consume, decay, rot (often spec.), corrupt (archaic or rare), faint; spec. (of loathsome and stinking rottenness) putresce, putrefy. decomposed, a. 1. decompounded, dis-

solved, disintegrated, etc.

2. decayed, corrupt (archaic or rare), rotten; spec. putrid, putrescent, carious (chiefly tech.), green; see TAINTED.

Antonyms: see SWEET.

decomposing, a. 1. decompounding (rare), disintegrative, disintegratory, analytic; spec. thermolytic, electrolytic, proteolytic, hydrolytic.

2. decaying, rotting, corruptive (archaic or rare); spec. putrefactive, putrefacient. decomposition, n. 1. decompounding, dissolution, resolution, disintegration (chiefly spec.), analysis (esp. for study), break-up; spec. thermolysis, hydrolysis,

electrolysis, proteolysis, electrolyzation.

Antonyms: see SYNTHESIS.

2. Referring to natural decomposition: decay, corruption (archaic or rare), rot; spec. dry rot, putrefaction, putridity, putrescence, caries, cariosity.

decoration, n. 1. See ORNAMENTATION,

ORNAMENT.

2. Spec. medal, badge, crest, cockade, crown, epaulette, etc.

decorticate, v. t. excorticate (rare); spec. debark, disbark, skin, peel, busk, pill (archaic), rind, rend (a tree).

decorum, n. propriety; spec. modesty.
Antonyms: see MISBEHAVIOR.

decoy, n. 1. trap.

2. enticement, lure; spec. stool, flare.

decoy, v. t. attract, entice, lure.

decree, v. t. decide, command, order, ordain, appoint, rule (chiefly spec.); spec. adjudge, adjudicate, enact, decern (now chiefly Scot. and tech.).

decree, n. decision, command, edict, order, ordinance (now chiefly spec.), ordination, enactment, law (chiefly spec.), dispensation (theol.), ordainment (rare), enaction

dock, v. t.: ornament, cover, clothe.

decorate: ornament, honor. decorative: ornamental.

decorous: becoming, proper. decorum, v. t.: propriety.

DECREEING

(rare), rule (chiefly spec.); spec. firman, sanction (hist), decretal, novel, rescript, constitution, assize, pragmatic, psephism, recess (hist), hatti, interdict, irade.

decreeing, a decisional, enactive, decretial (rare), decretive (rare,, decretory decretive, a. 1. decisive, decreeing, ordina-

tive

2. See decreeing.

dedicate, v. t. 1. appropriate (contextual), give (contextual), devote, consecrate, vow, hallow (archarc); spec. promise, surrender

3. Spec. inscribe (as a book); see conse-

CRATE, INSCRIBE,

dedication, n. Spec. appropriation, devotion, consecration, etc.

dedicatory, a. dedicative, consecrative,

consecratory, votary, votive.
deduct, v. t. abstract, remove, defalcate (rare), subtract (esp. of numbers); spec. rebate, recoup (law).

Antonyms see ADD.

deduction, n 1. See INFERENCE.

2. abstraction, removal, subtraction (esp. of numbers); spec, recoupment (law).

Antonyms sec Addition.

 Referring to the thing deducted: defalcation (rare); spec. discount, drawback, draft, tare, reprise, rebatement, rebate, off-reckoning, offtake.

deductive, a. inferential, a priori (Latin;

deed, n. 1. action, act, exploit, feat, gest (archaic or poetic), do (colloq.), jest (archaic or poetic), fact (obs, archaic, or idiomatic), effort; spec. accomplishment, derring-do (pseudo-archaic), (chiefly in pl; literary). prowess

2. instrument (contextual); spec. release. quitclaim, land-boc (obs.), charter, in-

denture, infeudation, remise.

8. See ACTION.

deed, v. t. convey (contextual); spec. quitclaim, release, remise.

deep, a 1. profound (very deep); spec. depthless, bottomless, abysmal. Antonyms: see Shallow, Surface.

2. See abstruse, discerning, bubtle. 2. Referring to evils in which one may be

involved: serious, grave, profound, extreme, great.

4. Referring to emotions deeply felt: deepfelt, deep-seated, profound, intimate, heartfelt, cordial (chiefly spec.); spec. heavy, sound, dead, hearty, thorough, inveterate, ingrained.

Antonyms: see Superficial.

5. Referring to sleep: profound, heavy, fast

Antonyme: see LIGHT.

6. Referring to colors: strong, intense, rich.

7. See LOW, BASS, ABSORBED.

8. involved, -referring to a person involved in vice, disgrace, etc.

deep, n. 1. abyss, profound (poetic), gulf (poetic); spec. ocean.

Antonyms see SHALLOW.

2. See DEPTH.

3. Spec. mystery, incomprehensible (used with "the",, riddle.
deepen, v. i. There are no synonyms.

Antonyms: see BHOAL.

deepen, v. t. strengthen, intensify.

deeply, adv. Spec. profoundly, abstrusely, soundly, mortally, intimately.

deepset, a. sunken.

deer, n. 1. doe (female), buck (male), fawn (young); spec. stag, hart, havier, hind (female), spire, spay (male), hearst (a hunting term), roe, roebuck (masc), fallow deer, elk, reindeer, caribou, russ, moose, maral, wapiti, venada.

2. Referring to deer flesh: venison.

deer, a. cervine.

deface, v. t. mar, disfigure, disfeature (rare), defeature (archaic), dedecorate (rare), disvisage (rare), disfashion (rare); spec. deform, distort, mutilate, maim (fig.), mangle, garble, bemangle (intensive), akew, twist, wrench, blur, tensive), skew, twist, wrench, blur, blotch, haggle, back, uglify, cancel, foul (make ugly), dog's-ear, scar, soil, tarnish,

Antonyms: see BEAUTIFY, ORNAMENT. defacement, v. i. disfigurement, deforma-

tion, deformity, etc. defamation, n. traduction, vilification, as-

persion, calumny; spec. slander, libel, defamatory, a. traductory, calumniatory, abusive; spec. libellous, scandalous.

defame, v. t. traduce, vilify, slur, asperse, belie, calumniate, vilipend (titerary; epec.), slander, scandal (archaic), scandalize, backbite, libel.

Antonyms: see PRAISE, ENNOBLE. default, n. 1. See FAULT.

2. omission, failure; spec. neglect. defeat, v. t. 1. frustrate, checkmate, balk, block, spoil, foil, baffle, thwart, cross, circumvent, outwit, contravene, blank, stump (colloq.), stale, dish (colloq.), disappoint; spec. nullify, euchre (colloq.), neutralize, double, puzzle, halt, etc.

Cross references see Note. decreement: decision decrepit: weak, weakened.
decrepitate: roast
decrepitate: crackle,

decreptuder meakness.
decrescence: diminution. docretal: decres. decussate: CTORE deduce: infer, derive,

detaleate: emberrie.
default, n. deficiency, failure, fault default, v. s.: fail defaulter: insolvent.

Antonyms: see AID.

2. overcome, overpower, overthrow, conquer, discomfit, have, beat, thrash (colloq.), lick (colloq.), whip (colloq.), drub (colloq.), master, vanquish, cast (tech., law, or obs.), fail, repulse, checkmate, confound (archaic), euchre (spec. or fig.), lurch (spec. in games, or fig.), throw, floor (in argument, etc.; colloq.), overmatch (rare), bilk (cribbage or fig.); spec. counterwork, countermine, counterplot, rout, derout (emphatic), outargue, outplay, outvote, sack (slang), trim (colloq.). Antonyms: see AID.

defeat, n. 1. frustration, checkmate, balk, fail, bafflement, thwarting, circumvention, outwittal (by strategy), contraven-

tion.

Antonyms: see AID.

2. overthrow, conquest, discomfiture, best, thrashing (colloq.), drubbing (colloq.), whipping (colloq.), licking (colloq.), mastery, vanquishment, overcoming, cast (law or obs.), checkmate, confusion (rare); spec. rout, derout (emphatic), lurch, reverse.

Antonyms: see VICTORY, SUCCESS.

defecate, v. i. cack (obs. or dial. Eng.), evacuate, foul (rare), dung (now of animals only), stool.

defective, a. 1. See DEFICIENT.

2. Spec. deranged, feeble-minded, imbecile.

defend, v. t. 1. See PROTECT.

2. maintain, uphold, vindicate (as being true or correct), sustain, support, champion (the truth, a cause, etc.), espouse (a cause); spec. justify, plead, advocate.

Antonyms: see Assail, attack.

3. oppose (a claim, lawsuit, etc.). defense, n. 1. See PROTECTION.

2. maintenance, upholding, vindication (as true or correct), support, espousal (of the truth, a cause, etc.); spec. justification (of action), advocacy.

Antonyms: see ATTACK.

8. Spec. justification, excuse, plea, vindication, denial, answer.

defensible, a. 1. fencible (of a fort, etc.), tenable.

2. maintainable, supportable, vindicable (as right or true), tenable; spec. excusable, justifiable.

Antonyms: see Indefensible.

defer, v. t. delay, postpone, procrastinate, adjourn (properly, spec.), suspend, wait; spec. table, stay, perendinate (rare), respite (rare), reserve, shelve.

deference, n. Spec. submissiveness, obeisance, regardfulness, complaisance.

deferential, a. Spec. submissive, obeisant,

regardful; see complaisant.

deferment, n. deferral (rare.), delay, postponement, procrastination, adjournment or (rare) adjournal (properly, spec.), suspension, suspense (in law spec.), wait, pause, frist (archaic); spec. respite, reprieve, mora, cunctation (literary), breathing, moratory, moratorium.

defiance, n. 1. defial, dare (colloq.), daring, daringness (the quality), challenge, bravado, bravery (obs. or rare), defy (colloq.), disregard, despite (literary); spec. diffidation (chiefly feudalism), opposition, re-

sistance, rebellion, disobedience.

2. Referring to the quality: spec. contempt, stubbornness, despite (literary), recalcitrance, rebelliousness, disobedience, contumaciousness.

defiant, a. daring (now chiefly colloq.), disregardful, challenging; spec. contumacious, resistant, disobedient, despiteful, recleitrant, rebellious, insolent, stubborn.

Antonyms: see Submissive, resigned,

OBEDIENT.

deficiency, n. 1. defect (chiefly spec.), want, lack, deficit, defalcation, shortage, wantage (rare), deficience (rare), absence, default (archaic or spec.);—referring to that which is either not present or not available.

Antonyms: see excess, extra.

2. insufficiency, inadequacy, failure, dearth, scarcity, famine, want, lack, penury, poverty, shortness, default (archaic or rare), meagerness;—referring to the fact of being deficient.

Antonyms: see Abundance, excess.

3. See IMPERFECTION.

deficient, a. poor, defective, insufficient, inadequate, incomplete, imperfect, short, scarce, scant, wanting (used with "in"), lacking.

Antonyms: see ABUNDANT, ABOUNDING,

EXCESSIVE, SPARE.

define, v. t. 1. delimit, determine, bound, demarcate, limit, delimitate (rare), demark (rare);—referring to land or used fig.

2. Referring to words, ideas, etc.: determine, formalize, precise (rare); spec. individuate, individualize.

3. See DESCRIBE.

definite, a. determinate, distinct, certain, limited, fixed; spec. clear-cut, sharp-cut, clear, downright, sharp, crisp (tones, etc.), explicit, express, formal, vivid, specific,

defecate: clear, purify, excrete. defect: deficiency, imperfection, fault.

defile, v. & n.: march.
defile n.: pass, ravine, march.
defile, v. t.: dirty, foul, contaminate, corrupt, sully, violate,

desecrate.
defilement: dirtying, fouling,
contamination, corruption, soiling, sullying, violation.

Antonyms: see AMBIGUOUS, INDEPINITE, INDISTINCT.

definition, n, 1. delimitation, demarcation, 2. Referring to words, ideas, etc.: determination, formalization; spec. individuation. 3. See DESCRIPTION.

deflate, v. t exhaust (contextual), empty (contextual, rare); spec. flatten.

Antonyms see inflate, bloat.

deflower, v. t. 1. disflower (strip of flowers). 2. violate, devirginate (rare).

deform, v. t 1. misshape, spoil, disform (rare), disfigure; spec. spring, distort, strain (tech.), bemonster (rare). "Deform" as used in physics does not imply anything more than change of shape or structure.

2. See DEFACE.

deformed, a. deform (archaic), misfashioned, malformed, misshapen, inform (archaic).

Antonyms: see SHAPELY, WELL-SHAPED. deformity, n. 1. informity (rare), misshapenness, malformation, monstrosity (great deformity), misshape (rare), misshape figure (rare), disfigurement; spec. crookedness, varus, misproportion.

Antonyms. see BEAUTY.

2. See DEFACEMENT.

defraud, v. t. cheat, bilk (fig), rook (rare), gudgeon (rare), swindle; spec. bunco, chouse (collog.)

detray, v. t. pay, liquidate, settle, meet, satisfy, answer, bear, discharge, disburse (rare).

defrayal, n. payment, liquidation, bearing, discharge, etc.

dety, v. t. dare, challenge; spec. beard, disregard, brave, face, disobey, mock, outdare, scorn.

Antonyms: see obey.

degeneracy, n deterioration, debasement, degeneration, degenerateness, degradation, retrogradation; spec. depravity.

degenerate, a. degraded, debased, retrograded; spec decadent.

Antonyma see EXALTED. degenerate, v. i. decline, deteriorate, sink, degrade, retrograde.

degenerate, n. retrograde.

degeneration, n. decline, deterioration, retrogradation, retrogression, debasement, spec. caducity (rare), cascation, involution, decadence, perversion.

Antonyms: see REGENERATION degenerative, c. retrogressive, declinatory (rare), backward.

unequivocal, flat, particular, precise, degradation, n. 1. dishonor, abasement, exact. condition.

2. abasement, debasement, disgrace, deposition; spec. disbarment, disranking;-referring to the act.

Antonyms' see ELEVATION. degeneracy, degeneration.

4. debasement, lowering, prostitution (fig.); spec. perversion, corruption, contamination, vitiation.

Antonyms: see ELEVATION.

degrade, v. f. 1. dishonor, reduce, debase, disgrade, abase, lower, sink, disrate, break, disrank, disgrace, depose; spec. unchurch, disennoble, disbar, disbench, disestablish, disorb, unmiter, dethrone, disenthrone, unpriest, uncowl, uncrown, outcast, unking.

Antonyms see ELEVATE, DIGNIFY, EN-

NOBLE, ORDAIN. 2. abase, debase, lower, demean (oneself; not in good usage), prostitute (fig); spec pervert, alloy, adulterate, vitiate, contaminate.

Antonyms. see ELEVATE.

degraded, a. abased, debased, abject, deprayed, low; spec. vile, perverted, corrupt. Antonyms see ELEVATED, EXALTED.

degree, n 1. See ROW, SHELF, GRADUA-TION, MEASURE, EXTENT, AMOUNT.

step, stage, grade, point (which one or something has reached or arrived at); spec. remove (in the line of descent), interval, space (music), line (music).

8. intensity, pitch, plane, point, measure, intension (literary), grade, gradation, height, potence (rare); spec. shade.

dehisce, v. i. gape, open.

dehorn, v. t. poll; spec. hummel or humble (Scot.).

dehort, v. t. dissuade (obsolesc.), disadvise, delfy, v. f. 1. apotheosize, consecrate (Roman antiq.), divinify (rare), divinize (rare), god (rare), goddise (rare), shrine (rare); spec co-deify.

2. worship.

deity, n. 1. god (esp. male), spirit, goddess (fem.), godlet (dim.), godhead (rare), godkin (dim.), godling (dim.), divinity, numen (esp. local or minor; rare), power, Providence (fig); spec, heaven (a collective), all-father, manu, monad, monas (rare), faun, patron, patroness, oversoul, kami, demiurge, lar, fury, Trimurti, kami, demiurge, lar, fury, Trimurti, Triton, Woden, Pan, panice, Dagon, Triton, Woden, Pan, panice, Dagon, Apollo, Mars, Vulcan, Neptune, Mer-cury, Venus, Juno, Minerva, Hercules, Ares, Hephæstus, Poseidon, Hermes,

Cross references, see Note. definitivo: decresso.
defingrate: burn, explicate

deflect: furn defunct: dead. degrade: decline, degenerale. deign: condescend. deforest: desaforest.

DELIVERANCE

Aphrodite, Hera, Athena; see DEMON, DEMIGOD.

Antonyms: see HUMAN.

2. Referring to the state or quality: see DIVINITY.

delay, v. i. linger, loiter (chiefly spec.), tarry, stay, dawdle; spec. idle, hang (colloq.), poke (colloq.), dilly-dally, dally, lag, drag, stop, dwell, filibuster.

Antonyms: see HASTEN, HURRY.

delay, n. 1. See deferment, retardation.

2. lingering, loitering, tarrying, tarry (rare), stay, linger (rare), moration (rare), tarriance (literary), lagging; spec. stop, demurrage, respite, reprieve, truce.

Antonyms: see Speed.

delayed, a. belated, lated (poetic).

delegate, n. agent (contextual), representative, deputy, commissioner, secondary (rare).

delegate, v. t. 1. transfer (contextual), commit, intrust.

2. depute, commission, appoint, deputize (U. S.).

delegation, n. 1. Referring to the thing delegated: commitment, intrustment, committal.

2. Referring to the person to whom delegation is made: deputation, commissioning, appointment, deputization (U. S.).

3. representative. "Delegation" is chiefly used as a collective.

delete, v. t. cancel, erase, dele, elide, retrench (from a book); spec. obliterate, efface.

deliberate, a. 1. intentional, prepense (literary or legal; usually postpositive), premeditated, advised, considered, set, resolved, studied; spec. aforethought, mature, cool, careful, thoughtful.

Antonyms: see IMPETUOUS, ABRUPT, IM-

PULSIVE, THOUGHTLESS.

2. unhasty (rare), measured, slow; spec. leisurely.

Antonyms: see Bustling, Hasty.

deliberation, n. 1. See consideration.

2. slowness, coolness, deliberateness.

Antonyms: see IMPETUOSITY, BUSTLE,
HASTE.

delicacy, n. 1. luxury, dainty, tidbit, bonne-bouche (French), titbit, regale

2. frailty, tenderness, softness, slightness.

8. Spec. nicety, fineness, tenderness, weakness, dangerousness, accuracy, sensitiveness, discrimination, refinement, subtlety, exactness, fastidiousness, consideration, difficulty.

delicate, a. 1. See Palatable, Weak, Brittle, Slight, Ethereal, Sensitive, Slender.

2. Spec. nice, fine, tender, frail, weak, dangerous, accurate, sensitive, refined, subtle, exact, exquisite, fastidious, considerate, minikin (now contemptuous), difficult, discriminating.

Antonyms: see gross, coarse, rough,

HARDY.

delight, v. i. Spec. luxuriate, feast, riot, roll, revel.

delineate, v. t. 1. trace, draw, line, mark, figure, describe, inscribe (chiefly spec.), pencil (often spec.), touch (lines); spec. sketch, plan, foreshorten, map, blazon, emblaze, lineate (rare), trick, retrace.

2. See OUTLINE, SKETCH, DEPICT, DE-SCRIBE.

delineation, n. 1. tracing, drawing, lining, marking, figuring, inscription (chiefly spec.), penciling (often spec.), touching; spec. trace, sketching, planning, foreshortening, blazoning.

2. Referring to the figure so made: tracing, drawing, inscription (chiefly spec.), figure; spec. sketch, plan, map, blazonry, dia-

gram, elevation, perspective.

8. See OUTLINE, SKETCH, DEPICTION, DESCRIPTION.

delinquency, n. Spec. fault, misdeed, offense, transgression.

delinquent, n. offender, culprit, malefactor, transgressor.

delirious, a. 1. deranged, raving, light-headed, wandering; spec. frenzied.

2. excited, frenzied.

delirium, n. 1. derangement, raving, deliration (rare), wandering, light-headedness; spec. frenzy; see DELIRIUM TRE-MENS.

2. excitement, frenzy.

delirium tremens, jimjams (slang), blue devils (fig.; colloq.), blues (pl.; colloq.), mania a potu (Latin), horrors (pl.; used with "the").

deliver, v. t. 1. free; spec. rescue, ransom, release; see save.

Antonyms: see ENSLAVE, IMPRISON.

2. transfer, give, pass (esp. with "over"), render; spec. consign, commit, surrender, hand, intrust, relinquish, resign, extradite, impart.

3. free, disburden, rid; spec. accouch.

4. See EMIT, DEAL (a blow, etc.), EJECT, PROJECT, DISCHARGE, SERVE, THROW, UTTER, IMPART, COMMUNICATE.

deliverance, n. 1. freeing, delivery (rare); spec. rescue, ransom, release.

Cross references: see Note. deject: depress. delaminate: cleave.

delate: accuse, narrate, report. dele: delete.

delectation: pleasure.

deliberate: consider.
delinquent: blamable.
deliquesce: melt, diminish.

deliverer, n. 1. freer (rare); spec. rescuer, ransomer, releaser,

 transferer, deliverer (tech.), transferor, giver, renderer; spec. committer, surren-derer, etc.

1. freer (rare), ridder. delivery, n. 1. freeing, deliverance.

transfer, transference (emphasizing the action), transferal (rare), passing (esp. with "over"), rendering, rendition, tradition (tech.), giving; spec. consignation, commitment, intrusting, impartment, impartation, handing, resignation, extradition

3. See CHILDBIRTH, DEALING (of a blow), EMISSION, EJECTION, PROJECTION, DIS-CHARGE, THROWING, etc., UTTERANCE.

dell, n. valley (contextual), vale (contextual), dingle.

Delphie, a. Delphian, Pythian, Pythic. delusion, n. 1. derangement, deception.
An "illusion" or "hallucination" is a "delusion" only if the mind is deceived into a false belief. a. misbelief.

demagogue, n. leader (contextual).

demand, v. t. 1. ask (contextual), require, requisition (formal), spec. exact.

Antonyms: see GIVE, OFFER, TENDER. 2. See CLAIM (as due, etc.), NEED.

demand, n. 1. requisition, requirement, require (rare); spec. draft, exaction, strike, run.

Antonyms' see GIFT, OFFER, TENDER. 2. call, request; spec. market, sale, exigency.

See CLAIM, INQUIRY.

demandable, a. requirable, exigible. demerit, n. merit (rare; contextual), in-desert (rare), undesert, fault, desert (chiefly in pl.), ill desert. demerit, v. i. underserve (rare).

demigod, n. semideity (rare), semigod (rare); spec. hero (Greek antiq.), heroine (fem.), Prometheus, Epimetheus, Her-(fem.), Promether cules, Perseus, etc.

demobilize, v. t. disorganize, scatter, disband.

democracy, n. 1. Spec. democratism, Jacobinism, Jeffersonianism.

Antonyms: see ARISTOCRACY, MONARCH-ISM.

2. See GOVERNMENT, STATE.

democrat, n Spec. Jeffersonian (U, S), hardshell (U, S), Bourbon (U, S), Jacobin, ultrademocrat.

2. See UTTERANCE, JUDGMENT, VERDICT. democratic, a. Spec. Jeffersonian, Jacobinic, Jacobinical, ultrademocratic.

Antonyms see MONARCHICAL, ARISTO-CRATIC, AUTOCRATIC.

democratize, v. t. Spec. Jacobinize, popu-

demolish, v. l. 1. destroy (contextual); spec. abate (law), raze, rase (rare), overthrow, level, pulverise, unbuild (rare), ruin. Antonyms: see CONSTRUCT.

2. See RUIN, SPOIL.

demon, n 1. In the general sense, of Greek mythology, of a supernatural being be-tween god and man: deity (contextual), spirit (contextual), numen (rare), daumon (tech. or literary), intelligence (literary); spec. angel, ghost (obs.), genius, lar, aylph, manito, devil, specter, fiend, diablotin (French), imp, dev, genie, jinn (prop. pl.), jinnee (sing.), hag (archaic), (prop. pl.), jinnee (sing.), has (dreman), harpy, demogorgon, Triton, satyr, manes (pl.), lares (pl.), penates (pl.), empusa, incubus, lemur, barghest, ghoul, Lamia, ogre, ogress, deuce, pooka or phooks, vampire, scarcerow, bug, bogy, phooks, vampire, scarcerow, bug, bogy, bogey, colt-pixie, fairy, fay (literary), Erking, familiar, kelpie or kelpy (Scot.), jotun, hobgoblin, sprite or (archaic vari-ant) spright, kobold, Brownie, bogle, gnome, goblin, troll, nixie, nix, poker (U. S.; colloq.), pixy or pixie, puck, red-cap, Poltergeist (German), Robin Good-fellow. In ordinary English usage "demon" is an evil spirit. 3. See DEVIL.

Spec. Mephistophelean, demonic, a. Mephistophelian, Mephistophelic, ghoul-ish, gnomish, elvish, elfin, infernal, elfish. demontre, v. t. disbolify, disbolize, devilise; -all three rare or learned.

demonology, n. diabology, diabolology, devilry, devilry, diablerie (French); spec. Satanology.

demonstrative, a. 1. proving, probative. expressive; spec. cordial, emotional, unreserved; see EFFUSIVE.

Antonyms see impassive, unemotional. demonstrativeness, n. expressiveness; spec. cordiality, empressment (French), unreservedness, emotionality, emotional-

demoralize, v. f. 1. corrupt. 2. disconcert, embarrass, agitate, discomfit, disorganize, confuse.

denaturalize, v. t. denature.

dendriform, a. dendroid, arborescent, arboriform, dendritic,—all tech. or learned.

Cross references, see Note. deluge: flood. demarcate: define, distinguish, dinde, separate.

Gemarcation: definition, boundary, distinction, dissessm. demean: degrade abase, behave, demeanor: behavior. demeaned: deranged. demeane: selate demise: transfer, death, demise: transfer, de.

demit: dismiss, abdicate, relinquist, demonstrate: proce, show.
demonstrate: proce, show.
demount: descend,
demure, r object.
demure: sober, proper, modest.
demure: sober, proper, modest.

deniable, a. contradictable, traversable. denial, n. 1. See REFUSAL, CONTRADICTION, TRIAL.

2. negation, disaffirmation, negative, disaffirmance; spec. forswearing, sublation (logic), disallowance, disclaimer (chiefly law), disclamation (rare).

Antonyms: see ACKNOWLEDGMENT, ASSUMPTION.

denomination, n. 1. See NAMING, NAME. 2. class (which see), kind; spec. (in religion) body, connection (chiefly spec.), persuasion, sect.

denominational, a. sectarian, sectarial. denote, v. t. 1. See SIGNIFY, INDICATE, EXPRESS, MEAN.

2. mark, stamp, stigmatize (esp. as evil), brand (esp. as evil), betoken.

denounce, v. t. 1. See ACCUSE.

2. condemn, fulminate (violently), vituperate (abusively).

Antonyms: see APPROVE.

denouncer, n. fulminator, inveigher, vituperator.

dense, a. 1. See COMPACT (referring to constituent particles or parts), THICK (referring to visibly separate parts or objects), STUPID.

2. Referring to ignorance, etc.: intense, crass (literary), gross, profound; spec. impenetrable, utter, absolute.

density, n. 1. See COMPACTNESS (referring to the constituent particles or parts), THICKNESS (referring to visibly separate parts or objects), STUPIDITY.

2. Referring to ignorance, etc.: intensity, crassness (literary), profoundness; spec.

impenetrability, absoluteness.

dentate, a. toothed, serrate; spec. jagged, denticulate, notched. "Dentate" is tech. denude, v. t. bare; spec. abrade, erode;

800 BARK, STRIP.

denunciation, n. condemnation (contextual), fulmination (violent), vituperation (abusive), diatribe (bitter and violent); spec. flyting, invective, philippic.

deny, v. t. 1. See REFUSE, CONTRADICT, ABJURE, DISCLAIM.

2. negate, disaffirm, negative; spec. forswear (on oath), sublate (a term of logic), disallow, disclaim.

Antonyms: see ACKNOWLEDGE, ASSUME,

deodorizer, n. deodorant; spec. pastil, pastille, fumigator.

depart, v. i. 1. go (often with "away"), leave, remove (formal or affected), move (colloq.), withdraw, part (archaic), recede (rare); spec. flee, congee (archaic), fly, flit.

2. Referring to sudden or secret departure:

abscond, decamp, skip (slang), flit (colloq.), slide, cut (slang or colloq.), mosey (slang, U. S.), mizzle (slang), vamose (slang); spec. elope.

Antonyms: see STAY, APPROACH, COME.

3. See DIE.

4. differ, deviate, vary.

departing, a. going, leaving, parting.
Antonyms: see COMING.

department, n. 1. division, subdivision, part, province, branch, sphere;—referring to a subject or to a complex whole.

2. district;—referring to a territorial part.

3. office, bureau.

departure, n. 1. going, leaving, removal (formal or affected), withdrawal (formal), parting, decession (rare); spec. flight, exit, exition (rare), flit (rare), hegira (spec. or fig.), congé (French; a formal departure).

Antonyms: see coming.

2. absconding, decampment.

8. See DEATH, DEVIATION, VARIATION, DIGRESSION, DIFFERENCE.

depend, v. i. 1. See HANG, RELY.

2. hinge, turn, hang, rest;—referring to the depending of an undecided matter upon something else.

dependable, a. reliable, trustworthy. dependence, n. 1. hanging, suspension.

2. hinging, turning, hanging, resting.

3. See RELIANCE, SUPPORT.

dependency, n. 1. dependence;—esp. in sense of state or fact of depending.

2. dependent; spec. subject, colony, province.

Antonyms: cf. SOVEREIGNTY.

dependent, a. 1. hanging.

2. See CONDITIONAL, RELATIVE, SUBOR-DINATE, ACCESSORY.

dependent, n. 1. See DEPENDENCY.

3. Spec. client, creature.

depict, v. t. 1. delineate (esp. in lines), do (contextual; chiefly colloq.), portray, render (esp. in reference to technique), reproduce, figure, depicture (rare), picture, represent; spec. draw, table (rare), line (chiefly in "line in," "line out," "line off," etc.), linearize (rare), lineate (rare), paint, blazon, sketch, emblaze, emblazon, crayon, pencil, symbolize, chalk, limn (literary).

2. See DESCRIBE.

depiction, n. 1. delineation (esp. in lines), portrayal, rendition, reproduction, representation, depicture (rare), portraiture, blazonry, blazon.

2. See description.

depilate, v. t. unhair, grain (skins).

deplete, v. t. 1. empty; spec. drain, evacuate, reduce.

Cross references: see Note. denominate: name. denotation: meaning.

dénouement: explanation, catastrophe.
dent, n.: indentation.

dent, v. t.: indent.
dent, n.: notch, tooth.
dependable: reliable.

Antonyms: see FILL.

3. See EXHAUST.

depopulate, v t. unpeople, depeople (archaic); spec. disman (rare), desolate. Antonyme: see PEOPLE.

deport, v t. 1. behave (oneself).

3. remove, banish.
depose, v. t. 1. degrade; spec. dethrone, disenthrone, disthrone (rare), discrown, unthrone (rare), disestablish (a church). Antonyms: see ENTHRONE.

2. See TESTIFY.

deposit, v. t 1. In the sense of "to put for safe keeping, to commit to another": lodge, put, place, depose (archaic); spec. intrust, bail, store, leave.

2. In the sense of "to lay or put down, to place at rest" place, lodge, put, lay, depose (archaic); spec. dump (chiefly U. S.), plant, ground, repose, plank (with "down" or "out"; slang), land, couch, precipitate.

Antonyms. see DISLODGE.

2. precipitate (as from a solution).

deposit, n. deposition; spec. precipitate, precipitation, settling (chiefly in pl.), silt, sublimate, diluvium (geol.), loess, tartar, sunter, sediment, grounds (pl.), see PRE-CIPITATION.

depositary, n. 1. Spec. bailee, trustee, bank, banker.

3. See DEPOSITORY.

depositing, n. placing, putting, lodging, lodgment; spec. consignation, intrusting, bailment.

deposition, n. 1. degradation; spec. dethronement, discrownment.

a. testimony (contextual); spec. affidavit. placing, putting, lodgment, reposition (rare); spec. discharge, precipitation, settling.

4. See DEPOBIT.

depository, n. 1. bailee.

2. depositary, storehouse; spec. warehouse, entrepôt (French).

deprayed, a. Spec. corrupt, contaminated, abandoned, degraded, low, perverted, degenerate.

Antonyms' see ELEVATED.
depravity, n. Spec. corruption, contamination, degradation, perversion, lowness, degeneracy, vice.

Antonyms see ELEVATION.

depreciate, v. t. 1. depress (in value, price, etc.), lower.

Antonyms : see ADVANCE. 2. See discredit, disparage.

depreciate, v. i. decline, fall, drop; spec. slump (slang or cant), tumble Antonyms see ADVANCE

depreciation, n. decline, fall, drop; spec. alump (slong or cant), tumble.

Antonyma: see ADVANCE

deprecator, n. plunderer; spec, thief, robber, pirate, brigand, marauder.

depress, v. t. 1. See LOWER (as to position in space), depreciate.

2. dull (in activity, as trade), deaden.

3. dispirit, deject, prostrate, discourage, dishearten, sadden, contrist (archaic), dash, damp, dampen, dismalise (rare), vaporize (rare), vapor (rare), oppress, bow, cool (chefty with "off" or "down"), quail, sink, desolate, frigidize (rare), hip (colloq; rare), disanimate (rare), downwards weigh (rare), darken; -mostly specific.

Antonyms: see ELATE, CHEER, GLADDEN, ENLIVEN.

depressed, a. 1. lowered (in space).

2. dulled (as trade), desdened. 3. dispirited, dejected, downcast, discouraged, disheartened, despondent, despairing, desperate (archaic), prostrate, crestfallen, saturnine (literary), disconsolate, cheerless, sad, gloomy, melancholy, rueful, lugubrious (literary), doleful, doldownhearted, dull, chopfallen, chap-fallen, dolent (archaic), mopial, low, va-pored (rare), damp (archaic), somber, melancholic, melancholious (rare), heart-sick, sick, drooping, darksome (rare), glum, heavy, heavy-hearted, half-hearted, droopy (rare), hypped, hyppish, or hippish (collog.), forlorn, hopeless, woeful, low-spirited, hypochondriac, dumpish, dumpy (colloq.), desolate, wretched, lonely, lone-some, dyspeptic (fig.);—mostly specific.

Antonyms see Cheerful, Elated, Glad, BUOYANT.

depressing, a. dispiriting, dejecting (rare), discouraging, disheartening, cheerless, sad, saddening, gloomy, melancholy, atrabilious (literary), doleful, rueful, lugubrious, woeful or woful, dreary (archate), somber, dismal, dampening, damping, dark, grievous, oppressive, disconsolate, dolorous, melancholy, black, cloudy, Cimmerian (fig.), chilling, frigid (rare), heavy, gray, leaden, dusky, dark, dull, dolorific (rare), painful. Most of these synonyms are more or less specific. Antonyms. see CHEERING, ASSURING.

depression, n. 1. lowering (in space).

3. See CAVITY, HOLLOW.

3. dispiritedness, dejection, dejectedness, discouragement, despondency, damp, hopelessness, desperation (archaic), cheerlessness, sadness, gloom, gloominess, melancholy, melancholia, atrabiliousness (lit-

deplorable: lamentable.

deplore: mourn deploy: extend.

depone: rwear, testify.
deport: behave, remove, banish.

erary), dole (archaic), dolefulness, dolor (literary; chiefly poetic), sorrow, grief, distress, dreariness (archaic), dismalness, woe, woefulness, blue devils (pl.; colloq.), dispiritment (rare), disheartenment, desolation, disconsolation, dullness, despair, brokenness, despairingness (rare), downheartedness, lowness, dumps (pl.; now collog. and usually humorous), dumpishness, hypochondria, hypos (pl.; colloq.), hyp (colloq.), hyps (pl.; colloq.), mopishness, ruefulness, doldrums (pl.), dismality, hip (collog.), dreariment (archaic), drearihood or drearihead (archaic), chill, heaviness, mulligrubs (colloq.), megrims (pl.), spleen, qualm, black dog (colloq.), chill, darkness, lugubriosity or lugubriousness (literary). Most of these synonyms are more or less specific.

Antonyms: see CHEER, ELATION.

deprivation, n. deprival (rare), privation (rare), dispossession; spec. divestiture, divestment, bereavement, robbery, deforcement (archaic; esp. of lands), stripping, denudation, abridgment, curtailment, docking, dockage, despoilment, despoliation, spoliation, plunder, pillage, rifling. Antonyms: see RESTORATION.

deprive, v. t. dispossess; spec. divest, bereave, rob, deforce (archaic; esp. of land), strip, shear, denude, drain, abridge, curtail, dock, despoil, spoil, plunder, reave (now chiefly in p. p. "reft"), pillage, rifle, relieve (euphemistic and colloq. or slang), oust (law), shorten (rare), mulct, lose, destitute.

Antonyms: see INVEST, PRESENT.

depth, n. 1. deepness, bathos (rare), profundity, profoundness, drop;—referring to depth in space.

Antonyms: see Shallowness, Height.

2. Referring to that which is deep in space: deep.

Antonyms: see HEIGHT.

- **3.** Spec. abstruseness; see discernment, subtlety.
- 4. deep (of winter, etc.), dead (of night, winter, etc.).
- 5. In reference to emotions or experiences: profoundness, profundity, intimacy, intensity, heaviness, soundness (of sleep), cordiality, heartiness, thoroughness, inveteracy, inveterateness; spec. nadir (fig.).

Antonyms: see HEIGHT.

- 6. Referring to colors: strength, intensity, richness.
- 7. lowness, heaviness; spec. bassness;—referring to sound.
- deputy, n. agent (contextual), delegate, representative, secondary (rare), locumtenens (Latin), substitute, vice (rare);

spec. vicegerent, vicar, viceroy, kaimakam, lieutenant, undersheriff, tipstaff (Eng.). derange, v. t. 1. See DISARRANGE, DIS-

TURB, CONFUSE, DISORGANIZE.

2. Referring to functions, mental processes, etc.: upset, disorder, distemper (rare, exc. in p. p. "distempered"), unbalance, unsettle, disturb, perturb.

8. Referring to the mind: craze, shatter, unsettle, perturbate (rare), unhinge, insanify (rare), distract (now rare), dement, dementate (rare), crack (chiefly colloq.), bemad (rare), madden (now esp. with anger), frenzy (now usually with some passion or suffering), mad (rare), loco (colloq.,

U. S.).

deranged, a. insane, crazy, demented, dement (rare), unsound (chiefly said of the mind), daft, nonsane (rare or nonce), distempered (*literary*), lunatic, unbalanced, unsettled, mad (implying frenzy or violent delusion), brainsick, disordered; spec. maniac. maniacal, morbid, raving, distraught (*literary*), distracted, distract (archaic), moonstruck, witless (now rare), idiotic, flighty, foolish, imbecile, cretinous, frantic (now rare), feeble-minded, weakminded, doting or dotard, doughbaked (dial. or colloq.), possessed, locoed (colloq., U. S.), dotty (collog. or slang), dotish or doatish, fatuous (now rare), mattoid; see DELIRIOUS.

Antonyms: see Sane, Rational.

deranged person. Spec. lunatic, imbecile, idiot, changeling (archaic), dotard, madman, madwoman (rare), madling (rare), maniac, monomaniac.

derangement, n. 1. Spec. disarrangement, disturbance, confusion, disorgani-

zation, disorder.

2. Referring to functions, mental processes, etc.: upsetting, disordering (the act), disorder (the resulting condition), distemper (rare, exc. med.), unbalancing, disturb-

ance, perturbation (rare).

3. Referring to the mind: alienation (tech.), craziness, insanity, katatonia (a form of insanity; tech.), insaneness, aberration, craze (as, "in a craze"), mania, madness, dementia, dementedness. distemperature (rare); spec. rage (poetic), distraction, delirium, deliration (now literary), demonomania, idiocy, idiotism, cretinism, idiotcy (not a good word), imbecility, fatuity, frenzy, furiosity (chiefly Scots law), delusion, kleptomania, lycanthropy, lypomania or lypothymia, paranoia, paraphrosyne or paraphrenitis, paraphrenia (rare), perturbancy (rare), perturbation (rare), unbalance (rare), vesania (rare), crack.

Antonyms: see Sanity.

derelict, n. An abandoned thing, as a vessel, tract of land, etc.: spec. outcast, dereliction.

derivation, n. 1. See INFERENCE, DERIVA-

2. getting, obtaining, drawing, taking, extraction (as of comfort from some fact or circumstance).

3. origination, origin; spec etymology. derivative, n. derivate, derivation; spec. compound, paronym (rare).
derive, v t. 1. See INFER, TRACE.

2. get, obtain, draw, take, extract (chiefly spec. or fig.), deduce

derive, v. t. arise, come, originate, spring; avec. descend.

descend, v. i. 1. fall, drop, sink, subside (chiefly bookish), settle; spec. gravitate, plunge, precipitate, tumble, stoop, swoop, pounce, souse, alight, demount, dismount, decline, droop, dip, set (as the

Antonyms: see RISE. 3. slope, dip, drop, pitch, decline (rare).

3. See CONDESCEND, DERIVE, v. 1. 4. Of duties, rights, etc.: devolve, pass, come, go, fall, succeed (rare).

5. Of family descent spring, issue (now

only law), come, arise.

• To make an incursion: fall.

descendant, n. descendent, offspring, progeny, child, issue (chiefly legal), posprogeny, child, issue (chiefly legal), posterity (chiefly collective pl), soion (rare), offset (rare), offshoot (rare), posteriors (pl.), son (male), daughter (female), etc.; spec epigone (rare) "Descendant" and "posterity" or "posteriors" are the only words commonly used of those not immediately descended. diately descended,

Antonyms see ancestor.

descendental, a. empirical, positive, naturalistic; -opposed to "transcendental."

descending, a. descendant or descendent (both rare), down (tech or colloq.), eadent (rare), declivous, falling, settling, etc.; spec. catadromous, downright.

Antonyms see RISING.

descent, n. 1. descension (rare), fall, drop, sinking, subsidence, settlement (chiefly spec), down (chiefly in "ups and downs"), downfall, downcome, droop (poetic); spec. gravitation, plunge, precipitation (literary), tumble, lapse, stoop, swoop, souse, alighting, dismount, declination, dip, downrush, pounce.

Antonyma; see RIBE. 2. slope, declivity, decline, dip, pitch, drop.

3. devolution, passing, succession (rare), devolvement.

4. ancestry, lineage, pedigree, progeni-ture, progenitorship (rare), origin, original (rare), extraction, engendrure (archaic); spec. paternity, parentage, birth, filiation. describable, a. portrayable, paintable, drawable, definable, figurable, representable, characterizable; with specific implications.

Antonyms' see INDESCRIBABLE.
describe, v. t. 1. To tell in words: picture, depict, portray, paint, depaint (emphatic), limn (literary), delineate, draw, figure, represent; spec. outline, define, characterize, qualify, aketch, adumbrate (rare), blazon, image, empicture (rare), epithet, epitomize, gazetteer, detail, miniature, misdescribe, portraiture (rare), phrase.

2. See DELINEATE.

description, n. 1. Describing in words: picturing, depiction, depicture (rare), por-trayal, portrayment (rare), painting, lim-ning (literary), delineation, representation; spec. drawing, sketching, sketch, outlining, outline, definition, figuring, imaging, characterization, adumbration (rare), blazonry or blazonment, blazon, cacotype, collation, signalment (rare), portraiture, portrait, periegesis (rare), presentment, prospectus, hypotyposis (rare), image (rare), iconography.

2. See KIND.

descriptive, a. depictive, delineative, delineatory, definitive, figurative, representative; spec. adumbrative, graphic, life-hke, graphical (rare), vivid.

desecrate, v. t. contaminate, profane, defile, unhallow (rare), pollute, violate.

Antonyms: see Consecrate.

desecration, s. contamination, defilement, profanation, sacrilege (rare), violation, pollution.

desert, a. 1. abandoned, unfrequented, desolate.

2. See Waste, WILD, BARREN.

desert, n. solitude, wilderness, waste; spec. Sahara (fig.), karoo.

desert, v. t. fail; spec. disappoint, jilt, bolt; see ABANDON.

desert, t 1 leave, quit; spec. apostatize, renegade, skirt (of a dog deserting from the hunting-pack), backslide.

deserter, n. runaway, runagate (literary or archaic), transfuge (rore), transfugitive (rare), rat or ratter (slang); spec. recreant, Damas (fig.), renegade, turncoat, apostate, traitor.

Cross references see Note.

deride: ridicide derialon: ridicide derival: inference. derogate: decline, detract, derogatory: descreditable, dudescrial: discovery.

descry: discover, perceive, see. descri: due, demant descried: abandoned, unfrequented, alone

desertion, n. apostasy, recreancy.

deserve, v. t. merit; spec. earn, demerit.

deserved, a. condign (archaic, exc. of punishment), just, rightful, merited, due.

deserving, a. worthy, meritorious, good (contextual).

design, v. t. 1. See INTEND, PLAN, DEVISE. **2.** devise, create, plan, project; spec. outline, delineate, invent, sketch, cartoon, weave.

design, v. i. 1. devise, create, invent, plan; —referring to artistic work.

2. See INTEND.

design, n. 1. See Plan, Intention, Adap-TATION, ARTIFICE, ART.

2. device, contrivance, creation; spec. figure, model, cartoon, diaper, print, weave, pattern, blazonry, bearing, blazon, colophon.

designated, a. Spec. specified, mentioned,

named, given, stipulated.

desirable, a. pleasing, optable (rare), fair;

spec. covetable, preferable.

desire, v. i. wish, want, long, yearn (chiefly elevated or poetic), crave, aspire, lust (rare or spec.), pleasure (rare), burn, gasp, pant, raven (rare), list (literary), thirst, itch, reck (rare), rage (intensive), hanker (chiefly colloq.);—mostly specific (cf. DE-SIRE, n.).

desire, v. t. wish, want, desiderate, greed (rare), hope, crave, covet, ambition (rare). desire, n. 1. conation (tech.), wish, want, appetite (spec. or fig.); spec. longing, yearning, appetency, craving, crave (rare), avidity, covetousness, covetise (archaic), avarice, cupidity (archaic), concupiscence (chiefly spec.), lust (usually for what is wrong), aspiration, ambition, eagerness, burning, panting, greed, greediness, rapacity, rapaciousness, ravenousness, desideration, desiderium (literary), optation (rare), itching, itch (usually contemptuous), fever, calenture (literary), device (obs. or rare, exc. in "left to one's own devices"), letch (rare), hunger, hungriness, hanker, gluttony (fig.), breathing (used with "after"), list (rare or archaic); lickerishness or liquorishness, lechery, orexis, voraciousness.

Antonyms: see Aversion.

3. desideratum; spec. hope, passion, godsend.

destrous, a. wishful; spec. wistful, avid,

pidous (rare), concupiscent, concupiscible, lustful, aspiring, ambitious, eager, greedy, grasping, rapacious, thirsty. thirstful, lickerish or liquorish, hungry, edacious (literary), voracious, gluttonous, desiderative (often tech.).

desist, v. t. stop, cease, stay; spec. pause, forbear.

Antonyms: see Continue.

desk, n. Spec. table, faldstool, escritoire, lectern.

desolate, a. 1. See Alone, Lonely, un-FREQUENTED, UNINHABITED, DEPRESSED, GLOOMY.

2. waste; spec. rumous, ravaged, desert, barren, wild, bleak, inhospitable.

desolate, v. t. 1. See DEPOPULATE, DE-PRESS, DEVASTATE.

2. waste, ravage, destitute (rare), devastate, havoc (rare); spec. ruin, sack, pillage,

desolation, n. 1. Spec. loneliness, unfrequentedness, uninhabitedness, desertedness, depression, cheerlessness.

2. wasteness (rare); spec. devastation, ruin, ruinousness, desertion, barrenness, ravage, wildness, bleakness, dreariness.

desperado, n. desperate (obs.); spec. blackguard, brave, bravo, apache (French), freebooter, ruffian, brigand, bandit, buccaneer, filibuster, pirate, marauder, robber, plunderer, raider, despoiler, looter, assassin, mohock, plug-ugly (slang or cant; U. S.), rowdy, highbinder, warrior (Amer. Indian), bully, rapparee (hist.), berserk, berserker, moonlighter, mosstrooper, thug.

despisal, n. contempt, abhorrence.

despise, v. t. abhor, disesteem, contemn (literary), scorn, disdain, despite (archaic), misprize (rare); spec. spurn, scout, ridicule, ignore.

Antonyms: see honor, esteem.

despond, v. i. despair (implying utter loss of hope).

Antonyms: see HOPE.

destination, n. 1. appointment, ordainment, predetermination, ordination (chiefly spec.), foreordainment.

2. See PURPOSE.

3. goal, bourne (chiefly poetic), terminus (chiefly tech.); spec. haven, harbor, port, station.

destine, v. t. 1. appoint, predestine, preavidious (rare), covetous, avaricious, cu- destinate, ordain, fate, predetermine,

Cross references: see Note. deshabille: undress. desiccate: dry.

designate: indicate, appoint, mention.

designation: indication, appointment, name. designing: scheming.

despair, n.: depression, hopelessness. despair, v. i.: despond. despairing: depressed, hopeless. despatch: var. of DISPATCH. desperate: depressed, hopeless, extreme, frantic, heroic, reck-

lessness, recklessness. despondency: depression. despondent: depressed. despot: autocrat, tyrant. despotic: autocratic, tyrannidesquamate: scale.

desperation: depression, hope-

less, great.

foreordain, order, shape, weird (rare); spec. foredoom, doom.

A. See ADDRESS

destiny, n. 1. lot, doom, fate, ordinance (archave), kismet (literary), star (rare), fortune.

See FATE.

destitute, a. 1. See DEVOID.

 poor (contextual), penniless, moneyless. destroy, v. t. 1. See DEMOLISH, KILL, AN-NIHILATE, EXTINGUISH, ABOLISH, COUN-TERACT, DEVASTATE.

demolish, ruin, ruinate, unform (rare), perish (archaic), subvert, fordo (archaic); spec. blot (used with "out"), break, shatter, shipwreck, devastate, dismantle, consume, raze, spoil, efface, crush (used with "out"), erode, dissolve, desolate, abate, kill; referring to material, or fig. to smmaterial, things.

Antonyms see BUILD, ESTABLISH, CON-

STRUCT, PROTECT.

8. ruin, spoil, demolish, nullify, rend, kill, explode, sap (fig.), shatter, murder, dissolve, root (with "up" or "out"), fordo (archaic); -referring to immaterial things Antonyms: see CONSTRUCT.

destroyer, n. destructor (rare), ruin, de-molisher, razer, etc; spec. biblioclast, iconoclast, vandal, etc.

destructible, a. destroyable, perishable, eradicable.

Antonyms see INDESTRUCTIBLE.

destruction, n. Spec. demolition, ruin, ruination, death, killing, spoliation, wreck, devastation, annihilation, shipwreck, vandalism, dissolution, holocaust, erosion, etc. Cf. DESTROY.

destructive, a. demolitionary, ruinous, subversionary, annihilative, extermina-tive, extinctive, extirpatory, eradicatory, consumptive; spec. pestiferous, internecine, interdestructive, fatal, pernicious. Antonyms: see CREATIVE

detach, v. t. 1. separate, disconnect (chiefly spec.), unfix, loose, disunite, disjoin, dissever; spec. disengage, draft, disjoint, disanchor.

Antonyms: see ATTACH, CONNECT, JOIN.

3. See DETAIL.

detachment, n. 1. separation, disconnec-tion (chiefly spec.), unfixing, loosening, disuniting, disjoining, disjunction, disseverance; spsc. disengagement.

Antonyms: see CONNECTION, JOINING.

Spec. aloneness, separation.
 See DETAIL.

detail, n 1. item, particular, minutia (chiefly in pl "minutia"), circumstance. 2. Spec. circumstantiality, account.

8. In mil. use: body, party, detachment;

spec. picket, patrol, party.
detail, v. i. 1. describe, report, mention, explicate (rare).

2. In mil. use appoint, detach. detailed, a full, circumstantial, particular, minute, itemized (chiefly spec.). detain, v. t. 1. See WITHHOLD.

3. hold, stay, keep, delay, retain; spec. confine, check, buttonhole, buttonhold, becalm, embay (literary).

Antonyms. see HASTEN, detsotive, n. Spec. spotter (slang), mouser (slang), Pinkerton.

detention, n. 1. withholding

2. holding, stay, keeping, delay, detainment (rare), detainer (lzw), retention;

spec. confinement, check, demurrage. deteriorate, v. i. decline, worsen, pejorate (rare), disimprove (rare), impair; spec. degenerate, rust, wear.

Antonyms see IMPROVE.

determinate, a. 1. See DEFINITE.

definitive, conclusive.

determination, n. resolution, constancy, backbone, sturdiness, grit (collog.), firmness, stamina, pluck (collog.).

determined, a. resolute, resolved, bent (with "on"), stalwart, possessed (collog. or spec.; with "to"), set.

detract, v. i. subtract, derogate; -esp. so as to impair or injure, as reputation, happiness, etc.

detriment, n. loss, disadvantage, prejudice, harm, damage, ruins (pl., archaic or obs.), coat, injury; spec. mischief, hurt. detruncate, v t To cut off: crop.

deuce, n. 1. See TWO. 3. tie;-lawn tennis.

devastate, v. t. desolate, destroy, ravage, waste, harry, havoc (rare), scour; spec. plunder, sack, strip.

devastation, n. desolation, destruction, ravaging, ravage, waste, havoc, ruin, vastation (rare); spec plunder, sack, stripping.

develop. v. t. 1. See DISCLOSE, UNFOLD. 2. unfold, evolve, expand, disenvelope (rare); spec. ripen, unravel, elaborate, explicate (rare or logic), breed, mature,

Cross references nee Note. destitute: devoid, poor destitution: absence, poverty. desnetude: disuse detect: discover, perceise datection: discovery, percep-

deter: restrain, present.

deterge: dean, remove determination: defination, discovery, airection, constancy, de-

determinative: decreie, anddetermine, v. t. define, decide, durcover, end, direct.

determine, v i decide, end. deterrence: restraint. deterrent: restraint, presentire. detest: achar detestable: abominable, halsful. dethrone: depose. detonate: explode. detour, détour: circuit.

force, gestate;—referring to the completion, perfection, or the like, of something by bringing out its possibilities.

Antonyms: see CONDENSE.

3. deduce, educe, unfold; referring to the

bringing out of something latent.

4. produce, form, grow, breed, engender. develop, v. i. 1. evolve, unfold, expand, grow; spec. boom, flower, segment, progress, ripen, mature; see RIPEN.

2. See FORM, GROW, APPEAR.

development, n. 1. disclosure, unfolding, revelation.

2. unfolding, unfoldment (rare), evolvement, evolution (often spec.), expansion; spec. unraveling, elaboration, explication (rare or logic), maturing, maturation, maturement (rare), forcing, gestation, culture, upgrowth, uprise (colloq.), boom, histogenesis, descent, progress.

Antonyms: see CONDENSATION.

8. deduction, educement, eduction, unfolding.

4. See PRODUCT, FORMATION, GROWTH.

deviate, v. i. turn, depart, incline, decline, vary, sheer (chiefly spec.), swerve, divert (archaic), digress (rare in the literal sense), exorbitate (archaic), excurse (rare), veer (chiefly naut.), slue, slew, wander (chiefly fig. or spec.), stray (chiefly spec.), deflect (rare), diverge;—used literally and fig.

deviation, n. turn, turning, departure, variation, wandering, straying, veer (chiefly spec.), deflection, declination, divergence, sheer (chiefly spec.), swerve, sweep, inclination, diversion, digression (rare in the literal sense), exorbitation (rare); spec. dis-

orientation, excursion, drift.

device, n. 1. In an immaterial sense: contrivance, arrangement, design, plan, scheme, invention, project, expedient, con-

coction, conceit, brew (fig.).

2. Referring to a material thing: contrivance, arrangement, design, invention, contraption (colloq.), fangle (obs.), fanglement (rare); spec. crochet, curwhibble (rare), tool, instrument, shift.

8. emblem; spec. cockade, pageant (hist.), cipher (of letters), monogram, legend,

motto.

4. See IDEA, CONTRIVANCE, TRICK, EX-PEDIENT.

devil, n. 1. [cap., "the Devil"] Demon (contextual), Satan, Deuce (in expletive use), Dragon, Old Serpent, Satanas (archaic), Old Harry (euphemism), Lucifer (rare), Deil (Scot.), Auld Hornie (Scot.; colloq.), Old Nick (euphemism), Davy Jones (sailors' slang), Tempter, Archfiend, Archenemy, Prince of Darkness, Foul Fiend,

Enemy, Adversary, Apollyon, Mephistopheles, Mephisto, Lubberfiend, Evil One. Also popularly: Old Nick, Old Limmie, Old Clootie, Old Teaser, Old One, etc., Robin Goodfellow.

Antonyms: see GOD.

2. See DEMON, WRETCH.

devilish, a. 1. [cap.] Satanic, Satanical, Luciferian (rare).

2. demonic, demoniac, diabolical, fiendish, satanic, serpentine (rare), satanical, infernal, hellish, inhuman.

Antonyms: see Heavenly, Human.

devilry, n. mischief (contextual), devilment, deviltry, diablery, diablerie (French).

devious, a. 1. Departing from the direct course: roundabout, circuitous, crooked, indirect (chiefly fig.).

Antonyms: see STRAIGHT.

2. Following an irregular course: deviating, deviatory, wandering, straying.

devise, v. t. 1. To think up: contrive, invent, conceive, concoct, plan, design, imagine (obsolesc.), brew (fig.), shape, cook (usually with "up"), cogitate (formal or literary), excogitate (rare), cast (obsolesc.), plot, scheme, project, formulate, fudge (often with "up"), fabricate, manufacture, frame, elaborate; spec. machinate, hatch, spin, forge (evil), forecast (obsolesc.).

2. See BEQUEATH.

devising, n. devisement (rare), contrivance, contrival (rare), premeditation, devisal (rare), imagination (obsolesc.), concoction, projection, framing, machination.

devoid, a. destitute, void, forlorn (literary); spec. bare, free, empty;—all used with "of."

devotee, n. devotionalist, devotionist (rare), votary, enthusiast, zealot; spec. oblate, corybant, bacchanal, bacchant, bacchante (fem.);—used of religious devotees and fig.

devotion, n. 1. See CONSECRATION, DEDI-CATION, APPROPRIATION, APPLICATION,

ADDICTION, CONSTANCY.

2. zeal, cult, prayerfulness, exercitation.
3. worship; spec. meditations (pl.), vigils (pl.). The word "devotion" is often used in the plural, collectively.

devour, v. t. 1. eat, raven, wolf (slang), gorge, glut, gulp (esp. with "down"),

scoff (slang).

See CONSUME.

devourer, n. eater, cormorant (fig.), locust (fig.); spec. epicure, gormandizer.

devourment, n. 1. eating, ligarition (rare).

3. See CONSUMPTION.

devout, a. 1. pious, religious, holy, prayerful, heavenly-minded.

devolve, v. i.: pass, descend.

devolve, v. t.: transfer.
devote: consecrate, dedicate, ap-

propriate, apply, addict, condemn. devoted: accursed, addicted, constant.

Antonyma: see IBBELIGIOUS.

2. See SINCERE.

devoutness, n. piety.

dew, n. moisture, precipitation; -both con-

dew, v, t, wet (contextual), moisten (contextual), bedew (intensive).
dewy, a. moist (contextual), roral (rare),

roscid (rare).

diagonal, a. cornerwise, bias. diagonally, adv. cornerwise, bias.

diagram, n. delineation, plan, scheme (rare), plat (chiefly spec), outline; spec.

plot, sketch, section, graph (tech.).
diagram, v. t. delineate, plan, outline, plot,

plat (U. S.); spec. graph (colloq).
dialect, n. language (contextual), lingo (contemptuous); spec. patter, patois (French), argot, cant, jargon, idiom, vernacular.

dialogue, n. conversation (contextual); spec. anip-enap, flyte, collogue.

diameter, n. width (contextual); spec. thickness, bore, caliber, module. diametric, a. utter (used before "oppo-

site"), absolute, exact, precise, etc.

diarrhea, n. laxity, looseness, lask (obs. or vet.), skit (otal.), flux; epec. cholera, cholerne, dysentery, lientery, scour, purge. dictate, v. l. 1. See SPEAK.

2. bid, prescribe, order, direct, enjoin; spec. impose.

dictation, n. 1. See speaking.

2. bidding, injunction, order, prescrip-

dictatorial, a. commanding, authoritative, injunctive, magisterial (bookish or learned), directory, dogmatic.

Anlonyma: see OBEDIENT.

diction, n. expression, style (contextual), wording, phraseology; spec. form, idiom. dictionary, n. wordbook, levicon (chiefly spec.), vocabulary; spec. thesaurus, gradus (short for "Gradus ad Parnassum"), glossary, gloss (rare), gazetteer.

dictum, n saying, dictate, say-so (dial. or U.S.), say (poetic or obs.).

die, v. i. 1. expire, perish, decease (literary or formal), demise (elevated or rhetorical), depart (euphemistic), croak (slong), drop (chiefly colloq), end (now rare), pass (ar-chaic, or used with "on" by Christian Scientists), succumb (rhetorical); spec. fall, drown, hang, suffocate, suicide.

Antonyms see LIVE, GROW, GENERATE,

GERMINATE, REVIVE.

3. See GANGRENE, STOP, VANISH, FADE, DISAPPEAR.

die, n. 1. dice (rare), bones (pl.; collog.), devil's bones (pl : colloq. or in obloquy), ivones (pl , slang); spec. demy, disputcher (slang), dispatch (slang), fulham, doctor (old slang), goads (pl.; cant).

2. stamp; spec. punch, swage, matrix, hub.

3. See FATE.

diet, n. 1. See FOOD.

2. regimen.

differ, v. i. 1. disagree (used with "with"). wary (used with "from"), diverge (used with "from"), deviate (used with "from"), depart (used with "from"), discept (rare), disaccord (used with "with"), discrepate (rare).

Antonyms: see agree.

2. dissent, disagree, disaccord.

Antonyms: see AGREE. 3. See dispute, quarrel.

difference, n 1. disagreement, variance, variation, dissemblance (archaic), divergence, deviation, departure, heterogeneity, odds, disaccord, distinction, distinctness, discongruity, dissimilarity, distinc-tion, dissimilitude (rare), separateness, inconformity, unlikeness, contrast, interval, diversity, disparity, dispart, inconsistence, inconsistency, contradiction, contradictoriness, repugnance, antagonism, inimicality (rare), hostility, hostileness, adverseness, irreconcilability, irreconcilableness, incongruity, incongruousness, incompatibility, incompatibleness, discordance, discordancy, dissonance, dissonance, inharmoniousness, contrariety, contrariness, discrepation (703°), converseness, opposition, oppositeness, antithesis, antitheticalness, disparity, dif-ferentia, nuance (French). Most of these words are more or less specific in their implications.

Antonyms: see AGREEMENT, RESEM-

BLANCE, SAMENESS.

2. dissension, disaccord, disagreement; spec. controversy, dispute, altercation, discord, quarrel, bicker, contention, strife, brabble, feud, fray, jar, jangle, wrangle, embroilment, variance.

Antonyms see AGREEMENT.

different, a. 1. disagreeing, variant, divergent, deviative, distinct, dissimilar, unlike, diverse, divers (archaic), contrastive, contrastful (rare), inconsistent, contradictory, repugnant, antagonistic, antag-onistical, inimical, hostile, adverse, ir-reconcilable, heterogeneous, incongruous, incompatible, discordant, dissonant, inharmonious, contrary, converse, incon-formable, disparate, contradistinct, discrepant, discriminate (archaic), otherguess (collog), otherwise (used only predicatively);—referring to things which differ from each other in some quality or attribute.

Most of these words have specific implications. "Different" is the most general term.

Antonyms: see alike, same.

2. distinct, separate, other (than), nonidentical, unidentical; spec. various;—not implying any difference in kind or character, but merely non-identity.

Antonyms: see Same.

differentiate, v. t. difference, specialize, discriminate, sever; spec. disequalize, de-

synonymize, despecificate.

difficult, a. 1. difficile (archaic), hard, troublesome, uneath (archaic), nice, tough (colloq.), uneasy (rare), stiff; spec. arduous, Herculean, skillful (rare), ticklish, uphill, crabbed, cramp, nice, awkward, wicked (colloq.), knotty, spiny, thorny, laborious, painful, delicate, obscure, abstruse, mysterious, exacting, stiff, labored.

Antonyms: see EASY.

2. See Embarrassing, austere, unman-

difficulty, n. 1. hardness; spec. arduousness, laboriousness, niceness, delicacy, obscurity, abstruseness, crabbedness.

Antonyms: see Ease.

- 2. Spec. crux, exigency, knot, nodus, perplexity, trouble, obstacle, dilemma, predicament.
- 3. See OBJECTION.

4. embarrassment; spec. complication,

disagreement, imbroglio.

diffuse, a. 1. wide-spread, scattered, perfuse (rare), dispersed, dissipated, disseminated, dispelled, distributed, disgregate (rare); spec. interdiffuse, effuse, diffusive.

Antonyms: see Concentrated.

3. See PROLIX.

diffuse, v. t. spread, scatter, strew, disperse, dissipate, disseminate, dispel, distribute, disgregate (rare); spec. suffuse, interdiffuse, effuse, circulate.

Antonyms: see Concentrate.

diffuse, v. t. & i. spread, scatter, strew, disperse, dissipate, disseminate, dispel, distribute, dispense, dispensate (rare); spec. circulate, radiate, disject, dispread (archaic), dot, dissolve, shed, evaporate, propagate, disgregate (rare).

Antonyms: see concentrate.

diffusion, n. spreading, spread, strewing, dispersion, dissipation, dissemination, dispelling, distribution, dispensation, dispensing; spec. circulation, osmose, osmosis, effluve (rare), dissolution, cosmopolitanism, propagation, diffluence (rare), diaspora (Jewish hist.), centrifugence.

diffusive, a. spreading, scattering, strewing, dispersive, dissipative, disseminative, dispelling, distributive, distributory, dis- digress, v. i. 1. See DEVIATE.

pensative, dispensatory; spec. circulatory, circulative, effluent, centrifugal, diffugient (rare), catalytic, osmotic.

dig, v. t. 1. delve (archaic or literary, exc. fig.), grave (rare and archaic), excavate; spec. costean, grub, dike, ditch, mine, spade, root, rootle, spud, rout (chiefly dial.), hoe, shovel, mattock, channel, quarry.

3. To dig up: exhume (formal), dishumate (literary and chiefly fig.), dishume (rare), disinhume (rare), unbury (rare), unearth, delve (archaic or literary), grub; spec. disentomb, disinter (formal), mine.

dig, v. i. 1. grub.

3. work (contextual), drudge; spec. study.

"Dig" is colloq.

digest, n. abridgment (contextual); spec. code, pandect.

digestible, a. light.

digestion, n. decoction; spec. bradypepsia (now rare), eupepsy (rare), indigestion.

digestive, a. peptic (rare); spec. brady-

peptic (rare), eupeptic (rare).

digging, a. Referring to animals: fossorial, fodient (rare), burrowing, effodient (rare). digging, n. 1. dig, delving or delve (archaic or literary), excavation.

3. excavation (rare), exhumation (formal), unearthing; spec. unburial (rare),

disinterment.

digit, n. Spec. finger, thumb, toe, dewclaw.

dignified, a. stately, grave, noble, courtly, majestic, august, imposing, portly, grand, lofty, buskined (fig.; literary).

Antonyms: see Undignified, Buffoon-

dignify, v. t. honor (contextual), elevate, lift, exalt; spec. dub, glorify, idealize, transform (contextual), canonize, crown, ennoble.

Antonyms: see ABASE, DEGRADE.

dignifying, a. honorific (formal or literary; contextual), exalting, dignificatory, elevatory (rare); spec. glorifying, doxological, ennobling.

dignitary, n. dignity; spec. canon, bishop, prelate, governor, etc.;—implying high

rank in office.

dignity, n. 1. worth, majesty, nobleness, highness, nobility; spec. greatness, glory, grandeur.

Antonyms: see Insignificance.

2. stateliness, augustness, gravity, decorum; spec. portliness.

Antonyms: see BUFFOONERY.

3. rank, elevation, station, place, standing, eminence, honor; spec. preferment, prelacy, papacy, governorship, etc.

4. See dignitary.

viate, excurse (rare), divagate (rare), evagate (rore).

digression, n. 1. See DEVIATION.

2. Referring to discourse, deviation, departure, divagation, excursion, excursus, discursion, echasis (rare), evagation (rare); spec ecbole_(rare), episode.

dike, n. 1. See CHANNEL, DITCH. 2. bank; spec. estacade, levee. Antonyms: see TRENCH.

dilapidated, a. decayed, decadent, ruined, run-down.

dilapidation, n. decay, unrepair, ruin, disintegrity (rare).

Antonyms see INTEGRITY, REPAIR. dilapidative, a. disintegrative, disintegratory, ruinous.

dilatable, a. swellable (rare), extensible, distensible.

dilatation, n. expansion, swelling, swell, enlargement, dilation; spec. distention, ectasia, aneurism, diastole, varix.

Antonyms see CONTRACTION. dilate, v. i. & t. 1. enlarge, expand, amplify, swell; spec. distend, dome, intumesce

Antonyms: see CONTRACT. 2. enlarge (in discourse).

diligent, a. 1. See INDUSTRIOUS, CON-STANT.

2. assiduous, sedulous, atudious;-referring to actions.

diluent, a. diluting, thinning; spec. solvent. dilute, a. diluted, wishy-washy (colloq.). dilute, v. t. thin, weaken, attenuate, re-

duce; spec adulterate. Antonyma: see CONDENSE, THICKEN. dim, a. 1. dark, dusky, faint, dull; spec. misty, pale, hazy, foggy, dreamy.

Antonyma: see BRIGHT. 2. See DULL (mentally).

dimension, n. measure, extent, propor-

tion (chiefly in pl.), girt.
diminish, v. t. di i. lessen, belittle, decrease, minufy (rare), minish (rare), rebate (rare), reduce, abate (archaic), retrench; spec. melt, minimize, narrow, contract, shrink, shrivel, dwindle, lower, taper, shorten, cut, abbreviate, abridge, curtail, attenuate, dwarf, deliquesce, reef, decline, remit (rare), ease.

Antonyms: ses INCREASE, ENLARGE,

MAXIMIZE.

diminishing, a. diminutive (obs. and rare, in this sense), decrescent (literary), reductive; spec. contractive, deliquescent, lessening, decreasing, etc., decrescendo.

2. Referring to discourse, thought, etc.: de-viate, excurse (rare), divagate (rare), eva-decreasing, decrement (literary), retrenchment, decrescence (literary), reduction, abatement; spec. shrinkage, abbreviation, abridgment, curtailment, attenuation, del-iquescence, taper, relaxation, remission, defalcation (archaic, rebatement (rare), drawback, decline, decrescendo, etc.

Antonyms. see increase, enlargement. dimness, n. dark, darkness, obscurity, etc.

Cf. DIM, a

Antonyms: see BRIGHTNESS.

din, n. noise, bruit (archaic), racket, rumor (archaic); spec. clamor, turmoil, hubbub, tumuit, uproar, clang, clash, crash, clatter, hullabaloo (colloq.), rumble. Antonyms: see SILENCE.

din, v. t. ring; spec. clamor, clang, clash,

dining, n. aristology (art of dining), deipnosophism (rare).

dining room. Spec. ordinary (Eng.), triclinium (Roman antiq.)

dinner, a. prandial (affected or jocose).

dinner, n. Spec. dinnerette.

diocese, n. bishopric, bishopry, episcopate: apec. exarchate, eparchy, metropolitan, patriarchate.

dip. v. t. 1. immerse, plunge (suddenly), dive (rare), immerge (rare), douse (into water), implunge (rare); spec. bathe, souse, duck, ingulf or engulf (rare), pickle, baptize.

2. See WET.
3. To remove by dipping: lade, bale, bail, scoop, ladle; spec. bucket.
4. bob (as a flag).

dip, v. i. 1. immerse, plunge, dive; spec. bathe, duck.

Antonyma: ses EMERGE.

2. See DESCEND.

3. go (into a subject, book, etc.).
dip, n. 1. plunge, immersion, dive, immergence; spec. douse, bath, intinction, baptism.

Antonyms: See EMERGENCE.

3. See DESCENT.

3. bob (as of a flag), diplomatics (rare); spec. kingcraft, intrigue.

3. See TACT.

diplomatic, a Spec. temporizing, artful, politic; see TACTFUL, ECHEMING.

Antonyms: see AWKWARD.

diptomatic agent. diplomatist, diplomat; spec. proxenus, chargé (French), ambassador, envoy, legate, internuncio, internuncius, consul, plenipotentiary, minister, nuncio, resident.

Cross references see Note. digressive: discursive dike, s t ditch, drain, bank dilatory: alow dilemma: predicament

dilettante: amaleur. diligence: application, dilurium: deposit, drift, dim-eyed: blear ding: dish.

dingle: calley dingle, r & n.: ring. dint: indent. dire: threatening. direct, a. 1. See STRAIGHT, IMMEDIATE.

2. straightforward, dunstable (obs. or literary), downright, upright, flat, plump; spec. pointed, frank, honest, sincere, express, unequivocal, dead.

Antonyms: see Ambiguous, indirect,

WANDERING.

3. Referring to descent: lineal.

direct, v. t. 1. address (a letter, remarks,

etc.), destine (contextual).

2. aim, point, head, address, turn, bend, determine; spec. guide, con (naut.), incline, dispose, level, shape, present, motion, intend (a Latinism), dart, guide, lead, steer, run, push, etc.

8. See BID, MANAGE, CONTROL, REFER (one to a person, to a place in a book, etc.).

directable, a. aimable, turnable, determinable; spec. guidable, leadable, steerable, dirigible.

direction, n. 1. addressing, address.

2. aim, aiming, pointing, addressing, turning, turn, determination; spec. bent, leading, guidance, steering, bearing, inclination, intention (rare).

8. See BIDDING, CONTROL, REFERENCE (as

in "reference to a person, book," etc.).

4. conduct, control, disposal, disposition;

spec. command.

5. way, road (chiefly spec.), course, run, bearing, point; spec. quarter, side, sense, lead, east, west, north, south, etc., trend. directly, adv. 1. Spec. straight, exactly, lineally, immediately, soon.

2. straightforwardly, downrightly, etc.,

plump, plumply, flatly, etc.

dirge, n. monody (Greek literature), coronach (Scot. & Irish), threnody, requiem (chiefly poetic), elegy; spec. myriologue (rare), office (for the dead).

dirigible, a. directable, navigable.

dirt, n. 1. Spec. filth, grime, clart (dial.), mire, muck, fouling, mud, sludge, dust, impurity, etc.

3. See EARTH.

8. Spec. meanness, sordidness, obscenity, nastiness.

dirt eating. geophagy.

dirtied, a. defiled, polluted, pollute, fouled. dirtiness, n. Spec. filthiness, filth, foulness, etc.

Antonyms: see Purity.

dirty, a. 1. Spec. grimy, filthy, foul, clart or clarty (dial.), unclean, uncleanly, impure (rare), miry, muddy, mucky, nasty, vile, soily, cindery, grubby; see filthy, FOUL.

Antonyms: see CLEAN, SPOTLESS.

2. See DISCREDITABLE, MEAN, INDECENT, STORMY.

dirty, v. t. defile, foul, soil, sully (chiefly fig.), filthify (rare); spec. grime, pollute, dust, muddy, mire, colly (archaic or dial.), begrime, slobber (chiefly dial.), tar, bedraggle.

Antonyms: see CLEAN, PURIFY.

dirtying, n. defilement, fouling, soiling, etc. dis-. The prefix "dis-" has usually a stronger force than the prefixes "un-" and "in-"; as in "unrelated," "disrelated"; "unsatisfied," "dissatisfied"; "inability," "disability," etc.

disability, n. 1. Referring to the condition: inability, incapacity, disablement; spec. disqualification, incompetence, superan-

nuation, unfitness.

Antonyms: see ability.

2. Referring to a defect: incapacity, cripplehood (rare), crippleness (rare), crippledom (rare), lameness (chiefly spec.); spec. palsy, paralysis, impotence, handicap, superannuation.

Antonyms: see ABILITY.

disable, v. t. 1. incapacitate, discapacitate (rare), disenable; spec. disqualify, unfit.

Antonyms: see Enable.

2. incapacitate, cripple, becripple (intensive), lame (chiefly spec.); spec. palsy, paralyze, dishabilitate (Scots law), disempower (rare), gravel, silence, founder, dry-founder, hamstring, disarm, hock, hough.

disabled, a. incapacitated, crippled, lamed, lame, halt (literary or dignified), halting; spec. palsied, superannuate, hoof-bound, foundered, groggy (colloq), hors

de combat (French), game.

disadvantage, n. 1. inconvenience, discommodity, disinterest (rare); spec. hindrance, drawback, check, disservice, penalty.

Antonyms: see ADVANTAGE, GOOD.

2. See Loss.

disadvantageous, a. inconvenient, awkward, discommodious; spec. unfavorable, harmful.

Antonyms: see ADVANTAGEOUS.

disafforest, v. t. deforest (law or forestry), disforest, diswood (rare), deafforest (rare). disagree, v. i. differ (contextual), dissent, clash, conflict; spec. quarrel, dispute.

Antonyms: see AGREE, CONSPIRE, CORRE-

SPOND.

disagreeable, a. unpleasant; spec. nasty (colloq. in U.S.), cantankerous, hateful, offensive.

Antonyms: see AGREEABLE, AFFECTIONATE. disagreeing, a. 1. different, conflictory, incongruent, incongruous, inaccordant, discordant, jarring, clashing, contradictory,

Cross reserences: see Note. disadvise: discourage.

disaffect: alienate, displease. disaffirm: deny.

disaffirmance: denial. disagreeable: unpleasant.

DISAGREEMENT

contrary, repugnant, divided (as persons), factious, inconsonant, discrepant.

2. See dissentient.

The word "disagreeing" is seldom used adjectively.

disagreement, n. 1. difference, disunity, discord, disunion, clashing.

Antonyms see SECESSION

 conflict, division, incongruence, incongruousness, inaccordance, inaccordancy (rare), contrariety, discord, discordance, discordancy, opposition, variance, divi-sion, clash, difficulty; see dissension.

Antonyms. see AGREEMENT, CONSPIRACY. 3. See difference, dispute, quarrel.

disappear, v. i. 1. vanush, evanush (cm-phatic; literary), die (used with "away," "out," or "down"), evanesce, sink, go, epec. melt, dry, dive, dissolve (often with "into"), fly (with "away").

Antonyms see APPEAR.

2. See DECAY, END. disappearance, n. 1. vanishment (rare), vanishing, evanescence, evanishment (rare), dissolution, evanition (rare). Antonyms see APPEARANCE.

2. See OBSOLESCENCE.

disappearing, a. vanishing, evanescent, etc.; ass obsolescent.

disarm, v. t. unarm, disweapon (rare); spec. diswhip (rare), dismail (archaic), dishelm, unsting (rare).

Antonyms: see ARM.

disarrange, v. f. 1. disorder, disturb, derange, disarray (chiefly mil.), dislocate, dis-compose (obs.); spec confuse, topsy-turvy (rare), topsy-turvyly (rare; humorous), muss (U. S; often used with "up"), jumble. ruffle, dishevel, rumple, rummage (often used with "over"), break, unsettle, tumble. Antonyms see ARRANGE, ADJUST, TIDY.

2. See DISCONCERT.

disarranged, a. topsy-turvy, huggermugger, discomposed, etc.

disbelief, n. discredit, unbelief; spec. in-

fidelity, agnosticism, heresy.

disbelieve, v. t. discredit, miscredit (rare);

spec doubt, reject

discorning, a bright, discriminating, discriminative, nice, discriminant (rare), clear-headed, subtle, acute, sharp, longheaded, percipient (rare), clear-sighted, long-sighted, perspicacious, deep, saga-cious, keen, astute, piercing, judicious (often spec), eagle-eyed, Argus-eyed (fig.); apec. discreet, searching.

Antonyms see Bland.

discernment, n. 1. See DISTINCTION, DIS-COVERY, PERCEPTION.

2. discrimination, sagacity, shrewdness, acumen, sharpness, brightness, depth, perspicacity, insight, perspicaciousness (rare., astuteness, keenness, longheadedneas, sharpness, judiciousness (often spec.), spec discretion, tact, judgment.

Antonyms see Sturidity. discharge, v t. 1. Sec UNLOAD.

shoot, fire; spec. volley, empty, play; in reference to a bow, gun, hose, etc.

Antonyms: see LOAD.

project, expel, shoot, fire, throw; spec. deliver, play, -in reference to missiles. 4. dismiss, cashier, discard, remove, sack (slang), bounce (slang, U S), dispost (rare), kick (used with "out"; colloq), depose (chiefly spec), spec disemploy (rare), retire, demit (archaic), degrade, displace, expel, break (colloq.).

Antonyms' see HIRE, APPOINT.

5. See free (as from obligation, confinement, etc.), acquit, perform, pay, sat-isfy, defray, emit, expel, excrete.

diselectrify (rare).

discharge, v. z. 1. See UNLOAD. 2. Referring to a stream: disembogue, empty, fall.

3. Referring to a sore, etc.: run, flow; spec.

discharge, n. 1. unloading.

2. shooting, firing, fire, spec. play; in reference to a bow, gun, etc.

3. projection, expulsion, firing, shooting; spec play, delivery, round, rafale (French), burst, salvo, salute, fusiliade, volley; -in reference to missiles.

4. dismissal, remove (rare), cashierment (rare), discardment (rare), bounce (slang, U. S.), sack (slang), removal, deposition (chiefly spec), spec. disemployment (rare), demission (archaic), degradation, displacement, expulsion, congé (French), destitution (archaic)

5. See ACQUITTAL, ACQUITTANCE, PER-FORMANCE, PAYMENT, SATISFACTION, AN-NULMENT, DEFRAYAL, EMISSION, EXPUL-SION, EXCRETION, FREEING (as from obli-

gation, confinement, etc.).

6. outflow, run-off, disemboguement, emptying; referring to flowing waters, etc.

7. Referring to a sore, etc.: flow, flux, issue; spec. profluvium, defluxion, rheum, lochia, ichor, gleet.

Teross references see Note. disallow: deny, reject, refuse, disannul: monlidate disappoint: desmi defeat disapprove: condemn, reject. disarray: disarrange, undress disaster: misfortune

disastrous: unfortunate disavow: disclaim disband: scatter disbandment: dispersal. disbar: degrade disbark: decorticate disbellef: unbeltef.

disbeliever: infidel.
disbench: abase, degrads.
disburden: free unload.
disburse: expend
discard: reject, abandon, dimuse.
discard: distinguish, discover, Derertre, see

disciform, a. circular, discoidal, discoid, rotate.

disciple, n. adherent (contextual), cofollower, sectary (rare), sectator (rare), progeny (collective pl.; fig.); spec. chela (Hinduism), evangelist, apostle.

disciplinarian, n. martinet.

disciplinary, a. Spec. penitentiary.

discipline, n. 1. See TRAINING, ART, OR-DER, PUNISHMENT.

2. control (not a good synonym), government.

discipline, v. t. 1. tutor.

2. See TRAIN, PUNISH, WHIP.

disclaim, v. t. deny, renounce, repudiate, disown, disavow, disacknowledge (rare); spec. abjure.

Antonyms: see CLAIM, AVOW.

disclaimer, n. denial, abjuration, renunciation, repudiation, discouning, disavowal, disclamation (rare), discomment, disacknowledgment (rare); spec. abjuration.

Antonyms: see CLAIM.

disclose, v. t. 1. See UNCOVER.

2. show, reveal, divulge, exhibit, expose, uncover, discover (archaic), bare, unveil, display, parade, flaunt, manifest, evince (by some sign or token), betray, bewray (archaic), publish, tell, blab, whisper, declare, meld (cards), spill, demonstrate, uncloak, unburden, unbundle (rare), speak, confess, unshroud, unfold, uncurtain, develop, uncase, divulgate (literary), unearth, open, discloud, blow (now slang), evulgate (rare), communicate;—all having more or less specific senses.

Antonyms: see HIDE.

disclosing, a. exhibitory, manifestive, expositive, revelative, revelatory, evincive. disclosure, n. 1. Spec. uncovering.

2. show, showing, revelation, reveal (rare), revealment, uncovering, discovery (archaic), unveiling, baring, unfolding, development, exhibition, exposure, exposal, exposé (French), display, parade, flaunt, flaunting, manifestation, monstration, evincement, divulgement, divulgation (literary), divulgence, betrayal, bewrayal (archaic), apocalypse (rare), publication, telling, blabbing, whispering, whisper, declaration, etc.;—all more or less specific in meaning.

Antonyms: see Hiding.

discomfit, v. t. 1. See DEFEAT.

2. embarrass, disconcert, confound, confuse, abash, demoralize; spec. squelch (colloq. or slang).

discomfiture, n. 1. See DEFEAT.

2. embarrassment, confusion, abash-

ment, demoralization, disconcertion, disconcertedness.

discomfort, v. t. distress; spec. annoy, embarrass, pain, grieve.

Antonyms: see COMFORT.

discomfort, n. uneasiness, distress; spec. malaise (French), disease (obs.); see ANNOYANCE, EMBARRASSMENT, PAIN, GRIEF.

Antonyms: see comfort, well-being.

disconcert, v. t. 1. Referring to plans, etc.: disarrange, upset, disturb.

2. Referring to persons: disturb, upset, demoralize, unbalance, faze (colloq.); see ABASH, CONFUSE, EMBARRASS, DISCOMFIT. Antonyms: see ASSURE.

disconcertedness, n. disarrangement, upset (colloq.), demoralization, disconcertion; spec. abashment, confusion, embarrassment, discomfiture.

Antonyms: see Assurance.

disconnect, v. t. detach, separate, disunite, disjoin, disjoint, dissociate, uncombine (rare); spec. sever, uncouple, disengage, dislink.

Antonyms: see Connect, join.

disconsolate, a. 1. Spec. inconsolable, comfortless; see hopeless, sad.

2. See Depressing.

discontent, n. 1. discontentedness, discontentment, miscontent (rare), miscontentment (rare), malcontentment (rare), malcontent (rare), dissatisfaction, dissatisfiedness, heartburn (fig.); see LONGING.

Antonyms: see Satisfaction.

2. discontentee (obs.), malcontent (the usual word in this sense).

discontented, a. discontent, uncontented, discontentful (archaic), miscontent (archaic), malcontent, dissatisfied; spec. weary.

Antonyms: see SATISFIED.

discontinuous, a. incontinuous (rare), broken, discrete, disjunct (rare), disconnected, interrupted; see intermittent, recurrent, inconsequent.

Antonyms: see Continuous.

discontinuousness, n. discontinuity, brokenness, discreteness, discretion (rare), disjunction (rare), disconnectedness, etc. discord, n. 1. See DISAGREEMENT, DISPUTE, QUARREL, DISSENSION, UPROAR.

2. Referring to sound: discordance, discordancy, dissonance, disharmony, jar (rare), cacophony (chiefly music or pedantic), jangle; spec. wolf.

Antonyms: see HARMONY.

discordance, n. 1. See DISAGREEMENT, DIFFERENCE, DISCORD.

2. harshness, cacophony (chiefly music or pedantic), dissonance, discordancy.

Cross references: see Note. discolor, v. t.: color, stain.

discommode: inconvenience. discompose: agitate.

discontent, v. t.: displease. discontented.

DISCORDANT

Antonyme: sec harmony, melody. discordant, a. 1. See DIBAGREEING, DIF-FERENT, DISPUTATIOUS, QUARRELSOME,

CLASTING.

3. harsh, dissonant, inharmonious, inconsonant, unsweet (rare), disharmonic (rare), cacophonous (chiefly music or pedantic), untunable (rare), rough, jar-ring, jangling, jangly (rare), rude, clashing, ragged.

Antonyms: see AGREEING, HARMONIOUS,

MELODIOUS.

discourage, v. t. 1. depress, dishearten, dismay; spec. unman (a man).

Antonyms: see CHEER, ENCOURAGE, EM-

BOLDEN.

3. See RESTRAIN.

3. discountenance, disfavor; spec. disadvise, dissuade (rare), dehort (rare);-in reference to a proposed action. Antonyms, see FAVOR.

discouragement, n. 1. depression, disheartening, disheartenment, dismay.

Antonyms : see CHEER.

2. Referring to that which discourages: damper, deterrent, wet blanket (colloq.). 3. discountenance, disfavor, spec. disadvisement, dissussion (rare), dishortation

discouraging, c. 1. See DEPRESSING. 2. discountenancing, disfavoring; spec. discussive (rare), dehortative (rare), dehortatory (rare).

discourse, n. 1. See CONVERSATION.

TALK.

2. composition, exercitation, dissertation, disquisition, preachment, peroration (rare), descent (literary), rhesis (rare), lucubration (often derogatory); spec. thesis, treatise, homily, eulogy, colloquy, exhortation, address, sollloquy, recital, Bermon.

discourse, v i. dissertate (formal), dissert (rare), lucubrate (often derogatory); spec. speak, write, treat, yarn (colloq.), sermon-

ize; sec DISCUSS.

discover, v. t. 1. ascertain, spot (slang), invent (rure), detect, discern, find, get; spec. distinguish, calculate, descry, espy, spy, sight, hear, feel, sense, learn, strike, determine, unearth, smell, catch, evaluate, canvass, sift.

2. See UNCOVER.

discoverable, a. ascertainable, determinable, detectable, discernible, distinguishable, calculatable, reperible (rare), findable, sensible, etc.

discovery, n. 1. ascertainment, invention (archaic), detection, discernment; spec. distinction, distinguishment, determination, finding, calculation, descrial, espial, spying, sighting, hearing, feeling, sensing, learning, strike, striking, hitting, un-earthing, mare's nest (humorous), find (collog.).

3. Spec uncovering.

discredit, n. 1. disrepute, disparagement, disesteem, disrespect, misesteem, dis-honor, disgrace, shame, scandal, igno-miny, disfavor, infamy, obloquy, con-turnely, contempt, attaint, opprobrium, reproach, odium. Most of these synonyms have specific implications.

Ardonyms: see HONOR.

2. Referring to that which brings disesteem, etc.: disgrace, dishonor, blot, smirch, stain, reproach, etc.

Antonyma: see HONOR.

3. Sec disbelief.

discredit, v. f. 1. dispurage, dishonor, disgrace, shame, scandalize, stigmatize, attaint, stain, defame (archaic), impeach, derogate (rare or obs.), depreciate, compromise, infamize (rare), blot, infame (archaic), dispraise (rare), disfame (rare), endamage (rare), degrade, smirch. Most of these synonyms have specific implications.

Antonyms: see Confirm, Honor, Flat-TER.

2. See DISBELIEVE.

discreditable, a. disreputable, disrespectable, dishonorable, unworthy, derogatory, derogative, disgraceful, degrading, shameful, inglorious, scandalous, ignoble, dishonest (archaic), ignominious, infamous, contumelious, opprobrious, foul, reproachful, odious, unworshipful (rare), indign (rare), dirty. Most of these synonyms have specific implications.

Antonyme: see HONORABLE. discursive, a. 1. See WANDERING.

2. digressive, rambling, wandering, desultory, touch-and-go (colloq.), cursory, unconnected, vague, loose, excursive (rare). Antonyms: see concise.

discuss, v. t. & i debate (to discuss formally), discourse (v. i., contextual), talk (colloq.), canvass, treat, conjabble (illiterate or colloq.); spec. reason, dialogize (with

Cross references: see Note.

discount, v. l. buy discount, v. deduction, interest discountenance: abash, condemn, discourage.

discourse, e. L.: narrate, disdiscourteous: impolite.

discourtesy: impoliteness. discreet: judicious, prudent discrepant: disagreeing, different

discrete: discontinuous, sep-arale, distinct. discretion: decision, choics, will prudence

disoriminate: differentiate. discriminating: discerning, delicate nice discrimination: distinction, discernment, delicacy, nicety.

DISHONESTY

another), argue, sift, ventilate (so as to make public), criticize, critique, review,

dispute, agitate, moot.

discussion, n. debate (formal discussion), canvass, treatment, parlance (archaic), parle (archaic), parley (archaic), démelé (French); spec. agitation, argument, ventilation, pilpul, dialogism, excursus, discretion

putation, review.

disease, n. 1. ailment, malady, disorder, sickness, distemperature (rare), ill (literary), complaint, distemper, misaffection (rare), evil (obs. or archaic, exc. in phrases); spec. pest, infection, contagion, dyscrasia, intemperies (rare), idiopathy, pestilence, plague, cacoëthes, deuteropathy, decline, epizoötic, epizoöty, enzoötic.

Antonyms: see REMEDY.

2. See UNHEALTH.

disease, v. t. disorder, indispose (chiefly in p. p., "indisposed"), distemper, affect; spec. infect.

Antonyms: see cure, disinfect.

diseased, a. ailing (contextual), ill, sick, distempered, sickly, unsound, unwell, dyscrasic (rare), affected; spec. sickish.

disembark, v. t. & i. land, debark. disembarrass, v. t. relieve, debarrass (rare).

Antonyms: see EMBARRASS.

disembodied, a. incorporeal, unbodied (rare), disincarnate (rare).

Antonyms: see Material.

disembowel, v. t. eviscerate, embowel (literary), disbowel (rare), bowel (rare), gut (tech. or vulgar), viscerate (rare), deviscerate (rare), exenterate (rare, exc. fig.); spec. paunch, gib, draw, gill (rare), gralloch.

disenchant, v. t. disencharm (rare), disillusion, unwitch (rare), disentrance.

Antonyms: see BEWITCH.

disentangle, v. t. disengage, untangle, ravel, unravel, disentrammel (rare), untwine, elaqueate (rare), clear, disinvolve (rare); spec. comb, tease.

Antonyms: see Entangle.

distavor, n. 1. Spec. dislike, condemnation, discredit, displeasure, discouragement.

2. See unkindness.

disguise, v. t. hide, conceal, cover, cloak, clothe, mask, veil, dissemble (usually implying evil intent), dissimulate (usually implying evil intent), veneer (fig.), color, shroud, muffle;—implying a hiding or ob-

scuring by a false or counterfeit appear ance, the words mostly having specific implications suggested by their literal senses. disguise, n. concealment, cover, cloak, mask (spec. or fig.), veil, dissemblance, dissimulation, veneer, color, shroud, muffler, masquerade (spec. or fig.);—mostly having specific implications.

disguised, a. feigned, cloaked, masked, veiled, hidden, incognita (fem.), incognito

(masc.).

disgust, n. 1. distaste (contextual), nausea, loathing.

Antonyms: see Pleasure.

2. dislike (contextual), aversion (contextual), abhorrence, repugnance, abomination, loathing, displeasure (rare).

Antonyms: see Appetite.

disgust, v. t. 1. displease (contextual), sicken, nauseate, revolt (a contextual sense).

Antonyms: see Please, entice.

2. See REPEL.

disgusting, a. 1. displeasing (contextual), distasteful (contextual), nauseating, nauseous, loathly (literary), loathful (now rare), loathsome, sickening, foul, revolting, repulsive.

Antonyms: see Pleasant.

2. abominable, revolting, foul, repulsive, shocking, hateful, repugnant, abhorrent, odious.

Antonyms: see attractive.

dish, n. vessel (contextual); spec. crock, plate, platter, bowl, cup, saucer, tureen, pitcher, tray, doubler (large; obs. or dial.), plat (French), epergne, bonbonnière (French), skillet, saucepan, spider, casserole, pan, gravy boat, tumbler, goblet, caraffe, etc.

dishevel, v. t. disorder, touse, tumble,

tousle, ruffle, muss.

disheveled, a. disordered, tously, tousled, unkempt, tumbled, mussy.

Antonyms: see dishevel.

dishonest, a. untrustworthy (contextual), crooked, faithless, false; spec. corrupt, sinister, knavish, fraudulent, deceitful, disingenuous, slippery, perfidious, treacherous.

Antonyms: see Honest, conscientious, virtuous.

dishonesty, n. untrustworthiness (contextual), crookedness, faithlessness, falsity, improbity (rare), falsehood; spec. knavery, knavishness, fraud, fraudulence, perfidiousness, perfidy, treachery, corruption.

Antonyms: see HONESTY, VIRTUE.

disdain, n.: contempt. disdain, v. t.: despise. disenthrall: free. disenthrone: depose. disfavor, v. t.: dislike, condemn, discourage. disfigure: deface, deform. disfurnish: strip, dismantle. disgorge: vomit, eject, relin-

disgrace: discredit, abase, degrade.
disgraceful: discreditable.
disgruntle: displease.
dish, v. t.: serve, ruin, hollow.
dishabille: undress.

DISINCLINATION

disinclination, n. indisposition, indisposedness; spec. unwillingness, reluctance, reluctancy, grudgingness, aversion, dislike, distaste, disaffection.

Antonyms: see INCLINATION.

disinfect, v. t. sanitise, sanitate, sterilise; spec. fumigate, listerize, asepticize, steam, cauterize.

Antonyms: see DISEASE, POISON.

disingenuous, a artful, decertful. disinherit, v. t. disown, exheredate (rare). disinheritance, n. disowning, exheredation (rare), disherison (tech. or lucrary),

disinherison (rare), disownment.
disintegrate, v. t. & i. decompose, resolve (rare); spec. dissolve, analyse, crumble, crumb, decay, weather, disgregate, diffuse

Antonyms: see COMPOSE.

disintegration, n. decomposition, reso-

lution (rare), analysis, etc disinter, v. t. dig (contextual), dishume, unbury, exhume, uncarth, disinhume; spec. disentomb, uncharnel (rare).

Antonyma see BURY. disinterment, n. digging (contextual), exhumation, spec. disentembment.

Antonyms see BURIAL.
disjoint, v. t. 1. joint; spec. break.

2. See DIBUNITE, DISCONNECT, DISLOCATE. disk, n. circle; spec. saucer, button, squall, paten, roundel, roundlet, sabot, flan, discus, quoit (class antiq.), umbrella (zoöl).

disk-shaped, a. placentoid (lech.; rare) dislike, n. 1. Spec. disfavor, antipathy, aversion, distaste, disrelish, disgust, repugnance, repulsion, displeasure, objection, disinclination, dyspathy, misliking, detestation, abhorrence, abomination, unfriendliness, ill-will, disaffection, dislove (nonce word), hostility, enmity, dispeace (rure), animosity, hate, hatred, malevolence, malice, spite (obs. or dial.). The words from "dislike" to "abomination" refer especially to an emotion or feeling prompting avoidance and aroused by contact with, or experience of, the object in question; the words from "unfriendliness" to "malevolence" refer especially to the emo-tion, feeling, or attitude aroused by some more intimate relation involving self-inter-est "Dislike" is the broadest term, applying to any degree of emotion.

Antonyms: see AFFECTION, ENJOYMENT,

LIKING

2. See UNWILLINGNESS, OPPOSITION. dislike, v. t. Spec. distaste, disrelish, dis-

favor, loathe, detest, abhor, abominate, hate, mislike (hterary), resent, lump (slang or vulgar). See DIBLIKE, n., above. Antonyms: see LIKE, ENJOY.

distiked, a. Spec. detested, hated, loathed,

abhorred, despised, contemned.

Antonyms see BELOVED. dislocate, v t 1. displace, disjoint; spec. (referring to bones) luxate, slip, disarticulate, exarticulate (rare), splay.

2. See disarrange, disorganize.

dislocated, a. shotten.

dislodge, v. t. 1. displace, dispel, unlodge (rare); spec. unrest (rare), dismount, unnest.

Antonyms: see DEPOSIT, FIX.

2. remove, expel; spec, uncamp (rore), eject.

dismantle, v. t. 1. See STRIP.

2. unfurnish, strip, disfurnish; spec. unrig, dismast.

Antonums' see EQUIP.

1. destroy (contextual); spec. rase, disembattle.

dismay, v. t. 1. discourage (contextual), appall, daunt.

Antonyms: see ABSURE.

2. See FRIGHTEN.

dismay, n. discouragement, consterna-

dismember, v. t. 1. disjoint, dislimb (rare), limb (rare), piecemeal (rare); spec. joint. 2. See MUTILATE.

diamies, v. t. 1. To send away: spec. dissolve, disperse,

Antonyms: see BECALL.

2. See DISCHARGE.

3. To put away, as out of consideration: azec. scout.

diamount, v. i. alight, descend.

dismount, v. l. 1. See DISPLACE, DISLODGE. Spec. unhorse, dishorse.

disobedience, n. nonobedience, disobeyal, mutiny (chiefly spec.), noncompliance noncompliancy, disregard; spec. insubordination, recalcitrance, contumacy, recusancy, recusance, undutifulness, re-bellion, indiscipline, defiance, unruliness, waywardness, frowardness (archaic).

Antonyma: see OBEDIENCE. disobedient, n. nonobedient, mutinous (chiefly spec.), noncompliant, disregardful; spec insubordinate, contumacious, recalcitrant, recusant, undutiful, rebellious, unsubmissive (rars), rebel, froward (archaic), unruly, wayward, defiant

Antonyms: see OBEDIENT, COMPLAISANT,

COMPLIANT.

Tar Cross references nee Note disincline: indispose.
disinclined: opposed, unwilldisjoint: disunite, disconnect. disjoint: disunite, disconnect, dislodgment: displacement, remoral, expulsion disloyal: unfoithful dismal: depressing, depressed, cheerlexu

DISPOSITION

disobey, v. t. 1. Spec. ignore, defy;—in reference to persons.

2. transgress, disregard, ignore;—in reference to commands.

Antonyms: see OBEY.

disorder, n. 1. disarrangement, misarrangement, deray (archaic), misorder (rare), disarray; spec. confusion, topsyturvy, irregularity, litter, jumble, muddle, mess, deordination (rare), entanglement, tangle, dishevelment, muss (U.S.).

Antonyms: see Arrangement.

2. See DISTURBANCE, DERANGEMENT, DIS-ORGANIZATION, DISEASE, AILMENT.

disorderly, a. 1. Spec. irregular, immethodical, messy (colloq.), untidy, orderless, unsystematic, hugger-mugger, chaotic.

Antonyms: see ORDERLY.

2. irregular, lawless; spec. riotous, rough, anarchic, turbulent, tumultuous, rowdy, rowdyish, topsy-turvy, rough-and-tumble, mobbish, tumultuous.

Antonyms: see LAW-ABIDING.

disorganization, n. disarrangement, disruption, disorder, derangement; spec. demoralization, dislocation.

Antonyms: see ORGANIZATION.

disorganize, v. t. disarrange, disorder, derange, upset, disrupt; spec. demoralize, dislocate, demobilize.

Antonyms: see ORGANIZE.

disparage, v. t. 1. See DISCREDIT.

2. depreciate, asperse, decry, defame, traduce, belie (archaic or rare), calumniate, scandalize (rare), blackmouth (rare), denigrate (literary), blacken, detract (rare), mince (rare), diminish (archaic), lessen (archaic), disconsider (rare), disprize (obs. or archaic), derogate (archaic or obs.), dehonestate (rare); spec. bedaub, belittle, minimize, vilify, underpraise, backbite, slur, slander, libel.

Antonyms: see COMPLIMENT, PRAISE, ENNOBLE.

disparagement, n. 1. See DISCREDIT.

2. depreciation, decrial, defamation, aspersion, reflection, traduction, scandalization, calumny, calumniation, denigration (literary), blackening, detraction, diminution (rare), disconsideration (rare), derogation; spec. dehonestation (rare), dispraise, blasphemy, vilification, slurring, backbiting, slander, libel.

Antonyms: see COMPLIMENT, PRAISE.
disparaging, a. depreciatory, depreciative, calumnious, calumniatory, detractive, slighting, derogatory, light, vilificatory, pejorative (rare or spec.); spec. slanderous, libelous.

Antonyms: see LAUDATORY.

dispel, v. t. 1. See SCATTER, DISLODGE.

2. dissipate, banish, resolve, scatter, expel, remove, disperse;—in reference to doubts, fears, etc.

disperse, v. i. scatter; spec. diffuse, dis-

solve, disband.

Antonyms: see convene, gather.

displace, v. t. 1. move (contextual), remove, translocate (rare), unplace (rare); spec. remove, disjoint, spring, start, shift, slip, dislodge, unseat, disseat (chiefly fig.), misplace, disroot, dismount, dislocate, disturb, fault, unship, disorb (rare), disnest, disniche.

Antonyms: see fix, replace.

3. See REPLACE, DISCHARGE.

displacement, n. 1. moving, removal, translocation (rare), unplacement (rare); spec. disjointure (rare), start, shift, slip, dislodgment, unseating, dislocation, disturbance, leap, fault, unshipment, dismounting, heterotopy (tech.), parallax.

Antonyms: see FIXATION, REPLACEMENT.

2. See REPLACEMENT, DISCHARGE.

8. conduct, administration, direction.

4. transfer; spec. bestowal, gift, sale. displease, v. t. disgruntle (colloq.), dissatisfy, disaffect, discontent, mislike; spec.

disgust, offend, anger, annoy.

Antonyms: see PLEASE.

displeasure, n. dissatisfaction, disaffection; spec. annoyance, anger, offense, disgust.

Antonyms: see Pleasure.

disport, v. i. play, sport, merrymake (chiefly in p. pr.), shrove (rare); spec. rant, frolic. dispose, v. t. 1. See ARRANGE, ADJUST, INCLINE.

2. appoint, direct.

disposed, a. inclined, prone, minded, propense (rare), affectioned (archaic), inclining, ready, tending; spec. apt, addicted. "Disposed," "apt," "inclined," and "tending" are also used of physical objects.

Antonyms: see UNWILLING, OPPOSED, AVERSE.

disposition, n. 1. See ARRANGEMENT, AD-

1

disorder, v. t.: disarrange, confuse, derange, disorganize, disease. disown: disclaim, disinherit. disparate: unequal, different. disparity: inequality, differ-

dispassionate: impartial, un-

Cross references: see Note.

ence, disproportion.

impassioned.
dispatch, v. t.: send, kill, expedite, accomplish.
dispatch, v. i.: hasten.
dispatch, n.: sending, killing, expedition, haste, message.
dispensable: unnecessary.
dispensate: distribute, administer.

dispensation: distribution, diffusion. [excuse.
dispense: distribute administer,
disperse, v. t.: scatter. diffuse,
distribute, dispel.
dispirit: depress.
display, v. t.: unfold, show, disclose. [disclosure.
display, n.: unfolding, show,

CLASSIFICATION, APPOINT-MENT, CONDUCT, DIRECTION, STATE (of affairs, etc.).

2. constitution, temperament, temper, humor, spirit, nature, birth, mood, turn, vein, frame, stomach (fig), conditions (archaec, pl), cue, grain.

a. inclination, inclining, tendency, disposedness (rare), affection (rare), proneness, propensity, aptitude, inclining, bent; spec. fancy, notion.

4. Spec. transfer, bestowal, gift, sale. dispossess, v. t. remove, forjudge (archaic or law), expropriate (chiefly spec); spec disseize; see EJECT.

disproof, n. refutation, confutation, confutement (rare), disprovement (rare), re-butter, rebuttal, rebutment (rare), redargution (chiefly Scot, or law).

Antonyms see PROOF

disproportion, n misproportion, disparity, incommensurability, incommensurableness, incommensurateness: sreet incommensurateness; spec. asymmetry.

Antonyms: see PROPORTION.

disproportionate, n. unproportionate, disparate, incommensurable, incommensurate.

Antonyms: see PROPORTIONATE.

disprove, v. t. refute, confute, rebut, negative, redargue (chiefly Scot. or law), convict (archaic).

Antonyms: see Prove, Confirm, Verify. disputable, a controvertible, questionable, debatable, discussible, disputant; spec litigable.

Antonyms: see UNQUESTIONABLE.

disputant, n. disputer, contestant (contextual), contender (contextual), controcontroverter, versialist, controvertist; spsc. debater, jangler, dialogist, dialectic, pilpulist, polemic.

disputatious, a 1. Spec controversial, captious, disputative, contradictious, polemic. 2. contentious, discordant, disputative, bickering, strifeful, jarring, quarrelsome,

dissentious.

Antonyms: see AGREEING, COMPLAISANT. dispute, v. t. contradict, controvert, differ, disagree; spec, argue, attack, debate, impuga, discept (rare), challenge, question, litigate, deraign (hist.; law).

Antonyms see CONFIRM. dispute, v. i. 1. controversialize (rare), dif-

fer, disagree, spec. debate, argue
2. contend, differ, disagree, altercate;
spec. quarrel, bicker, brabble (archaic),
brawl, jangle, wrangle, jar, flite or flyte
(archaic or dial.), strive, spat (collog), tiff dispute, n. 1. controversy, contradiction. ing; spec. hypocritical, canting, ironical.

disceptation (rare); spec. debate, argument.

2. contention, contest, difference, disagreement, discord; spec. quarrel, jangle, dissension, jar, strife, snarl (collog), wrangle, squabble, bicker, brawl, brabble (archaic), spat (collog.,, tiff, bickerment (rare), impugnation (rare), impugnment (rare), polemic.

 Spec, issue. disqualification, n. disablement, disability; apec. superannuation, minority, sex, insanity, etc.

Antonyma. see QUALIFICATION.

disquality, v. t. disable; spec. superannuate, unfit.

Antonyms, see QUALIFY.

disregard, v. t. ignore, neglect, overlook (rare or spec.), pretermit (rare); spec. dissemble, disobey, slight, defy.

Antonyms' see observe, attend, con-

SIDER, MENTION, EMPHASIZE

disregard, n. ignoration (rare), inattention, neglect, dissembling, preterition (rare), pretermission (rare); spec. oblivion, disobedience, slight, defiance, heedlessness, unheeding.

Autonyme see Observance, atten-

TION, EMPHASIS, CONSIDERATION.

disregardful, a. neglectful, mattentive, disregardant; spec. deaf, blind, careless, heedless, oblivious, disobedient, slighting, defiant.

Antonyms see ATTENTIVE.

discopair, n. decay, impairment, unrepair, irrepair (rare).

Antonyms: see REPAIR

disrespect, n. 1. See discredit, incivility. 1. disesteem, misesteem; spec. irreverence, contempt, disdain, etc.; - referring to the attribde of mind.

Antonyms see ESTEEM,

disrespect, v. t. disesteem; spec. despise, loathe, abhor, abominate.

Antonyma: see ESTEEM,

disrespectful, a. irrespectful (rare); spec. irreverent, contemptuous, impolite, slighting.

Antonyms: see RESPECTFUL.

dissect, t t 1. To cut up. spec. anatomise, vivisect, transect (rare).

2. See ANALYZE, CRITICIZE.

dissemble, v. i. pretend, feign, possum (collog.; rare), dissimulate, act (chiefly spec. or fig.).

dissembler, n. deceiver, pretender, feigner, dissimulator, actor, disguiser (rare); spec. hypocrite, counterfeiter.

dissembling, a. deceitful, dissimulat-

disqualified: unqualified,

disrank: degrade disrobe: undress

disrupt, v t break, burst,

DISTINCTION

Antonyms: see Frank.

dissembling, n. 1. deceit, dissimulation, dissemblance, pretense, disguising; spec. hypocrisy, irony.

2. See disregard.

dissension, n. disagreement, discord, strife, friction; spec. faction, party.

Antonyms: see PEACE. dissent, v. i. differ, disagree.

dissent, n. difference, disagreement; spec.

nonconformity, recusancy.

dissenter, n. differer (contextual), dissentient, dissident, come-outer (colloq., U. S.); spec. recusant, nonconformist, Raskolnik, sectary, heretic, infidel.

dissentient, a. disagreeing (contextual), dissenting, dissentious, inacquiescent; spec. recusant, factious, dissident, non-

juring.

Antonyms: see AGREEING.

dissentious, a. inacquiescent (rare), recusant (chiefly eccl.); spec. inflammatory, incendiary, strifeful.

dissipate, v. i. 1. See SCATTER, DIFFUSE.

2. debauch, riot (rare); spec. Corinthian-

ize, rake.

dissipated, a. 1. See SCATTERED, DIFFUSE.

2. corrupt (contextual), debauched, dissolute, rakehell (archaic), fast, abandoned; spec. Corinthian, wild, raking, rakish, unsteady, licentious, crapulent, crapulous, lecherous, profligate.

dissipator, n. 1. Spec. scatterer, diffuser.

2. dissipator (a variant spelling), debauchee; spec. rake, ranter (rare), lecher
(archaic), palliard (archaic), rioter (rare or
archaic), profligate, rakehell (archaic),
rakeshame (archaic), rip (colloq. or dial.),
roué (French), rounder (colloq.), Corinthian.

dissipation, n. 1. Spec. scattering, diffusion.

2. corruption (contextual), debauchery, debauch, debauchment, dissoluteness, fastness; spec. prodigalism, raking, rakery (rare), riot (rare), riotousness, crapulence, crapulency.

8. Referring to an act or occasion: debauch; spec. spree (colloq.), bout, bum

(slang), orgy, drunk (slang).

dissolve, v. t. 1. See DECOMPOSE, DISIN-TEGRATE.

2. Referring to happiness, troubles, doubts, etc.: destroy, annihilate (rare), consume, diffuse; spec. abrogate, annul, explain.

8. Referring to a legislature, parliament, etc.: dismiss, end (rare); spec. prorogue.

Antonyms: see convene, convoke.

4. To cause to become a solution: spec. cut, lixiviate, leach.

dissolve, v. i. 1. decompose, disintegrate, resolve (rare).

2. See DISAPPEAR, SCATTER. dissuade, v. t. 1. turn, divert.

Antonyms: see INDUCE.

2. See DEHORT.

dissussion, n. turning, diversion.

distance, n. 1. remoteness, separation, farness;—referring to state, fact, or degree.

Antonyms: see NEARNESS.

2. space, remove (rare as referring to space), interval, way (used with "long," "short," etc.), interspace, length (spec. or idiomatic); spec. difference, westing, easting, elongation, longitude, drift, pitch, drop;—referring to interval in space, time, degree, etc.

3. Referring to a distant place: spec. offing;

8ee BACKGROUND.

4. aloofness, offishness, stiffness, repellency; spec. reserve, coldness, superiority, condescension.

Antonyms: see CORDIALITY.

distant, a. 1. remote, separate, apart (postpositive), far-away, far-off, away (postpositive); spec. different, ulterior.

Antonyms: see NEAR, ADJACENT, IMME-

DIATE.

2. offish, aloof (predicative), repellent, farouche (French), strange; spec. bashful, reserved, cold, frigid, unneighborly, superior, condescending.

Antonyms: see CORDIAL.

distend, v. t. dilate, swell; spec. plump, bloat, fill, inflate.

Antonyms: see CONSTRICT, CONTRACT. distill, distil, v. t. & i. 1. See Drop, EX-

2. evaporate, concentrate, condense; spec. cohobate (old chem.).

distillate, n. See EXTRACT.

distillation, n. 1. evaporation, distillment (rare); spec. cohobation, descent.

3. See distillate, extract.

distinct, a. 1. different (contextual), remote, several, discrete, discriminate, disjunct.

Antonyms: see SAME, ALIKE.

2. See DEFINITE, CLEAR (in meaning), EVI-DENT, SEPARATE.

distinction, n. 1. separation, demarcation, differentiation, discretion, discernment, discrimination, distinguishment (rare), contradistinction.

Cross references: see Note.
disseminate: scatter, diffuse.

dissent: disagree. **disserve:** injure. **dissident:** dissentient. dissimilar: different.
dissimulate: disguise, dissemble.
dissimulation: disguise, dis-

semblance.

dissipate: scatter, dispel, diffuse, waste. dissociate: separate. distasteful: disgusting, unpalatable, offensive. difference, remoteness, discreteness, severance, discrimination.

Spec separateness, distinctiveness.

4. repute, eminence, rank, note (chiefly used with "of"), mark (chiefly used with "of"), eclat (French), superiority, eximiousness (rare), notability, spec. fame (rare), signality, greatness.
distinctive, a. distinguishing, differentia-

tive, discriminative; spec. diagnostic, dia-

critic or discritical.

distinguish, v. t. 1. To mark as different: differentiate, separate, difference, demar-cate, mark (often used with "off"), differ (rare); spec. accentuate.

Antonyms see CONFUSE.

2. To perceive or treat as distinct: separate, demarcate, differentiate, difference, discriminate, discern, tell, secern (rare), single, differ (rare), decern rare), sever, severalize (rare); spec. classify, discover, contradistinguish.

Antonyms see CONFUSE

signalize, signal (rare), mark, singu-

distinguished, a. superior, eminent, conspicuous, noted, marked, eximious (rare); spec. shining, famous, extraordinary, laureate.

Antonyms: see obscure.

distort, v t 1. deform; spec. screw, wring, wrench, torment (rare), twist, contort, writhe, wrest, warp, deface, knot, gnarl.

2. See PERVERT, referring to meaning. distorted, a. deformed, Gordian (fig.), knotted, gnarled, contorted, etc.

distortion, n. 1. deformation; spec. twist, contortion, screw, warp, defacement, contortuosity (nonce word), knot, buckle.

2. See Perversion;—referring to mean-

distress, n, discomfort (contextual), dolor (poetic), unease (archaic), misease (archaic); spec. trouble, calamity, torment, press, affliction, pain, tribulation, care, hurt, misery, gnawing, trial, hardship, harassment, confusion, privation, need, want, pressure, grief, sorrow, exigency, anxiety, etc.; hell, slang or very strong.

Antonyms see COMFORT, ENJOYMENT, RELIEF.

distress, v. t. discomfort, trouble; spec. press, harrow, straiten, harry, worry, bother, rack, harass, gripe (rare), lacerate, tear, hurt, torment, pain, grieve, sadden, pinch, jar (now usually considered slang or inelegant).

Antonyms: see COMFORT, RELIEVE, distressing, a. distressful, uneasy; spec tormentful (rare), dolorific (literary),

carking (archaic), heavy, calamitous, grievous, bitter, harrowing, severe, sorry, gnawing, pinching, miserable, trouble-some, sad, painful, griping, heartrending. Ardonyms, see COMFORTING, COMFORT-

distribute, v. l. 1. dispense, dispensate, divide, part (archaic). dispart (rare). disperse, spec. prorate (chiefly U.S.), spread, partition, scatter, parcel, morsel (rare), dole, send, apportion, share, mete, allot, diffuse, circulate; see SPREAD.

Antonyma: see COLLECT.

3. See classify, administer (as justice). distribution, n. 1. dispensation, division, partition; spec. dispersion, prorating (chiefly U.S.), scattering, parceling, parcelment, dole, apportionment, sharing, allotment, diffusion; spec. spreading.

Antonyms: see COLLECTION.

Spec. classification, administration (as

of justice), spreading.

district, n. place, region, quarter (chief-ly spec): spec division, subdivision, sec-tion, riding, regency, wardenry, ward, neighborhood, province, presidency, pre-cinct, prefecture, department, canton (rare, exc. of Suntzerland), lathe (Kent, Eng.).

distrust, v. f. doubt, mistrust, misdoubt, suspect; spec. jealouse (obs., Scot., or

dual).

distrust, n. doubt, mistrust, suspicion, misdoubt, misgiving; spec. jealousy, heart burn.

Antonyms: see trust, assurance, re-

LIANCE.

distrustful, a. doubtful, mistrustful, diffident (archaic), strange, dubious, sus-picious; spec. shy, jealous.

Antonyma see Assured, Reliant, un-

SUSPICIOUS.

disturb, v. t 1. Referring to the mind: trouble, agitate; spec. annoy, distract, fuss (colloq.), muss (colloq.; with "up"), distress, vex, worry, disconcert, discompose

Antonyms: see CALM, PACIFY.

2. Referring to things see AGITATE.

3. Spec. move, disarrange, derange, disorder, confuse, unsettle, shake, molest,

interrupt, remove, convulse.

disturbance, n. 1. Referring to the mind: agitation, inquietude (rare); spec. turmoil annoyance, vexation, distress, distraction, worry, disconcertion, discomposure, distemperature, muss, perturbation.

Antonyms: see CALM.

2. Referring to things: see AGITATION.

Cross references see Note.

turb, confuse frenzy distracted: deranged, confused.

distraction: diversion, derange-ment, disturbance, confusion, frenzy

- 8. Spec. moving, removal, disarrangement, derangement, disorder, confusion, unsettlement, molestation, interference, convulsion.
- 4. Referring to disturbance among people: disorder, disquiet, distemperature (rare), breeze (colloq.), inquietation (rare), inquietude (rare), curfuffle (Scot.); spec. commotion, tumult, sedition, insurrection, kick-up (colloq.), row (colloq.), to-do (collog.), dust (slang or collog.), shindy (slang), esclandre (French), scene, pother (collog. or archaic), fracas, uproar, muss (colloq., U. S.), convulsion, bother, fuss (colloq.), botheration (colloq.), bobery (slang), bluster, conflict, fight, hoitytoity (rare), rumpus (colloq.), grithbreach (hist.), row-de-dow (rare), émeute (French), outbreak, ruption (rare), rout, riot, ruffle (rare), dispute, ruction (colloq.), bustle, clutter, stir, anarchy, brawl, hubbub, combustion (now literary and rare), scrimmage, turn-up (colloq.; rare).

disturbing, a. disquieting, disturbant (rare); spec. agitative, troublous, uncomfortable, perturbative (rare), perturba-

tory (rare), etc.
Antonyms: see CALMATIVE.

disunion, n. 1. division, separation, severance, disjoining, disseverance, dissociation, disjointure, disjunction; spec. disconnection, detachment.

Antonyms: see Union.

2. separation; spec. schism.

3. See disagreement.

disunite, v. t. & i. 1. separate, disjoint; spec. dissever, rend, dissociate, disconnect, detach, disjoint.

Antonyms: see Unite.

2. alienate, estrange, divide.

disuse, v. t. abandon, obsolete (rare), discard; spec. discontinue, neglect, disaccustom (archaic).

Antonyms: see USE, EXERCISE.

disuse, n. 1. abandonment, nonuse, nonemployment, disusage, discarding; spec. discontinuance, neglect, nonobservance. Antonyms: see USE.

2. desuetude (formal or literary), disusage, nonuse, inusitation (rare); spec. neglect, nonobservance.

ditch, v. t. trench, channel, dike (now rare); spec. moat, drain, vallate (rare).

ditch, n. fosse (tech. or literary), trench; spec. canal, graff (hist.), grip (dial. or hunting), drain, coupure, moat.

dive, v. i. 1. plunge; spec. sound.

2. See DISAPPEAR.

dive, n. 1. plunge; spec. header (colloq.).

2. See resort.

diverge, v. i. Spec. radiate, branch, divaricate, fork.

divergent, a. Spec. radiant, radial, radiative (rare), branching, forking, divaricating.

Antonyms: see PARALLEL, CONFLUENT. diversified, a. 1. diverse, manifold, multifold, varied, mixed, multivarious (rare), variate (rare), multifarious, heterogeneous, diversiform, variform (formal or learned), various.

Antonyms: see Uniform,

2. See VARIEGATED.

diversify, v. t. 1. variate, vary, varify (rare).

3. See VARIEGATE.

diversion, n. 1. turning; spec. deviation, derivation, discussion

derivation, dissussion.

2. amusement, pastime, dispart (archaic), entertainment, beguilement, play, recreation, derivation (archaic or tech.), sport, relaxation; spec. trifling, fun, solacement or solace.

Antonyms: see Business, work.

8. Referring to that which amuses; used with the article "a" and having a plural: amusement, recreation, play, game, entertainment, sport, divertissement (French), solacement or solace, derivation (archaic), distraction (rare); spec. entremets (French), avocation (rare).

diversity, n. 1. See DIFFERENCE.

2. variety, manifoldness, multifariousness, multiformity, variation; spec. heterogeneity, heteromorphism (chiefly tech.), multiformity.

Antonyms: see Uniformity.

divert, v. t. 1. turn, disorientate (fig. or spec.), deviate.

2. turn (from a purpose, etc.), draw; spec. dissuade.

3. distract (contextual), amuse, derive (archaic), solace, entertain, recreate, beguile, disport; spec. tickle.

Antonyms: see WORK, TIRE, WEARY.

diverting, a. amusing, entertaining, recreative, divertive, etc.

divide, v. t. 1. sever (spec. or fig.), disunite, separate, carve (spec. or fig.), cleave (spec. or fig.), cut (spec. or fig.); spec. scind (rare), section, sectionize (rare), part, parcel, bisect, dispart, dissever, subdivide, dismember, junk (rare), split, rend, segment, halve, quarter, third, disconnect, disjoint, class.

Antonyms: see Join, unite.

2. To mark or partition off (a continuous thing) into parts, or to consider as so marked off or partitioned: separate, demarcate (rare), partition (spec. or fig.); spec.

graduate, lot, compart, subdivide, parcel, district, canton, chapter.

3. See distribute, apportion, disunite,

SHARE, COMPUTE, MEASURE.

divide, v 2 1. separate, part, sever, cleave (spec. or fig.), cut (spec. or fig.); spec. bisect, dispart, subdivide, dismember, split, halve, quarter.

Antonyms see UNITE. 3. See Branch, Share.

divide, n watershed, water parting, shed; spec. coteau (Canada and U.S.).

divided, a. parted, spec. biparted (rare), bipartite, digitate, lobulate, lobulated, lobulose, lobate, multipartite, disulcate.

Antonyma see UNITED.

divination, n. 1. prediction, divining, soothsaying, auspice (chiefly spec.), hariolation (rare), riddling (rare), augury; spec. spatulamaney, rhabdomaney, theomancy, haruspicy or haruspication, ornithomancy, mantology (rare), mantic (rare), hieromancy, hieroscopy, gyro-mancy, hydromancy, graptomancy, geo-mancy, bibliomancy, hthomancy, hariola-(rare), spodomancy, halomancy, dowsing

2. See GUESS.

divine, v. i. 1. predict, vaticinate, soothsay, hariolate (rare), prophesy; spec dowse.

See GUESS.

divine, a 1. superhuman, godike, deific, deiform, godly, spiritual, heavenly, celestial, ambrosial (spec. or fig.).

Antonyms see EARTHLY, HUMAN.

Sec religious.

 fine, superior, excellent, ambrosial (fig.). diviner, n. 1. predictor, Chaldean (fig.), augur, soothsayer; spec. geomancer, dow-SET.

2. See GUESSER

divinity, n. 1. deity, godhead, godhood, godship, deityship (rare).

2. godlikeness, deiformity (rare).

1. See DEITY, THEOLOGY.

divisible, a. separable, partible, severable, dividual (rare), dividuous (rare), etc.; spec commensurable.

Antonyms: sec INSEPARABLE.

division, n 1. Act of dividing or state or fact of being dwided severance, parting, separation, cutting (spec or fig), disparting; spec. disuniting, section, splitting, split, scissure, partitionment, parcelment, disseverance (rare), subdivision, rending, partition, partage (rare), schism, segmentation, lobation, fracture, breaking, deduplication, dismemberment, dearticulation, disconnection, discresis, digitation, bisection, bipartition, trisection

Antonyms: see Joining, union.

2. A part formed by (physical) division: part; spec. subdivision, section, parcel, fragment, cut, lobe, lobule, cloot (Scot. and dual Eng.), etc.

3. A marking off or treating as marked off: separation, demarcation; spec. partitionment, graduation, parcelment, district-

4. A part marked off or taken as being separated: part, section; spec. subdivision, segment, member, movement, column, passus, canto, verse, decade, chapter, book, compartment, cell, court, category, kind, sort, branch, department, canton, ordinary, lot, parcel, faction, party, sect, district, block, etc.

Mil. and naval. spec. battery, company, brigade, battalion, organisation, army, classis, cohort, decury, maniple, tercio, tertia, class, squadron, fleet, command,

troop, squad.

6. Of territory, spec province, territory, state, government, presidency, consulate, dominion, county, department, ward, district, circar (India), canton, cantonment, commune, commot, residency, mahal (India), eparchy, eyalet (Turkish), vilayet (Turkish).

7. See CLASSIFICATION, CLASS, COMPUTA-TION, DISTRIBUTION, DISUNION, DISAGREE-MENT, SHARING, SHARE, BRANCH.

8. Thing that dwides, partition; spec. line,

wall, fence, etc.

divorce, n. divorcement; spec. repudiation, separation, diffarreation.

Antonyms: see Marriage.

divorce, v. t. unmarry (rare); spec. repudiate, separate.

Antonyms: see MARRY.

dizziness, n. giddmess, vertigo (tech.),

dizzy, a. 1. giddy, giddyish (rare), vertigi-nous, vertiginate (rare).

2. dizzying, giddy.

dizzy, v. i. swim.

do, v t. Every kind of action may be viewed as a particular form of doing, and the senses which the verb "do" may represent are as numerous as the forms of activity represented by the words which the verb may govern. It is impossible, therefore, to give a complete list of the various verbs which may be replaced by "do," The most important ones, however, are here listed. Spec. inflict, administer, render, perform, achieve, commit, practice, cook, celebrate, cause, compose, transact, conduct, conjure, contrive, deceive, settle, con-clude, depict, give, misdo, misexecute, make, manage, prepare, pickle, proceed, render, show, give, serve, solve, use, exert, produce, translate, review, dig, act, ruin, swindle, visit, finish, slur, slight, spoil, etc. See the above words in the vocabulary (upper or lower).

do, v. i. 1. See ACT, FARE.

3. answer, suffice.

dock, v. t. 1. cut, clip, curtail (rare), bobtail (a horse), truncate.

2. See DEPRIVE, SHORTEN, ABRIDGE.

docked, a. curtail (rare), curtailed (rare),

bobtail; spec. cock-tailed.

doctor, n. physician, medical (colloq.), doser (contemptuous), leech (archaic), healer (often spec.), curer; spec. homoeopath, homœopathist, allopath, allopathist, osteopath, hydropath, hydropathist, surgeon, dentist, chiropodist, alienist, oculist, aurist, veterinarian, doctress (now rare).

doctor, v. t. 1. treat, leech (archaic); spec.

2. See adulterate, falsify, fake.

doctor, v. i. leech (archaic), practice.

doctrine, n. tenet, dogma, dogmatism (chiefly derogatory); spec. creed, theory,

opinion, teaching.

document, n. Spec. writing, handwriting (archaic), instrument, monument (rare or spec.), muniment (law), diploma (historical or spec.), record, charter, charta, parchment, paper, patent, manuscript, Round Robin, brevet, certificate, passport, commission, power, pleading, etc.

document, v. t. evidence, prove.

dodge, v. i. 1. jink (chiefly Scot.); spec. duck, flinch, jump, jerk.

2. evade, shuffle, palter, shift; spec. hedge, trim, prevaricate, quibble.

Spec. duck, jump, jerk, dodge, n. 1. twitch.

2. evasion, deceit, artifice.

3. device, expedient.

doer, n. facient (rare); spec. performer, actor, author, committer, perpetrator, maker, etc. Cf. DO.

doff, v. t. To lay or put off: cast, douse (colloq.); see REMOVE. "Doff" is literary and has a flavor of archaism.

Antonyms: see don.

dog, n. 1. canine (chiefly tech.), cur (contemptuous or derogatory), whelp (chiefly contemptuous); spec. pup, puppy, toy, tike, terrier trundletail, turnspit, spaniel, springer, setter, dachshund (Ger.), skirter, shock, rache or ratch (archaic), reporter | domestic, n. servant, familiar (rare); spec.

(U. S.), pug, pye-dog or pie-dog (Anglo-Indian), pariah dog, pointer, poodle, mastiff, lurcher, hound (spec., exc. archaic or poetic), harrier, hunter, gazehound, griffon, guara, finder, deerhound, staghound, dingo, dhole (*India*), courser, collie, colly, bulldog, beagle, Saint Bernard, basset, brindle, buckhound, bandog, tiedog (obs. or rare), bitch, brach, brachet, slut, lady (euphemistic);—all those from "bitch" on being feminine. "Dog" is often used specifically of a male dog.

2. See FELLOW, CLAMP.

dog days. canicular days (learned), canicule (rare).

dogma, n. doctrine, tenet.

dogmatic, a. 1. See DIDACTIC, DOCTRINAL. 2. positive, categorical, pragmatic, pragmatical, magisterial (bookish or learned), thelical (rare); spec. opinionated, peremptory, dictatorial.

Antonyms: see Doubtful, Hesitating. doing, a. In the sense of "going on": up,

on;—in predicative use.

doing, n. 1. feasance (lech.), facture (bookish), transaction; spec. conduct; see CREA-TION, MAKING.

2. See action, commission, accomplish-

MENT, PERFORMANCE.

doings, n. pl. gear (sing.; archaic or dial.),

ongoings (pl.); see ACTION.

doll, a. plaything (contextual), toy (contextual), dolly; spec. puppet (archaic), baby, betty (girl doll), benedict (boy doll).

dollar, n. sinker (slang, U. S.), simoleon (slang), plunk (slang, U. S.), wheel (slang); spec. rixdollar (hist.), duro (Spanish), peso (Mexican), cob (obs.).

See ESTATE, LORDSHIP, domain, n. 1.

BOUND, CONTROL, SPHERE.

2. realm, reign (rare), dominion, bourn or bourne (rare or poetic), territory, possession; spec. kingdom, province, empire, empery (poetic or rhetorical), obedience, sultanate, khanate, daimiate, lordship, signory, dukedom, county, palatinate.

dome, n. vauit; spec. cupola, tholus, can-

opy, beenive.

domestic, a. 1. home, homely (rare), household, domal (rare), familiar, family; spec. menial (servant; now contemptuous).

2. domesticated;—fond of domestic life.

3. internal, interior, intestine, inland, native, home; spec. home-bred.

Antonyms: see foreign.

4. See TAME.

Cross references: see Note. docile: teachable, manageable. doggerel, n.: verse.—doggerel, a.: trivial. [sion. dullness, depresdoldrums:

dole, n.: share, distribution, gift,

dole, v. t.: distribute, apportion, dole, n.: depression, sorrow, grief. doleful: depressed, lamentable, sorrowful, depressing, gloomy. dolor: depression, sorrow, disdome, v. t.: vault, cover.

DOMESTICATE

maid, girl (colloq), cook, chambermaid, man, boy (colonial British), familiar, butler, scullion (archaic)

domesticate, v t. domesticize; spec. civilize, naturalize; see TAME.

domineer, s. i. tyrannise, lord.

Antonyms. see fawn, domineering, a. tyrannical, masterful, tyrannic (rare); spec. authoritative, bossy (collog), bullying, high-handed.

Antonyms. see obsequious, servile.

domineering, n tyranny.

don, v. t assume (spec. or affected).

Antonyms' see DOFF.

done, a. Spec performed, executed, finished, etc. Cf. Do, v. t.

donkey, n. 1. ass, jack (male), jackass (male), onager (wild), jenny (female), burro (Southwestern U. S.), cuddy (chiefly Scot.), dicky or dickey (properly he-ass, slang or colloq.), moke (slang), neddy. "Ass" is the common word when used of the wild forms.

2. See BLOCKHEAD

door, n. 1. barrier; spec. trap, trapdoor, hatch, heck (chiefly Scot.).

3. See DOORWAY, PASSAGE.

doorkeeper, n. porter, portress (fem.). janitor, janitress (fem.), janitrix (fem.), doorward (archaic), ostiary (chiefly eccl.), tiler (Freemasonry), usher (archaic or spec.), concierge (in France, etc.).

doorpost, n. durn (now dial.).

doorway, n. passage (contextual), door, portal (a dignified term); spec. postern, entrance, exit, hatchway, durns (pl.; now dial.).

dose, n portion; spec potion, powder, pill. dot, n. spot (contextual), speck; spec point, tittle (rare), peck, speckle, prick, pinprick.

dot, v. t. 1. spot (contextual), speck; spec. point, speckle, punctuate, sprinkle, stip-

ple, ısland. 2. See diffuse, scatter.

dotted, a. spotted; spec. punctate, punctated, consperse (rare), sprinkled, irrorate, speckled, bipunctate.

dotting, n spotting; spec, punctuation,

punctulation.

dot-shaped, a. punctiform.

double, a. 1. twofold, duplicate, duple (rare or math), duplex (tech. or rare), dual; epec dualistic, geminous (rare), geminate, paired, binary, binate, binal (rare), biform, biformed, bifront.

2. See ambiguous, insincere, polded.

double, v. f. 1. multiply, redouble, duplicate, geminate (rare); spec. repeat, fac-

2. See FOLD, DEFEAT, AVOID, COUPLE, doubled, a. duplicated, reduplicate, conduplicate (rare or tech.).

double-entendre, n. equivocation; spec. pun, dittology. "Double-entendre" is French.

doubling, n. duplicature (chiefly math.), gem.nation (rare), duplication, conduplication (literary), duplation (rare).

doubly, adv. twice, twofold.

doubt, n. 1. uncertainty, question, dubiety (literary), dubiousness, doubtfulness, incertitude, undecidedness; spec. misdoubt, skepticism, incredulity, suspicion, disbelief, distrust, perplexity, hesitation, indecision, suspense; referring to the state of mind.

Antonyms see ASSURANCE, TRUST, BE-

LIEF, CERTAINTY.

2. See uncertainty;—referring to facts, events, elc.

doubt, v. i. question, dubitate (literary or affected); spec. misdoubt, hesitate. Antonyms: see BELIEVE, TRUST

doubt, v. t. question, query (rare), dubitate (literary or affected), misdoubt; spec. suspect, distrust, disbelieve.

Antonyms. see Believe, Trust.

doubtful, a. 1. undecided, questioning, doubting, undetermined, dubious, dubitant (rare); spec. skeptical, hesitant, perplexed, distrustful, incredulous; see BE-LIEVING;—referring to the state of mind.

Antonyms: see Assured, Decided, Dog-

MATIC, TRUSTFUL, CERTAIN.

2. See UNCERTAIN;—referring to facts, events, etc.

dovecot, dovecote, n. birdhouse (contextual). columbarium, dovehouse, columbary. dovetail, v. t. 1. mortise (contextual), tail, cog, cock.

3. See JOIN.

dower, n. 1. portion (of a widow), thirds (a loose usage), dowry (rare), share (contextual)

3. See DOWRY, ENDOWMENT.

dower, v. t. dot (rare), tocher (Scot.), portion, endow;—referring to bestowment on brule.

down, adv. downward, downwards, groundward, earthward, netherwards (rare), downwardly; spec. downstairs, below (on shipboard), hellward, floorward. Antonyms see UPWARD, HEAVENWARD.

Cross references see Note. domicile, n ohode domicile, v i dwell domicile, v i establish, estila dominion: control, government,

empire domain, authority, rule

donate: give doom, n judgment destiny condoom, v ! condemn, destine. dose, v t drug, adulterate

doting: fond double, n counterpart fold, furn counter trick [dable doughty: brave strong forms-douge: lower doff, extinguish, douge: dip, drench.

down, a. downward, descending; spec. sloping, downmost.

down, n. 1. See PLUMAGE.

2. pubescence, lanugo (tech.), wool, fluff. downcast, a. 1. See DEPRESSED.

2. lowered (eyes, glance), dejected (eyes; rare).

Antonyms: see UPTURNED.

downs, n. pl. upland, wold (Eng.), fell

(Eng.), moor.

downy, a. 1. feathery (contextual), pubescent, fluffy, lanuginous (tech.), lanuginose (tech.); spec. silky, sericeous (tech.), thrummy (rare), cottony, pappose (rare), flossy.

2. See soft.

dowry, n. 1. Referring to that of a bride: dower, dote (rare), dot, tocher (Scot.), share (contextual).

2. See DOWER (of a widow), ENDOWMENT. dowser, n. diviner (contextual), hydroscopist, rhabdomancer (rare), rhabdomantist.

drab, a. & n. dun, brownish, yellow, yellowish gray.

drabble, v. i. & t. draggle.

draconian, a. draconic, dracontine (rare), harsh, cruel.

draconic, a. dragonlike, dracontine, dracontian, dragon.

draff, n. dregs; spec. swill.

draft, n. 1. See drawing, Load, drinking, drink, inhalation, current, outline, deduction.

2. demand; spec. order, check or (chiefly British) cheque, bill (of exchange).

3. depth (enough to float a vessel).

4. Mil.: conscription.

5. In forms "drafts" construed as sing.: checkers (U, S).

draft, v. t. 1. See OUTLINE.

2. Mil.: spec. impress, press, conscribe (rare), conscript, commandeer (South Africa).

drafted, a. Spec. conscript, impressed, pressed.

draggle, v. t. & i. 1. drabble, trail, betrail (intensive), bedraggle (intensive).

2. See STRAGGLE.

dragnet, n. dredge, drag, trammel.

dragon, n. monster (contextual), drake (archaic); spec. serpent, saurian, dragonet.

drain, v. t. 1. empty (contextual); spec. emulge (rare), tap, milk (fig.), dike, trench, sluice, sewer, ditch.

Antonyms: see FILL.

- 2. See exhaust, deprive, drink.
- **3.** drip, percolate.

drain, n. 1. See DRAINAGE.

2. channel (contextual); spec. ditch, culvert, leader, fox, sewer, cesspool.

drainage, n. 1. drain, draining; spec. sewerage.

2. Spec. sewage, seepage;—referring to matter drained off.

dram, n. drink (contextual); spec. thimble-ful, sip.

drama, n. 1. composition, play, piece; spec. comedy, comedietta, tragedy, farce, burlesque, travesty, sketch, interlude, monodrama, monologue, melodrama, melotragedy, pastoral, masque, operetta, opera, pantomime, tragicomedy, trilogy, proverb, mystery, miracle play or (rare) miracle.

2. dramaturge (literary), dramatics.

3. the stage, the theater.

dramatic, a. theatrical, theatric (rare), dramaturgic (literary), Thespian (literary), scenic, scenical; spec. melodramatic, melodramatical, tragic, farcical, Atellan, comic, burlesque.

dramatist, n. playwright, dramaturge (rare); dramaturgist; spec. tragedian.

dramatize, v. t. Spec. melodramatize, operatize (rare), burlesque, farcify (rare). drape, v. t. 1. cover (contextual); spec. hang, tapestry, pall.

3. See Arrange, hang.

drape, n. 1. See COVER, DRAPERY.

2. adjustment, hang, cast. "Drape" is colloquial.

drapery, n. furniture, hangings (pl.); spec. tapestry.

draw, v. t. & i. 1. drag, haul (chiefly nautical), pull, tug, hale (now superseded in ordinary usage by "haul"); spec. tow, lug, attract, trail, snake (colloq. or slang, U. S.), train (rare), entrain (rare), tear, rush, trawl, bunt, bouse or bowse, brail, draggle, hook, unsheathe, tighten, poker, strict (archaic).

Antonyms: see Push, Thrust, Drive.

3. See attract, Inhale, utter. extract, rouse, choose, elicit, derive, infer, remove, divert, bring, empty, search, stretch, attenuate, extend, disembowel, induce, get, extort, delineate, depict, describe, construct.

8. Of water, liquor, etc.: skink (to draw liquor; archaic); spec. tap, broach, bucket, rack, siphon, exhaust (air from a vessel).

4. unshot (a gun, etc.; rare).

5. trace (a line), run; spec. protract, retrace.

6. write, compose, formulate, draft.

downcast: throw.
downcome: descent, fall.
downright: vertical, absolute,

evident, frank, definite.
downward: down.
drabble: draggle.

drag, v. l.: draw, attract, dredge,

search, drawl, introduce.
drag, v. i.: draw, delay, continue, drawl.
drag, n.: coach, brake.

drawing, n. dragging, draft, traction, pull- ! ing, etc.

drawingknife, drawknife; spec, drawshave, shave, jigger.

drawing-room, n. salon (French), saloon (U, S_i) .

drawl, v t. & i. drag; -referring to speech dream, n. 1. vision; spec. nightmare, daymare (rare).

Antonyms: see actuality.

3. See DAYDREAM.

dream, a. somnial (rare), somniative (rare).

dreamland, n. Spec. cloudland, fairyland, reverie.

dreamlike, a. unreal; spec. illusive, dreamy.

dredge, v. t. drag.

dreggy, a impure, feculent, dreggish; spec. turbid, foul, polluted.

Antonyma : see CLEAR.

dregs, n. pl refuse (contextual); spec. sediment, lees (pl), grounds (pl), faces (pl), facula or fecula, outcasts (pl), offal, scum, offscourings (pl), sordes (tech.), sorder (rare), foots (pl.), bottoms (pl), tilta (pl.), taplash (obs. or dial).

drench, n. 1. dose, potion; -referring to

physic given to an animal.

2. wetting (contextual); spec. souse,

douche, soaking.
drench, v. t 1. dose (contextual), physic; referring to an animal.

. wet (contextual); spec. douche (chiefly tech.), douse, souse, soak, bucket.

Antonyms. sec DRY.

dress, v. t. 1. arrange (contextual); spec.

line (used with "up"), preen.
2. prepare (contextual); spec. clean, roughdress, scapple or scabble, finish, taw, pick, drove, baste, machine, buri, scutch, hackle, shamoy, hatchel, barber, side, curry, bard, liquor, comb, manicure, jig, draft.

2. equip, furnish; spec. dub, deck, ornament.

4. See CLOTHE, REPROVE, SCOLD.

dress, v. i. 1. align (mil).

2. prepare (contextual); spec., vest (chiefly eccl), clothe, busk (archaic or Scot.). Antonyms: see undress, strip.

dress, n. 1. See CLOTHING, COSTUME.

2. Of a woman's or gurl's outer clothing gown (chiefly spec.); spec. frock, suit, hab-it, bloomer, jam (rare).

3. Of the mode in which one is dressed, or the dress and equipment as a whole: attire, tire (archaic; rare), toilet, array (literary)

or formal), trim, garb (chiefly literary), gear (chiefly archaic), vesture (literary), make-up, bedizenment, dizenment (rare), bravery, trappings, disguise or disguise-ment, cloth, motley, dishabille. dress, a. habilimental (rare), habilimentary

(rare), habilatory (rare), vestiary (rare).
dressing gown. peignoir (French), robe de

chambre (French).

dressing room, tiring-room,

dressmaker, n. modiste (French).

dressy, a. 1. fond of dress; no single-word synonym.

3. showy, ornamental, elaborate. dried, a. desiccated (tech or cant), baked, baken (archaic)

drift, n. 1. See PROPULSION, COURSE, MEANING, TENDENCY.

movement (contextual), driftage.

3. deviation (distance away due to drift), driftway; spec. leeway. 4. In geology: deposit, diluvium; spec.

till, detritus.

5. In mining, etc.: excavation, passage, drive; spec. gallery, tunnel, level.

drink, v. t. 1. consume (contextual), imbibe (rare or spec.), discuss (humorous), de-molish (slang), quaff (chiefly literary); spec. dispatch, bibble, swizzle (colloq.), sip, sipple, lap, drain, swill (vulgar or denoting vulgar excess), swig (colloq. or slang), guzzle, suck (vulgar or spec), tope (colloq.), crush (literary), tipple, buzz (slang or cant), crack.

2. To cause to drink: drench (rare), lush

(slang).

8. salute, toast, wassail (archaic). "Drink to" is the usual term, "drink" alone being rare or collog in this sense.

4. See absorb, hear, see.

drink, v. 1 imbibe, quaff (literary); spec. sip, sipple, lap, guzzle (collog. or slang), bib (archaic), bibulate (pedantic), bibble, soak (colloq), refresh, hobnob, swill (vulgar or implying outgar excess), swissle (collog.), pull (used with "at," "on," etc.; collog.), tea, fuddle, boose or (slang) boose, bouse (rare), tipple, carouse, lush (slang), nobble (rare), nip, sot, liquor (slang), grog, dram, bum (slang, U. S.), pot (archaic).

drink, n. 1. Liquid to be drunk;—distin-guished from meat (solid food). There are no symonyms in this sense.

3. See BEVERAGE, LIQUOR.

3. The act: drinking, draft, quaff (literary or humorous); spec. pull (colloq.), suck (colloq.), sip, swig (colloq.), lap.

El Cross references: see Note. drawing, a.; attractive. dread: fear, awe dreadful: fearful, alarming. dreary: cheerless, gloomy, de-pressing, lonely, and, monat-anous, uninteresting, dull, dredge: sprinkle.

dribble: drsp. elobber. drill, v 4 : com drill, n exercise, training, drill, v. L.: pierce, exercise, train. 4. A portion to drink: draft or draught, potation (literary or humorous), potion (chiefly med. or spec.); spec. dram, nip, toothful (colloq.), suck (colloq.), split, pot (archaic or obs.), grace, cup, libation (humorous), peg (Anglo-Indian; slang), nightcap, sip, tickler (colloq.), tiff (obs. or chiefly dial.), caulker (slang), drop, bumper, rouse (archaic), chasse (French), brimmer (colloq.), bracer (colloq.).

drinkable, a. potable, potatory (rare).
drinker, n. imbiber (formal or affected),
quaffer (literary); spec. drunkard, soaker
(colloq.), lapper, tippler, bibber, sipper,
bouser, boozer, toper, guzzler, tosspot (archaic), hobnobber, compotator, whetter.

drinking, a. potatory (rare); spec. ebrious (rare and affected), bibulous, groggy.

Antonyms: see Abstemious.

drinking, n. consumption, draft, potation (learned or rhetorical), sorbition (rare), imbibition (rare or affected), bibation (rare), bibition (rare), bibulation (rare); spec. tippling, compotation, drink, pot (fig.), cups (pl.; fig.), cupping, rummer. drip, v. t. & i. 1. drop, weep (fig.); spec.

dribble, trickle.

2. To be wet: drop.

drip, n. 1. dripping, drop; spec. dribble, trickle.

2. In architecture: larmier, corona; spec. label, dripstone.

8. drippings (pl.), droppings (pl.);—that

which drips.

drive, v. t. 1. move (contextual), propel, impel, force, push, thrust, ram; spec. throw, actuate, turn, revolve, drift, puff, tide, run, hammer, dint, ding (archaic or dial.), press, strike, blow, expel, shoot, beat, roll, slide, etc.;—in this sense implying that the resulting motion of the driven body is, as a whole, the direct result of applied force.

Antonyms: see DRAW.

2. Of any force, impulse, or actuating cause, producing action by stimulating or bringing into activity some other force: spec. compel, impel, incite, chase, run, herd, huddle, hustle, smoke, ferret (used with "out"), shame, rush, pelt, dog, hound, hunt, kick, hurry, hoot, hunger (rare), beat, constrain, urge, frighten, worry, dispel, dissipate, reverberate (rare), repercuse, retund (rare), culbut, etc.

Antonyms: see RESTRAIN.

spank, call (Scot.), trot, back, hoy, gallop, canter, amble, bucket (colloq. or cant),

walk, run, etc. In this sense the word "drive" suggests a greater or less degree of participation in the management of direction; the word "ride" emphasizes the idea of being carried in a vehicle or on an animal, and does not necessarily imply any participation in the management or direction. So one "drives" one's own carriage, or "drives" in another's as his guest: but a passenger generally "rides" in a public conveyance, though he may take the driver's place, and then he would drive. "Ride" only is used of traveling on the back of an animal.

4. See transport, strike, prosecute, urge, conclude.

5. excavate (horizontally), hole, drift;—distinguished from "sink."

drive, v. i. 1. advance; spec. rush, dash,

float, drift, rack, scud.

2. vehiculate (rare), tool (chiefly spec.; cant); spec. rattle, bowl (used with "along"), coach, spank (colloq.), charioteer, bucket.

3. See STRIKE, URGE.

drive, n. 1. driving; spec. drift, battue.

2. journey (contextual), excursion (contextual), ride.

3. excavation, drift.

4. See DRIVEWAY, URGENCY, ENERGY.

driver, n. 1. propeller, impeller; spec. carrier, sail.

2. reinsman (rare; U. S.; spec.), Jehu (humorous), charioteer, wagoner, waggoner, curricleer (rare or nonce), coachman, cabman, cabby (colloq.), hackman,
mahout, carnac (French), driveress (nonce
word), vetturino (It.), jarvey (slang,
Eng.), dragsman, tripper, teamster, muleteer, drover, cameleer, motorman, chauffeur, chauffeuse (fem.).

driveway, n. drive; spec. sweep.

drizzle, n. rain (contextual), spray (contextual), drow (Scot.).

droop, v. i. 1. hang, incline; spec. bend, dangle, loll, lop, nod, nutate (rare), sink, flag, weep, sag, slouch, drop, fall.

2. See descend, languish.

droop, v. t. hang (as the head), incline; spec. dangle, bend, loll, nod, sink, slouch, drop.

Antonyms: see ERECT.

droop, n. hang (rare), inclination; spec. slouch, sag, pendency, bend.

drooping, a. 1. hanging; spec. nutant (rare), nodding, cernuous (chiefly bot.), weeping, pendent, sagging.

2. Spec. declining, languishing, descending, depressed.

drivel, v. i.: slobber, utter. drivel, n.: slobber, nonsense.

drizzle: rain.—drizzly: rainy. droll, n.: buffoon, wit.

droll, a.: laughable. droll, v. i.: jest.

drone, n.: idler, sluggard.

drone, v. i.: idle. drone, n.: hum.

drone, v.: hum, monotone.

Anionyms; see ERECT.

drop, n. 1. ball (contextual), globule, gutta (tech), tear (chiefly spec.), pearl (chiefly spec.); spec. blob, gout (archaic), bead, droplet, dewdrop, raindrop.

2. See particle, pendant, descent, FALL, BREAK (in a surface), DISTANCE,

CURTAIN.

drop, v. i. 1. Spec. drip, pearl, bead, distill, bleed (fig.), plump.

2. See DESCEND, FALL, CROUCH, SINK, DE-PRECIATE.

drop, v. t. 1. Spec. drip, distill, shed. 2. To let, or cause to, fall; spec, fell, plump, dump (chiefly U. S.), lower, droop.

8. See fell, mail, utter, omit, droop, LOWER, ABANDON, STOP.

drop-shaped, a. guttate (tech.), guttiform (tech.), pearly, beady.
dropsical, a hydropic, hydroptic (rare),

spec. odematous.

dropsy, n. hydrops (tech or obs.), hydropsy (now rare); spec. hydrothorax, hydrarthrosis, cedema.

dross, n. 1. refuse (contextual), recrement (tech.), slag (usually dross in a fused glassy combination of basic drossy substances), scoria (usually cindery or porous dross, as cellular lava); spec. scum, cinder, clink, sullage.

2. See REFUSE.

drossy, a. slaggy, scoriaceous; spec. scummy, cindery.

drove, n. 1. herd; spec. string. 2. See CROWD, COLLECTION. drown, v. t. 1. See SUFFOCATE.

2. overwhelm, overpower; spec. (of sound) deafen, deaden, outcry, outroar.

drudge, v. i. work (contextual), fag (often spec, in Eng. school cant), grind, slave, plod, dig, plow, grub, hack, scrub.

drudge, n. worker (contextual), spec. grub, hack, grubstreeter (literary), packhorse (fig.), devil or deviller (colloq.), scrub, plodder, slave, fag (in an Eng. school), grind, penny-a-liner.

drudgery, n. work (contextual); spec. fag. (rare), grind, hackwork (chiefly deprecia-

tory), journeywork, slavery

drug, n. 1. medicine, physic (chiefly spec.), medicinal, dope (chiefly spec.; slang); spec. elmir.

3. See COMMODITY.

drug, v. t. medicate, dose, physic (chrefty spec.), dope (chiefly spec.; slang); spec. stupely.

druggist, n. apothecary (obsolescent in England, and less common than "drug-gist" in U.S.), pharmaceutist or pharmacist (tech.), pharmacopolist (rare).

drugstore, n. druggery (rare).

drum, n. 1. tabor (rare or spec.), tambour (chiefly spec), spec. tambourine, tomtom, kettledrum, gumby, tabret. 2. cylinder, spec. die, tympanum (rare),

tambour, vase

8. See gathering.

4. beat, drub, thrum.
drum, v. t 1. See GATHER, EXPEL, COMPEL.

2. drub, thrum. drumbeat, n. rub-a-dub, tan-tan (nonce),

dub, tuck (chiefly Scot.); spec. tattoo, rappel (French), roll, taps (pl).

drunkard, n. drinker, inebriate, lushington (slang); spec. bloat (collog.), dipsomaniac, sot, bum (slang, U. S.).

drunken, a inebrious, bousy or boozy; spec. sottish, soaked (colloq.), corny (slang).

Antonyms: see SOBER.

dry, a. 1. waterless, unwet (rare), unmoistened, arid (chiefly spec.), siceaneous (rare), moistless (rare), droughty or drouthy (rare, exc. spec.), dryish; spec. dried, desiccated, corky, dry-shod, dry-footed, husky, perched, juiceless, drinkless, sapless, exsuccous (rare; also fig.), thirsty.

Antonyms: see WET, MOIST, SOAKED.

3. See SOUR (wine), PROHIBITION.
dry, v. t. exsiccate (tech.; rare), desiccate (tech.), parch, dehydrate (tech.), evaporate (rore); spec. buccan, drain, blot, passulate (rare), sear, kiin, stove, sammy.

Antonyms: see WET, MOISTEN, DRENCH,

SOAK, WATER.

ary, v. i. desiccate, dehydrate, exsiccate (rare); spec. sear (rare).

Antonyms see SOAK. dryer, n desiccative, desiccant, siccative, exaccator (rare), dehydrator (tech.), exsiccant (rere).

drying, a siccative, exsiceant (rare), exsic-cative (rare), desiceant (tech.), desiceative; spec, torrefactive (rare).

dryness, n. dryth (obs. or dial. Eng.), aridity (chiefly spec), drought or drouth (rare, exc. spec.)

Antonyms' see MOISTURE.

d-shaped, a. Spec deltoid (like Greek A). dub, v. t. 1. See ENIGHT, HONOR, NAME.

2. Spec. dress, trim, gresse.

duck, n. 1. dilly (collog. or dial.), quack (humorous); spec. duckling, flapper, drake, pintail, sprigtail, calloo, callow, dundiver, garrot, gadwall, Harlequin, bardhead (U. S.), golden-eye, granny, waterwitch, merganser, mallard, teal, oldwife, old-squaw, shoveler, scaup, eider, eider duck, dungbird.

Cross references nee Note. drowne: alcep

drowey: alcepu, aluggish, drub: beat

dry, n : prohibitionist.

shut (rare).

duck, v. i. & t. 1. See DIP.

2. lower (contextual), bob (jerkily), bend, dodge, bow.

duct, n. channel (contextual); spec. pipe, tube, chimney, funnel, flue.

ductile, a. 1. maileable, tensile; spec. extensible, tractile (rare), tough.

Anionyms: see REFRACTORY, UNYIELD-ING, RIGID.

2. See Plastic, manageable, pliant.

due, a. 1. owed, owing, mature, dueful (archaic), rightful; spec. payable; see ACCRUED.

2. See deserved, proper, adequate, ATTRIBUTABLE.

due, n. 1. droit (law), right; spec. charge, fee, toll, tribute, duty, tax; see DEBT.

3. desert, merit (chiefly in pl.).

duel, n. fight (contextual), rencounter (literary), monomachy (rare); spec. holmgang (rare).

duet, n. composition (contextual), duo (Italian), duetto (rare).

dull, a. 1. See STUPID, CHEERLESS, DE-PRESSING, BLUNT, DARK.

2. Referring to capacity of feeling: dim, insensitive, unfeeling, inapprehensive, gross, Bœotian (fig.), fat, saturnine (literary), obtuse, muzzy (colloq.), blunt, sluggish, inert; spec. numb, languid, besotted, cloudy.

Antonyms: see sensitive.

8. Referring to mental capacity or condition as to interest: spiritless, heavy, dumpish, unanimated, listless, torpid, dead, inanimated, lifeless, indifferent; spec. apathetic, phlegmatic, inapprehensive (rare), sleepy, numb, depressed, dark, lumpish, Bœotian (fig.).

Antonyms: see Sharp, Shrewd, Preco-CIOUS, WITTY.

4. Referring to sensations, as pain: obtuse (rare), heavy.

5. Referring to what affects the mind or attention: vapid, uninteresting, tedious, insipid, tame, dry, jejune (literary); spec. tiresome, insulse (rare), drear (chiefly poetic), dreamsome (rare), dreary, humdrum, monotonous, routine, commonplace, prosaic, prosy, ponderous, irksome, frigid, flat.

Amonyms: see amusing, clever, witty. **6.** Referring to colors: sober, obscure, sad, plain, colorless, somber, grave, sordid; spec. dirty, muddy, gray.

Antonyms: see vivid, bright, glowing. 7. Referring to a surface: lusterless, lackluster, opaque, matt, dead, rayless (rare), flat.

Antonyms: see Bright, Iridescent. 8. Referring to sounds: flat, dead, muffled,

Antonyms: see Clear, Shrill.

9. Referring to a market: flat, inactive, slack; spec. unresponsive.

dull, v. t. 1. See STUPEFY, DEPRESS, DARK-EN, BLUNT.

2. Referring to mental activity: deaden, obtund (chiefly med.), hebetate (rare), numb, benumb, bedull (intensive), blunt, jade (by wearying), retund (rare), dullify (colloq.), damp or dampen (as the appetite, desire, ardor, etc.), blur, besot (with dissipation), torpify (rare); spec. cloud.

Antonyms: see STIMULATE.

8. Referring to a surface: unpolish (rare), deaden; spec. tarnish.

4. Referring to colors: deaden, somber (rare), sober.

dullness, n. 1. Spec. cheerlessness, darkness, bluntness, stupidity, depression, flatness, deadness.

2. insensitiveness, unfeelingness; spec.

meropia, numbness, languidness.

3. spiritlessness, dumpishness, lifelessness, heaviness, doldrums (pl.; fig.), ennui; spec. apathy, lethargy, sleepiness,

4. uninterestingness, tediousness, tedium, insipidity, frigidity, monotony, etc.

5. Referring to colors: sobriety, obscurity, plainness, etc.

Antonyms: see Brightness.

6. Referring to a surface: lusterlessness, mattness, opacity, etc.

duly, adv. rightly, right, deservedly, properly.

dumb, a. 1. voiceless, mute, inarticulate, tongueless.

2. See silent, noiseless.

dumb, v. t. gag (fig. or in transferred senses), disvoice (rare).

dump, n. 1. See COUNTER.

2. dumpling (person of rounded outline). dump, n. Spec. tip, tipple (local, U.S.). dung-eating, a. coprophagous.

dungeon, n. 1. donjon, keep.

2. Spec. oubliette (French); see VAULT, PRISON.

dupe, n. victim (contextual), dotterel (fig.), pigeon (cant), gull, cully, fool (archaic), stale (archaic).

dupe, v. t. deceive, fool, victimize (collog.), pigeon (cant), gull; spec. cheat.

duplicate, n. double; spec. copy, replica, facsimile.

duration, n. Spec. continuance, quantity,

Cross references: see Note. dummy, a.: pretend. dummy, n.: mute, blockhead, agent, counterfeit, model.

dumpish: stupid. dun, a.: drab. dun, v. t.: ask.

depressed, dull,

duplicate, v. t.: double, copy, repeat. durance: duration, imprisonment, confinement.

date, term, tenor, longitude (rore), time, durance (archaic).

during, a pending, within, in, through,

over (a period of time).

dust, n. dirt (contextual), powder, pother (rare); spec smother, coom or coomb (Scot. or local Eng.), breeze, cully, slack, culm, ashes, pouce, pounce, smoke.
duty, n 1. obligation, ought (rare), devoir

(archaic).

 obligation, part, charge, business (spec. or fig.), spec. office, function, task, burden, trust, commission.

Antonyms see PRIVILEGE,

3. See TAX.

dwarf, n. diminutive, pygmy or pigmy (often spec.), droich (Scot.), hop-o'-mythumb (lucrary); spec bantam, midge, midget, runt (contemptuous, erc. of animals), Lilliputian (spec. or fig.), fingerling (rare), dandiprat (archaic), micromorph (sech. and rare), manikin, Negrito, Negrillo.

Antonyms: see GIANT.

dwarf, a. dwarfish or pygmy, pigmy, dwarfly (rare), undershapen (rare), undersized, runtish (contemptuous, exc. of animals), undergrown, runty (U. S.); spec. scrubby.

Antonyms: see GIGANTIC.

dwart, v. t. 1. stunt, bedwarf (intensive).

2. See DIMINISH, BELITTLE.

dwell, v. i. 1. See DELAY, CONTINUE.

2. abide, reside (formal), domicile (chiefly) legal), live, harbor (archaic), wont (rare), inhabit (rare), stay (colloq.), tenant (rare), lodge, home (rare), inhabit (rare), keep (rare); spec. house, cabin, kennel, den,

tabernacle, tent, room, sojourn, tarry.

3. harp (in "to harp on").

dweller, n inhabitant, abider, liver (chiefly U. S.), habitant (rars), residentiary, resident (chiefly formal or tech.); spec. denizen. "Inhabitant" and "resident" are

the two common terms.

dwelling, n. abode (chiefly literary), tenement (chiefly tech.), inhabitation, lodging, lodge (chiefly spec.); spec. house, cottage, establishment, tent, tepee, shanty, shack, dugout, manse, mansion, castle, hutch (contemptuous), hut, gunyah (Australia), hermitage, igloo (Eskimo), familistery, bourock (Scot.), cot, barrack, bothy, chalet, cell, den, bungalow, court, doghole, embassy, cabin, bower, drosty, booth (archau), tabernacle.

dye, n. 1. See COLOR.

 pigment (contextual); spec. grain, dyestuff.

dye, v. t. color (contextual), strain, grain (spec. or poetic), imbue (luterary); spec. tinge, shade, double-dye, ingrain. dying, a moribund (luterary or learned),

fey (archaic), mortal; spec. commorient. dyspeptio, a. 1. indigestive.
2. See IRASCIBLE.

E

eager, a. 1. See spirited, strenuous. 2. desirous, keen, fervent, fervid, hotheaded, hot (collog.), zealous, ardent, agog (predicative); spec. vehement, earnest.

Anionyma see APATHETIC.

eagle, n. erne (now chieft yspec.); spec. ringtail, sore-eagle, griffin, harpy, eaglet. car, n. head (of various composite fruits.

as cereals); spec. spike.
ear, n. 1. listener (slang); referring to the external ear: lug (chrefty Scot.), shell (chrefty poet), concha (tech), conch (rare); spec. prick-ear, crop-ear.

2. projection (contextual), lug; spec. loop,

canon, cannon.

8. See HEARING, ATTENTION, AUDIENCE.

earache, n. otalgia (tech.).

eardrum, n. drum (contextual), tympanum (tech).

eared, a. spiked (like corn).

earlier, a. old (contextual), former, previous, elder.

Antonyms: see LATER.

early, adv. betimes, soon; spec. timely. early, a. rathe (poetic); spec. timely, auroral, matutinal or matinal, rareripe, ratheripe or rathripe (poetic), precocious. Antonyms: see LATE.

earmark, v. t. Spec. crop, dog's-ear, dog-

earmest, n. 1. payment (contextual), installment (contextual), handsel; spec, God's penny (now dial.), earnest-money.

3. Referring to an indication of what is to come: pledge, promise, handsel, foretaste. earnest, a. 1. intent, serious, intense; spec. eager, impassioned, animated, cordial.

Antonyms: see INSINCERE, TRIFLING, PLAYFUL.

2. See IMPORTANT.

earnestness, n. earnest (only in "in earnest," "in real earnest," etc.), impressment (rare), seriousness, intentness. Antonyms' see PLAY.

Cross references: see Note. durens: imprisonment, conetraint.

dusky: dim. dust, p. i.: dirty, powder, clean.

dwindle: decline, diminish.

eagle-eyed: sharp-makted, discernina

earlier: before, earliest, a first, original, earli: pain earmark, s. t.: mark earnest-money: earnest.

earnings, n. pl. 1. pay (sing.; contextual), gettings (pl.; archaic), wages (pl. or sing.; chiefly spec.), salary (sing.; chiefly **spec.**).

2. See PROFITS.

earth, n. 1. planet (contextual), ball (fig.), globe, terrene (rare), terra (tech.), Tellus (fig.; literary), world (chiefly spec.); spec. counterearth, Midgard (mythol.).

2. world (as the home of man and other creatures), mold or mould (poetic or obs.).

3. Referring to the solid substance of the earth: ground, clod (literary), glebe (poetic or rhetorical), land, mold or mould (poetic or obs.); spec. rock, sand, mud, muck, dirt (colloq.; often derogatory or contemptuous), clay, loam, hard pan (chiefly U. S.), dust, etc.

4. Referring to that part of the ground in which plants grow: soil, mold or mould (poetic or spec.); spec. loam, humus, dirt

(colloq.), muck.

5. Referring to worldly things or state: world (used with "the").

6. See MANKIND, BURROW.

earth-born, a. 1. terrigenous (rare).

3. See HUMAN, WORLDLY.

earthen, a. earth; spec. stone, dirt, clay, mud, etc.;—the nouns used altributively.

earthenware, n. crockery; spec. cloam, cloom (obs. or dial. Eng.), china, delf or delit, pottery, stoneware, crouchware, porcelain, Wedgewood ware, pebble or pebbleware, majolica, terra-cotta, Belleek, etc.

earthly, a. 1. terrestrial, earthy (rare).

2. unspiritual, nonspiritual; spec. material, worldly, sensual, bodily, temporal. Antonyms: see divine, spiritual, ethe-REAL.

3. conceivable, possible.

earthquake, n. quake, shock, seism (rare); spec. microseism.

earthworm, n. angleworm, dew-worm; spec. lobworm.

earthy, a. 1. earthlike, cloddy (depreciatory), terrene (rare), glebous (rare); spec. muddy, clayey, dusty.

2. terrestrial.

3. See material, gross, coarse.

earwax, n. cerumen (tech.).

ease, n. 1. comfort.

2. easiness; spec. carelessness, freedom, relief, facility, leisure, convenience, rest, repose, content, unconstraint, unconcern.

Antonyms: see Constraint, difficulty. ease, v. t. 1. See comfort, mitigate, re-LIEVE, DIMINISH.

2. facilitate, smooth, favor.

easily, adv. easy (colloq. or vulgar); spec. conveniently, carelessly, smoothly, glib, readily, gently, etc.

east, n. 1. dawn (poetic), orient (poetic or

archaic), rise (fig.).

Antonyms: see WEST.

2. east country, eastland (now poetic); spec. Orient.

eastern, a. eastwardly, eastward, east (more collog. and usual than "eastern"), eoan (rare), auroral or aurorean (literary), orient or oriental (rare, exc. as capitalized and spec., of the Levant), easterly.

Antonyms: see Western.

easterner, n. oriental (rare, exc. as capitalized and spec.), easterling (archaic, exc. hist.).

easy, a. 1. comfortable.

2. Spec. free, unembarrassed, unconstrained, effortless, tractable, careless, smooth, ready, facile, natural, graceful, airy, soft, gentle, moderate, indolent, unconcerned, easy-going, restful, compliant, complaisant, credulous, loose, wealthy.

Antonyms: see SEVERE.

3. facile, light; spec. convenient.

Antonyms: see difficult.

easy-going, a. easy, jog-trot, happy-go-

est, v. t. 1. consume (contextual), devour, discuss (humorous), demolish (slang), mandicate (rare); spec. engorge (rare), touch, gormandize, gluttonize, dispatch

(colloq.), table (rare), gorge.

2. See consume, corrode, erode, wear. eat, v. i. feed (now chiefly of animals), victual (rare); spec. gorge, pick or peck (fig., colloq., or slang, exc. of birds), raven, gormandize, mess, lunch, board, common (chiefly in school and college use), dine, dinner (rare), sup, supper (rare or colloq.), collation (obs.), breakfast, grub (slang). eatable, a. edible, esculent (tech. or liter-

Antonyms: see uneatable.

ary), ciborious (rare).

eatable, n. edible, esculent (literary or tech.), comestible (learned and usually humorous or affected), gustable (rare).

eater, n. consumer, devourer; spec. epicure, gorger, glutton, diner, luncher, gourmet (French).

eating, a. 1. eadacious (chiefly humorous).

2. Spec. corrosive, erosive, gnawing. eating, n. 1. consumption, devourment, manducation (rare), eat (obs., slang, or

2. gastrology.

cant), repast (rare).

3. Spec. consumption, corrosion, erosion, fretting, etc.

eating house. restaurant; spec.

Cross references: see Note. earshot: hearing.

easeful: comfortable. easel: support.

east, a.: eastern. easterly, a.: eastern. chophouse, coffee house, caffeteria, eat | ecstasy, n. gladness (contextual), rapture, (cant or slang).

caves, n. pl. overhang.

ebony, n. 1. Referring to the wood: ebon (now poetic).

2. See DARK.

eccentric, a. 1. Spec decentered.

2. Spec. elliptic, parabolic, hyperbolic.

3. peculiar, queer, odd, oddish, strange, bizarre, singular, erratic, cranky, outre (French), quaint, outlandish; spec. fantastie, abnormal, whimsical, etc.

eccentric, n. crocheteer (rare), hobbyist, monomaniae, crank (collog.), curiosity, quiz (rare), original; spec guy.

eccentricity, n. peculiarity, queerness, oddity, oddness, strangeness, bizarrerie (French), singularity, errationess, crankiness, quaintness, outlandishness; spec. fantasticalness, abnormality, whimsicality, etc.

ecclesiastic, ecclesiastical, a. church (the attributive use of the noun), churchly;

spec. religious.

ecclesiastic, n. Spec. churchman, conventual, prior; see MONK, NUN, MINISTER. scho, n. 1. reverberation (learned or tech.), reply, return, repercussion (rare), reflec-tion (rare or tech); spec. re-echo.

2. See REPETITION, IMITATION.

echo, v. f. f. reverberate, return; spec. reecho.

2. See REPEAT, COPY.

echo, v. i. reverberate, resound, reply, ring, redound (rare); spec. re-echo.

economical, a. economizing, saving, sparing, thrifty, provident, parsimonious (rare), frugal; spec. cheap.

Antonyme: see EXTRAVAGANT, WASTE-

economics, n. political economy, chrematistics (often spec.), plutonomy (rare),

plutology (rare). economist, n. political economist, chrematist (chiefly spec ; rare); spec physiocrat. economise, v. t. save, husband, stint, scant,

spare, scrimp (collog.), skimp (collog.).

Antonyms: see WASTE.

economise, v. i. save, stint, scant, spare, retrench, scrimp (collog), skimp (collog.). economy, n. economizing, economization (rore), saving, thrift, thriftiness, savingness, providence, parsimony (rare), sparing, husbandry, husbanding, skimping (collog.), scanting (collog.); spec. retrenchment.

Antonyms: see WASTE, EXTRAVAGANCE.

transport, rapt (rore), raptus (rore), paroxysm, intoxication, enthusiasm, rav-ishment (rore); spec. trance, frensy, agony, madness, nympholepsy.

Antonyms, see APATHY, CALM.

eestatic, a. glad (contextual), transported, ecstasied, rapt, enrapt, enraptured, rapturous, rhapsodical, raptured; spec. enthusiastic (rare).

Antonyms: see APATHETIC, CALM.

eddy, n. countercurrent (contextual; rare), swirl; spec. whirlpool.

eddy, v. i. swirl, gurge (rare). edge, n. 1. Referring to a projecting part where two surfaces meet at an angle. spec. featheredge, face, beard, bit, burr, hip, groin, arris, bezel, waney, gunwale or gunnel, crest, hem, verge.

2. Referring to the place where a surface z. Referring to the place where a surjace terminates: verge, margin, limit (chiefly in pl.), bound, brim (chiefly spec.), side, coast (archaic), bordure (chiefly her.), lip, rim, brink, border; spec. skirt (chiefly in pl.), hem, outskirt (chiefly in pl.), limb, exergue, list, selvage or selvedge, footing, fringe, listing, edging, leech, deckle edge, herm, such hesel, hank berm, curb, besel, bank.

Antonyms: see BODY, CENTER.

3. intensity; spec. sharpness, zest, keenness, bitterness, sting.

edge, v. t. 1. See sharpen.

2. border, rim, margin, skirt, marginate (rare); spec. fringe, befringe (rare), purl, belace.

edged, a. 1. See SHARP.

2. marginate (tech.), listed, margined, bordered, etc.

edging, n edge (contextual), spec. skirt (rare), welt, welting, frill.

edict, n. 1. decree (contextual); spec. bull, capitulary, constitution.

2. See DECISION.

edit, v. t. 1. reduct (tech. or literary); spec. revise, arrange, digest.

2. conduct (for publication, as a periodical).

editing, n. redaction; spec. revision, recension.

edition, n. reduction; spec. (referring to the number printed at one printing) issue, impression, impress, printing.

editor, n. 1. redactor (tech. or literary), redacteur (French), reviser.

2. conductor (as of a periodical).

editorial, n. leader (chiefly British); spec. leaderette (chiefly British).

Cross references see Note.

obb, n putpo, decline.
obb, v i outflow, decline.
obuilition: boiling, bubbling. agitation.

éclat: distinction eclectic: choosing. eclipse, n. obscuration, darkeclipse, v. L.: obscure, darken,

eclogue: dyl ecliptic: circle. edible: catable. edifice: building. odity: improve.

cultured.

Antonyms: 866 UNEDUCATED.

education, n. 1. breeding (bringing up).

2. See TEACHING, TRAINING.

3. training, culture.

efface, v. t. remove (contextual), obliterate, erase (properly spec.), expunge, excise (properly spec.), delete or dele (tech.), out-blot (poetic), strike (esp. with "out," etc.); spec, dislimn (rare), rase (rare), snuff,

Antonyme: see interpolate.

effect, n. 1. consequence, fruit (fig.); spec. superconsequence, impress, outcome.

2. Referring to mental effect on a person: impression, impressure (rare), ensemble (French), impress.

3. See MEANING, ACTION, ACTUALITY.

4. In pl.: goods

offect, v. I. cause, produce, effectuate, have; spec. operate, work, force, accomplish, drive, contrive, negotiate, compass, conclude, make, contract, execute, perform, conjure, weep, smile, etc.

effective, a. 1. causative, active, operative, dynamic, dynamical.

2. As implying power or potency in producing results: efficacious, effectual, efficient, good (of persons), perficient (rare), prevalent (rare), deedful (rare).

Antonyms: see Barren, INEFFECTUAL,

UNPRODUCTIVE.

3. In reference to affecting a person's opinion, feeling, or the like: impressive, forceful, efficacious, telling, fetching, (collog.), pointed; spec. cogent, stunging, cutting, striking, convincing.

effectiveness, n. causativeness, effectuality, efficaciousness, efficiency, point, forcefulness, cogency, virtue, duty.

effeminacy, n. womanishness, invirility (rare), woman (rare, exc. as equiv. to toomanliness), femininity, feminity (rore); spec. tenderness, weakness, delicary.

effeminate, a. womanish, ladylike (properly spec.), soft, ailken (fig.; used of men), unmanly (used of men), tender, weak, delicate.

Antonyms: see Manliness.

effeminate, n. Sardanapalus (fig.), milk-sop, mollycoddle, tenderling (rare); spec. betty, molly.

educated, a. lettered, literate (learned), effeminate, v. t. soften, amolliate (rers), emasculate (a man).

Antonyms: see toughen.

effete, a. exhausted.

effloresce, v. t. Referring to a formation on minerals, salt solutions, etc.: bloom; spec. crust.

efficrescence, n. bloom, florescence, pulverulence, powder; spec. crust.

effort, n. 1. exertion, endeavor, strife, stretch, strain, stress, push (fig.; colloq.), spurt or spirt, trouble, attempt, try; spec. breath, burst, struggle.

2. See DEED.

effulsion, n. 1. See OUTFLOW, UTTERANCE, EXPRESSION, COMPOSITION.

 demonstration (of feeling), guah, slopping over (contemptuous, colloq.).

effusive, a. 1. See LUXURIANT. 2. demonstrative (which see), gushing, exuberant.

Antonyms: see impassive, unemotional. egg-shaped, a. oviform, oval, ovate, ovoid, ovoidal (rore), ovicular (rore), ellipsoidal

(a loose usage); spec. obovate.
egoism, n. 1. individualism, self-feeling; spec. suicism (rare), selfishness, self-seek ing, self-opinionatedness, weism (rare), solipsism (philos.), see selfishness.

3. See EGOTISM.

egoistic, a. 1. individualistic, self-regarding, self-centered; see BELFIER. 2. See EGOTISTIC.

egotism, n. conceit, egoism, suicism

(rare).

egotistic, a. egotistical, conceited (contextual), egotistic, self-obtruding.

eight, n. Referring to a group of eight things: octave (chiefly spec.), ogdoad (learned), octonary (chiefly spec.), octad, octet or octette (rare).

eight-angled, a. octangular (tech.). eightfold, a. octuple (learned or tech.).

eighth, n. octave (mus.); spec. suboctave

eight-sided, a. octahedral (tech.), octahedric (tech.), eight-square (chiefly naut).

ejaculate, v. t. 1. See EJECT.

2. To utter: blurt, bolt; spec. exclaim. eject, v. t. 1. emit, expel, ejeculate (chiefly physiol.), cast (used with "out"; rare); spec. fire, belch, spew, eructate, eruct, erupt, eliminate (obs. or humorous), spit,

Cross references see Note.

educate: train, teach
educational: instructive.
eduction: drawing. eduction: drawing. exte: fearful werd. effectual: effective. effectuate: accomplish. effectuate: bubble. effectuate: bubble. effete: exhausted afficacious: effective efficiacy: effectiveness, ability efficient: effectiveness, ability efficient: effectiveness,

effigy: figure efficience: oulflow, emanation. effrontery: impudence.
effulgent: bright, luminous.

effuse, a.: diffuse, spreading.
effuse, v. i · emil, emanule.
effuse, v. itseoms: afterwards,
again, immediately.
egesta: excrement.
egg, v. i. incite, urps.
egregious: ourapeous.
egress: erit, oulded.
egotistical: egitide.

spout, squirt, deliver, void, evacuate, dis- | gorge, regorge; see vomit.

Antonyms: sec inject

2. To drive from a place or position remove, oust, expel, dispossess, bounce (slang); spec. disseize, evict, unnest, unkennel, unhouse.

efection, n. 1. emission, expulsion, ejaculation (chiefly spec.), spec delivery, firing, belching, belch, spewing, eructation, eruption, spouting, squirt, squirting, delivery, voidance, out-throw (rare), disgorgement.

Antonyma: see INJECTION.

2. ouster, expulsion, dispossession, disseising, eviction, removal.

3. ejecta (pl.), ejectamenta (pl.); spec.

spew, vomit.

elaborate, a. labored, operose (rare); spec studied, perfected, complicated, detailed, c irious, dressy.

Antonyme see SIMPLE, ELEMENTARY. elaborate, v. t. work out, develop, labor,

elaborateness, n. elaboration, detail, nicety, complication, etc.

elaboration, n. 1. development, painstaking, perfection, devising.

2. See ELABORATENESS.

elastic, c. 1. realient (chiefly tech.), springy; spec. expansive.

Antonyms see Plastic, inelastic.

2. See BUOYANT (in mind).

elate, v. f. excite, enliven, exhilarate, exalt, elevate (now rare), flush, animate; spec. please, gladden, puff, inflate.

Antonyms: see DEPRESS, ANNOY. elated, a. elate (archaic or poetic), exalted, swollen, flushed, exhilarated, animated; spec. joyful, glad, inflated, puffed-up.

Antonyms: see Depressed elation, n. excitement, enlivenment, exaltation, flush, elevation (now rare), animation; spec. joy, pride.

Antonyms: see DEPRESSION.

elbow, n. ancon (tech.), joint (contextual). elbow, v. t. push, nudge (gently); spec.

elbowlike, a. anconal, anconoid; -both tech

eleat, v. t. choose; spec. return, predesti-

elect, a. chosen; spec. predestinated.

elect, n. Spec. predestinate.

election, n. choice; spec. by-election, predestination.

elective, a 1. choosing, spec. constituent.

2. optional, optative, selective, electoral (chiefly spec.).

elector, n. chooser; spec. constituent, voter.

electorate, n. constituency

electric, a. 1. Spec. voltaic, faradaic, thermoelectric, piezoelectric, etc.

2. See THRILLING, EXCITING, STIMULAT-

electrified, a. live (rail, etc.).

electrify, v. t. 1. electrize; spec. galvanize, faradize

2. See THRILL, EXCITE, STIMULATE, STARTLE.

elegance, n. Spec. grace, refinement, courtliness, daintiness, featness (archaic), nicety, finish, cultusm, Gongorism, purism, finery.
elegant, a. "Elegant" implies good taste

elegant, a. and more or less ornateness, grace, discrimination, or the like, such as is associated with the cultured classes. Hence, with this implication: spec. sesthetic (learned or hierary), graceful, refined, courtly, Chesterfieldian, Ciceronian, dainty, shapely, trim, feat (archaic), nice, genteel (now chiefly used somewhat disparagingly), silken or silky, chaste, cultured, neat, polished, finished.

Antonyms; see CRUDE. elegist, n. threnodist, monodist.

element, n. 1. See COMPONENT, PART.

2. Formerly: spec. earth, air, fire, water. 3. Now chem., see the list in the diction-

4. Spec. datum, condition, moment or momentum (tech. or literary), factor, principle, germ, rudiment, fundamental, principium (rare), primary.

5. In the Christian religion: spec. host, bread, wine, eulogia (hist.), Eucharist.

elementary, a. 1. component (rare). See

SIMPLE, UNCOMPOUNDED.

3. initial, rudimentary, inchoate, incipient, primary, fundamental, basal or basic, primordial.

Anlonyms: see ELABORATE. elephant, n. Spec. foal, turker, mammoth, mastodon.

elevate, v. t. 1. See RAISE (physically), ELATE.

2. To raise in rank, etc : raise, advance, exalt, aggrandize; spec. dignify, promote, ennoble.

Antonyms see ABASE, DEGRADE.

3. To raise the mental or moral character of: raise, lift, exalt; spec. refine.

tar Cross references see Note. ejective: expulate elea: also élan: ardor, spirit. elapse: passing.

eld: age antiquity elder, a 'earlier, old, superior.

elder, n semior elderly: old, eldest: oldest

elect: chosen electioneer: comparyn. elegiae: mournful. elegy: duye

Anionyma: see contaminate, degrade. elevated, a. 1. See HIGH, UPTURNED.

2. Referring to mental or moral character: high, lofty, grand, sublime, soaring, empyreal (fig.), grandiose, high-flown, buskined (literary), noble, magnificent.

Antonyms: see vile, degraded, de-

PRAVED.

elevating, a. ennobling, inspiring, exalt-

Antonyms: see contaminative.

elevation, n. 1. See RAISING, DELINEA-

2. raising, advancement, exaltation, aggrandization; spec. dignification, promotion, ennoblement.

Antonyms: see DEGRADATION.

3. raising (morally or intellectually), lifting, exaltation; spec. refinement.

Anionyms: see DEGRADATION.

4. Referring to state or position or elevated rank, as in character: spec. height, dignity, eminence, eminency.

Antonyms: see DEGRADATION, DEPRAV-

5. Referring to an elevated object or place: height, eminence (chiefly literary); spec. hill, swell (of land), mountain.

Antonyms: see HOLLOW.

elevator, n. lift (chiefly Eng. or tech.), hoist (chiefly spec.); spec. whim, dumbwaiter.

eleventh, a. undecennary (tech. or learned). elf, n. demon (contextual), sprite, fairy, imp (chiefly spec.), elfin, pygmy, puck, pixy; spec. urchin.

elfish, a. demonic (contextual), impish (chiefly spec.), fairy, elfin, elvish; spec.

mischievous, weird.

elicit, v. t. draw (used with "forth" or "out"), extract, call (used with "out"), evoke, fetch (now becoming colloq. or rare), educe, expiscate (humorous or Scot.); spec. wrest or wring, extort, pump.

Elite, n. chosen (pl.), flower (collective

sing.); see CHOSEN, BEST.

elocution, n. utterance; spec. delivery, oratory, eloquence.

elocutionist, n. Spec. reader, speaker. eloquence, n. facundity (rare); spec. ora-

tory.

eloquent, a. facund (rare); spec. Ciceronian, oratorical.

else, a. other, different, besides or beside (predicatively used), more.

Antonyms: see alike.

else, adv. differently, otherwise.

elucidate, v. t. clarify, illucidate (rare), illuminate, illustrate; spec. explain, interpret, demonstrate.

Antonyms: see Confuse.

elucidative, a. illustrative, demonstrative, clarifying, illucidative, illuminative, illuminatory; spec. explanatory, interpretative.

Antonyms: see Confusing.

elusive, a. 1. evasive;—seeking to evade, as

the grasp.

2. elusory, lubricous (literary), slippery (fig.), subtle, shifty, baffling, shy; spec. deceptive, equivocatory, illusory.

emaciate, v. t. thin, waste, extenuate

(rare), disflesh (rare).

emaciation, n. leanness, tabescence (rare). emanate, v. t. emit, effuse; spec. exhale, evaporate, radiate.

emanate, v. i. flow, proceed, issue, come;

spec. exhale, evaporate, radiate.

emanation, n. 1. emission, effluence, effluvium (thing emanated), efflux; spec. aura, exhalation, mephitis (noxious).

2. Referring to impalpable things: evapora-

tion, radiation.

emasculate, v. t. 1. See Castrate.

2. weaken, unman; spec. effeminate, efteminize.

embankment, n. 1. embanking.

2. mound (rare); spec. dike, remblai (French), mole, bulwark, bund (Anglo-Indian).

embarrass, $v.\ t.\ 1.\ {
m discomfort},\ {
m demoralize},$ disconcert, discomfit; spec. nonplus, involve, bother, abash, encumber, trouble, harass, annoy, shame, mortify, hamper, confuse.

Antonyms: see disembarrass.

2. See complicate.

embarrassing, a. demoralizing, awkward, difficult, disconcerting, bothersome, etc.

Antonyms: see assure.

embarrassment, n. discomfort, disconcertion, disconcertedness (the state), discomfiture; spec. cumber, confusion, shame, difficulty, mortification, constraint, abashment, involvement, pressure, trouble, vexation, perplexity, etc.

Antonyms: see Assurance.

embassy, n. 1. commission, embassade (archaic), embassage (archaic).

2. legation, embassage (archaic), embassade (archaic).

3. residence (contextual), legation.

Cross references: see Note.

elide: delete. eligible: qualified.

eliminate, v. t.: expel, excrete, omit, ignore, suppress, abstract. **elixir:** drug.

ellipsis: omission. eloign: remove.

elongate, v.: lengthen.

elongate, a.: lengthened, oblong.

elope: depart. elude: evade, avoid. elusion: evasion, avoidance. emaciated: thin.

emancipate: free. embalm: preserve.

embark, v. t.: ship, invest. embark, v. i.: engage.

embattle, v t. crenel (rare), crenellate | embrasure, n. 1. Spec. splay.

embed, v. t. bed, impaste (rare), enlay (chiefly spec.).

embellish, v. t. enrich; spec. vary, em-

blazon, emblaze. embezzle, v t misappropriate, misapply, convert, peculate (chiefly spec.). "Em-bezzling" is accomplished by fraud or breach of trust in relation to property al-ready legally in one's possession; "stealing" by wrongfully getting possession of property with intention to appropriate it.

embessie, v. i. misappropriate, defalcate,

poculate (chiefly spec.).
embitter, v. t. 1. Referring to the laste: see BITTER

2. Referring to the mind envenom, empoison (literary), rankle (rare), sour, exacerbate (make more bitter; literary). Antonyms: see BOFTEN.

3. Referring to persons: exasperate, poison, envenom; spec. exacerbate (literary). Antonyms: see BOFTEN.

embodiment, n. bodiment, insubstantiation (rare), image, incorporation; spec. incarnation, personification, personation (rare), impanation, avatar (theosophy), epiphany.

embody, v. t. incorporate, corporate (rare), body, insubstantiate (rore); spec. incar-nate, impersonate, endesh (rore), encarnalize (rare), personify, impanate, pillar.

Antonyma: see SPIRITUALIZE. embolden, v. t. hearten, encourage, embrave (rare), nerve, inspirit; spec. reasaure

Antonyma: see DISCOURAGE.

embose, v. t. 1. Referring to a surface: ornament (contextual), boss; spec. knot, pounce (hist.).

Antonyms see INDENT.

2. Referring to projecting parts: raise, boss, spec, knot,

embrace, v. t. 1. clasp (contextual), clutch (contextual), clip (archaic or dial.), fathom (rare), halse (Seet), hold (contextual), bosom (fig.), fold, infold or enfold (intensive), entwine (intensive), grapple, embosom (intensive), hug; spec. cuddle, lock, enlock (intensive; rare), nurse.

1. See INCLUDE, ADOPT, ACCEPT, RECEIVE. embrace, n. 1. clasp (contextual), clip (archaic), embracement (rare), hold (contextual), fold, hug.

3. See EMBRACE, ADOPTION, ACCEPTANCE, RECEPTION, ESPOUSAL.

2. opening (contextual), vent (rare); spec. porthole (mil.).

embroider, v. t. ornament (contextual), work; spec. branch, lace, tambour, couch. embroidered, a. ornamented (contextual), worked, spec. orphreyed or orfrayed.

embroidery, n. ornamentation (contextual), work; spec. orphrey or orfray, sampler, spatterwork, needlework, insertion, orris, phulkari (East Indian).

embroil, v. t. Set by the ears; -no single-

word synonyms.

embryo, n. 1. Spec. fetus or feetus, conception (fig.), corcle or corcule (bot.), mole or

2. See BEGINNING.

emerge, v. i. 1. issue; spec. peep, outcrop (also fig), appear.

Antonyms: see SINK, DIP.

2. See ARISE.

emergence, n. 1. issuance, emergency; spec, outcrop, peeping, appearance, emersion (chiefly astron.).

Antonyms see DIP.

2. Sec ARISING.

emetic, a. vomitory, vomitive (rare), eccritic (rare).

emetic, n. puke (not now in polite usage), vomitory (tech. or rare), vomitive (rare), vomit (rare), eccritic (rare); spec. castor oil, rhubarb, etc.

emigrant, n. migrant; spec. colonist, redemptioner (U. S.).

Antonyms: see immigrant.
emigrate, v. 1. depart (contextual), migrate.

Antonyms: see immigrate.

emigration, n departure (contextual), migration; spec. exodus.

emission, n. t. emitting, discharge; spec. projection, radiation, exudation, emana-tion, expression, exhalation, delivery.

Antonyms see ADSORPTION.

2. See ISSUANCE.

emit, v. t. 1. discharge, deliver, emanate (rare or spec.); spec. shoot, spirt, dart, dartle, squirt (undignified), jet, evolve, radiate, breathe, exhale, effuse, bleed (fig.), express, shed, gush, vent, puff, throw, hurl, foam, outpour.

Antonyms: see SWALLOW, ABSORB.

2. See ISSUE, UTTER

emotional, a 1. emotive.

2. sentimental (to excess or affectedly), pathematic (rars), feeling, pathetic (rars), affective; spec. maudlin, mawkish, demon-

Tooss references see Note emblaze: illuminale omblazon: delineate, depict, embelish celebrate omblem: symbol, badge

ambiematic, emblematical,

a. symbolic emblematice: symbolize. embouchure: mouth, mouth-

embroilment: quarrel. emendable: corrigible emendate: correct. elevated, distineminent: autshed, conspicuous

ENCROACH

strative, sickly (colloq.), sicklied, intense, languorous, languishing, unctious (rare), unctuous, mushy.

Antonyms: see APATHETIC.

emotionalize, v. i. sentimentalize; spec. gush, languish.

emperor, n. monarch (contextual), czar (chiefly spec. & hist.), cæsar (chiefly spec. & hist.), kaiser (chiefly spec. & hist.); spec. kaiserling (chiefly dim.), imperator (hist.), Mikado (lit., Son of Heaven).

emphasis, n. 1. See ACCENT, FORCE.

2. significance, weight, accentuation, accent, stress.

Antonyms: see disregard.

emphasize, v. t. accentuate, stress, mark, punctuate; spec. underline, underscore, enforce.

Antonyms: see disregard.

emphatic, a. forcible, forceful, impressive, decided, strong, significant; spec. intensive, expressive, positive, energetic, unequivocal, distinct.

Antonyms: see Apathetic.

- **empire,** n. 1. domain (contextual), dominion (contextual), imperium (formal or hist.).
- 2. See DOMAIN.
- **employee,** n. employé, agent (rare or tech.), help (a collective); spec. man, hand, servant, clerk. "Employee" is chiefly U.S. Antonyms: see EMPLOYER.
- **employer,** n. governor (slang), boss (cant or slang), master (chiefly legal).

Antonyms: see EMPLOYEE.

emptiness, n. 1. hollowness, voidness, vacuity (literary), inanition (chiefly spec.), vacuousness (rare), inanity (rare), vacancy, vacantness; spec. exhaustion, depletion, etc.

Antonyms: see Fullness.

2. See HOLLOWNESS (of a sound), HUNGER. **8.** Referring to an empty space: inane (literary), void (the usual word), vacuity (lit-

erary or tech.), hollow; spec. vacuum (tech.). 4. unsubstantiality, vanity, hollowness, uselessness; spec. frivolity, vanity, unsatistying, unsatisfactoriness, meaninglessness, triviality, unfeelingness, fruitlessness, senselessness, insincerity, inanity, stupidity, etc.

empty, a. 1. hollow, vacant, vacuous encroach, v. i. advance, accroach (rare),

loaded, unfilled, emptied, exhausted, depleted, distitute, free.

Antonyms: see FULL.

- 2. See HOLLOW (of a sound), HUNGRY, DE-
- **3.** unsubstantial, vain, useless; spec. void, foolish, trivial, unsatisfying, meaningless, frivolous, unfeeling, fruitless, senseless, insincere, inane, stupid, etc.

Antonyms: see significant, pithy.

empty, v. t. 1. void (literary or tech.), deplenish (rare), deplete; spec. buzz (Eng.), disglut (rare), drink, clear, draw, exhaust, gut (fig.), evacuate, bottom (rare), drain. Antonyms: see fill, stuff.

2. See DISCHARGE.

emulate, v. t. rival.

emulation, n. rivalry, vying, competition (for some specific object), strife.

emulous, a. Meaning: desirous of equaling or excelling; strifeful;—no exact synonyms.

enable, v. t. empower.

Antonyms: see disable. enact, v. t. 1. decree, make, pass.

Antonyms: Abolish, Revoke.

3. See ACT.

enamel, n. ornamentation (contextual). glaze; spec. cloisonné (French).

enamor or enamour, v. t. captivate, smite (chiefly in p. p., "smitten"). "Enamor" takes "of"; "captivate" usually "with."

enchase, v. t. 1. See SET, VARIEGATE.

2. ornament (contextual); spec. chase, en-

grave, inlay, emboss.

- encircle, v. t. 1. surround, embrace, encompass, environ; spec. span, twine, ring, enring (intensive), rim, infold or enfold, orb (elevated), loop, morb (rare), march, necklace.
 - 2. See CIRCUIT.
- encore, v. t. recall, call (chiefly in "call before the curtain").
- encourage, v. t. 1. animate, strengthen, hearten, enhearten (intensive), heart (archaic), fortify, chirrup (chiefly spec.), inspirit; spec. reanimate, cheer, abet, embolden, incite, urge, stimulate, assure, reassure, comfort.

Antonyms: see ABASH, DISCOURAGE, OP-PRESS, FRIGHTEN.

2. See APPROVE, AID.

(rare), inane (rare); spec. blank, clear, un- | trench (esp. of immaterial things), in-

Cross references: see Note. emotionless: unfeeling. emphasizing: intensive. empirie: quack. emplacement: platform. employ, n.: use, occupation, service. employ, v. t.: occupy. employment: use, occupation, business, service. [embitter. empoison: poison, contaminate, emporium: market, warehouse. shop. empower: enable, authorize. empress: monarch. empressment: cordiality. demonstrativeness. empyreal: heavenly, fiery. empyrean: heaven. emulge: drain. enable: empower. encamp: camp.

encase: incase. enceinte: pregnant. enchain: bind, confine. enchant: bewitch, captivate, [tivation. please. enchantment: bewilchery, capencomiast: praiser. encomiastic: laudatory. encomium: eulogy. encompass: surround, encircle. encore: again.

ENGROACHMENT

fringe; spec. usurp (rare), invade, trespass, intrude,

encroachment, n. advancement, infringement, infraction, trenching, inroad, invasion, spec, trespass, intrusion, purpres-

encumber, v. t. 1. Implying a hindering by something that burdens, drags upon, clogs or the like cumber, embarrass; spec burden, hamper, obstruct, hinder.

2. lumber, burden; -to weigh down with what is uscless.

Antonyms see UNLOAD.

3. burden, charge; spec. mortgage.

encumbrance, n 1. cumber (rare), cumbrance, cumberment (rare), embarrasament, clog; spec burden, hindrance, obstruction, hamper, baggage.

2. burden, charge; *pec. mortgage, debt. encyclopedia, encyclopædia, n. cyclopedia or cyclopædia (the less usual term), thesaurus (now rare).

encysted, a. bagged, capsuled, saccate

(rare).

end, n. 1. limit, extremity; an reference to space, and now only in "ends of the earth."

 Referring to the terminating part of anything: tip, extremity (the very end), termination (learned), terminal (chiefly tech. or spec), extreme (literary or formal), terminus (literary or formal), desinence (chiefly spec.; rare); spec fag-end, butt or butt-end, stub, remnant, tail, thrum, chump, crop (tech.), tag, ravel, fall, foot, horn, head.

Antonyms: see BEGINNING.

1. Referring to the end or termination of a course, series, etc.: conclusion, termina-tion, determination (formal), close, closure (rare, exc. spec.), stoppage; spec finish, finis (Latin), end-all, period (ar-chaic), consummation, destruction, annihilation, dissolution, finale, (Italian; music), final (music), ending.

Antonyms see BEGINNING 4. Referring to a terminating event, act, etc. dénoûment (French), catastrophe, wind-up (colloq.), finish-up (rare), finish, finale (Italian), ending.

Antonyms, see Beginning,

 Spec. (in reference to discourse) exodium, catastrophe, finale, (Italian), ending, peroration, epilogue, appendix.

Antonyms' see BEGINNING.

8. In reference to lapse of time: period (archaic), ending, lapse, expiration, expiry, termination.

Antonyma: see BEGINNING.

7. Referring to the last part of life: evening. close, extremity (archaic).

Antonyms: see infancy.

8. See DEATH, RESULT, OBJECT.
end, v. f. 1. terminate (a more formal word
than "end"), conclude (formal); spec. finish, stop, close, cease, discontinue, dissolve, abolish, destroy, annihilate.
2. To form an end to terminate, deter-

mine (formal); spec. head, tail, fetch up.

Antonyms see BEGIN.

3. See KILL.

end, v. v. 1. terminate (more formal than "end"), conclude (formal); spec. finish, cease, stop, expire, lapse, discontinue, dissolve, determine (formal).

Antonyms : see BEGIN.

2. To cease to exist. spec. go, die, vanish, disappear, fall.

Antonyms: sec begin.

8. To finish a discourse: close, conclude; spec, perorate.

Antonyma: see BEGIN. 4. See DIE, EVENTUATE.

endanger, v. t imperil, jeopard (rare), adventure (rare), jeopardize, peril (rare), risk, hasard, jeopardy (rare); spec. compromise.

endear, v. l. No synonyms.

endeavor, v. i. try (the common word), seek, attempt, offer, struggle, strive, essay (learned or archaic), labor; spec. study. endeavor, n. trial, try, attempt, effort, struggle, striving, essay (archaic or literary), exertion, offer.

anding, n. 1. See END, DEATH.

2. In reference to words: suffix, postfix, termination, terminant (rare).

ending, a terminating, terminative (rare), concluding, conclusive (obsolesc.), con-clusory, determinating, determinative, etc.; spec finishing, etc.

endless, a. 1. Referring to either time cr space: never-ending (chiefly of time), interminable, termiess (chiefly of time), boundless, indefinite, indeterminable, dateless, interminate, illimitable, unlimited, immeasurable, infinite (oftener of space than time), unending (chiefly of time).

Antonyms: see short, brief, termina-

2. Referring to time only eternal, everlasting, ceaseless, perpetual; spec. undying

Antonyms: see BRIEF.

3. See IMMORTAL, CONSTANT, PURPOSE-LESS.

endless, adv Spec. interminably, boundlessly, indefinitely, infinitely, evermore, constantly, etc.

endow, r t. 1. See DOWER (a bride).

Cross references see Note. emorust: incrust

end: final. endlong: lengthwise

endmost: farthest. endorse: indorse

2. enrich, dow, estate (rare); spec. benefice, portion, remvest

3. enrich (used with "with"), furnish, gift (chiefly in p p., as an adjective).

endowment, n 1. Act of endowing: dota-

tion (learned).

2. Referring to property given by way of endowing: fund, property, foundation (U. S); spec. studentship, fellowship, scholarship, professorship, chair (fig), living, etc.

2. gift, power, dower, dowry; spec. abil-ity; referring to natural gifts or powers of

mind or body.

endue, v. t. indue, clothe, invest; spec. reinvest, grace; -- in reference to permanent

gifts or powers of mind or body.
endurable, a. bearable, tolerable, supportable, abidable, sustainable, sufferable; spec. withstandable, weatherable, livable, stomachable.

Antonyms: see unbearable.

endurance, n. 1. See CONTINUANCE, CON-

BTANCY, PATIENCE.

2. The act of enduring or lasting bearing, abiding, support, sustenance (bookish or tech), tolerance (chiefly tech.), standing, withstanding, durance (archaic), suffer-

Staying power: backbone, bottom, sand (colloq.); spec. fortitude, constancy,

4. The act of enduring or suffering to be tolerance, toleration, abidance, stomaching, enduringness (rare); spec. permission, forbearance, vitality.
endurant, a. tolerant, patient (of evil).
endure, v. i. 1. See continue.

2. abide, bear, suffer; spec. wear, last. endure, v. t. 1. Referring to the capacity or power to suffer unharmed or unimpaired: bear, abide (literary), support, sustain, suffer, tolerate, coendure (spec), stand, withstand, bide (archaic), undergo, stay; spec. weather.

Referring to the will to put up with: tolerate, abide, stand, brook, digest (archaic); spec. stomach, swallow, pocket,

permit, receive.

endways, endwise, adv. 1. Sec UPRIGHT, LENGTHWISE.

2. distad (tech.); -towards the end.

enems, n. injection (contextual), clyster. nemy, n. opponent, adversary, antago-nist "apponent," "adversary," and "an-tagonist" not implying the ill-will or ma-levolence implied by "enemy"), unfriend (rare), Philistine (fig), foe (archaic or rhetorical, exc. in mil. use, often a collective in mil use), forman (archaic or poetic),

hostile (chiefly U.S. and of an American Indian); spec. archenemy, Devil.

Antonyms' see FRIEND, ALLY.

energetic, a. active, vigorous, mettlesome, mighty; spec. hearty, hard, strenuous, trenchant, forceful, forcible, strong, powerful, dashing, emphatic, enterprising, live, robust, spec. see ENTERPRISING.

Antonyms: see APATHETIC energize, v. t. potentialize (rare), activate (tech.; chiefly chem. and biol.), dynamise

(chiefly med.); spec. animate.

Antonyms see WEAKEN, ENERVATE. energy, n. 1. action; -not a good synonym. 2. activity, go (colloq.), vigor, mettle, spirit, force, might, intensity, dash, life, animation. Most of these words have specific implications or associations suggested by their general senses.

Antonyms: see weakness, weariness. 8. power, force, potency, strength; spec. impetus, impulse, momentum, vis viva (tech. Latin), magnetism, electricity.

Antonyms: see INERTIA.

4. Only in reference to persons, ideas, etc.: spirit, vigor, backbone (colloq.), life, animation, pith, verve, drive, vim (colloq.), fiss (colloq.), go (colloq.), go-ahead (colloq.); spec, see ENTERPRISE

Antonyms, see WEAKNESS.

enervate, v. t. wesken, devitalise, unnerve, paralyze, soften; spec. debilitate, emasculate.

Antonyms see STRENGTHEN, ENERGIZE. enfeoff, v. t. infeft (Scots law); spec. subfeu

enfeofiment, a. infeudation, infeftment (Scots law); spec. subinfeudation.

enforce, r t. 1. See COMPEL, EMPHASIZE, STRENGTHEN.

3. In reference to laws, duty, etc.: execute, sanction.

 effranchise (rare); spec. naturalise, endenizen (literary).
engage, v. f. 1. See PLEDGE.

 bind, obligate; spec. betroth.
 Spec bespeak, hire, enlist, book, retaın, brief, fee.

4. To win over: gain.
5. To seize and hold, fasten upon: 00cupy, interest; spec. bite, arrest, catch, attract

Antonyms: see SLIDE.

attack, encounter; spec. reëncounter

engage, v. i. 1. See content, Fight, PROMISE, ENTER, AGREE, CONTRACT. 2. embark (used with "in"); spec. enlist.

2. interlock, interact; apec. gear, pitch, mesh

Cross references see Note-

enfeeble: weaken. enfilade: rake.

enflesh: embody. enfold: envelope, clarp, fold.

engine, n. 1. See instrument, means.

2. Of machines for converting a force into mechanical power (this now being the usual sense of "engine") spec, steam engine, electrical engine, etc., turbine, jiuny, corliss, motor, diesel.

3. Of mulitary engines: spec. matafund, arbalest, ballista, mangonel, lombard,

springal.

engineer, n. machinist (contextual); spec. driver, hydraulician, mechanician, pi-

English, a. Spec. Anglican (mostly refer-ring to the Church of England), British (referring to what is or belongs to Great Britain; now esp. used in referring to political or imperial affairs).

Englishman, n. Englander, Englisher (chiefly Scot.), John Bull (a nickname), gringo (Spanish Amer; contemptuous), apec. Harry, Tommy (slang), milord.

engrave, v. t. 1. grave (archaic or poetic), cut, carve, sculpture, chisel, incise; spec. intaglio (rare), etch, enchase, hatch, crosshatch, mezzotint;—in reference to forming figures on a surface.

3. See PRINT.

engraved, a. graven, sculptured, incised,

cut, spec. intagliated.

engraver, n. graver (rure, exc. of a tool); apec, die cutter, lapicide, etcher, burin (a tool).

engraving, a. carving, glyptic (chiefly

spec.), sculptural.

engraving, n. graving, carving, sculpture (rare), chiseling; spec. intaglio, glyptography, fretwork, chalcography, eerography, gypsography, stylography, petroglyph, heliogravure, photogravure, heliography; an reference to the art or process.

3. graving, carving, sculpture (rare), glyptic (chiefly spec.); spec. intaglio, fretwork, chalcograph, cut (esp. a woodcut), plate (one on metal), triptych, diptych, lithoglyph, taille-douce (French), mezzotint, cerograph, heliograph, photogravure, heliogravure, -referring to the figure produced.

enjoy, v. t. 1. like, relish, joy (archaic). Antonyms: see DISLIKE.

2. experience, have (some experience). enjoyment, n. 1. relish, gusto, gust, zest, fruition (literary or dignified).

Antonyma see dislike, distress. 2. pleasure, gratification, luxury.

enlarge, v. t. 1. increase, extend, widen, aggrandize (learned), greaten (archaic), amplify, largen (rare), magnify (rare); spec. augment, broaden, ream, dilate, distend, drift, thicken, drill, bore (chiefly with "out").

Antonyms: see DIMINISH, ABRIDGE, CON-DENSE, CONSTRICT, CONTRACT.

2. See MAGNIFY.

enlarge, t. t. 1. increase, expand, widen; spec. augment, broaden, dilate, distend, swell.

3. See EXPATIATE.

enlargement, n. 1. increase, extension, widening; spec. broadening, aggrandisement (learned), amplification, augmentation, distension, dilatation, expansion.

Antonyms' sec ABRIDGEMENT, ABSTRACT, CONDENSATION, DIMINUTION.

2. Only of a thing formed by an enlargement spec. bulb, knot, ganglion.

enlarging, a. Spec. expatiatory, crescent, expansive.

enlighten, v. l. 1. See BRIGHTEN.

2. lighten (archaic), illume (rare or literary), illuminate (formal), illumine (rare); spec. educate, civilize, instruct, inform.

Antonyms' see DARKEN, NONPLUS, PER-

enlightenment, n. illumination, light, lightening; spec. culture, civilization, education, learning.

Antonyms. see IGNORANCE.

entist, v. t. Of soldiers, etc.: list, enroll, levy, recruit.

enliven, v. t. 1. See ANIMATE, CHEER.

 animate, exhilarate, actuate (learned), spirit, inspirit, quicken, quick (archaic), fire, brisk (chiefly with "up"); spec. spice, brighten, elate, reanimate.

Antonyms: see CALM, DEPRESS.

enmity, n. dislike (contextual), ill-will, animosity; spec. pique; see MALEVOLENCE, HATRED.

Antonyms: see LOVE.

ennoble, v. t. dignify, exalt, raise; spec. greaten (rare), elevate, glorify, nobilitate (rare), baronize.

Antonyms, see DEGRADE, DEPRECIATE,

ABUSE, DEFAME. ennui, n. tedium, boredom, boreism (rare), see WEARINESS.

Antonyms: see VIVACITY, GAYETY.

enormous, a. large (contextual), titanic,

Cross references see Note. engender: develop.
engineer, v t manage,
engineery: apparatus, machinengorge: surfeit, satiate, obplywet. engraft: graft. engross: copy, absorb, monopolizs.

engult: swallow, absorb advance, inenhance, v. t. intensity, exaggerate, advance enhearten: encourage, enigma: question, riddle, mys-

enigmatic: mysterious. enjoin: bid, dictate, forbid.

enjoyable: pleasant. enormous: immense. enough: adequate. enounce: annames, state, pro-clarm, pronounce, enquire; question, enrage; anger enrapt, enraptured; ecstatic, enrapture; transport, please, enravish; transport,

tremendous, huge, immense, colossal, gigantic, elephantine, vast, prodigious (literary or contemptuous).

Antonyms. see SMALL.

enrich, v. t. 1. richen (rare); spec. millionize, endow.

Antonyms see IMPOVERISH, PLUNDER.

2. See EMBELLISH, FERTILIZE.

enriching, a locupletive (rare). enshrine, v. t. 1. inshrine (a variant), contain (contextual); spec. entemple (rare), tabernacle, enchase (rare).

2. See PRESERVE, CHERISH.

ensign, n. 1. flag (contextual); spec. gonfanon, gonfalon, hatchment, eagle, pen-

2. See BADGE.

enslave, v. t. 1. enthrall (chiefly fig.), slave (rare), thrall (archaic), yoke (figurative), beslave (emphatic), vassal (rare); spec. helotize.

Antonyms: see FREE, DELIVER.

2. See CAPTIVATE.

enslaved, a. bond.

enslavement, n. 1. enthrallment; spec. vassalage, serfage, serfdom.

Antonyms; see FREEING.

2. See CAPTIVATION.

entail, n. tail, tailye or tailzie (Scot.).

entangle, v. t. 1. In a physical sense tangle, ravel, perplex (rare), involve, embrangle (literary); spec. mesh, enlace, inmesh, entrap, mat.

Antonyms: see disentangle, unravel.

2. See CONFUSE.

entangled, a. complex, foul (chiefly naut.),

afoul (predicative).

entanglement, n. 1. tangle, maze, embranglement (literary), ravelment (rare), involvement, intertanglement (rare), perplexity, cobweb (implying fineness); spec. node, knot.

2. See CONFUSION.

enter, v. i. 1. To go or come in: spec. pierce, penetrate.

Antonyms: see issue.

2. To go (into) a subject-matter, book, etc.: dip, dive.

3. To become busied, occupied, etc.: engage; spec. start, go (used with "into").
enter, v. t. 1. In a physical sense: spec.

penetrate, pierce, trespass, invade, board (a ship or, U. S., a railroad train), force.

2. See BEGIN, JOIN, LIST, RECORD. entering, a. entrant, incoming, ingoing.

enterprise, n. 1. project, emprise (ar- entrain, v. t. board.

chaic); spec. scheme, adventure, attempt.

2. energy, push (colloq.), go-ahead (collog).

Antonyma: see LAZINESS.

enterprising, a. energetic, go-ahead (colloq), pushing (colloq.), pushful (colloq.). Antonyms: see LAZY.

entertain, v. t. 1. receive, hospituse (rare); spec. harbor, guest (rers), shelter.

2. Referring to opinions, etc.: hold, cherish, bear, have; spec nurse.

Antonyma: see REJECT.

3. See DIVERT, FEEL.

4. treat (collog), regale (literary); spec. fête, breakfast, dine, dinner, tea, wine, supper (rare).

Spec. hospitator (rare), entertainer, n. harborer (archaic), host, hostess.

Antonyms: see SPONGER.

entertainment, n. 1. reception; spec. hospitation (rare), harboring.

2. See DIVERSION.

3. treat (colloq.), regalement; spec. fête, Friday, gaudy (Eng.), refection, lunch, tea, dinner, spread (colloq.), banquet, supper, breakfast, beanfeast (Eng.).

enthrone, v. t. regalize (spec. or fig.), throne, seat (contextual).

Antonyms: see depose. enthuse, v. i. rave (collog.), kindle; spec. noetize. warm. fanaticize. "Enthuse" is either humorous or vulgar.

entice, v. i. attract, tempt, train (rore), allure, lure; spec. wile, decoy, inveigle.

Antonyms: see REPEL, DISGUST, FRIGHT-

enticement, n. attraction, allurement, temptation, lure; spec. decoy.

enticing, a. attractive, inviting, alluring, tempting, soliciting; spec. decoying. "Entice' implies success in allurement; ing' does not.

Antonyms: see REPELLENT.

entirety, n. entireness, wholeness, integrality, integrity.

entitle, v. t. 1. intitule (chiefly tech.), betitle (derogatory).

2. See QUALIFY, NAME. entrails, n. pl. 1. viscers (now rare), insides (collog. or dial.), guts (now vulgar, or collog. as fig.), intestines, puddings (chiefly dial. and Scot.). The singular form, "entrail," is rare.

2. See VISCERA.

Cross references, see Note. enring: encude: enrobe: cloths. enroll: itst, enist. ensenguine: bloody. [lish, ensenuce: sheller, conceal, estab-ensemble: whole, effect. enunare: enare, catch. ensphere: surround. ensure: follow. ensure: meure. ensuing: coming. entails settle, impose, necessitate. enthals: enclase, captivate.

enthusiasm: ecclosy, frensy, ardor, fanaticism.
anthusiastic: ardeni, enthusientire: complete, absolute, whole, entity: being, thing. entomb: bury.

entrance, n. 1. Referring to the action: entry, ingress (literary), ingression (rare), entrée (French), incoming, ingoing, income (rare), spec. illapse (rare), trespass, début (in society; French).

Antonyms: see 188UE.

1. Referring to the privilege or right: admission, access, entrée (French).

8. Referring to the place or means of entering entry, aperture, ingress, spec. door, mouth, inlet, doorway, adit, vestibule, hallway, lobby, propylon, propyleum, porte-cochère (French), postern, gorge (fortification), gate, foregate, stile. Anlonyms: see exit.

entry, n. 1. See ENTRANCE.

2. listing, spec. registry, registration,

post, posting, credit.

envelope, n. covering, inclosure (literary or elevated); spec incasement, casement (rure), casing (close), mantle, involucre, pack, capsule, film, skin, integument, facing, mantling, shroud, vesture (rare), perianth, mist, veil, konseal, wrap, spathe.

envelope, v. t. cover, wrap (chiefly spec); spec. invest, overroll, pack, jacket, en-shroud, infold or enfold, web, shroud, mantle, involve, encompass.

envious, a. jealous, grudging. envy, v. t. grudge, begrudge,

envy, n. grudgingness, grudging, jealousy, jealousness.

ephemeral, a. short-lived; spec. fugitive, occasional, mushroom, fungous.

Antonyms: see ETERNAL, LASTING, LONG-

epic, c. epopœan (rare); spec. Homeric. epic, n. epopee (rare), epopeeis (archaic), epos; spec. Homeric, Iliad, rhapsody, Dunciad.

epicure, n. epicurean, palatist (rare), opsophagist (rare), deipnosophist (learned), aristologist (learned), bon vivant (masc.; French), bonne vivante (fem; French), gourmet (French), gourmand.

episcopacy, n. 1. pontificality (rare), prelacy (hostile term), prelatism (hostile term).

2. See BISHOPRIC.

episcopal, a. pontifical or pontific (chiefly hist. or spec.), prelatical or prelatic (chiefly a hostile term).

episcopalian, n. prelatist (a hostile term). episcottic, n. Spec. murrain. "Epizcottic" is used of animal diseases only, and corresponds to "epidemic" as applied to man.

equal, a. 1. alike (postpositive), like; spec. coordinate, level, coequal (rare), commensurate, coextensive, parallel, corresponding, equipollent (learned), equivalent, equiponderant (rare), quits (used with "with"), even, isopsephic (rare, tech.), isonomic (rare), coeval, coetaneous, coeternal, identical, tantamount, equipotential, isotropic, isotopic.

Andonyma sec UNEQUAL. 2. See ADEQUATE, IMPARTIAL.

equal, n. fellow, match, peer, compeer (literary), spec. coordinate, parallel, countervail, equivalent.

equal, e. t 1. See EQUALIZE

2. match, even (rare), fellow (used with "with"; literary), spec peer, tie, commeasure, countervail (archaic), rival, parallel, number.

equality, n. parity, equalization, equation (tech or spec.), egality (obs. or French), par (chiefly in "on a par"), level; spec. match, equivalence, peerdom (rare), equipol-lence, equipoise, tie, coevality (rare), co-equality, owelty (law), identity, isopolity, isonomy, equilibrium, isotopy, paral-

Antonyma: see inequality.

equalization, n. 1. equaling, equation.

2. See EQUALITY.

equalize, v. f. equal, equate (chiefly math.), even; spec. par (rare), coordinate.
equally, adv. alike, evenly, indifferently

(chiefly spec.).

equal-sided, a. Spec. isosceles.

equanimity, n. 1. evenness (of temper).

3. See CALMNESS.

equestrian, a. mounted.

equine, a. caballine (rare; literary), hippic (rare), solidungulate (tech.).

equine, n. horse, solidungulate (tech.), soliped (tech.).

Cross references: see Note-entranced: transported. entrancing: transporting, pleasant. entrant: entering. entrant: trap entrat: ask. entract: asking, appeal. entrac: entrana. entrapät: depository. entrust: commit. enunciate: announce, proenvenom: poison embitter, contaminate.

environa: surroundings, neighbarhood borhood
envisage: ensualize. [script,
envoy: diplomatic agent, postenvise: um. lbeorb.
eon: period
epact: period
aplourean: luxurious, palalable sensual. epigram: saying, poem. epigrammatic: concise. epigraph: inscription, episode: digression, occurrence, epistle: letter

environ: encircle, surround. environment: surrounding

epitaph: inscription, epithet: name epitome: abridgment epitomization: abridgment. epitomize: abridge. epoch: date, period. epode: lyric equable: cren, cren-tempered. equanimity: calm, peace. equanimous: cren-tempered, calmoquate: equalize equestrienne: rider [poice. equilibrate: balance, counter-equilibrist: acrobat equilibrium: balance, equality.

equip, v. l. furnish, outfit, provide; spec. harness (archaic), accouter, appoint, dress, accommodate, arm, gird, spar, rig. Antonyms: see DISMANTLE.

equipage, n. turnout (colleg)

equipment, n 1. Referring to the action: furnishing, accountering, accounterment, equipage, provision, appointment.

2. Referring to thing: furniture, furnishings, tackle (chiefly spec.), gear (chiefly spec.), harness (esp. mil.); spec. apparatus, plant, accouterment (often in pl), dress, fitting (chiefly in pl.), appointment, outfit, rigging, rig, armament (chiefly mil.).

erect, a upright, unrecumbent (rare), straight, vertical, perpendicular.

Antonyms see DROOPING, STOOPING. erect, v t. 1. raise, rear; spec. pitch, prick, ruffle, perfect, pedestal.

Autonyms. see Droop. 2. See BUILD, CONSTRUCT, CREATE, ES-TABLISH.

erect, v. i. rise; see Bristle.

erection, n. 1. raising, rearing, etc.

2. See BUILDING, CONSTRUCTION, CREA-TION, ESTABLISHMENT.

erode, v. l. destroy (contextual), eat, wear, consume, fret (away); spec. rub (used with "off"), denude, wash (often used with "away")

erosion, n destruction (contextual), eating, consumption (rare), spec denudation, fret (rare), colation (geol.), washout, watergall (only of the place eroded)

err, v. i. mistake, nod, slip (often used with "up"), trip; spec. fall, wander, stray, stumble, blunder, hallucinate, misbelieve, sin, bull (with "it" as object).

errand, n business (contextual), commission, message, mission, trip.

erroneous, a false, untrue, mistaken (used only of persons), erring (used only of persons), errant (rare); spec. fallacious, devious, misguided (used only of persons). Antonyma: see TRUE.

error, n. Spec erroneousness, obliquity, mistake, solecism, bévue (French), absurdity, blunder, wrong, parepochism (rare), parachronism, corrigendum, fault, erratum, errancy, trip, atumble, slip, fallacy, flaw, misbelief, metachronism, misprint, untruth, misstep.

Antonyms: see TRUTH.

erupt, v. t eject, belch; spec. (of volcanoes) vesuviate (rare).

Antonyms · see swallow.

eruption, n. 1. See EJECTION, OUTBREAK. 2. Spec efflorescence, rash, erythema, brash, blain, exanthema, tetter, vesicle, blotch, malanders or malienders, ecsema, hives, heat.

escape, v. i. 1. scape (archaic), evade (now rare); spec. fly, slip, run, decamp, double. 3. See IBSUE, LEAK.

escape, n. 1. scape (archaic), escapement (rare), scapement (rare); spec avoidance, bolt, evasion (from confinement; rare). 2. See issue, outlet, outplow, leak, LEAKAGE.

escort, n. 1. See accompaniment. 2. attendant, companion, conductor spec. cavalier, burkundaz (Anglo-Indian), psychopomp, safe-conduct, convoy, envoy, gallant, squire, esquire, bodyguard. escort, v. l. accompany (contextual); spec. gallant, squire, conduct; spec. marshal, convoy, guard, walk, support, hand.

escutcheon, n. achievement, scutcheon; spec. shield, hatchment, inescutcheon. especial, c. special, particular; see special,

UNCOMMON.

Antonyms: see COMMON. esplanade, n. maidan (Anglo-Indian); spec. marina (Italian and Spanish), bund (in the far East).

esquire, n. 1. armiger, squire.

2. See GENTLEMAN, OWNER, SQUIRE, ES-CORT.

essence, n. 1. See BEING, SUBSTANCE, EX-TRACT.

quiddity (learned), isness (rare), hypostasis (tech.), principle, hyparxis (tech.; rare), form, inwardness.

1. With various special implications suggested by the original senses: sense, gist, core, kernel, marrow, pith, elixir, quintessence, flower, soul, spirit, life, heart, substance.

essential, a. Spec. substantial, indispensable, constituting, constitutional, inward,

car tross references see Note.
equipolies balance, equality.
equipollent: equal.
equiponderant: equal.
equitable: just.
equit Cross references: see Note. equivalent, n. equal, analogue. equivocal: ambiguous, uncer-tarn, questronable. equivocate: prevariente.
equivocation: ambiguity, preparaculton.

era: date, period. eradicable: destructible. eradicate: obolish. erase: efface. erodent: consuming. erosive: eating erotic: amatory. errantry: knighthood. erratty: knightnod.
erratto: wandering, abnormal,
eccentric, odd, capricious.
erratum: error
erratum: error
erratti: epet
errutate: epet, vomil.
errutate: learned

erudition: learning. escapade: caper escape, v t: avoid. escarpment: bank. eschew: reper.
esculent: ealobs.
espala: discovery.
espousal: betrothal, adoption,
de/ense espouse: betroth, adopt, defend. esquire: escort.

fundamental, elementary, vital; see NEC-1 ESSARY.

essential, n. substantial, secret, life, vitals (pl).

Antonyms: see ACCESSORY, ACCIDENT. establish, v. l. 1. confirm, fix, settle, stabilify (rare), stabilitate (rare), stablish (archaic), stable (rare), secure, set, firm; spec sustain, instate, domicile or domiciliate (chiefly legal), home, install, pitch, root, rear, land (slang or collog.), ensconce, ground, foot (rare), make.

Antonyms: see WEAKEN, ABOLISH.

2. found, institute, constitute, create, erect (chiefly spec), make (as an order, rule, etc.), raise, plant; spec. ordain (ar-chaic), organize, build, appiont, ground. Antonyms: see abolish.

2. See CONFIRM.

establishment, n. 1. confirmation, fix, settlement, fixation, stablishment (rare), securement, firming.

securement, hrimag.

2. creation, constitution, plantation (rare), institution, erection, foundation, instatement (rare); spec. instatement fractally. stabiliment (rare); spec. instatement (rare), organization, installment, installation, upbuilding, ordainment.

s. creation, institution, concern; spec organization, works (pl.), dwelling, church,

school, college, plant.

estate, n. 1. See STATE, RANK, PROPERTY. 2. Spc. demesne, lordship, reversion, domain, feu, feud, curtesy, mesnalty, jointure, lay fee, leasehold, dower, plantation, hacienda (Spanish), term, free-

esteem, v. f. 1. See CONSIDER.

2. respect, prize, regard, favor, admire, appreciate; spec. revere, reverence, venspec. revere, reverence, venerate, worship.

Antonyms: see DESPISE, DISRESPECT.

esteem, n 1. See consideration.

2. respect, regard, favor, admiration, estimation; spec. reverence, worship.

Antonyms: see CONTEMPT, DISRESPECT, ILL WILL.

estimable, a. admirable, precious, valuable, creditable; spec. adorable, worshipful, respectable.

Antonyms: see Abominable, contempt-IBLE.

estrange, v. t. L. See TRANSFER.

alienate, disunite.

Antonyms: see win.

estuary, n. arm (contextual), frith, firth, lough (Anglo-Irish).

etching, n. 1. See CORROSION.

2. engraving (contextual); spec. zinco (Eng.), aquatint.

eternal, a. 1. perpetual, timeless, endless, sempiternous (rare), sempiternal, everlasting, eviternal (chiefly spec.; rare), eterne (archaic or poetic); spec. coeternal. Antonyms: see EPHEMERAL, BRIEF, TEM-PORARY.

2. See CONSTANT, ENDLESS.

eternalize, v. t. perpetuate, immortalize, eternize; spec. monument, monumental-

eternally, adv. perpetually, evermore (archaic), forever, everlastingly, ever (literary or archaic).

eternity, n. 1. perpetuity, eternalness, everlastingness, timelessness, endlessness, sempiternity; spec. coeternity.

Antonyms' see MOMENT.

2. See Constancy, endlessness.

etheresl, a. 1. Sce AIRY, HEAVENLY.
2. delicate (contextual); spec. light, tenuous, fragile, flimsy, fairy.

Antonyma: see EARTHLY, BODILY.
ethics, n. sing. & pl. morals (pl.), morality;
spec. hedonics, eudemonism.

etymology, n. derivation, pedigree (fig.).

1. Communion, Mass,

eucharist, n. 1. Communion, Mass, Housel (hist.), Oblation; spec. hturgy, viaticum.

2. Mass, Element.

euhoe, interj evoe (Latin; less correct than "euhoe"); spec. eureka, hurra or hurrah, bravo. "Euhoe" is Latin; there is no singleword English equivalent. Antonyms: see ALAS.

eulogist, n praiser (which see), encomiast, panegyrist; spec. laureate.

sulogize, v. i. approve (contextual), praise, compliment, panegyrize.

eulogy, n. culogium, culogism (rare), approval, praise, panegyric, encomium; spec. monody (rare),

Antonyms: see ABUSE.

euphemistic, a. soft (contextual), euphemous (rare); spec. extenuatory.

evacuate, v. t. 1. empty, clear; spec. (referring to the bowels) purge, soour, empty. Antonyma: see FILL, OCCUPY.

3. See LEAVE.

8. eject (contextual); spec. (esp. referring to excrement) discharge, defecate, void.

evacuate, t. i defecate.

evacuation, n. 1. clearing, discharge; spec. (referring to the bowels) passage, motion, purgation, catharsis.
2. See LEAVING (cf. LEAVE).

Cross references: see Note. estimation: consideration, sal-uation, computation,

estrange: alienate estrangement: alienation estray: stray etch: corrode etiquette: manners.

eulogy. 18: smooth, meloenlogism: euphonious: du un suphuism: prelenes,

evade, v. t. avoid, elude; spec. dodge, bilk, bluff, funk (slang).

evaporate, v. i. & t. emanate, vaporize, volatilize; spec. distill.

Antonyms: see Condense, solidify.

evasion, n. 1. avoidance, elusion; spec. shuffling, double, doubling, dodge, bluffing, funking (slang).

2. deceit, subterfuge, shuffle, put-off (collog.), shift; spec. dodge, prevarication,

tergiversation.

evasive, a. deceitful (contextual), slippery; spec. dodgy (colloq.), tergiversant (rare), prevaricative, shifty.

even, a. 1. Referring to adjoining surfaces: level, equal (archaic), smooth, flat, regular; spec. flush.

Antonyms: see uneven, irregular.

- **2.** Referring to the temper, motion, action, etc.: uniform, regular, equal, level, smooth; spec. equable, easy (colloq.); see EVEN-TEMPERED.
- 8. See Equal, abreast, impartial.

even, v. t. level, smooth; spec. scabble or scapple, grade, float.

even, adv. just (often used with "now"),

yet.

evening, n. eve (poetic or rhetorical), even (poetic, dial., or colloq.).

Antonyms: see Morning.

evening, a. vesperal (rare), vespertine (literary), vespertinal (rare).

evening star. Vesper, Hesper (poetic), Hesperus (literary or learned).

Antonyms: see Morning Star.

event, n. 1. See occurrence.

2. result, conclusion, issue, end, sequel, outcome, hap (esp. archaic); spec. turn-up (colloq.), futurity.

Antonyms: see BEGINNING.

even-tempered, a. even (chiefly literary), equable, equanimous, equal.

Antonyms: see IRRITABLE.

eventful, a. 1. chanceful (rare), full (contextual).

Antonyms: see Uneventful.

3. See IMPORTANT.

eventuate, v. i. end, conclude, issue; spec. result.

eversion, n. extroversion (tech.), exstrophy (tech.; rare).

every, a. each.

everyday, a. customary (contextual), accustomed (contextual), workaday; spec. commonplace, homely.

everywhere, adv. throughout, passim (Lalin).

Antonyms: see Nowhere.

- evidence, n. attestation, token, stamp, testimony (properly spec.), witness (spec. or fig.); spec. demonstration, record, muniments (pl.), voucher, deposition, proof,
- evidence, v. t. attest, support, tell; spec. circumstantiate, certificate, show, prove, confess (poetic), document, vouch, testify.

evidency, n. apparency, evidence (rare), indubitableness, obviousness, palpable-

ness, seemingness, plainness.

evident, a. 1. apparent, plain, obvious, broad, unmistakable, palpable (spec. or fig.), patent, open, naked, conspicuous (rare), manifest, distinct, clear, bald, unhidden (rare), downright, overt.

Antonyms: see Abstruse.

3. See VISIBLE, APPARENT.

evil, n. 1. See WICKEDNESS.

2. With "a" or "an": harm, ill, curse, blast, bale (now chiefly poetic), cancer (fig.), canker (fig.), bane, disease, malefice (archaic).

Antonyms: see GOOD.

evildoer, n. malfeasant (learned or tech.), malefactor (esp. criminally), malefactress (fem.).

evildoing, a. malfeasant (learned or tech.), malefactory, maleficent.

Antonyms: see BENEFICENT.

evocate, v. t. evoke, elicit; spec. exorcize (rare), invoke.

evoke, v. t. evocate, call; see ELICIT.

evolution, n. 1. development (contextual); spec. phylogeny, ontogenesis, physiogeny, phylogenesis.

2. See MOVEMENT, FIGURE (dancing).

evolutionism, n. Spec. Darwinism, Heckelism, Lamarkism.

ewe, n. sheep (contextual); spec. crocodile (dial.), crock (chiefly Scot.).

exact, a. 1. See STRICT, ACCURATE, DEFI-NITE.

2. precise, diametric (opposite), absolute, direct; spec. express (chiefly with allusion to Heb. i. 3, as in, "the express image").

3. delicate, accurate, precise, nice, fine; spec. sensitive, true.

exact, v. t. 1. See ASK, EXTORT.

2. take (vengeance, etc.), have.

exacting, a. 1. See CRITICAL, DIFFICULT.

2. extortionary, extortive, exactive.

TE Cross references: see Note.

evade: escape.

evanesce: disappear.

evanescence: disappearance, transience.

evanescent: transient. evangel: gospel. evanish: disappear.

evaporative: volatile. eventual: final. eventuality: occurrence.

ever: always, once, eternally. everlasting: endless, eternal, constant.

evermore: constantly, endlessly. everything: all.

evict: eject. eviction: ejection. evil, a.: wicked, harmful, injurious, malevolent. evil-looking: ugly. evince: disclose, show. eviscerate: disembowel. evolve: develop, emit.

exaction, n. 1. See DEMAND

extortion, squeeze (collog.), requisi-

tion; spec. mulet, contribution.

exactly, adv. just, even (cheffy archaic or Biblical), precisely, full, fully, quite, plumb or plum; spec flat, faithfully, literally.

exactness, n. 1. See STRICTNESS, ACCU-

RACY, DEFINITENESS.

2. delicacy, nicety, precision, accuracy; spec. sensitiveness, trueness.

exaggerate, c. t magnify, enhance, stretch (collog.); spec. overspeak (rare), overpic-(rare), overdraw, overtell (rare), overdo, overstate, overcolor, overcharge, romance, hyperbolize (rhetoric).

Antonyms see BELITTLE.

exaggerated, a. hyperbolical (rhetoric), outré (French), tall (colloq., U. S.), over-

done, excessive.

exaggeration, n. excess, enhancement; spec. hyperbole (rhetoric), overstatement. excess, enhancement; exalted, a. Spec. elevated, elated, high, lofty, highflown (chiefly disparaging), magnificent, magnific, sublime, magnifical, proud, lordly; spec buskined.

Anionyms: see LOW, DEGRADED, DEGEN-

examination, n. 1. inspection, scrutiny, investigation, search, research (esp. spec.), exploration, scrutation (rare), scan (rare), perusal (archau), survey, examen (rare or tech.); spec. review, test, disquisition (rare), probation (U. S. or obs.), collation, overhaul (rare), consideration (archaic), reconnaissance or reconnoissance, perscrutation (rare), assay, post-mortem, prying. 2. inquiry, interrogation, inquisition; spec. catechism, collections (pl.; Eng. schools), school (Oxf. University), tripos, responsions (pl.), exercise, little go (Eng.), great go or greats (Eng).

examine, v. t. & i. 1. investigate, inspect, scrutinize, peruse (archaic), dissect, ex-aminate (literary), consider (archaic), overlook, search, scan, introspect (pri-martly spec.; rare), overhaul, survey, spec collate, rummage, explore, reconnoiter, ransack, probe (as a wound), canvass, review, bottom, feel, bolt, sift, sniff, try,

test, candle, anatomize.

2. question, interrogate, cross-examine (implying repeated and close questioning), quis (U. S.), catechize; spec. pry (v. i. only), sound (in order to get the views of, etc.), probe.

example, n. 1. One that serves to illustrate:

sample, specimen, piece, instance, case, representative, illustration, exemplar, essay, exemplification (formal); spec. demonstrate, monument.

2. One that serves as a model or pattern: pattern, sample, type, standard, model foregoer (archaic); spec. sampler, lead (pron led),

3. See WARNING.

example, v. t. represent, illustrate, exemplify; spec, sample.

excavate, v. t. 1. See HOLLOW.

3. form (contextual); spec. dig, burrow, delve (archaic), hole, drive, drift, groove. excevation, n. cavity (contextual), hole (contextual); spec. burrow, cutting, delve (literary), pit, den, digging, beard, mine, shaft, stope, quarry, drift, drive, counter-

exceed, v. t. 1. transcend, overstep, pass, overgo (rare), overpass (rare); spec.

stretch.

2. surpass, transcend, excel, overpeer (rare), outpeer (rare), cap, ding (archaic or dial.); spec. outdo, pass (rare), outgo, outreach (rare or naul.), break, out-Herod, outstrip, outplay.

exceed, v. i. Spec. surpass, excel, over-

abound.

excellence, n. worth, virtue, perfection, excellency, fineness, goodness (rare), grace, superiority; spec. preëminence, greatness, purity.

Antonyms: see FAULT.

excellent, a. admirable, worthy, splendid (collog.), tiptop (collog.), superexcellent, brave, choice, first-rate, transcendent, exquisite, prime, sterling, superordinary, unexceptionable, divine (fig.), heavenly (fig.), crack (slang or colloq), grand (colloq), great (chiefly U. S. and colloq), admirable, golden, jolly (collog.), rum (cant), surpassing, extreme.

Antonyme' see FAULTY, BAD, IMPERFECT,

FAIR.

except, v. t. exclude, omit; spec. reserve, forurize (rare).

Antonyms' see include.

except, prep. unless, saving, save, but, excepting, batting (obsolescent or literary). exception, n. 1. exclusion, omission; spec. reservation, limitation, reserve, forprise

(rare), Balvo.

2. See OBJECTION. excess, n. 1. excessiveness, immoderation, immoderacy (rore), immoderateness, superabundance, exuberance, exuberancy,

Cross references see Note exalt: praise, elevate, advance,

esanimate: dend. exasperate: anger, irritate. exasperated: angry.

exasperation: anger exceeding: above excel, v i exceed, surpass, excel, v i exceed. except: abject.
exceptionable: objectionable. exceptional: abnormal special exceptions: caviling. abnormal, unexceptive: carding excerpt, v. l. extract, quale. excerpt, n. extract, qualation superfluity, inordinacy (rare), inordinate-ness, extremism (rare), extremeness, transcendence, transcendency; spec. Calgu-ham (fig.), extravagance, extravagancy, extremity, extreme, exorbitance, exorbi-tancy, fulsomeness, unrestraint, nimety, redundance, exundance (rare), overabundance, overmuchness (rare), superfluence (rare), violence, unreasonableness.

Antonyms see Constraint.

2. Referring to the thing that is in excess, or to the degree of excess superabundance, redundancy, plethora, overmuch (rare), superfluity, superflux (rare), surfeit, surplus, surplusage, overplus, spec. oversupply, overflow, flood, overstock, glut, over, extra, plurality, epact (astron.), overweight, majority.

Antonyma see DEFICIENCY.

3. Referring to excess in indulgence: immoderation, intemperance (chiefly spec.);

spec. crapulence (learned).
excessive, a. immoderate, inordinate, extravagant; spec. extreme, exorbitant, nimious (chiefly Scots law), exuberant, superabundant, exundant (raws), overgreat, overlarge, redundant, overmuch, fulsome, deadly (colloq.), undue, transcendent, unreasonable, outrageous, su-pernumerary, woundy (collog: archaic), overdone, overflowing, superfluous, surplus, spare, dithyrambic (literary), devilish, fiendish, cruel, etc.

Antonyms: see DEFICIENT. excessively, adv. superabundantly, extravagantly, etc., overly (Scot. and colloq, US), ultra- (in compounds, as in "ultra-conservative"), consumedly (literary and affected), over, too, etc.

exchange, n. 1. change (contextual); spec. interchange, conversion, commutation, reciprocation, transposal, transposition, substitution, barter, cambism, shuffle.

2. premium, agio, batta (Anglo-Indian). 3. Referring to the business place, spec-change (the form "'change," as in "on 'change," is due to an erroneous supposition), bourse, market, rialto (rare), basaar,

exchange, v. t. change (contextual); spec. interchange, reciprocate, commute, substitute, transpose, transhift (rare), counterchange, harter, bandy.

exchangeable, a. changeable (contextual), commutable, interchangeable.
excise, v. t. To cut off. remove (contextual), excide (rare), exsemd (chiefly literary or fig), exsect (rare), spec. resect, efface.

excision, n. cutting, exscision (chiefly literary or fig), exsection (rare); spec. resection, effacement.

excitable, a. nervous, irritable, hot-

brained, hot-headed, inflammable, inflammatory (rare).

Antonyms: see UNEXCITABLE.

excitation, n. 1. The act or action: causing, arousing, rousing, provocation (esp. spec.), excitement (rare); spec. electrification (often fig), incendiarism.

2. See EXCITEMENT. excitative, a. excitive, excitory, inflamma-

tory (usually spec); spec. moendary (fig.), irritative (chiefly biol.). excite, v. l. actuate (learned), move, cause call (used with "up," "into activity," etc.), raise, rouse, arouse, waken, awake, raise, rouse, arouse, waken, awake, awaken, stimulate, incite, inflame, summon (used with "into activity," etc.), inspire, quicken, inebriate (fig.), stir, bestir, kittle (Scot.), disturb, kindle, impassion, enchafe (archaic), fire, electrify (often fig.), ferment (fig.), whet, irritate (chiefly biol.), impel, prompt, provoke, anger, agitate, heat, elate, entrensy (rare); -mostly idiomatic or specific.

Antonyms. see CALM.

excited, a. nervous, ebulhent (rare), heated; spec. incensed, intoxicated, frenzied, fevered, feverish, restless, hot, tense, delirious, frantic, wild.

Antonyma: see APATHETIC, CALM, SELF-

CONTROLLED, UNIMPASSIONED.

excitement, n. The state or feeling: excitation, disturbance, tension, activity, bustle (collog.), ferment, fermentation (fig.), heydey (literary), incensement (rare); heydey spec. intoxication, inebriation (rare), heat, ebullience (learned), ebullition (learned), inflammation, overwork, irritation (chiefly biol.), stir, breeze, flurry, flutter, ruffle, agitation, elation, erethism, delirium, hustle, franticness, electrification (often fig.). Antonyms: see APATHY, CALM, SELF-

CONTROL. exciting, a. disturbing, electric (fig.), stir-

ring, incentive, provocative, excitant (rare), etc.

Antonyma: see CALMATIVE, SEDATIVE. exclaim, v. i. & i. shout, cry, ejaculate, vociferate, reclaim (rare), conclamate (rare); spec. wail, howl (chiefly contemptuous), ululate (rare), exululate (rare), hoot (often fig. in contempt), hoop, hollo, hollow, holls, shrill, outshrill (poetic), whew.

exclamation, n. 1. shout, cry, interjection, vociferation; spec. howl (chiefly in contempt), ululation, ecphonesis (rhetorical; rare), bounce.

3. A word exclaimed: spec. interjection. There are numberless exclamations; a few common ones are: highty-tighty, hoitytoity (somewhat contemptuous or disapproving), hilloa, hillo, bounce, boo, bo, boh, ha, hollo, hollow, holloa, halloo, hoicks, huzza,

EXCLAMATORY

hurrah, hurray, hurra, hurroo, hush, hushaby, hello, gosh (slang), chut, bully (slang), bravo, marry (archate), he, ho, hie, hey, hey-ho, hi, heyday, whoop-la, why, zounds (archate), youcks, haw, huh, hoo, evviva (Italian), evoe (learned), hosanna, alas, gramerry, hist, whist, eureka, ugh, twang, tush, tut, whew.

exclamatory, a. interjectional, interjec-

tionary (rare), interjectory.

exclude, v. t. 1. debar, bar; spec. prohibit, lock (often used with "out"), out, prevent, blackball, ostracise.

Antonyms see INCLUDE, IMPLY.

3. See EXPEL.

exclusion, n. 1. debarring, debarrance (rare), debarration (rare), barring, debarrance; spec. prohibition, preclusion, prevention, lock-out, ostracism, disfellow-ship (rare).

2. See EXPULSION.

exclusive, a. 1. excluding, sole, exclusory; spec. prohibitive, preclusive, preventive.

Antonyms. see INCLUSIVE.

2. Spec. clannish, cliquish. Antonyms: see common.

excommunicate, v. f. expel, curse, un-

excrement, n. dirt (obsolescent), ordure (learned), dung (now cant or inelegant), feces or fæces (chiefly tech), dejection (rare), dejecture (rare), rejectamenta (pl; rare), egesta (pl.; lech.), soil (esp. in "night soil"), egestion (rare); spec. buttons (pl.), fumet, stool, frass, cast, crottels (pl.), fiants (pl.). "Excrement" is learned or tech.

excrescence, n. outgrowth; spec. appendage, burr, knot, wolf, gall, horn, fungus, nail, condyloma, wart, caruncle, lump, sitfast.

excrescent, a. outgrowing; spec. super-

excrete, v. t. expel, discharge, pass, egest (rare); spec. evacuate, eliminate, defecate.
Antonyma: see Assimilate.

excretion, n. expulsion, discharge, egestion (rare); spec. elimination, evacuation, dejection, diruesis, perspiration, metasyncrisis (med.), saliva, bile, etc.

Antonyms' see SECRETION.

excretitious, a. expulsory, excrementitious, excrementitionary; spec. evacuant, dejectory, depurative, emunctory.

excursion, n. 1. The act or action: expedition; spec. sally, trip.

2. journey, trip; spec. outing, ride, voy- executioner, n. killer (contextual), deaths-

age, sail, pilgrimage, tramp, ramble, jaunt, tour, walk.

3. See DEVIATION, DIGRESSION.

exourstonist, n. Spec. tripper (colloq), tourist, voyager, rambler, walker, driver, rider, etc.

excusable, a. allowable, dispensable (archaic), defensible, pardonable, venial.

Antonyms: see Unpardonable, inex-CUSABLE, FLAGRANT.

excusative, a. dispensative, dispensatory, excusative, apologetic.

excuse, n 1. defense, excusal (rare), pardon, remission, remittal (rare); spec. apology, condonation, extenuation, justification, indulgence, forgiveness, dispensa-

tion, essoin (law), amnesty.

2. The thing offered by way of excuse: plea, defense; spec. justification, reason,

ground, apology, color.

Antonyms: see Funishment.
excuse, v. t 1. pardon, remit, overlook;
spec. condone, forgive, extenuate, essoin,
dispense, justify, furlough.

Antonyms: see PUNISH.

3. See FREE.

execute, v t. 1. To carry out as a plan, purpose, command: perform.do, effectuate, effect; spec. enforce, fulfill, wreck (vengeance), see ACCOMPLISH, FILL.

2. To go through actions, operations, movements, etc., constituting: do (as a dance, a somersault), perform; spec. perpetrate (as a joke; collog.), play (as a trick), turn (a handspring); see Finish.

8. make (a deed, conveyance, will).

4. See MAKE.

5. kill (contextual); spec. garrote, impale, behead, draw, decimate, crucify, guillotine, hang, gibbet, shoot, strangle, drown, electrocute (a word often condemned as barbarous but which appears to have established itself).

execution, n. 1. doing, effecting, effectuating, performance; spec. enforcement, fill-

ing; see accomplishment.

2. doing, performance; spec. perpetration (colloq.), playing

3. The manner of executing spec. pianism (cant), mechanism, technique, touch, brush

4. killing (contextual); spec. auto-da-fé (Portuguess), noyade (French), decimation, guillotinade, euthanasia, crucifixion, hanging, strangling, electrocution (see "electrocute" under EXECUTE).

Cir Cross references, see Note. excogliate: devise. excogliate: skin. excogliate: rais. excogliate: feod.

excupate: torture. excupate: acquit. excupate: discursios. excursus: discussion, digresexecrable: abominable, bad, execrate: curse execrated: accursed, execration: cursing, executed: done.

EXPANDED

man (rare or literary); spec. headsman, hangman, carnifix, lictor (Roman antiq.), Jack Ketch (hist.), tormentor (a Latinism), slaughterman (rare).

executor, n. doer, accomplisher, perform-

er, executive (chiefly spec.).

exegesis, n. exposition.

exercise, n. 1. The act or action: exertion (esp. with conscious effort or force), exercitation (learned), use, practice (often spec.), working, operation; spec. play, plying, wielding, breather, breath.

2. The course of exercise: training, practice, drill, drilling, discipline; spec. goose-

step, school; see Training.

8. The act of showing or of putting into practice: use, practice, having, exhibition.

4. See AGITATION.

5. trial, test; spec. composition, examination, quodlibet (Latin; hist.), theme (obsolescent), study, étude (French).

exercise, v. t. 1. exert, practice, use, operate, work; spec. play, wield, ply, breathe, walk, run, trot, course, prosecute.

Antonyms: see disuse.

- 2. train, drill, school, discipline, practice; spec. enter (cant), teach, tutor; see TRAIN. **3.** use, have, do, practice, show, exhibit, prosecute.
- 4. See agitate.

exhalation, n. 1. aura (learned or tech.), efflation (rare), emission, breath (rare), exhalement (rare), emanation, halitus (rare); spec. reek, blast, transpiration, fume, miasma, steam, smoke, evaporation. Some of these words are used only concretely, of the thing exhaled.

2. breath (contextual), expiration; spec.

exsufflation, puff.

Antonyms: see Inhalation.

exhale, v. t. 1. breathe, emanate, emit; spec. transpire, respire, reek, outbreathe, fume, furnace, vapor, gasp, steam, smoke, evaporate, blow.

2. breathe (contextual), expire,

(rare); puff; spec. blow, spout.

Antonyms: see Inhale.

exhale, v. i. breathe (contextual), expire; spec. exsufflate, spout, blow, puff.

exhaust, v. t. 1. See DRAIN, EMPTY, DRAW,

2. weaken, deplete, overcome, spend, overspend (rare), overtire, pump, extener- | expand, v. t. & i. 1. See OPEN, DEVELOP. ate (rare; fig.), prostrate, outwear, out- | 2. spread, widen, bulk, outspread; spec.

weary (rare); spec. impoverish, overcrop. breathe.

Antonyms: see strengthen, refresh, REST, RESTORE.

exhaust, n. exhaustion, education (obsolescent).

exhausted, a. forspent (archaic), fordone (archaic), effete (learned), dead, forworn (archaic), outspent (rare), outworn; spec. breathless, forfoughten (obs. or Scot.).

Antonyms: see STRONG, FRESH.

exhaustion, n. 1. Spec. draining, emptying, emptiness.

2. weakening, prostration, exhaustedness, depletion; spec. inanition, exinanition (rare), collapse, impoverishment.

exhaustive, a. 1. emptying.

2. Referring to a discussion: complete, full, thorough.

exhort, v. t. advise, urge.

exhortation, n. advice, urging, protreptic (rare), hortation (learned), prone (rare; eccl.), parænesis (rare), hortative (rare).

exhortative, a. exhortatory, cohortative (esp. gram.), hortative, hortatory, urgent.

exigency, n. demand, need, necessity, distress, difficulty, extremity, urgency, strait, juncture, pressure, pinch; spec. crisis.

exigent, a. demanding, exacting, urgent, necessary, distressful, pressing; spec. critical.

exile, n. 1. outcast.

2. See EXPULSION.

exit, n. 1. departure; spec. death.

2. A way out: outlet, egress, escape; spec. doorway, gate, window, skylight, etc.

Antonyms: see Entrance.

exorbitant, a. excessive, Sibylline (fig.); spec. greedy.

Antonyms: see MODERATE.

exorcise, v. t. lay, down (colloq.); spec. exsufflate.

exorcism, n. laying, downing (collog.); spec. exsuffiation (rare).

exordium, n. beginning, proem (literary or learned), introduction; spec. preface.

exoteric, a. 1. Referring to disciples: uninitiated, outer.

2. Referring to opinions: public.

8. Referring to an author, etc.: commonplace.

Cross references: see Note. exemplify: example, typify. exempt: free. exemption: freeing, freedom. exert: exercise. exertive: active. exfoliate:. scale, shed. exhibit, n.: show. exhibition: show.

exhibitory: disclosing. exhilarate: elate, enliven. exhort, v. t.: advise, urge. exhort, v. i.: preach. exigible: demandable. exiguous: slender. exile, v. t.: expel. eximious: distinguished. exist: be.

existence: being. existent: being. exodus: emigration. exonerate: acquil. exorable: complaisant. exorbitance. exorbitancy: excess. exorbitant: excessive. expanded: wide.

stretch, outspread; spec. outstretch, mushroom, unfurl, display, dilate, distend, open.

Antonyms' see SHRINK, PRESS.

a. develop.

expanse, n. expansion (less usual than "expanse"), area, stretch, spread; spec. contiguity, continuity, sheet, field, sea (fig), outspread (rare).

expansion, n. 1. spread, widening; spec.

stretch, dilation, diastole.

2. See EXPANSE, DEVELOPMENT.

expansive, a wide; spec. comprehensive, elastic, dilatable, extensible. Antonyma: see CONFINED.

expatiate, s. i. enlarge, descant, dilate, expand.

expect, v. t. contemplate, anticipate, think, trust, await, hope, look, calculate (used with an infinitive clause or with "that"; chiefly local, U. S.), apprehend.

espectancy, n. 1. anticipation, hopefulness, apprehension.

2. prospect, abeyance (law).

expectant, a. anticipator, anticipant, hopeful.

expectation, n. anticipation, contemplation, thought, trust, hope.

expectorate, v. i. 1. raise; spec. cough.

2. See BPIT.

expediency, n. advantage, advisability, policy, spec. opportunism.

expedient, a. wise (contextual), politic; spec. timeserving, opportunist; see WISE, ADVANTAGEOUS.

expedient, n. device, shift; spec. kink, trick, stopgap, dodge (colloq.), ruffle, resort, resource, makeshift, subterfuge.

expedite, v. t. 1. dispatch, hasten, hurry, quicken; spec. facilitate.

Antonyms' see HINDER.

2. See ACCOMPLISH. expedition, n. 1. haste, dispatch, hasten-

ing, hurrying. 2. journey, campaign, quest (medieval romance); spec. crusade, commando romance); spe (South Africa).

expel, v. t. 1. eject, extrude; spec. shoot, oust, discharge, evaporate, excrete, dislodge, dispel, egest, eliminate, belch.

Antonyma see ADMIT, INJECT.

2. In reference to putting a person out of come place: remove, exclude; spec. evict, estampede (rare), exsibilate (rare), deforce (rare), fire (slang, U. S.), bounce (slang or cant, U. S.), disseise, bolt, oust. Antonyms; see ADMIT.

2. Referring to putting out of some organisation or body exclude, fire $(slang, U, S_{\cdot})$; spec. outcast (rare), excommunicate, disparish, unchurch, drum (used with "out", esp mil , disfellowship (U S), disowa (in the Society of Friends)

4. banish exile, exclude, drive (used with "out"); spec_deport, expatriate, epatriata (rare,, depatriate (rare or obs), transport, relegate, ostracize, denationalize, exostracise (rare), ride (chiefly with "from").

expend, v. t. consume (contextual), outlay,

disburse, spend, use, employ.

expenditure, n. consumption (contextual), outlay, outgo, disbursement, expense (ar. chaic); spec. profusion, cost. Antonyms: see income.

expense, n. 1. expenditure, outlay; apec. cost, charge.

3. See CHARGE.

experience, v. f. have, know, see, meet, encounter, undergo; spec. suffer, enjoy, share, try, realise, taste, lead, receive, prove (archaec).

experience, n. knowledge, acquaintance, encounter; spec. sufferance, enjoyment, trial, taste, adventure, time.

Autonyms: see INEXPERIENCE.

experienced, a. Spec. old, practiced, wise, salted (slang or collog), veteran, expert.

Antonyms see INEXPERIENCED.

experimental, a. trial. expert, a. adroit; spec. proficient, scientific, expert, n. crack (collog. or slang), adept, dabster (collog.), dab (collog.; chiefly spec), proficient, master, sharp (slang), sharper (slang), shark (slang); spec, specialist, technician, technicist (rare), technologist, virtuoso (masc.), virtuosa (fem), connoisseur.

Antonyms. see CLOWN, DABBLER; also cf.

BUNGLE.

explate, v. t. To atone for redeem, assoil (archaic), purge (chiefly law); spec. mend,

Antonyms: see AGGRAVATE.

expiation, n. atonement, redemption, piation (rare); spec. cross (of Christ), satisfaction, satispassion (theol.), ransom.

explatory, a. piacular (rare), redemptive;

spec. lustrative, lustral.

expired, a. run (as time; often with "out"). over (collog.).

explain, v. t. expound, solve, elucidate, resolve, explicate (rare), unfold, dissolve (rare); spec. demonstrate, construe, clear, interpret, enucleate (learned), innuendo (law), untie (fig.), undo (rare), unriddle, unravel, untangle, glossate, gloss, define, describe, develop, detail.

Antonyma: see OBSCURE.

Cross references see Note.
expetriate: expel
expense: sumpluary.

expensive: costly. expect, a skillful expertness: skill

expiration: exhalation, end, death. expire: exhale, die, end. expiry: death, end.

explainable, a. accountable, interpretable, explicable.

explainer, n. expounder; spec. hierophant,

exponent.

explanation, n. 1. account, interpretation, elucidation, exposition, explication, éclaircissement (French), construction; spec. definition, description, dénoûment (French).

2. Referring to what explains: explication, key; spec. comment, commentary, exegesis, secret, innuendo, catastrophe.

explanatory, a. interpretative, elucidative, elucidatory, explanative (rare), expository, expositive, expositional, exegetical.

explicit, a. 1. See DEFINITE.

2. express; spec. written, outspoken, positive, plain.

Antonyms: see IMPLIED.

explode, v. t. 1. See DESTROY.

2. burst, detonate; spec. fire, pop, spring, deflagrate, crack.

exploit, v. t. utilize (contextual); spec. milk (colloq.), work (colloq.).

exploration, n. search, prospecting, prospect, probe; spec. inquisition.

explore, v. t. search, plumb (fig.), fathom, outsearch (rare); spec. prospect.

explosion, n. 1. Spec. destruction.

- 2. bursting, burst; spec. fulmination, detonation, fulguration, blast, clap, crack, shot, report, pop.
- 3. See OUTBREAK.

explosive, n. Spec. lyddite, cordite, fulminant (rare), dynamogen, rackarock, fulminate, dynamite, roburite, gelignite, guncotton, herculite, gunpowder, trinitotoluol, TNT (abbr.).

expose, v. t. 1. disclose, unearth (fig.), flay (fig.), decorticate; spec. unmask, bare.

Antonyms: see HIDE, SECLUDE.

2. subject (used with "to"); spec. venture, risk, post, weather, pitch, gibbet (fig.), bare, abandon.

Antonyms: see PROTECT, SHELTER.

exposed, a. 1. bleak, raw, airy, bare, open, shelterless, windy.

Antonyms: see SHELTERED, UNEXPOSED.

2. With "to": liable, subject.

3. See BARE.

expostulate, v. t. remonstrate.

exposure, n. 1. disclosure; spec. show-up (colloq.), unmasking.

2. Usually with "to": subjection; spec. abandonment.

Antonyms: see Protection, shelter.

3. liability, subjection (used with "to"), liableness (rare).

express, n. 1. See DISPATCH.

2. agency (contextual), dispatch.

express, v. t. 1. squeeze (esp. with "out").

2. See extort, send, hasten.

3. represent, symbolize, present, show, denote, testify (archaic), betoken; spec. delineate.

4. Referring to the conveying of an idea by words, actions, etc.: spec. state, emit, manifest, tell, frame, present, have (used with "it"), enunciate, language (rare), broach, breathe, dictate (obs. or archaic), expound, deliver, couch, dash, vent, air, word, utter, voice, clothe, cough, hoot, communicate, blush, nod, signify, smile, sound, speak, hymn, figure, write, wave, pantomime (rare), look, glance, glare, gesticulate.

Antonyms: see IMPLY.

5. See send.

expression, n. 1. squeezing (used esp. with "out").

2. representation, symbolization, presentation, presentment, show, denotation; spec. delineation, token.

8. Spec. statement, utterance, emission, wording, breath, communication, vent, signification, etc.

4. diction; spec. eloquence, idiom, brev-

ity, etc.

5. Referring to the thing expressed: spec. effusion, phraseology, locution, phrase, term, word, look; see SAYING.

expressionless, a. unmeaning, null (rare), wooden (fig.), vacant, blank; spec. soulless, fishy (fig.), dull.

Antonyms: see EXPRESSIVE.

expressive, a. demonstrative, eloquent, significant, significatory, significative, meaning (rare); spec. forceful, wise, emphatic, epigrammatic.

Antonyms: see Meaning, Blank, ex-

PRESSIONLESS.

expulsion, n. 1. ejection, ejectment (chiefly law); spec. explosion, defenestration, elimination, dislodgment, discharge.

Antonyms: see Admission, injection.

2. banishment, exile, exilement, deportation, relegation (chiefly Roman law), transportation (chiefly spec.), expatriation, ostracism, petalism (ancient hist.), rustication.

Antonyms: see admission.

8. ejectment, exclusion, eviction, ousting.

4. excommunication (eccl.), exclusion, excision (rare).

5. excretion, discharge, catharsis (tech.); spec. diuresis, evacuation.

Cross references: see Note. expletive: oath. explicable: explainable. explainable. explain.

exploded: obsolete. exploit: deed. export: ship. exposal: disclosure. exposition: explanation, exegesis, show, statement. [atory. expositive: disclosing, explanexpound: state, express, explain. **expulsive**, a. Spec. expulsory (rare), ejective, eliminant, eliminative (physiol and chem), explosive, echolic med; rare), excommunicative, excommunicatory.

expurgate, r f emasculate, expurge (rare),

eastrate, spec. bowdlerize.

extemporaneous, a 1. extemporized, unpremeditated, spontaneous, extempore, improvised, improvisatory, improvisatorical (rare,, offhand, impromptu.

2. See OCCASIONAL.

extempore, adv. impromptu, extemporaneously.

extemporize, v. compose (contextual), im-

provise.

extemporizer, n. improvisator, improviser, improvisatore or (the Italian spelling) improvvisatore, improvisatrice or (the

Italian spelling) improvisatince (fem.).

extend, v. t. 1. Spec. continue, lengthen, elongate, widen, drag, enlarge, pass (chiefly with "to"), run, stretch, produce (chiefly with "to"), draw, distend, protend (rare), prolong, protract, coextend, string, deploy (mil.), diffuse, carry, wiredraw.

Antonyme see ABRIDGE. 2. Spec. reach, protrude, thrust, out-stretch (chiefly poetic), shoot, portend (rare), portect (rare).

3. See ENLARGE. extend, v. i. reach, go, come, continue, range, run, proceed; spec. (physically) ride, project, protrude, ramify, cross, outlie (rare), lie, outreach (poetic), outspan (rore), grow, stream, stretch.

Antonyms: see BHORTEN, WITHDRAW. extensible, a. produceable, productile (rare), extendible, extensile, protractile; spec. ductile, malleable, plastic, pliable,

dilatable.

extension, n. 1. Spec. continuation, continuance, lengthening, widening, enlargement, stretching, production, protraction, prolongation, distention, coextension, deployment, diffusion, deploy.

Antonyms. see AHRIDGEMENT, RETIRE-

MENT, ABSTRACT.

2. Spec. protrusion, projection, porrection (rars), protension (rars), ramification, wing.

3. See COMPREHENSION.

extensive, a. Spec wide, widespread, farreaching, nationwide, statewide.

extent, n 1. See VACUATION.

 extension, measure; spec. reach, continuance, amplitude, size, expanse, dimension, measurement, proportions, de- | spec. distil, squeese, extort.

gree, compass, stretch, content (tech.), gauge, length (also fig.), field, latitude, range, scope, breadth, width, height, distance, area.

extenuative, a. excusatory, palliatory; spec. euphemistic.

extenuative, n. palhative; spec. euphem-

exterior, a. 1. outer, external, outward, outside, extern (rare); spec. outmost, outermost, superficial, outlying,

Antonyms see INTERIOR.

3. See FOREIGN.

exterior, n. outside; see SURFACE.

externalize, v t. objectify, objectise (rare), entify (rare); see VISUALIZE.

externally, a. outwardly, outside, outward, outwards.

extinction, n. destruction (contextual); spec. annihilation, death, suffocation.

extinguish, v. t. destroy (contextual), spec. annihilate, quench, choke (often with "out" or "off"), quell, subdue, douse (stang or cant), dout (now dial.), remove, suppress, slake (rare), stifle, smother, suffocate; see snuff.

Antonyms: see KINDLE, CREATE, BREED,

FOSTER, PRESERVE.

extinguished, a. destroyed (contextual); spec, dead, out.

extirpate, v. t destroy, abolish, deracinate (rare), weed (chiefly used with "out"), uproot; spec. annihilate.

Antonyms: see Plant.

extort, v. f. elicit, extract, exact, draw, wring, wrest, pinch, screw, shave (collog. or slang), force, squeeze.

extortion, n elicitation, exaction; spec. tribute, expression, blackmail, chantage

(French), garnish (hist).

extortionate, a. unreasonable (contextual), exacting, vampire (fig.), vampiric (fig.), blood-sucking (fig.).

Antonyme: see MODERATE.

extortioner, n. exacter, extortionist, wringer, wrester, caterpillar (fig.), blood-sucker (fig.), vulture (fig.), flayer (fig.), fleecer, griper (rare), vampire (fig), harpy (fig.); spec. striker, shaver (collog. or slang).

extra, a. additional, accessory, spare. extra, n. Spec. accessory, et ceteras (pl.,

Latin), sundries (pl), additions (pl.), paraphernalia (pl.), odd.

Antonyms: see defictency.

extract, v t 1. derive, elicit, draw, remove;

exquialte, a. accurate, fastidi-ous, choice, accomplished, in-tense, excellent Cross references see Note exquisite, n dandy

exslocant: drying. exsiceous: dry. extant: being artenuate: mittoute exterminate: abolish external: exterior, accidental, praise, celebrate. ertolment: praise

FABULOUS

Antonyms: see Inject.

2. See REMOVE, WITHDRAW.

extract, n. 1. Spec. essence, decoction, magistery (rare), distillate, distillation.

2. See QUOTATION.

extraction, n. 1. elicitation, derivation; spec. distillation, squeezing, etc.

3. See DESCENT.

extraordinary, a. unusual, singular, uncommon, remarkable, exemplary (archaic), portentous (humorous), phenomenal, prodigious (humorous, exc. spec.); spec. transcendent, parlous (colloq. or humorous), inconceivable, distinguished, amazing, monstrous, marvelous, abnormal, enormous.

Antonyms: see COMMON.

extravagance, n. 1. excess, profusion, profuseness, prodigality, lavishness, exuberance; spec. superabundance, enormity, monstrosity, wildness, furor, etc.

Antonyms: see ECONOMY.

2. hyperbolism (rhet.); spec. bombast, fantasticality, fantasticalness, grotesqueness, grotesquerie, etc.

extravagant, a. 1. profuse, profusive (rare), prodigal, lavish; spec. wasteful, profligate, rampant, wild, rank.

Antonyms: see Economical, stingy.

2. Spec. bombastic, fantastic, fantastical, wild, furious, eccentric, bizarre, grotesque, odd, baroque, rococo.

Antonyms: see MATTER-OF-FACT, MOD-

ERATE.

extravasation, n. stigma.

extreme, a. 1. remotest, utmost (becoming rare, exc. spec.), farthest, uttermost (archaic or formal), last, ultra (chiefly tech.), limitary.

Antonyms: see NEAREST.

2. See FINAL.

3. greatest, utmost, uttermost (archaic or formal), supreme, outside (colloq.); spec. precious (colloq.), horrible (colloq.).

4. excessive, deep (chiefly spec.); spec. bad, drastic, intense, desperate (colloq.), egregious, impossible, outrageous, immoderate, deadly (colloq.), eternal (now vulgar), heroic, high, radical, unspeakable (colloq.), monstrous (colloq.), etc.

extreme, n. 1. See END.

2. utmost, limit, extremity; spec. excess, pink, height.

extremely, adv. very, so (chiefly colloq.). exudation, n. emission, discharge, sweat

(chiefly spec.), weep (colloq. or cant), ooze (only of what exudes), percolation.

exude, v. i. & t. emit, transude, discharge, sweat (chiefly spec.), ooze; spec. weep, percolate, infiltrate, filter, strain, lixiviate.

Antonyms: see Absorb.

exult, v. i. rejoice, vaunt, insult (archaic), crow (colloq.), jubilate, maffick (colloq.); spec. gloat, triumph, glory.

Antonyms: see Mourn.

exultant, a. rejoicing, jubilant.

exultation, n. gladness, rejoicing, insultation (archaic); spec. gloat, gloating, triumph, jubilation.

Antonyms: see Mourning.

exuvium, n. skin, cast, slough. "Exuvium" is tech. or learned.

eye, n. 1. oculus (tech. or spec.), orb (poetic or rhetorical), optic (chiefly in plural, and colloq. or slang), glim (slang), peeper (slang), lamps (pl.; slang; formerly poetic), piercer (slang), goggler (slang), orbit (an erroneous use); spec. eyelet, oculus, cock-eye, wall-eye, stemma, facet.

3. See vision, Look.

3. eyehole; spec. collar, eyelet, peephole.

eye, v. t. Spec. watch, ogle.

eyeball, n. apple (of the eye). eyebrow, n. brow, supercilium (tech.).

eyeglass, n. Spec. monocle, pince-nez (French), nippers (pl.; slang), lorgnette, lorgnon (French).

eyelashes, n. pl. cilia (technical), eyewinkers.

eyeless, a. exoculated (learned), blind. eyelid, n. lid, palpebra (anat.); spec. haw. eyesore, n. dissight or desight (rare).

eyewash, n. collyrium, eyewater.

F

fable, n. 1. apologue.

2. See untruth, story.

is told in words.

fabric, n. 1. building.

2. cloth, texture (archaic), contexture, stuff (chiefly spec.), tissue (chiefly spec.), toile (French), web (chiefly spec.), woof (rare), material, medley; spec. textile (chiefly tech.), network, homespun, twill, drill, diagonal, duvetyn, webbing, etc.

3. See TEXTURE.

fabricate, v. t. 1. See CONSTRUCT.

2. Referring to a made-up tale, story, etc.: devise, compose; spec. spin, coin, forge.

fabulous, a. fictitious; spec. romantic, legendary, feigned.

Antonyms: see ACTUAL.

Cross references: see Note. extradite: deliver.

extraneous: foreign.
extricate: free. [ternal.
extrinsic: foreign, accidental, ex-

extrude: expel.
exuberance: abundance, excess.
exuberant: abundant, excessive,

eyeshot: sight. eyesight: sight.

fable: narrative.

exuberate: sound.

Ince, n. 1. countenance (literary or learned), features (pl.), visage, favor (archaic), front (slang or fig), physiognomy, mazard (archaic and jocular), phiz (collog. and jocular), mug (slang), brow (rare or obs.), apec. grimace.

2. See BOLDNESS, APPEARANCE, COVER, EDGE, ASPECT, PRESENCE, SURFACE, FACET. 3. front, forefront (chiefly spec.); spec. escarpment, breast, disk, pedion, obverse,

tace, v. t. 1. To have the face towards: front, confront, envisage (rare); spec. respect, frontier.

2. oppose, front, breast, confront, buck (slang, U. S.), brave, cope (rare); spec. outbrazen, nose, bcard, buffet, defy, dare. Antonyms: see AVOID.

2. To show to the face of (a person): confront;—often with "with."

4. cover: spec. veneer, revet, line, campshed (local, Eng.).

5. See BRAZEN.

face, v. i. front, head (chiefly spec.), give (a Gallicism); spec. look (often fig.). facet, n. face (contextual); spec. templet,

lozenge, table (in gems), cut, culet.

facetious, a. humorous. face-to-face, a Spec. tête-à-tête (French), vis-à-vis (French), respectant (her.).
facing, n. 1. cover (contextual); spec. lining,

envelope, shoe, veneer, skin.

3. frontage, outlook, spec. exposure. confrontation, confrontment (rare)

faction, n. 1. combination, division, side; apec. clique, sect; see PARTY.

2. See DIBSENSION.

factory, n. workshop, shop, manufactory (formal), officina (Spanish), works (chiefly spec.), mint (often spec.); spec. hattery, pottery, bloomery, bakery, confectionery, brickyard, etc.

faculty, n. 1. See ABILITY, ART. 2. Of the mind's faculties: power, sense, wits (pl; chiefly spec.); spec. instinct, intellectuals (pl.; archaic), reason.

department, school (hist.); spec. semi-

narists (pl.).

fad, n. custom, craze, rage, hobby, mania, monomania, frensy, delirament (rore), whim-wham (archaic or rore), furor; spec. fashion, pursuit, tulipomania, vinomania, crotchet, dipsomania, etc.

fade, v. i. 1. See DECLINE, WITHER. 2. vanish (often used with "away"), faint; show.

spec. die (used with "out"), dim, pale, dissolve, disperse.

Antonyms: see intensify.

fall, v. i. 1. lack, collapse, miss, miscarry, abort, fizzle (chiefly U. S.); spec. err, flunk (school slang, U. S.), default.

Antonyms see Succeed. 3. break, bankrupt, default, defalcate (rare), smash (slang), swamp (colloq.).

Antonyms: see Succeed. 3. See DECLINE, BINK, SICKEN.

fatture, n. 1. fail (obs., exc. in "without

3. See DECLINE.

 deficiency, default, omission, nonact (rare), nonexecution; spec abortion, collapse, fixile (colloq.), miscarriage, flunk (U. S.; school slang), lapse, muff, fiasco, breakdown, slip, negligence, frost (slang), dereliction, delinquency, nonsuccess. Antonyms; see success.

4. bankruptcy (in U. S. spec), insolvency (in U. S. spec.), break, default, defalcation (rare); spec. smash (collog.),

crash.

might-have-been (collog.).

faint, a. 1. See TIMD.

2. weak, languid, listless, dolche-farniente (Italian), sickly, gone (colloq.). Antonyms see POWERFUL.

8. See INDISTINCT, DIM.

4. Referring to sounds: soft, small, gentle, thin.

faint, n. swoon, deliquium (archaic); spec. lipothymia.

faint, v. i. 1. decline, fade.

swoon, go (contextual), swelter (rare). Antonyms: see REVIVE.

taintness, n. Spec. swoon, lassitude. tuir, a. 1. good-looking, dexter (rare); spec. beautiful, shapely, clean, clear, glossy, smooth, sweet.

2. See desirable, impartial, favor-ABLE, AUSPICIOUS, JUST, UNOBSTRUCTED,

CLEAR.

3. medium, passable, fairish (rare), so so (collog.), moderate, indifferent, tolerable, respectable, reasonable, decent, ordinary; spec. average

Antonyms' see EXCELLENT, BAD.

4. blond, blonde, clear, white (collog., U.S.); spec. kily, lilied.

Antonyms: see DARK.

fair, n. Spec. bazaar, exchange, kermis,

13 Cross references: see Note. Incetim: pleasantry facetious: funny facetious purp pleasantry facetiousness: pleasantry facetic easy complaisant, ready, fluent skillful facilitate: aid. ease facalmiles copy, duplicate

fact: occurrence, actuality, truth factions: disagreeing, dissentiant. factitions: artificial, false instor: agent, element. instorage: agency. fuctual: octual facture: creation, making, doing. facultative: optional.

fmonl: fecal. fmons: excrement. ing: drudge, tire. fagot: bundle.
fall v.t. desert.
falling: fault.
faint-hearted:cowardly,fimid. tairly, adv. fair, well, middling (usually qualifying an adjective, as "good").

fairy, n. demon (often spec.), spirit (contextual), fay, sprite or (archaic) spright; spec. Titania, browny, elf, nix, fairyhood (a collective).

fairyland, n. faërie or faëry (archaic),

fairydom; spec, dreamland,

take, v. t falsify (contextual), sophisticate, counterfeit (contextual); spec. deacon (cant or colloq.), doctor (colloq.), duff (stang or colloq), nobble (stang), fudge, cook (stang), edit (euphemistic), pack.

fake, n. contrivance, fakement; spec. adul-

teration, fraud, cheat.

faldr, n. ascetic (contextual), dervish.

falcon, n. hawk (contextual); spec. tercelgentle (male), merlin, lanner (esp. fem.), lanneret (masc.), tartaret (obs.), sakeret (mase; archaic), saker (esp fem.), shahin or shaheen, sore-falcon.

fall, v i. 1. descend (formal), drop, sink, lapse (literary and rare), spec. drop, calve (dial. or tech), cave (used with "in"), pitch, drip, slump (dial.), plop, rain, plump, squab, cataract, topple, drissle, droop, tumble, slant, distill, lodge, collapse, shed.

Antonyms see RISE, STAND.

2. See DESCEND (come to a lower level). END, ACCRUE, BECOME, APOSTATIZE, DE-CLINE, DIE, DEPRECIATE, LOWER (referring to the countenance), BURHENDER, ABATE, BUBSIDE, OUTGO, PASS, OCCUR.

3. Referring to prices, etc.: decline, drop, sink; spec slump (cant or collog.), tumble.

Antonyms: see ADVANCE.

fall, n. 1. descent, downfall, downcome, comedown (colloq.), labefaction (rare), drop (often spec.); spec. shower, downrush, downpour, deluge (hyperbolical), cropper (collog.; chiefly in "to come a cropper"), discharge, cave-in (chiefly colloq.), dripple, flap (colloq.), flop, plop, tumble, spill (colloq.), plump (colloq.), squash, dogfall, eavesdrip, eavesdrop, éboulement (French), crowner, collapse.

Antonyma: see RIBE.

2. See descent, Ruin, Surrender, TACKLE, WATERFALL.

2. Referring to prices, etc.: decline, drop; spec. slump (collog. or cant), tumble.

Antonums see ADVANCE.

fallacy, n. 1. error, deception; spec. sophism, absurdity, sorites, bubble, idol, idolum or idolism. paralogism. Antonyms Bee TRUTH.

2. deceptiveness (cf. DECEPTIVE).

fallible, a. errable (rare), deceivable (rare). Antonyms' see infallible.

falling, a. descending, cadent (archaic); spec. precipitant, deciduous, incident, dripping, etc.

Antonyma sec rising.

falling, n. descent; spec. dripping, distillation, drip-drop, incidence, ptosis (rare). prolapsus.

fallow, a uncultivated, unplowed, un-tilled, lea, ley or lay (Eng.).

Antonyms: cultivated (see CULTIVATE). false, a 1. See untruthful, unfaithful, untrue, erroneous, deceptive, ab-SURD, DISHONEST.

2. pseudo (chiefly learned or in combina-tion), spurious, bastard (chiefly in con-tempt), counterfeit, supposititious, hollow, bogus, fictitious, fictive (rare); spec. pretended, forged, made-up, impostrous (rare), artificial, factitious.

Antonyms' see TRUE, NATIVE.

falsity, v. t. alter, sophisticate; spec. fake, cook (slang), interpolate (by adding), doctor; see ADULTERATE, FAKE.

falsity, n. 1. falsehood; spec. absurdity, deceptiveness, etc; see DISHONESTY.

 spuriousness, supposititiousness, hollowness, fictitiousness, fictiveness (rare); spec. pretension, artificiality.

falter, v. s. 1. stumble, stagger, dodder, hobble, totter, hesitate, waver.

2. Referring to speech: hesitate, halt; spec. stammer, stutter, stumble, quaver, waver,

lisp, hem.

8. See RESITATE.

talter, n. t. stumble, stagger, dodder, tot-

ter, hesitation, waver.

3. balbuties (tech.), halt, hesitation (contextual); spec. stammer, stutter, stumble, quaver, waver, lisp.

 See hebitation. fame, n. 1. See REPUTATION.

 honor (contextual), repute or reputation (contextual), renown, illustriousness, luster, illustration (rare), distinction, kudos (pedantic or humorous; Greek), celebrity, lionism, lionhood or lionship (fig.), note, consideration; spec. glory, eminence, greatness, conspicuousness, tongue (fig.).

Anionyms see obscurity. fame, v. t. 1. See REPORT.

2. eternize (rare), immortalize. The verb "fame" is rare.

familiar, a. 1. See DOMESTIC, AWARE. 3. intimate, homely (archaic), common (contextual); spec. hobnobby (rare), hail-

Cross references see Note. fair-seeming: plausible faith: belief, constancy, brust faithint: constant, accurate, trustworthy, conscentious. faithless: unfaithful, untruthful, dishonest, treacherous.
faloade: front
faloate: curved. falchion: sword. talderal: trufe, geogaw.

fallacious: absurd, erroneous, deceptive famed: famous. familiar: associate, domestic, demon, friend.

FAMILIARITY

fellow (rare), free, overfamiliar, unconstrained.

Antonyma: see unyamiliar, pormal.

3. See COMMON.

tamiliarity, n. 1. intimacy, homeliness (archaic); spec. freedom, conversation (literary).

3. See KNOWLEDGE, ACQUAINTANCE. family, n. 1. household, brood (contempluous), cletch or clutch (contemptuous), people (used with "my," "his," etc.), stock, house, spec. mine, his theirs, etc. (all these uses being cluefly colloquial).

3. lineage (formal), house, race, kin, strain, blood (fig), breed (chiefly contemptuous); spec. dynasty.

3. See KINDRED, KIND, CLASS.

family, a. Spec. patronymic; see DOMES-

famish, v. f. & i. starve, pinch, clam (dial). Antonyms: see Nourish, feast, feed.

famishment, n. starvation, pinch. Antonyma: see NUTRITION.

famous, a distinguished, celebrated, renowned, noted, notable, great (conlextual), illustrious, bright, brilliant, lustrous, famed, Roscian (fig); spec fabled, historied, storied, heroic, glorious, historical, immortal (forever)

Antonyms see OBSCURE. tan, n. Spec punkah or punka (East In-dies), flabellum, fanner (chiefly tech), winnower, blower, colmar (hist.), van, thermantidote (rare or local)

fan, v. t. 1. clean (contextual), blow, win-now (chiefly spec.).

2. See STIMULATE, INCREASE.

fanatic, n. enthusiast, bigot, realet, visionary; spec. sectarian.

fanaticism, n. enthusiasm, bigotry, zealotry.

fanciful, a. 1. capricious, fantasied, conceited (dial. or archaic), maggoty (now contemptuous), chimerical, fantastic, fantasque (rare), curious, crotchety.

Antonyms: see unimaginative, matter-OF-FACT.

2. See odd.

1ancy, n 1. See thagination (the faculty)
2. The thing imagined: imagination, fantasy, phantasy, notion, idea, thought; spec. antic, phantasm, hallucination, delusion, megrim, reverie, vapor, specter, vision, belief, chimera or chimera, daydream.

3. See concert, caprice, approval, lik-ING, TASTE.

tan-shaped, a. flabellate (tech.), flabelliform (tech.).

fantastic, a. 1. See IMAGINARY, CAPRIctous

3. fanciful, romantic; spec. grotesque, bizarre, see odd.

Antonyms: see Plain.

fantasy, n. I. See imagination, pancy, CAPRICE

2. fantasia (music).

tar, adv. widely, wide, remotely, distantly, long, etc.

Autonyms see NEAR.

tare, v. i. 1. See GO, OCCUB, LIVE.

2. do, come on (colloq.). "Fare" is more formal than "do."

fare, n. 1. See FORTUNE

2. food, table, board (becoming archaic). farewell, n. goodby, congé (formal; French), adieu, leave taking, leave (short for "leave taking"), parting, valediction (properly the words said), valedictory (the words).

Antonyms: see GREETING.

tarm, n. grange; spec. plantation, barton (Eng.), estansia (Sp.), location (Australia), fasenda (Sp.), farmstead, hacienda (Sp. Amer.), ranch (western U. S. &

Canada), stud, dairy, mains (Scot.).
tar-sighted, a. 1. hypermetropic (tech.), long-sighted, hyperopic (tech.); spec. pres-

byopic.

Antonyms' see NEAR-SIGHTED.

2. provident, see BAGACIOUS.

farther, a. further chiefly in secondary or

fig. senses); spec. beyond, past, farthest, a furthest (chiefly in secondary or fig. senses). uttermost, final, extreme, endmost, last.

Antonyms' see NEAREST.

fascinate, v. f. 1. bewitch, charm, spellbind (chiefly cant); spec. dare (only in "to dare larks").

Antonyms : see REPEL.

2. See CAPTIVE.

fast, a. 1. See firm, constant, unfading, RAPID, DISSIPATED, DEEP.

3. ahead (referring to time).

fasten, v. t. 1. fix, secure (formal), confine; spec. catch, tie, lock gird, infix, marl, bolt, chain, belay, pin, lace, strap, cobble, cleat, bond, clasp, infibulate (rare), button, batten, tether, paste, cement, stick,

Tar Cross references nee Note. fancy, v t imagine, believe, like. fantastic: oddity fantom phantom. far-away: dislant farce, v. 1 * season

farologi; comic farm, v t cultivate, lease. farming: agriculture. farmish: rustic far-off: distant farrier: peterindrian farrow, a barren.

farrow, v f bear, farther: also, farthest: extreme fasciated: banded insticle: bunch [sty. fad fashion, n custom, style, soci-fashion, e l make, create fashionable: stylish. peg, screw, seal, seize, spike, surcingle, skewer, toggle, wedge, tack, lash, latch, rivet, rope, mortise, knot, key, fish, dowel, forelock, hasp, hoop, collar, crank, cotter. cramp, cable, clinker, buckle, stanchion, halter, gum, bind, dog.

Antonyms. see LOOSE, UNFASTEN.

2. See ATTACH, HOLD, KEEP, IMPOSE. fastening, n. confinement; spec. clinch, clip, breeching, lace, lacing, tie, tether, clasp, tacking, latch, lashing, lock, fast, headfast, holdfast.

fastidious, a. particular, nice, dainty, delicate, exquisite, fine, precise; spec. finical, finicking, chary, picksome (Eng.), priggish, pernickety (contemptuous), overnice, starch, niminy-piminy, squeamish, cockney (Eng), missish, proper (a euphemism), préciouse (French); see PRECIOUS. Antonyms. see NEGLIGENT, GROSS

fat, a 1. greasy, pinguedinous (rare), fatty, unctuous or unguinous (chiefly spec.), se baceous (physiol; often spec), pinguid

(rare); spec lardy, oily, tallowy.

2. corpulent, gross, stocky (contextual), polysarcous (rare; tech.), fleshy, ventricose (rare), obese (a formal or book word); spec. puffy, paunchy (inelegant), pot-bellied (vulgar), pursy, portly, pudgy, fubby, squab, plump, plumpy. Antonyma' see thin, Lanky.

3. See dull, productive, profitable. fat, n. Spec. grease, sebum (tech.), blubber, tallow, seam (obs. or rare), spermacetti, suet, oil, yolk, lumber (esp. in horses).

fate, n. 1. necessity, destiny, die (fig.). 2. destiny, dispensation, cup (fig.; chiefly Scriptural), experience, portion (me's share; usually spec.), doom (spec. or fig.).

fortune.

4. weird (archaic), Maeres (Greek; pl), Parcæ (Latin; pl.); spec. Clotho, Lathesis, Atropos, Norn

fateful, a. fatal, inevitable, necessary, predestined, predestinate (archaic), doomful,

karmic (spec or fig ; rare); spec tragic.
father, n. 1. parent (contextual), sire (chiefly poetic, exc. of beasts, esp. horses), getter (obs, exc. of horses), genter (rare), fatherling (nonce word), governor (slang), dad (childish or familiar and undignified), daddy (pet form of "dad"), paps (now chiefly childish or affected), pater (Latin or slang), dada (child's word); spec. (in a loose use of "father") stepfather, fatherin-law, foster-father, pater-familias. These words except "parent," "sire," "getter,"

"genutor" and, occasionally, "father" are used only of the human parent.

Antonyms: see CHILD, MOTHER.

2. See ANCESTOR, GOD, PRIEST, CONFESSOR. father, v t. 1. beget, sire.

See adopt, acknowledge.
 attribute, impose; see appliate.

fatherhood, n. paternity, progenitorship (rare).

fatherless, a. orphan (contextual), unfathered, sireless, dadless (nonce).

fatherly, a. parental (contextual), paternal, fatherlike, gubernatorial (slang).

fathomiess, a. 1. immeasurable, measureless, deep, abyssal, abysmal.

Antonyms see SHALLOW. 3. See Unintelligible.

tatness, n fleshiness, obesity, obeseness, corpulence, corpulency, polysarcia (tech.), grossness (rare), pinguitude (rare), pinguidity (rare), plumpness; spec. embonpoint (French).

tatten, v 1. & t fat (esp. used with "up"), pinquefy (rare); spec. saginate (rare),

brawn (dicl.), batten, plump.

Antonyms see Waste. faucet, n. cock, tap; spec. spigot, spile,

stopcock. fault, n. 1. Spec failing, default, obli-

quity, blemish, peccadillo, defalcation, delinquency, vice, cloud (fig.), spot, flaw, shortcoming, defect, imperfection, demerit, infirmity, offense.

Antonyma: see EXCELLENCE, WORTH.

2. See blame, negligence, cleft. faultfinding, a. censorious, captious, cynical or cynic (now chiefly spec.), critical, carping.

faultless, a. 1. See CORRECT, BLAMELESS. perfect, irreproachable, immaculate,

spotless.

taulty, o. vicious, bad; spec. ill, blameworthy, transgressive, blamable, imperfect.

Anionyma: see GOOD, EXCELLENT.

favor, n 1. Spec. esteem, benignity, popularity; see APPROVAL.

3. See AID, APPEARANCE, GIFT, BADGE,

LETTER.

8. Spec. benefaction, grace, boon, benefit, obligement, kindness, dispensation, indulgence.

favor, v. t 1. See APPROVE, OBLIGE.

* countenance, patronize; spec. see AID. Antonyms: see discourage.

1. See SAVE, SUPPORT, INDULGE, RE-SEMBLE, EASE.

favorable, a. 1. See AUSPICIOUS.

Cross references see Note.

fatal: deadly, fateful

fate, v t destine

fatherhood: paternsty

fathom: sound, understand, exfatigue, n ' wearmest.

fatiguing: tiresome. tatty: fal. tatuous: foolish, stupid, deranged

FAVORITE

 advantageous; spec. fair, helpful, good, j golden, salutory.

Antonyms see UNFAVORABLE.

3. well-inclined, well-minded, benign, friendly, favoring, gracious, propitious. Antonyms: see OPPOSED.

favorite, n. 1. dear, minion (now contemptuous); sec DARLING, PET.

2. See CHOICE.

favoritism, n. partiality; spec. nepotism. fawn, v. i. cringe, crawl, toady, truckle. Antonyms: see DOMINEER.

fawner, n cringer, toady, sycophant, truckler, toadcater, bootlicker (colloq. or slang); spec. flunky.

Antonyms see BULLY.

fawning, a. cringing, abject, servile, syco-phantic, toadying, truckling, toadyish; see OBSEQUIOUS.

Antonyms. see DOMINEERING.

fawning, n. cringing, sycophantism, toady-

20ar, n. alarm, dread, phobia (tech. or rare and humorous); spec. consternation, panic, funk (slang), misdoubt, misgiving, affright (rare), terror, terrification, trepidation, scare, fright, fray (archaic), horror, eeriness, awe, apprehension, pantophobia, mysophobia, agoraphobia, hydrophobia, superstition, reverence.

Antonyms, see BOLDNESS, HOPE. fear, v. t. apprehend, dread, redoubt (obs.

or rare); spec. misdoubt, revere.

teared, a. dread, redoubted (rhetorical). fearful, a. 1. See AFRAID.

2. dreadful, fearsome (rare), terrible, ghastful (archaic), ghastly (obs.), redoubtable (rhetorical); spec. dire, awful, grim, grisly, awesome, gruesome or grewsome, frightful, horrible, appalling, horrendous (rare), eerie or eery, apprehensive (rare), tremendous (now rare).

Antonyms: see BOLD. 3. See TIMID, GREAT.

20act, n. 1. See FESTIVAL, MEAL.

2. Spec. banquet, regale (rare), junket (often spec.; U. S.), gaudy (Eng.), fête (French), tuck-out (slang), barbecue, bridaele or bridale, Gregory (Anglo-Irish), wine, potlatch, give-ale (hist.), infare (lo-cal Eng.), hockey or hookey (dial. Eng.), symposium.

feast, a epulary (rare).
feast, v. i. feed (inelegant; contextual), epi-

curize (rare); spec. fête (rare), cosher (Irs-land), luxuriate.

Antonyms see Famibh.

feast, v. t. feed (contextual); spec. banquet, regale, fête, wine.

Antonyms: see FAMISH. feastday, n. fiesta (Italian).

feasting, n. epulation (rare); spec. banqueting, regalement (rare).
feat, n. 1. See accomplishment, deed.

2. stunt (colloq), spec. split (gymnastics),

giant swing, cartwheel.

feather, n 1. plume (poetic or rhetorical, exc. spec.), pen (obs.); spec plumule, covert, scapular, down (a collective), eiderdown (a collective), beam, quill, filoplume, interscapular, remex, primary, principal, pinion, streamer, flag.

2. See PLUMAGE, TUFT.

3. In mechanics: spec. spline, rib, flange,

key, web, fin, tongue, vane.
4. Referring to part of an oar: blade, flat, broad

feather, v. i. Spec, fledge, feather, v. t. 1. implume (rare or rhetorical), plume (rare or rhetorical, exc. spec.); spec. (of an arrow) flight, fledge, wing, fletch.
2. To remove the feathers from: deplume,

deplumate; spec. pinion.

feathered, a. plumed , chiefly spec), plumous (rare); spec. winged, penniferous (rare), pennigerous (rare), plumate; see FEATHERY. Referring to a dog: feather-footed, a

rough-footed, rough-legged. featherless, a. impennate (chiefly spec.);

spec. unfledged, callow.

featherlike, a. penniform, pennate (rare), pinnate, plumiform,—all four learned or

teathery, a. 1. feathered, plumose (chiefly spec.), plumy (chiefly spec.); spec. plumate, fledgy (rare), downy.

2. Referring to a dog curly-haired. feature, n. 1. lineament, point.

3. See face, Characteristic.

febrifuge, a. antifebrile, antipyretic. fecal, fecal, a. dungy (chiefly spec.), ster-coraceous (literary or tech.), excrementitious (literary or tech.).

tee, n. 1. benefice, fief, feud, feudatory.

3. See estate, pay, tip.

3. payment (contextual), allowance (contextual); spec. portage, entrance, tuition, toll, towage, ferriage, honorarium, coets (pl.), premium, procuration, retainer.

Coross references were Note.
favorite, a darling, pel.
favoritism: partiality,
favores: cellular fawn, n : deer. fawn, s ! bear. fawn, a : brown. fawning, a : obsequious.

isso: disconcert, intimidate, worry. feal: constant. fearless: bold feasunce: doing. feasible: possible feat: elegant, skillful.

febrile: feverish

foces: executent fockless: epuniless, weak-focund: fruitful focundate: fruitful focundate: fruitful focundate. confederate, united. federate: unite feeble: week, industried. | fine. feeble-minded: wresolufe, defectead, v. t. 1. aliment (rare); spec. gorge, nurture, meal (rare), grub (slang), mess, fodder, forage, suckle, diet, breakfast, dine, dinner rare), lunch (colloq), sup-per (colloq), graze, hay (rare), soil, corn (rare), bait, water, pap.

Antonyms' see FAMISH. 3. Spec. fuel (a stove or fire), fire (an en-

gine), supply, gratify, nourish.

ing place eat.

2. Referring to an action as contemplated or habitual: eat, fare, live (contextual); apec. subsist, board, meal, diet, gorge, dine, breakfast, lunch, etc. "Feed" in this sense is rare or slang.

Antonyms, see Famish.

teeding, n. feed, cibation (obs. or rare), eat (slang).

tool, v. t. 1. See PERCEIVE.

2. examine, test, touch; spec. handle, fumble, palpate, sound, probe, thumb, finger.

3. experience, entertain, make, taste, find, bear; spec. believe, discover.

1ecl, v i. 1. See PERCEIVE, SEEM.

2. Spec. grope, fumble.

1esler, n. tactor (tech.); spec. palp, palpus, whisker, vibrissa, tentacle, antlia, barbel, pedinaln.

feeling, n. 1. sentience; spec. touch.

2. experience; spec. sensation, perception,

consciousness, affection

 The faculty or capacity: sensibility, emotionality, soul, feelingness, blood (fig.; human feelings); spec. heart strings (pl.), demonstrativeness, unction, sympathy, antipathy, cenesthesis.

Antonyms : see INSENSIBILITY.

 emotion, sentiment, affection; spec. fire (fig.), hate, hatred, hope, despair, sympathy, pathos, love, gladness, anger, pang, pain, sorrow, joy, etc.

Antonyma: see INSENSIBILITY.

5. See ATTITUDE.

feint, n. pretense; spec. artifice, stratagem, expedient, trick.

felialty, n 1. See GLADNESS, APPROPRIATE-NESS, GOOD, FORTUNE, READINESS.

2. Referring to a speech, action, etc.: inspiration, hit, stroke, bull's-eye (collog.). feline, a. cattish, catty (colloq.), feliform

(rare).

fall, v. t. drop (especially with a blow or shot), down, floor, ground; spec. prostrate, throw, grass (chiefly slang), sandbag, cut (with "down"), hew (with "down"), saw (with "down"), etc.

Antonyms: see BAISE.

fellow, n. 1. See associate, EQUAL, PER-

2. dog (playful, humarous, or contemptuous), customer (collog.; usually with "queer," "ugly," etc.), cove (stang and vulgar in U.S.), Jack (contemptuous), Gill (slang), call or cully (slang and contemptuous), gaffer (rural Eng.), joker (slang), Johany or Johnnie (contemptuous or familtar), cuss (in reproach, contempt, or humorously; slang and collog., U. S.), cussin (thienes' cant), codger (disrespectful and chiefly vulgar), devil (collog. or slang), wight (now chiefly pocuse), varlet (a low f-llow; archarc), constrel (in contempt; archaic), knave (a low fellow; archaic), chal (Gipsy), wallah (Anglo-Indian), shaver (collog.)

s. don (Eng. universities), dean (in Oxford and Cambridge; British)

tellowship, n. Spec. brotherhood, com-

radeship, membership.

female, n. she (rare, exc. as attributive), petticoat (collog. or humorous); spec. woman, girl, cow, hen, bitch, queen, worker.

Antonyms: see Male.

female, a. she (chiefly in combination), feminine (usually spec.); spec. pistillate. Antonyms: see MALE, MANLY.

feme-sole, n. Spec. widow, spinster; -re-

ferring to a woman at the time unmarried. femininity, n. feminesty (rore), feminality (rare), femslity (rare and humorous), muliebriety (rare), feminacy (rare), feminity (rare), womanliness (the word in ordinary use and chiefly spec.; "femininity" being the more formal word and also usually spec.), womanishness (usually derogatory).

Antonyms: see Manliness, tence, n. 1. See PROTECTION.

2. In fencing: guard; spec. parry.

3. inclosure, hay (archaic); spec. barricade, stockade, paling, palisade, hoarding, counter, pale (archaic), barrier, palisado (rare), hedge, ha-ha, weir.

4. As to stolen goods: receiver, lock (cont). tence, v. i. guard (against); spec. parry,

evade.

tence, v. t. inclosure; spec. wire, pale (rare), palisade, palisado (rore), hedge (often with "in" or "about"), impale (chiefly luerary), picket.

fender, n duffer; spec. pudding, pad, hurt-

er, scotchman, shield.

Cross references, see Note. feel, n. touch. [emotional feeling, a sentient, affecting, laten: imagine, pretend, assume falloitate: congratulate. felicitons: glad, appropriate,

folicity: gladness, appropriateness. feline, n. cal
feli, a fierce, cruel, harmful, painful, deadly, destructive.
feli, n. skin, down. felly: 7100

felon, a.: weeked, cruel. felon, n., connet. felony: crues. feminine: female, womanish. fen: maral fand: repel, protect.

lerment, n. 1. zyme (lech, or rare); spec. enzyme, diastase, pepsin, yeast, leaven (now chiefly Bib), barm.

3. See Fermentation, excitement, agi-TATION, UPROAR, FRET.

ferment, v t. 1. work. 2. Spec fret, simmer.

fermentation, n. 1. ferment, working; spec zymosis (rare).

2. See EXCITEMENT. fern, n. Spec. brake, osmund, bracken, hart's-tongue, maidenhair.

fern-shaped, a. filiculorm (tech.), filicoid (tech.), fernlike.

ferny, a bracky, brackeny.
ferocity, n. 1. See VIOLENCE, ARDOR, IM-PETUOSITY.

2. unkindness, ferociousness, truculence, savageness, savagery, dourness (Scot.), grimness (literary); spec. vandalism, sternness, angriness, malignancy, pitilessness, murderousness, brutality.

Antonyms see KINDNESS, GENTLENESS. ferrule, n. band (contextual), ring, shoe, collet, virole (rare), spec. thumble, cap. ferrule, v. t. bind, shoe, cap, ring.

terry, n. bac (French), spec. ghaut or ghat (Anglo-Indian), pont (So. African).

ferry, v t, transport (contextual); spec, row, sail, steam, pull.

ferryman, n. waterman (contextual); spec. Charon.

fertilize, v. t. 1. See FRUCTIFY.

2. enrich, fat (rare or literary), fatten; spec manure, compost, bone, (Eng.), guano, salt, phosphate, nitrify.

fertilizer, n. dressing; spec. compost, marl, manure, dung, phosphate, bonedust, lime, guano.

ferule, n. palmer (obs. or rare); spec. rod, ruler.

fester, n sore (contextual), ulcer, pustule. fester, v. i ulcerate, rankle (literary), suppurate (tech.).

festival, n. 1. carnival (properly spec.), feast (chiefly spec.), fiesta (Italian); spec. fête (French; on a large scale), fête champêtre (French), hightide (archaic or rare), Visi-tation, holiday (now usually called a "holy day"), Vinalia, Candlemas, Christmas, Xmas, Corpus Christi, purim (Hebrew), Bairam (Mohammedan), pardon (Roman Catholic Church or obs.), Easter, epiphany, gaudy day (Eng.), gala day, jubilee, fes-tivity, harvest home, kirn (Scot), hoolee or hooli (East Indian), dusserah (Hindu), hypapante, encænia, panegyris or panegyry, Panathencoa (pl), Lupercalia (pl), Saturnalia (pl), Vulcanalia (pl), Bacchanalia (pl), Dionysia (pl).

2. See FESTIVITY festive, a. 1. convivial, festal, festivous (rare), feastful (archaic); spec. jolly, uproamous, carnival.

Antonyms see Mournful.

2. As being fond of merriment; see GAY. festivity. n. 1. festiveness, convivality, merrymaking.

2. festival, incrrymaking; spec. celebration, rejoicing, revel.

tetid, a. malodorous, foul, olid (rare), rank, nidorous (rare), stinking, graveolent (liter-ary; rhetorical, affected, or euphemistic); spec gamy, rancid.

Antonyms' see FRAGRANT.

tetish, n. fetich (a variant), charm; spec. juju, medicine,

feudatory, n. vassal, beneficiary; spec. prince, palatine.

tever, n. 1. heat, fire (fig.), pyrexia (rare); spec. feveret, febricula, ague, typhus, typhoid, dengue, heetic, remittent, calenture, intermittent, quintan, tertian, quotidian, quartan.

2. Referring to a feverish state: febricity (rare), feverishness, febrility (rare), fieri-

ness.

8. See DESTRE, ARDOR.

fevered, a excited; spec. angry.

feverish, a. 1. febrile, feverous (rare), fevered, pyretic (rare), pyrectic (rare), pyrexial (rare), pyrexic (rare), pyrexical (rare), febricitant (rare), febricose (rare); spec. febriculose (rare), inflamed, fiery.

2. See EXCITED, ARDENT.

tew, a. sparse, small (with "number"). Antonyms: see all, many, number-

tew, n handful; -a collective.

lewness, n. paucity (learned or formal),

scarcity, sparsity, sparseness. ther, n. 1. filament; spec. staple, fibrile or fibrilla, strand, bast, sunn, oakum, istle, henequen, hemp, jute, cotton, piña, rafia,

ramie, pita, manila, coir. 2. See TEXTURE.

Cross references are Note. fenny: marshy. feedary: vassal feral; wild. ferine: wild. ferocious: fierce. fertile: fruitful. fervent: hot, ordent. fervid: hot, ordent. fervor: heat, orden.

festal: feetire, holiday. festoon, n.: wreath, festoon, c. L.: wreathe. draw, heave, deal, diest. captivate, fetch: artifice. fetch: apparition fetching: effective. 18te, n entertainment, feetival. 18te, o t entertain, feast. tetloh: fetiah.

tetter, n. shackle letter, v. t. shackle, hamper, fettle, v. t. groom, fettle, n.: condition, tettle, fee teud: fee guarral fevered: fevered: fevered, fanoée; bethrothed, flacos; fallure. flat: hidding. Oh: lie

FIGUREHEAD

Aberlike, a. fibrous, fibriform (rare), fibrine (rare), fibry; spec. fibrilliform

1. See IMAGINATION (the action). **2.** The thing imagined: imagination, invention, forgery, figment, fantasy, concoction, fabrication, story, fable, novel, allegory, epic, assumption.

Antonyms: see ACTUALITY.

fictitious, a. Spec. mythical, dummy, invented, imaginary, assumed, fabled, fabulous, artificial; spec. paper.

Antonyms: see ACTUAL.

- fiddle, v. i. 1. play; spec. bow. Curiously, though fiddle as a verb has no equivalent except the general term "play." the verb "fiddle," as well as the noun, is now rather contemptuous or familiar.
- 2. See POTTER, FIDGET.

fidget, v. i. fidge; spec. fiddle, twiddle.

- field, n. 1. Spec. clearing, glebe (poetic or eccl.), paddock (chiefly dial. Eng.; in Australia not spec.), croft (British), meadow, patch.
- 2. See COMPETITOR, EXTENT, EXPANSE, SPHERE.
- **3.** battlefield; spec. plain (chiefly poetic), Armageddon (fig.).

fiend, n. 1. See DEMON, MONSTER.

- 2. demon (of cruelty), shaitan (colloq.), brute, hellhound, cat (esp. of a woman), wolf, tiger; see MONSTER.
- fierce, a. 1. See VIOLENT, ARDENT, IMPETU-OUS.
- 2. unkind (contextual), ferocious; spec. glaring, dragonish, truculent, catawampous (slang, chiefly U. S.), fell (chiefly poetic), savage, Vandalic (hist.), breme (obs. or poetic), dour (Scot.), grim, cruel, stern, angry, malignant, pitiless, merciless, murderous, inhuman, tigerish, wolfish.

Antonyms: see KIND, GENTLE.

- flery, a. 1. hot, igneous (literary or tech.), red (fig.), empyreal or empyrean (fig.); spec. flaming, lurid.
- 2. See ARDENT, IMPETUOUS, FEVERISH, IRRITABLE, ANGRY.
- fight, n. 1. contention (contextual), contest (contextual), encounter, rencounter (rare), conflict (formal), combat (primarily spec.), affair (contextual); spec. cuff (rare), bicker (now chiefly Scot.), bustle (archaic), brawl, battle, affray, fray, mêlée (French), mellay (archaic), ruffle, engagement, action, quarrel, sciamachy, digladiation (rare), duomachy (rare), pellmell (rare), duel, brush, theomachy, tour-

ney, just or joust, tilt, spar, scrap (colloq.), scrimmage, naumachia, skirmish.

2. See CONTENTION, CONTEST.

3. pugnacity, pluck, game (rare).

fight, v. i. 1. contend, conflict (rare), combat, battle, warfare (rare); spec. ruffle (archaic), camp (obs. or dial.), war, battle, scuffle, box, spar, strike, tilt, just or joust, bicker, brawl, duel, militate, crab, claw, scratch, buffet, skirmish, strive, fistify (nonce word).

2. See CONTEND.

fight, v. t. 1. encounter, combat (now chiefly fig.), engage; spec. buffet (chiefly fig.), war (rare), worry.

2. Cause to fight: pit, match.

3. See Oppose.

fighter, n. combatant, contestant, champion (archaic, rare, or spec.), contender (contextual), combater (rare); spec. battler, warrior, militant (rare), duelist, dueler (rare), slasher, tilter, juster, jouster, guerilla, gladiator, skirmisher, pugilist, boxer, sparrer, cuffer, pancratiast.

Antonyms: see Pacifist.

fighting, a. Spec. combatant, militant, belligerent, pugilistic, skirmishing, boxing, etc.

fighting, n. contention (contextual); spec. combating, warring, duel (with "the"), duello (Italian), fisticuffs (pl.).

figlike, a. ficoid (tech.), caricous (rare), ficiform (tech.).

figural, a. Spec. graphic, diagrammatic. figurative, n. 1. descriptive; spec. symbolic.

spec.); spec. allegorical, figured (rare or spec.); spec.

8. See FLORID (of speech), ORNATE (in art).

figure, n. 1. character (contextual), number, digit; spec. cipher, one, two, etc.

2. See form, person, symbol.

8. Referring to the thing having a particular form: shape; spec. image, effigy, design, diagram, sculpture, cylinder, square, ball, triangle, ellipse, ovoid, oval, parabola, diamond, parallelogram, rhombus, ghost, sector (geom.), carving, casting, molding, etc.

4. In dancing: evolution; spec. entrechat

(French), quadrille.

5. In rhetoric: image, trope, ecbasis (rare); spec: metaphor, similitude, simile, metonymy, irony, litotes, diasyrm, aporia, diaporesis, hendiadys, etc.

Terross references: see Note. Actile: plastic.

fiddle, n.: violin.

fidgety: uneasy.

fiddle-faddle, n.: trifle, trifling. fiddler: violinist. [accuracy. fidelity: constancy, truthfulness,

fiducial: trustful, confidential.
fiduciary: confidential.
fief: fee.
fiendish: devilish, cruel.
fieriness: ardor. heat, fever, iras-

figure, v. t.: depict, delineate, describe, ornament, compute, sym-

figure, v. i.: appear, compute.
figured: ornamented.
figurehead: dummy.

fig: trifle.

n. fiber (contextual); spec. thread, film, strand, cirrus, barbel, gossamer, hair, threadlet, cobweb, harl, wire.

Miamentous, a filamentary, spec thread-like, fibrous, stringy, filar, thready, hairlike, fil.form (tech.), capillary, fibrillose, filose, cirrous (tech.).

file, v. t Spec. record, lodge, pigeonhole, thread, string

filibuater, n. obstructionist.

filigree, n. wirework.

fiting, n abrasion (contextual); spec. limation (fig.; rare).

filings, n pl limail (tech.).

"with"), stuff, cram, pack, line, congest, crowd, crown, overflow, fulfil (archae), infill (rare), brimful, brim, bumper, replenish, chink (colloq, U. S.), saturate, suffuse, plug, stop, charge.

Antonyms' see DEPLETE, DRAIN, EMPTY,

EVACUATE.

2. See DISTEND, PERVADE.

trim (a sail).

4. Referring to orders, commissions, etc.: execute, discharge, do, perform.

fillet, n. 1. band (contextual); spec. (for the hair) bandeau, vitta (literary), snood, sphenodome, infula (Roman antiq.). 2. In architecture: spec. orlo, tænia, plat-

band, stria.

filling, n Spec packing, replenishment, repletion, fill, charge, stuffing.

film, n. skin (contextual); spec. membrane, nebula, scale, veil, pellicle, scum, lamina, gauze, cloud.

filmy, a. Spec. clouded, filmsy, cloudy,

fine-spun, gausy, pellicular.

21ter, v. t. & i. 1. strain, filtrate, percolate (usually spec.).

3. See EXUDE.

filth, n 1. dirt, sordes (tech.), sorder (rare), vileness, foulness, obscenity (literary), filthiness, ordure (archaic), nastiness.

2. See dirtiness, corruption.

althy, a. 1. dirty, foul, nasty, sordid (literary), obscene (literary), vile; spec. impure, mucky, dungy, hoggish.

2. See INDECENT

an, n. 1. flipper, pinna (2001.); spec. sail.

See FEATHER (in mechanics).

final, a end (the noun used attributively), last, terminal, latest, ultimate, extreme, spec. eventual, conclusive, decisive, unappealable

finality, n. terminality, ultimateness, ex- finish, v. t. 1. See END, DRESS, KILL.

tremity; spec. decisiveness, eventuality, conclusiveness.

Anances, n. pl. circumstances (contextual), affairs (contextual).

anancial, a fiscal (chiefly U. S. & spec.); spec. bursal.

financier, n. Spec. investor, lender, cambist, capitalist.

fine, n. punishment (contextual), penalty mulct, amercement, assessment, forfeit (often spec.), spec. geld, wite, bloodwite, wergild.

ane, t. t. penalize (contextual), amerce, mulct, sconce (Oxford University); spec. log. fine, a. 1. refined, clear, pure. See PURE.
2. admirable, brave (literary), choice, su-

perior, handsome; spec glorious, grand, imposing, delicate, nice, subtle, nifty (slang, U, S), divine, heavenly, superfine (an intensive), fancy, splendiferous (colloq), bully (slang; U. S., and Eng. colleges), dandy (slang or collog), nobby (collog., slang, or cant), finical, surpassing, magnificent, superb, transcendent, spanking colloq), rum (cant), crack (slang or colloq.), recherché (French) As slang or collog. intensives: adorable, tearing, ripping, splendid, rattling, stunning, elegant, great, boss, smashing, tearing, bouncing, etc.

Antonyms. see BAD, INFERIOR.

3. See SMALL, SLENDER, SENSITIVE, NICE, FASTIDIOUS, EXACT, CLEAR

ane, interj. bravo! Many of the words under "fine" and "excellent" are more or less used as interjections in corresponding senses

Aneness, a. excellent, delicacy, superiority, subtlety, subtility (now rare), etc Cf FINE. fine one. crack (collog), rattler (slang), screamer (slang), chipper (slang), bouncer (collog), dandy (collog).

An almost unnumerable number of words meaning primarily something noisy, big, or the like, are used as slang or collequial terms to express the idea of something fine.

finery, n ornament; spec. frippery, gaudery (rare), gewgawry (rare), gimcrackery. anger, n 1. digit (chiefly tech.), mudhooks (pl.; slang); spec. minimus, index, pointer,

fingerlet. 3. technique; -in music.

3. See POINTER.

unial, n. In architecture: ornament (contextual), terminal; spec. crop.

Tross references: see Note. filoh: steal
filoher: thief
file, n tist line
file, n de n march
filibuster, v 1 delay.
filiform: filamentous.

nny: cot iliter the, r i purify the, r i purify thedraw: sew, attenuate, fine-grained: smooth the-spun: attenuated, slender, moth. subtle filmu

Enesse: art. artifice inger, v t hondle, steel, inger, v t hondle, steel, inger, v t play toy, injoking: fastidious, injoking: fastidious, injoking: fastidious, injoking: end death, injoh, v v end. 2. accomplish, crown, complete, consummate, fulfill, do, execute, round (esp. with "out").

Antonyms: see BEGIN.

finish, v. i. 1. conclude, end;—in the sense of "to have done."

2. See END, DIE.

finish, n. 1. See END, DEATH, PERFECTION, ELEGANCE.

2. surface (contextual); spec. dress.

finished, a. 1. done, accomplished, over (in predicative use; collog.), complete, rounded, round.

Antonyms: see Incomplete, unfinished.

2. perfect; spec. fine, elegant.

Antonyms: see Unfinished. finishing, n. Spec. end, conclusion, ter-

mination, completion, etc. finite, a. definable, limited, terminable.

Antonyms: see Infinite. finiteness, n. limitedness, limitation, finitude, finity (rare).

fin-shaped, a. pinniform (tech.), finny.

fire, n. 1. Spec. flame, coal, blaze, conflagration, beacon, bale (archaic), balefire, ingle, bonfire, smudge, needfire, spark, smother.

2. See burning, fever, ardor.

fire, v. t. 1. See IGNITE, HEAT, EJECT, EXPEL, EXCITE, ENLIVEN.

2. discharge, explode; spec. play.

firearm, n. piece, gun (colloq., exc. as spec.), popgun (contemptuous); spec. pistol, revolver, rifle, mitrailleuse (French), Martini, musket, jezail, bulldog, escopette (U. S.), fusil (obs. or hist.), fusee (obs. or hist.), galloper, harquebus, gingall, jingall, culverin, hackbut, hagbut, chassepot (French), carbine, carabine, cannon, gun, petronel, saket, falconet.

fireman, n. Spec. stoker. fireplace, n. hearth, fireside, grate (fig.); spec. range, hob, cupola, cockle, tisar.

firework, n. 1. pyrotechnic;—both usually in pl.

2. Spec. squib, girandola, rocket, pinwheel, petard, bomb, serpent, saucisson (French), jack-in-the-box, maroon, flowerpot, fizgig, wheel, jet, gerbe.

firm, a. 1. See FIXED, CONSTANT, COURAGE-

2. stable, solid, coherent, consistent, consistency, steady, stout, stanch, strong, stiff, tight, secure, fast; spec. hard, braced, tied, inflexible, nailed, bolted, etc. Antonyms: see SHAKY, TOTTERING, WEAK, UNSTEADY, RICKETY, LOOSE.

firm, v. t. 1. steady, stabilize, stabilify (rare), solidate (rare); spec. consolidate, | fishway, n. zigzag.

brace, jack (U. S.), nail, bolt, screw,

Antonyms: see WEAKEN.

3. See Establish.

firm, n. association, concern, house; spec. partnership, corporation, company.

firmness, n. 1. Spec. fixedness, courage.

2. constancy, unyieldingness, backbone (collog.).

3. stability, solidity, steadiness, stoutstanchness, strength, stiffness, tightness, consistency, security, fastness, solidness; spec. coherence.

Antonyms: see instability.

first, a. 1. Referring to time or order: earliest, premier (rare), erst (obs.); spec. primary, primal, prime, pristine, eldest, aboriginal, maiden, original.

Antonyms: see Last, final.

3. foremost, front, head.

3. See CHIEF.

first, adv. firstly (avoided by some), imprimis (Latin), erst (archaic and literary); spec. formerly.

first-class, a. excellent, prime, scrumptious (U. S.; colloq.), palmary (rare), palmarian (rare).

Antonyms: see inferior.

fish, n. fin (fig.); spec. fishlet, fishing, fry (collective pl.).

fish, a. piscine (learned or tech.), ichthyic (rare).

fish, v. i. 1. Spec, angle, bob, dap, dib, dibble, torch, flyfish, troll, gig, guddle (Scot.), grig, drive, shrimp, spoon, whiff, spin.

2. See seek.

fisher, n. fisherman, piscator (learned, often pedantic), piscatorian (rare), piscatorialist (rare); spec. angler, peterman (local Eng.), wormer (colloq.), jacker, dibber, drifter, trawler, trapper.

fishery, a. 1. piscary (tech.).

2. See fishing.

fishhook, n. angle (literary or rare); spec. sockdolger (slang, U. S.), limerick, carlisle, sproat, kirby, etc.

fishing, n. piscatory (learned), piscatorial (learned), halieutic (rare).

fishing, n. fishery, piscation (rare), halieutics (the art; rare).

fishlike, a. fishy, ichthyomorphic (learned or tech.), ichthyoid (learned or tech.), pisciform (learned or tech.).

fishine, n. line (contextual); spec. drail, boulter, bultow, greatline, gimp, spiller, whiffing.

fishpond, n. piscina (rare).

Cross references: see Note. finisher: settler. firmament: heaven.

first-rate, a.: fine. fiscal: financial. fissile: cleavable.

fissility: cleavage. fissure, n.: crack, cleft. fissure, v. t.: cleave, split. fist, n. 1. hand (contextual), nieve or mef (archaic), duke (slang), daddle (dial.).

3. See CLUTCH, HANDWRITING

At, n 1. sit, set (by many condemned as not in good usage), spec hang, drape.

2. See PREPARATION.

at, v. t. 1. See become, prepare, qualify. 2. adapt, spec. adjust, justify, dovetail, fay (U S or shipbuilding), joint, concinnate (rare).

At, v. 1. 1. sit, set (by many condemned as not in good usage); spec. hang.

2. See suit

At, n. 1. Referring to a disorder access (tech or literary), attack, qualm, lunes (pl.; archaic), paroxysm; spec. touch, outbreak.

2. Referring to a nervous upset spec. pet, heat, tantrims (pl), freaks (pl), fury, fume, passion, huff, gale (U, S), spell, convulsion, spasm turn.

five, n. Of five things grouped; with "a" or "an". spec quinary (rare), quintuple (rare), quintuplet, quintet, quintette, pentad, quincunx, cinque.

five-angled, a. pentangular, pentagonal; -both learned or tech.

fivefold, v. t. quintuple, quintuplicate (rare).

fix, v. t. 1. fasten, immobilize (rare), plant, firm; spec lock, root, bind, stay, cement ship, nail, screw, congeal, freeze, clinch ("clench" is now rare in this sense), tie, bind, etc.

Antonyms' see DISLODGE, DISPLACE.

3. See establish, place, adjust.

3. decide, seal, nettle; spec. appoint, define, harden.

Antonyms see Change, convert, alter 4. Spec. (in figurative or transferred uses) set, corroborate, enchain, rivet, nail, confirm, implant, fossilize, grave or engrave, impress, imprint, number, concentrate, absorb, settle, harden.

ax, v. i. set (which see); spec. harden. fixation, n. Spec congelation, implantation, fixture (rare), immobilization, es-

tablishment.

Antonyms: see DISPLACEMENT.

fixed, a. 1. firm, set, secure, fast, immovable (rare), immobile; spec. certain (as in "a day certain", sessile, irremovable, stationary, inerratic, etc. Cf. Fix, v. t. Antonyms' see CHANGEABLE, PORTABLE,

PROTRUSILE

ET Cross references see Note

1t. a appropriate, becoming,
qualified, prepared.

1ttal: intermillent. fitting, a · appropriate, becom-

fixe, v. 1 hise. fixe, v. s * hise. fixe, n.: hiss, energy.

Sixie, v : hiss, burn, fad.
fizie, n hiss fadure.
fjord: arm
flabbergast: confuse.
flagellate, a · whip-shaped.
flagellate, a · whipflaggy: clearable.
flagtloust wicked
fall, v l. beat

2. constant; spec. intransformable, ineradicable, concentrated, unchangeable, settled, unchanging, definite, certain, unshakable, upset, steadfast.

Antonyms' see CHANGEABLE, CONVERT-

fixture, n. attachment, fittings (pl.), equipment.

fiscoid, a. limp, baggy, soft (contextual). ging (collective sing), slab

flag, n. 1. bunting (collective sing.); spec. streamer, pennon, pendant, pennant, colors (pl), bluepeter, banderole, bandrol, burgee, brattach (Gaelic), raven, jack, burgee, brattach (Gaelic), raven, jack, union, fanion, guidon, Dannebrog, tri-color (French).

2. See TAIL

flagon, n. stoup, gun (slang, Eng.). flagrancy, n. grossness, outrageousness, etc.; spec. notoriety.

flagrant, a. 1. See FLAMING.

2. gross, glaring, grievous (archaic), monstrous, outrageous; spec violent, shameful, notorious, wicked, scandalous.

Antonyms: see EXCUSABLE, UNIMPOR-TANT.

flame, n. 1. blaze, light, flare, low (chiefly Scot.); spec. flake, flamelet.

2. See andor, sweetheart.

flame, v. i. 1. burn (contextual), blaze. 2. See Burn (with real), Shine

flaming, a. 1. blazing; spec. flaring.
2. bright (contextual), flaring, lambent, blazing.

nange, n. flanch (rore), rib, rim; spec. feather, collet.

flank, v. f. 1. border; spec. wing.

2. See ATTACK.

flap, n. 1. Spec. lap, lappet, leaf, lug, lapel,

fly, tab, tuck, apron.
2. beat (contextual), stroke (contextual), flaff (chiefly Scot.); spec. flutter, slat, flop. flap. t. t & i beat (contextual), strike (contextual), flaff (chiefly Scot.); spec. flutter, slat, flop, bate, winnow.

Supper, n. Spec. flytrap, chowry (India), whisk, swingle.

flare, v. t. 1. See DISPLAY,

2. spread; spec. bell. flaring, a 1. See FLAMING.

2. spreading; spec funnel-shaped, infundibuliform, bell-mouthed.

flash, v. s. blaze (contextual), burst (as "out," "into flame," etc.), fulgurate (liter-

flake, n. rack flake, n. hurdle, scale, lamina, flame flake, n. 1. scale flake, n. 1. scale flam: deceste flam: deceste flam: deceste flam: deceste flam: deceste

flamboyant: wary, bright flank, n side

ary; rare, exc. fig.); spec. gleam, blink, fulminate, flicker, bicker, glimpse (archaic), glimmer, shimmer, glisten, glance, scintillate, sparkle, corruscate, glint, twinkle.

flash, n. blaze (contextual); spec. flicker, flaught (chiefly Scot.), burst, fulguration (literary; rare, exc. fig.), gleam, blink, fulmination, bicker, glimpse, glimmer, shimmer, glisten, glance, spark, scintillation, corruscation, sparkle, glint, flip (rare), twinkle.

flashing, n. bright (contextual), blazing (contextual), fulguration (rare or fig.), glistening, glittering, etc.

flashy, a. showy, brilliant, Bowery (fig.),

flask-shaped, a. lageniform (tech. or rare). flat, a. 1. plane (more technical), plain (an unusual spelling), level; spec. flattish, complanate, homaloid.

Antonyms: see UNEVEN, HILLY.

2. See HORIZONTAL, UNIFORM, MONOTO-NOUS, DULL, BLUNT, DIRECT.

flat, adv. 1. See absolutely, exactly.

2. flatly (rare), flatling (literary); spec. horizontally, lengthwise, flatways, flatwise, broadside, etc.

flat-footed, a. In zoöl.: plantigrade (tech.). flatten, v. t. flat (rare or spec.); spec. smooth, level, lower, fell, depress, abate (of wind), squash, squelch, strike.

flattened, a. Spec. deplanate (tech.), compressed, flatted, oblate.

flatter, v. t. 1. Spec. adulate (learned), compliment, gloze (rare), butter (fig.), beflatter (intensive), blarney, beslobber (intensive), blandish, smooth, soft-soap (collog.; fig.), slaver (fig.), oil (fig.); see CAJOLE.

Antonyms: see insult, abuse, discredit.

2. Reflectively: congratulate.

flatterer, n. adulator (learned), pickthank (archaic) proneur (French), flattercap (rare or dial.), Damocles (fig.).

flattering, a. 1. adulating (learned), buttery (colloq.; fig.), silken (fig.), silky (fig.), sweet, candied (fig.), fair, pickthank (archaic).

Antonyms: see ABUSIVE.

2. See PROMISING, AUSPICIOUS.

flattery, n. Spec. adulation (learned), lipsalve (fig.), gloze, blandiloquence (rare), flamm (cant), daub (dial.), flummery (fig.), slaver (fig.), taffy (slang, U. S.), sugar plum (fig.; an instance of flattery), flexibility, n. flexility (rare), pliability,

sugar (fig.), soap (slang; fig.), soft soap (slang; fig.), honey (fig.), soft sawder (fig.; slang, U.S.), blarney; see CAJOLERY. Antonyms: see Insult, abuse.

flat-topped, a. tabular (formal or learned). **fiatulent,** a. windy, gassy, (learned).

flavor, n. 1. See smell, taste.

2. admixture (contextual); spec. dash, lacing, lace, seasoning.

flavor, v. t. taste (rare); spec. spice, bespice (intensive), curry, lace, pepper, salt, saffron (rare), lemon, ginger, onion, season, dash.

flavoring, n. Spec. seasoning, relish, zest, spice, salt, condiment, pepper, etc.

flaw, n. 1. crack; spec. brack, feather, wind shake, honeycomb.

2. See FAULT.

flea, a. pulicine (learned).

fleay, a. pulicous, pulicose;—both tech. or learned.

flee, v. i. depart (contextual); spec. run, slope (slang), skedaddle (colloq.; orig. U. S.), fly (now the more common term; "flee" being rhetorical or archaic).

Antonyms: see STAY.

flee, v. t. avoid (contextual), run (rare), fly. fleece, n. 1. toison (rare or literary).

2. See wool.

fleece, v. t. cheat, pluck (colloq. or fig.), shave (colloq.), plunder, sweat (slang or cant); spec. bleed (colloq.; fig.), skin (colloq.; fig.), strip, flay (fig.).

fleet, n. Spec. division (contextual), armada, caravan, convoy, flotilla, marine,

navy (poetic or rhet., exc. spec.).

flesh, n. 1. muscle, beef (spec. or colloq.); spec. brawn, carrion, game.

Antonyms: see skin.

2. Referring to fruit: pulp, meat; spec. sarcocarp.

3. See MEAT, KINDRED.

flesh, a. creatic (tech.; rare); spec. fleshy, fleshly.

flesh-eating, a. carnivorous.

flesh-eating, n. Spec. hippophagy, hippophagism;—both formal or tech.

fieshlike, a. Spec. sarcoid (tech.).

fleshy, a. 1. See FAT, BODILY.

2. sarcous (tech.), carnose (rare), car nous (rare), carneous (rare), meaty (rare or spec.).

3. Referring to roots: carnose (rare), pulpous (rare), pulpy.

Cross references: see Note. flashy: showy. flaunt: disclose, wave. flaunty: showy, boastful. flaw, v. t.: crack. flaw, n.: wind. flay, v. t.: skin, criticize.

fleabitten: spotted. fleck, v. t.: spot, streak, speckle. freckle, dot. fledge: feather. fleecy: fluffy. fleeing: fugitive.

floor: smile, jeer.

fleet, v. i.: glide, hasten, speed, fleet, a.: rapid, transitory. fleeting: transitory. fletch, v. t.: feather. flews: chop. flex, v. t.: bend.

pliantness, pliancy; spec. suppleness, litheness, limberness, withiness, willowiness, lissomeness.

flexible, a. 1. flexile (chiefly tech.), bendable, pliable, pliant; spec supple, lithe, limber, withy, willowy, lissom (poetic), buxom (archaic and poetic), limp

Antonyms: see STIFF, BRITTLE, RIGID.

2. See ADAPTABLE.

floker, v i. 1. See FLUTTER, MOVE.

1. flame (contextual), flutter, waver, glimmer (less suggestive of dying out than the other words), blink.

Micker, n. 1. See FLUTTER, MOTION.

flame (contextual), flutter, waver, wav-

ering, glimmer, blink.

diokering, a flaming (contextual), intermittent (contextual), fluttering, wavery (rare), wavy, glimmering.

flight, n. departure (contextual), fleeing; spec sauve qui peut (French), stampede, rout, scurry, helter-skelter, scamper, de-

bacle, hegira or hejira, regifuge (rare). lition (rare), wing, volatility (the power of flight; rare); spec soaring, soar, mounting, flit, flutter, hover, glide.

2. See FLOCK, ARROW.

2. Referring to utterance of wit, venting of tears, etc.: spec. sally, burst, strain, stretch.

4. Referring to motion of missiles, falling leaves, etc.: spec. rain, shower, storm,

5. Referring to steps pair, gradatory (rare); spec. ghaut or ghat (Anglo-Induan)

nighty, a. 1. volatile, barmy (rare or literary), giggish (rare), shuttle-witted (ar-chaic; fig.), bird-witted (fig.).

2. See DERANGED. Simey, a. unsubstantial, slight, thin (contextual), frail; spec. filmy, sleazy, sleezy, paper, papery, gossamer, gossamery, jerry-built.

Antonyma' see PIRM, STRONG. flipper, n, limb (contextual), pinns (tech.),

flapper (rare); spec. wing.

firt, v. i. 1. See MOVE, DART 2. Spec. coquet, gallant, philander (used of the male; with "with"), dally, play, wanton.

flirt, n. 1. See throw, jerk, movement, DART.

2. Spec. coquet (male or female), coquette (female), wanton; spec. philanderer (male).

firtation, n. Spec. coquetry, firting, dalliance, wantonness, philandering

firtatious, a. firtish (rare), flirty (rare); spec. coquettish, coquet. nit, v. i. 1. hasten, dart.

2. See DEPART.

3. fly, flutter, flicker, twinkle, skit.

float, t t. 1. buoy (rare, exc. spec.); spec. live, swim, ride, waft, drift (contextual).

 Referring to objects poised in the air, in water, etc.: buoy, hang; spec. swim, trail, stream, watch (of a buoy), fluff, waft, fly. Antonyms see BINK.

3. See GLIDE.

float, v t. 1. support (contextual), buoy; spec swim, launch, flash, flush, waft. Antonyms: see BINK.

2. See OVERFLOW.

float, n. 1. floatage, floater; spec raft, catamaran, swimmer, camel, buoy, out-

2. In fishing: dobber (local, U. S.); spec. cork, quill, darby.

3. Of a wagon with its display, in a procession: pageant (archaic or hist.).

floating, a. 1. affoat, natant (tech. or rare), superfluitant (rare), supernatant (rare), swimming.

2. See WANDERING

3. unfunded; spec. variable; -referring to a deht, etc

flocculent, a. gossypine (rare), cottony (chiefly spec), flocky (rare), floccose, woolly (primarily spec).

flock, n. 1. See COMPANY, MULTITUDE,

GROUP

2. Referring to a group of gregarious animals. plump (archaic, or dial Eng.); spec. troop, herd, pack, drove, swarm, shoal or school, bevy, covey, team, wing, flight, fling (Brit.), game, kit (cant), gaggle, loft. All the terms are secondarily applied to human beings, with implications of respect, fear, contempt, etc., implied by the literal senses, as "bevy" to mardens and ladres, "herd" to a rabble of persons, etc.

flock, v. i. congregate; spec. school, herd,

swarm, shoal

flock, n clump (contextual); spec. lock, flake, tuft, dag, floccule, flocculus.

flock, v. i. gather (contextual), spec. tuft. ttoe, n. Spec. field, sheet, pan, cake, flake. flogging, a plagose (humorous).

flood, n 1. Spec deluge, Niagara (fig.), wave, rage, flush, mundation, confluence,

Cross references see Note. Sexion, n hend Sexuous: sinuous, wory. flexure, n bend flick, v (wkip, enap. flick, e i.: flutter

fick, n . stroke, snap.

flimflam, R. flightless: wangless decerve. flinch: shrink flinder: splinter fling, r 1 flounce.

flippant: fervolous. t throw dart. filet, o t filte, filte, r авыве floaty: bunyant.
flog, v t beat, lash,
flood, v t overflow

cataclysm, tide, debacle, torrent, freshet or (less usual) fresh, overflow, waterfall, cloudburst, countertide, spate (chiefly Scot.), downpour, water (contextual), bore, eagre.

2. See FLOW, ABUNDANCE, EXCESS.

flood, a. diluvial or diluvian (chiefly spec.); spec. cataclysmic or cataclysmal (tech. or learned).

floodgate, n. Spec. stanch, weir, penstock. floor, n. 1. bottom (contextual), flooring; spec. pavement, parquet, stage, deck, contignation (rare or obs.).

2. See STORY.

floor, v. t. 1. cover (contextual), lay; spec. deck, plank, pave.

2. See FELL.

floorcloth, n. covering (contextual); spec. carpet, linoleum, oilcloth, rug, etc.

florid, a. 1. flowery, ornate, embellished; spec. rococo, figurative, figured, luxuriant.

Antonyms: see PROSAIC.

2. See RED, RED-FACED.

flotation, n. floatage; spec. supernatation. flounce, v. i. & n. 1. Spec. flounder, fling, throw, whop, flop, struggle, tumble, fling, toss, plunge, blunder, slosh, twitch, plouter (chiefly Scot.).

2. See Rush, Jerk.

flounce, n. & v. t. furbelow.

flour, n. powder (contextual), meal (now chiefly spec.); spec. sujee or suji (East India), tapioca, farina, cones (cant).

flourish, v. t. swing (contextual), upsway (rare); spec. brandish, wave, whisk, sweep, flaunt, shake.

flourish, n. 1. See show.

2. swing (contextual); spec. shake, brandish, brandishment, wave, whisk, sweep, flaunt.

3. Referring to writing, etc.: stroke, quirk; spec. paraph.

4. In music: floriation (rare); spec. cadenza, fanfare or fanfarade, tantara, tarantara, blast, tantivy.

flow, v. i. 1. run; spec. stream, spew, spring, gutter, dribble, pour, purl, gurgle, drain, draw, flush, trickle, gush, rush, ripple, flood, tide, regorge (rare), reflow (rare), outflow, effuse, extravasate, well (used with "out" or "up"), inflow (rare), inflood, interflow, bleed, discharge, roll, glide, geyser.

2. See Pass, Go, Glide, Issue, Emanate, Arise, Wave, Rise.

3. abound, run;—as with gold, milk and honey, etc.

flow, n. 1. run (rare or spec.); spec. tide, stream, dribble, pour, drain, trickle, gush, geyser, rush, flowage, determination, current, flash, flood, fluxion (rare, exc. med.), flux (rare, exc. med. or fig.), flush, dribbling, streaming, bore, wave, guggle, discharge, tide, ripple, defluence (rare), defluxion, catarrh.

2. Spec. passage, glide, issue, emanation,

blow, abundance, rise.

flower, n. 1. blossom, bloom, blowth (rare), blow (rare); spec. floweret, floscule, flowerage (collective), floret, inflorescence (collective; tech.), drop.

2. In pl.: bloom (a collective).

3. Referring to the state: see BLOOM.

4. See best, essence, élite.

flower, v. i. 1. blossom, bloom, effloresce (rare); spec. emblossom, tassel (chiefly U. S.).

2. See DEVELOP.

flowery, a. 1. bloomy, blossomy, flowerful (rare), florulent (chiefly in decorative art); spec. floscular (rare), flosculous (rare, florigerous (rare).

2. See FLORID.

fluent (rare and fig., exc. spec.); spec. quick (rare), dribbling, gushing, fluxional, living (Biblical usage), decursive (rare), confluent, decurrent (rare), defluent (rare), refluent, interfluent (rare), influent, profluent (rare), excurrent (chiefly tech.), scaturient (rare), circumfluent or circumfluous.

Antonyms: see Stagnant, Motionless, Still.

3. See abundant.

flue, n. duct (contextual); spec. chimney, tunnel.

fluent, a. 1. See FLOWING.

2. Referring to speech, expression, etc.: ready, facile, flowing, easy, voluble; spec. glib.

Antonyms: see DUMB.

fluff, n. down, fuzz, floss; spec. flue, lint. fluffy, a. downy, fuzzy; spec. fleecy, cottony, linty, woolly.

fluid, a. 1. running, fluent (rare), fluxible (archaic); spec. gaseous, liquid.

Antonyms: see solid.

3. See unstable.

fluid, n. Spec. liquid, gas, aura, humor (archaic).

fluidity, v. t. Spec. gasify, liquefy.

flurry, n. 1. excitement, agitation, bustle, fluster, confusion.

Cross references: see Note.

floesy: silky, downy.

flourishing: prosperous, luxuriant.

flow, v. t. & n.: throw.

flown: gone.
fluctuate: vary, waver, swing.
flue: fluff.

fluke: arm, lobe. flume: channel.

flummery: nonsense, porridge,

flattery.
flunk, v. i.: fail.
flunk, n.: failure.
flunkey: manservant, footman.
fluorescent: luminescent.
flurry, v. t.: bustle.

FLURRY

2. See RAIN, SNOW, WIND. forry, v. t. excite, agitate, confuse.

flush, v. i. 1. See FLOW 2. redden (contestual), mantle (of the check, spec. blush, fluster.

2. redden (contextual), inflame.

3. See ELATE.

dush, n. 1. See FLOW, FLOOD, THRILL.

ELATION, HEIGHT redness (contextual), color (contextual), rubicundity (rare; rhetorical or stilled), glow; spec blush, bloom, heetic (rare). Antonyms see PALLOR.

flush, v. t. start (used esp. with "up"), rise;

spec retrieve.

flushed, a. 1. red (contextual), flush, rubicund (rare, rhetorical or stilted), ruddy, glowing; spec heetic, blushing, blushful (rare, blowsed or blowsy, blooming. Antonyms. see PALE.

2. See ELATED.

flute, n 1. pipe (chiefly spec. or colloq.), flauto (Italian); spec. diaulos (Greek entiq.), fife, tibia, flautine (Italian), poogye (Hinda nose flute), piccolo.

2. channel (contextual), groove, spec. gof-

fer, gauffer, crimp

flute, v i. play (contextual), pipe (contextual); spec. tibicinate (rare), fife.

Butist, n. player (contextual), fluter (rare), piper (contextual), flutist; spec fifer, tibicen.

flutter, n 1. See FLAP

2. agitation, twitter (collog. or dial), flutteration (collog, or slang), twitteration (slang); spec. play, tremble, confusion.

flutter, v. i play, wave fly, v i 1. Sper. wing, flit, clip (archaic), flitter, sail, flutter, soar, kite, glide, flick-er, hover, rode, outfly (poetic), rocket, sweep, flush, hang.

2. See MOVE, GLIDE, FLOAT, DEPART,

SPREAD, VANISH, DISAPPEAR.

fly, v t. 1. In hunting with a hawk: chase. 3. See FLEE.

ny, n 1. Spec tactse, bot, bott, dun, grannom, dunfly, dipter (tech), drake, gnat, midge, bluebottle, ichneumon, breeze.

2. Referring to artificial files: spec. hackle, harl, palmer, butcher, governor, grackle, grannom, Dobson (U. S.), dun, dunfly, dropper, heckle, goldfinch, hornet. flyer, n. 1. volator (rare); spec. bird, bat,

squirrel, sauropter, saurian.

2. See AVIATOR.

flying, n. 1. volation (rare), volitation (rare), flight.

3. See AVIATION.

flying, a volant (rare), voltant (rare); spec. circumvolant.

toam, n. froth (less dignified than "foam"); spec seum, cream, mantle, head, spume, lather, suds (colleg , pl ,,

foam, t. v. froth, spec. scum, cream, man-

tle, spume, head.
foam, e t. befoam (an intensive), froth; spec. scum, mantle, spume (rare).

foamy, a. frothy; spec creamy, spumous, spumy, spumescent, lathery.

focus, v. t. center, concenter, converge, concentrate, focalize; all but "focalize," contextual.

Antonyms, see SCATTER.

fodder, n. feed, provend (archaic), spec. provender, chaff, browse, wintering, ensilage, silage, ramoon (East India), hay, oats, beans, etc.

tog, n. L cloud (contextual), mist (contextual), brume (rare), nebula (rare), spec. haze, smother.

2. See HAZE

loggy, a 1. cloudy (contextual), thick, misty (contextual), hazy, brumous (literary), nebalous (rare).

Autonyms see CLEAR. 2. See HAZY, DIM, CONFUSED.

togy, n fogram, fogrum, fossil, foozle:—all collog, or slang, and used esp. with "old "

toil, n 1. See SHEET.

2. foliation; spec. trefoil, quatrefoil, cinquefoil, sexfoil.

3. In art, etc.: contrast, set-off; spec. blank.

foist, v. f. 1. See INTRODUCE.

2. palm.

told, n. 1. folding, double, doubling, turn, plication (tech), plicature (tech); spec-lap, coil, induplication (rore), foldure (rare), ply, plait or pleat, tuck, wimple (archaic or Scot.), plica, ruga, folio, anticline, isocline, syncline, wrap, bosom, nook (Scot.), wrinkle.

2. See CLASP, EMBRACE.

fold, v. f. 1. double, turn, plicate (tech.); spec. lap, coil, plait or pleat, tuck, ruckle (rare), interfold, wrap, infold. Antonyms' see UNFOLD.

2. See CLASP, EMBRACE,

Cross references see Note.

Aush, a size flush, a observation, flushed, a observation, flushed, even fluster, n confusion. fluster, n fluster, burtle, fluster, t flush confuse. flustery: confused

flustrate: confuse Autet channeled Autter, r i apvirte, confuse. Dy, n fight length, loft Dyte, r i & n dispute flyte, r i abuse. Coal, r i bear

fob, n pocket, chain.

tob, v. t. deceive toe: enemy totus: embryo. tog: effermath.
tog, v t cloud, perplex
toll: defeat abundance, strength, foison: means

folded, a. plicate (tech.); spec. lapped, in-

duplicate, double, etc.

tend (contextual); spec. heel, dodge, tag (colloq.), dog, hound, hunt, bedog (intensive), trail.

Antonyms: see LEAD, PRECEDE, PREFACE.

2. trace, run; spec. retrace.

8. See PURSUE, SUCCEED, ADOPT, OB-SERVE, COPY.

follow, v. i. 1. Spec. heel, tag, attend, hunt.
2. come (contextual), attend, succeed, ensue, emanate (rare); spec. result.

follower, n. 1. sectary or sectator (rare); spec. successor, pursuer, heeler.

Antonyms: see FORERUNNER, PRÉDECES-SOR.

2. See ADHERENT.

following, a. sequent (chiefly spec.), subsequent (chiefly spec.), sequacious (rare), sequential (rare), succeeding, successive, attendant, ensuing, consecutive.

Antonyms: see Preceding, Prefatory.

following, n. **1.** followers (pl.); spec. clientele, clientelage, clientage, clientry, retinue.

2. Of the act: spec. succession, consecution, pursuing.

Antonyms: see PRECEDENCE.

foment, v. t. 1. bathe; spec. embrocate.

2. See FOSTER, INCITE.

fond, a. 1. See FOOLISH, PET.

2. affectionate; spec. (as implying excess or bad judgment) overfond, doting.

Antonyms: see COLD.

8. partial (used with "to"; colloq.); spec. greedy (used with "of").

fondness, n. 1. affection.

2. desire (contextual), appetite, partiality (used with "to" or "for"), taste, gout (French), relish.

font, n. Of type: fount, letter (tech.).

font, n. **1.** Eccl.: laver, delubrum (rare).

2. See FOUNTAIN, SPRING.

tion, nurture (literary or learned), aliment (chiefly tech.), nouriture (rare), foodstuff (chiefly spec. and commercial), ingesta (pl.; tech.), meat (archaic, exc. in "meat and drink"), victuals (pl.; now chiefly tech. or somewhat inelegant), viands (pl.), tackle (slang), scran (slang), scraps (pl.), creature (literary or dial.), provisions (pl.), provant (rare), provand (rare), proviance (literary or rare), provend (archai), provender (now humorous or referring to food for animals), pabulum (referring to food for

animals or plants, exc. as humorous), prog (slang), peck (slang), grub (slang, dial., or cant), cram (dial. Eng.), belly timber (archaic or dial.), bellycheer (archaic), tuck (slang), crug (slang, Eng.), tack (chiefly in "hardtack"); spec. ration, board, fare, cates or acates (pl.; archaic), bit (chiefly dial.), livery (hist.), diet, dish, dietary, slops (pl.; slang or cant), bait, delicatessen (pl.), mash, manna, flummery, scrapple (U. S.), browse, bite, bread, flesh, greens, etc. Cf. FEED.

food, a. cibarious (rare), cibarian (rare).
fooling, n. 1. foolery, tomfoolery; spec.

nonsense, buffoonery.

2. See DECEPTION.

foolish, a. 1. See UNWISE.

2. senseless, silly, empty-headed, fatuous, fond (archaic), inane, goosish (rare; colloq.), goosy (rare; colloq.), desipient (rare), brainless, weak, light-minded, empty, daft, harebrained; spec. lunatic, soft, buffoonish, crazy, idiotic, imbecile, vain, inept.

Antonyms: see WISE.

3. deranged (contextual), sawney (colloq.); see IMBECILE.

foolishness, n. 1. See UNWISDOM.

2. foolery (chiefly concrete), folly, fondness (archaic), desipience (rare), silliness, jackassery (contemptuous), fatuity, fatuousness (chiefly the quality); spec. lunacy, inanity, vanity, dotage, idiocy (colloq.), infatuation, ineptness, madness, levity.

Antonyms: see WISDOM.

pedal (humorous or affected), dewbeater (slang; chiefly in pl.), paw (esp. spec.); spec. pad, heel (fig., or the hind foot), hoof, harefoot, splayfoot, clubfoot.

2. See BOTTOM, BASE, END, INFANTRY,

AGGREGATE.

8. In prosody: unit; spec. dactyle, tribrach, trochee, iambus, diabrach, pyrrhic, dochmiac, dichoree, diiamb, etc.

toot, a. pedal (affected or humorous, exc. as spec.).

not, v. i. Spec. walk, hoof (slang);—used with "it."

football, n. 1. pigskin (colloq.), leather (colloq.).

2. Of the game: spec. rugger (slang), rugby, soccer (slang), association.

footlights, n. pl. floats (cant).

footman, n. servant (contextual), Jeames (humorous).

Cross references: see Note. foliaceous: leafy.

foliage: leafage.
foliation: foil, leafage, leafing.
folio: word, leaf.

folk: kindred, people, nation.
folly: foolishness.
fondle: caress.
fondling: pet.
foodstuff: food.

fool, n.: simpleton, buffoon, imbecile.
fool, v. t.: deceive.
foolhardy: venturesome.
foot, v. t.: add.

tootpath, n. footway; spec. sidewalk, berm. tootprint, n. step or footstep, vestige (literary), spec prick, track, trace, pug (Anglo-Indian), seal, pad, ichnite, ichnolite, ornithichnite.

foot-shaped, a. pediform (tech.).

footsoldier, infantryman, footman (rare), peon (India), grabby (slang and opprobrious), infantry (a collective), spec peltast, footstep, n 1. footfall, tread (chiefly

spec); spec clamp, tramp, pad.

3. See FOOTPRINT, STEP.

footstool, n. Spec. ottoman, buffet, has-

tor, prep. after.

forbearance, n. abstention, desistance; see ENDURANCE, PATIENCE, TOLERATION. forbearing, a Spec patient, sparing,

mild; see TOLERANT.

forbid, v. l. 1. prohibit, enjoin; spec. interdict, ban, taboo, proscribe, debar, inhibit, disallow, veto, embargo.

Antonyms : see bid, ask, appoint, permit.

2. See PREVENT.

forbiddance, n. prohibition (formal), forbiddal; spec. veto, interdiction, ban, inhibition, debarment, proscription, taboo, disallowance, embargo.

Antonyms. see BIDDING, APPOINTMENT,

PERMISSION.

forbidden, a prohibited (formal); spec. interdicted, taboo, prescribed, contraband, unlawful.

forbidding, a 1. prohibitory (farmal); spec. interdictory, interdictive (rare), inhibitory or inhibitive.

2. See REPELLENT.

force, n. 1. energy, power; spec. principle, dyname, vehemence, strain, head, might, bur (chiefly Scot.), cram, dint (in "by dint of"), vim (colloq), vis (Latin), rapture (rore), wrench, twist, stress, tension, compression, shear, brunt; see ENERGY.

2. Of language, uleas, etc. energy, specemphasis, pith, nervousness, sway, efficacy, cogency, snap (colloq.), pithiness.

3. See VIOLENCE, COMPULSION, CON STRAINT.

4. body, corps, array (rhetorical); spec. crew, posse, posse comitatus (Latin), army, command, tercio, impi (Kaffir), detachment, patrol, regiment, squadron, battalion, fleet, convoy, etc.

force, v t 1. effect (rare), spec squeeze,

press, elbow, pinch, drive, burst, bear, inch. rush, hustle, repel, inject.

2. Nee VIOLATE, COMPEL, ENTER, EXTORT, DEVELOP

torced, a. artificial, unspontaneous (rare); spec. harsh, strained, constrained, compulsory.

forceful, a. 1. energetic, mighty; spec. active, dynamic, vigorous, virile, etc.

2. See EFFICACIOUS, EXPRESSIVE, CO-GENT, EMPHATIC, VIOLENT.

torcible, a. 1. energetic; spec. vehement, head, . see ENERGETIC.

Antonyms: see WEAK.

2. See VIOLENT.

8. efficacious, forceful; spec. (of language, ideas, etc.) sinewy, nervous, pithy, robustious (rare), important; see cogent, EMPHATIC.

ford, n. crossing (contextual), shallow (contextual), fordage, wade (colloq.); spec.

ghaut or ghat.

ford, v. t. cross (contextual), wade.

fore, a anterior, forward; spec. first, front, foregoing.

Antonyms: see HIND.

torebode, v. i. 1. anticipate (contextual); spec. threaten, croak, misbode, presage, surmise, mistrust "Forebode," "foreboding," etc., are often used as implying expected evil.

2. See predict, signify.

foreboding, a. anticipative (contextual), forebodeful, presageful, presentient(rare); spec. croaking, croaky, etc. Cf. FOREBODE. foreboding, a anticipation (contextual),

presage, presentiment (dignified), boding, premonition, presension (rare), bode (archaic), bodement (rare); spec. preapprehension (rare), croaking, etc. Cf. FOREBODE.

toreground, n. front, fore (rare); spec. forefront.

Antonyma: see BACKGROUND.

forehead, n metopon (tech.), brow, front (poetic or rhetorical).

forehead, a metopic (tech), frontal.
foreign, c. 1. exterior, outside, external,
peregrine (rare), strange (archaic, exc.
spec.), outlandish (chiefly spec.), outland
(archaic), alien (chiefly spec.); spec. exotic,
extraneous, extrinsic, barbaric, barbarian, oversea, tramontane (rare), unnative
(rare), metic.

Cross references: see Note.

foorle: bungle
fop: dandy
forage, n food
forage, n food
forage, v i search feed
forage, v i plunder, search.
foramen: opening

foramen: opening forasmuch: because, foray, o. t. d. t. plunder torpear, c t check forbear, v t abstain forcing; compulsion fore, n front forebear, n ancestor forecast, n foresight, prediction

forecast, v i foresce, product, quant forecastle: bow. torefront, n front, beginning, toregro; precede, foregrote previous, foreground: front forehand: advantage forehold, n hone

forefoot, n how.

foreclose, e i appropriate, bar, foredoom: destine forefather: ancestor.

Antonyms: see NATIVE, DOMESTIC, IN-LAND.

2. See UNNATURAL, APART, IRRELEVANT, UNRELATED.

foreigner, n. alien (chiefly spec.), stranger (chiefly Bib.), outsider (contextual), outlander (archaic or poetic), extern (rare); spec. exotic (rare), ultramontane, barbarian, tramontane (rare).

Antonyms: see NATIVE, CITIZEN.

foreignism, n. alienism (chiefly spec.); spec. exoticism, Gallicism, Briticism, Irishism, etc.

foreknow, v. t. foresee, precognize (rare).

foreknowledge, n. prognostication (literary), prescience (chiefly spec.), presension (rare), presensation (rare), precognition (learned or literary), prenotion (rare); spec. preacquaintance (rare).

Antonyms: see IGNORANCE.

forensic, a. controversial, argumentative, rhetorical.

forerun, v. t. precede, precourse (rare), precurse (rare); spec. anticipate, foreshadow, introduce, prelude.

spec. apparitor (tech. or hist.), pioneer, prelude (only fig.), harbinger (chiefly literary), outrunner, avant courier (French), prodromus (rare), herald.

Antonyms: see FOLLOWER.

2. See ANCESTOR.

forerunning, a. precursory, precurrent (rare), prodromal (rare).

forelook (rare), preview (rare), prevision (rare); spec. prognosticate, forecast.

foreseeing, a. prescient (chiefly spec.), precognizant (rare), previsive (rare).

foreshadow, v. i. signify, indicate, shadow, prefigure, foreshow, adumbrate (learned); spec. presage.

foreshadow, n. antitype.

foresight, n. anticipation, prescience (chiefly spec.), preview (rare), prevision (rare), onsight (rare), prospection (rare), forelook, prospect (learned or literary); spec. providence, forecast.

forest, n. woodland, wildwood (poetic or rare).

Antonyms: see Prairie.

forester, n. woodman; spec. woodward, landreeve.

forestry, n. woodcraft, silviculture; spec. dendrology.

foretaste, n. earnest, pregustation (rare),

antepast (literary), handsel (chiefly Eng.); spec. prelibation (chiefly fig.).

foretaste, v. i. pregust (rare), anticipate.

forethought, n. forecase (rare); spec.

providence, anticipation, premeditation.

Antonyms: see Afterthought.

forfeit, n. fine (contextual), forfeiture; spec. deodand.

forfeit, v. t. lose; spec. escheat.

Antonyms: see GAIN.

forfeitable, a. In law: spec. lapsable, escheatable, caducary.

forge, n. furnace, smithy (now chiefly literary), smithery (rare), stithy (rare); spec. bloomery, hearth.

forge, v. t. 1. smith (rare), stithy (rare); spec. tilt, extund (rare).

2. See DEVISE, CONSTRUCT, FABRICATE, INVENT, COUNTERFEIT.

forger, n. 1. worker (contextual), smith; spec. blacksmith, whitesmith, goldsmith (archaic), silversmith (archaic), tilter, Cyclops, Vulcan, Hephæstus, Hephaistos.

3. See COUNTERFEITER.

forgery, n. 1. smithing (rare), smithery (rare).

3. See FICTION, COUNTERFEIT.

torget, v. t. 1. disremember (chiefly dial.), bury (fig. or colloq.), oblivionize (rare), unknow (rare); spec. unlearn.

Antonyms: see REMEMBER, RECALL.

2. See OMIT.

forgetful, a. 1. forgetting (rare, exc. spec.), leaky (contemptuous or undignified), short (referring to the memory), oblivious, unmindful.

Antonyms: see RETENTIVE.

3. See neglectful.

3. Lethean;—causing forgetting.

forgetfulness, n. forgetting, oblivion, Lethe (fig.), forgetness (rare), obliviousness, obliviscence (rare), forget (rare); spec. amnesty, limbo.

forgiveness, n. remission (rare), pardon (spec. or fig.); spec. absolution, amnesty. forgiving, a. excusing, remissive (rare),

placable.

Antonyms: see Unforgiving.

torgo, v. t. abandon, forbear (by the exercise of self-restraint); spec. remit.

Antonyms: see KEEP.

torgoing, n. abandonment, forbearance; spec. remittal, remission.

forgotten, a. unremembered, gone, disremembered (chiefly dial.), lost.

Antonyms: see RETRIBUTION.

Cross references: see Note.
foremost, a.: first, chief.
foreordain: appoint, destine.
forepart: front.
foreshow: foreshadow, signify.

forestall: anticipate, prevent.

foretaste: anticipate.

foretell: predict.
forethink: consider.
foretoken, n.: sign.
foretoken, v. t.: signify.
forever: eternally, always. Also
cf. constant.
forewarn: warn.

foreword: preface.
forgather: gather, med, associate.
forge, v. t.: invent, devise.
forge, v. s.: overreach.
forgive: excuse, absolve.
forgiveness: excuse, absolution.

tork, n. 1. divarication (literary), crotch (a homely word, now chrefly U.S. and dial. Eng; chiefly tech. or spec.), crutch (rare), spec, termenter,

2. See BRANCH.

fork, v. v. branch (contextual), furgate (literary or tech.), divaricate literary or tech); spec bifurcate, trifurcate.

torked, a forky (rare or spec), crotched (see FORK), furcate (hterary), divariente (hterary); spec. bifid, biforked, bifurcate, trifurcate, lituate.

forking, a. branching, spec. dichotomous. forking, n branching, furcation (literary), divarieation (literary or tech); spec. dichotomy, trichotomy, bifurcation.

form, n. 1. shape (more concrete and a less elevated term than "f)rm") figure, mold (orig spec), spec galbe (French), model impression, east, tourn ire French, chu fly cant), conformation, fashion (a word that is becoming archaic in this sense), figuration, configuration, outline, build, format (French; tech.), get-up (colloq.), cut, contour, confection crystal, etc.

2. ceremony, rite (chiefly spec.), ceremonial, observance, formality; spec. conventionality, office, mystery (chiefly in pl.), ordinance, performance (often contemptuous), hturgy, sacrament, sacra-mental, use, augury, baptism, etiquette,

cult, hierurgy, punctilio.

3. See BODY, PATTERN, KIND, ESSENCE. DICTION, SEAT, STATE, ARRANGEMENT, OR-

DER, CLASS, TYPE.

form, v t. make, produce, efform (rare) shape, fashion (dignified), inform, constitute; spec. coin (often depreciatory), develop, organize, conceive, create, fabricate, found, emboss, describe, block, model, mold, mingle, mix, arrange, construct, reconstruct, generate, compose, build, turn, cause, contract.

form, v. i. Spec. develop, make, come,

formal, a. 1. ceremonial, ritual, ceremonious; spec. official, conventional, functional, perfunctory, perfunctionary (rare), set, modal, outward, solemn, academic, liturgical, Pharisaic or Pharisaical, external, sacramental.

Antonyms see INFORMAL.

2. See definite.

8. Referring to manners, actions, language, etc.: rigid, ceremonious, stiff, unbending, precise; spec prim, starch, punctilious, buckram (fig.), stilted, rigid, affected, bombastic, etc.

Anlonyms' see UNCFREMONIOUS, COLLO-QUIAL, HOMELIKE, INTIMATE, FAMILIAR. formality, n 1, convention conventionality, formulism, custom, circumstance, red tape (chiefly spec.), wiggery (fig.; rare), panetiality (archaic), punctualness (archaic), red-tapism (chiefly spec.); spec. punetilio, perfunctoriness.

2. See FORM

formalize, v t 1. See DEFINE.

2. Spec. conventionalize, ceremonialize. formation, n. formature (rore); spec. invention, coinage, malformation, produc-tion, contrivance, development, composition, creation, growth, coagulation (fig.), conformation, generation, genesis, construction, potence, echelon, terrane.

formative, a. fashioning, informative (rare, spec. creative, morphotic, plastic, shaping, modeling, cosmoplastic.

tormer, a. earlier, prior, previous, ci-devant French), sometime (indefinite), whilom (archaic or literary), past, bygone, heretofore (rare), quondam (indefinite; literary); spec. preceding, late.

Antonyms' see Subsequent

formerly, a. heretofore, quondam (rare), erst (archaic or poetic), erstwhile (archaic), once (collog.).

formidable, a. fearful, redoubtable (often humorously ironical); spec. doughty (ar-chaic or thetorical), difficult, dangerous, impassable, etc.

formless, a. inform, chaotic, shapeless, amorphous (tech. or learned).

formula, n. 1. form, formulary, rule; spec.

(eccl.) credo, behef, confession.

3. recipe (used chiefly in medicine or cookery), receipt (used chiefly in cookery), prescription (med).

formulate, v. t. state, formularize, formulize, frame, devise; spec. schematize, draw. institute.

formulation, n. statement, devising, f s-

inularization, formulization.

fortification, n. defense, atronghold, fast-ness, bulwark (literary), fort (chiefly spec.); spec. fieldwork, citadel, fortlet, hold (archaic), capitol, fortalice, fortress, rampart, rampire (archaic), redoubt, breastwork, redan, earthwork, tower, martello-tower, bastile, sconce, keep, don-jon, curtain, surtout, lodgment, lunette, tenaille, gabionade, traverse, tambour, contravallation, flanker, castle, star, cir-cumvallation, tetragon, rath (Irish hist.), mount or mound (hist.), presidio (Spanish), burg (German), Kremlin (Russian),

ter Cross references see Note torlorn: ibautoned aepressed, hopeless, lamentable, devoid formalist: precunan

forsake: abandon forsooth: truly forewear: abjure, abandon,

forewearing: denied, of abjure. forth: ahead out forthcoming: coming forthwith: immediately

zareba (in the Sudan), gurry (Anglo-Indian), pillbox (slang), post.

fortify, v. t. 1. strengthen; spec. brace (oneself or one's spirits), encourage,

brandy.

2. fence (literary ora rchaic), fort (rare), fortress; spec. rampart, rampire (archaic), fraise, stockade, wall, mound, battle (obs. or poetic), embattle, mure, entrench, counterscrap, countermure.

fortunate, a. 1. See AUSPICIOUS.

2. prosperous, chancy (Scot.), happy, lucky, blessed; spec. successful, timely, providential.

Antonyms: see UNSUCCESSFUL, UNFORTUNATE, UNLUCKY.

fortunately, adv. happily, well, etc.

fortune, n. 1. accident, chance, luck, hap (archaic); spec. goodhap (archaic); see MISFORTUNE.

2. luck, cast (obs. or dial.), lines (pl.; after Ps. xvi. 6), fare; spec. prosperity, success, felicity, misfortune.

Antonyms: see MISFORTUNE.

8. See fate, wealth.

4. competence, sufficiency, pile (colloq.); spec. independence, plum (obsolescent slang, Eng.).

forward, a. 1. onward, advancing, progressive, progressing.

Antonyms: see BACKWARD.

2. See FORE, READY, BOLD.

forward, adv. onward or onwards (esp. in space), on, along, forth, forthward (archaic); spec. before, ahead, frontward, frontwards, forthright (archaic), advanced, advancing.

Antonyms: see BACKWARD.

foster, v. t. aid (contextual), promote, cherish, nurture (rare, exc. spec.), nurse (fig. or spec.); spec. foment, cosset, nuzzle (fig.; rare), mother (fig.), cultivate, patronize, cradle, nourish, harbor, encourage.

Antonyms: see Extinguish.

fosterage, n. aid (contextual), promotion, nurture, nourish, nourishment; spec. fomentation, cultivation, patronage, encouragement.

foul, a. 1. dirty (contextual), impure, filthy, immund (rare), sordid (with filth or offensive dirt; a rather literary word), tetrous (rare), obscene (archaic or rare); spec. rank, festering, squalid, loathful (rare), noisome, feculent, loathsome, loathly (literary), loathy (rare), dreggy, polluted, disgusting, fetid, muddy.

Antonyms: see CLEAN.

2. See dirty, abominable, entangled, unfair, discreditable.

3. Of weather: spec. unfavorable (contextual), black, dirty, nasty, rough, wet.

Antonyms: see Clear.

foul, v. t. 1. dirty, defile, contaminate; spec. bemire, pollute, sully.

Antonyms: see CLEAN.

3. See CONTAMINATE.

fouling, n. dirtying, defilement, etc.

foulness, n. 1. dirtiness, impurity, filth; spec. feculence, squalor, squalidity (rare), squalidness, loathsomeness, loathfulness, pollution, bilge, putridity, etc.

2. See CONTAMINATION.

foundation, n. 1. base, basis, support, groundwork, bottom, substruction (rare), substructure (rare), tablement (rare); spec. ground, rest, bed, bedding, groundsel, stereobate, socle, pierre-perdu (French), sill, grillage, riprap (U. S.), fond (French).

2. See ENDOWMENT, BASIS, REASON.

3. Spec. college, fellowship, monastery, church, etc.

foundational, a. fundamental, basic, basal.

founder, n. establisher, author, projector, father, patriarch, organizer, foundress (fem.), builder; spec. œcist (rare), heresiarch.

four, n. 1. quatre (French), tetrad;—referring to the number.

2. Referring to a group: quartet, quartette, quartetto (Italian; chiefly in music), tetrad, quaternion, quarternity (rare); spec. quatre (rare), tiddy, quatuor (music; rare).

four-angled, a. quadrangular (learned). fourfold, a. quadruple, quaduplicate;—both learned.

four-footed, a. quadruped, quadrupedal (rare), four-foot (poetic or obs.).

four-handed, a. quadrumanous, quadrumane, quadrumanal; — all three tech. or learned.

fourpence, n. groat, flag (colloq. or cant, Eng.).

four-sided, a. quadrilateral, tetrahedral; —both tech. or learned.

fourth, n. quarter, quartern (obs. or rare). fourway, a. quadrivial (of roads; learned or rare).

fowl, n. 1. See BIRD.

2. gallinacean (tech.), chicken (primarily spec.), poultry (a collective); spec. hen,

Cross references: see Note.
fortitude: courage.
fortnightly: biweekly.
fortress: fortification.
fortuitous: accidental.
fortuity: chance.

forum: court.
forward, a.: fore, precocious, assuming, impudent.
forward, v. t.: advance, send.
fossil: remains, fogy.
fossilize: petrify.

fossorial: digging.
fouled: dirtied.
found, v. t.: cast.
found, v. t.: base, establish, colonize.
found, v. i.: rely.

biddy (now chiefly colloq, or humorous), cock, capon, chick, pullet, broiler, roaster tox, n. Charley or Charlie (used as a prop. name), reynard (quasi proper name), lowrie (quasi proper name, Scot); spec. vixen, whelp, cub.

for hunter. pink (card).

toxy, a 1. alopecoid (tech.), vulpine (learned or tech.), vulpecular (rare).

3. See ARTFUL.

tragment, n. 1. part (contextual), division (contextual), fraction (rare), spec crumb, flinders (pl.), fritters (pl., rare), smithers (pl; collog.), smithereens (pl; collog), orts (pl.), frustum (rare), calf, sliver, shiver, splinter, morsel, chip, shard, shred, brickbat, potsherd, crock, sippet. 2. See PART.

fragrant, a. sweet; spec aromatic, spicy (a stronger term than aromatic), balmy, ambrosial or ambrosian, perfumy (rare). Antonyma: see FETID, ILL-SMELLING,

RANK.

trame, n. 1. See STRUCTURE.

2. framework; spec. case, curb, yoke, griff, gate (rare), tenter, sash, casel, rack, cadge or cage, casement, chase, brake, coffin, hurst, crib.

8. See DISPOSITION.

trame, v t. 1. See ADAPT, INCLINE.
2. construct, enframe (rare), form; spec. set, build, erect.

3. devise, form; see INVENT, COMPOSE, PRONOUNCE.

4. See EXPRESS.

trank, a. free, ingenuous, plain, plainspoken, outspoken, free-spoken, direct, point-blank, unequivocal, outright, Dun-stable (fig.; literary), candid, downright, unreserved, open-hearted, nalve, sincere liberal, open, undisguised, guileless, art-less, genuine, unartful, free-hearted.

Antonyms: see hypocritical, affected, ARTFUL, DECEITFUL, SECRET, DISSEM-BLING, INTRIGUING, LYING, SNEAKING.

frank, v. t. send, transport; -both context-

frankincense, n. incense (contextual), olibanum; spec. thus (not a real frankin-

frantic, a. excited (contextual), frenzied, phrenetic (rare), desperate, transported, crazy (spec. or colloq.), distraught (literary), distract or (more usually) distracted; spec. passionate, ecstasted or ecstatic, mad, horn-mad, infuriate, delirious, madding (poetic), mœnadic, must, daft, giddy, |

furibund (literary), raging, furious, maniac, deranged, zealous, rabid (literary).

frantioness, n. excitement, desperateness, desperation, distractedness, frenzy, furor, fury, mania, etc.

fraternity, n. brotherhood; spec. friary, society (contextual), club (contextual), synomasy (rare).

tray, v. t. rub, wear, frazzle (U. S. and dial. Eng.); spec. fret, shred, tatter, ravel. "Fray" is often used with "out."

frenk, n. 1. See CAPRICE.

2. lusus nature (Latin), abnormality, monstrosity (chiefly spec.); spec. sport, mutation, comicality, Judy (fig.), abor-

freaky, a. 1. See CAPRICIOUS.

3. abnormal, sportive, monstrous (chiefly spec.); spec. abortive.

freckle, n. spot (contextual), blemish (a contextual sense), fleck, lentigo (tech.), fernticle (obs. or dial.).

freekle, v t. spot (contextual), discolor

(contextual), fleck.

free, a. 1. independent, frank; spec. emancipated (rare), emancipate (rare), manumitted, liberated, unenslaved, libertine (obs. or hist), frank (obs.), ransomed, sui juris (Roman law), free-born.

3. self-governing, autonomous (learned or

tech.), independent.

8. Referring to physical freedom: loose, unconfined, unrestricted, bondless, untrammeled, unrestrained, quit, uncontrolled, inadherent, unimpeded, unat-tached, uncombined, solute, clear (as a rope), unentangled

Antonyms see CONFINED.

4. costless, expenseless, gratuitous, gratis (a less dignified term than "gratuitous"), chargeless.

exempt; spec. immune, privileged

6. See Affable, Generous, Careless, AVAILABLE, DEVOID, EMPTY, LIBERAL, LOOSE, BOLD, FAMILIAR, VOLUNTARY, SPONTANEOUS, FRANK.

free, v t. 1. liberate, release, deliver, rescue, loose (chiefly spec); spec redeem, ransom, manumit, emancipate, disenslave (rare), disenthrall (literary), enfranchise (tech. or literary), forisfamiliate (Roman law), unvassal (rare), enlarge (rare or law), discharge, parole (fig.), slip, disentwine, disimprison, disincarcerate (rare), disimmure (rare), disbody (rare), disembody (rare), relax (Scots law), unbind, clear, extricate, unleash, uncloister (rore),

· Cross references nee Note. foyer: lobby fraces: disturbance fractional: partial fracture, n breaking, crack fracture, n t break, crack.

fraglle: brittle wrak fragmentary: dwidual. fragrance: smell fragrant: odorous. frail: brittle, weak, slight, delu-

franchise: privilege frangible: breakable fraternal: brotherly fraternize: associate fraudulent: decestful, dishonest. unchain, unpen, unfetter, uncage, disembed, disyoke, eliminate, evolve, disembarrass, disencumber. | freeman, n. hist.), burges zen.

Antonyms: see PLEDGE, PAWN, FASTEN, CATCH, GRASP, CLASP, CONFINE, CONSTRICT, IMPRISON, IMPOUND, SHACKLE, TRAP.

2. Referring to freeing from what holds fast: disengage, liberate, clear; spec. disentangle.

3. Referring to freeing from evil, oppression, etc.: deliver, relieve (rare, exc. spec.), rid (emphatic); spec. disburden, unburden, debarrass (rare), disencumber, dispossess, emancipate, discharge, clear, disengage, disembroil.

Antonyms: see BIND, COMMIT, ENSLAVE. 4. exempt; spec. privilege, excuse, immunize, frank (rare).

freebooter, n. desperado (contextual); spec. pirate, berserk, berserker, viking, buccaneer.

free-born, a. ingenuous (chiefly Roman hist.).

freedman, n. libertine (Roman hist.); spec. deditician (Roman hist.).

Antonyms: see BONDSMAN.

freedom, n. 1. independence, liberty; spec. emancipation, manumission, release, delivery, ransom, rescue, etc.

Antonyms: see BONDAGE, SLAVERY.

2. liberty, unrestraint, play, disengagement, enlargement, discharge, disimprisonment, disembodiment, etc.

Antonyms: see Confinement.

8. self-government, independence, autonomy (*learned or tech.*).

4. liberty, license, swing (often colloq.), latitude, breadth; spec. ease, discretion.

5. exemption, impunity; spec. immunity privilege.

6. See Ease, familiarity, readiness, boldness.

freeholder, n. franklin (obs. or hist.), charterer (hist.); spec. yeoman.

freeing, n. 1. liberation, emancipation, manumission, deliverance, enfranchisement, release, ransom, disenthrallment, etc.

Antonyms: see Enslavement.

2. Spec. discharge, disembarrassment, exemption, clearing, quittance, disencumberment, disengagement, delivery, releasement (rare), riddance, loosing, dispensation, relief, deliverance, enlargement, elimination, disembodiment, disincarceration, disimprisonment, disengage, immunization, redemption, etc.

8. exemption; spec. privileging.

freely, adv. Spec. gratis. Cf. free, a.

freeman, n. Spec. noble, ceorl (Eng. hist.), burgess, burgher, liveryman, citizen.

free-thinker, n. libertine (disparaging), antinomian (learned); spec. skeptic, unbeliever.

free-will-ist, n. libertarian (disparaging), indeterminist.

treeze, v. t. 1. congeal (contextual), chill (contextual), befreeze (intensive).

Antonyms: see BOIL.

2. See STICK.

freeze, v. i. 1. cool; spec. regelate.
Antonyms: see BOIL.

2. See STICK.

treeze, n. congelation, cooling; spec. frost. freightage, n. Spec. cartage, wagonage, ferriage, etc.

freighter, n. Spec. loader, forwarder, shipper, vessel.

French, a. Gaulish (poetic or humorous), Gallic (somewhat humorous), Gallican (learned or hist.), Parleyvoo (humorous); spec. Romance, creole, Frenchy, Frenchified.

Frenchify, v. i. & t. Gallicize.

Frenchman, n. Parleyvoo (humorous),

Froggy (slang); spec. creole.

transport, ecstasy (chiefly spec.); spec. rapture, fury, delirament (rare), heat, rage, furiosity (rare), furor, orgasm (rare), furiousness, burn (fig.), chafe (archaic), rave (rare), cestrus or cestrum, must, distraction, delirium, derangement, enthusiasm, fanaticism, fad; see also TRANSPORT.

trenzy, v. t. excite, transport, ecstasy (chiefly spec.), rap (chiefly spec.); spec. ravish, rapture, distract, enrapture, impassion, furify (rare), madden, enrage.

frequency, n. 1. oftenness (rare), oftness (archaic), thickness (in space or time), quotiety (rare), howmanyness (rare); spec. repetition, habitualness.

Antonyms: see INFREQUENCY.

3. commonness (cf. common).

frequent, a. 1. often (archaic or rare), thick (in space or time); spec. many, daily, hourly, rapid, minutely, momentary.

Antonyms: see Infrequent.

3. See common.

infest, affect, visit, use (rare), attend, ghost (rare), overrun.

frequentation, n. haunting, infestation, visitation, use (rare, exc. spec.), attend-

frequenter, n. haunter, resorter, habitu's (French), etc.

Cross references: see Note. free-handed: generous.

free-hearted: frank.
free lance: adventurer.

freight: load. frenzied: frantic.

FRESH

fresh, a. 1. new, recent; spec. green, warm, unfaded.

Antonyms: see Ancient.

2. Referring to meat, vegetables, etc.: caller (Scot.); spec. green, uncured, unsmoked, undried, crisp.

Antonyms: see WITHERED.

8. unsalted, sweet;—referring to water, food, etc.

4. Of the air, etc.: spec. pure, sweet, refreshing.

Antonyms: see CLOSE.

5. Spec. unexhausted, energetic, blooming, clear, strong, vivid, brilliant, additional, green, dewy, unobliterated, brisk.

Antonyms: see EXHAUSTED, TIRED, WEARIED.

freshen, v. t. refresh, revive, liven; spec. renew, brighten, quicken, brisk or brisken.

freshman, n. novice; spec. plebe (U. S.; colloq.), puny (Eng.), bejan (Scot., but obs. at Edinburgh).

freshness, n. 1. newness, recency; spec. greenness.

2. Spec. brilliance, bloom, dewiness, verdure, vigor, flush, glow, energy, strength, etc.

Antonyms: see WEARINESS.

fret, v. t. 1. erode, gall, chafe; see FRAY.

2. See agitate, annoy, irritate.

fret, v. i. 1. erode, chafe; spec. fray.

2. chafe, fume, stew (colloq.); spec. worry, repine, ferment, boil (colloq. or slang).

8. roughen, ripple, babble;—referring to water, etc.

fret, n. 1. erosion, chafe; spec. breach.

2. agitation, chafe, stew (colloq.), fume; spec. ferment, fermentation, worry.

friar, n. 1. ecclesiastic (contextual), frate (Italian), shaveling (opprobrious), brother; spec. mendicant, breviger (hist.), carmelite, Franciscan (Gray Friar), Dominican (Black Friar), Augustinian, Minimite (rare), Minim, Minor, tertiary, discalceate, limiter (hist.), cordelier (Franciscan), calender (Mohammedan; a loose use).

2. See MONK.

friary, n. association (contextual), friars (pl.), convent.

friend, n. 1. intimate (contextual), Damon (fig.), familiar.

Antonyms: see ENEMY.

2. approver (cf. APPROVE).

friendliness, n. amicability, amity, cor-

diality; spec. brotherliness, neighborliness, kindness, etc.

Antonyms: see Opposition.

friendly, a. 1. amicable, cordial; spec. brotherly, kindly, neighborly, lovesome (archaic), friendlike.

Antonyms: see Unfriendly.

3. See FAVORABLE.

irighten, v. t. fright (rare or poetic), fear (archaic), affray (rare), affright (chiefly literary), alarm, scare, fray (archaic), funk (slang); spec. appall, shoo, terrify, terrorize, dismay, gally (dial. or whaling), horrify, freeze, cow, daunt, startle, consternate, intimidate, stampede, drive.

Antonyms: see ENCOURAGE, ENTICE.

frill, n. 1. edging; spec. jabot, purl, ruching, ruche (French).

2. See AFFECTATION.

fringe, n. border, edge, fimbriation (tech.), fimbrilla (dim.; tech.); spec. phylactery (erroneous), bullion, macramé, bang, fimbria.

tringe, v. t. border, edge, fimbriate (tech.). tringed, a. bordered, edged, fimbriate (tech.), fringy, jubate (tech.; rare); spec. ciliate or ciliated, cirrated.

frisky, a. lively (contextual), antic; see FROLICSOME.

frivolity, n. frivolousness, lightness, emptiness, foolishness, fribble, levity, flippancy, trifling, flimsiness, silliness, volatility, flightiness, giddiness, frippery, trumpery.

frivolous, a. light, empty, foolish, light-minded, light-headed, fribble, contemptuous, ous, trifling, frippery (contemptuous), giddy, flimsy, silly, volatile, flighty, frivol (colloq. or slang), fribblish (rare), butterfly (fig.), unideaed (rare), jiggish (rare), trumpery; spec. overlight, flippant, hoitytoity.

frock, n. Spec. gown, dress, overall, coat, jersey.

paddock (Scot.); spec. frogling, tadpole.

2. Referring to part of a horse's foot: cushion, frush.

froglike, a. batrachoid, raniform;—both tech.

frolic, n. play, caper, sport, lark, sky-lark (colloq.), prank, trick (colloq.); spec. romp, rollick, escapade, racket (slang), spree (colloq.), hoity-toity (rare), gambol, curvet, frisk, merrymaking, cantrip (chiefly Scot.).

Cross references: see Note.

freshet: flood. freshly: again.

fret: ornament, variegate.

fretful: irascible, agitated, gusty.

friable: crumbly.

friction: rubbing, dissension.

fright: fear.
frightened: afraid.
frightful: alarming.
frigid: cold, dull, distant.
frigorific: cooling.

frippery: finery, show. frisk: caper, frolic.

frit: calcine.
fritter, n.: fragment.
fritter, v. t.: break, waste, trifle.
frivol, v. i.: trifle.
friz, frizz: curl.
frizzle: curl, cook.
frizzly: curly.

frolic, v. i. play, prank (rare), sport; spec. rollick, caper, romp, lark, skylark (colloq.), freak, frisk, gambol, curvet, wanton,

spree (colloq.).

frolicsome, a. playful, frolic, sportful, sportive, prankful (rare), prankish (rare); spec. frisky, frisk, larkish (colloq.), larky (colloq.), larking (colloq.), rompish, rumping, rompy, wild, skittish, horty-torty, capersome.

from, prep. fro (Scot. and dial.); spec. with, off, of.

Antonyms: see TOWARD.

front, n. 1. Spec. forehead, face, look.

2. fore (chiefly tech. or a quasi noun), forepart, forefront (emphatic), foreside (obs. or tech.); spec. van, head, beginning, foreground, proscenium (tech., learned as fig. or transferred), heading, breast, frontage, belly; see FOREGROUND. Antonyms: see BACK.

3. Referring to a building: face, facade, frontal, frontispiece (rare).

Antonyms: see BACK.

4. Referring to an army, etc.: van; spec. vanguard.

5. See CARRIAGE.

front, v. t. 1. See FACE, OPPOSE, MEET, COVER.

2. lead (go in front), head (by having the front place), face.

frontier, n. border, coast (archaic).

frontlet, n. band, frontal; spec. chamfrain, forestall.

frost, n. 1. See FREEZE.

2. Referring to white frost: hoarfrost, rime (literary or tech.), cranreuch (Scot.), hoar (rare).

frosted, a. hoary.

frown, v. i. scowl, lower or lour, gloom, glout (rare), glower, cloud (contextual). Antonyms: see SMILE.

frown, n. scowl, lower or lour, gloom (chiefly Scot.), flout (rare), glower, cloud (contextual).

frowning, a. scowling, lowering or louring, lowry or loury, glooming, glowering, clouded (contextual), cloudy (contextual).

fructification, n. fecundation, fertilization, impregnation; spec. masculation, orthogamy, heterogamy, autogamy, selffertilization.

spec.), impregnate (cause to become pregnant; chiefly spec.); spec. fruit.

fructifying, a. fructificative (rare), fecundatory (rare or tech.), fertilizing, fructiferous (rare).

frugal, a. 1. sparing, chary; spec. abstemious, economical.

2. See SCANTY.

iruit, n. 1. Spec. fruitlet, fruitling (rare), truitage (a collective), follicle, drupel, drupelet, key, samara, legume, mericarp, cremocarp.

2. produce (a collective sing.), vegetable (with no definite distinction from "fruit" in popular use).

8. See PRODUCT, EFFECT, OUTCOME, GOOD,

fruit, v. i. fructify; spec. bear.

iruit-bearing, a. frugiferous (rare), fructuous (chiefly spec.).

fruit-eating, a. frugivorous, fructivorous; —both tech.

fruitful, a. 1. productive, fertile, fecund (archaic or rare), prolific, feracious (rare), fructuous (chiefly spec.); spec. teeming, polyphorous (rare), teemful, uberous (rare), plenteous (chiefly poetic), good, broody or breedy (dial. or colloq.), exuberant, eugenesic (rare), fat or fatty, rich, gleby (rare), proliferous;—many of these terms being used, figuratively or by transfer, of the mind, imagination, etc.

Antonyms: see BARREN, UNPRODUCTIVE.

2. See PRODUCTIVE.

fruit grower. horticulturist (contextual); spec. orchardist, orchardman.

fruit growing. horticulture (contextual); spec. pomiculture (rare), pomology.

fruiting, n. fruitage.

fry, v. t. cook (contextual); spec. sauté frizzle, fricassee.

fry, n. Spec. fricandeau, frizzle, fricassee. fuel, n. firing (Eng. or archaic); spec. kindling, breeze.

fugitive, a. 1. fleeing; spec. runaway, hideaway (rare).

2. See transitory, ephemeral.

fugitive, n. fleer (rare); spec. runaway, vagabond, wanderer, refugee, runagate (contemptuous).

fulcrum, n. support. Antonyms: see LEVER.

fructify, v. t. fecundate, fertilize (chiefly | full, v. t. thicken (contextual); spec. mill.

Cross reserences: see Note. frontage: front. frontal: frontlet, front. frosty: cold, gray. froth, n.: foam, nonsense. froth, v. i.: foam. frothy: foamy. frounce: curl. froward: perverse. [moldy. frowzy: slovenly, red, red-faced, frozen: congealed, cold.

fructify: fruit. fruitage: fruiting. fruition: enjoyment. fruitless: barren, ineffectual. frustrate: deseat. fubby: fat. fuddle, v. t.: confuse. fuddle, v. i.. drink. fuddle, n: confusion, carouse. fudge, v. t.: fake. fudge, n.: nonsense.

fudge, interj.: bosh. fugacious: transient. fulcrum, n.: support. fulfill: accomplish, satisfy, obey, perform. fulfillment: accomplishment, satisfaction, obedience, performfulgent: luminous. fulgurate: flash. fuliginous: dark, emoky.

full, a. 1. replete (a stronger and more formal term than "full"), plemtudinary (rare), plemtudinous (rare), spec. brimful, flush, swollen, chock-full or chokefull (somewhat collog.), crammed, crowded, packed, stuffed, overflowing, puffy. Antonyma, see EMPTY.

s. satisfied, sated or satiated; spec. gorged (implying gross gormandizing), crammed (colloq.), stuffed.

s. loose, flowing; spec. baggy, foldy

(rare), pouched, pouchy.
4. Referring to the voice: rounded, orotund (literary), rotund (formal or tech).

5. See ABSOLUTE, ABOUNDING, COMPLETE, EXHAUSTIVE, DETAILED, CIRCUMSTANTIAL, PLUMP, STRONG.

full, n. completion, utmost.

full-blooded, a. 1. plethoric, sanguine, sanguineous, hematose (rare);—all four in formal, learned, or literary use. 2. Referring to breed, etc.: pure, true.

Antonyms: see HYBRID.

fuller, n. hammer (contextual), hardy (blacksmithing).

fullness, n. 1. repletion, repleteness (less usual), impletion (rare), plenitude (learned or literary), plenum (rare); spec. circumstantiality, puffiness, satiety.

Antonyms. see EMPTINESS, VACANCY. 2. Spec. completeness, absoluteness, plumpness, rotundity, abundance, etc. futvous, a. yellow, fulvic (rare); spec.

tawny, tan.

fumigate, v. t. 1. reek, suffumigate (rure), fume; spec. smoke, match, disinfect. 3. See Perfume.

fun, n. 1. Spec. humor, wit, drollery, waggishness, waggery (rare).

2. See DIVERSION, PLAY,

function, n. 1. activity, duty, office, province, service.

3. See ACTION, CEREMONY.

3. In math.: spec. sine, cosine, secant, cosecant, logarithm, intermediate, faculty, etc. function, v i. act (contextual), functionate (rare), serve

fund, n. accumulation, stock, supply; spec. box, reserve, pool, bank, capital, endowment. fundamental, a basic, basal, underlying, ground, bottom, basilar (rore); spec. cardinal, see ELEMENTARY, ESSENTIAL.

Antonyms: see Accidental.

funeral, a. 1. burial (contextual), funeral, feral (rare), exequial (rare), epicedial (rare), funcbrial (rare), sepulchral; spec. funerary, elegiac.

2. See dark, gloomy, borrowful. fungus, z. Spec. mushroom, toadstool, bunt, fuzzball, bullfist, puffball, mold, rust, amut, agaric, mildew, tuckahoe, champignon, truffle, morel, etc.

funnel, n. channel, tunnel (rore); spec, infundibulum.

funnel-shaped, a. chosnoid (tech.), infundibuliform (tech.).

funny, a. Spec. humorous, facetious, grotesque; see COMIC, LAUGHABLE, ODD.

tur, n. skin (contextual), coat (contextual); spec. flix (rare), flick (dial.), calaber, ermine, ermines, erminites, erminois, budge, miniver, pean, pashm, sable, kolinaky, woom (cant), vair, beaver, seal, ctc.

furl, v. t. Naut.: stow, hand. furled, a. in (used predicatively).

furnace, 7. Spec. cupola, forge, calcar, kiln, chauffer, reverberatory, revolver, retort, rosster.

furnish, v. t. 1. provide, supply, dight (archaic or dial); spec. equip, accommodate, endow, store.

2. supply, produce, give, yield, find, provide, afford (a rather bookish term); spec. advance, lend, sell, rent, etc.

furnished, a. equipped, found, beseen (archaic), etc.

furnishing, n. 1. Referring to the action: provision, supplial, suppliance (rare), furnishment (rare); spec. purveyance, equipment, accommodation, endowment.

3. Often in pl.: equipment

a. provision, supply, yield; spec. product, find, advance, loan, etc.

furniture, n. furnishing (often in pl.), equipment; spec. drapery, coverlet, hangings, bedding.

turrow, n. depression (contextual); spec. trench, channel, track, seam, groove, rut cut, wrinkle, line, drill, scratch.

furrow, v. t Spec. channel, seam, plow, wrinkle, intrench (rars), trench, ditch, rut, corrugate, cleave, cut.

furrowy, a. Spec. guttery, rutty, wrinkly. turther, adv. besides, beside, else; see ALSO.

furfuraceous: scurfy turiosity: anger, frenzy, vio-

Der Cross references: see Note. ruiminate, v. s.: explode, flash, fulminate, s. i.: explode, de-fulsome: excessive. fulsomeness: excess, fumble: feel, mismanage. fume, v. v. smoke, exhale, fret. fume, v. t.: smoke, exhale, fumifume, n.: emoke, exhalation, emoll, froi, fit.

fumy: smoky, vaporous. functionary: officer fundament: bullocks. fundamental, n.: baris, ele-

fundus: bass tuniele: cord, stalls. funk, n. fear. funk, n. t. evade. funk, n. s. shrink

furious: angry, violent, frantic, turbase only, severa, frames turbare; frenzy, fod further, a forther, additional, further, a for deanos. furthermore: ded furthermore: bendes furbish: polish, renosate, renew. furcate, a. forked furtive: threvish, secret, enoughfury, n. 1. See FRENZY, ANGER, FIT, VIO-LENCE.

3. Diræ (Latın; pl.), Erinnyes (Greek; pl.), Eumenides (Greek, euphemistic; pl.); spec Tisiphone, Megæra, Alecto.

J. See TERMAGANT. furze, n. gorze, whin.

tustble, a meltable (rare), fluxible (archaic), fusile (rare).

Antonyms: see Repractory.

tuss, n disturbance, ado (chiefly literary), to-do (colloq.), pucker (colloq.), fidge (collog.): spec. commotion, tumult, stir, pother, boggle, fizz (collog), bustle, fluster, fiddle-faddle, fidlad (rare), fret, worry. fuss, v z pucker (colloq; rare), fike (Scot), fidge (colloq); spec. potter, boggle, fizz (colloq), bustle, fret, worry.

future, a coming, forward (commercial);

spec. prospective.

Antonyms: see PAST. future, n. futurity (dignified), futurition (philos.), by-and-by (chiefly poetic in suggestion), to-come (rare), yet (used with "the"; rare), to-be (rare); spec. tomorrow (often fig.), ulterior, hereafter.

Antonyms: see Pabt, Present.

gadfly, n. fly (contextual), breeze, gadbee (dial. or literary), clog (Scot & dial. Eng.). gaff, v. t. Spec. spear, hook, gambeer. gain, n. 1. See ACQUISITION, BENEFIT,

PROFIT

2. addition (contextual), accretion (contextual); spec. advantage, graft, plunder, booty, clean-up (U. S.), winning, emolument, gettings (pl.; archaic), superlucration (rare).

Antonyms: see LOSS. gain, p. f. 1. get, acquire, reap (fig.), obtain; spec. procure, earn, gather, superlucrate (rare), net, clear, profit.

Antonyms. see FORFEIT

2. See INCUR, WIN, REACH. gait, n 1. step; spec slouch, swing, clip (collog.), amble, hobble, canter, dog trot, gallop. jog, jog trot, rack, pace, single-foot (U. S.), lope, trot, run, walk, shamble, saunter, stalk, stride, hobble, swing, roll, volley, piaffer. 3. See CARRIAGE.

gaiter, n. legging (contextual), contina-tions (pl; stang), spec. squatterdash, spats (pl.), gambado. gallant, n. Spec. blade, escort, cicisbeo (a

gallant of a married woman).

gallery, n. 1. Spec. corridor, loft, balcony, veranda, portico, cantarina, traverse, traforium, loggia, dedans (French), drift. 2. Referring to part of an audience, spec.

gods (pl.; cant or slang).
gallop, v t. & i Spec. canter, run. gallop, n gait (contextual); spec. tantivy, canter.

gallows, n. bough (archaic), tree (archaic), gibbet (oba.).

gallows, a. patibulary (rare).

gallowsbird, n. criminal (contextual), hempstring, hempseed (nonce; Shake-speare). "Gallowsbird" is collog.

gamble, v. z. 1. play (contextual), game, gaff (Eng. slang or colonial), spec. dice, throw, punt, plunge.

See WAGER.

gamble, v. t. risk (contextual), wager. gamble, n. chance; spec. wager, risk, plunge, pyramid.

gambler, n. 1. player (contextual), sport (cant); spec. gamester, gamestress (fem.), dicer, hazarder, plunger, punter.

2. wagerer (cf. WAGER).

game, n quarry. game, n. 1. See SPORT.

2. diversion (contextual); spec. contest, agonistics, bowls, ball, quoits, backgam-mon, cards, checkers, dominoes, checkstones, chess, cricket, croquet, dibe, fan-tan, faro, football, hazard, the graces, hockey, hopscotch, jackstraws, jack-stones, John Bull, kino (U. S.), Krieg-spiel, lacrosse, lansquenet, lanterloo (obs.), leapfrog, letters, loggats, lotto, mall, ping-pong, racing, reversi, tiddly-winks, etc. \$. See RIDICULE, PLAN.

4. Referring to a single contest, spec. pan-

cratium, Olympic, Marathon.

5. hunt, chase, gibier (French). Antonyma. see HUNTER

Cross references see Note. fuse, v t. Isquefy, emelt, units. fusiform: spindle-shaped, fusiliade: discharge. fusion: liquefaction, union, fuse, p t * disturb, confuse, fustian, n. bombast fustian, a * bombastic, fusty; moldy, close, old-fash-

futile: meffectual, trivial, futurity: future, event. form: fluf fusey: curly, fluffy. fylfot: swastska.

gab: talk gabble: babble, chatter, cackle gad: wander gag, v i choke. gag, v i retch. gag, n i deception, interpolation. gage: pledge, rursty (rance, gain, v i benefit graft, ad-gainful: advantageous, profit-able, beneficial gainsay: contradict. gait, v t adjust galaxy: assembly

gall, n annoyance, impudence gallant, a 'showy, brase, polite gallant, a 'showy, brase, polite gallant, a 'start gallant, a 'start gallanty session, amour gallanty; brasery, amour 56847 galled: vered. gally: bitter. galore: abundantly. gambado: caper. game, a · disabled game, v · pamble. game, d. · brave, constant.

gale: wind, fit

GAMEKEEPER

gamekeeper, n. ranger (archaic); spec. venerer (rare).

gang, n. 1. company, erew. 2. See SET, ASSOCIATION.

gangrene, n. death (contextual), necrobiosis (tech.), mortification, necrosis (tech.). gangrene, v. i. die, mortify, necrose

gangrenous, a. dead, mortified, necrose (tech.), cankerous (rare).

gap, n. 1. See BREACH.

2. opening (contextual), break, vacancy, gape (rare), space; spec. lacuna, jump, hiatus, chasm, pass, ravine, rictus, yawn. gape, v. i. open (contextual), hiate (rare),

gaup or gawp (dial.), inhiate (rare); spec. yawn, dehisce.

gaping, a. agape, hiant (chiefly hist.); spec. yawning, ringent, patulous, patulent (rare), dehiscent, loculicidal.

garden, n. Spec. potagerie (French), herbary, nursery, Lyceum.

gardener, n. mallee (Anglo-Indian); spec. horiculturist, florist.

gardening, a. hortulan (rare), hortensial (rare), hortensian (rare); spec. topiary gardening, n. horticulture; spec. floricul-

ture, olericulture, viniculture. gargle, v. t. rinse (contextual), wash, gar-

garize (rare).

gargle, n. wash (contextual), gargarism

(med.; rare), collutory (tech.).

garment, n 1. confection (a Gallicism) rag (derogatory), cloth (obs), vestment (rhetorical or spec.), wearable (collog.); spec. shroud (poetre or archare), abolla, slope (pl.), blouse, cape, cardigan, coat, coat-hardy (obs; hist.), corselet, cowl, cymar (poetac or fictional), dalmatic, doublet, ephod, flannels (pl.), frock, fur, garberdine, gambeson (obs.; hist.), grego, gown, haqueton, jersey, jerkin, jumper, jupe (Scot.), kaross, kimono, kirtle, kilt, knickerbockers (pl.), linens (pl.), lingerie (collective sing.), mackintosh, mandilion, maniple, manta, mantelet, mantlet, mantua, mohair, nightingale, overall, pelisse, shirt, singlet, alip, trousers (pl.), vest, waist, waistcoat, weed, teddy bear (cant or slang), envelope, combination, etc. 2. In pl : see CLOTHING.

garret, n. attic, soler (obs. or rare), sky parlor (collog. or humorous).

garrison, n post (U, S).

gas, n. 1. fluid (contextual); spec. choke

damp, flatus, mafette, argon, oxygen, hydrogen, nitrogen, chlorine, etc.

2. See Bombast.

gaseous, a. fluid (contextual), gassy, gasi-form, airy (now rare or spec.); spec. aeri-

gash, v. t. & n. cut (contextual), crimp (chiefly spec.), scratch, score, slash, scotch. gasoline, n. petrol (British), gas (cant or

collog). gasp, v. i. breathe (contextual), catch; spec. chink, pant, labor, choke (contextual).

gastronomic, a. esurient (an incorrect use: properly "pertaining to love of eating or appetite").

gate, n. 1. opening (contextual), passageway (contextual), portal (elevated term), gate-way, port (now chiefly Scot.), pylon (archwol.), arch, toran, porte-cochère (French), floodgate, sluice, turnpike, (French), floodg wicket, lich-gate.

3. door (contextual), shuttle, portcullis, wicket, lattice, hatch.

gatekeeper, n. porter (the more formal

term).

gather, v. l. 1. assemble, collect, group; spec. lump, mass, huddle, herd, rake (with "up"), crowd, congregate, rally, aggregate, flocculate (rars), forgather, ingather, cluster, drum, whip, cull, glean shock, clump, stack, bunch, convene, mobilize.

Antonyms: see SCATTER, SEPARATE, DIS-

PERSE.

2. In sewing, etc.: spec. shirr, pucker, full. 3. See ACCUMULATE, WIN, INFER, GAIN.

gather, v. i. 1. assemble, collect, group, congregate, forgather, aggregate; spec. bunch, convene, huddle.

Antonyms: see DISPERSE, SCATTER, STRAY.

2. See INCREASE, SUPPURATE.

gather, n. gathering; spec. shirr, pucker. gathering, n. 1. The act or action. assembly, assemblage, collection, forgathering, grouping; spec. congregation, convention, aggregation, mobilization, clustering, etc. 3. Those gathered, considered collectively: assemblage, body, collection, group; spec. crowd, throng, bunch, drum, convention, congregation, aggregation, rally, herd, flock, cluster; see ASSEMBLY, CONVENTION.

3. See ACCUMULATION gaudy, a showy; spec, tawdry, tinsel, garish, flashy, gimcrack, brummagem, cheap. Antonyms: see SIMPLE, MODEST.

Cross rejerences, see Note. gamesome: frolicsome, merry. gamester: gambler gamut: scale, compass, gamy: brave, constant, ill-small-

gang: set, association. gaol: prison;—var, of joil, gap: breach.

garb, u costume, clothing, garb, v t clothe garble: deface, perveri, garlah: showy bright. garland: uneath garner, n granary.

rarnish, n ornament.

garnishment: ornamentation, garrishment: ornam garrison, e. l. mas. garrison, e. l. mas. garrison: strangle garrison: talkaine. gascon, a boasting. gauche, a aukiward. gauche, a aukiward.

gauge, v. t. 1. measure.

2. adjust.

gauge, n. 1. See MEASURE, EXTENT.

2. Spec. templet, fence, manometer.

gawk, n. simpleton (contextual), clown, gawky, booby, jay (colloq. or slang); spec.

calf (colloq.), sight (colloq.).

(rare), merry, jolly, jovial (more bookish than "jolly"), mirthful, galliard (archaic); spec. wild, riotous, festive, mad, hilarious, gleeful, jaunty, sportive, sprightly, convivial, frolicsome, gamesome, merrymaking, frivolous, jubilant.

Antonyms: see SAD, SULLEN.

2. See BRIGHT.

rayety, n. 1. liveliness, vivacity, vivaciousness, airiness, joyance, merriness, merriment, mirth, mirthfulness, galliardise (archaic); spec. hilarity, hilariousness, jauntiness, sportiveness, merrymaking, frivolity, jubilance.

Antonyms: see ENNUI.

2. See BRIGHTNESS.

gaze, v. i. look (contextual); spec. muse, (literary), pore, stare, ogle, gape, glower, gloat, glare, leer.

gelatinous, a. colloid (tech.), tremellose

(tech.); spec. gelatiniform.

gelding, n. neuter (rare); spec. ridgeling,

ridgel.

gem, n. jewel, stone; spec. solitaire, scarab, hyacinth, diamond, ruby, sardine, sapphire, tiger's-eye, moonstone, bloodstone, opal, amethyst, topaz, turquoise, pearl, emerald, garnet, carbuncle, etc.

gemlike, a. gemmy, gemmeous (rare).

genealogy, n. history (contextual), genera-

tion (rare); spec. pedigree, tree.

general, a. 1. universal (more emphatic than "general"), catholic (chiefly eccl.); spec. cosmic, œcumenical, heavenwide, nationwide, statewide.

Antonyms: see Particular, Minute, Narrow, Individual, Local.

2. In a less inclusive sense: widespread, wide, broad (less emphatic than "wide"); spec. generic, main, impersonal, popular, current, indefinite, bird's-eye.

Antonyms: see CIRCUMSTANTIAL, PAR-TICULAR.

generalize, v. t. broaden, universalize, spread.

pred (chiefly spec.), create (contextual), reproduce (biol.), produce (young), procreate, conceive (in the womb), engender, good.

propagate; spec. spawn (contemptuous), bear, pullulate, inbreed.

Antonyms: see KILL.

3. See CAUSE.

generate, v. i. breed, reproduce, grow, produce, conceive, propagate (chiefly tech.); spec. hatch, segment, increase, proliferate, teem, multiply, inbreed.

Antonyms: see DIE.

generation, n. 1. begetting, breeding, production, genesis (rare), reproduction, procreation, propagation (chiefly tech.); spec. increase, proliferation, isogamy, theogony, ontogeny, histogenesis, heterogenesis.

2. Referring to those living during a cer-

tain period: age, descent.

creative, a. 1. reproductive, progenitive, creative, genial (rare), genital (chiefly spec.); spec. proligerous (rare), proliferous, conceptive, germinative, gametal.

2. See PRODUCTIVE, CAUSATIVE.

generosity, n. 1. greatness, large-heartedness, magnanimity (formal), nobility, magnanimousness; spec. loftiness, courage.

Antonyms: meanness (see MEAN); see

SELFISHNESS.

2. generousness, free-heartedness, liberality, handsomeness (rare), bounty, frankness (obsolesc.), freedom (rare); spec. benevolence, royalty, munificence, prodigality, lavishness.

Antonyms: stinginess (see STINGY).

3. See ABUNDANCE.

generous, a. 1. great (contextual), magnanimous (formal), ingenuous, large-hearted, great-hearted, noble; spec. lofty, courageous, chivalrous, beneficent.

Antonyms: see MEAN.

2. Referring to the opposite of "stingy": free-hearted, open-hearted, open-handed, open (colloq.), free, liberal, free-handed, frank (obsolescent), handsome, large (archaic), bounteous, bountiful; spec. munificent, lavish, prodigal, benevolent, stintless.

Antonyms: 800 STINGY, GREEDY, PALTRY,

SELFISH.

3. See ABUNDANT.

genius, n. 1.'demon (contextual), spirit (contextual); spec. python (New Testament), jinni, jinn (pl.; improperly used as sing.).
angel (chiefly with "good" or "bad"),

spirit (chiefly with "a good" or "a bad").

8. See Capacity, spirit.

gentile, n. 1. See HEATHEN.

2. non-Jew, uncircumscision (with "the"). gentle, a. 1. well-born, generous (archaic), good.

genie: demon.

Cross references: see Note.
gauge, v. t.: measure, adjust.
gaunt: thin, repellent.
gauzy: filmy.
gawky: awkward.
gazingstock: spectacle.

gear, n.: dress, clothing, equipment, apparatus, cognoheel, goods.
gelid: cold.
geminate: double.

genre: style.
genteel: polite, noble, elegant,
stylish.
gentile, a.: heathen, racial.
gentile, v. t.: handle.

generic: general.

2. See TAME.

3. mild (a weaker word than "gentle"), light, soft, moderate; spec. benign, silken, soothing, kind, lenient, low, complaisant, amiable, etc.

Antonyms: see ROUGH, SEVERE, SHARP, STERN, VIOLENT, HARSH, FIERCE, CRUEL, AUSTERE, BLOODTHIRSTY, BLUNT, OUT-

RAGEOUS.

4. Referring to a slope, climb, etc.: moderate, gradual, slight, easy.

Antonyms see PRECIPITOUS.

gentleman, n. 1. gent (vulgar), aristocrat, caballero (Spanish), duniwassal (chiefly spec.; Scot), spec. esquire (Eng.), hidalgo (Spanish), cavalier.

Antonyms see BOOR.

2. See MAN.

gentleness, n. 1. mildness, lightness, softness, moderateness, moderation; spec. easiness, benignity, faintness, soothingness, kindness, lenience, complaisance, amenity, douceur (French), milkiness (rare).

Antonyms' see VIOLENCE, SHARPNESS,

CRUELTY, FEROCITY, SEVERITY.

2. Referring to a slope, climb, etc. moderateness, gradualness, slightness, easiness. genuine, a. 1. true, right, real, veritable, proper (rare), indeed (predicative), spec.

Simon Pure, honest, true-blue; see AU-

Antonyms see ARTIFICIAL.

3. See SINCERE, FRANK.

germ, n. 1. germen (now only fig), embryo, seed (now chiefly spec.), seminium (rare), seminary (rare).

2. See ELEMENT.

8. microôrganism, seed (spec. or fig.); spec. microbe, bacterium.

germicide, a. Spec. antiseptic, bacteri-

germinate, v. i. grow (contextual), germ (now fig.), burgeon, germin (archase), germinate (rare), generate; spec. sprout, shoot, pullulate (rare), blade, bud. vegetate, catch, set.

Antonyms: see DIE.

germinate, v. t. cause (contextual), germ

(rare); spec. sprout.

gestural, a. gesticulative, gesticular, gesticulatory, pantom.mic (chiefly spec.), pantomimical (rare).

gesture, n. 1. motion (contextual), gest (archaic); spec. gesticulation, beck, sign, fig, wave, puff, signal.

2. In a generic sense: gesticulation, chir-

onomy (rare), dumb show, pantomime (chiefly spec.).

gesture, v. i. motion, gesticulate,pantomime (rare), sign; spec. wave, ramp, beckon, signal.

gesturing, a gesticulant (rare).

get, t t. 1. obtain, procure, raise, gain, secure, have, acquire, spec. achieve, take, win, glean, borrow, sponge, impetrate, find, draw, elicit, wheedle, coax, derive, learn, attain, forage, mine, snatch, hire, catch, capture, etc

Antonyme: see MISS.

2. See NONPLUS, INDUCE, TAKE (one-self), BEGET.

gettable, a obtainable, come-at-able (collog.), havable (rgre).

Antonyms: see INACCESSIBLE.

getting, n. obtainment, obtainal (rare), obtention (rare), procurement, securement (rare), procuration; epec. impetration, acquirement, elicitation, derivation, etc.; see ACQUISITION.

gewgaw, n. trifle, trinket, toy (obs, exc. spec.); spec. kickshaw, knickknack, gimcrack, fizgig, gaud (literary), bauble, falderal or folderol, fallal, flapdoodle (contemptuous; colloq.), flamfew (rars).
ghastly, a 1. See FEARFUL.

3. pale, deathly, corpselike, ghast (archaic or poetic); spec. cadaverous, lurid.

ghost, n. 1. See soul, Demon, APPEARANCE 3. apparition, larva (obs. or hist.), larve (hist.), spirit, specter, phantom, phantasm (poetic or rhetorical), phantasme (rare), revenant (rather learned or cant), shadow (rare), shade (chiefly spec.), sprite or (archaic) spright (rare), spook (colloq.).

Antonyma: see BODY.

ghostly, a 1. See SPIRITUAL. 2. ghostlike, spectral, spookish (colloq.), phantasmal, phantom, shadowy, ghosty (jocular), spooky (colleg.).

Antonyms' see BODILY. giant, n. 1. Referring to giants of litera-ture: spec. Goliath, Colossus, Brobding-nagian or (incorrectly) Brobdignagian, Hercules, ogre, Antæus, Briæus, Briareus, Polyphemus, Cyclops, Titan, Titaness,

Norn, jinni. Antonyms: see DWARF.

2. Referring to any very large person: spec. giantess, colossus, jumbo (colloq.), Goliath (fig), polyheme (rare).

Antonyms' see DWARF. gibbet, n. gallows, patible (rare); spec. cross, road (archaic).

Cross references see Note. genuine: outhentse gestate: derelop gestation: pregnancy gestioulate: gesture

get, p 1 hecome get, n offspring, begetting. get-up: form. geyser: spring. ghoul: demon gib: disembowel

gibber: chatter gibbose: convez, gibbous: consex, humpbacked, protuberant. gibe: seer giddy: dizzy, frisolous. gift, n. 1. See giving.

2. present, liberality (rore), donation (chiefly spec.), spec. bonus, premium, prize, dole, contribution, mite, favor, testimonial, gratification, offering, boon, oblation, gratuity, bounty, propine (archate or Scot.), largess, fairing, benevolence, cadeau (French), donary (rare), grant, douceur (French), tip, benefaction, cumshaw (Chinese ports), baksheesh, concession, honorarium, merced (Spanish), dash or dashee (African coast), pittance, alms, charity, pilon (southwestern U. S.), pilonce (Texas), pilonvillo (Texas), lag-mappe (New Orleans), donative, legacy, bequest, devise, benefit, enam (India), batta (Anglo-Indian), bribe, handsel, fa-vor, mortuary, khilat or khelat (East India), feu, ormolu, congiary (Roman hist.), nuzzer (Anglo-Indian).

Antonyms see DEMAND 3. See ENDOWMENT, ABILITY.

gig. n. chaise; spec. whisky, tilbury. tine, Titanic (spec. or fig.), Herculean (spec. or fig.), Cyclopean (spec. or fig.), Brobdingnagian or (incorrectly) Brobdignagian (spec. or fig. and ironical).

Antonyms: see DWARF. 2. See ENORMOUS.

gild, v. t. adorn, deaurate (rare), engild (literary; often fig.); spec. begild, overgild. gilded, a aureate (learned or literary),

inaurate (rare).

gin, n. liquor (contextual), ribbon (slang; cant), satin (slang), eyewater (slang), deadly (slang), juniper (slang), jacky or jackey (slang); spec. schiedam, Hollands, schnapps

gird, v t. 1. encircle (contextual); spec. girt,

bind, belt, surcingle.

2. See INVEST, PREPARE, BRACE, BUR-

ROUND, BESTEGE

citale, n. band (contextual), girth, cin-gle (literary; chiefly spec.); spec. brail, cincture (bookish), belt, cingulum (tech.), truss, sash, cummerbund (Anglo-Indian), scarf, cestus (Roman antiq.), zone (literary or Greek antiq.), zoster (Greek antiq.), zoster (Greek antiq.), zirdle, v. t. bind (contextual), encircle

(contextual), girth, engird (literary), engirdle (literary), circuit (contextual).

2. Referring to a tree: ring, ringbark. circled, a. precinct (rare); spec. succinct.
cirl, n. 1. child (contextual), maid (archaic
or playful), lass (chiefly dial.), lassie (chiefly Scot.), maiden (elevated), damsel, damoiselle (French), volleen (Anglo-Irish), wench (archaic or derogatory), girly (collog.), tot (obs. or rare); spec. girleen (Anglo-Irish), giglet, dell (archaic cant), flapper (slang), lassock (Scot), missy, minx, hussy, baggage, cummer (Scot.), gill (rare, exc. in "Jack and Gill"), whelly (contemptions) with whelp (contemptuous), cub. 2. See DOMESTIC.

girlhood, n. lassiehood (chiefly Scot.), maidenhood, girlishness (rore), maidhood

girlish, a. childish, maidenish, girly (colloq.), maidenly (commendatory)

girth, n 1. band (contextual), girdle, bellyband (sometimes spec.); spec. roller, cinch, surcingle.

2. See CIRCUMFERENCE, GIRDLE.

gist, n 1. reason, ground, basis; referring to a legal action.

3. See ESSENCE.

givable, a. dative (law), grantable, conferable, bestowable, etc.

give, v. t. 1. present, confer, bequeath (archaic or spec.), grant; spec. donate (chiefly U. S.), contribute, dole, lend, heap (with "upon"), distribute, begrudge, club, offer, produce, emit, utter, entail, device, entrust, etc.

Antonyms: see BEG, DEMAND.

3. In various secondary senses: see AP-FORD, COMMUNICATE, REQUITE (give in return), administer, addict, apply, at-TRIBUTE, DELIVER, DEAL, SHOW, GRANT, ADJUDGE

give-and-take, n. giff-gaff (Scot. and dial

Eng.).

giver, n. presenter, donor (tech., spec., or formal), donator (rere), conferrer, grant-

er; spec, contributor.

giving, n. 1. gift (chiefly of a single act), presentation, conferment, present (rare), conferral, largition (rare), bestowal, bestowment, grant (chiefly spec. or formal), donation (chiefly spec.); spec. disposal, disposition, dation, conveyance, dealing, colportage, collation.

2. See COMMUNICATION, DELIVERY, PRO-

DUCTION, etc.

glad, a. happy, content, joyful; spec. blithe, festal, blessed, blithesome, beatific, bliss-

ful; see ECSTATIC

gladden, v. t. please (contextual), happify (now rare), happy (obs.), content, contented, rejoice; spec. gratify, beatify, blithen, exhilarate, transport; see CHEER. Anlonyms : see SADDEN, GRIEVE, DEPRESS.

Cross references are Note. gifted: able. giggle: laugh. gilding: gold. gilt: gold. cimorack: gewgaw.

ginger: spirit.
gingerly: careful. girt, v gord girt, n.: erroum/erence, dimen-

given: addicted, assumed. giszard: stomach glabrous: smooth glace: smooth, seed. glacial: crystal glacis: bank, slope.

gladiator, a. Spec. retiarius, swordsman,

andabate, secutor.

gladness, n. pleasure (contextual), felicity, happiness, content, rejoicement (rare), rejoicing; spec. joy, joyance (lucrary), bliss, blitheness, transport, etc., see ECSTASY glance, v. i. 1. strike (contextual), slant,

glint (chiefly Eng.); spec. skip, ricochet, glide, skim.

3. See Flash.

look (contextual); spec. flash, run, glimpse, blink, peep, peek.

glance, n 1. stroke (contextual), glint (chiefly Eng.); spec. glide, skip, skim, ricochet, graze.

2. See FLASH, INTIMATION.

* look (contextual); spec. flash, blink, glimpse, cast, blush (only in "at first blush"), ray, beam, coup-d'œil (French), peep, ogle, peek.

gland, n. kernel (rare or dial.); spec. glandule, prostrate, sweethread, thymus, pan-

creas, liver, parotid.

glass, n. 1. Spec glazing (collective), obsidian, crystal, Pele's hair, chark (Russian), hematinon, smalt, ctc.

2. Referring to a thing made of glass, spec. bumper, tumbler, goblet, lens, mirror, slide, goggles (pl.), blinkers (pl., colloq.), telescope, microscope, eyeglass, spectacles (pl.), binocle, binocular, hourglass, chromatic, etc.

glasshouse, %. Spec. hothouse, greenhouse, coolhouse, conservatory, serre

(French), stove.

"glassy"), vitreous (more tech. than "glassy"), vitric (chiefly as opposed to "ceramic"), hyaline (chiefly tech. and spec), hyaloid (rare, exc. anat.); spec. hyalescent, subvitreous.

glaze, n 1. coat (contextual), coating (contextual); spec. glost, varnish, enamel. "Glaze" is often in the U. S specifically used of thin ice or the surface of ice.

2. See LUSTER.

glide, v. v Spec. lapse (chiefly fig.), glissade, fleet, illapse (rare), slide, slip, sail, fly, float, flow, coast, skate, swim, skim. Antonyms: s c BUSTLE, JERK

glade, n. opening, laund (archaic), lawn gliding, a. Spec. lapsing, slipping, sliding, preterlabent, flowing, etc.

giobutar, a. globose, globate, spec. pilular, pilulous.

globule, n sphere, spherule, globelet (rare); spec. drop, bulb, bead, pill, pellet, button, bullet.

gloom, n. 1. gloominess, shade, shadow, obsearity; see DARK, DARKNESS.

2. See CHEERLESSNESS.

gloomy, a. 1. dreary, drear (chiefly literary), cheerless, doleful; spec. bleak, funcreal, desolate, morbid.

Antonyma: see CHEERFUL, CHEERING,

GLAD.

2. See cheerless, dark, depressed, de-PRESSING.

glory, n. 1. See FAME, DIGNITY, HONOR, BEAUTY, BRILLIANCE, PROSPERITY.

2. Spec. gloriole (rare), aureole, halo. nimbus, vesica.

gloss, n. 1. See luster.

2. Spec. (in figurative or transferred senses) veneer, whitewash (collog.), color, varnish, veil, smooth.

glove, n. Spec gauntlet, muffler or muffle.

mousquetaire, mitt, mitten.

glow, v. i. 1. radiate (contextual), incandesce (tech.); spec. burn.

2. Referring to colors. spec. blaze, fire, bloom, blush, flush.

3. Referring to bodily feeling spec. burn, swelter, sizzle (colloq), toast, roast (colloq), cook (colloq), bake (colloq), boil (colloq.).

4. Referring to the emotions: spec. burn, fire, inflame (rore), consume.

glow, n. 1. luminosity, incandescence (tech.); spec. burning.
2. Referring to colors: warmth, flush; spec.

blaze, brilliance, bloom, redness, flush. 3. See ardok

4. Referring to bodily feeling warmth; spec. heat, swelter, toast (colloq.), roast (colloq.), sizzle (colloq.).
glowing, a 1. bright (contextual), lumi-

nous, candent (tech. or learned), excandescent (rare), incandescent; spec. burn-

2. Referring to colors bright (contextual), warm; spec. blasing, rutilant (rore), blushing, blooming, red.

Cross references see Note.

giair, n' white, shine.
giair, a smooth
glamour: magic, altraction, bewitchery beintchment, capting-

tion tion.

Clare, v. i 'shine, gase,
glare, n. 'brightness, show.
Claring, a fieres, bright, showy,
conspicuous
glaucous; graenish
eliza. v. t. rolush

glaza, s. t. polish gleam, n. light, flash, appear-

gleam, v v shine, flath.
gleam; harvest, get
glebe; earth field
gleoful; phroased, gay,
glen; valley
glb; fluent smooth
glimmer; flash, flicker.
glimpae, n flash, appearance,
vicu flance sight
glimpae, v v flash, glance,
glimpae, v t see
glimt, n flash, luster, glance,
glimt, v i flash glance,
glimt, v i flash glance,
glimt, n flash

glisten, 2. s.: flash, shine. glitter: flash, glittering: lustrous, shining, flashing
glont: crult rejoice, gase,
globe: ball, earth,
gloom, v i fram, darken,
glorious: famous, fine.
glory: crult
gloss, v i annolation,
gloss, v i annolate,
gloss, v i dolish, gloze,
glossay: dictionary,
glossay: dictionary,
glossay: fusitous smooth, flushing

Antonyms: see DULL.

3. See ARDENT.

gloze, v. t. 1. See ANNOTATE.

2. In figurative or transferred senses: spec. gloss, veneer, varnish, veil, color, smooth,

whitewash (collog.).

mandizer (more emphatic than "glutton"), gourmand (obs.), hog (scornfully contemptuous), gorger (rare), pig (contemptuous; often playful), surfeiter, gorger, cormorant (fig.), bellygod (archaic), gastrophile (rare), crammer (colloq.), stuffer (colloq.), gastrophilist (rare), gastrophilite (rare), ravener (literary), guttler (rare), helluo (literary), poke-pudding (Scot.; humorous).

Antonyms: see ASCETIC.

gluttonous, a. 1. gourmand, greedy, ravenous (intensive), piggish (contemptuous; often playful), hoggish (scornfully contemptuous), gormandizing.

Antonyms: see Abstemious, Ascetic.

2. See desirous.

gluttony, n. 1. gormandizing (of the act), gulosity (rare), bellycheer (archaic), hoggishness (contemptuous), piggishness (contemptuous); spec. gastrophilism (rare).

2. See DESIRE.

gnawing, a. 1. rodent (rare, exc. tech.)

2. See corrosive, distressing.

go, v. i. 1. move (contextual), gang (chiefly literary; Scot.); spec. repair, proceed, pass (chiefly used with "on," "along," "down," "through," etc.), draw (with "on," "along," "through," "back," etc.), rampage, hie (archaic or poetic), stalk, take (used with "to"), labor, jaunt, run, rip (collog.), forereach (chiefly naut.), range, carry, round, idle, jog, egress (rare), extravagate (rare), lollop (colloq.), mill, bolt, pat, fare (archaic or poetic), determine, gallivant, step, happen, hap (rare or archaic), strike, march, bundle (chiefly used with "off"), clump, force, advance, retreat, resort, depart, flow, speed, return, revert, exceed, transgress, dip, boat, ride, falter, glide, crawl, ferry, ply, travel, glance, walk (see GAIT, n.), amble, canter, pace, gallop, lope, rack, trot, hasten, hop, leap, sail, steam, float, fly, swarm (in a multitude), tiptoe, tumble, etc.

2. In figurative or transferred senses: see DEPART, ENTER, AVERAGE, CIRCULATE, BE, BECOME, APPEAL, EXTEND, CONTRIB-

UTE, END, ACT, DESCEND, PASS, DISAP-PEAR, RESORT.

goal, n. 1. Spec. mark, bye, post, port, home, bourne (chiefly literary), bourn, hail (Scot.), meta (Roman antiq.).

3. See OBJECT, DESTINATION.

go-as-you-please, n. 1. laisser-aller (French).

2. See RACE.

goat, n. Spec. buck, billy-goat (colloq.), nanny (colloq.), nanny-goat (colloq.), kid, goatling, angora, jaal-goat, ibex, pasan, pasang, markhor.

ish, goatly (nonce word), hircine (chiefly spec.), hircinous (rare), goaty (chiefly spec.); spec. capriform.

go-between, n. agent (contextual); spec. broker, Mercury (fig.), dealer, middleman, pander.

Antonyms: see Principal.

goblin, n. demon (contextual), sprite or (archaic) spright (contextual), bogy, bogle, boggle, bogey; spec. kobold, nix, brownie, trull.

god, n. 1. See DEITY.

2. [cap.] Referring to the Christian god: Deity (with "the"), King-of-Kings (with "the").

Antonyms: see DEVIL.

godparent, n. sponsor, gossip (obs.); spec.

godfather, godmother.

goer, n. Spec. proceeder, farer, traveler, speeder (colloq.), exodist (rare), walker, runner, etc.

goggle-eyed, a. bulging-eyed.

goglet, n. guglet, serai (India), surahee (India), chatty (India), olla (Spanish America), monkey pot.

going, a. 1. Spec. traveling, proceeding, bound, outward-bound.

2. See AFLOAT.

going, n. 1. See DEPARTURE.

2. Spec. proceeding, traveling, travel, troop, tour, exit, troll, progress, march, walk, run, etc.

8. Referring to the condition of the ground, etc., for going: spec. wheeling (colloq.), racing, walking, running, rowing, skating, etc.

gold, n. 1. aurum (tech.; chem.); spec. dust, gilding, gilt, or (her.).

2. See WEALTH.

golden, a. 1. aureate (literary), Pactolian (fig.); spec. auriferous, prime (number; archaic).

Cross references: see Note.
gloze, n.: annotation.
glum: sullen, depressed.
glut: surfeit, satiate, oversupply,
obstruct.
glutinous: sticky.
gnarl: protuberance.
gnarled: distorted.
gnash: bite.

gnaw: bite.
gnome: demon.
gnomon: pointer.
go, v. t.: afford, wager.
go, n.: energy, turn, success, fad.
goad, v. t.: prick, incite, urge.
go-ahead, a.: enterprising.
go-ahead, n.: energy.
gobbett: piece.

gobble, v. t.: swallow.
gobble, n. & v. i.: cry.
goddess: deity.
godhead: divinity.
godless: atheistic, irreligious.
godlike: divine.
godly: divine, religious, righteous.
goggle, v. i.: turn.

2. yellow, inaurate (rare; chiefly zoöl.). 1. See EXCELLENT.

goldness, n aureity (literary). gone, a. 1. departed, spec. flown.

2. See ABSENT, WORNOUT, FAINT, FOR-

good, a. buckra (southern U. S.; negro dialect); spec. goodly, goodlsh, satisfac-tory, excellent, favorable, admirable, adoquate, beneficial, advantageous, agreeable, appropriate, considerable, competent, healthy, cound, real, honorable, responsible, righteous, becoming, kind, honest, frank, convivial, religious, well-behaved, etc. "Good" is used as a synonym of almost any adjective denoting a quality that is approved.

Antonyms: see BAD, FAULTY.

good, interj. bravo.
good, n 1. Spec. boon, godsend; spec.
kalon (Greek), fruit, benefit, advantage, blessing, benison (archaic or poetic), bliss, beatitude, felicity.

Antonyms: see EVIL, DIBADVANTAGE, CA-

LAMITY, PEST.
2. In pl. see GOODS.

goodby, interj. adieu (archaic, affected, or used in pleasantry), farewell (now archaic or rhetorical; chiefly spec.), vale (rare; Latin), bye-bye (colloq.), so-long (slang). Antonyms: see GREETING.

good-for-nothing, n. ne'er-do-well, scala-

good-looking, a. Spec. comely, fair (chiefly literary or rhetorical), beautiful, handsome, pretty, prettyish, minion (rare), dainty, goodly, seemly (rare or archaic), sightly, personable (chiefly literary), bon-ny (Scot, exc. as used in Eng. for local or lyrical effect), well-favored (archaic), specious (archae), likely (rare), proper (archae), shapely, canny (dial.; not Scot.), fine, graceful, elegant, delicate, etc. Antonyms' see HOMELY.

good-lookingness, n. Spec. comeliness, handsomeness, beauty, fairness, bonniness, prettiness, daintiness, goodliness, seemliness (archaic), sightliness, person-ableness, shapeliness. "Good-lookingness"

good nature. kindness (contextual); spec. amiability, cleverness (U. S., colloq.), bonhomie (French), good humor, good temper, grace, complaisance, accommodatingness.

Antonyms: see ILL-TEMPER.

good-natured, a. kind (contextual); spec. clever, amuable, good-humored, goodtempered, complaisant, accommodating, agreeable.

Antonyms see HA-TEMPERED, ACRIMO-

NIOUS, SULLEN.

goodness, n. Spec. satisfactoriness, excellence, favorableness, admirableness, adequacy, beneficence, advantageousness, agreeableness, appropriateness, sound-ness, reality, honorableness, responsibility, righteousness, etc.

goods, n. pl. chattels, commodity (a single article), gear (a collective), effects, things, movables (law); spec. traps (colloq.), contraband, invoice, consignment; — the last

three collectives,

goose, n. 1. honker (U. S. & Can ; collog. or slang); spec. gander, cagmag, goslet (U. S.), gosling, wavey, solan, graylag, gannet, barnacle, whitehead, brant.

3. See BIMPLETON.

gore, v. t. pierce (contextual); spec. tusk. horn, stab, hook.

Gorgon, n. Spec. Sthene, Euryale, Me-

gormandise, v. i. stuff, cram, gorge. gospel, n. news (contextual), evangel, evangely (archaic); spec. Protevangel, Pro-

tevangelium. gospel, a. evangelic, evangelical; spec.

synoptic.

gossip, n 1. See GODPARENT.

2. busybody, gossiper, tattler, talebearer, tittle-tattler quidnunc (literary); spec. granny (contemptuous).

. conversation, tittle-tattle, small talk, talk, by-talk, gup (Anglo-Indian), gossipry (rare or archaic), gossipred (rare), gossiping, tales (pl.); spec. chit-chat, claver, report or (rare) reportage.

gossip, v. i. converse, talk, tattle, tittletattle, chatter, prattle, clatter; spec. com-

gourd, n. cucurbit (tech.), calabash (chiefly spec.); spec. pumpkin, squash, cusha, crookneck, Hubbard, luffa, melon. gouty, a. arthritic (tech.), podagral (prop-

erly spec).

governess, n. teacher (contextual), tutoress, gouvernante (French), spec. duenna. government, n. 1. control (contextual), gubernation (rare), regency (rare, exc. spec), dominion, ordinance (archaic), rul-

Cross references: see Note. good, siler, braso.
goodby, n farewell
good-natured.
good-humored: good-natured.
goodlish: good, considerable,
goodly: considerable
goodly: considerable goody, a, righteous goody, n' sweetmeat gore: blood triangle gores, n threat stomach, ravine, gores, r t surfeit devour, crowd, goreset; full goresous: bright showy.

gorger: glutton. gorget: collar gormandizer: glutton. gory: bloody got-up, a affected gourmand: epicure. gourmet: epicure

ership (rare); spec. discipline, self-government, autonomy.

Antonyms: see anarchy.

2. Referring to some particular mode or system of organization and governing: spec. archology (the science, rare), politics, polity (learned or tech), regimen, economy, duarchy or (a bad spelling) dyarchy, diarchy, triarchy, tetrarchy, pentarchy, heptarchy, becatontarchy, timocracy, dynasty, gerontocracy, gynæcocracy, gynarchy, gynocracy (rare), kingship, regency, protectorate, democracy, hierocracy, hierarchy, hagiocracy, theonomy, heterocracy, stratocracy (rare), logocracy, mesocracy, hamarchy, communalism, dulocracy, im-perialism, Cæsarism, kingdom, foolocracy (rare), episcopacy, congregational-ism, methodism.

3. Referring to the governing body: signory (chiefly spec.); spec. administration, du-

umvirate, triumvirate.

4. See STATE.

5. In grammar: regimen (tech.), rection

governmental, a. 1. controlling.

2. political; spec. dynastic. governor, n. 1. See CONTROLLER.

2. ruler; spec. regent, viceregent, prefect (Roman hist), president (chiefly hist.), proveditor (Venetian), reis or rais, satrap, bey, dey, emir, killadar, kehaya, monarch, mudir, politarch, sırdar, proconsul, podesta (Italian), resident, eparch, beglerbeg, burgrave, harmost, toparch, castellan.

governorship, n. Spec. regency, vicege-

rency, prefecture, etc.

gown, n. garment (contextual); spec. dress, robe, smock frock, cassock, gaberdine, frock, slip, sack (obs.), peignoir, negligee, négligé (French), mantua, caftan, nightgown, nightdress.

grace, n. I. See FAVOR, MERCY, VIRTUE, AT-

TRACTIVENESS.

3. Spec. embellishment, elegance, easiness, honor.

2. Referring to saying grace at table: spec. petition, blessing, thanks.

grace, v. t. become, beautify, endow,

graceful, a. 1. easy, elegant; spec. (of physical actions) gainly (rare), sylphlike, sylphine, sylphish, lightsome (rare).

Antonyms: see AWKWARD, CLUMSY.

2. See appropriate, happy.

gracile, a. slender The use of "slender" as implying gracefulness is erroneous; it is not connected with the word "grace."

gracious, a. 1. See acceptable

2. kindly (contextual); spec affable, goodnatured, complaisant, condescending.

Antonyms: see CURT, SURLY.

3. Referring to God, Christ, or the Virgin Mary: mild (archaic or poetic), benignant, benign.

gradual, c. 1. gradational, gradatory (tare).

Antonyms: see ABRUPT, SUDDEN.

2. See SLOW, GENTLE.

graduate, n. alumnus (masc.), alumna (fem.,; spec. postgraduate.

graduate, v. t. 1. laureate (hist.). See Pass, Classify, Calibrate.

graft, n. 1. In horticulture: scion (tech.), slip, graff (archaic).

3. See GAIN.

graft, v. t. 1. engraft, ingraft, inoculate, graff (archaic), imp (archaic); spec. inarch, bud.

get (contextual).

grail, n. platter, sangrail.

grain, n. 1. fruit (contextual), coryopsis (bat, tech.), berry (chiefly spec.), seed (a popular usage; the "seed" botanically being the part inside of the husk or hull); spec.

2. As a collective sing.: corn (British), cereal (tech.); spec. grist, sharps (pl.), hards (pl.), middlings (pl.), cracklins (pl.),

groats (pl.).

- 8. As the name of a kind of fruit or the plant bearing it: cereal (the more tech. term), corn (British); spec. wheat, corn (U. S.), maize (learned, tech., or British), rye, oats (pl.), spelt, millet, dhurra, tsamba, cuscus, lentil, ragi, raggee. "Grain" and "cereal" in the ordinary narrow use refer only to grasses or their fruits; in an extended sense they include others besides grasses, as "peas," "beans," "buckwheat."
- 4. particle (contextual), kernel (chiefly spec.), kern (rare).
- 6. See MEASURE, TEXTURE, DISPOSITION. Referring to a dye: spec. kermes, cochi-
- 7. Referring to a small hard particle: spec. granule, granulation, sand, granula (rore), pellet.
- grain, v. t. 1. See GRANULATE, DYE, PAINT.
- 2. roughen (contextual), granulate; spec. pebble.

grammarian, n. grammatist (chiefly disparaging), grammaticaster (contemptuous); spec. chorisontes (pl.; Greek antiq.).

Cross references, see Note.

grab, v. t. clothe gownsman: cavitian grab, v. t. seize, capture, grab, n.: seizers, clutch.

grace, v. t beautify, honor gradates blend shade gradation: series, degree, rank grade, n degree, class, slope, brand, rank, intensity

grade, v t. graduate, even. grade, v t : change, shade. gradient: slope. graf: count. grainy: granular.

granary, n. storehouse (contextual), garner, 1

grange (archaic).

grand, a. chief, fine; spec grandiose, noble, emment, majestic, cosmic, magnificent, magnific, elevated, dignified, impressive, courtly, Miltonic, stately, Michelangelesque, grandisonant (rare), spiendid, splendent, large, bombastic, imperial, palatial, superb.

Antonyms see SMALL, MEAN, INSIGNIFI-

grandchild, n. oy or oe (Scot.); spec.

granddaughter, grandson.

grandour, n Sp.c dignity, impressiveness, giory, magnificence, splendor, majesty, nobility, grandiosity, greatness, pomp. grandfather, n. grandparent, belsire (archaic), goodsire (Scot. or obs.), grandsire

(archaic or dial, exc. of animals), grand-dad or grandad (childish or in familiar affectim), grandpa or grandpapa (familiar) grandmother, n. grandparent, beldam or beldame (archaic or literary), grannam (obs. or dial), grandmamma (collog.), granny (familiar, emlearing, or contemptuous), grandam or grandame (archaic).

grandness, n. fineness; spec. eminence, elevation, dignity, impressiveness, courtli-

ness, grandeur.

grant, v. t. 1. Referring to a request, desire, etc. give (contextual); spec. allow, indulge, gratify, satisfy, fulfill, concede, hear, humor. 2. See concede, give, transfer, ac-KNOWLEDGE.

grant, n. 1. Spec. indulgence, gratifica-tion, fulfillment, satisfaction, concession. 2. See CONCESSION, GIFT, GIVING, TRANS-

FER, ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

grantes, n. recipient (contextual); spec. heessee, lessee, releasee, beneficiary, devisee, legatee, concessionnaire (French). grantor, n. giver (contextual); spec. ceder (rare), lessor, releasor, devisor, legator.

granular, a. grainy, graniform; spec. granose (rors), granulose, saccharoid, saccha-

rine.

Antonyms; see MASSIVE.

granulate, v. f. 1. comminute (learned or tech.), corn (chiefly tech.), grain; spec. pearl, grate.

2. See GRAIN.

granulated, a. Spec. grumous (bot.). cuthroat (local, U.S.), raisin (bot.), concord, delaware, niagara, etc. grapelike, a. botryoid (tech.), grapy.

graphic, a. 1. delineative (a bookish word): spec. drawing, pointing, descriptive, pictonal, etching, picturesque, figural, diagrammatic.

3. See DESCRIPTIVE.

graphite, n. piumbago (tech.), lead (popu-

grapple, v. t. & i. & n. close (chiefly v. i.), clutch; epec. tackle (U. S.), clinch or clench (U. S.), lock, embrace. Aulonyms: see free,

grasp, v. i. reach (contextual); spec. clutch; all used chiefly with "at" or "after."

grass, n. Spec. cereal, bent, eddish, hay, couch, fiorin, fog, drawk, drauk, timothy, redtop, etc.

grassland, n. green (rare, exc. spec.), sward (more literary than "grassland"); spec. grass-spot, lawn, greensward, pasture, meadow, mead (chiefly poetic or dial.).

grassy, a grasslike, herby, spec. gramineous, graminaceous, gramineal, graminiform, swardy, benty, couchy, foggy. grate, v. t. 1. See ABRADE.

2. emit (contextual), utter (contextual); spec. grind (used with "out"), rasp.

grate, v. t 1. See RUB.

2. Referring to the noise spec jar, grind, creak, scroop, rasp, screak, scrunch, squeak, crank (rore), stridulate, groan. grate, n. frame (contextual); spec. grating,

screen, basket.

grating, G. 1. rubbing (cf. RUB, v. i.). 2. scrapy; spec. grinding, rusty, screaky, creaky, scrooping, squeaky, raspy. grating, n. 1. rubbing (cf. RUB, v. i.).

2. Spec. grind, scroop, screak, creak, squeak, scratch, rasp, stridulation.
grating, n. 1. frame (contextual), grate (now unusual), grid (chiefly spec.); spec. grille or grill, crotch (local Eng.), hurdle, portcullis, heck (chiefly Scot.), grizzly. 2. In optics: gitter.

grave, n. burial place, hearse (archaic), cell (chiefly poetic), chamber (contextual), tomb (often spec.), sepulcher (more pre-tentious than "grave"), sepulture (archaic); spec. charnel-house, Davy Jones's locker (naut. cant), mausoleum, mastaba (Egyptology). "Grave" as strictly used applies only to an excavated cavity in the ground.

gravel, n. 1. stone (contextual; a collective), stones (contextual, pl.), chesil (Eng.), grit (now rare), grail (archaic or poetic); spec. shingle (chiefly Eng.), beach (Eng.), al-

luvium, ballast,

Cross references see Note. grandee: magnate grandiloquence: bombant graph: dusten bombart graph: dusten grandmother, graph: dusten bold, under-stand grasping: greedy grateful: thankful, acceptable gratify: please, gladden, grant, gratifying: acceptable, pleasant, gratis, atr: freely gratis, a free gratuitous: free groundless

gratuity: gift gratulate: congratulate.
grave, a ' important, serious,
dignified, low (in sound), dull
(in color) gravel, v. t.: stone, disable, dull plus

GRIDDLECAKE

3. See CALCULUS.

gravestone, n. stone, monument, tombstone; spec. ledger, headstone, footstone,

shaft, cross, etc.

gray, a. 1. grey (var spelling, by some used with different implications from "gray"; "gray" is chiefly U. S., "grey" chiefly British; spec. grayish, grizzly or grisly, grazzled, hoar, hoary, griscous (learned), blue (obs. or Scot and dial. Eng.), ashen, ashen, proported pearly leader lead-colored ash-colored, pearly, leaden, lead-colored, cloudy, clouded, misty, foggy, perse (archate), pearled, leady, frosty, canescent, gray-haired, drab.

2. Sec depressing, dull.

gray, t t. Spec cloud, pearl, grizzle. gray-haired, a gray, hoar (literary), hoarheaded (literary); spec. silver-haired,

grizzly, grizzled. grase, v. t. & i. 1. rub (contextual); spec. shave, brush, rase (rare), scrape, scratch, glance.

2. See ABRADE.

graze, n. 1. rub (contextual); spec. shave, brush, scrape, scratch, glance.

3. See ABRASION.

graze, v. i. 1. feed (contextual); spec. pasture, browse, depasture (tech.).

2. See TEND.

grazing, n. t. Referring to the act spec. pasture (rare), pasturage, depasturation (tech), depasture (tech).

2. Referring to what is fed on: pasture,

pasturage, range (U. S.).

Erease, a. fat; spec. lard, axung, tallow, butter, slush, suet, oil, drippings (pl.), dubbing.

grease, v. t 1. lubricate (literary, exc. spec.); spec. butter, oil, dub, lard, anoint, garnìsh.

3. See BRIBE.

greasy, a. 1. fat, unctuous; spec. oily, lardy, yolky (of wool).

3. See SMOOTH, SLIPPERY.

great, a. 1. See BIG.

2. See pregnant, long, chief, fine, deep, generous, outrageous, excel-

LENT, IMPORTANT, FAMOUS.

3. Referring to degree, intensity, etc.: spec. pessing (archaic), pronounced, decided, mighty (rhetorical or chiefly colled), vast, fearful (collog.), dense, desperate (collog.), deuced (slang or collog.), plaguey (slang), devilish (slang), thundering (slang or collog.), mortal (collog), magnificent (obs, exc. as a title or slang), terrible (colloq.), terrific (colloq.), dreadful (colloq.), divine (collog), rousing

Antonyms: see SMALL, UNIMPORTANT. MINDTE.

greater, a. more, major (not used with "than"); spec. better.

greatest, a. 1. most, best (in "best part"), maximum, maximal.

2. See EXTREME.

greatly, a. well, vastly (collog.), highly, hugely, immanely (rore).
greatness, n. 1. See size.
2. Spec. dignity, distinction, tame, much-

ness, grandeur, generosity, importance, etc. greed, n. desire, greediness, cupidity, avidity; spec. omnivorousness, avarice, covetousness, graspingness, rapacity, rapaciousness, insatiableness, pleonexia (rare), hunger (often fig.), thirst (often fig.), ex-orbitancy, gluttony. greedy, a. desirous, cupidous (rare), covet-

ous; spec. avid, avaricious, omnivorous, insatiable, pieonectic (rare), ravenous, rapacious, grasping, gripple (archaic), hungry, thirsty, exorbitant, gluttonous, piggish (colloq), hoggish (vulgar or inten-

sive)

Anionyms: see GENEROUS. Greek, a. Grecian (chiefly spec.), Hellenic (chiefly spec.), Hellenian (rare), Helladian (rare), Helladia (rare); spec. Greekish, Dorian, Doric, Ionian, Ionic, Spartan,

Breotian, Thracian, Romaic, Italic. Greek, n. Grecian (rare), Hellene, Hellenic (the language), Greekling (contemptuous).

green, a. 1. Verdant (chiefly spec.); spec.
glaucous, porraceous (rare), citrine or cittrinous, cesious, chlorine or chlorochrous,

olivaceous, olive, smaragdine.

3. See FRESH, IMMATURE, INEXPERI-

ENCED, IGNORANT,

green, n. 1. vert (her.); spec. viridian, verditer, reseda, celadon, mignonette, pis-tachio, bice, corbeau (French).

2. See VERDURE.

greenish, a. green, glaucous, virescent (literary), viridescent (rare).

greet, v. t. 1. address (contextual), receive: spec. accost, salute, hail, welcome.

2. See RECEIVE.

greeting, n. I. address (contextual), reception; spec. accost, salutation, salute, hail, ave, welcome, colors (pl.); see BE-SPECT, n.

Anionyms: see farewell, goodby.

2. See RECEPTION.

greyhound, n grew or grewhound (Scot.); spec. sapling, tumbler.

griddlecake, n. slapjack (U. S.); spec. scone, crumpet.

Car Cross references see Note. graven: engrared

gravid: pregnant gravitate: descend, tend. gravitation: descent, lendency.

gravity: xeriousness, dignity, importance, attraction.

gravy: dressing, juice.
graten: enlarge Grecian: Greek

greenhorn: nonce greenhouse: glasshouse. gregarious: rocial. grewsome: fearful.

gridiron, n. grill, brander (Scot.), brandiron (dtal.), brandreth (obs.).

grief, n. discomfort (contextual), dole (archaic).

grieve, v. t. discomfort (contextual), distress (contextual), pain (chiefly spec.), hurt (chiefly spec.), sadden, sorrow (rare); spec agonize, torture, torment, aggrieve, trouble, oppress, afflict.

Antonyms: see PLEASE, GLADDEN. grimace, n. face, mow (now rare), mop (now rare); spec mouth, mug (theatrical

grimace, v. i. mow (now rare), mop (now rare); spec. mouth (rare), mug (theatrical

grind, v. t. 1. comminute (contextual; learned), crush; spec. whet, triturate, masticate, crunch, brsy, mull (dial. Eng.), pestle (rare), roll, mill.

2. Sec abrade, sharpen, grate, oppress. grind, v. i. 1. communute (contextual. learned), crush; spec. triturate, roll, mill, lap.

2. See TURN, GRATE, DRUDGE, STUDY. grit, n. dirt (contextual), spec sand, gravel, powder.

grate, n. pl. grain (contextual; a collective), groats (pl.); spec oatmeal (a collective; sing), hominy (a collective; sing).

gritty, a. dirty (contextual), calculous (rare); spec. muddy, sandy, stony, gravelly.

groan, v. i. 1. moan.

2. See BUFFER, COMPLAIN, GRATE.

groan, n moan.

groin, n. angle (contextual), edge, rib. groom, n 1. hostler or ostler (orig. spec.), coistrel (archaic); spec. palfrenier (ar-chaic), nagsman (cant), tiger (in livery), equerry

2. See BRIDEGROOM.

groom, v. t. 1. tend (contextual), fettle (dial.); spec. brush, rub, comb, curry, currycomb.

2. See TIDY.

groove, n. 1. channel (contextual); spec furrow, rut, flute, cannelure, channelure. canaliculation, sulcus, gutter, chamfer (obs. or rare), chase, rebate, rabbet, rifle, crose, mortise, vallecula, cut, score, gain, glyph, coulisse (French).

2. See ROUTINE.

groove, v. t. channel (contextual); spec furrow, gouge, chase, crose, rebate, throat, quirk, rifle, dado, ditch (rore), excavate, mill, score

grooved, a. channeled (contextual); spec. sulcate, guttered, fossulate, canaliculate, contorniate, valleculate.

groove-shaped, a. sulciform (tech.).

grope, v i. feel, search, grabble (chiefly spec.), puzzle (only fig.). gropingly, a. blindly.

gross, a. crass (chiefly spec.); spec. big, bulky, coarse, dense, fat, flagrant, dull, stupid, brutal, unrefined, whole, vulgar, obscene, sensual, earthy.

Antonyms: see NICE, DELICATE, REPINED,

PASTIDIOUS.

grossuess, n. crassness; spec. size, bulkiness, coarseness, fatness, flagrancy, dull-ness, stupidity, brutality, vulgarity, obscenity, sensuality.

ground, n 1. See EARTH, LAND, BASE, BASIS, FOUNDATION, REASON, EXCUSE, GIST, (in pl.), DREG, (in pl.), DEPOSIT, VIEWPOINT

2. As in "on that ground," etc.: basis, reason; spec. antecedent.

ground, v. t. 1. See BASE, ESTABLISH, FELL, TEACH.

2. In a nautical sense: strand (orig. spec.; more dignified than "ground"); spec. beach, sand, shore (rare).

groundless, a. causeless (as having no valid cause), uncalled-for, baseless, unfounded, ungrounded, reasonless, unsolid (rore), gratuitous (chiefly spec.); spec. misgrounded, idle, unprovoked, unasked, unsought, unsolicited, unjustifiable, wan-

ton (willful as well as unjustifiable). Antonyma: see REASONABLE,

group, n. Spec. assembly, assemblage, combination, block, bunch, family, nest, knot, body, cluster, flock, flight, plexus, division, clump, round, roundlet, bundle, claque, flush, shock, shook, stack, sheaf, gens, clan, sept, tribe, race, party, clique, system, species, genus, variety, horde, order, class, phylum, kingdom, force, army, array, corpe, battalion, regiment, company, squadron, battery, fleet, command, glomerule, school, class, etc. "Group" in its original sense was a term of the fine arts,

Cross references' see Note. grief: sorrow grieve: serrow grieved: corrowful.
grieveds: depressing, sad, intense, flagrant, sorrowful, troublesome grill, grille: grating. grill, grille: grating. grilla: fierce, stern, fearful. grille, n. dirt. grilley: dirty.

grin: enarl, emile.
grip, n hold, clutch, control,
handle, hondbag, hundclasp.
grip, v ' seize, clutch, impress,
control. grip, v i hold, close. grips, v i : hold, close. grips, v i : serse, hold, pain, con-trol, affect. troi, apect gripe, n' hold, control (in pl.), pain, colic gripsacht: handbag grisht; gray, fearful, grist; grain. gristly: cartilaginous grizsle, v t d v whiten grissly, a gray, groggy informated, weak, groomsman; bridesman. groumeman: bridesman.
group; blindly.
grotes; bulk.
grotes; care.
grounded: aground
groundward: down.
groundwork: foundation, basis,
background.

and referred to an assemblage of two or more persons or objects forming a complete design or a unit in a design; hence, its use as referring to any assemblage considered as a unit.
group, a. gentile (as the gentile name), gentilitial (rare), gentilitious (rare); spec.

group, v. t. & i. assemble; spec. arrange, classify, cluster, clump, tuft.

Indian), tust (luterary or rare); spec.

pinery, pinetum. grow, v. i. 1. live, wax (archaic or literary), form; spec. luxuriate, fungus, fungate, spindle, shoot, vegetate, develop.

Antonyms : see DIE. 3. See ARISE, DEVELOP, BECOME, THRIVE, ACCRUE, GERMINATE, INCREASE, EXTEND, GENERATE.

grow, v. t. produce, raise (referring to plants or, U. S., animals), rear (chiefly spec.); spec. cultivate.

growl, v. i. 1. gnarl (rare), gnar (literary), girn (Scot.); spec. grumble, snarl.

2. See COMPLAIN.

growl, n. 1. gnarl (rare), gnar (literary), girn (Scot.); spec. grumble, snarl.

2. See COMPLAINT.

grown, a. adult, mature (chiefly spec.), full-grown; spec. ripe.

Antonyms: see IMMATURE.

growth, n. 1. development, thrift (healthy); spec. germination, increase. Cf.

2. production, rearing (chiefly spec.); spec. cultivation, culture, etc. Cf. GROW. 2. Something that has grown: formation, product; spec. sprout, spire, shoot, flush, accretion, excrescence, vegetation, sucker, fleece (in fig. sense of feathery part of grasses, etc.), stand (relative number on a gwen area). Cf. GROW.

4. See INCREASE.

5. adulthood.

grudge, v. f. 1. give, begrudge, grutch (rare or archaic).

2. See ENVY.

grudge, n. ill will. "Grudge" is now rarely used of the general feeling of "ill will," but rather of a particular instance, with synonyms as follows: grutch (rare), down (collog.); spec. spite.

guarantee, v. t. undertake, insure or ensure, assure, guaranty (rare), warrant;

apec. secure, vouch.

guarantee, v. i. undertake, vouch; spec. agree, contract.

guarantee, n. 1. guaranter; spec. surety, voucher, warrantor, insurer, bailor, bail, contractor.

2. guaranty; -referring to the act or thing. guaranty, n. 1. Of the act: guarantee, undertaking, warranty; spec. security. in-surance, assurance, vouch (archaic), surance,

2. Of the thing: guarantee, warrant; spec. security, voucher, agreement, contract.

guard, v. t. 1. protect, keep (now chiefly apec.), ward (archiac); apec. watch, overwatch, safeguard, escort, attend, tile (Freemasonry), patrol, picket.
2. watch, check.

guard, v. i. watch, ward (archaic); spec. beware, patrol, sentry (rare)

guard, n. 1. Of the act or fact: protection, watch, ward (archaic), keep (chiefly spec.); spec. custody, escort.

2. Referring to persons: protector, watch, keeper (chiefly spec.), safeguarder, guardian (more formal than "quard"), warden (literary or archaic, exc. spec.), warder (literary or archaic, exc. spec.); spec. picket (of one or more), deathwatch, escort, patrol (chaefty collective sing.), watchman, safeguarder, safeguard, sentinel, sentry (the usual military term), vanguard (coltective sing.), wardsman (rare), cordon (collective pl.), rearguard (collective pl.).

2. Referring to things: spec. protection,

protector, shooter, pad, ward, tsuba (Japanese), button, cowcatcher, pilot (U,S.).

4. See CONDUCTOR.

guarded, a. Spec. protected, close, cautious, careful.

guardian, n. 1. protector, guard; spec. custodian,

2. In law: spec. curator, conservator,

guardianship, n. 1. care, protection; spec. custody.

2. In law: spec. curatorship, tutorship, tutelage, tutorage, tutory (rare), ward, wardship, matronage.

guess, v. t. & i. 1. conjecture, surmise, suspect (chiefly spec.), jalouse (Scot.), suspi-cion (colloq. for "suspect"); spec. mistrust, divine, predict, theorize, imagine, foresee. Antonyms: see KNOW.

2. See BELIEVE.

Cross references: see Note.

growii cresp, cringe.
grub, v i dig, drudge, ed.
grub, v i dig, dear, uproot.
grub, b lavo, food.
grubby dirty.
grubstake: support.

grudging, n. enny.
gruel, n. porridge.
gruel, n. porridge.
gruff, a rough, suriy.
grum, a rill-tempered, sullen.
grumble, v. 1 complain, mutter, gruni, rumble
grume, n. blood, clot

grumpy, a.: ill-tempered, dis-solvefied. grunt, v. i · complain. grunt, v. 1 'complain, guardhouse: sheller, prison, guddle: catch, gudgeon: proof, guardon: revord, guarilla: fighter.

guess, n. conjecture, surmise, shot (collog.), surmisal (rare); spec mistrust, suspicion, cast, divination, prediction, theory, imagination, foresight.

guesser, n. conjecturer, surmiser; spec. Edipus (fig), mistruster, diviner, etc.

guest, n. visitor; spec. convival (at a feast; obs.), umbra (Roman hist.), shadow (a Latinism), diner, company (a collective),

guidance, n. 1. direction, conduction, conduct, pilotage (chiefly spec), spec steering, leading, lead, marshaling, manuduction (rare), steerage (naut. or rare), escort.

2. See MANAGEMENT.

guide, v. t. 1. direct, conduct, pilot (chiefly spec), show; spec. manuduct (rare), cicerone, lead, run, marshal, steer (naut. or fig.), escort, motion, misdirect, misguide, rein.

2. See MANAGE, ADVISE.

guide, n. 1. director, directer, conductor, Mercury (fig.), pilot (chiefly spec.); spec. marshaler, leader, cicerone, sightsman (rare), steersman, steerer.

2. Referring to things spec. landmark, lodestar, cynosure (literary), key, clew, clue, thread, directory, index, fence, clue, thread, directory, index, fer screed, trail, trace, guidebook, bridle.

8. See MANAGER, ADVISER.
guidebook, n. Spec Baedeker, itinerary,
roadbook, ruttier (archaic).

guidepost, n. waypost, spec. fingerpost. guiltless, a. innocent, blameless; see IN-NOCENT.

Antonyms: see BLAMABLE

guilty, a. blamable, nocent (rare); spec. criminal, self-accusing, conscious. Antonyms: see Blameless, innocent.

guitar, n. Spec. vina, sancho, samisen (Japanese), sitar (Anglo-Indian). gullet, n. 1. asophagus (tech.).

2. See NECK, THROAT.

gully, n. valley (contextual); spec. arroyo (local, U. S.).

gummy, a. gumlike, gummous (rare), gummose (rare); spec. mucilaginous.

gun, n. 1. cannon; spec. pompom, big Bertha (collog.).

2. firearm, shooter (colloq.), pelter (hu-morous); spec. musket, rifle, pistol, revolver, matchlock, Gatling.

gunboat, n. Spec. tincled (collog) gunner, n. 1. shooter (contextual); spec.

musketeer, carbineer.

2. artilleryman, artillerist, cannoneer, gun (colloq or cant); spec. bombardier, culverineer. 1. hunter.

gurgle, v. i & n. 1. guggle; see FLOW, BUB-BLE.

2. See LAUGH.

gusty, a. unsteady, fretful, puffy. guttor, n. channel (contextual); spec. cannel or kennel (British).

guttural, a. 1. throat (the noun used attributively)

2. Of sounds: throat, thick, throaty. guzzle, v. t. consume, drink, bum (slang, U. S.), ingurgitate (rare).

gybe, v. 1 & n. shift.

gymnasium, n. calisthenium (rare), gymkhana (Anglo-Indian or transferred), palæstra or palestra (chiefly Greek ontiq.). gymnast, n athlete (contextual); spec. contextuals, cquilibrist, ropewalker, turner

gymnastic, a. athletic (contextual), gymnic (rare); spec. caluthenic.

gymnastics, n athletics (contextual); spec. calisthenics.

gypsy, a. Egyptian, Romanian (rare), Bo-

hemian, Romany (cant; spec. Tzigany. gypsy, n. 1. Egyptian, Bohemian, caird (Scot.), rom (male; cant), Romany, faw (dial. Eng.); spec. Trigany.

2. Referring to the language: Roman.

habit, n. 1. See DRESS.

3. custom, use (chiefly literary or poetic for "custom"), wont (chiefly literary for "custom"), usage, habitude (rare), consuetude (rare), practice, rule; spec. cacosthes, knack, trick.

habitual, a common (contextual), accustomed, customary, usual, wonted, con-

Cross references see Note. guffaw: laugh

guggle: gargle guglet: goglet guidable: directable.

gulld association. gulletul: derestful.

gulleless: annole gullt: blame rules: costume appearance, pre-

tense contine appearantense
fult: inlet, abyes
full, o t deceive, dupe.
full, n dupe
fully: valley, channel.

guip: swallow, choke gush, r t flow emotionalies. gushing: floreing, effusive, gust: bate enjoyment. gust: and gustable: appetizing. gueto: en joyment gut, n intestine, abdomen, channel

gut, and disembours, plunder. guttate: drop-shaped gutter, r t channel gutter, r . forc guttery: channeled

guy, n eccentric guy, r t redicule, guy: support gyrate, a circular, gyrate, a t resolve, gyve: shackle

habitable: inhabitable, habitate: ahode habitation: occupation, abode, habituate: occusiom. habitude: habit. habitus: frequenter,

HANDBREADTH

suctudinary (rare); spec. hackneyed, settled, confirmed, inveterate, great.

Antonyms see occasional.

 author (contextual), drudge, penny-shas, n. beldam or beldame (literary or

rare), witch, harridan (rare). Antonyms' see BEAUTY.

hall, v. t. 1. See GREET. 2. call; spec. hollo.

hall, v. i. call; spec. ave, hollo, hello. hail, n call; spec. hollo, hello, ave.

hair, n. filament (contextual); spec. bristle, hairlet, eyelash, kemp, whisker, villus.

hair, n. Referring to the natural covering or coat of hair. spec. frizzle, fur, wool, down, thatch (fig.; humorous), carrots (red; humorous or derisive), crine (rare), beard, mustache, pile, grizale, mane, pubes-cence, wool, pubes. hair, a. pilar (rare), crinal (rare).

halr-dresser, n. coiffeur (French; affected as fashionable), friseur (French; rare); apec. barber.

haired, a. Spec. (her) maned, crined. hairiness, n. hirsuteness, hirsuties (tech.), hispidity, crinosity .rare), pilosity (rare).
hairlike, a. hairy (rare), filamentous; spec. capilliform, capillaceous (rare), thread-

like, villous.

hairy, a. Spec. hairish, hispid (chiefly tech.), bristly, hiraute (learned or literary), Spec. hairish, hispid (chiefly shaggy, crinite, kempy, comose or comous, pilose or (rare) pilous, pelme (rare), pileous (rare), rough, tomentose, woolly, capillate, capillose, villous, furry, pubescent.

Antonyms : see BALD, BARE.

halberd, halbert, n. bill, spec. spontoon, brown bill, lochaber, battle-ax.

half, n moiety (legal or formal); spec. hemisphere, mediety.

halfbreed, n. Spec mestizo (masc.), mestiza (fem.), mulatto, mule.

half-fledged, a. pin-feathered.
halfpenny, n. bawbee (Scot.), make (slang), mail (obs. or hist.).

hall, n. 1. See ABODE.

2. building (contextual); spec. dormitery, casino, college, burse (Eng.), pantheon, prytaneum (Greek antiq).

3. room (contextual), hallway: spec. anteroom, lobby, divan, atrium (Roman an-

tiq.), impluvium (Roman antiq.), durbar (East India), sala (Spanish).

4. passage (contextual); spec. corridor, gallery.

hallowed, a. holy, consecrated, blessed.

Antonyms: see UNHOLY. hallucination, n. deception, fancy; spec. paræsthesia or paresthesia, zoöscopy, phosphene, photism, afterimage, photo-

halo, n. 1. circle, burr (chiefly spec.), aura, brough (Scot.; chiefly spec.); spec. corona.

2. See GLORY

halter, n. 1. Spec. hackamore (U, S_i) , 2. For hanging criminals: rope, rope's end, tether (rare).

halve, v. f. divide, dimidiate (rare); spec. bisect,

ham, n. 1. In quadrupeds: hock.

3. thigh; spec. gammon.

hammer, n. Spec. beetle, maul or mall,
mallet, tapper, rammer, commander,
bush-hammer, fuller, woolstock, sledge, skelper, helve, martel, mash, striker, plexor, flatte, bucker, gavel, cock.

hammer, v. t. strike (contextual), beat (contextual); spec. drive, tilt, ram, draw.

hammer-shaped, a. mallesform (rare).
hamper, v. t. hinder, embarrass, trammel (primarily spec; a stronger word than "hamper"), entrammel (intensive), fetter, cumber or encumber (primarily spec.); spec. clog, shackle.

hamper, n. hindrance, embarrassment, encumbrance, encumberment

trammel

hamstring, v. t. hough, hock; spec. spade. hand, n. 1. extremity (contextual), manus (lech), paw (in contempt or jocular), pud (a child's word), daddle (dial), mauley (slang), famble (slang); spec. fist, forefoot. 2. See AGENCY, OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, ABILITY, HANDWRITING, BIGNATURE, WORKER, EMPLOYEE, SIDE, POINTER. 3. In cards: spec. dummy, flush, straight,

full house, carte blanche, crib, etc.
handbag, n. grip (colloq.), gripsack (colloq., U. S.); spec. portmanteau (chiefly British), Gladstone bag or (for short) gladstone, satchel, carpetbag, suitcase, carryall (Eng.), scrip, cachet (French)

handbook, n. manual, vade mecum (Latin), enchiridion (learned); spec guidebook. handbreadth, n. palm.

Cross references see Note.

back: chop cough. haggard: thin haggard: thin haggle, v t chop. haggle, v t cavil, baryain. hallstone: pellet hairless: bald

hairsplitting, a caviling. hairsplitting, n refinement.

haloyon: calm hale, a · healthy, hale, v t draw, halt-baked: crude, halt-blooded: hybrid half-hearted: depressed, inhalloa, hallo, halloo: hollo hallow; consecrate, observe

hallowed: hely. hallucinate: delude. hallucinative: deceptive. halt, v i & n at halt, a disabled. halt, a i limp hamlet: village stop. hampering hand hand, v t deliver, hindrance.

handbred, a. Spec. cade. handelasp, n. grip, clutch, grasp. handful, n. 1. gripe (local, Eng.), fistful; spec, wisp.

. See FEW.

handicap, n. 1. See contest.

a. penalty (cant).

handicap, v. t penalize (cant); spec. weight. handkerchief, n. wiper (rare), wipe (slang), sudarium or sudary (primarily spec.; a bookish word), fogle (slang), rag (cant or slang); spec. Barcelona (obs.), bandanna, Madras, foulard, romal (Mex-

ico and southwestern U.S.), vernicle.

handle, n. grip, stale (dial. or tech.); spec. spindle, handstaff, crop, snead (chefty Scot. & dial.), grasp, brake, helm, haft, Ioom, helve, lug, lult, snath or snathe, bow, bail, tiller, stalk, ear, palm, crutch, withe, shaft, sally, tote, tale (rore),

rounce, pull, crank.

handle, v. t. 1. touch (contextual), paw (chiefly spec. or contemptuous), hand (rare), manipulate; spec. feel, fumble, finger, thumb, fist, palm, gentle, manhandle, smooth 2. haft, hilt, helve.

3. See MANAGE, TREAT.

handled, a. ansate (rare). handling, n. touching (contextual); spec. manipulation, thumbing, fingering, contrectation (rare).

hand-propelled, a. manumotive (rare). hand-shaped, a. maniform (rare); spec.

handwriting, n. chirography, paw (colloq. or jocular), scription (rare), scripture (rare), fist (jocular or cant), script, hand, calligraphy (primarily spec.); spec. character, cacography, graphology, penmanship, courthand.

hand-written, a. manuscript.

hang, v. t 1. suspend, depend (rare); spec. dangle, drape, droop, awing, sky (cant).

2. execute (contextual), patibulate (humorous; nonce); spec, gibbet, truss(rare), super-collate (rare and ludicrous), noose halter

hang, v. i. 1. depend, suspend (rore); spec. dangle, lop, dangle-dangle (intensive), stream, flow, trail, droop.

die (contextual), swing (colloq.).
 Spec. impend, hover, lean.

4. See FLY, STICK, ATTEND, DELAY, STAY. hang, n. 1. Spec. dangle (rare), drape, droop.

2. See ABILITY, PIT.

hank: coil.

hanger-on, n. dependent, parasite, bur or burr (fig.); spec. client.

Antonyms see SUPPORTER.

hanging, a. t. dependent, spec pendulous, pendulant (rare), decumbent, flaggy, pendent or pendant, pensile, penduline (rare), drooping, dangling,

supporting, suspensory, suspensorial. hanging, n. 1. dependence, danglement

(rare). 2. execution (contextual); spec. gibbet.

3. See DRAPERY. hangman, n. Jack Ketch (a popular name), ketch (collog.).

happen, v. i. 1. See occur, chance.

2. With an indirect object chance (now rare), bechance (rare), betide (only in 3d person, and mostly in "woe belide"), befall (archaic).

2. come, fall; spec. strike, stumble;—with "on" or "upon."

harangue, n. address (contextual), declamation, speech; spec. rigmarole; see TIRADE.

harass, v. t. distress (contextual), badger; spec. dragoon, heekle, curse, beset, worry, annoy, gall, harry, haggle, embarrass, afflict, depress.

Antonyma: see COMFORT, PROTECT. harassed, a. distressed (contextual); spec.

hagridden.

harbor, n. 1. See REFUGE.

2. port, haven (a word now becoming literary); spec. mole, cothon, seaport, portlet, bunder (Anglo-Indian).

hard, a. 1. firm, solid (as opposed to what is "fluid," "gaseous," or "liquid"), rigid (as opposed to "pliable," "soft"), sclerous (lech.), indurated, dure (literary), dour (Scot.), untender (rare); spec. adamantine (chiefly literary or tech.), resistant (rare), stony, marble, iron, steely, icy, flinty, brasen, brassy (often fig.), dintless, rocky, etc.; see RIGID.

Antonyms. see soft. 2. See (in almost numberless secondary or

figurative uses) ENERGETIC, DIFFICULT, ALCOHOLIC, AUSTERE, CRUEL, UNFEELING, STINGY, SEVERE, VIOLENT, STOBBORN, HARSH, STRONG, TIGHT, FIRM, etc.

harden, t. t. & z. 1. firm (chiefly tech. or literary), solidify; spec. steel, Dutch, immarble (rare), stone (rare), enhanden (rare), indurate, crust, brase, callous, chill, Harvey, Harveyize, crisp, congeal, freeze, case-harden, vulcanize.

Cross references: see Note. handelap: applause, moment. handeuff: manacle. handieraft: art, trade. handiness: convenience, still. handsel: carnesi, foretaste.

hanker: denre hap, n chance, accident, event. hapharard, n : chance. haphazard, odv. happiness: gladness happy: glad. happy-go-lucky, a sary-go-

happy-go-lucky, adv.: cas-ually hara-kiri: suscide harangue, v. t : declaim. harbinger, n.: forerunner, predharbinger, v to signify

Antonyms : see BOFTEN.

 toughen, inure, indurate, callous (rare). 2. Referring to the feelings, morals, etc. obdurate (rare), obdure (rare), indurate, callous (fig.); spec sensualize, brutalize, Molochize (nonce word), savagize (rare), braze or brazen (rare), stiffen, confirm. Antonyms. see SOFTEN.

hardiness, n. 1. See BOLDNESS.

2. strength, endurance, robustness, sturdiness, stoutness, vigor, toughness.

hardy, adv. 1. Spec. severely, harshly (cf. SEVERE, HARSH)

2. scarcely, barely, merely, just.

hardness, n. 1. firmness, solidity, indurstion; spec. adament, stc., sclerosis, scir-

2. Spec austerity, cruelty, etc. (cf. AUS-TERE, CRUEL, etc.).

hardly, a. 1. See BOLD, COURAGEOUS.

 strong, enduring, robust, robustious, sturdy, stout, tough, rugged.

Antonyms: see delicate, weakly. hare, n. Bawd (a dialect proper name, like "Reynard" for the fox), cutty (Scot), puss or pussy (as a quasi proper name), wat (now chiefly dial.); spec. leveret, leparine, lagimorphic.

harem, n. seraglio, serail (rare); spec. senana.

harlot, n prostitute (chiefly spec), courtesan (rather euphemistic), harlotry (chiefly literary; often used as a term of approbrium for a woman), trull, meretrix (rare), whore (now becoming vulgar), limmer (Scot.), strumpet; spec. hetera or hetaira (Greek antiq.), street walker, night walker. harlot, a. 1. meretricious (chiefly spec.).

2. See LEWD.

harlotry, n. prostitution (esp. for hire),

strumpetry; spec. hetærism, hetairism. harm, n. 1. evil, hurt, ill, injury, damage, lesion (literary, exc spec. in med.), muschief, execution (chiefly in "to do execution"), scathe (archaic; chiefly as a generic sing.), grame (archaic); spec. bale (literary), desecration, abuse, bane, waste, breaking, beating, misfortune, ruin, etc.

3. Referring to the violation of legal rights: SEE INJURY.

3. See DETRIMENT.

harm, v. f. 1. hurt, injure, damage, scathe (archaic); spec. abuse, desecrate, break, beat, waste, etc.

Antonyms, see BENEFIT.

2. Referring to legal harm see INSURE. harmful, a. 1. evil, ill (now chiefly rhetortoal, exc. as occurring in proverbs or in cer- harpy, n. 1. demon (contextual); spec.

tain phrases), bad (a mild word), hurtful, mjurious, noisome (chiefly spec.), maleficent (chiefly literary), malefic (chiefly spec), mischievous, spec damaging, baleful, inimical, dire, direful, fell, baneful (poetic or rhetorical), pestiferous, malignant, sinister, sinistrous (rare), noxious, nocent (rare), deleterious, destructive, disadvantageous, unfortunate, pernicious,

Antonyms: see Beneficial, Harmless 2. See injurious (referring to harm to legal rights).

harmless, a. hurtless, ill-less (rare), innocent, innocuous (now chiefly stilled, exc. spec.), innoxious (rare), safe, inoffensive, unharmful (rare), unhurtful (rare); apec. woundless (rare).

Antonyms: see HARMFUL.

harmonious, a 1. See agreeable, con-SISTENT, SMOOTH, ORDERLY.

2. harmonial (rare), harmonic (more technical than "harmonious"), symphonic or symphonious, consonant, spheral (poetic), meiodious, smooth (contextual), concin-nous (rare), tunable (rare), tuneful, musical, concordant, undiscording (rors);

Antonyms: see INHARMONIOUS, DISCORD-ANT.

harmonize, v. i. 1. See AGREE, SYMPA-THIZE.

2. tune, chime, blend, chord.

harmonize, v. t. 1. attune, melodize, concent (rare).

2. unite, reconcile, conform.

3. See ADJUST, ADAPT.

spec. sympathetic.

harmony, n. 1. See AGREEMENT, CON-BISTENCY, UNITY, SMOOTHNESS, ORDER.

3. smoothness (contextual); spec. melody, concert (now rare), tune (as in "in tune chord, cadence, concord, monochord (rare), concent (archaic), consonance, chime, descant (historical), concentus (literary), symphony (literary), unison, diapason, diaphony, organum, faburden (hist.).

Antonyms: see DISCORD, DISCORDANCE. 3. Referring to a literary work showing consistency of parallel passages: spec. diates-

harness, v. t. hitch (U, S.); spec. saddle, inyoke, yoke, span, inspan (South Africa), trap.

Antonyms: see UNHARNESS.

Spec. clairschach (Celtic), kaharp, n. noon

harpoon, v. t. strike, peg (cant).

Toross references see Note.

hardened: meenenble, abandoned hard-hearted: unkind, cruel.

hardihood: holdness harebrained: changeable, careless, rash hark, harken, r. s. listen.

hark, harken, v. t · hear harlequin: bufoon harness, n. equipment, harp, v. s.: divell

Aëllo, Ocypete, Celeno or Podarge;— their number, however, being variously given.

3. See EXTORTIONER.

harsh, a. 1. Spec. rough, acid, acrimonious, dure (literary), bearish, brutal, rude, churlish, hard, unkind, ungenial, sharp, crude, coarse, brute, brutish, intender (rare), sour, severe, blunt, round, astringent, acrid, rugged.

Antonyms: see GENTLE, BLAND, UNCTU-

OUB

2. Referring to sounds; cacophonous (rare or learned), unmelodious, spec. metallic, brazen, hard, hoarse, strident, iron, seabrous (rare), raucous, unswect (rare), ragged, discordant, grating.

Antonyms: sec BMOOTH, SWEET.

harshness, n. Spec. hardness, cruelty, crudity, crudeness, unkindness, ungentleness, acidity, astringency, dissonance, raucity (rare), etc.

harvest, n. 1. yield, product, harvestry, crop, gather (rore); spec. vintage, rabi (Anglo-Indian).

2. See PRODUCT.

harvest, v. t. crop (rars), reap (primarily spec.); spec. glean, hav, vindemiate (rare),

Antonyma: see BOW.

harvester, n. harvestman, reaper; spec. gleaner.

harvest home. maiden (Scot.), kirn (Scot.).

harvest queen. Spec. harvest doll, kirn baby (Scot.), maiden (Scot.).

has-been, n. quondam (obs.).

haute, n. quickness, hurry, precipitation or precipitancy, precipitance (rare), speed, festination (rare), rush (headlong haste; often in a slang way, any haste), press, expedition, dispatch, expeditiousness, spec. posthaste (rare as a noun), rashness, bus-tle, hustle, impetuosity, hastiness.

Antonyms: see DELIBERATION. hasten, v. t. quicken, hurry, dispatch, speed, urge, press, hurry-scurry, precipitate, express, festinate (rare); spec. ruah, spur, crowd, bundle, hustle.

Antonyms: see DETAIN, RETARD.

hasten, v. i. quicken, go, hurry, press, hie (archaic or poetic), dispatch, expedite, forward, haste (literary); spec. scorch, fleet, hustle (colloq.), spurt, rustle (colloq.), fly, elip (collog.), race, spur, wing, crowd (archaic or rare), scurry, run, peg (colloq.), | haughty, a. proud (contextual), arrogant,

powder (colloq.), drive, post, hurry-SCUITY.

Antonyms see DELAY. harriedly, expeditiously; spec. hotfoot, post (archaic), post-haste, rashly, recklessly, helter-skelter, hurry-scurry, etc.

hasty, a. quick, hasteful (rare), hurried, precipitate; spec. precipitant (rare), ex-peditious, rash, brash, running, hotheaded, rapid, passing, cursory, abrupt, helter-skelter, pell-mell.

Antonyms: see DELIBERATE.

hat, n. chapeau (French); spec. cap, derby (U. S.), bowler (Eng.), billycock (Eng.), gibus, sombrero, sundown (U. S.), sugar loaf, turban, castor, aquam (U. S.), wideawake, tiara, tile (slang), petasus, kausia, leghorn, dicer (slang), alough (stang), shovel, mushroom (stang), felt (collog.), garibaldi, miter, turban, mitra, busby (Brit.), shako, capeline, copintank (obs.), Dolly Varden, caubeen (Irish), chapeau-bras (French), kiss-me-quick, jerry, Christie (Canada). hat, v. t. Spec. cap.

hatband, n. Spec. weeper (slang or collog.).
hate, n. This word, as distinguished from
"hatred," denotes especially the actual feeling or emotion, while "hatred" denotes especially merely the attitude of mind. The word "hate" was becoming rare or portic; but since the beginning of the World War has become common again. See HATRED.

Anlonyms: see COMPASSION.

hate, v. t. dislike (contextual), abhor, detest, execrate, abominate; spec. loathe. hateful, a. 1. disagreeable (contextual); spec. spiteful, rancorous; see MALEVO-

LENT.

 disagreeable (contextual), offensive, cursed, abominable, detestable, odious; spec. spiteful, annoying, invidious.

Antonyms. see KINDLY, KIND, APATHETIC, AFFABLE, AFFECTIONATE, AGREEABLE,

COMPASSIONATE.

hatred, n. dislike, hate, abhorrence, heartburn, detestation, exectation; spec. malevolence, malignity, enmity, abomination, See HATE. odium.

Antonyms: see AFFECTION, COMPASSION,

haughtiness, n. arrogance, morgue (French), hauteur (French, but nearly Anglicized), fierté (French; rare), etc.

Cross references see Note. harrow: plunder, distress harry: plunder, distress hash, v i communite hash, n clasp, hashouk: tuft, footstool, hastiness: hosts.

engrave, intay hatch, s. f. incubate, derise. generate hatch, n hatch, n offspring. hatch, n door, gate hatchment: escuichean. hatchway: doorway.

haul: draw haulm: stalk, haunch, n., kip, quarter, coxa. haunt, n resort. haunt, v. t. frequent, obsess, athaunting: recurrent

supercilious, overproud, hoitytorty (familiar or deprecating).

Antonyms: see Affable, Agreeable, HUMBLE, BERVILE.

have, v. t. 1. possess, hold; spec. own. Antonyms' see LACK.

2. See GET, EXPERIENCE, ENJOY, EXER-CISE, ENTERTAIN, REMEMBER, BEAR, KEEP, DEFEAT, STATE, LEARN, CAUSE, EFFECT.

hawk, n. Jack (male; chiefly spec.); spec. eyas, brancher, buzzard, kite, windhover, falcon, harrier, gerfalcon, haggard, hobby, sore, lanner, intermewer, staniel, lanneret, kestrel, henharrier, henhawk, goshawk, tercel or tiercel, tercelet or tiercelet, saker, sakeret.

hawk, v. t. sell, peddle, cry. hawker, n. seller, dealer, peddler; spec. colporteur.

hawking, n. falconry (chiefly spec). hazard, n Spec. chance, adventure, dan-

ger, stake, bunker (golf). haze, n 1. Spec. cloud, gauze (rare), fog, mist, smoke, fume, miasma, pall, smother.

2. See obscurity, dimness. hazy, a. 1. dim (contextual), thick, misty, cloudy, smoky, foggy, futny; spec. miasmatic.

Antonyms: see CLEAR. 2. See DIM, INDISTINCT.

head, n. 1. headpiece (archaic or collog.), noh (slang), noddle (collog. or jocular), mazard (archaic and jocular), garret (slang), poll (obs., exc. colloq, dial, or in "poll tax." etc.), pate (chiefly depreciatory), pash (obs.), sconce (archaic and jocular), knob (slang), costard (contemptnous or humorous), coxcomb (humorous; chiefly spec.), brain (fig.), top (collog), pow (Scot and dial); spec. occiput (tech.), sinciput (tech.), calvarium (tech.), jowl, gorgoneion, skull, face.

Antonyms: see TAIL. 2. Referring to the hair of the head: crop (slang); spec. mop, bush, shock.

2. See understanding, person, individ-UAL, FRONT, ANTLERS, BOW, SOURCE, READ-ING, FORCE, FOAM, PROTUBERANCE, TOP.

chief; apec. leader, dean, conductor, paterfamilias, provost, master, prepositus, hegumen (eccl.), mother (eccl.), superior (eccl.), cream, facs.

5. Referring to an inflorescence: spec. capitulum (tech.), spike, glomerule, cabbage.

headache, n. cephalalgia (tech.).

headband, n. band, vitta (literary); spec.

headdress, n. headgear, coiffure (French), headtire (archaic); spec. barb, chignon, cob, bridle, tower, butterfly, stephane, commode, headcloths (pl.), capuchon, polos, pouf (French), fontange (French), tutulus, hennin (hist.).

headed, a Referring to plants: spec. capitate, capitellate, kerned.

heading, n. 1. See FRONT.

2. Referring to part or all of a book, manuscript, etc.: spec. title, head, caption (chiefly U. S.; rather tech. or learned), lemma (learned), capitulary (rare), rubric. headland, n. head (mostly in place names), foreland; spec. promontory, cape, cliff, bluff, escarpment, ness (mostly in place names), reach (obs. or U. S.), peak (local), horn (rare), nook (rare), tongue, spit,

hook, reef, maze (rare). headless, a. acephalous (tech.).

headlong, a. headfirst; spec. pell-mell, hurry-scurry.

beadpiece, n. hat; spec. casque (now poetic or hist.), crest, helmet, headstall.

headship, n. primacy (dignified), supremacy; spec. chieftaincy, captaincy, chiefdom.

heal, v. z. Spec. mearn (rare).

health, n. soundness, haleness (rare), eucrasy (rare), healthfulness (rare), tone (chiefly spec.), euphona (rare), sanity (archaic, exc. spec.), heal (Scot.); spec. vigor, hardiness.

Antonyms' see UNHEALTH.
healthful, a. 1. Referring to things: beneficial, healthsome (rare), wholesome, salutary, salutiferous (rare), salubrious (chiefly spec), healthy (a use avoided by some); spec. laudable.

Antonyms. see UNHEALTHFUL, PATHO-LOGIC, POISONOUS.

3. Referring to persons: see HEALTHY. health resort sanitarium, sanatorium, sanatarium (an erroneous form). There is no etymological reason for making a difference between these terms, yet many do so. The distinction, however, has not become an established usage, and the words are so much alske that it is very difficult to remember which is which.

healthy, a. 1. Referring to persons: sound (now used chiefly in the predicate), hale

Crass references see Note. CF Crass references see Note haven: havbor, refuge. having: hage having: possession, haves: denatation. hawse, n. bow (pron. hou) hawse: rops hay, n. fodder, hay, s. 1 harvest.

hazard, n chance, venture, danger, stake
hauard, v t endanger, senture.
haue, v t abuse.
head, a chief

hayoook: heap

head, v t behead, lead, oppose, top, direct headfirst: headlong.

headgear: headdress headsman: chief, executioner. headiman: chief, executioner, headstrong: obstructe, head way: advance, motion, head; obstructe, intoxicating, heal: cure healable: curable, healall; punctea, healing: curative. (chiefly spec.), same (rare, exc. spec.), | heartily, adv. cordially, sincerely, inly. healthful (a use avoided by many), hygeian (rare); spec. well, lusty, hearty.

Antonyms see Alling, Unhealthy.

5. See Healthful (referring to things),

heap, v. t. 1. pile, coacervate (rare); spec. stack, cop (dral. Eng.), clamp (tech.), dess (Scot.), hill, huddle, mound.

2. See give, bestow.

3. Referring to that on which things are heaped spec overfill, pile, cumber.

heap, n 1. accumulation (contextual), cumulus (rare), concervation (rare); spec. huddle, pile, entassement (rarc), imbroglio (rars), hill, mound, tumulus, mountain, ruck, stack, cop (Eng.), barrow, cairn, cache, bing, mow, haymow, rick, hayrick, cock, haycock, haystack, dump, kitchen-midden (archwology), clam.

S. See DEAL.

heaped, a. tumulary (rare), cumulate (con-

textual), massed (contextual).

hear, v. t. 1. perceive (contextual), listen, hark (attentwely; luterary), list (archaic), drink (used with "in"), eatch, hearken (poetic); spec. forehear (rare), mishear, overhear, receive.

2. See DISCOVER, GRANT, TRY. hear, v. i. perceive; spec. listen, hark (chiefly as an imperative or interj., or literary or poetic), hearken.

heard, a auricular (learned).

hearer, n. auditor, audient (rore), listener; spec. pittite.

hearing, n. 1. Referring to the faculty or sense. audition (tech.), car (often spec.; in

2. Referring to the opportunity or privilege of being heard: audience.

3. See TRIAL.

 sound, earshot, ear, range (contextual). hearse, n 1. See GRAVE.

2. Spec catafalque.

hearse, t. t. enhearse or inhearse (rare);

spec. bury, shroud.
heart, n Spec mind, soul, reins (pl; a Biblical use), spirit, feeling, courage, temperament, center, essence, breast meaning. heart, a. pectoral (tech. or learned).

heartburn, n. 1. cardialgia (tech).

3. See HATRED, DISTRUST.

heartful, a deep, cordial (now rare or learned); spec. dear. hearth, n. 1. fireplace, hearthstead (rare);

spec. hearthstone. 2. See FIREPLACE, FORGE. heart-shaped, a. hearted, cordiform, cordate, cardioid, -- mostly tech. or learned. heartwood, n. duramen (tech.).

hearty, a. 1. cordial (chiefly spec.), sin-

cere; spec. deep.

2. strong, vigorous, robust; see HEALTHY.

Antonyma see allang.

heat, n. t. calorie (archaic or literary), caloricity (archaic or literary), fire (spec. or fig.), fieriness (spec or fig); spec. hotness, fierceness, warmth, warmness, torridity, ferventness, fervidity or fervidness or (more commonly) fervor (literary), calorie, glow.

Antonyma: see COLD.

2. See Excitement, andon, fit, acridity, glow, fever, frenzy, agitation,

ROUND, HEIGHT,

heat, v. t. 1. calorify (rare), calify (rare or obs.), fire (spec. or fig.), enchaie (archaic and literary), hot (collog. or ultiterate), spec. bake, warm, inflame, burn, broil, scorch, calcine, decrepitate, incandesce, stove, superheat, mull.

Antonyms: see COOL. 3. See EXCITE, INFLAME,

heat, v. i. calorify (rore), warm (chiefly spec.); spec. incandesce.

heated, a. 1. Spec. warm, fiery, broiling, sizzling, burning, etc.; see HOT.

Autonyms see COLD. 2. Sec excited, angry.

heater, n. Spec. calefactory, pome, stove,

heathen, a ethnic (literary); spec. gentile, pagan, infidel, unchristian, paganish, heathenish, barbarous.

heathen, n. Spec. gentile, pagan, infidel,

paynim, gentoo.

Antonyms, see Christian.

heathendom, n heathenism, ethnicism (learned), heathenry, infidelity (rare), heathenesse (archaic), spec. pagandom, paganity (rare), gentiliam.

heather, n. ling (northern Eng.); spec. brier, briar, white heath.

heathery, a. heathy, lingy.

heating, a calescent, calorific, pyrogenic (rare), calefactent, calefactive or calefac-tory (rare), calorifacient, incalescence;— all, exc. "heating," learned or tech.

Antonyms; see COOLING. heating, n calefaction (rhetorical or tech.); spec incalescence (rare), warm (collog.), warming.

heaven, n. 1. In a physical sense aky (in

Kar Cross references see Note. hearken, v. t. hear hearken, v. t. hear, listen, hearsay' report heartnehe; sorrow. hearthreak: sorrose

hearten: cheer, encourage, emheartless: unfeeling, cruel, cold. heartrending: distressing. heart-sick: depressed heartsore: sorrouful

heartstrings' feeling heartwhole: cordial heath: most, heather. [agricis. heave, n l lift, ruse, utler, throw, heave, n lift, ruse, wave.

pl. with "the," spec.; in sing., chiefly with "the," spec.), firmament (now poetic or rhetorical), cope (literary), welkin (archaic or dial.), sphere (poetic); spec. canopy, empyrean, hyaline (poetic), crystalline

2. Referring to the abode of the blessed. spec Paradise (chiefly poetic, Zion (Bib-lical), Canaan (chiefly devotional); spec. Asgard (Scandinavian religion), Elysium (Greek religion).

Antonyms : see HELL. 3. See deity, happiness.

heavenliness, n. heavenhood (rare), celestiality (rare), celestitude (humorous).

heaveniy, a. 1. celestial, uranic (rare); spec. ethereal, empyreal or empyrean.

Antonyms: see TERRESTRIAL. . divine (contextual,, celestial, supernal (literary), heavenlike; spec. ethereal (po-etw), elysiac (Greek religion), Paradisiacal, Paradisiac, Paradisaic, Paradisaical, Paradisial, Paradisian, Paradisic (rare), Paradisical (rare), Olympian (Greek religion), Olympic (rare), angelic.

Antonyms: see INFERNAL, DEVILISH,

WORLDLY.

heavenward, a. 1. up, upwards, aloft, skyward.

Antonyme: see DOWNWARD.

2. Zionward (rare).

heaviness, n. 1. weight, heft (dial. or colloq); spec. ponderousness, ponderosity. See DEPRESSION, DEPTH, DULLNESS, etc. Cf. HEAVY, a, 3.

heavy, a. 1. weighty, hefty (dial. Eng. and colloq. or dial. U. S.), sad (dial., exc. in comb. or in spec. uses, as "sadiron"), leaden (fig. and intensive); spec. ponderous.

Antonyms: see LIGHT, AIRY.

2. See BURDENSOME, BASS, OPPRESSIVE, DULL, DEPRESSED, SOBER, LOW, IMPOR-TANT, STUPID, SLEEPY, COARSE, CLOSE, STIFF, ABUNDANT, DISTRESSING, VIOLENT, DEPRESSING, CLOGGY, LOUD, MASSIVE, STEEP, STRONG.

Hebrew, a. Semitic, Jewish, Judaic, Hebraic, Israeltish, Israeltic.

Hebrew, n. Semite, Jew, Israelite, Israel

(collective pl.).
hedge, n 1. hedgerow, hay (archaic); spec. bullfinch (Eng.), frith, quickset.

3. See BARRIER.

hedge, v. : evade, dodge, trim; spec. temporise, straddle (colloq.).

height, n 1. elevation, eminence (poetic or

archaic), highness (rare), celsitude (rare; chiefly fig.); spec. altitude, head.

Antonyms see ahyas, depth.

2. Referring to distance from the top to botcelsitude (humorously affected or granduose), tallness, loftiness; spec. altitude, stature.

Antonyms: see DEPTH. 8. Of a high place elevation.

4. Referring to the greatest extent or degree of something, as heat, feeling, etc.: top, apex, noon (fig.), culmination, climax, vertex, pinuacle, pitch (rare), crown, meridian, summit, acme, senith; spec. heyday, heat, stress, flush, ne plus ultra (Latin), sublimity (rare), sum, perfection, consumma-

Antonyms: see DEPTH.

heighten, n. 1. elevate (by raising). 2. See STRENGTHEN, INTENSIFY, AGGRA-

VATE.

heir, n. inheritor, heritor (rare), heiress (fem.), inheritress or inheritrix (fem.), heritress or heritrix or heretrix (fem.); spec. representative, heir apparent, master (Scot.), coheir, coheiress, coparcenet, parcener.

heirship, n. inheritance, heritance (rare); spec. coparcenary, coparcenery, copar-

ceny, parcenary.

hell, n. 1. Referring to the place of the de-parted souls: spec. Sheol (Hebrew), Hades (Greek), shades (Latin), underworld, grave (with "the"; fig.), inferno (usually taken in sense 2, below), Elysum (Greek). 3. As the place where the damned are tormented spec. abyss, inferno (now chiefly in allusion to Dante's "Inferno"), Tartarus (Greek), Gehenna (Hebrew), pit (with "the"; often called "the bottomless pit"), Hades (an erroneous use, cheefy by way of a euphemistic oath), Pandemonium (Greek), Tophet (fig.), malebolge. Antonyma see HEAVEN

3. See distress.

helm, n. tiller; primarily the steering gear as a whole.

helmet, n. headpiece, helm (archaic or poelic), casque (now only hist., poetic or French); spec. crest, akullcap, sallet, salade, burgonet, basinet, morion, heaume.

helmeted, a. 1. galeated (rare).

2. Zool.; spec. galeated.

helmet-shaped, a galeated; spec. cassideous, cassidiform; -all three learned or tech.

Cross references see Note. hocatomb: slaughter heckle: harass, question, heckle: flushed, bectie, n consumptive, bector: bully bood, n. t notice, consider,

heed, v. 1 noine, care heed, v. noine, attention con-sideration, care heedful, a attentive, careful, heedless, a disregardful, careless, heedless, a

heel, v t arm heel, v i follow

hoft, n weight, bulk. hoft, n t lift helical: epiral, helix: spiral, hellah: infernal, devilish, hello: hollo. halmsman: steersman.

helpful, a. aiding (contextual); spec. assistant, contributory, aidful (rare), furthersome (chiefly Scot.), beneficial, comfortable, favorable, auxiliary, serviceable; see COOPERATIVE.

Antonyms. see HINDERING, RUINOUS. helpless, a. silly (archaic), unhelpful (rare), impotent; spec. defenseless, naked, abandoned, blank, prostrate, resourceless, shiftless.

Antonyms: see INGENIOUS.

hem, v. t. 1. sew (contextual), hemstitch; spec. table (naut.).

2. See BURROUND.

hemisphere, n semiglobe (rate), semisphere (rare).

hemp, n. Spec. bhang (India), hashish or hasheesh, harda.

hempen, n. hemp (the noun used attribu-

tively), hempy.
hen, n. bird (contextual), fowl (contextual), biddy (collog.); spec. sitter, pullet, poulard.

hence, adv. 1. away (contextual), hereout (rare), herefrom (rare).

Antonyma: see HERE. 2. See THEREFORE.

heraldic, a. armonal. heraldry, n. Spec. blazonry.

herbaceous, a. herbous (rare).

herbage, n. vegetation (contextual), herb (rare or poetic), verdure.

herbarium, n. hortus siccus (Latin), herbary.

herbivorous, a. poephagous (rare); spec. granivorous, graminivorous.

herby, a herbose; spec. grassy.

herd, n. 1. Spec. drove, troop, rout (rare), pack, game (obs. or rare); see FLOCK. 3. See CROWD.

herd, v. z. 1. associate (contextual); spec. pig, crowd.

2. drove (referring to the action of a drover) herder, n. herdsman (the usual term for a male herder), herd (chiefly in composition); spec. ranchero (U. S.), gooseherd, shepherd, shepherdess, pasturer (rare), pastor (rare), pastoress (rare), pastoral (rare), herdess (rare), herdboy, cowboy (U. S. and colonial Eng.), goatherd, cowherd, hayward, neatherd, vaquero (Western U,S.).

here, adv. 1. hither (literary or affected), hitherward or hitherwards (archaic). Antonyms' see HENCE.

3. See NOW.

hereafter, adv. henceforth, henceforward. Antonyma: see NOW.

hereditament, n. t. heritage (chiefly spec.), patrimony, heritance, birthright, inheritance; spec. heirloom.

2. See INHERITANCE.

hereditary, a. 1. inheritable, heritable, transmissible, descendant or descendent, descensive (rare); spec. transmissible, patrimonial.

2. Referring to disease, traits, etc.: heritable, transmissible.

heredity, n. transmission; spec telegony. heresy, n. unbelief, heterodoxy, dissenting, recusancy; spec. Lollardism, Lollardry, Lollardy.

Antonyma: see ORTHODOXY.

heretic, n. unbeliever, heterodox (rare), recusant, dissenter; spec. Lollard, infidel. Antonyme: see BELIEVER.

heretical, a. unbelieving, heterodox, dissenting (chiefly spec.), recusant. Antonyms: see ORTHODOX

hermaphrodite, a. bisexual; spec. gynandrous, androgynic, androgynous.

hermit, n. recluse, solitaire (rure), solitary, anchoret, anchoress (fem), hermitess (fem.); spec eremite, Guillemen (hist.), ascetic, Hieronymite, marabout.

hernia, a rupture (less tech. than hernia), ramex (obs.); spec. epiplocele, exomphalos, bubonocele,

hero, n. 1. See DEMIGOD

herome (fem), protagonist (literary); spec. lion, paladin.

herringlike, a. harengiform (rare). herself, pron. her (now poetic or dial.)

hesitate, v. i. I. stop, pause, scruple (chiefly spec.); spec. halt, stand, falter, waver, stickle, stick, doubt, crane (collog., Eng.), tufle, boggle, demur, shrink, shillyehally

Antonyms: see CONTINUE.

2. See FALTER.

hesitating, a. undecided (contextual), doubtful (contextual), indecisive, hesitant, hesitative, hesitatory (rare); spec. suspensive (rare), faltering, scrupling, faltering, etc.

Antonyms, see assured, dogmatic, cer-

TAIN, DECIDED, READY. hesitation, n. I. doubting, doubt, uncertainty, indecision; -the four being contextual senses; spec. stop, stick, stickle, boggle, scruple, stand, shrink, falter.

2. See FALTER,

Cross references. see Note. helter-skelter, adv.; confuscilly, hastily helter-skelter, a hasty. helve: handle hem, v 1 cough, falter hem, n . edge, border.

herald, n ' crier, predecessor herald, v t. announce, forerun herbi plant herbi plant herd, r t drive, tend, gather, herd, n herder herestter, n future, heretofore: before

heritable: hereditary heritage: heredstament heritance: hereditament, heirship herolo, a brave, extreme, herolo, a poem, bombast, hesitant: hesitating.

heterogeneous, a. diverse, unhomogeneous (rare), diversified, miscellaneous, mixed; spec. omnigenous, hybrid or (rare) hybridous, indiscriminate.

Antonyms: see HOMOGENEOUS.

hexahedral, a. Spec. cubic, cubical, cubiform, cuboid, cuboidal.

hiatus, n. gap (contextual); spec. lacuna (tech.), blank.

hiccup, n. hick (rare); spec. (as the name of the ailment) hiccups (often construed as a sing.), singultus (tech.).

hidden, a. 1. Referring to physical things: hid (chiefly predicative), concealed, covered, covert (obsolescent), secreted, secret (chiefly archaic or poetic, exc. spec.), dern (archaic or Scot.); spec. close, close, cloaked, masked, screened, ensconced, planted (cant), enshrouded, obscure, obscured, occult (rare), latent (rare), latitant (rare), recondite (rare), undiscovered, clouded, cloudy, suppressed, veiled, blotted, shadowed, shrouded, overlaid, stored, obumbrate (tech.), dark, blind, disguised, lurking, snug.

Antonyms: see APPARENT.

2. Referring to things seen (perceived) by the mind: hid (chiefly predicative), inward, concealed; spec. covered, screened, shrouded, obscured, disguised, mysterious, mystic or mystical, oracular, occult, esoteric, covert, latent, secret, clandestine, cryptic, surreptitious, underhand or underhanded, sly, blind, illegible, unintelligible, insidious, lurking, private, fraudulent, unknown, unacknowledged, unavowed, etc.

Antonyms: see APPARENT, CLEAR, UN-CONCEALED.

hide, v. t. 1. Referring to physical objects: conceal, cover; spec. mask, cloak, bemask (rare), stow, screen, bescreen, secrete, ensconce, plant, shroud or enshroud (literary), den (chiefly reflexive), obscure, occult (rare), disguise, protect, bury, cloud, becloud, earth, suppress, veil, embosom, bushel (rare), blot, burrow, shadow, eclipse, overlay, store.

Antonyms: see DISCLOSE, EXPOSE, IN-DICATE, SHOW.

2. Referring to things seen by the mind: spec. bury, hoard, gloze, eclipse, sweeten, repress, smother, omit, cavern, den, earth (poetic, rhetorical, or cant). See also definition, 1, above.

Antonyms: see Indicate, advertize, announce, proclaim, confess, disclose, expose.

hiding, n. concealment, cover, celation (rare; chiefly spec.); spec. disguise, occultation (rare or chiefly astron.), eclipse, coverture, latitation (rare).

Antonyms: see DISCLOSURE, INDICATION, SHOW.

high, a. 1. elevated, lofty (often rhetorical or poetic), eminent (poetic or archaic); spec. towering, mountained (poetic), aërial, soaring.

Antonyms: see Low.

2. Referring to distance from top to bottom: lofty (often rhetorical or poetic), tall.

Antonyms: see LOW.

8. Referring to a price: fancy, stiff (slang); spec. costly.

4. Referring to sounds: high-pitched, high-toned, acute (chiefly music and phonetics); spec. shrill, sharp, piercing, cracked, creaking, intense, forceful, rank. Antonyms: see LOW.

5. See Arbitrary, arrogant, extreme, strong, exalted, angry, northern, southern, late, ancient, loud, important, abstruse, pleased.

higher, a. upper, superior, supernal (literary).

Antonyms: see LOWER.

highest, a. 1. Referring to place: uppermost, supreme (rare), top, summit.

Antonyms: see LOWEST.

2. Referring to degree, rank, etc.: supreme, superlative, utmost, crowning, consummating.

Antonyms: see LOWEST.

highest, n. Spec. meridian, maximum, zenith.

highlander, n. Spec. hillsman, mountaineer, tartan.

high priest. pontiff (literary or rhetorical); spec. pope (Roman Catholic), protopapas or protopope (Greek Church).

mill, n. 1. elevation, ascent, rise, rising; spec. monadnock (chiefly U. S.), knoll, hillock, mound, knob (chiefly U. S.), know (Scot.), highland, dune, down, hummock, holt, monticule, mount (poetic or archaic), mountain, butte (western U. S.), drum (local or geol.), swell, ridge, kop (South Africa), kopje (South Africa), drumlin, steep, hilltop, hillside, Alpine, Himalayan. Antonyms: see Hollow, Valley, Plain.

Cross references: see Note.

heterodoxy, a.: heresy.
heterogeneity: diversity, difference.
hew: chop, fell.
heyday: height, prime.
hibernate: winter.
hide, n.: skin.

hidebound: narrow.
hideous: ugly, horrible, abominable.
hie: go.
hieratic: priestly.
high-flown: bombastic.
high-handed: arbitrary, will-

highland: plateau, hill, mountain. [ual, refined, high-minded: arrogant, spirithigh-priced: costly. high-sounding: pretentious bombastic. high-spirited: spirited. high-strung: spirited.

ful, domineering.

See HEAP.

hilly, a. rising (contextual); spec. knolly, hillish, hillocky, mountainous, mountainy (rare or collog.).

Antonyme see PLAIN.

hind, a. hinder (in reference to two), posterior, rear, rearward (rare), postjacent (rare), posterial (rare); spec. posticous, hindmost, after, behind.

Antonyms see FORE.

hinder, v. t. 1. delay, retard, impede (properly spec); spec. embarrass, restrain, obstruct, clog, encumber or cumber, discourage, belate, hamper, bar, check, counteract. Antonyma see EXPEDITE.

2. See PREVENT.

hindering, a 1. delaying, impedimental, impeditive (rars); spec. obstructive, cumbering, cumbersome, etc.

Antonyms. see HELPFUL, CONTRIBUTORY.

2. See PREVENTIVE.

hindermost, a. last, back, hindmost. hindrance, n hinderance (rare), hindering, let (archaic), remora (rare), delay, delayal (rare), retardation, impediment (properly spec); spec embarrassment, obstruction, obstructive, cumbrance, encumberment, encumbrance, incumbrance, discouragement, cramp, debarrent (rare), clog, drawback, hamper, hampering, counteraction, check, difficulty, contrariety, bar, balk, disadvantage, impedance (elec.), shoe, brake, etc.

Antonyms: see AID, CONTRIBUTION.

Hindu, n. Indian, gentile (rare) or gentoo; spec Mahratta (man), Mahratti, Hindustani.

hinge, n. 1. joint (contextual); spec. butt, strap.

2. See CENTER, CRISIS.

hip, n. 1. Referring to one side only: thigh.
"Thigh" and "hip" are not proper synonyms, but are often used as synonymous. 3. Referring to both sides taken together. haunch (chiefly spec.), coxa (tech.; rare); spec. rump.

hip, a. ischiadic, ischial, eciatic, ischiatic; all tech., "eciatic" being the more usual term

hipped, a. hipshot

hire, v. t. 1. get, engage, employ, buy (fig.); spec. fee, bribe, ship, job, hack, charter, lease. "Hire" emphasizes the idea of the payment to be made.

Antonyms: see BUY, DISCHARGE.

2. See LET (a use of "hire" not recognized as good usage).

hire, n. reward, pay; spec. salary, wages, wage, compensation, rent, stipend (archaic, exc. Scot.), bribe, freight. "Hire" as a noun is now chiefly archaic.

hired, a. mercenary (now spec.), paid;

spec. hackney.

hireling, n mercenary (now spec.); spec.

myrmidon.

hiss, v. t. Spec. fizz, fizzle, siffle, hizz (rare), sibilate, siss (dial. and col., U. S.), sizzle, sizz (chiefly U. S.), goose (theat cant), spit. hiss, n Spec. fizz, fizzle, siss (dial. Eng. and collog., U.S.), sizzle, sibilation, siffle (rarc), spit.

hissing, a. sibilant, sibilous (rare).

historian, n. historiaster (in contempt); spec. memorialist, biographer, logographer (Greek antiq.), chronicler, historiographer.

historic, historical, a. Spec. authentic. "Historic" is chiefly used of what constitutes history; "historical," of what relates

to history.

historicize, v. t. record (contextual), historize (rare), historify (rare); spec. celebrate. "Historicize" is rare.

history, n. 1. See NARRATIVE.

2. account (contextual), record, story; spec. memorials, memoirs, historiette, anecdote, commentary, chronicle, biography, autobiography, career, genealogy, prehistory.

a. historiology.

histrionics, n. pl. theatricals.

hoard, v. t. hide (contextual), accumulate (contextual), store, save; spec. miser (rase), treasure (chiefly with "up").

hoard, n. accumulation (contextual), store, savings (chiefly spec.); spec. treasure (often fig).

hoard, n. fence; spec. billboard.

hoarse, a. 1. throaty, thick, husky; spec. roupy, croaking.

Antonyms see CLEAR.

2. See HARSH.

hoax, n. deception (contextual), quiz (now obsolescent), hum (stang or collog.), hum-bug (rare; now chiefly spec.), cod (stang), gammon (stang or collog.), string (stang), sell (colloq), trick, take-in; spec. canard, gag, jolly, josh (slang), rig.

hoaz, v. t. deceive (which see), trick (which see), sell (colloq.), gammon (colloq.), hum (slang or collog.), string (slang); spec. rig. josh (slang), jolly, gag (cant or slang), kid

(slang).

Cross references: ace Note. hilt: handle

hind: postersor hinder: posterio

hindermost: last. hinge, v 1 turn, depend. hint, n . infimation, tip, tracs.

hint, v. t. intimate hipped, a depressed, hippish, a depressed, hipshot, a hipped, hipshot: dislocation, hirsute: hairy.

hispid: harrly, bristly. histrionic: theatrical, deceiful. hitherto: before. hive: swarm. hone: gray, old honey: gray, old, frosty

HOLY SPIRIT

ny; spec. hurley, polo.

hod, n. Spec boss (a plasterer's term) hoe, n sarcle (a Latinism); spec. scuffler, scuffle, backer,

hoe, v. t. cultivate (contextual); spec. weed, scuffle.

hoist, n. 1. See RAISE; -referring to the act.

2. elevator (which see); spec. crane, gin, shears, derrick, teagle, sling, whip.

hold, v. t. 1. keep, retain; spec. grasp, clasp, grip, pin, gripe, clip (rare or archaic), pinion, clutch, embrace, fasten, fix, lock, cramp, catch, seize, bite, stay. 2. Referring to a meeting: conduct.

3. contain, receive; spec. carry, accom-

modate, stow.

4. See have, keep, control, observe, OCCUPY, MANAGE, ABSORB, DETAIN, RE-STRAIN, ENTERTAIN, CONSIDER, BIND, CARRY, CRECK, DECIDE.

hold, v. 2. Spec cling, cleave, stick (as to one's post), adhere (as to one's opinions),

fasten,

hold, n. 1. keeping, retention; spec grasping, gripe, grip, clasp, anchor (fig.), bite, clutch, purchase, embrace, handhold, holdfast, control, possession, seizure

2. Referring to the thing that holds: spec. lock, mortise, clutches (pl.), grip, cinch. 3. See CLAIM.

4. Referring to a thing that one may hold to: holdfast; spec. nail, lodgment, foothold, horn, rooting.

holder, n. 1. holding; spec. handle, chuck port-crayon, holdfast, container, case, zarf.

2. See POSSESSOR, OWNER.
holdfast, n. hold, holder; spec. tentacle, aucker, disk.

holding, n. property (contextual), tenement, tenantry, tenancy; spec. feu.

hole, n. Spec. void, cavity, perforation, hollow, fenestra (anat.), crater, slot, cell, cranny, chamber, interstice, eye, pore, porosity, depression, eyelet, mesh, bore, bye, concave, cave, pit, den, chasm, abyse, gulf, leak, vug, box, mortise, sinus (anat.), limber (naut.), denehole (archæology), well, finger, burrow.

Antonyms see PROJECTION.

holey, a. holy (rare or dial, variant); spec. gulfy, cuppy, crannied, chinky, porous, chambered, etc.

holiday, n. 1. See FESTIVAL.

3. Spec. playday, playtime, vacation. holiday, a. festal, ferial (rare).

hockey, n. bandy or bandy ball (rare), shin- | holiness, a. 1. sanctity (learned), sanctitude (rare), sanctanimity (rare), sinlessness, perfection, saintliness, sanctimony, hallowedness, consecration, sanctification. Cf. HOLY.

2. hallowedness (cf. HALLOWED)

holto, v. i. hollow (rare or obs.), holla (rare or obs.), hello (by many considered undignified; a form which arose about 1880), hallo, halloo (esp used as a hunting term or of shouting to call attention), hallon (rare); spec. soho.

hollow, a. 1. Spec. cavernous, cavernulous, cavitary (rare), cellular, porous, concave, cuppy, holey, empty, dimply.

Antonyms: see CONVEX, PROTUBERANT,

PROJECTING.

2. Referring to a sound: reverberated, empty, sepulchral, deep, muffled.

Antonyms. see solid.

8. See insincere, empty, unfeeling. hollow, n. depression (contextual), hole, concave, hollowness (rare), incavation (rare); spec. dish, sinus, bosom, cove, cup, pocket, dimple, sag, dip, cupule, delve (literary), basin, pan, bowl, sink (U. S.), scoop, excavation, punty or ponty, punt, kiek, arch, trough, vola, valley, conch, conceptacle, countersink, indentation, scrobicule, pit.

Antonyms: see PROJECTION, HILL, ELE-

VATION, PROTUBERANCE.

hollow, v. t. excavate, concave; spec. dish, gull (tech. or dial), recess, slot, pit, chamber, scoop, tunnel, cup, cave (rore), cavern (rare), etc ; see indent.

Antonyms see EMBOSS.

hollow-backed, a. Referring to a horse: sway-backed.

hollowed, a. incavate (rare), depressed; spec, cupped, chambered, etc.

Antonyms: see Protuberant.

hollowness, n. 1. Of the state: cavity, concavity, depression, emptiness; spec. cellulosity, porosity, sunkenness, cuppmess, etc.

2. See EMPTINESS, INSINCERITY, FALSITY. holly, n. hollin or hollen (archaic or dial.), Christmas (fig.); spec. yapon, toyon.

holy, a. 1. sinless; spec. saintly, sainted, hallowed, blessed or blest, sanctified (rare), consecrated.

Antonyms' see SINFUL 3. See HALLOWED, DEVOUT.

holy spirit. Paraclete, Comforter (alluding to John xiv: 16), Third Person (theol.),

Cross references see Note. hobble, v : falter.
hobble, v : shackle. hobble, n gast hobby: horse fad, hobbyish: faddush, hobgoblin: bogy.

hobnob: drink, associate. hock: hamstring. hoeus-pocus: deception hodgepodge: stew, musture, hog; swine, beast, glutton, holty-tolty, n · froice, holty-toity: frivolous, haughty hold, n conty hold, v 1 apply holocaust: sarrifics, o tion, slaughter holograph: autographic, holophrastic: concise sacrifice, destrueholy: holey.

Spec. court, devotion, cult | (formal or literary).

home, a. 1. Spec. family, domestic, homeward, homing.

2. See INTIMATE.

home-bred, a. plain, rude; see UNCULTI-

homeless, a. Spec. outcast, harborless (archaic or literary), houseless

homelike, a. homish (less dignified than homelike), homely (archaic), homy or homey (colloq); spec. intimate, simple, plain, unpretending.

Antonyms: see CONVENTIONAL, STIFF,

FORMAL.

homely, a 1. See domestic, simple, un-

PRETENTIOUS, UNCULTIVATED.

2. plain, ill-favored; spec. unpretty, unpersonable (rare), unlovely, featureless (rare), uncomely (rare), coarse, ugly, homespun.

Antonyms: see GOOD-LOOKING. homemade, a. Spec. homespun.

homicidal, a. murderous; spec. bloody, patricidal, matricidal, etc.

homicide, n 1. murder (obs. or hist., exc spec), manslaughter (chiefly spec.); spec. matricide, parricide, patricide, regicide, sororicide, fratricide, suicide.

 manqueller (archaic), manslaughterer (chiefly spec.), murderer (obs. or hist., exc. spec.); spec. parricide, patricide, matri-cide, sororicide, fratricide, suicide, regicide.

homogeneous, a. alike (contextual; postpositive), uniform, like; spec same, simllar, congruous, consubstantial (learned or tech.), unigenous (rare).

Antonyms see HETEROGENEOUS.

honest, a. good, moral; spec. just, righteous, square, sound, direct, frank, upright, conscientious, sincere, genuine, pure, virtuous, uncorrupted, incorruptible. Antonyms' see DISHONEST.

honesty, n. goodness, probity, morality; spec. justness, justice, righteousness, uprightness, virtue, purity, etc.

Antonyms, see dishonesty, honey, n. 1. nectar (poetic or fig.).

2. See SWEETNESS, LOVABLENESS, DEAR. honey, a. melleous (rare), mellaginous (rare), mellic (rare).

honey-bearing, a. melliferous (rare). honor, n. 1. See DIGNITY, FAME, CON-STANCY, UPRIORTNESS, VIRTUE, CHASTITY. JUSTICE, POSITION

2. Referring to what does one credit

credit, ornament; spec. distinction, crown,

Antonyms. see discredit.

8. Referring to what is bestowed in order to honor: spec. ornament, title, distinction, dignity, decoration, compliment, worship, reverence

honor, v. t. 1. dignify (contextual); spec. adore, worship, idolize, idolatrize, grace, hallow, credit, decorate, compliment.

Antonyms see VIOLATE, CONTEMN, DE-

SPISE DISCREDIT.

2. Referring to a note, bill, etc.: accept, pay. honorable, a. 1. good (contextual), worthy; spec. worshipful, admirable, famous, esteemed, respected, noble, elevated, repu-

Antonyms: see discreditable.

2. See CONSCIENTIOUS, JUST, UPRIGHT, VIRTUOUS, SINCERE, CREDITABLE, RE-SPECTABLE.

honoring, n. dignification (contextual); spec. worship, idolization, hallowing, crediting, decoration, compliment.

hood, n. 1. The garment for the head and neck: spec. capuche, capuchin, calash (hist.), coif, cowl, trotcosy (Scot.).

2. Any of various contrivances spec. can-opy, chimneypot, calash, blower.

hooded, a. cucullate (tech.).

hoodoo, n. 1. curse. 3. Of what brings bad luck: spec. genius (used with "bad"), jinx (slang), Jonah (fig.; colloq.).

Antonyms : see Charm. hood-shaped, a. cuculiate (tech.) hoot, n. ungula (tech); spec cloot (Scot.

and dial. Eng.), dewclaw, coffin.
hook, n. 1. Spec. uncus (lech.), hamus (lech.), uncanus (lech.), gaff, cleek (Scot.), buttonhook, fishbook, slingdog, agraffe, crotchet, tug, strike, clasp, clamp. 2. See HEADLAND.

hook, v. t. Spec. strike (to hook a fish). hook-beaked, a. uncirostrate, hamirostrate.—both tech.

hooked, a. 1. See HOOK-SHAPED.

2. Provided with a hook or hooks; hamose or hamous (both rare), hamate or (rare) hamated (tech.), hamular (tech.), hamulate or hamulose (both rare)

hook-shaped, a. hooked, hooklike, uncinate (learned or tech.), unciform (learned or tech.), uncinal (learned or tech.), ancistroid (tech.); spec. unguiform.

hoopskirt, n. skirt (contextual), hoop (col-

Cross references nee Note homology: currespondence. home: abode goal homespun: homemade, course, honorarium: /ed homely artiess. hoodlum: rowdy. hoodoo, v t curse.
hoodwink: blind, decenes. homologies: correspond

loq.); spec. crinoline, farthingale. hoofed: ungulate hoop, n ring. hoop, n t bind. hoot, n cry hoot, v. t. cry, jeer hoot, v. t.: assail, drive, express.

HOSTILITY

hope, n. feeling (contextual), desire (contextual), expectation, anticipation; spec trust, belief.

Antonyms see FEAR; also cf. HOPELESS. hope, v. t. & i. desire (contextual), expect, anticipate; spec. trust.

Antonyms: see DESPOND.

hopeful, a. expectant, anticipative, anticipatory; spec. sanguine, rosy, roseate, fond, sanguineous (rare), optimistic, melioristic.

Antonyms, see Apprehensive, hopeless. hopeless, a. 1. depressed (contextual), unhopeful (rare); spec. abject, despondent, disconsolate, despairing, despairful, desperate, fortorn

Antonyms: see BUOYANT, HOPEFUL. 2. Referring to things: spec. abandoned, desperate, irredeemable, irretrievable, in-

curable.

hopelessness, n. Spec. despondence, despair, desperation, etc.

horizon, n. circle (contextual), sky line, verge (rare).

horizontal, a. flat, even (rars, exc. spec.),

Antonyms: see VERTICAL. horizontal, n. flat, level.

horn, n. 1. Spec antler, spike, branch, dag, broach, cornicle.

2. Referring to wind instruments: spec saxhorn, althorn, saxophone, saxtuba, bugle, conch, cornet, cornet-a-nistons (French), krummhorn, etc.

1. Spec. cornucopia, crest, end, alterna-

tive, corner, beak. 4. keratin

horned, a. 1. cornigerous (tech.), cornuate or cornuted (literary); spec. crescent-shaped. 2. See CUCKOLDED.

horniess, a. Referring to cattle or sheep, etc : spec. muley, hummel or humble (Scot.),

dodded (dial. Eng.), polled, pollard. horn-shaped, a cormform (learned). horny, a. corneous (tech.); spec. hornish, cornified, keratose (tech.).

horologist, n Spec. clockmaker, horologer, watchmaker.

horoscope, n. ascendant, nativity, geniture (rare).

horoscopist, n genethliac (rare).
horrible, a. 1. alarming (which see), horrifying, horrific (bookish), horrid (now rare in this sense), shocking, bideous (rare, exc. spec.), horrendous (rare); spec. Gorgonian (fig), horrisonous. Antonyms see ABSURING.

2. In weakened sense: see WICKED, OUT-RAGEOUS, MONSTROUS, ABOMINABLE.

horse, n. 1. steed (literary or rhetorical); spec, pad, prancer (cant or, as used of any horse, slang), caple or capul (formerly chiefly poetical; now dial. Eng.), dobbin, courser (rhetorical), charger, bidet (literary), hobby (archaic or historical), cocktail or curtal, Bucephalus (fig.; poetic or rhetorical), weed (slang or cant), screw, neigher (rare), crock, prad (slang), geegee (collog.), pony, barb, daisy-cutter (cant), cob, stepper (collog. or slang), clipper, jade (contemptuous), back, rip (slang or collog.), skate (slang), plug (colleg. or slang), pinto (Western U. S.), mustang (U. S.), nag, mount, remount, rouncy (archae), runt, jennet or genet, roadster, naggy, stallion, mare, colt, foal, filly, gelding, pot (cont), plater (cant), palfrey, Pegasus, punch, kyang, Percheron, hunter, thoroughbred, gigster (rare), hackney, chcker, saddler (collog., U. S.), Hambletonian, Waler (Anglo-Indian), Galloway, drayhorse, Houyhnhnm, galloper, dweller, balker, filler, rosinante, roarer, whistler, thriller, wheeler, leader, rogue, Turk, Arab, tarpan, tit (obs. or rare), trotter, pacer, ambler, runner, rider, roan, chestnut, sorrel, gray, bay, black, ginger, grizzle, stalking-horse, dun, cayuse, ass, mule, hinny, se-bra. The term "horse" is specifically used of an adult gelded male as distinguished from a "stallion," "mare," or "colt." 2. As a collective pl.: cavalry.

8. Spec. clamp, jack, hobbyhorse, clotheshorse, sawhorse.

horse, v t. mount; spec. remount.

horseman, s. rider, pricker (archaic); spec. cavalryman, chevalier (hist, or archaic), knight (hist.), hussar, gaucho, yeo-man (Eng.), demilance, jockey.

horsemanship, n. manage or manége (French); spec. equitation.

horses, n. pl. horseflesh (a collective).

hospital, n. infirmary (chiefly spec.); spec. fermary (obs. or hist.), cockpit, lazaretto or lazaret, pesthouse, valetudinarium, sanitarium or sanatorium.

hospitality, n. xenodochy (rare), cordiality (contextual).

Cross references: see Note. hop: leap. dance. hop leap dance.
hopper: chate.
horal: hourly
horde: group, croud,
horaloge: timepisce
horrent: briefly bristling,
horrid: bristling, repellent,
abominable, afrance, bad
horring: horrible, shocking.

horrity: frighten, shack horror: tremble, fear, abhar-rence, aversion; (in pl.) delir-ium tremens. horsy, a groomy horistion, n.: exhoristion horistive, a.: exhoristory, ad-

hospitable, a.: cordial. host: army, multitude.

host: eacrifice, element, entertowner

tomer hostage: plodge.
hostel: un.
hosteliy: un.
hosteliy: un.
hostelie, n. indlody
hostile, n. indlody
hostile, n. enemy
hostilit; un/rendliness, opposition. (in pl.) war

hot, a. 1. heated (contextual), ardent (liter- | hub, n. 1. nave, block. ary), torrid, fervid (literary), fervent (literary); spec. parching, roasting, incandescent or candent, fiery, flaming, boiling, sweltry Antonyms see COLD.

2. See EAGER, ANGRY, ARDENT, EXCITED, ACRID, VIOLENT, PUNGENT.

hothead, n madbrain, hotspur.

hound, n. 1. dog (contextual); spec. besgle, dachshund, talbot, hmer (archaic), leash hound, bloodhound, kibble, great Dane. 3. See WRETCH.

hour, n. 1. beil (naut.), ghurry (Anglo-Indian).

2. time (contextual); spec. prime (eccl.), matin (eccl.), laud (eccl.), complin (eccl.), vespers (pl.; eccl.).

hourly, a. 1. horal (rare), horary (rare).

2. Sec constant, frequent. house, n. t. building (contextual), dwelling (conlextual); spec. court, cottage, cot (chiefly poetic), hovel, bungalow, shack, château, hutch, shanty, hut, dome (poetic or rhetorical), barn (fig.), barrack, barracoon, kennel, shed (poetic), rabbitry, cabin, ranch (U. S.), rancho (Spanish), bar ledge articles box, lodge, gatehouse, humpy (Australia), crib (thieves' slang), cruive (Scot.), croo (Scot. and Irish), sty.

2. See abode, temple, lair, theater, CHURCH, FIRM, ASSEMBLY, FAMILY. house, a. domai (rare).

house, v. t. shelter (contextual), spec. booth (rare), cote, barrack, roof (rare), hive, hut, temple, palace (rare), impalace (rare), kennel, hovel (rare).

housekeeper, n. Spec. matron, housewife. housekeeping, n. menage (French) or menage (chiefly spec.), householdry (rare); spec housewifery, notability (obsolescent). housewife, n. wife (archaic); spec. oot-

quean (of a laborer; obs.).
how, n. Spec. whereby, why, what.
howl, n. 1. cry (contextual); spec. bawl, ululation (learned), yowl.

2. See EXCLAMATION.

hoyden, n. girl (contextual), romp, tomboy (collog.).

2. See CENTER.

hue, n. cast (obsolesc.), tone (more technical than "hue"), blee (archaic); spec. com-

plexion.

hull, n. 1. pericarp (tech); spec. husk, glume, chaff (a collective), bran (a collective), shell, pod, rind, bur or burr, skin, shuck, bark, shale (archauc or rare), flight, palea, lodicule, bract, scale, calyx, legume, silique, peel, capsule, glumelle (rare), stone, putamen.

2. See BODY.

hull. v. t. strip (contextual); spec. pod, shell, husk, shuck, decorticate, peel. hum, n. Spec. croon, bum (chiefty dial.), bumble, burr, murmur, thrum, bombina-

tion (rare), boom, buss, whis, drone, bom-

bus (med.)

hum, v. t. 1. Spec. eroon, bum (chiefly dial.), burr, thrum, bombinate (rare), bombilate (rare), bombi drone, murmur.

2. See SING.

Spec. hominal (nat. hist.), human, a. hominine (rare), humanistic, earth-born (contextual), mortal, humane.

Antonyms: see BUPERBUMAN INBUMAN,

DIVINF, DEVILISH

human, n earthing (rare; contextual), clod (depreciative); spec. Christian, man, woman, child, boy, girl.

Antonyms: see DEITY, ANIMAL.

humble, a. 1. lowly (now somewhat archaic or rhetorical), low (rare, exc. spec.); spec. low-born, poor, undistinguished, inglorious, unambitious, unescutcheoned (rare), obscure.

Antonyms. see PROUD, HAUGHTY, PRE-TENTIOUS, ARROGANT, CONCEITED.

3. See LOWLY

humility, n. abasement, humbleness; apec. submissiveness.

Antonyms : see PRIDE.

humor, n. 1. Referring to the four bodily fluids of the old physiology spec. blood, phlegm, choler, melancholy.

2. mood, cue; see disposition

Cross references: see Note. hotbed: breeding place. hotchpotch: mixture hotel: mn hotfoot: hastily hot-headed: eager, reckless, im-petuous, hasty hotspur. hothead. hough: hamstring hound, v ! hunt, drive, incite. houndish: canine. houndish: canne. houndy: canne. house, r s 'dwell. housebreaking: burglary. household, a 'domestic. housemald: maddersant. housemad: maddersant.

hover, r : fly. hover, n flight howbelt: although, but. however: but hubbub: disturbance, din. huckster: peddler huddle, s : crowd, gather, shrink huddle, s ! crowd, pather, heap, drage huff, e ! anger, offend huff, n pet, quarrel.
huff, a angry
hug, v t embrace, carses.
hug, v t embrace, carses.
hug, n embrace, carses huge, a shormous

housing: shelter hovel: shed, house.

hugger-mugger, n co hugger-mugger, adv derly confumon. franged. hugger-mugger, hulk: resuel, body hulking: big humble, v. t. abase, humbug, v. t. deceive, hoar, humbug, n. deception, hoar, humbig, n deception, mand decepted humdrum, a dull. humdrum, a manatony. humid most the most tree humilate abose humilation; abasement, hummock; hill, protuberance, humor, s. t. grant

HYMNIST

3. Referring to other bodily fluids: spec. eyewater (rare), crystalline, pus, serum. 4. See Caprice, fun

humorist, n. Spec joker, jester, wag, wit. humpback, n. hunchback.

humpbacked, a humpback, cyphotic (tech), bow-backed (rare), hunched, gibbous (chiefly spec.).

tech i; spec humpbacked. humped, a hunchy,

hundred, n century, centred (hist.), centrev or centref (Welsh, hist).

hunger, n. 1. desire (contextual), appetite, hungriness, emptiness (fig), spec, voracity, polyphagia (med.), esurience (humorously pedantic), famine, bulimia (med.), greed.

Antonyma: see Surfeit.

3. See GREED

hunger, v. i. Spec famish, starve.

Antonyma: see SURFEIT.

hungry, a. 1. hungered (archaic), ahungered or anhungered (rare; archaic); spec famished, starved, edacious (now chiefly humorous), lickerish, lickerous (obs.), vora-cious, esurient (now humorously pedantic, polyphagous (med.), greedy, ravenous, empty, insatiate, avid, sharp-set (rare), peckish (colloq), dinnerless, supperless, etc.

Antonyma: see SURFEITED.

2. See DESIROUS, GREEDY. hunt, t. t. 1. chase; spec still-hunt, stalk, run, trail, track, trap, hound.

2. See DRIVE, FOLLOW, SEEK, SEARCH,

hunt, v. i. 1. Spec. shoot, poach, stalk, forage, hawk, jack, trap, snare, kangaroo, wolf, grouse, ferret.

2. See BEARCH, SEEK. hunt, n. 1. Spec. chase, drag, stalk, still-

hunt.

3. See GAME, BEARCH.

hunter, n. huntsman (male; a more formal word than "hunter"), huntress (female), huntswoman (female; rare), nimrod (fig.), Endymion (fig), jager or jaeger (German or Swiss); spec stalker, shikari (Anglo-Indian), gunner, forager, trapper, poscher, boarhunter, pigsticker, jacker, deer-stalker, ferreter, falconer. Antonyma: see GAME.

hunting, a. venatorial (rare), venatic or venatical (rare), venary (rare); spec. cynegetic (rare).

hunting, n. venery, venation (literary); spec. chase, pigsticking, rabbiting, hawking, falconry, etc. hurry, v. l. & i. 1. See hasten.

2. In a sense implying the feeling of urgency, but not necessarily resultant speed: drive, whip (fig.).

Antonyms: see DELAY, LAG.
husband, n. spouse (formal), goodman (Scot. or archaic), man (Scot. or dial.), lord (poetic, jocular, or ironical), hubby (familiar and collog); spec. benedict, bridegroom.

Antonyms: see WIFE, CELIBATE.

hush, interj. Silence! (more emphatic or formal than "hush!"), muml whist!

hussy, n. woman (contextual), girl (contextual), jade (sometimes playful), limmer (Scot), minx (often playful).

hut, n. 1. house (contextual); spec. wickiup, yurt, mia-mia (Australian), hutment.
2. See DWELLING.

hybrid, n. crossbreed (chiefly spec.), mongrel (chaefty spec.; a disparaging term), cross; spec. outcross, lurcher, bigener (bot.; rare), mameluco (South America). mulatto, quadroon, octaroon, half-breed, half-blood, half-caste (East India) mule, mestee or mustee (West Indias), mestizo (Spanish America and Philippine Islands), quintoon, terceroon, mustafina, mustafino (Spanish American), creole.

hybrid, a. crossed, cross (rare), mixed-breed, crossbred (chiefly spec.), spec. mongrel, graded, half-blood, half-blooded, half-breed.

Antonyms: see FULL-BLOODED.

hygiene, n. soteriology (rare), hygiastics (rare), hygienics (rare), hygiology (rare). hymn, n hymnic (rare); spec. psalm, canticle, pean, choral, sanctus, triumph, troparion, hymeneal, sequence, prose, hallel, recessional, processional, magnificat, laud, Exultet, Gloria, procedion, dithyramb or dithyrambic, mantra, Orphic.

hymnist, n composer (contextual), hymnodist; spec laudist.

Cross references see Note. humorous: funny humoreome: capracious, hump, n protuberance. hump, v t arch. humus: earth hunch, n protuberance. humch, v t arch. hunk, piece, chunk. hunker: conservative. hunks: niggard. hurl: project, throw, dart, utter, hucra: cheer. hurry-sourry, adv.: headlong

hurt, * t harm, injure, griere, pain, offend hurt, * harm, injury, pain hurtful: harmful, injurious, painful [lee, rush hurtle, v i. collide, clash, clathurtle, v i.; project, throw. hushand, v i - economies. hurband man; agriculturet. hisbandinan agricultursi, hisbandry: commy, agricul-ture monagement. hush, v silence calm, hush, n silence hush, hush

husky: hourse, strong. husting: council hustle, of crowd, push, hasten, drive jostle, put. hustle, v. i . kastan, work, ibustle. bastle, n. haste, corinty, hustle, n. haste, octivity, hustling; active, hutch: house, chest. husse, n. cheer; (in pl.) applause hynline: glassy hymn, v. t.; colebrate, praise.

HYPNOTIC

hypnotic, a. magnetic (contextual; obsolescent), ectenic (rare), mesmeric (obsoleacent)

hypnotism, n. In allusion to former practitioners or obsolete theories: magnetism,

Braidism, Mesmerism

hypocrisy, n. deceit (contextual); spec. dissembling, Tartufferie (fig.), Tartuffism (fig), cant, Pharisecism (fig.), Pharisaism (fig.), snivel, sanctimony.

Antonyms see ARTLESSNESS; also cf.

hypocrite, n. deceiver (contextual): spec. dissembler, Tartuffe (fig.), pretender, Pecksniff (fig.), Pharisee (fig.). hypocritical, a. deceitful (contextual), double faced.

double-faced; spec. dissembling, Tartuf-fian (fig.), Tartuffish (fig.), Phansauc (fig.), Phansaical (fig.), sanctimonious. Antonyms: see ARTLESS, FRANK

hysteria, n. convulsion (contextual), hysterics (pl; colloq.); spec. tarantism, conniptions (pl.; milgar, U. S.), vapors (pl), lata, miryachit.

hysterical, a. convulsive (contextual), hys-

teric (rare).

I, pron. ego (metaphysics). ioe, n. crystal (now rare); spec. floe, glacier, frazil (Can. and U. S.), icicle.

iceberg, n. berg; spec. calf.
ice-covered, c. glaciate.
ice-cream. Spec. hokey-pokey (Eng.; slang or collog).

toed, a. Spec. frosted, glace (French),

frappé (French).

idea, n. thought, conceit (archaic), concept, conception, intention (chiefly logic), notion (chiefly spec.), intellection (chiefly tech.), impression; spec. wrinkle, phantom, design, fancy, memory, feeling, mo-tif (French), recept, theory, plan, etc. idealise, v. t. Spec. exalt, abstract, spirit-

ualize, disrealize (rare), sublime or sub-

limate, refine, heighten, perfect.

1dle, a. indolent; spec. loafing, dawdling, playing.

Antonyms: see BUSTLING.

idle, v. i. Spec. laze, lazy (rare), loaf, daw-

dle, lounge, loll, slack (collog.), dally, drone, triffe, moon, truant, play.

Antonyms: sec bustle, work. idleness, n. indolence; spec. loafing, dawdling, etc.

Antonyms: see bustle.

idler, n. Spec. losfer, droner, lounger, dawdler, do-nothing, do-little, drone, fainé-ant (French), flaneur (French), buckeen (Irish), nonworker (nonce word).

Antonyms: see WORKER.

idling, n. Spec. lazing, loafing, dalliance,

idol, n. 1. image, simulaerum (learned), god (contextual); spec. teraphim (pl.), joes (Chinese), Mumbo Jumbo, pagod, Dagon,

2. See BELOVED.

idolatry, n. worship (contextual), fornication (a Biblical term).

idyl, n. eclogue, pastoral.
ii, conj. gin or git (Scot.), provided; spec. though.

ignis fatuus. will-o'-the-wisp, jack-o'-lan-

tern (now rare), jack-o'-the-wisp (obs.).
ignitable, a. Spec. inflammable.
ignite, v. 1. Spec. fire, kindle, light, inflame (literary or rare), strike.

ignoramus, n. ignorant (rare), illiterate, simple.

Antonyma: see scholar, literate.

ignorance, n. 1. unscience (rare or obs.), darkness (fig.), inscience (rare), nescience (learned or bookish), ignorantness (rare); spec. ineducation, illiteracy, illiterateness, illiterature (rare), benightment, rusticity, dark, darkness, imprescience, blindness (fig.).

Antonyms: see LEARNING, ENLIGHTEN-

MENT, KNOWLEDGE.

2. unawareness. Antonyms: see FOREKNOWLEDGE.

ignorant, a. 1. nescient (learned or bookish), unknowing (rare), inscient (rare); spec. unlearned, incrudite, illiterate, uninformed, untaught, benighted, borrel or borel (archaic), dark lay, grammarless, unstudied, unread, unexpert (rare), green; see UNEDUCATED.

Antonyms: see LEARNED, WELL-IN-FORMED.

Cross references see Note. hypochondria: depression. hypos: depression hypothecate: pledge, hypothecation: pledging, hypothecist cendition.

legt cold, distant, indifferent, unemotional. ideal, a: abstract, theoretical. ideal, n : type. idealism: romanticism.

idealistic: romantic. idente: concerns ldentical, a alike, same. identity: recognize.
identity: likeness, sammess,
individuality inaria utity idiosy ornsy; peculiarity. Idiosy: imbecility, foolishness. Idiom; language dialoct, form, expression, diction idiot; imbecile, simpleton, blockhood. idiotle: imbecile, irrational, foolsah

diet groundless, inefectual, purposeless, inactive, unem-ployed, unused indolent. piopra, unused maoren. Idlenses: unemployment. Idling: unactivity, indolence. Idoltar: worships Idoltar: worship, honor, ad-mire love idyllic: poetic. igenous: fiery ignoble: lowly, base. ignominious: discreditable, contemptible. ignominy: discredit.

2. See UNAWARE

Ignore, t. t. disregard; spec. pass, overlook, bury elude, sink, blink, overjump, skip, disimagine (rare), cut (colloq.), over-slaugh (U S., rare), disobey, suppress, eliminate forms. eliminate, forget.

Antonyms: see ATTEND, NOTICE, CON-

BIDER, MENTION.

ill-composed, a. incondite (learned), ill-considered, a. unbaked (fig.), indigested or ill-digested (fig.); spec wild. illegible, a. undecipherable; spec. blind, hidden.

Antonyms: see LEGIBLE.

Illegitimate, a. 1. unlawful; spec, unauthorized, irregular, spurious, inconse-

Antonyms: see LAWFUL.

2. bastard (now becoming a term of reproach), natural; spec. baseborn, base (archaic), hedgeborn (archaic), misbegotten,

Antonyms: see LEGITIMATE, illogical, a. inconsequent, invalid; spec. absurd, unreasonable, incoherent.

Antonyms: see LOGICAL. handed; spec. inauspicious.

Antonyms: see AUSPICIOUS. ill-shaped, a Spec. distorted, misshapen,

lopsided, ugly, ill-proportioned.

ill-smelling, a. malodorous (learned or bookish), offensive, nosey (colloq.), rank, cacodorous (a rare hybrid, humorous or contemptuous), inodorous (rare), grave-olent (literary; rhetorical, affected, or euphemistic); spec. foul, stinking, gamy, rancid, noisome, fetid, goatish, buckish, rotten, etc.

Antonyms: see FRAGRANT.

ill temper, temper; spec, ill-nature, illhumor, crossness, blood (chiefly with "bad" or in "to get" or "have one's blood up"), cankeredness (rare), bile (fig.; now chiefly collog), spleen (fig.), black dog (fig), grouchiness, groutiness (U. S.; colloq.), moroseness, doggedness; see ANGER.

111-tempered, c. Spec. ill-natured, ill-hu-mored, crabbed, unlovely, cross, shrewd (obs.), ugly (U. S.), sour, surly, grum, grumpy or grumpish, unamiable, morose, malignant, unkindly, sullen, sulky, bearish, cynical or cynic, churlish, cantankerous (colloq), dogged (rare), snarly, currish or (rare) doggish, snappish, shrewish,

vinegarish or vinegary, vinaigrous (rare), spleeny, splenetic, spleenish, vixenish, bilious, crusty, nasty, cranky, frumpy (a trwial or colloquial term , frumpish (rare), cankered, dorty (Scot.), grouchy or grouty (U. S.; colloq.), angry, irritable.

Antonyms: see Affable, Agreeable.
ill-treat, v. t. abuse, injure, ill-use, mistreat (chiefly spec.), maltreat (chiefly spec.), misuse; spec. bedevil, spite, mishandle, mohock (rare or hist.), violate, outrage, rape.

Antonyms. see CARESS, CHERISH, PRO-

TECT.

illuminate, v. f. 1. See LIGHT, BRIGHTEN, ENLIGHTEN, INSPIRE, ELUCIDATE.

3. ornament (contextual), illumine; spec. miniate, rubricate, emblase.

illusion, n. 1. Referring to the act: see DE-CEPTION.

2. Referring to the thing deception (contextual), unreality (emphasizing the unreal quality); spec. apparition, dream.

Antonyms: see ACTUALITY.

illustrate, v. t. 1. See EXAMPLE. 2. picture; spec. Grangerize.

illustration, n. 1. Referring to the action: see ELUCIDATION.

2. Referring to the thing: picture, figure; spec. diagram, plate, chart, drawing, crayon, iconography, frontispiece, cut, cartoon, caricature, lampoon.

ill will dislike (contextual); spec. enmity, hostility, malice, dole (Scot.), grudge (rare), spleen, spite, cankeredness (rare), rancor or rancour (rare or literary), malevolence, malignity, malignancy, venom, malignance (rare), animosity.

Antonyma: see Affection, Love, esteem. image, n. 1. representation (contextual), imago (learned), figure, copy, simulacre or simulacrum (learned or bookish; prima-ruly spec.), shape (contextual), effigy (chiefty spec.); spec. parhelion, doll, dolly, picture, icon, shadow, statue, painting, drawing, guy, idol, reflection, embodiment, counterpart, magot.

3. See APPARITION.

imagery, n. Spec. images (pl.), imaginations (pl.), figures (pl.), engraving, statuary, paintings (pl.), etc.

IS Cross references: see Note.
Ill, a: wicked, unjust, unkind,
faulty, harmful, ailing, discound.
Ill, n harm, ailing,
Ill-adapted: unesstable,
Ill-bred: impolite.
Ill-bred: unpolite.
Illegal: unlowful

illegitimate, n · bastard. ill-favored: homely, offensiss. ill humor: ill temper. ill-humored: ill-tempered. Illiberal: ungentlementy, nor row stringy illimitable: endless, infinite. Miterate: ignorunt.

III-judged: unwise.
III nature: 'il temper.
III-natured: 'ill-tempered.
III-proportioned: ill-shaped.
III-use: ill-treat
Illusory: deceptive.
Illustrious: fomous.

(chiefly spec.); spec. fancy, invented, ideal, | imitator, n. copyist, copier; spec. ape, parfictitious, shadowy, figmental (booksh or learned), notional, visionary, fantastic, fantasied or phantasied, conceivable, abstract, poetic

Antonyms' see actual,

imagination, n. 1. Referring to the faculty or action, conception (contextual), fancy (chiefly spec.), fiction, creation; spec. fantasy, conceit, description.

2. In reference to the thing imagined: see

FANCY.

imaginative, a. creative (contextual), fanciful, fictive, visionary (rare); spec. dreamy.

Antonyms: see Unimaginative, imita-

TIVE, PRACTICAL.

imagine, v. t. devise (contextual), conceive (contextual), fancy (chiefly spec.), think (contextual), create (contextual); spec suppose, feign, fantasy (archaic), picture, frame, figure, prefigure, dream, chimerize (rare), believe, guess, assume, pretend,

imbecile, a. 1. deranged (contextual), foolish, innocent (obs. or dial.), silly (archaic or spec), daft (chiefly predicative; now rare); spec semile, amile (rare), driveling, idiotic, half-witted.

Antonyma: see intelligent.

3. See FOOLISH.

imbecile, n. Spec. defective, driveler, idiot, mooncalf (chiefly dial. or literary), nidget (archaic), fool, half-wit (rare), cretin

imitate, v. t. copy, reproduce; spec. ape, borrow, mimic, counterfeit, mock, emulate, echo, follow, forge, duplicate, pat-

tern (rare), zany (rare).

Antonyms: see INVENT. imitated, a. Spec. second-hand, borrowed, counterfeit, mock, mimic, imitation (the noun used attributively), forged, pretended, feigned, false (contextual).

Anionyms: see NEW, ORIGINAL. imitation, n. 1. Spec. mimicking, mimicry, apery, mock (rare), forgery, parrotism or parretry (fig), etc.

Antonyma: see INVENTION.

3. In reference to the result of the action: epec. copy, counterfeit, forgery, mockery, echo, duplicate, counterpart, pretence, reproduction, etc.

Antonyms: see INVENTION.

Imitative, a. Spec. mimic, mimetic, counterfeit, Brummagem (Eng.), apish, copying, sequacious (learned), echoic, reflective.

Antonyma: see INVENTIVE, IMAGINATIVE.

rot, mimic, echo, counterfeiter.

immaterial, a. 1. incorporeal (chiefly spec.), unsubstantial or (rare) insubstantial, inessential (literary), metaphysical (tech.), matterless (rare); spec. bodiless or (rare) imbodied, incorporate (rare), in-concrete, aerie, insensible, unfleshly (rare), mental, spiritual, spectral.

Antonyms: see MATERIAL.

2. See UNIMPORTANT.

immateriality, n. incorporeality, immaterialness (rors), bodilessness, unsubstantiality or (rare) insubstantiality, in-essentiality (rare), mctaphysicalness; spec. aeriness, mentality, spirituality, etc. immature, a. undeveloped; spec. tender, unripe, unfledged, impuberal (rare), green, callow, beardless, young.

Antonyms: see GROWN. immaturity, n. undevelopedness; spec. impuberty, greenness, unripeness, etc.

immediate, a. 1. Spec. primary, next, direct, proximate.

Antonyms see intermediate, distant. 3. Spec. (referring to such nearness in time as is without any intervening action or the like) instant, instantaneous, prompt. "Immediate" and "prompt" are loosely used where there is only relative proximity. Antonyms: see DISTANT.

immediately, adv. 1. directly, direct (col-

log.), next, proximately, betimes.
2. instantly, presto (primardy a juggler's or magician's term; hence chiefly exclamatory or rhetorical), instanter (Latin or emphatic), forthwith, straightway (archaic or rhetorical), straight (archaic), straightly (archaic or obs.), forthright (archaic), therewith (archaic or formal), eftsoon or oftsoons (archaic); apec. now.

immense, a large (contextual), enormous, prodigious (literary or contemptuous), great, tremendous, huge, vast (chiefly spec.), vasty (rare; now chiefly a literary affectation); spec. elephantine, gigantic, colossal, huge, titanic, infinite (hyperbolical), stupendous, mountainous, monstrous.

Antonyms. see MINUTE, SMALL.

immensity, n. 1. largeness (contextual), greatness, immenseness (rare), enormousness, tremendousness, hugeness, enormity (rare), prodigiousness, vastity (rare), vastness; spec giganticness, colossalness, titanicness, infinity, monstrousness.

2. Naming a thing of great size mountain, enormity, monstrosity; spec. vastity,

vast, gulf, abysa.

Tooss references nee Note. imbricated: overlapping

imbrue: stain. imbrute: hrutalise imbue: impregnate, animate.

immaculates cleen, faultime, immanent: inherent, immature: undereloped.

IMPERCEPTIBLE

immersion, n. mersion (chiefly spec., rare); spec. dip, bath, swim, baptism, absorption.

Immigrant, n. incomer, comeling (archarc); spec. visitor, greener (slang), colonist.

Antonyma: see EMIGRANT.

immigrate, v. i. come (contextual).

Antonyms: see EMIGRATE. imminent, a. impendent (rare), impend-ing (less strong than "imminent"), instant (mare).

immoral, a. wicked (contextual), wrong, wrongful, vicious, loose (somewhat euphemistic), gay (cuphemistic), rotten (intensive and usually vulgar); spec. licentious, abandoned, dishonest, indecent, treacher-

Antonyms: see RIGHTEOUS, UPRIGHT.

immorality, n. wickedness, impurity, vice, viciousness, etc.

immortal, a 1. deathless (a homlier word than "immortal"), undying, never-dying, imperishable; spec. endless.

Antonyms: see MORTAL.

3. See FAMOUS.

immortalize, v. t. fame; spec. deify. immovable, a. 1. moveless (rare), fixed, immobile, immotile (rare), stationary.

Antonyms: see Changeable, Immovable, 2. See MOTIONLESS, UNYIELDING.

impact, n. stroke, blow, impingement (tech. or learned); spec. percussion, appulse, brunt, bump, touch, slam. Many of the words mentioned under "stroke" are used in the closely allied sense of "impact."

Impair, v. f. deteriorate, damage, harm, injure; spec. mar, spoil, flaw, vitiate, touch, ruin, blemish, shatter (fig.), reduce, dilapidate, deface, crush, break, wear, etc.

Antonyms: see AMEND, IMPROVE.

impair, v. i. deteriorate, decline; spec. vitiate, shatter, ruin, break, wear, etc.; see SPOIL.

Antonyma: see IMPROVE

impairment, n. deterioration, damage, harm, injury; spec. mar, blemish, shattering, break, wear, etc.

impartial, a. just, fair, equal (hiterary), imperceptible, a. unsensible (rare), indis-

even (archaic); spec. disinterested, dispassionate, unpassionate, unbiased, un-prejudiced, indifferent (rare, exc. tech.), unwarped.

Antonyms: PARTIAL, PREJUDICED, UN-

impartiality, n. justice, impartialness (rare), fairness, equality (literary), evenness (rare; archaic); spec. dispassion, dispassionateness, impassionateness, indifference, indifferency (rare).

Antonyms: see Partiality.

impassable, q. impermeable (chiefly spec.); spec impervious, imperviable (rare), passless (rare), waterproof, airtight, watertight, tight, intranscalent (rare), innavigable (rars), unnavigable, impenetrable.

Antonyms: see Passable.

impassive, a. 1. See INSENSIBLE.

2. inexpressive, immobile, immovable; spec. stoical, impassible, undemonstrative, unimpressionable, unimpressible, stolid, apathetic, calm.

Antonyms see DEMONSTRATIVE, EFFU-

BIVE, VEHEMENT.

impassioned, a. passionate; impassion-ate (rare); spec. frenzied, angry, frantic, furious.

impel, v. t. 1. move (contextual), impulse (rare); spec. drive, send, kick, throw, push, etc.

Antonyms see RESTRAIN.

2. Referring to the mind or inclinations: excite, move, permove (rars), constrain; spec. compel, actuate, urge, drive. Antonyms: see RESTRAIN, STOP.

impelling, a. 1. impulsive, propulsive, driving.

2. moving, exciting, constraining; ace incentive; of imper.

impenetrable, a. 1. dense (contextual), proof, impermeable, impervious, imperviable (rare).

Antonyms: see PERVIOUS.

2. unintelligible.

imponitent, a. nonrepentant, irrepentant (rare), unrepentant, obdurate, uncontrite (rare); spec. unconverted.
Antonyms: see REGRETFUL.

Cross references see Note. immerse: dip, balke, baptise, immethodical: disorderly, immigrate: migrate immitgable: implicable, immobile: immobale, me immobile: immorable, tonless, fixed, impassive, immoderate: azcessive, immoderation: excess. immodest: improper, inde-

immolate: sacrifice, bill. immotile: motionless. immune: free, unpunished, methurt.

immure: confine.
immutable: unchangeable.
imp, n. child, demon, elf.
imp, t. graft.
impale: transfix, torture, pensch. impalpable: intengible. impanate: embody, imparity: inequality. impart: communicale. impartible: indivisible. impartment: communication.

impassionate: engry, impossioned, sarnest. impatient: pritable, intelerant, uneasy. impeach: accuse discredit. impecunious: poor. impede: hunder, impediment: hindrance, shstacle state impediments: baggage impend: hang, impending: immmen! imperative: commanding, ur-

tinguishable, insensible, imperceivable (rare), inappreciable, unperceivable (rare), ition inapprehensible, indiscernible, spec. undiscoverable, maudible, invisible.

Antonyms: see PERCEPTIBLE

Imperfect, a. deficient, unperfect (rare), faulty, bad, poor; spec. incomplete, crude, rude, rudementary, dough-baked (dial or collog.), half-baked (collog.), lame, defective, flawy (rare), catalectic, foxy (cant), unsound, illogical, decayed, inelegant, etc.

Antonyms: see ABSOLUTE, COMPLETE,

EXCELLENT.

imperfection, s. fault, defect, default (rare), imperfectness; spec speck, incompleteness, defectiveness, deficiency, faultiness, incompleteness, incompletion (rare), illogicality, inelegance, unsoundness brack (chiefly dual.), taint, shot, cloud. unsoundness, Antonyms: see PERFECTION.

imperial, a. 1. imperatorial (rare); spec.

august.

2. See BOVEREIGN.

imperiousness, n. domineeringness.

imperishable, a. endless; see IMMORTAL. Antonyms: see TRANSIENT.

impetuosity, n. impetuousness, ardency, vehemence, fury, fire, violence, ferocity, ferceness, headiness, headlongness, headiness, headlongness, headlongness headedness, brashness (chiefly spec.), rush,

bull-headedness (collog.), haste, élan (French); spec. frenzy, passion.

Antonyma: see DELIBERATION. impetuous, a. ardent, fiery, vehement, violent, fierce, headlong, hot-headed, brash (chiefly spec.), bull-headed (colloq.); spec, swift, breakneck, rushing, passionate, hasty, mad-brained, mad-headed, frantic, furious, ferocious.

Antonyms: see DELIBERATE, APATHETIC.

Impious, a. 1. See IRRELIGIOUS.

2. irreverent (contextual), profane; spec. blasphemous.

impich, a. demoniac; spec. puckish, puck-

implacable, a. Spec. impropitiable, immitigable, deadly; see unrorgiving, MORTAL.

Antonyms: see MERCIFUL. implant, v. f. 1. fix; spec. insert. 2. Sec INTRODUCE.

FERENCE.

assumption; see IMPLY.

implicative, a. implicating. implied, a. implicit, involved, comprised; spec. tacit, connoted, inferred, assumed.

2. meaning (contextual), involvement or

(rars) involution, comprisal (rare), com-

prehension; spec connotation, inference,

3. Referring to what is implied: see IN-

Antonyms: see EXPLICIT. imply, v. t. mean, import, involve, implicate (less common than "imply"), comprise, comprehend; spec. connote, suppose, presuppose, infer, assume.

Antonyms: see EXPRESS, EXCLUDE. impolite, a. ill-bred (properly spec.), rude, discourteous, unmannerly, disrespectful, respectless (rare); spec. ungentlemanly,

ungentle, ungracious. Antonyms: see POLITE.

impoliteness, n. ill-breeding (properly spec.), rudeness, unmannerliness, discourtesy, spec. ungentleness, scurviness, shabbiness, disrespect, disrespectfulness, ungentlemanliness, inurbanity, inurbaneness (rare).

imponderable, a. 1. weightless.

3. See unsubstantial.

importance, n. account, concern or (less common) concernment, import, interest, weight, significance, moment (now chiefly with "great," "small," "little," or the like). consequence, matter; spec. caliber (fg.), ponderance (rare), ponderosity (chiefly literary and spec.), estimation, materialness, magnitude, notability, regard, esteem, figure, greatness, largeness, stress, value, self-importance, seriousness.

Antonyms: see insignificance; also cf.

IMPORTANT.

important, a. notable, interesting, significant, weighty, considerable, momentous (a stronger term than the noun "moment"); spec. eventful, material, esteemed, consequential, substantial, big (collog. or humorous), live, earnest, heavy, high, large, great, grave, ponderous, valuable, serious, self-important, critical.

Antonyms: see UNIMPORTANT, TRIVIAL,

INSIGNIFICANT.

tar Crass references: see Note. imperit: endanger imperious: dommering. imperiohable: unmeriol. imperium: empire impermeable: impersoble, impersonal: general. impersonates embody, hypify, Impersonators actor. Impertinent: arrelessal, im-pudent. act

imperturbable: calm. Impetration: asking impetus: energy, momentimplety: vreligion implaget collide, sterks. impingement: collinon, 4 part implant: fix, meert, introduce. implement: instrument, implicated imply, involve, implicit: implicit: implicit; implicit, implicit; implicit, implicit, implicit; implicit;

implosion: burst implume: feather, impolitic: uncus, imponderable: venghitess, un-ponderous import, v. t.. introduce, imply. import, n: meaning, imporimportunate: persistent, urgent Importune: ask, urge, ply.

importunity, n. importunacy (rare), importunateness, asking (contextual), ur-

impose, v. t. 1. See SUPERPOSE.

2. put, father (spec. or fig.), place (contextual), fasten, fix; spec. entail, dictate, force, clap, saddle, charge, tax, quota (rare), levy, inflict, enforce.

imposing, a. Spec. dignified, grand, magnificent, grandiose, superb, courtly, august, imperial, royal, regal, lofty, stately, palatial, haughty, majestic, monumental, exalted, sublime.

Antonyms: see insignificant.

impossible, a. Spec. infeasible or unfeasible, insuperable, impracticable, ineffectible (rare), hopeless.

Antonymis: see Possible, Probable, impostor, n. deceiver (contextual); spec. counterfeiter, humbug, bunyip (Australia). deceptress (fem.), mountebank, charlatan, quack.

impound, v. t. confine (contextual), pound,

pinfold.

Antonyms: sec FREE.

impoverish, v. t. 1. Spec. pauperize, beggar, rum, ruinate, depauperate (rare and literary; chiefly fig).

Antonyms: see ENRICH.

3. See EXHAUST.

impracticable, a. 1. impossible (contextual), infeasible, ineffectible.

2. See intractable, useless impregnable, a unconquerable, impregnate, v t. 1. See FRUCTIFY.

2. Spec. fill, saturate, permeate, imbue, imbrue, pervade (less emphatic than "permeate"), soak, interpenetrate, medicate,

embalm, dye, tinge, etc.

impress, v. t. levy, enlist, press, crimp;

spec. draft, requisition, confiscate.

impressible, a impressionable, sensitive; spec. movable, tender, waxy (often deroga-tory), waxen (rare), soft, plastic. Antonyma: see INSENSIBLE,

impressive, a. Spec. effective, speaking, powerful, telling, atriking, splendid, frappant (French), effecting; spec. emphatic, solemn.

Antonyms: see INEFFECTUAL, UNCON-VINCING, INSIGNIFICANT.

imprison, v. t confine, quod (slang), secure (rare), stock (obs. or spec.); spec. jail, commit.

Antonyms: see free, deliver.

imprisonment, n. confinement, durance: spec. custody, arrest, duress.

Improbable, n. unlikely; spec. implausible.

Antonyms: see PROBABLE.

improper, a. wrong; spec. indecorous, inappropriate, unseemly (a stronger term than "improper"), unbecoming, undue, fie-fie (focular), incorrect, unfit or unfit-ting, unsuitable, wrong, illegitimate, irregular, immodest, imprudent, discourteous, etc ; see indecent.

Antonyms: see PROPER, APPROPRIATE,

TIMELY, BECOMING.

impropriety, n. unpropriety (rare); spec. indecorum, indecorousness, unsuitability, unsuitableness, etc., indecency, immodesty, imprudence, solecism.

improvable, a. betterable (rare or collog.),

amendable; spec. cultivable.
improve, v t. better (a homelier and stronger term than "improve"), amend or mend (now rare); spec. edify, ameliorate or (less common) meliorate, cultivate, brighten, refine, soften, increase, lower, etc.

Antonyms: see SPOIL, IMPAIR.
improve, v. i. better; spec. ameliorate, meliorate, brighten, mend, refine, soften, increase, etc.

Antonyms: see DECLINE, DETERIORATE,

IMPAIR.

imprudent, a. 1. careless (which see), incautious; spec. thriftless, improvident. 2. See UNWISE.

impudence, n. impudency (rare), impudentness (rare), impertinence, procacity (rare), cheek (slang), cheekiness (slang), boldness, bold-facedness, forwardness; spec brazenness, brazen-facedness, presumption, insolence, contumely, brashness, bumptiousness, pertness, sauciness, malapertness (archaic), petulance (rare), hardiness, hardihood, nerve (slang), nerviness (slang), effrontery, gall (slang), lip (vulgar slang), front (rare or vulgar), face (slang, U.S.), sauce (colloq.), jaw (vulgar, slang), insolency (rare), protervity (rare), abuse, contempt, arrogance, defiance, shamelessness, intrusiveness, etc.

Antonyms: see CONSIDERATION, POLITE-

impudent, a. impertinent, cheeky (slang); spec. pert, saucy, bold or bold-faced, brazen or brazen-faced, insolent, arrogant, brash, bumptious, malapert (gr-

tor Cross references: see Note. impotent: weak, helpless, pow-eriess impractical: menonary.

imprecation: curse. impresario: manager. imprescriptible: inalienable.

impress, v. t.: print, mark, fiz, impression, n. printing, mark, edition, idea, effect impressionable: impressible impressment: carnecinese. imprest: advance imprimatur: approval

imprint, v 1 · mark, fix, print. Imprint, n · print, mark. Impromptu, act estempora. Improvident: careless improvisatory: extemporary. improvise: extemporars, sweet. impuberty: ummaturity.

chaic), forward, cool, hardy, nervy (collog.), hippy (vulgar slang), brassy (slang), hubristic (rare), protervous (rare), contumelious, abusive, contemptuous, defiant, unblushing, blushless (rare), intrusive, unbashful (rare), shameless, assured, rudeness.

Antonyms: see POLITE, RESPECTIVL, OB-

SEQUIOUS, ABJECT, BASHFUL.

impulse, n. 1. In reference to the act: impulsion; spec. drive, push, throw, kick, send, nisus. Cf. impel, v.

Antonyms: see STOPPAGE.

2. In reference to the force or energy: influence, shock; spec. throw, push, etc.

3. In reference to action upon the mind influence; spec. ate (literary), incitement. 4. In reference to the action of the mind: inclination.

5. See MOMENTUM.

impulsive, a. 1. See IMPELLING.

hasty; spec. heedless, careless, madbrained, mad-cap.

Antonyma : see DELIBERATE. in, adv. within; spec. inwards.

Antonyms: see our.

Inability, n. disability; spec. disqualifica-

Antonyms: see ABILITY.

innocessible, a. unaccessible (rare), uncomeatable (collog); spec. unapproachable or (rare) mapproachable

Antonyma: see accessible, gettable. inaccurate, a. incorrect, inexact; spec. erroneous

Antonyms. 866 ACCURATE

inactive, a idle (chiefly spec.), quiet; spec. do-nothing (colled), faincant (French; re-proachful; literary), quiescent, dormant, slumbering (a homelier equivalent of "dorstudies in the distribution of the fact of "bemant"), sluggish, inert, passive, drowsy,
effortless, restive (rare), peaceful, sleepy,
restful, inanimate, lifeless, deedless
(literary or rare), dull, stagnant, motionless. "Latent" is not a synonym of inactive, "latent" implies only the fact of "being hidden," and not "inactivity. Antonyms: see ACTIVE, LIVELY,

Inactivity, n. inaction, inactiveness; spec. do-nothingness (collog), do-nothingism

(collog.), fainéance (French; reproachful; literary), quiescence, dormancy, slumber, passiveness, drowsiness, sluggishness, inertness, passiveness, drowsiness, peacefulness, repose, indolence, idling, filanerie (french), deedlessness, idle, dolce far mente (Italian, mexertion (rare), mertion (rare), stagnation, rest, hibernation (fg.), peace, stallage, trallageness methanlossness dullness, lifelessness, motionlessness.

Autonyms: see action; also cf. alert inadvisable, a inexpedient, unprofitable;

See UNADVISABLE. Antonyms: see advantageous.

inalienable, a. indeprivable, imprescriptible, untransferable, indefeasible, unforfeitable.

inartistic, a inartificial (rare), artless (more emphatic than "inartistic"); spec. crude. Antonyms. see ARTISTIC.

inattention, n. inadvertence, mobservance, inobservancy (rare), unmindfulness, unobservance (rare); spec oscitance (rare), oscitation (rare), oscitancy (rare), nonadvertence or nonadvertency (rare), bévue (French), slip, mapplication, carelessness, absent-mindedness, disregard.

Antonyms: see ATTENTION.

Inattentive, a. madvertent, unmindful, unobservant, unobserving, unheedy (rare); spec. oscitant (rare), incurious (literary), careless, absent, disregardful.

Antonyms: see attentive inaudible, a. unhearable; spec. silent. inauspicious, a. unauspicious (rare), unfavorable (a weak word), spec. ill-starred, ominous, unpropitious, unlucky.

Antonyms: see AUSPICIOUS.

incalculable, a. inestimable, infinite, unknown, sumless, untold, incomputable, unreckonable; cf. countiess. incapable, a Spec. unable, incompetent,

disqualified.

Antonyms: see able.

incendiary, a conflagrator (rare), firer (rare); spec. arsonist (rare). incense, n. 1. censery (rare); spec. frankin-

3. See FRAGRANCE.

incentive, a. incitive, provocative; see IM-PELLING.

Cross references: see Note. Impugn: attack. imputity: freedom.
imputity: freedom.
impute: dirty, foul, adulterated, treentous, immoral, corrupt, dreegy
imputable: attributable. Impute: attenbute Inability: disability. inaccordance: disagreement. inaccordant: disagreeing. inaction: inactivity, inadequate: deficient. inadvertent: inattenties. inamorata, n.: love.

inane: empty, foolish, inanimate: lifeless, dull inanition: emptiness, exhausinanity: emptiness, foolishness. inappreciative: insensible. imapproachable: snaccessible.
inappropriate: unsustable
imapt: unsustable, unkward
imarticulate: dumb, joundees
imartifolal: snartistic, artiess, inaugurate: admit, begin. Inborn: unnate, instinctive.

inbreathe: inhale, inspire, inbreed: innate, chronic, inbreed: innate, chronic, incandescence: gloss, incandescence: gloss, incandescent: hot incandation: conjustion, incapacitate: disable, incapacitate; disable, incapacitate, disable, disabl inonpacity: desability. incarnate, e f embody, incase: inclose, clothe incautious: imprudent, incendiary, a desentious. incendiary, a desentious. incense, s t burn, anger, incentive: impelling.

INCLOSURE

incentive, n. propellate (rare), incitement (less usual than "incentive"); spec mainspring, provocative, instigation, provocation, goad, spur, stimulus, reason. incidentally, ade obiter (Latin).

incise, v. t. incide (rare), cut (contextual);

spec. engrave, scarify.
incision, n. cut (contextual), insection

(rare); spec. scarification. incite, v. t. 1. actuate, instigate, move; spec. provoke, goad, hound, drive, impel, prod, push, sick (colleg. or undignified), egg, halloo, stimulate, animate, force, excite, reason, urge, spur, encour-

age, abet, coax, cheer, solicit, suggest, etc. create (contextual), cause (contextual), raise, call (chiefly with "into being" or

), spec. foment (fig.), ferment (fig.).

Antonyms: see RESTRAIN, PREVENT. incitement, n. 1. In reference to action actuation, motion (rare); spec. call, fomentation (fig.), instigation, provocation, goading, impulsion, egging, spurring, instance, stimulation, animation, excitement, reasoning, encouragement, solicitation, abetment, coaxing, cheering, suggestion, etc.

Antonyms see RESTRAINT, PREVENTION. 2. In reference to what incites: see INCEN-

TIVE.

3. creation (contextual), causing (contextual), fermentation; spec. fomentation, raising, calling

incivility, n disrespect, rudeness; spec.

slight, impudence.

inclination, n. 1. disposition; spec. predilection, tendency, leaning, mind, set, penchant (French), bias, appetency, itch (usually contemptuous), caroethes (learned for "uch"), twist, turn, propensity, proclivity, predisposition, proneness, bent, propenseness (rare), propension (rare), dislike, liking, taste, fear, etc.

Antonyms. see DISINCLINATION.

a deviation (contextual), pitch (chiefly tech., and usually spec.), spec tilt, tip, cant, obliquity, droop, slant, rake, ramp, leaning, incline (rare), batter, declivity (down), acclivity (up), slope, cock, recumbency, hade, heel, list.

3. See BOW.

incline, v. t. 1. See Bow.

2. deviate (rare; contextual), pitch (chiefly spec.); sp c. recline, droop, bow, slant, skew, rake, lean, cock, alope, tilt, tip, lurch, careen, heel.

3. d.spose, lean (rare), bend, bias, predispose, oversway (rare), inflect (rare), move, frame.

Antonyma: see disincline.

incline, v. i. 1. See BOW.

2. deviate (contextual), slant, pitch (chiefly spec.); spec. droop, stoop, bow, rake, slope, hang, careen, lurch, list, hade, slouch.

lean, tend.

incline, n. 1. slope, inclination; spec. acchvity (upward), declivity (downward), grade, escalator.

2. See INCLINATION

inclined, a. I. See DISPOSED.

2. aloping, oblique, inclining, slant, slanting, slantwise; spec. drooping, canted, skew, recumbent, leaning, declivitous, etc. Cf. INCLINATION.

Antonyms: see VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL,

PARALLEL.

inclining, a. i. See INCLINED.

3. dispositive (literary).

inclose, v. t. enclose (a variant), encompass, circumclude (rare), include (now rare, exc. in the p p. or in a nonmaterial sense), close; spec. embosom (rare), bosom, circumscribe, circummure, core, embed, pen, coop, look (fig.), seal, enlock (rare), embay (often fig.), sphere (rare), encircle, incase or case, corral (chiefly U. S.; often fig.), envelop, surround, hedge, incapsulate, bower, cavern, englobe (rare), enshrine or shrine, encyst, box, incave or incavern (rare), inwall, dike, emball (rare), embox (rare), impark, encapsule, en-(rare), incoffin (rare), wall, palisade, pale (rare), rail, padcoffin dock, kraal, embower, coffin, rope, cabinet, capsule, caldron (rare), casket, cas-tle, cupboard, chamber, coffer. The word "inclose" suggests prevention of either egress

inclosure, n 1. encompassment, circumclusion (rare); spec. embosomment (rare), circumscription, embedment, encirclement (rare), inspherement (rare), envelopment, surrounding, incapsulation, etc. 2. Referring to that by which a thing is inclosed: spec. wall, list (literary), envelope, case, box, curb, girdle (often fig.), cincture (often fig.).

3. Referring to the inclosed place: spec.

Cross references, see Note. inception: beginning. Incessant: constant. inch, v. t. | advance. inch, v. t. | force. inchoate, a.; initial. inchoate, v. t. | begin.

incidence, n. falling, incident, a. falling, accessory, acceptantal. incident, n.: occurrence, accesincidental: occidental, current. incinerate: burn

Incipient: initial, elementary, beginning include: engraved. incluive: cutting, sharp. incisor: tooth. inclemency: severity. inclining: disposition.

inciplence: beginning.

close (chiefly archaic), pen, fold, sty, coop, stall, shed, hatch, crib, clicst, bin, brake, envelope, crew (dtal), crawl (colonial Eng), corral, stockade, fold, park, hay (archaic), intake, lock, pound, sept (rare), pale (rare), yard, enceinte (French), college (local Eng.), garth (Eng.; chiefly in "doister garth"), dock, cofferdam, paddock, kheda or kedda, cote, court, compound (Anglo-Indian), precinct.

include, v. t. comprehend (chiefly spec.), spec. comprise, intercept, contain, embody, involve, incorporate, number, cov-

er, count, subsume, embrace.

Antonyms : see OMIT, EXCEPT, EXCLUDE. inclusion, n. comprehension, comprisal, incorporation.

inclusive, a. 1. inclusory, comprehensive.

Antonymu: see EXCLUSIVE.

2. With an implication of great scope or inclusion: spec. unexclusive (rare), sweeping, all-embracing, compendious, wide, liberal, comprehensive.

Antonyms see NARROW.

incombustible, a. fireproof (a homlier word, of more specific associations). Antonyma: see COMBUSTIBLE.

income, n. 1. entrance (rare), incoming (chiefly in pl.).

Antonyms: see ourgo.

 Spec. gain, return, earnings (pl.), revenue, receipts (pl.), perquisite. Antonyms: sec EXPENDITURE.

incoming, a. entrant (rare), inward (emphasizing the idea of direction).

incoming, n. entrance; spec. inrushing, inflow.

Antonyms: see OUTFLOW.

incompatibility, n. Spec. antipathy, inconsistence

incompatible, a. Spec. antipathetic, uncongenial, inconsistent, unsympathetic.

incomplete, a. deficient, partial; spec. in-exhaustive, unaccomplished, unfinished. Antonyms: see COMPLETE, FINISHED, THOROUGH.

incongruous, a. incongruent, disagreeing; spec. grotesque, unconstituted, absurd

Antonyms: see Correspondent.

inconsequent, a. 1. illogical, inconsequential (less common than "inconsequent"); spec. disconnected, discontinuous, loose,

desultory, inconsecutive, fragmentary, suppy or suppety (contemptuous; colloq.), inconclusiveness

Antonyms. see LOGICAL.

2. Spec. bitty (collog.), scrappy, discontinuous, fragmentary.

3. See t nimportant, inconsistent. inconsistency, n. Spec illogicality, inconsonance, repugnance, inconsequence, incoherence, etc.; see CONTRADICTION.

Autonyms' see agreement.

inconsistent, a. 1. illogical (contextual), different (contextual), incompatible (chiefly tech), incompassible (tech), discrepant, variant (contextual), inconsonant (a mild term); spec. intolerant, inconsequent, incoherent, contradictory or (less usual) contradictious or (rare) contrariant, selfcontradictory, incombinable, nonsequential, meongruous, mreconculable, contrary, repugnant, antagonistic, solecistic (learned), changeable.

Antonyms: see Consistent, Agreeable,

CORRESPONDENT, LOGICAL.

2. In reference to asthetic ideas: inconsonant, dissonant, discordant, inaccord-

Anlanyms: see CONSISTENT.

inconvenience, n. 1. incommodiousness (becoming obs., exc. spec.), incommodity (now rare, exc spec); spec. disadvantageousness, untimeliness, troublesomeness, annoyingness, difficulty, etc.

Andonyms see CONVENIENCE.

2. Referring to what gives inconvenience: spec. disadvantage, trouble, annoyance, difficulty, etc.

Antonyms' see Convenience,

inconvenience, v. l. incommode (now chiefly spec), discommode (rare); spec. disaccommodate.

inconvenient, a. incommodious (now becoming obs., exc. spec.), discommodious (obs. or rare), disconvenient (obs. or rare), awkward (fig., ezc. spec.); spec. disadvantageous, untimely, troublesome, annoying, difficult, etc.

Antonyms: see convenient.

inconvertible, a. inexchangeable, incorrect, a. Spec. maccurate, wrong, unsound, untrue, false, faulty, improper, unbecoming, erroneous, illogical, etc.

Antonyms: see CORRECT

to Cross references see Note. incoerolible: unyielding. incognito: disguised, incoherent: illogical, inconaustent incommode: inconvenience incommodicum: inconvenient, incomparable: uncqualed, incomparable: uncqualed, incomparable: different, incomparable: dispersit, incomparable: dispersit,

incompetent: incapable incomprehensible: unintelliincomputable: incalculable, inconceivable: unthinkable inconcelusive; indecisive. inconformable: different inconsequential; inconse quent, animportant [small Inconsiderable: unimportant, inconsiderate: carcless, indif-

ferent, thoughtless, inconsolable: disconsolate, inconsopant: inconsistent, inconspicuous: unnoticeable.
incontents: changeable
incontentable: undersable incontinent: unrestrained, liincontrovertible: undeniable. incorporate: embody. incorporati: ummaterial

INDETERMINATE

incorrectness, n. inaccuracy, untruth, faultiness, etc.

incorrigible, a. abandoned; spec. recidi-

increase, v. t. grow (fig. or chiefly spec.), augment; spec enhance, multiply, lengthen, eke (archaic), greaten (archaic), exaggerate, inflate, fan (chiefly fig), reinforce, redouble, raise, swell, thicken, heighten, intensify, extend, enlarge, inflate, strengthen, generate, develop, double, triple, etc.

Anionyms: sec abate, diminish, relax increase, v. i. grow, wax (rare or archaic, exc. spec.); spec. enhance, multiply, lengthen, rise, gather, accrue, mount, swell, thicken, heighten, intensify, extend, enlarge, etc.

Antonyms: see diminish, relax.

increase, n. increasement (rare), increment (chiefly spec.), growth, addition, augmentation; spec. enhancement, multiplication, gain, crescendo, lengthening, exaggeration, rise, spurt, inflection, reinforcement, redoubling, swell, swelling, ac-cession, accretion, enlargement, addition, accumulation, heightening, intensification, thickening, inflation, generation, etc. Antonyms. see DIMINUTION

increasing, a. growing, lengthening, crescent (literary equivalent of "growing"), crescive (rare), increscent (chiefly spec.), incretionary (rare); spec multiplying, etc.

Antonyma · see DIMINISHING.

Incredible, a. unbelievable; spec. absurd, nonsensical.

Antonyms : see CREDIBLE.

incubate, v. t. sit, brood, cover; spec. hatch. incumbent, a 1. Spec superincumbent, superjacent (rare), overlying, brooding. Antonyms, see UNDERLYING,

2. See BINDING.

ineur, v. t. get; spec. run, contract, gain, acquire.

Antonyms. see AVOID, AVERT.

incurable, a. remediless, irremediable (rare, exc. fig.), immedicable (rare), unmedicinable (rare); spec. hopeless. Antonyms: see CURABLE.

indebted, a. obligated, beholden (now archaic or literary)

indecent, a. 1. See IMPROPER.

2. improper (contextual), obscene, lewd,

blue (euphemistic or colloq), immodest, coarse (contextual), unclean (fig.); spec. bold, filthy, nasty, dirty (a rulgar or very strong word), shameless, immoral, smutty. often used as synonyms of "indecent."

Antonomy and a synonyms of "indecent." Various words given under "filthy"

Antonyms: see Chaste, modest. indecision, n. doubt, hesitation, irresoluteness or irresolution; spec. shillyshally, vacillation.

indecisive, a meonclusive. Antonyms: see DECISIVE

indefensible, a. defenseless, insupportable; spec. inexcusable, excuseless, untenable.

Antonyms: see DEFENSIBLE.

indefinite, a. indefinitive (rars); spec. unlimited, obscure, nameless, indefinable, indecisive, uncertain, undefined, vague, general, uncircumstantial, impersonal, inexplicit, indescribable, indesignate, endless, nondescript.

Antonyms: see DEFINITE, CIRCUMSTAN-

indent, v. t. Spec. notch, serrate, tooth, incise, jag (rare), recess, engrail, pink, scallop, scollop.

indent, v t. hollow (contextual), dent or (now less common) dint, print; spec, pick, dinge, batter, punctuate, bruise, peck, pit, dimple.

Antonyms: see EMBOSS.

indentation, n. depression (contextual). hollow (contextual), indenting (rare), indenture (rare), indention (rare, exc. spec.), print, dent or (now less common) dint; spec. peck, pick, pit, kick (cant), dimple, recess, notch, jag, tooth, serration, incisure, cut, bruise, embrasure, scallop, scollop, crenel or crenelle, inlet. "Indentation" is a more formal term than "dent."

indented, a. Spec. notched, jagged, cut, crose, crenate, dancetté or dancettée.

indenture, n. 1. See INDENTATION. 2. agreement, indent (rare); spec. deed. certificate, chirograph.

indescribable, a. unnamable, unmentionable, nameless.

Antonyms see Describable.

indestructible, a. Spec. indiscerptible (rare), inextinguishable, imperishable, endless.

Antonyms: see DESTRUCTIBLE.

Cross references see Note. meorigible: abandoned incredible: unbetterable, absurd, incredibly: unbetterable, absurd, incredibles: unbetterable, doubtful incredibles: unbettering, doubtful increment: increase, addition. incriminate: accuse, insolve, incrust: crust incubate, v. i . set. incubus: demon, neghtmere

nouloute: teach, inspire. inculpate: involve incumabula: beginning. incurious: and ferent, careless, incursion: areason incursive: aggressive, invasive. Indecorous: improper indecorum: impropriety. indeed, adv. actually. Indeed, a * actual indefatigable: unfiring.

indefeasible: inglienable. indelible: ineffaceable, indecent, indemnify: compensate, indenture: bind. independence: freedom, as-surance fortune [absolute. independent: free, assured, indeterminable: andless Indeterminate: uncertain.

indicate, v. t. Spec. imply, infer, show, evince, denote, depict, designate, specify, particularize, tell, mark, signify, betoken or (rare, token, signalize, bespeak, index (rare), suggest, register, hint, label, de-scribe, name, demonstrate, contra-indicate, foreshadow, sign, evidence, disclose, presign (rare), symptomatize, etc.

Antonyms see HIDE, OBSCURE. indication, n. Spec. implication, inference, show, sign, index, indicium (chiefly in pl), designation, specification, suggestion, evincement, denotation, denotement (rere), particularization, telling, mark, signification, betoken, token, registry, hint, label, description, mention, evidence, disclosure, symptom, etc.

Antonyms: see Hiding, obscuration.
indicative, a indicatory, indicial (rare); spec. designative, evincive, significatory, significant, significative, indicant, indexical (rare), suggestive, symptomatic, demonstrative, etc.

indictment, n. accusation (contextual), dittay (Scot.).

1. indifferency (rare); Indifference, %. spec. coldness, frigidity, dryness, coolness, lukewarmness, nonchalance, easefulness (rare), ease, easiness, stoicism, distance, listlessness, insouciance (French), Laodiceanism (fig.), Spartanism (fig.), adiaphorism, apathy, carelessness, dullness, insensibility, frivolity, incuriosity, incuriousness, equality.

Antonyma: see AFFECTION, INTEREST. ARDOR, CURIOSITY.

2. Spec. mediocrity, ordinariness, unimportance.

Indifferent, a. 1. Spec. cold, cool, calm, frigid, dry, light, lukewarm, nonchalant, insouciant (French), easeful (rare) or easy, adiaphorist or adiaphoristic or adiaphorous (tech or learned), Laodicean (fig.), tossy (rare), unconcerned, easy-going (colloq), inconsiderate, stoical, listless, distant, unmoved, Spartan (fig.), incurious, uninquiring, uncurious (rare), apathetic, perfunctory, dull, insensible, careless.

Antonyms: see Affectionate, ardent,

CURIOUS.

indirect, a. devious; spec. circuitous, tortuous, oblique, sidelong, squint, secondary, mediate, circumlocutory, round-about, deceitful, consequential.

Antonyms. see DIRECT. indirection, n. deviousness, deviation; spec. circuity, circuitousness, obliquity, obliqueness, secondariness, mediacy, circumlocution, deceitful, roundabout.

indistinct, a. obscure; spec. nebulous, thick, misty, feeble, hasy, uncertain, dreamy, dull, blurred, faint, inarticulate, indistinguishable, indefinite, confused. broken, etc.

Antonyma: see definite.

individual, a. Spec. definite, several (used with a pl.; technical or learned), special, separate, particular, single, concrete, proper, inseparable, same, respective.

Antonyms see COMMON, COLLECTIVE, GENERAL, MUTUAL.

individual, n. unit, one, singular (rare); spec. head (often collective pl.), particular, person, incident.

individuality, n. selfness (rore), singularity, definiteness (contextual); spec. identity; see PERSONALITY

individualize, v. f. singularize, peculiar-

individually, adv. separately, definitely, severally, apart (a predicative); spec. apiece, distributively.

indivisible, a. inseparable, impartible. indolence, n. idleness, otiosity (learned), ease, Laurence or Lawrence (fig.).

Antonyms: see ACTIVITY, APPLICATION. WORK.

indolent, a, idle, otiose (learned); spec. easy, easeful (rare), easy-going (collog.), fat (collog. or slang).

Antonyms: see ACTIVE, OCCUPIED. indoor, a. intramural (learned). Antonyms: see OUTDOOR, OPEN-AIR. indorse, v. t. 1. endorse (a variant); spec.

visé (French), docket, countersign. 2. See APPROVE.

induce, v. t. 1. Spec. lead, cause, occasion, win, draw, bring, get, have, drive, motive, motivate (rare), persuade, procure. Antonyms: see DISSUADE.

3. See CAUSE, INFER

2. See MODERATE, FAIR, UNIMPORTANT. | inducement, n. 1. Referring to the act:

Cross references see Note indict: accuse indigence: poverty indigenous: native, inborn. indigested: ill-considered. indignation: anger. indignity: ensuit circuitously, secondarily, sideways, sideway. Indiscrete: unicide.

indiscretion: unwisdom indiscriminate: confused, helerogeneous indispensable: escential Indiaposa: disease, weaken, disuncline indisposed: ailing, unfriendly indisposition: ailment, dism-clination. indisposition-indisputable: undeniable, indisputable: undeniable, insepindite: compose inditor: author individualism: -narvidualism: personality, individualise: define individualise: Individuate: define indivisible: inseparable indomitable: unyiding, unindubitable: unquestionable. induct: admit, introduce, usher. inductile: unyielding inductive: inferential

spec, causation (rare), occasioning, persussion, motivation (rare), drawing, procurement, etc.

2. Referring to the thing: spec. cause, persuasive, consideration.

See CAUSE.

indulge, v. t. t. Spec, coddle, favor, humor, cosset, license, foster, cocker, pet, tolerate, pamper, spoil, excuse, gratify. Antonyms: see PERSECUTE.

3. See GRANT.

indulge, v. i. Spec. revel, wallow.

Antonyma: see abstain.

indulgence, n. 1. Spec. favor, humoring, licensing, indulgency, easiness, lenience or leniency, lenity, toleration, tolerance, pampering, gratification, self-gratifica-tion, self-indulgence, gentleness, fostering, excuse.

Antonyms see SEVERITY; cf. PERSECUTE.

2. See GRANT.

indulgent, a. favoring, humoring, easy, lenient; see Pampering, Belf-Gratifying. industrious, a. 1. diligent, operose (rare), worksome (rare), laborious, hard-working; spec. sedulous.

Antonyms: see LAZY, INACTIVE.

2. See ACTIVE.

industry, n. 1. See APPLICATION.

2. diligence, operosity (rare), laboriousness, industriousness.

Antonyms. of LAZY.

8. Spec. trade, business, manufacture, art, painting, farming, gardening, etc.

ineffsceable, a. indestructible (contextual), indelible, inexpungible, merasable.

ineffectual, a. Spec. ineffective, inefficient, inefficacious, useless, futile, unproductive, barren, empty, vain, blank, fruitless, infructuous (learned for "fruitless"), infructuose (rare), resultless (rare), idle, inoperative, vain, dead, void, unavailing, lame, inofficious (rare), ill, virtueless, Dansidean (fig.), Sisyphean (fig.), unsuccessful, dintless

Antonyma: see effective, impressive. inelastic, a. nonelastic, spec. plastic.

Antonyma: see ELASTIC.

ineloquent, a. plain-spoken, plain; spec. rude, crude.

inequality, n. inequalness (rare), impar-

ity (rare), odd (rare), disparity; spec. inadequation (archaic), inadequacy. Antonyms: see EQUALITY

inert, a 1. dead (spec. or fig.).

3. See INACTIVE, DULL, SLUGGISH, LAZY, APATHETIC, INCORROSIVE.

inertness, n. 1. deadness (rare).

2. mertia (the more common word); spec. inactivity, duliness, sluggishness, laziness, apathy, incorresiveness.

inexact, a. loose, rough, crude (derogatory),

Antonyms: see ACCURATE.

inexcusable, a. unallowable, indefensible, unpardonable.

Antonyms see Excusable.

inexhaustible, a. interissable (rare), exhaustless, boundless, inexhaustive; spec. bottomless, wasteless.

Antonyms see LIMITED.

inexperience, n. noviceship (chiefly spec.), noviciateship (rare), strangeness, novitiate (chiefly spec.), greenness (colloq. or undignified), freshness, spec. callowness, rawness, unsophistication, untrainedness, youth; cf. NOVICE.

Antonyms: see Experience.

inexperienced, a. unexperienced, green (collog. or undiquified), fresh, new, grif-finish (Anglo-Indian), untried, strange; spec. callow, raw, unversed, unsophisticated, undisciplined, unacquainted, young.

Antonyms: see EXPERIENCED. inexpressible, a. unexpressible (rare), inexpressive (archaic; prob. chiefly imilative of Shakespeare or of Millon, who uses "un-expressive"), unexpressive (archaic), ineffable (more intensive, or of loftier senti-ment, than "inexpressible"); spec. unut-terable, inutterable (rare), utterless (rare), incommunicable, unspeakable.

inextinguishable, a. unquenchable stronger word than "inextinguishable" quenchless.

infallible, a. 1. inerrable (rare), unerring, oracular (fig.); spec. undeceivable. Antonyms: see FALLIBLE.

3. See CERTAIN

intancy, n. 1. childhood (contextual), baby-hood, babyism (rure), infanthood (rure); spec. cradlehood (rure).

Cross references, see Note. Indus: invest, endus Indurate, v t harden, strength-

industrial: busines indwell, v. t. snhabst, indwell, v. t. snhabst, indwelling; snharent inebriate, a snharented, inebriate, v. drunkard, inebriate, v. f., snharente, ex-

inebriety: intersection. Inebrious: intersected

inedible: uneatable ineffable: mexpressible inefiable: merpressible ineffectible: merpreticable ineffective: meffectual inefficacione: meffectual ineffiaective: meffectual ineffiaective: meffectual ineffiaective: meffectual inefficient: meffectual if medical coarse, clumsy, unreineligible: unqualified inept. unsuitable: awkward. inequitable: unsuitable: mysst. inerefines inerties: inerties: inertia: ineriness inestimable: incalculable, in-

paluable inevitable: unavoidable. inerchangeable: inconvertible, inexcusable: unjustifiable, inerorable: unjustifiable.
inerpedient: unadviable.
inerpedient: unadviable.
inerplicable: unexplainable.
inerplicable: unexplainable.
inerpressive: inerpressible,
blank inexpungible: ineffaceable, inexpugnable: unconquerable, infamous: discreditable, base, infamy: discredit, baseness.

Antonyms: see AGE, END.

2. See MINORITY.

infant, n. 1. child (contextual), babe (now chiefly affected or rhetorical), baby (now chiefly spec.); spec. weaning, foundling. Antonyms. see ADULT.

2. See MINOR.

intantry, n. footsoldiers (pl.; a nonlechnical term), foot (a collective), infantrymen

intantryman, n. soldier (contextual), footsoldier, doughboy (slang, U. S.), grabby (depreciatory; slang, Eng.), spec. Thomas Atkins or (usual) Tommy Atkins or Tommy (collog., British), Sammy (collog., U. S.), Froggy (slang).

infatuate, v. t. affatuate (rare), captivate;

spec. besot (contemptuous).
infatuated, a. captivated, mad, infatuate (rare); spec. mad, besotted (contemptu-

infatuation, n. foolishness (contextual), captivation; spec. besotment or besottedness (contemptuous), madness.

Infection, n. 1. affection, infestation (rare). 2. medium; spec. contagion, virus, germ, blight, bacillus, bacterium, pest, pestilence.

3. See DISEASE, CONTAMINATION.

inter, v. L. 1. conclude, draw; spec. deduce, induce, syllogize, derive, reason, gather, construe, generalise, particularize, glean, collect, guess, presume.

2. See MEAN, INDICATE. inferable, a. Spec. deducible, consequent, consequential, generalizable, derivable,

straight. interence, n. conclusion, collection (rare); spec. deduction, induction, derivation, illation (tech. or learned), consequence, corollary, sequela, generality, generalization, generalism, implication, particularism, misconclusion, guess, presumption, derival, inferential, a. Spec. deductive, inductive,

illative, speculative.

inferior, a. 1. See LOWER 3. deterior (rare); spec. bad, poor, mean, little (now rare), base, petty, paltry, shabby, indifferent (suphemistic), tolerable (often euphemistic), dicky or dickey (slang or collog.), subordinate, humble, junior. Antonyms' see CHIEF, FINE, SUPERIOR,

FIRST-CLASS

interno: hell

infortile: barren infest: frequent. infestation: frequentation. infestation: frequentation infield a hereic, healthen, infiel, n heathen, unbeliever, infielity: heathen, anbeliever, lief treachery, adultery, luflitrate: erude, peroade, infinition's infinity infinity. infirmary: hospital

inferior, n. puny (Eng.); spec. subordinate, junior.

Antonyms. see Superior.

inferiority, n. 1. Referring to position in place: subjacency (rare).

2. Referring to rank, quality, etc.: spec. subordinacy, juniority.

8. Referring to quality, etc.: poorness, meanness, baseness, littleness, indifference (euphemistic), tolerableness, shabbi-

infernal, a. 1. infern (poetic and rare), underworld; spec. chthonian,

3. Spec. hellish (now rare), Hadean (rare), Tartarean, Tartarian (rare), Stygian, Plutonian.

Antonyms: see HEAVENLY,

3. See DEVILISH.

infinite, a. 1. See ENDLESS, IMMENSE.
2. unlimited, immeasurable, interminate, unmeasured (contextual), measureless, illimitable, limitless, boundless; spec. coinfinite, inexhaustible, infinitesimal.

Anionyma: see FINITE, LIMITED, MEASUR-ABLE.

infinity, n. 1. Spec. endlessness, immen-

2. Spec. infinite, infiniteness, infinitude, unlimitedness, immeasurableness, interminateness. unmeasuredness, measurelessness, illimitableness, boundlessness, limitlessness, inexhaustibleness, haustibility, infinitesimalness.

inflate, v t. 1. distend (contextual), expand (contextual), puff (orig. spec.), swell; spec. intermesce, bloat, blow, sufflate (rare),

aërate.

Antonyms: see Constrict, Contract.

2. See ELATE, INCREASE.
inflated, a. 1. Spec. puffy, swollen, bloat,
bloated, overblown, turgid (bookish or
learned), bladdery.

3. See BOMBASTIC, CONCEITED, ELATED. inflation, n 1. distension (contextual); spec. sufflation (rare., puffiness, neration, bloat, bloatedness, turgidity, tympanites or tympanism, vesiculation, insufflation. 2. See BOMBAST, CONCEIT, BWELLING

(with anger), INCREASE

inflect, v. l. & z. 1. See CURVE. 2. In grammar: spec. decline, conjugate,

compare. 1. modulate (as the voice).

> infirmity: ailment, fault, inflame: kindle, keat, exeste, anger, flash inflamed: feverish, bloodshot, inflammable, a combuetible, Inflammatory: kindling, ex-citit re, virilating, dissentious, inflexible: rigid, unyielding, firm inflection. inflexion: British variant of

INHERENT

inflict, v. t. administer (humorous), do (used with "to"), give (a somewhat informal word), spec lay, impose, bring, land.

infliction, n. administration (humorous);

spec. laying-on, imposition.

Inflow. n. influx (more often fig. than "inflow"), influxion (rare); spec indraft, inrush, inrun (rare), inpour, inset, flow, flood, instream, instreaming.

Antonyms. see OUTFLOW.

influence, n. 1. power, potency (learned equiv of "power"); spec. effect, bias, credit, pull (U. S.; slang, chiefly political), propulsion, impulse, control, magnetism, magic, authority, spell.

2. Referring to a person. power, potency (rather learned), potentate (obs.); spec.

authority, prestige

influence, v. t. affect, actuate, sway; spec. control, persuade, bias, bribe, conjure.

Influential, a strong; spec effective, effectual (rare), substantial, powerful, weighty (chiefty poetic or rhetorical), momentous (rare), controlling, potent (chiefly rhetorical).

influenza, n. grippe, la grippe, grip; spec. Spanish influenza, flu (colloq.).

inform, r. t. 1. See form, animate.

2. acquaint, apprise, possess (archaic), spec. notify, teach, appraise (becoming rare or tech.), tell, enlighten, instruct, tip (slang), certify, advise, advertize (chiefly literary or tech.), notice (chiefly tech.), flag, warn.

informal, a. Spec. unofficial, inofficial,

unconventional.

Antonyms: see FORMAL, OFFICIAL.

informant, n. Spec. tipster (collog.), tipper (collog.), notifier, adviser, teacher, advertiser, teller, appriser, etc., relator, peacher (slang or rare), intelligencer (rare), newsmonger, accuser, warner.

Information, n. Spec. notice, enlightenment, intelligence, instruction, teaching, tip (colleg. or cant), advertisement, advice, word, complaint, message, warning.

informed, a. 1. See AWARE
2. posted (not in good usage).

infrequency, n. Spec rarity, sparseness.
Anlonyms: see ABUNDANCE, FREQUENCY
Infrequent, a. unfrequent (rare), uncom-

infrequent, a. unfrequent (rare), uncommon (a stronger word than "infrequent"); spec. sparse, scarce, rare, thin, occasional, sporadic.

Autonyms: see Frequent, abounding. infrequently, adv. seldom, uncommonly;

apec. rarely, sparsely.

Antonyms: see OFTEN.

ingenious, a inventive, deviceful (rare); spec. s.,btle, artful, clever, fertile, dædal (literary), dædalian (literary), tricky. Antonyms. see helpless, barren.

ingeniousness, n ingeniosity (rare), inventiveness, ingenuity; spec. art, artifice, artfulness, cleverness, trickiness, contrivance.

ingot, n. lingot (archaic); spec. pig, sow, bloom.

ingrate, n. viper (fig.), snake; spec. traitor.
ingratiate, v. t. instituate, an approximate symmum only.

mate synonym only.
ingratiating, a. insinuating, smooth,

silken, sılky.

Antonyms: see BEPELLENT.

ingratitude, n. ungratefulness, unthankfulness.

Antonyms: see Thankfulness.

inhabit, v. t. occupy, indwell (rare); spec. people.

inhabitable, a. habitable (now chiefly used with "not"); spec. lodgeable.

Antonyms: see UNINHABITABLE.
inhalation, n. breath (contextual), draft,
inspiration; spec. sniff, snuff, snuffle.
Antonyms: see EXHALATION

inhale, v. t. & i. breathe (contextual), draw, inspire, inbreathe; spec. sniff, snuff, snuffle.

Antonyma: see EXHALE.

inharmonious, a. different (contextual), inharmonic; spec. disharmonious, discordant, tuneless.

Antonyms. see HARMONIOUS, AGREEABLE inhere, v. i exist (contextual), abide (contextual), inexist (rars), coinhere, belong (used with "to"), consist, subsist, lie, reside, indwell (rars or literary).

inherence, n. 1. inherency, inexistence, inhesion; spec. indwelling, immanence, intrinsicalness, residence (rare).

2. inbeing, immanence.

inherent, a inexistent (rare), subsistent, proper (with "to"); spec. indwelling, intrinsic, immanent, essential.

EF Cross references: see Note.
influx: inflow.
infold: envelope, clasp
inform, a formless, deformed.
inform, v s. tell.
informative, a instructive.
infract: violate.
infraction: violation, encroachment
infringe, v t. violate
infringe, v s. encroach
infringement: violation, en-

croachment infuriated anger.
infuriated anger.
infuse: introduce, inspire.
ingenue: actor.
ingenuity: ingenioueness.
ingenuous: generous, artisse,
frank
ingest: introduce
ingestion, n. introduction
ingle, n. fire.
inglenood, n. chimney corner.

inglorious: humble, discreditable
ingolng: entrance.
ingrain: dye
ingrained: deep
ingrained: deep
ingrained: component.
ingrees: entrance
inguit: availov, absorb, plunge,
inguigitate: swallov.
inhabitant: dweller
inhabitation: dwelleng.

Antonyms: see ACCIDENTAL. inherit, v. t take, heir (rare).

inheritable, a. 1. capable (of inheriting); -saul of the person.

inhuman, a. 1. unkind; see CRUEL, FIERCE, DEVILISH.

2. Of what is merely not human: nonhuman; spec. supernatural, superhuman. Antonyms: see HUMAN.

initial, a. 1. first, commencing, initiatory, initiary (rare), inchoate; spec. introductory, rudimentary, opening, incipient, liminal (rare), original; see BEGINNING. Antonyms' see COMPLETE, LAST.

2. See ELEMENTARY

inject, v t. 1. introduce (contextual), intromit; spec. transfuse, syringe, insufflate, indart, interject.

Antonyms: see EJECT, EXPEL, EXTRACT.

2. Sec FILL.

injection, n 1. Referring to the act: introduction, intromission, immission (rare). Anionyms: see EJECTION, EXPULSION

3. Of the thing: spec. enema, clyster.
Injunctive, a bidding, dictatorial, commanding.

injure, v. t. 1. hurt (a less formal word than "injure"), harm, wrong, prejudice (now chiefly tech.); spec. outrage, mischief (archaic), touch, disserve, misserve, aggrieve (rare or tech.), damage, detriment (rare), impair, disavail (rare), endamage (literary or rare).

Anionyms: see BENEFIT.

3. See HARM (in reference to other than legal rights), ILL-TREAT, DAMAGE.

injurious, a. 1. evil, hurtful, harmful, wrongful, prejudicial, damaging, prejudicious (rare), detrimental, mischievous; spec. contrarious, tortious.

Antonyms see BENEFICIAL.

2. See HARMFUL.

injury, n. 1. harm, wrong, hurt, prejudice, damnification (tech.), impairment, impair (archaic), damage, mischief; spec. detriment, disservice

2. See HARM, DAMAGE.

Concretely, as used with the article "a" or "an" hurt (chiefly spec), harm (rare), damage (rare), mischief (rare), iniquity, injustice, wrong; spec disservice, outrage, tear, impairment, detriment.

Antonyms: see BENEFIT. injustice, n. injury, unjustness, iniquity, Antonyms: see JUSTICE.

ink, n. atrament (rare); spec. sepia.

inkstand, n. standish (rare).

inkwell, n. reservoir; spec. inkhorn, inkstand.

inland, a. 1. interior; spec. midland, mediterranean (rare), up-country, upland. Antonyms see FOREIGN.

2. See DOMESTIC. inland, n. interior; spec. midland, up-country, upland, hinterland, in-country (Scot.).

Antonyms: see BORDER.
inlay, v. i. To adorn by inlaying: spec. hatch, niello, tessellate.

tnlay, n Spec buhl or boule, cloisonné (French), niello (Italian), tarsia, enamel, marquetry, marqueterie, parquetry. inlet, n. 1. See entrance.

2. recess, arm; spec. cover, creek, fleet (local, Eng.), inrun, bay, bight, nook, gulf, frith, firth, fiord, bayou (southern U. S.)

Antonyma: see OUTLET.

inmate, n. dweller; spec. intern, guest, inhabitant.

unn, n. house, hotel (chiefly spec.; in the U.S. "hotel" is the ordinary term for any "inn"), hostel (archaic), hostelry (archaic or literary), tavern (spec, exc. local U. S.), public house (legal), pub (valgar and collog; British), spec. ordinary (Eng. or local U. S.), locanda (Italian), posada (Spain), asteria (Italy or Italian; resthouse (in the East), sala (India) choulty (Anglo-Indian), caravanserai (in the Orient), fonduk (North Africa), fonda (Spanish), serai (in the Orient), khan (in the Orient).

innate, a. inborn (the Anglo-Saxon term), native, inbred, natural, congenital (chiefly tech.), original; spec. indigenous, intrinsic or intrinsical; see INSTINCTIVE.

Antonyms: see ACQUIRED.

innkeeper, n. landlord (contextual), innholder (rare), taverner (rare), victualer (now chiefly local), Boniface (fig.), host, hostess (fem.), hostler (archaic); spec. khanjee, padrone.

innocence, n. Spec. sinlessness, purity, blamelessness, chastity, guiltlessness, sim-

plicity, harmlessness.

Antonyms see COMPLICITY.
innocent, a. Spec. sinless, pure, blameless, artless, chaste, guiltless, simple, harmless.

wrong. Cross references: see Note inhibit: restrain, prevent, for-Inhibition: restraint, forbiddance, prevention inhospitable: cool, desolate inhume: bury inimical: unfriendly, opposed. inimitable: unequaled

iniquitous: unjust, wicked iniquity: injustice, wickedness,

initiate, n · nonce.
initiate, v. t. begin
initiative, a A n · beginning.
initiator: beginning initiatory: united, beginning injudicious: unwiss.

injunction: bidding. injunctive: bidding.dictatorial. inky: black inly: interiorly, heartily. inmesh: enlange inmost: interior. innermost: interior.

Antonyme: see WICKED, BLAMABLE, SIN-FUL, CONSCIOUS, CORRUPT, CRIMINAL, GUILTY.

innocent, n. Spec. child, dove, lamb, simpleton;—as being innocent by nature.
Antonyms: see Sinner, Transgressor.

innovate, v. i. neologize (in language or religion), novelize (rare)

innovation, n. novation (rare), neologization (rare), neology or neologism (chiefly spec.), novelty.

innutritious, a. unnutritious, innutrient (rare), innutritive (rare), jejune (literary), lean (archaic or rare), heartless (fig.; rare or dial), inalimental (rare).

Antonyms: see NOURISHING.

inoculate, v. t. infect; spec. invaccinate, vaccinate.

inoculation, n. infection; spec invaccination (rare), vaccination, clavelization, variolation, ovination (rare).

inodorous, a odorless (the homelier, but more emphatic, word); spec. scentless. Antonyms see odorous

inoffensive, a. offenceless (rare), unoffending; see HARMLESS, UNOBJECTIONABLE.

Antonyms see OFFENSIVE.

inorganic, a. unorganized; spec. disorganic, mineral.

Antonyms: see ORGANIC.

inpouring, n. infusion (rare, exc. fig.).
inscribe, v. t. 1. Referring to what is recorded by inscribing: spec. emblaze, superscribe, subscribe, indorse, letter, tablet, write

2. Referring to what is marked upon: spec. mark, superscribe, subscribe, letter, engrave, line, address.

See DEDICATE.

inscription, v. Spec. delineation, superscription, subscription, indorsement, epigram (rare), epigraph, epitaph, petroglyph, exergue, lapidary, epigraphy (a collective), colophon, writing, engraving, address, dedication.

Insect, n. arthropod (tech.); spec. hexapod (tech.), bug (chiefly dial. or popular, U. S., exc. in reference to the bedbug), buzzard (dial.), hummer, larva, ephemerid, ephemera, butterfly, laborer, worker, nit, coleopter, mosquito, fly, etc.

insectile, a. entomic (rare), insectan (rare), insectiform (formal or tech.).

insensibility, n insensateness (rare), in-

sensibleness, insentience (rare), unfeelingness, sensilessness (chiefly spec.); spec. torpidity, amesthesia (tech.), insensitiveness, impassiveness, induration, brass (fig.), marble (fig.), stone (fig.), ateel (fig.), apathy, dullness, indifference, bluntness, deafness, deadness, lifelessness, numbness, callousness, sluggishness, unconsciousness.

Antonyms: see FEELING; also cf. SENSITIVE.

insensible, a. 1. In reference to physical sensation: unfeeling, insentient, senseless; spec. torpud, inirritable, anæsthetic (tech.), insensitive, dull, obtuse, insensate, impassible, impassive, indifferent, dullish, lifeless, benumbed, callous, thick-skinned, unconscious, insusceptible, sluggish.

Antonyms' see SENSITIVE, SENTIENT.

2. Inference to the perception of, or experiencing of, ideas, emotions, etc.: unfeeling, insentient (rare), apathetic, callous, senseless (rare); spec. torpid, blunt, insensitive, insusceptible, impassible, impassive, indifferent, deaf (fig.), hardened, thick-skinned (fig.), pachydermatous (humorous or affected), instritable, insensate, unaffected, inappreciative, unmoved, dead, lifeless, benumbed, callous, sluggish, unconscious.

Antonyms: see impressible, sensitive, susceptible, sensitive, susceptible, sentient.

Inseparable, a. undividable, indivisible, undepartable (rare), inseverable; spec. indissoluble, indiscerptible (learned), indisceiable (rare), inseparate (rare), individual (rare).

Antonyms: see DIVISIBLE.

Insert, v. t. introduce (more formal or learned than "insert"); spec. infix, interpose, inwork, work, interpolate, intercalate, inset, enter (chiefly tech.), insinuate, intromit (rare), inmit (rare), interline, implant, parenthesise, sink, inlay, subtrude (rare), intrude, inweave, interpage.

Antonyms: see WITHDRAW, REMOVE

inserted, a. Spec. parenthetical, intercalary, intermediate, intervening, intercalated, interbedded, interstratified, embolismic, epagomenic (rare), incut.

insertion, n. 1. Referring to the act spec. infusion, introduction, implantation, epenthetic (phonetic), immission (rare), intromission, intercalation, interpolation, insinuation, embolism.

imocuous: harmless.
innuendo: nitmatson.
innuendo: nitmatson.
innuendo: catching
inoffensive: offenceless, harmless, mobjectionable
inopportune: unimely,
inordinate: ercessive

Inosculate, v i unite inquest: question, jury inquistude: uneasmess, disturbance inquire: question. Inquiring: curious, inquiry: question, examination inquisition: question, examination inquisition: question, examination.

inquisitive: curious insalubrione: unhoolthful, insane: deranged, unwiss, insatiable: greedy. Insatiable: greedy. Insatiableness: greed inscrutable: unsatiableness: greed inscrutable; unsatiableness: unsatiable, unwiss, insatiative: meanoids, unwiss, insantitue: meanoids, insantiant: insantible.

Antonyms: see WITHDRAWAL, REMOVAL. 2. Referring to what is inserted: spec.

panel, insert, inlay, inset.

insight, n. discernment, perception, pene-tration, perceptiveness (rare), perceptivity (rare), perspicuity (an improper use); spec. clairvoyance, intuition.

Antonyms cf. BLIND. insignificance, n. 1. meaninglessness (cf.

MEANINGLESS). 2. smallness, nothingness; apec. smiffetiness (rare), triviality, poorness, unimpor-

Antonyms: see dignity, importance.

insignificant, a. 1. See MEANINGLESS. 2. small, simple (depreciatory), nothing (in predicative use); spec. sniffety (rare), trivial, poor, unimportant.

Antonyms: see imposing, grand, impor-

TANT, IMPRESSIVE.

insincere, a. deceitful, empty, hollow; spec half-hearted, pretended, double, farcical, unfaithful, hypocritical, disingenuous, etc.

Antonyms: see Earnest, Sincere.

insincerity, n. deceitfulness, emptiness, hollowness; spec. half-heartedness, doubleness, farcicality, unfaithfulness, hypocrisy, disingenuousness, pretence, etc.

Antonyms: see BINCERITY; also cf. EAR-

insoluble, a. irresoluble (rare), insolvable; spec. (in a secondary sense) indissoluble, unexplainable, irreducible.

Antonyms: see SOLUBLE. insolvent, a. bankrupt, broken, failed

(rare); spec. defaulting.

insolvent, n. bankrupt, defaulter, lame duck (stock-exchange; slang). In the United States "bankrupt" and "insolvent" differ in meaning.

inspiration, n. 1. See INHALATION.

In reference to mental enthusiasm, emotion, etc.: spec. inflatus, embreathment (rare), enthece (obs. or rare), inbreathing, enthusiasm (rare, as infused by the deity),

theolepsy (rare), fire, prophecy, frenzy. 3. See SUGGESTION.

inspire, v. t. 1. See INHALE, EXCITE, SUG-

2. Spcc. inbreathe, embreathe (rare), conceit, illumine, animate, cheer (contextual), arouse (contextual), inculcate, infuse (with "into"), instill.

instability, n. 1. unstableness (tech.); spec, tenderness, crankiness, unsteadiness, waveringness, wavering, changeableness,

weakness.

Antonyms: see FIRMNESS.

3. In reference to the mind, opinion, etc.: SCC CHANGEABLENESS.

installment, n. 1. See ESTABLISHMENT.

2. payment (contextual); spec. portion, handsel (Eng.), earnest, kist (East Indian).

instep, n. arch (a loose usage, "instep" properly being the upper part only) instill, v. t. i. introduce, drop, drip, dis-

till (rare).

2. See INFUSE. instinct: a Spec. imbued, animated, moved, actuated; see animated. instinctive, a. inborn, innate; spec. intui-

tive.

institution, n. (. See ESTABLISHMENT, ADMISSION, BEGINNING, LAW, CUSTOM.
2. organisation; spec. academy, college, hospital, school, church, prison, museum,

theater, store, factory, etc. instructive, a teaching, didactic (learned),

informative, docent (rare); spec. precep tive, educational, pedagogic, pedagogical,

prophetic (rare), tutory (rare).
instrument, n. 1. See AGENT.

2. device (contextual), appliance, implement (chiefly spec.), engine (now literary, exc. spec.); spec. utensil, tool, apparatus, weapon, convenience.

Referring to what affects the mind: epec. organon or organum (learned and tech.),

organ,

4. Referring to musical instruments: spec.

Cross references see Note. inset, v. i. insert. inshrine: enshrine. inside, n interior, nature, (in pl.) succera inside, a interior, inside, adv. within insidious: decentful. insidiousnese: deceil, insignia, n pi badge. insimuate: insert, introduce, intimate, ingratiate. Instruating: penetrating, ingratiating inelpid: tasteless, dull. incist: state. insistence: statement. insistency: confidence. [deni. insistent: aftermates, confi-Immare: enemare.

insolence: impudence. Insolent: impudent. Insomnia: eleeplessness. Insouciant: careless, unconcerned inspect: examine inspection: examination. inspiring: elevating, stimulating cheering inspirit: enliven, encourage, cheer rouse impiesate: thicken. instance, n. urgency, incite-ment, example, occasion. Instance, v. t. addues. instancy: urgency instant, a urgent, immedials. instant, n momeni instantuneous: immediate instate: establish place, admit, instauration: restoration

instigate: incite
instill introduce, inspiré,
instinct, n faculty
instincter inate.
instillete; inate.
instillete, v. t.: establish, admil. begin.
instillete, n.: school
instruct: teach, inform, bid,
instruction: teaching, information, bidding,
instrument, v.: arrange,
instrumental: contributory,
instrumental: contributory,
instrumentality: agency,
agent, contribution. agent, contribution. insubordinate: disobedient, insubstantial: immolerial. insubstantiata: embody. insufferable: unhearable, insufficient: deficient. insular: island, isolated, narrow insulate: isolate.

INTEMPERATE

humstrum, melodeon, melodion, piano, flute, oboe, piccolo, horn, occarina, wood or woodwind (a collective), brass (a collective), sistrum, accordion, clarinet, clarionet, trombone, viol, violoncello, harp, viola, viola di gamba (Italian), bagpipe, concertina, drum, crowd, cymbal, triangle, grafinola, victrola, player piano, lyre, banjo, banjorine, harpsichord, mandola, mandora, mandolin, dichord, pipe, lute, triangle, violin, cornet, xylophone, ukalele.

5. document (contextual), paper; spec. deed, bond, deed poll, specialty, note, mortgage, bill, check or cheque, power, grant, settlement, writ, etc.

insult, v. t. abuse (contextual); spec. outrage, affront, sauce, cheek (slang).

Antonyms: see CONSIDER.

insult, n. abuse (contextual), insultation (rare); spec. outrage, affront, sauce, cheek (slang), indignity, insolence.

Antonyms: see Flattery.

insuperable, a. insurmountable, invincible, unconquerable.

insurable, a. assurable (chiefly British), coverable (cant).

Insurance, n. 1. assurance. In the United States "insurance" is now the term in general popular and technical use for all kinds of contracts. In Great Britain "insurance" is the general term in popular use, but in technical usage "assurance" is used in the names and literature of the majority of the life insurance companies, and "insurance" is similarly used for fire, marine, and accident insurance.

2. See GUARANTY.

insurance, v. i. Spec. underwrite.

insure, v. t. 1. assure, cover (cant or colloq.).
2. See GUARANTEE.

insurer, n. 1. In reference to the one assuming the obligation: assurer, underwriter.

2. In reference to the one securing protection: insurant, insured, assured, insuree (rare), assurer.

insurgence, insurgency, n. disturbance (contextual), outbreak, uprising or rising, insurrection, revolt, rebellion; spec. revolution, mutiny, sedition.

insurgent, a. insurrectional, insurrectionary; spec. seditious, rebellious, rebel, revolutionary.

insurrect, v. i. rebel, rise, revolt.

intact, a. unaffected (contextual), entire,

whole, integral, uninjured, unblemished, unimpaired, unsullied, complete, sound.

Antonyms: see AFFECTED, BROKEN, TORN. intangible, a. impalpable (often spec.), untouchable (rare), intactile (rare); spec. aërial, airy, spiritous, phantom.

Antonyms: see Tangible.

intellectual, a. 1. thoughtful (contextual); spec. imaginative, spiritual; see INTELLIGENT.

Antonyms: see COARSE.

2. See MENTAL.

intellectual, n. Referring to a person: intellectuality (rare), intelligence (rare), mind, talent.

intelligence, n. 1. As referring to a faculty of the mind: intellect, mentality, understanding (often spec.), brain or (pl.) brains (colloq.), nous (spec., exc. in educated colloquial use); spec. reason, cognition, cognizance, apperception, apprehension, comprehension, sense, intelligency (rare), memory, imagination, thought, consideration, insight.

2. As referring to a fact or quality admitting of degrees or comparison: spec. brightness, sagacity, quickness, readiness, shrewdness, cleverness, smartness, keenness, subtlety, subtility (rare), sharpness, knowingness, wit.

Antonyms: see STUPIDITY.

8. See Information.

intelligent, a. 1. As having the faculty of intelligence: intellectual, understanding, sensible, cognitive (learned or tech.).

2. As having an unusual degree of intelligence: spec. bright, apprehensive (rare), sagacious, shrewd, clever, smart (in one sense now chiefly U. S.), keen, subtle, sharp, knowing, instructed, knowledgeable, brainy (colloq.), well-informed, adept, learned, scient (rare), downy (slang), wide-awake, gnostic (humorous), cunning (archaic), wise, canny (in a good sense; archaic Scot.), leery (slang), cute (colloq.), quick-witted, intuent (rare), fly (slang).

Antonyms: see Unintelligent, imbecile, stupid.

intelligibility, n. easiness (contextual; colloq.); spec. plainness (colloq.), evidentness, palpability, palpableness, perspicuousness, perspicuity, lucidness, lucidity. intelligible, a. easy (contextual; colloq.); spec. plain, clear, obvious, manifest

P Cross references: see Note.
insupportable: unbearable, indefensible.
insupposable: unthinkable.
insuppressible: irrepressible.
insurmountable: insuperable,

insurrection: insurgence.

insurrectional: insurgent.
insusceptible: insensible.
intaglio: engraving.
integer: number, whole.
integral: component, intact.
integrant: component.
integrate: complete.
integument: skin.

integumental: skin.
intellect: intelligence, thinker,
mind.
intellection: understanding,
idea.
intellective: mental.
intemperance: excess.
intemperate: excessive.

unscalable.

(rather learned or formal), evident, open, palpable, perspicuous, lucid.

Antonyms: see UNINTELLIGIBLE. intend, 1. 1. propose, mean (chiefly with an infinitive clause as its object; now chiefly spec.), calculate (colloq., U.S.), purpose (rare), spec. design, contem-plate, aim, destine (chiefly in the passive), will, direct.

intense, a. L. strong, violent, tense, sharp, potent, extreme, keen, high; spec, acute, exquisite, grievous, poignant, deep, dense, sore, marked, passionate, vivid.

Antonyms. sec WEAK.

3. See Earnest.

intensity, v. t & i heighten, intensate (rare), strengthen, enhance (chiefly spec.); spec concentrate, sharpen, raise, whet, deepen, thicken, embody, aggravate, strengthen.

Antonyma: see ABATE, PADE, WEAKEN,

intensity, n. 1. strength, power, intension (bookish), tension or (less common) tensity; spec. degree, pitch, accent, point, grade, potency, potence (rars), keenness, violence, sharpness, extremity, soreness, height, vividness, vividity (rars), pasaionateness, passion, edge, depth, energy, density.

Antonyma see WEAKNESS. 2. earnestness (cf EARNEST).

intensive, a. intensitive (rare), intensative (rare), intensifying; spec. emphasizing.

intention, Referring to the will or action of the mind. meaning (archaic or obsolescent), intent (now chiefly legal), mind (as in, "I have a mind to go"), purpose, aim; spec design, contemplation, calculation (colloq., U. S.), distinction, will, thought, counsel, view, forepurpose (rare), direction.

intentional, a. purposed, purposive, con-scientious, designed, intended, spec. spontaneous, willing, willful, voluntary, contemplated, deliberate, advised, free, etc.

Antonyms : see UNINTENTIONAL, CHANCE, ACCIDENTAL.

intentionality, n. willingness, voluntariness, purposeness (rare), willfulness, etc. interact, v. i. Spec. interplay, engage, mesh, reciprocate.

interceptive, a. stopping, checking, inclusive.

intercourse, n. communication, dealings (pl.; familiar), congress (rore), converse tion (rare, exc spec), commerce (now chiefly literary and archaic), consuctude (a Latinum); spec connection, con-sortion (rare), intercommunion (rare), communion (elevated and chiefly literary), fellowship, community, converse, intelligence (rare), practice (archaic), truck (colloq.), neighborship, correspond-

Antonyms: see NONINTERCOURSE.
interest, n. 1. See RIGHT, BUSINESS, AD-

VANTAGE, PARTY.
2. as in "a matter of interest": feeling. concern, concernment (literary).

Antonyms: see INDIFFERENCE. 3. premium, usury (obs. or archaic, exc. spec), use (archaic), usance (archaic), discount.

Antonyma: ace PRINCIPAL. interest, v. t. 1. See AFFECT.

2. engage; spec. grip, absorb, excite, occupy, hold, amuse, frighten, please, horrify, etc.

interesting, a. Spec. exciting, cunning (U.S.), funny, pleasing, etc.

Antonyms see Uninteresting. interfere, v. i. 1. Chiefly in reference to

horses hitch, strike; spec. overreach, forge, grab, click.

3. See COLLIDE, CONFLICT, INTERPOSE. interior, c. 1. internal, inner, intern (poetic or archaic), inward, intraneous (rare), inside; spec. inmost, inner-most, within (always predicative), intimate (learned or tech.), intracanal, intralobular, intramolecular, intramundane, intramural, intraocular, intrapetalar, intrapetiolar, intraseptal, intranterine, intravascular, intravenous, intraventricular,

Anlonyms: see EXTERIOR, SURFACE.

2. See MENTAL, SPIRITUAL, DOMESTIC, etc. Interior, n. 1. inside; spec, bowels (pl.; fig.), womb (fig.), heart (fig.), recess, belly (fig.), canter.

Antonyms see SURFACE, EXTERIOR. BORDER.

2. See INLAND, SPIRIT.

interiorly, adv. internally, inwardly, with-

interlace, v. t. 1. unite, bind, entangle;all three contextual.

2. See DIVERSIFY.

Cross references see Note. intend, v. t. mean. intended, a. mientional. intended, n. betrothed intendment: megning. Intent, a attentive, sarnest. Intent, n intention, meaning, object

inter: bury internet: interlude. Interbreed, v f · cross. Interculate: intert. intercede: interpose intercept: stop, include. interchange: exchange, alternate interdict, v t forbid interdist, n.: decree. Interfaring: conflictory. Interfuse: miz. persade. Interim, n.: intered. interjacent: informediale, interject: inject, inforpese, comment. Interknit: interlace.

\$. complicate (contextual); spec. knit, weave, lace, pleach, twist, interknit, implicate (rare), impleach ,rare), intervolve, interweave, interwreathe, plait, plash, twine, intertwist, trellis (rare), raddle (rare).

interlaced, a. interwoven, knit, implicate (rare); spec. matted, matty (rare).

Interlay, v. t. Spec. interlaminate, interbed, interlap, interleave.

interleave, v. t. In reference to a book: interfoliate (rore).

interlude, n. interact, entracte (French); spec. exode or exodium, ritornelle, ritornello (Italian), intermezzo (Italian).

intermarriage, n. alliance, marriage. intermediacy, n. intermediateness, intervention.

intermediary, n. Spec. intermediate, agent, middleman, medium, mean, intermedium, go-between (often depreciatory),

intervener, interagent,

intermediate, a. mediate (rare), medial (chiefly spec.); spec. intermediary, median (chiefly in scientific use), middle, interjacent, medium, mean, meane, intervening, intervenient, transitional, iterlo-bate, interlobular, interlocular, intermaxillary, intermolecular, intermundane, intermuscular, internarial, internasal, interneural, interoceanic, interopercular, internodal, interosseal, interosseous, interplanetary, interpolar (rare), interpleural, interradial, interramal, interrenal, interparietal, interscapular, intersidereal (rare), interstellar, interseptal, interstrial, interspatial, interstitial, interspinal, interspinous, intertrochlear, intervalvular, intervascular, intervenient, interventricular, intervertebral, intervisceral.

Antonyms: see IMMEDIATE. intermission, n. 1. cessation, interrup-tion (contextual), intermittence (less common than "intermission"), akip; lull, pause, rest, suspension, intermittency (rare).

2. See INTERVAL.

intermit, v t. abate, suspend, respite (rare), interrupt.

Antonyms: see CONTINUE.

intermittency, n. 1. Spec. fitfulness, periodicity.

2. See INTERMISSION.

intermittent, a. discontinuous, remit-

tent, broken, intermissive (rars); spec. spasmodic, fitful, capricious, gusty, squally, periodical, periodic, flickering.

Antonyms see constant

interpolate, v. t. 1. Spec. falsify, adulter-

ate 2. add (contextual), insert, interpose, introduce; spec. interline, interlineate, interjaculate.

Antonyms: see Efface.

interpolation, n. addition (contextual), insertion, gag (slang or cant); spec. interlineation, etc.

interpose, v. t. insert, introduce, interpone

(obs. or Scots law), interlocate (rare); spec. interject, sandwich; see INTERPOLATE. interpose, v. i. Spec. intermediate, mediate, intercede, intervene, interfere, tamper, meddle, intermeddle, intromit (chief-

ly Scot.), interrupt. interposition, n. 1. insertion, introduction; spec. interjection, interpolation, in-

tercalation, interlocation, gag.

3. Spec. intermediation, mediation, intervention, interference, meddling, intermeddling, interposal (rare), intromission (chiefly Scot.).

interrupt, v. t. Spec. intercept, obstruct, stop, pretermit, break, intersect, cut, check, quit, interlude, etc.

interruption, n. Spec. break, interception, obstruction, stoppage, stop (rare, exc. in certain phases), pretermission, intersection, cut, break, check, quitting, cut-off (chiefly colloq., exc. tech.), cassura,

intersect, v. t. cross (contextual), cut (spec., exc. fig.), countersect (rare); spec. intervein, interrupt.

Antonyms' see PARALLEL.

intersecting, a. crossing (contextual), secant (chiefly tech.), across (used predicatively), intersectional, intersecant, cutting (spec., exc. fig.), etc.

Antonyms: see Parallel.

intersection, n. 1. crossing (contextual), intercrossing; spec. decussation, chiaama. 2. Spec. road, crossway (often in pl.), crossing, cross (rare), carfax (obs. or local Eng.), crosspath, crossroad (often in pl.). interspace, n. interval, skip (rore); spec. interlude (fig.), gap, intervolute, interstice. intersperse, v. t. intermingle; spec. lard, interlard, shed (rare; chiefly in p. p.),

Cross references see Note. Interline: add, insert. Interlink: connect. interious consers. Interioper: intruder Intermerry: marry Intermedia: interposs intermediary: mediatory, intermediate intermedium: intermediary.

interment: burgas interminable: andiese, infinite. interminate: endiese, infinite. [ponent. interminate. Iponene. Intermix: mix iponene. intern, a inferior intern, a inferior intern, a inmate internecine: destructive. internucio: diplamatic agent. intercosculate: units.

Interpollate: question Interplay, p. 1. interact. interpret: explain, translate. Interpretation: explanation, meaning, translation. meaning, translation, Interrogate, interrogation, Interrogatory: question, Intertwine: interlace, intertwine: interlace. tersow (rare), scatter, diversify,

interval, n. 1. Referring to time. distance spec. spell, pause, recess, interregnum (often fig.), meantime, elapse (rare), intermedium (rars), interlude, interim, parenthesis (rare), interruption, difference, interlunation, interlude.

2. In reference to a difference of sounds in putch, skip; spec discord, step, dissonance, complement, tone, diastem, diesis, diaschisma, ditone, heptachord, tritone, semitone, second, third, fifth, quint, stc.

8. See INTERSPACE, BOTTOM.

intestinal, a. visceral (contextual), enteric (rare or tech.); spec. duodenal, rectal.

intestine, n. viscera (contextual), bowel (homelier or more familiar; rare in sing.), gut (now vulgar, exc. in tech. use); spec. ileum, jejunum, colon, cæcum, rectum, duodenum, chitterlings (pl.).

intimacy, n. 1. closeness, nearness; spec. familiarity, depth.

2. Sec AMOUR.

intimate, a. close (referring to likeness of interest, etc.), near (a weaker term than "close"), strict (rare); spec. bosom, particular, homelike, home, familiar, special, deep, confidential, chummy (colloq.). Antonyms: see FORMAL.

intimate, n. associate (contextual); spec. friend, chum (colloq. or slang), familiar; see COMRADE.

intimate, v t. 1. See ANNOUNCE.

2. As implying indirection in statement: indicate (contextual), hint, suggest; spec insinuate, sneer, innuendo (rare), slur

intimation, n. 1. See ANNOUNCEMENT, DASH

2. indication (contextual), implication, hint, suggestion; spec. insinuation, in-nuendo, sueer, slur, item (obs. or local U.S.), inkling, glance. intimidate, v. f. frighten, daunt, quail

(chiefly literary); spec. subdue, terrorize, bullyrag, browbeat, fase, overbear, bulldoze, cow, overawe, craven (chiefly literary), abash, bully.

Antonyms: see ASSURE, CAJOLE, COAX. into, prep. intil (Scot.); spec. within.

intoed, a. pigeon-toed.

intolerance, n. impatience (used with "of"), intoleration (rare); spec. incompati-bility, incompatibleness.

sprinkle or (less usual) intersprinkle, in- intolerant, a. impatient (used with "of"), incompatible, narrow-minded.

Antonyms, see Tolerant, Patience. (only in "distance of time"), skip, space; intone, v. t. intonate, spec. chant, recite, accentuate, monotone, sing.

intoxicant, n. Spec. delirifacient, bhang (India), delirant, toxicant.

intoxicate, v. t inebriate, spec. besot, tipsafy (colloq and rare), disguise (archaic), fuddle (colloq), befuddle (an intensive), fox (rare), mellow, stew (slang), corn (slang), maudlinize (rare), tipple, poison, excite, stupefy.

Antonyms. sec BOBER.

intoxicated, a. 1. inebriate or inebriated or inebrious (often cuphemistic), drunk (the ordinary, blunt word), ebriate or ebri-Ose trare and humorous), bowzy or boozy (slang), disguised (archaic), drunken (more dignified and less emphatic than "drunk"; chiefly used as an attributive), wet (collog); spec. tipsy (less emphatic than "drunk"), foxed (rare., merry, whis-kyfied (humorous), muddy (contextual), vinolent (rare), jolly (euphemistic), mandlin, tight (slang), swify (slang), queer (slang), fluffy (slang), bosky (slang), high (slang or collog.), mellow (suphemistic), groggy (slang or colloq.), glorious, screwed or screwy (slang), corned or corny (slang or colloq.), cut (slang), stewed (slang). Antonyms. see BOBER.

2. See EXCITED.

intoxicated person, drunk (colloq. or cant), inebriate.

intoxicating, a. intoxicative (rare), inebriative, intoxicant, inebriating, hard (U. S.; colloq.; contrasted with "soft"), heady (colloq), methystic (rare); spec. delirifacient, delirant.

intoxication, n. 1. inebriation, inebriety (chiefly spec.), drunkenness, ebriosity (rare), disguise (archaw), ebriety (rare or euphemistic); spec. atupefaction, sottishness, grogginess (colloq. or slang), besot-tedness, upsiness (colloq.), temulency (rare), temulence (rare), opusm, kef or keif or kief, dipsomania

3. See EXCITEMENT, ECSTAST.

intractable, a. 1. unmanageable, tough (collog.), untractable (rare), ungovernable, uncontrollable; spec. refractory (chiefly spec.), stubborn, obstanate, restive, mulish, cross-grained (colleg.), contrarious, idocile, perverse, unruly, in-disciplinable, irreconcilable, self-willed, impracticable.

Cross references see Note. intervale: bottom Intervene: occur, interpose. Intervenient: intermediale. Interview, n conference. interview, s. t. question. Intervolvet interface. Interviewet interface, Interviewet interface. Intestine, a. domestic.

intolarable: unboarable, intonate: enfone intoxicant: intoxicating.

INVENTED

Antonyms: see Adaptable, Manage-ABLE.

2. See REFRACTORY.

intrench, v. t. Spec. circumvallate, dike. intrigue, v. i. plan (contextual), deceive (contextual), scheme, maneuver or manœuvre, plot, machinate, wirepull (chiefly in p. pr.); spec. conspire, cabal.

intrigue, n. 1. plan (contextual), deception (contextual), scheme, plot, maneuver or manœuvre, machination, intriguery; spec. cabal, wirepulling, Machiavellianism, con-

spiracy.

2. See AMOUR.

intriguer, n. intriguist, schemer, plotter, maneuverer, machinator; spec. wirepuller, Machiavellian, Machiavel (fig.).

intriguing, a. deceitful (contextual), planning (contextual), crooked, tortuous; spec. Machiavellian, wirepulling, etc.

Antonyms: see Frank.

introduce, v. t. 1. See INSERT.

2. Referring to causing a thing, subject matter, etc., to come into a sphere of action, thought, consideration, etc.: spec. bring, immit (rare), intertrude (rare), intromit (rare), insinuate, inject, infuse, start, interfuse (rare), instill, inoculate, implant, initiate, usher, import (chiefly commercial), herald, ingest, infiltrate, induct, present, inwork, table, broach, inweave, initiate, read, immigrate, prelude, begin, precede, foist, drag (in).

Antonyms: see WITHDRAW.

introduction, n. 1. See Insertion.

2. Spec. initiation, injection, insinuation, intrusion, induction (rare), opening, import (chiefly commercial), beginning, etc.

Antonyms: see WITHDRAWAL.

3. Referring to the thing that introduces: spec. prodrome or prodromus (rare), exordium, preface, protasis, proem, primordium (rare), prelusion (rare), preliminary, prelude, preludium (rare), credential, isagogue (rare), prolusion (rare), prologue, prolocution (rare), preamble.

introductory, a. Spec. initial, introductive, inductory (rare), precursory, proemial, prodomal (rare), initiary (rare), intromissive (rare), ingestive, exordial, preliminary, isagogic (rare), prelusive (rare), manuductory (rare), preludial (rare), prolusory (rare), propædeutic.

introspection, n. self-examination, selfreflection, introversion, inlook (rare).

introspective, n. self-examining, subjective.

introvert, v. t. turn (often with "inside out"); spec. invaginate, intussuscept.

intrude, v. t. 1. See INSERT.

2. Spec. obtrude, interpose. Antonyms: see WITHDRAW.

intrude, v. i. Spec. obtrude, impose, interlope, intervene, encroach, interfere, trespass (often fig.).

Antonyms: see WITHDRAW.

intruder, n. Spec. obtruder, imposer, interloper, stranger, etc.

intrusion, n. 1. See INTRODUCTION.

2. Spec. obtrusion, interposition, intervention, irruption, imposition, encroachment, invasion, trespass (often fig.), intravasation.

intrusive, a. 1. Spec. obtrusive, intervenient, irruptive (rare), institutive (rare), invasive, epenthetic.

invalid (pron. in-val(id), a. 1. void, null, nugatory, bad, unsound.

Antonyms: see Valid, BINDING.

3. See ILLOGICAL.

invalid (pron. in'va-lid), n. valetudina-

rian (chiefly spec.).

invalidate, v. t. abolish, nullify, annul, disannul, unmake, void (rare), avoid (rare or tech.), undo (rare), vitiate, vacate (chiefly spec.), invalid (rare), infirm (rare); spec. cancel, abrogate, quash, reverse, repeal.

Antonyms: see Confirm.

invalidity, n. nullity, voidness, nugatoriness (rare).

invaluable, a. unvaluable (rare), priceless, inestimable, impayable (French).

Antonyms: see Worthless.

invasion, n. Spec. intrusion, visitation, incursion, inroad (often used fig.), irruption (rare), creagh or creach (Irish and Scot.), raid, foray, infall (rare), encroachment.

Antonyms: see Retreat.

invasive, a. aggressive intrusive, incursive. inveigh, v. i. declaim; spec. rail, thunder. invent, v. t. originate, devise, contrive, create; spec. spin, frame, fabricate, forge, design, coin (often depreciatory), mint, improvise, feign (rare), concoct.

Antonyms: see imitate.

invented, a. fictitious, contrived, forged,

Cross references: see Note. intrench, v. t.: circumvallate, dike. intrench, v. i.: encreach. intrepid: bold. intricacy: complexity. intricate: complicated. intrigant: conspirator. intrinsic: inherent. intromit: introduct, insert.

introversion: introspection. introvert: reverse. intrust, v. t.: trust. intuition: knowledge, insight. intuitive: perceptive. intumesce: swell, dilate, inintussuscept: reverse. intwine: interlace.

inure: accrue, accustom, toughinurn: bury. inutility: uselessness. invade: enter, violate, attack. invaginate: reverse. invalid: ailing. invariable: constant. invective: denunciation. inveigle: cajols.

inunct: anoint.

INVENTION

invention, n. 1. origination, devising, fic- invisible, a. unseeable (a less usual term), tion, creation; spec design (rare, exc. of viewless (rars); spec. undiscernable, unthe thing invented), improvisation, fabrication, mintage, coinage, device (rare, exc. of the power of devising,, contrivance, creation, concection, ingenuity (referring only to inventive quality or character). Antonyms: see IMITATION.

2. See DISCOVERY.

inventive, a. concoctive, creative, ingen-

Antonyms' see IMITATIVE.

invest, v. t. 1. See CLOTHE, ADMIT, EN-VELOPE.

2. Referring to insignia of office or the functions or privileges of office: spec. vest, Beize, gird.

Antonyma: see DEPRIVE.

3. endue or indue (now rare or alluding to Biblical use), clothe, endow.

Antonyms see DEPRIVE.
4. surround (contextual); spec. besiege (the formal mulitary term), beset, beleaguer (now rare), blockade.

 In reference to funds: place (contextual), put (contextual); spec. sink, embark, fund,

venture, risk.

investigate, v. i. examine; spec study. scrutinize, sift, search, overhaul, scrutate (rare), research (rare), perserutate (rare), indagate (rare), inquisition (rare), ques-

investigation, n. examination; study, scrutiny, search, overhauling, scrutation (rare), research (rare), perscrutation (rare), inquisition (rare or tech), indagation (rare), inquiry, dialectie, pilpul.

investiture, n. 1. See CLOTHING.

3. investment (a less usual term), investure (rare), vestment (rare).

2. admission, installation; spec. ordination, vestment, investure (rare).

4 enduement or induement; spec. endowment.

inviolability, n. inviolableness, inviolacy (rare); spec. hallowedness (rare or ar-chaic), holiness, sanotity, sacredness, sacresanctity, sacrosanctness (rare).

inviolable, a. Spec. hallowed (now archaic, Biblical, or rhetorical), holy, sacramental, sacred, sacrosanct (a formal word for "sacred").

inviolate, a. intemerate (literary), invitiate (rare), unblemished, inviolated, undefiled.

apparent.

Antonyms: see VISIBLE.

invitation, n. invitement (rare), bid (collog or slang), call (spec or fig.), calling; spec. buddance or bidding (spec. or fig.). solicitation, challenge, etc.

invite, v. t. 1. ask, call (spec., ezc. fig.), bid (spec., ezc. fig.; often slang); spec. solicit,

challenge, court.

2. See ATTRACT, ENTICE, ALLOW.

invocation, n. summoning, conjuration, attestation (archaic); spec. oath.

invoke, v. t. 1. See ASK.

2. summon, invocate (rare); spec. attest

(archaic), conjure, wish, involuntary, a Spec. automatic, spon-taneous, mechanical, will-less (rars). Antonyms: see VOLUNTARY.

involute, a 1. See COMPLEX. 2. involled (rers); spec. spiral, involution, n. 1. See COMPLEXITY.

2. involvement; spec. inclusion, implication, complexity, complication, engagement, embarrassment, degeneration, multiplication, envelopment, entanglement. involve, v. t 1. See INCLUDE, IMPLY, COM-

PLICATE, ENVELOPE, ENTANGLE

2. implicate (referring more to the imputed blame or fault than to the personal consequence); spec. inculpate, incriminate. criminate, commit, entangle or (rare) tangle, mire.

invulnerable, q. unassailable, woundless

(rare).

Antonyms. see VULNERABLE.

irascibility, n. irritability, biliousness (fig. or colloq.), fieriness, stc. Cf. IRASCIBLE. or collog.), fieriness, stc. irascible, a. hot-blooded (suggesting a natwe fullness of feeling or passion as the cause), quick, ireful (rare or rhetorical), iracund (rars), irritable, dyspeptic, impatient, choleric (becoming learned or literary), bilious (fig. or collog.); spec. passionate, petulant, passionful (rare), testy, tetchy or (now more usual) touchy, cranky, waspish, brainish (archaic), impatient, snappish, currish, snarly (colloq.), fiery, fretful, fretty (a weaker term than "fretful"), hasty, crabbed, splen-etic or splenitive (rare) or spleeny or spleenish (all four fig.), reatless, nettlesome, peevish, nettly (rare), peppery (colloq.), pettish (colloq.).

Antonyms. see Calm, Peaceful, Patient.

ET Cross references see Note. investory: hat inverse, a. opposite inverse, a. opposite invert: reserse. Invert: reserse. invidious: hateful invigorate: strengthen, refresh. invincible: unconquerable. invocate: inroke invocation: address invoice, n list, goods invoice, v t list, bill

involved: complex incoming, inward: nward: interior, incoming, mental, aparitual, hidden, sszen-

inwork: meert. iota: perticle, izade: decree.

izidesce, v. i. Spec. opalesce, opalize (rare). **Iridescence**, n. Spec. opalescence, reflet (French), iris, irisation (rare), nacreousness, rainbow, prismationess, sunbow, versicolor (rare).

tridescent, a Spec opalescent, opalesque (rare), opaline, nacreous, nacrous, pris-

Antonyma: see DULL.

Irishman, n. Hibernian, Teague (a nickname), Mick (a jocular or contemptuous nickname), Paddywhack (collog.; a contemptuous or jocular nickname), Paddy (a contemptuous or jocular nickname; collog), Greek or Grecian (slang), Bog-trotter (a contemptuous nickname), Irishry (a collective pl.); spec. Fenian, Sinn-Feiner.

iron, a. ferrous (tech); spec. ironish (rare), irony, chalybeate, ferruginous, ferrous, ferric, iron-clad.

irrational, n unreasoning, unthinking, unreasonable (chiefly spec.): spec. brainless, brute, brutish, reasonless, insane, abourd, unwise, foolish, idiotic, fantastic, etc.

Antonyms see RATIONAL, REASONABLE. irreconcilable, n. different, inconsistent;

spec, intransigent.

irregular, a. 1. exorbitant (now rare, archaic, or spec.); spec. illegitimate, inordinate, heteromorphous, disorderly, im-proper, abnormal, informal, uneven, changeable, unsettled, baroque, eccentric, ragged, unequal, heteroclite (rare), erratic, unmeasured (rare), uncanonical, unaystematic, bastard, crabbed, unparliamentary, snatchy, foul, licentious, tortuous,

Antonyms: see REGULAR, PERIODIC. Referring to surface: spec. unequal, uneven, humpy, hummocky, hillocky, rough, hilly, mountainous, knotty, bunchy.

Antonyms see EVEN. irrelevant, a. unrelated, extraneous, foreign, impertinent (chiefly legal), illogical, inconsequent, unessential or inessential.

Antonyms. see RELATIVE. irreligious, a. Spec. impious, ungodly, godless, irreverent, ribald, indevout or undevout, profane, blasphemous, wicked. Antonyms: see RELIGIOUS, DEVOUT

irremissible, a. 1. See UNFORGIVABLE. 2. obligatory, irrenunciable.

trievable, hopeless, remediless, irrecoverable, irreplaceable, unchangeable.

irrepressible, a Spec mauppressible, unsmotherable (rars), unquenchable, incoercible.

irresistible, a. resistless (a terser, more emphatic word than "irresistible"), overpowering, overwhelming, killing (colloq. or slang hyperbole), stunning (colloq. or slang hyperbole), knockdown (colloq. or slang).

irresolute, a. indecisive, spineless, unconfirmed (rare); spec. unsteadfast, changeable, inconstant, undecided, unstable, feeble-minded, hesitating, fickle.

irresponsible, a. unaccountable.

irrevocable, a. Spec. irreversible, irrepealable,

irritable, a. touchy; spec. peevish; see

TRASCIBLE, EXCITABLE.

irritate, v t 1. excite (contextual), touch (contextual), rile (collog, and now chiefly U. S.), aggravate (collog.); spec. nag, rasp (by harshly offending the sensibilities), roughen (coilog.), spite, ruffle, roil (equiv. of "rule"; U. S and dial.), jur (now usually considered slang), grate, nettle, inflame, prod, fret, exacerbate, annoy, anger, worry, etc.

Antonyms: see CALM, PACIFY

3. Med. and physiol.: spec. inflame, exacerbate, rub, counterirritate.

irritated, a. Spec. warm, nettled, exacerbated, etc.

irritating, d. Spec. irritative, exciting, nettling, grating, excitatory, irritant, pro-vocative, inflammatory, annoying, angering, worrying, provoking, etc.

Antonyms: see CALMATIVE. irritation, n. 1. excitement (contextual), irritancy (rare); spec. anger, ill temper, annoyance, worry, etc.

2. Referring to what irritates: spec. provocation, aggravation (collog.), gall (fig.), annoyance, vexation, itch, burn, acridity,

island, n. isle (now usually poetic, exc. spec.); spec. holm, holme, islet, ait, eyot, islet or ilet (rare), inch (Scot.), key or cay, calf, knoll.

Antonyms' see MAINLAND.

taland, a. insular (formal), insulary (rare). island, v. t. insulate (formal), enisle (rare), isle (rare).

irreparable, a. Spec. irremediable, irre-Islander, n. insular (formal), insulary

Cross references see Note. irate: angry.

ire: anger trefut: angry, trascible. Ironclad, a armored. Ironical: dissembling, sarcas-

fic irradiate: light, brighten, irreclaimable: abandoned.

irredeemable: abandoned,

hopeless irreducible: insoluble irreformable: abandoned irrefragable: undentable irremediable: incurable, irrep-

irremovable: Axed, permanent irrepealable: erespeciable.

irreproschable: faultless, irretrievable: irreparable, irreverent: durespectful, improus

irreversible: irresocable irrigate: water, wash.

(rare or spec.).

isolate, c. f. separate, insulate (rare, exc. spec); spec. segregate, quarantine.

isolated, a insulated, insular, spec, segregate (rare), alone (a postpositive), solitary, incommunicable.

issuable, a. utterable (now rare or spec.). issue, n. 1. Referring to the act of coming out issuance (U S.); spec exit, escape, process (rare), flow, outburst, outspring (rare), egress, sally, sortie, procession, emergence, emanation, debouchment, exudation, emigration, outflow, discharge, effervescence, etc.

Antonyms' sec ENTRANCE 3. Referring to the act of sending out emission (chiefly spec.); spec. utterance, envoy (archarc), mise (chiefly Eng), delivery,

discharge. 3. Of what issues or is issued spec. discharge, stream, emission, flux, outpour, catarrh, edition, offspring, produce, etc.

4. See OUTCOME, EVENT, DISPUTE, RE-

BULT, EFFECT, etc. issue, v. i. 1. depart (contextual), egress; sure, v. 1. I. depart (contextual), egress; spec. exit, emanate, debouch, flow (often fig.), gush (by flowing violently), furnace, burst (used with "out," "forth," etc.), escape, stream, proceed, sally, sortie, appear, emerge, come (chiefly with "out," "forth," etc.), rise, spout, spurt, spirt, run (fig.), well (chiefly with "up," "forth," etc.), effervesce, exude, arise, descend, spring, outspring (poetic).

Antonyms: sec ENTER. 2. See EVENTUATE, RESULT, ACCRUE. issue, v. t. 1. deliver (contextual), emit; spec. expedite, discharge.

2. Spec publish, give, utter, outgive (po-

etrc). 1sthmus, n. neck, tarbet (local, Scot.). itch, n i. psora (tech.; rare); spec. scabies, pruritus, prurigo, prurience, mange.

2. See DESIRE, INCLINATION. Itchy, a. scabious (tech), psoric (tech);

spec mangy, prurient item, n. detail, particular, spec. entry,

article, local, term, paragraph.
itinerant, a traveling, itinerary, peripatetic or peripatetical (often humorous).

(rare), islandman (rare or local), isleman itinerary, n. Spec. route, circuit, guide-

ivory, a. eburnean or euburnian (rare), charnine (rare); spec, ivorylike, eburneoid (rare)

ivy, a. hederaceous (rare), hederal (rare), hederic (chem.).

jack, n. Referring to cards: knave, variet (obs.); spec. bower, pam (obs.).

jackanapes, n. Spec pert (obs), puppy (collog.), coxcomb, saucebox (collog)

jacket, n. coat (contextual.; spec. wammus (local, U. S.), dolman, cardigan, camisole, doublet, vareuse (French), sweater, polka, norfolk, reefer, blouse, haqueton, grego, cassock, jupe (Scot.), jumper.

janitor, n. concierge (French; chiefly spec. in Eng.); spec. doorkeeper, custodian.

jar, n. crock , contextual; obsolescent or luerary); spec. dolium, can (loose for "glass jar'), bocal (French), hydria, olla (Spanish), cruse, guggler.

jar, v 1. 1. Sec GRATE. 2. shake (contextual); spec. joit, jounce.

jargon, n 1. See CHATTER.

2. cant, canting, slang, spec. gibberish, argot, babel, dialect, Hegelese (contemptuous), chmook, shop.

jaw, n. t. jawbone, mandible (tech. and chiefly spec.), maxilla (tech. and chiefly spec.), jowl (now rare, exc. spec.), choller (dial Eng. and Scot.), chap or chop (now obsolescent or rate, exc. of brutes or as contemptuous)

2. In pl.: spec. mouth, throat, entrance. jeer, v 1. & t ridicule (contextual), scoff, jape, jibe, gibe, flout, gird (archaic), frump (archaic), fleer, gleek (obs.); spec.

mock, taunt, jest, hoot.

joer, n. scoff, flout, gibe, jibe, jape, fleer, gird (archaic), frump (archaic), gleek (obs.), hit (colloq.), outfling (rare); spec. mock, taunt, shy (slang), quip, sarcasm, sneer, jest, bob (collog.).

jeerer, n. ridiculer (contextual), scoffer; spec. taunter, sneerer, ribald (rare), etc. jeering, a. ridiculing, scoffing, frumpish (rare); spec ribaldrous, etc.

Cross references, see Note. deare. itch, v a desir

Itemise: particularies, iterant: repealing. Iterate: repeal.

ab: thrust, stab. abber: chatter F4186 ackanapen: monkey, dandy. ackasa: donkey, blockhead jacket, v. t.: clothe, cover, enjade, a : horse, husey ade, v t tire dull ing: projection, indentation. jaggo: macreu jail, v prison jail, v t confine, imprison, jam, v cond crush, jam, v t block jam, v t stick langle, 0 chatter, dispute, migle

jangle, n. dispute, discord, jangly: discordant, jingling, jape, v 1 | yest, jeer, jape, n · yest, trick, caper, jar: shock distress aunt: excurrion. aunty: gay ay: gawk. jealous: mgilant, distrustful, jonlousy: sigilance, distrust, jelly, v. t. congeal (contextual), coagulate (contextual), gelatinize (learned or tech.), gelatinate (rare), jell (U. S.; colloq.).

jelly, n. gelatin (learned or tech.); spec. jujube, blancmange, blancmanger, aspic.

jerk, v. i. & t. 1. move (contextual), pull (contextual); spec. twitch, jet, jigget (colloq.), flip, yank (colloq.), bob, flirt, fling, flounce, hitch, tweak, flick, perk, jig, jog, dodge, jiggle, pluck.

Antonyms: see GLIDE.

2. See THROW.

jerk, n. motion (contextual), pull (contextual); spec. twitch, toss, hitch, jet, flick, flirt, yank (colloq.), bob, fig, jog, joggle, flip, fling, throw, dodge, spasm, jiggle, jigget (colloq.).

jerky, a. abrupt; spec. twitchy, jiggety (colloq.), jiggish, hitchy, tossing, yanking

(colloq.), spasmodic, etc.

jest, n. 1. See JEER.

2. joke (an undignified word); spec. chestnut (slang), Joe Miller (slang or humorous), jokelet (humorous), gag, farcicality (rare), jolly (colloq.), pleasantry, jape (chiefly a literary archaism), drollery, witticism.

3. play (contextual), sport (as in "done in sport"); spec. japery, joking, waggery, joke (rather undignified), waggishness, prank, humor, jocosity, jocularity.

Antonyms: see Earnestness.

jest, v. i. droll (literary), bound (archaic); spec. joke, jape (rare, exc. as a literary ar-

chaism), jolly, quiz, banter.

jester, n. farceur (French); spec. joker, japer, jokesman (nonce word), jokesmith (humorous), jokist (rare), quiz, quizzer, jokester (contemptuous), buffoon, wag, droll (rare, exc. hist.), wit, joculator (hist.), minstrel (hist.), jougleur (hist.), Goliard (hist.).

jesting, a. merrymaking (contextual), sportive, jocose; spec. joking, jocular, japish, droll, joky (colloq.), jokesome (rare), jollying (colloq.), waggish, ribald, quizzical, farcical, witty.

jewel, n. 1. bijou (French); spec. gem, George.

2. See TREASURE.

jewel, v. t. bejewel (an intensive), engem (rare), enjewel (rare).

jewelry, n. bijouterie (French), bijoutry (rare); spec. filigree.

Jewry, n. Jewdom (rare), Hebrewdom (rare); spec. ghetto, Israel (a collective), Sephardim, Ashkenazim.

jiggle, v. t. & i. Spec. play, jibbet (colloq.), dance, jigger (colloq.), bob, jig, noddle, bobble, popple, jog, joggle, chop, dangle, dandle, trot (colloq.).

jiggle, n. dance, bob, bobble, popple, jig, noddle, jog, joggle, dangle, jigget (colloq.). jiggly, a. jiggety (colloq.), dancing, jiggish (colloq.), bobby, popply, joggly, choppy.

Antonyms: see FIRM.
jilt, v. t. To cast off (a lover): deceive (con-

textual).

jilt, n. light-o'-love (archaic).

jingle, v. i., t., & n. Spec. tinkle, clink, chink, clank, jangle, clang.

jingling, a. clanky, jingly, clinky, jangling, jangly (rare).

jingoism, n. bluster (contextual), jingo, Chauvinism.

job, n. 1. work (contextual); spec. chore (U. S.), char (Eng.).

2. See Business, Affair.

join, v. t. & i. unite; spec. connect, meet (v. i.), conjugate (rare), concorporate (eccl. or literary), concrete, coarticulate (rare), conjoin (a stronger and more literary term than "join"), marry (fig.), wed (fig.), combine, affiliate, consolidate, compact, compaginate (rare), compound, assemble, Siamese (fig.), consolidate, joint, couple, coadunate (rare), coapt (rare), coagment (rare), yoke, fay, enter, associate, attach, add, interlace, hinge, lock, gear, solder, link, leash, rabbet, piece, tenon, band, splice, dovetail, miter, dowel, seam, scarf, joggle, enlink (rare), catenate, construct, rejoin.

Antonyms: see SEPARATE, BREAK, DETACH, DISCONNECT.

joined, a. united; spec. combined, connected, coadunate (rare), conferruminate, consolidate, conjugate, conjunct (chiefly literary), conjoined, concorporate (eccl. or literary), joint.

Antonyms: see SEPARATE.

joining, n. union, juncture (more formal than "joining"); spec. connection, jointure (rare), join (rare or colloq.), junction,

```
cross references: see Note.

jeopardize: endanger.

jeopardous: dangerous.

jeopardy: danger.

jet, a.: black.

jet, v. t.: jerk, emit, spout.

jet, v. i.: spout.

jet, n.: spout.

jib, v. i.: balk.

jib, n.: arm.

jibber: chatter.

jibe, v. i.: agree.
```

```
jibe, v. i. & n.: jeer.
jig, v.: dance, jerk.
jigger: jiggle.
jigget: jerk, jiggle.
jiggety: jerky, jiggly.
jiggish: jerky, jiggly.
jilt: desert.
jingoism: bluster.
job: thrust, stab.
jockey, n.: horseman.
jockey, v. t.: cheat, manage,
maneuver.
```

```
jocose: jesting.
jocosity: jest.
jocular: jesting.
jocularity: jest.
jocularity: jest.
jocund: cheerful.
jog, v. t.: jerk, push, remind.
jog, v. i.: go, jiggle.
jog, n.: jerk, push, jiggle, reminder.
joggle: jiggle.
joggly: jiggly.
jog trot: gait.
```

juncture, assemblage, joinder (rare), com- | bination, conjunction, conjuncture (now rare, exc. of circumstances or events), consolidation, conjugation, concourse, combine (U S.; colloq.), contexture, coaptation (rare), contignation (rare), catenation, composition, compaction, coadunation, attachment, annexation, addition, conspiracy, etc.

Antonyms: see DIVISION; also of, SEP-

ARATE.

joining, a. unitive (rare), uniting; spec. contextive connective. combinative, (rare), concretive, copulative, conjunctive, associating, interesculating, interes-

culant (rore), etc.

joint, n 1. union; spec. junction, connection, connexus (rare), link, seam, miter, knee, knot, node, joggle, fillet, mortise, variator, hinge, splice, communication, scarf, dovetail, elbow, weld, butt, lap,

2. Referring to part of an animal: articulation; spec. saddle, elbow, knee, atlas, hip, shoulder, ankle, hock (in a quadruped), knuckle, chine.

3. See resort.

joint, v. t. 1. articulate (chiefly spec.).

3. See dibjoint.

joint, a. joined, united, conjoint; apec. conjunctive, concurrent, solidary (chiefly tech.), correal, articulated, hinged, etc. Antonyms: see SEPARATE.

jointless, a. inarticulate

jostie, v. t. push (contextual), hustle (chiefly spec.); spec. shove, elbow, shoulder. jostle, n. push, hustle; spec. shove, elbowing, jostlement (rare),

journal, n. 1. record (contextual), diary (chiefly spec), spec daybook, gazette.

2. See PERIODICAL, BEARING.

journalist, n. author (contextual), pressman (rare or cant), gazetteer (hist); spec. reporter, publicist (a loose use).

journey, n. progress (rare, exc. spec, excursion, expedition, errand (in its undest sense dignified and chiefly literary), jaunt, peregrination (rare or stilled), voyage (now rare, exc. of a long journey by water), pilgrimage, meander, passage, Odyssey (fig.), cruise, tour, trip, run, trek (South Africa or colloq.), jornada (Mexican Spanish), hike (collog.), wayfaring (archaic), travel, walk, ride, drive, wander, row, sail.

journey, v. i. go (contextual), travel (chiefly spec.), peregrinate (rare), progress (archaic, exc. spec.); spec jaunt, voyage, pilgrimage (esp. with "et"), meander, pass, tour, hike (collog.), wander, ride, row, sail, drive.

journeyer, n. Spec. traveler, excursionist. expeditionary (rare), messenger, jaunter, peregrinator (rare), voyager, pilgrim, wanderer, cruiser, tourist, tripper, trekker, hiker (collog.), wayfarer (archaic), walker, rider, driver, rower, sailer.

judge, n. 1. magistrate (contextual; a formal word), decider (contextual), judicature (a collective pl.), judicator (rare), judger (rare), judgeress (fem.; rare), judiciary (chiefly hist, and spec), justiciar (rare, exc. hist. and spec.), justicer (archare), Rhadamanthus (fig.), hakim (Oriental), doomsman (archaic or literary), doomster (archaic or literary), doomer (archaic), moderator (literary or spec.), justice (chiefly spec.), deemster (obs. or ar-chave, exc spec.); spec cadi (Oriental), cadilesker (Turkish), surrogate, probate, bencher (archaic), heliast, dicast, sen-tencer (not a technical term), arbitrator, arbiter, referendary, umpire, brehon (Irish hist.), podesta (Spanish), quorum (collective pl.), squire, kasi (Oriental), Inquisitor, ordinary, recorder, puisne, censurer, Christ (as judging at Doomsday). 2. See CRITIC.

judge, v.t. & 1. decide (contextual), adjudicate (formal), doom (archaic, exc. spec.); spec. pronounce, decree, acquit, arbitrate, try, umpire, condemn, sentence, find.

2. decide, consider; spec. apprehend, measure, think, guess. judgment, n. 1. decision, adjudication, judicatory (rare), judicature (rare), doom (archaic, exc. spec.), arrêt (French), judication (rare), deliverance (chiefty spec.); spec. arbitration, condemnation, decree, forjudger, acquittal.

2. decision, consideration, estimation: spec, inference, condemnation, censure. . decision, thought (contextual); spec. opinion, conceit, proposition, estimate, sentiment, inference, guess, criticism.

4. sense, discretion; spec. counsel (archaic or obs.), judiciousness, wit (noto rare, exc. in pl. and in certain phrases), eye, fancy, circumspection, sensibility, rationality, taste.

Cross reservaces: see Note. loist: beam oke, n jest, butt.
joke, v i jest,
joke, v t banter.
jolly: gay, excellent. jolly, n jest. jolly, n, t · banter, cajole. jolt: shock

jolthead: blockhead josh: banter boax ounce: shock journeyman: worker ourneywork: work, drudgery onst: fight |ovial: goy, conmuct |owl: head joy, n pleasure, happiness

joyance: pleasure, happynese, joyful, a pleased, happy joylese, a unhappy cheerlese, joyous: pleased, happy jubilant: pleased, gay, emilijubilee: anniversary, festival, merrymaking jubilina: celebrate.

judicial, a. 1. legal (contextual), judiciary, judicatory, judicatorial (rare); spec, judicative, juridical.

Antonyms: see LAY.

2. sensible, judicious; spec. discriminating, discreet, judgmatical or judgmatic (collog.), critical, understanding, cautious,

judicious, a. judgmatic, sensible, prudent,

Antonyms: see UNWISE.

jug, n. vessel (contextual); spec. pitcher, ewer, graybeard, cruse, toby, prochoös, jack, tankard, blackjack.

juggle, t. i. conjure, trick.

jugglery, n conjury, magic (seemingly so); spec. legerdemain.

tuice, n humor (archaic); spec. blood, sap, verjuice, broo (Scot), gravy.
Juicy, a. succulent (learned or tech); spec.

bloody, sappy.

jump, v. 1. 1. spring, leap (a livelier word than "jump"), bound; spec. vault, skip, hop, dance, lunge, buck, pounce.

3. See DART, START, CHANGE. jump, v. t. 1. Cause to jump: spring, leap;

spec. vault, skip, hop.

2. Referring to jumping over a thing-spring, leap, vault (often spec.), clear (contextual), negotiate (cant), overvault (rare), overspring (rare), overleap (rare), take.

jump, n. 1. spring, leap; spec. vault, skip, hop, saltation (rare), saltus (rare), dance, lunge, pounce.

2. See DART, START, TRANSITION.

2. Referring to the space across which an electric spark passes: gap.

junction, n. 1. See JOINING.

2. Referring to a place where things come together, but do not become united in the way ordinarily suggested by "joint"; juncture, spec. commissure, seam, conjunction, chiasm, osculature, concurrence.

juncture, n. 1. See joining, junction. 2. Referring to circumstances: spec. emergency, conjunction, contingency, pass, predicament, concurrence, combination,

umon, crisis. junior, n. Spec. youngster (mil.; colloq.),

boots (slang), fag (Eng. schools). Antonyms, see BENIOR.

jurisdiction, n. 1. court; spec. justiciary (Scot), soke, inspectorate, cognizance, liberty, courtship, leet, circuit, danger.

3. See AUTHORITY.

3. Referring to a person's sphere of control or influence: sphere, range, compass, reach, circuit, ambit (rare or learned equivalent of "circuit"), province, round, orbit.

jurisdictional, a. jurisdictive (rare); spec.

justiciable, cognizable.

jurist, n. jurisprudent (often spec.), legist (learned); spec. Justinianist, Civilian, Romanist, publicist, jurisconsult.

juror, n. juryman (a less technical term);

spec. recognitor.

jury, n. panel, country (tsch.), inquest

(usually spec.).

just, a. 1. true (contextual), right, white (slang, U.S.), square (slang); spec. wellfounded, equitable, praetorian (rare), honorable, honest, legitimate, fair.

Antonyms. see UNIUST.

2. See RIGHTEOUS, UPRIGHT, DESERVED, CONSCIENTIOUS, IMPARTIAL, LAWFUL, REA-

SONABLE, ACCURATE.

just, adv. Spec. exactly, even; see HARDLY. justice, n. 1. justness (the quality), equitableness, right, truth (contextual), spec. honesty, honor, equity, legitimacy, legitimateness, Astrea (a personification), Nemesis (a personification).

Antonyms see INJUSTICE.

2. Spec. righteousness, uprightness, conscientiousness, impartiality, truth, lawfulness, reasonableness, right, accuracy, sincerity, desert, count.

3. See judge.

justification, n. 1. defense, righting, warrant; spec. legitimation, legitimization, vindication, reason, approval, apology. Antonyms see condemnation.

2. See EXCUSE.

justify, v. t. 1. defend, warrant; spec. legitimate, support, legitimatize (rore), legitimize, vindicate, approve, deraign (law, hist., or obs.).

Antonyma: see CONDEMN.

2. See excuse, adjust, fit.

keel, n. Spec. rocker (chiefly U. S.).

keep, v. t. 1. hold; spec. withhold, possess, reserve, preserve, retain, bear (in mind), save, have.

Cross references: see Note judicatory: judicial judicious: judicial, prudent,

inggle: conjure, decrive. jumble: conjuse jumble: conjuse unotion: joint, joining, mest-

jungle: thicket.

junker: noble, junket: feast junta: jess juridical: judical legal jurisprudence: law, jurisprudence: law, jurisprudent: lawyer, jurist just, r. & n. fight tournament, justiciar: judge justifable: defensible. justness: justice accuracy.

jut, v i project, jutty: projection juvanile, a. childish, juvanile, n: child.

keen: sharp, sharp-sighted, in-tense, intelligent, painful, eager, shrill, pungent, discerning.

Antonyms: see ABANDON, RELINQUISH, FORGO.

2. See observe, maintain, preserve, GUARD, ATTEND, SUPPORT, DETAIN, CAUSE,

CONTINUE, APPLY.

keeper, n Spec. guardian, custodian, preserver, conservator (chiefly tech. of officials or persons legally appointed to conserve something), warden, warder, holder, re-tainer, constable, bearward, parker, attendant, armature, castellan.

keeping, n. Spec custody, care, guard, agreement, maintenance, observation, retainer (rare, exc. law), retention, support,

harmony, preservation, etc. kennel, n. 1. See HOUSE.

2. pack (of dogs).

kerchief, n. kercher (obs. or dial.), curch (Scot), headkerchief (rare); spec. neckpiece, handkerchief.

kerosene, n. potogen (rare), paraffin oil (Eng or tech), paraffin (Eng)

kettledrum, n. drum (contextual), kettle (collog), timbal (chiefly arenase or hist.); spec. naker (hist.), atabal.
key, n. 1. clavis (hierary); spec. wrest,

passe-partout (French).

lock (mach.); spec. cotter, spline, stop,

feather, pin, etc. 3. Referring to an explanation, transla-

tion, etc.: spec. translation, crib, horse (slang), pony (slang).

4. In muste tonality (lech. and rare); spec. natural, sharp, flat, mode.

5. Of a musical instrument: spec. manual (rare), digital (tech.), pedal, stop. keyboard, n. clavier (French); spec. man-

ual, pedalier.

kick, J. t. strike (contextual), spurn (chiefly literary), foot (rare or obs. now; often implying scorn), calcitrate (rare, literary); spec football, toe, hack, punt (football), drive. kick, v. i. 1. strike (contextual), calcitrate

(rare); spec spurn (rare, exc. literary). 2. See RECOIL, OBJECT

kick, n. 1. strike (contextual), calcitration (rare), spurn (obs); spec. punt, hack.

3. See RECOIL, OBJECTION kid, n offspring (contextual); spec. yearling

or earling.

kidney, n. reins (pl.; archaic).

kill, t t. 1. destroy, finish (now chiefly collog , exc. spec), dispatch, quell (rare or archaic), quench (rare or archaic), disanimate (rare), end (not a dignified word), fordo (archaio), corpee (vulgar, Eng.), dead (dial. or illiterate); spec. slay (now chiefly literary or rhetorical), slaughter,

massacre, outkill (rare), smite (archaic), deaden (rare), butcher, decimate, drown, assassinate, burn, martyr, stone, lapidate (hierary equic of "stone", lynch, tomahawk, immolate, jugulate (rare), decapitate, garrote, guillotine, crucify, hang, gibbet, brain, deacon, barke, winterkill U. S.), pot, supe, murder, noose (rare), lance, spear, pike, pith, neck (tech. or dial.), homicide.

Antonyms: see animate, beget, gen-

ERATE, REVIVE.

2. See destroy, defeat, veto, consume. killed, a Spec. lost, slam, manimate.

killer, n. slayer (usually archaic or spec.), manqueller (archaic), manslayer; spec. Drawcansir (fig.), cutthroat, slaughterer, smiter, decapitator, hangman, guillotiner, garroter, matador, murderer, assassin, knacker, giganticide (rare), deicide, insecticide, lyncher, macropicide rare), massacrer, potter, sniper, bactericide, fungicide, etc.

killing, n. 1. destruction, dispatch, quell (rare), bloodshed (in a generic or collective sense), death (in a generic or collective sense); spec. massacre, homicide, murder, slaughter, slaying, butchery, cervicide (rare), martyring, martyrization, macta-tion (rare), decapitation, custom, assa-

sination, hanging, drowning, etc.

2. See DESTRUCTION

kind, n. 1. See NATURE. 2. division (contextual), species (learned or tech.), sort (a voguer term than "kund"), genus (chiefly tech.); *pec. class, type, genre (French), cast (a vague word, man-ner (now only in "what manner of"), denomination, description, race, brood, swarm, crew, crowd, stamp, brand, form, make, family, breed, shade, stripe (usually derogatory), strain, style, persuasion (jocular), tap (colloq.), color, class, gender

(gram.), sex, make, etc. kind, a. good-natured, humane, mild (ar-chaic or rare), beingn (literary), boon (archaic); spec. soft, beneficent, benevolent, tender, cosmopbil (nonce word), good, gracious, kindly, sweet, friendly, brotherly, kind-hearted, compassionate, ac-

commodating, amiable.

Antonyms see UNFEELING, UNKIND,

FIERCE, CRUEL, HATEFUL.

kindle, v. t. 1. ignite (more learned than "kindle"), fire (colloq. or tech.), enkindle (an intensive; archaic), light, spec. flash, inflame, emblase (rare), conflagrate (rare), ignify (rare).

Cross references see Note. koop, v 1 dwell continue. koopsako: reminder. kog: cask

ken, n ' knowing knowledge. ken, r t know, understand, kickshaw: gewgaw kid, r t decesse, hoar, banter.

kldnap: abduct. kiln, r. furnace, oven, kiln, v. t. vurn, bake, dry, kin: kindred, relationship. Antonyms: see extinguish.

2. See EXCITE.

kindle, v. i. ignite, catch, light, etc.

kindleable, a. ignitable.

kindling, a. ignescent (rare), inflammatory (rare or learned); spec. conflagrative. **kindling**, n. 1. Spec. fuel, tinder, touch-

wood, lightwood.

2. ignition, lighting; spec. inflammation. **kindly**, a. well-disposed, hearty, genial, benignant, beneficent, benign (chiefly literary), benevolent, debonair (archaic), gracious (poetic or rare); spec. sweet, friendly, considerate, neighborly, openhearted, sympathetic, brotherly, gall-less, loving, thoughtful, humane, amiable.

Antonyms: see MALEVOLENT, COLD,

STERN, CRUEL, HATEFUL, SHARP.

kindness, n. 1. tenderness, mildness (archaic or rare); spec. humanity, benignity, benevolence, grace, goodness, beneficence, favor, gentleness, charity, blood.

Antonyms: see Unkindness, ferocity,

SHARPNESS.

2. See BENEFACTION.

kindred, n. pl. family, kin (now a less usual term than "kindred"), kinspeople (U. S.), kinsfolk (collog. or dial.), sib (archaic), kinship (rare), flesh (fig.), folks (colloq.), relations (pl.; colloq.), relatives (pl.), mine (collog.), folk, cousinry, cousinhood, cousinage (obs.).

kindred, a. 1. Referring to persons: related. 2. Referring to things: congenial (rare), connate (rare), connected, connatural (rare), congeneric or congenerate, cognate, congenerous (rare); spec. conjugate,

sympathetic.

Antonyms: see unrelated.

kingly, a. royal, regalian (rare), regal, basilic (rare), kinglike, princelike (now rare), princely (archaic or spec.); spec. palatine.

Antonyms: see Plebeian.

kiss, v. t. 1. caress (contextual), salute (archaic), lip (a word suggestive of coarseness or used of the lower animals), osculate (rare), exosculate (rare); spec. bill, peck (humorous), bekiss (intensive), smack, buss (an archaic equiv. of "smack").

2. See TOUCH.

kiss, n. 1. caress (contextual), salute (archaic), osculation (rare); spec. smack, knot, n. 1. See knob, distortion. peck (humorous), buss (archaic equiv. of "smack").

2. See TOUCH.

kissing, a. oscular (learned), osculatory (learned).

kitchen, n. 1. Spec. galley, scullery.

2. cuisine (tech. or pretentious), cookroom (collog.).

kite, n. hawk, milvine (tech.); spec. elanet, glide (chiefly Scot. & dial. Eng.), swallowtail, gledge.

knead, v. t. work; spec. malaxate (rare), petrie, massage.

kneel, v. i. bow, knee (rare); spec. kowtow or kotow.

kneepan, n. patella (tech.), kneecap, rotula (rare), whirlbone (rare); spec. stifle-

knife, n. 1. Spec. whittle (archaic or dial.), couteau (French), chive (thieves' cant), whinger (archaic or rare), toothpick (slang, U. S.), bowie knife, bistoury, slice, razor, scalpel, serpette, trivet, parang, lancet, lance, fleam, jackknife, gully (Scot. & dial. Eng.), cuttoe (obs. or rare), machete, bolo.

2. blade (contextual); spec. plow or

plough, shears (pl.), shave.

knife-shaped, a. cultrate, cultriform; both tech.

knight, n. younger (obs. or archaic); spec. champion, chevalier, cavalier, knight-errant, errant, paladin (fig.), bachelor,

maltese, companion, horseman, Ritter (German), knighthood (a collective).

knight, v. t. dub.

knighthood, n. knights (pl.), chivalry, knightlihood (rare); spec. errantry.

knightly, a. knightlike, cavalierly (rare). chivalric or chivalrous.

knob, n. 1. protuberance (contextual), boss; spec. stud, knop, knurl, nub (chiefly dial.), lump, button, nubble, knot, knub, knobble, bob, bur, bud, croche (tech.), cascabel, pommel, whelk.

2. See HILL.

knobby, a. bossy; spec. nubby, lumpy, knobbly, knotty, whelky.

knock, v. t. & i. 1. strike (contextual); spec. rap, rat-tat, rattle.

2. See CENSURE.

knock, n. 1. stroke (contextual); spec. rap. rat-a-tat, rat-tat.

2. See CENSURE.

2. interlacement (contextual); spec. sheepshank, becket, rosette, bow, picot, clove-

knoll: hill.

Cross reserences: see Note.

king: monarch.

kingcraft: diplomacy. kingdom: domain, group. kink, v. t.: twist, curl, loop,

kinky: twisted, curly. kinsfolk: kindred.

kinship: relation, kindred. kinsman: relative.

kit: set.

knack: ability. knave: rascal, jack.

knavery: dishonesty, rascality. knavish: dishonest, rascally.

knee, v. t.: salute.

knell, v. t.: summon, knell, v. i.: ring. knickerbockers: breeches. knickknack: gewgaw.

knife, v. t.: stab, betray. knit: weave, interlace, consolidate, wrinkle.

hoteh, gramy, hoteh, Turk's-brad, wallknes aesthesisted, eat some bend, bowthe tout

1. 'es derrichtet forkabe, secto. heat, s. f. 1. missiace (conscious), spec. k.ak

2. See WEATE, GY LKL.

knotted, a t. (radina 'fg.; hierary); spec. control ted, powed.

2. Her WATE STEE

knotty, a 1. Spec gnaried, knurly, nodose, series rare, nedulese, generals, STATES!

2. See COMPLEX.

honory, a f engrane (tech.), can (archanc), wit 'archner envery or envery calang, ken 1 Heed ages have, as at lest we learned, inter rare, recognize, measure from, understand, infer, expension.

Andrewymus MR IN ZRA.

knowable, a roguzable (tech.), cognoscithe tech, open perceptable Autonoma ser taragrants.

knowing, a 1. Referring to the capacity of knowing, understanding, or perceuring see INTELLIGENT

3. Heferring to having knowledge previously acquired commant (tech or learned), fly (slang), aware, spec. conscious, sensible. inferenced, perespect. "Knowing" in this sense is rather rare.

Antenymus see UNAWARE. (mowing, n cognition (tech. or learned), ken (ohs. or rare); spec. perception, apperorgano, inference, sensibility, conscious-

knowingness, n. 1. See INTELLIGENCE. 2. awareness, flymess (slang); spec. sciolism (learned or rare), cunningness.

knowledge, n. cognition (tech. or learned), communities (tech or learned), cognoscence (rare), ken, wit (archaic,; spec. pansophy (rare), panthology (rare), mastery, command, kenning (Scot. and dial. Eng.), gnown, consciousness, recognition, intuition, identification, perception, gup-tavidya (theosophy), information, news, instruction, prescience, know how (collog), cumning, experience, skill, science, nequantance, "with"), privity. familiarity (used with

known, a. Spec. understood, assumed, given.

Antonymu: see UNBUBPRUTED.

hnuckle, n 1. joint (contextual); spec. (in quadrupeds) hock

n. Pl; in reference to the weapon: spec. knuckleduster (sing), contus (sing.).

label, n. i. mark (contextual), ticket (chia by open open tag chargly U. S.), disp,

2. In more charge drap

labor, v : L Nor EXDEATOR, WORK, SLAB-GEATE, 60

2. Referring to a sounce in childhorth: traval orchor

isberatory, a wist piace (contested), eastwestivey inhe or had

inhered, a. I. See ELABORATE.

2. Spec artificial, forced, heavy, punder-47.30

Andonymum sex SPONTANEOUS.

laborious, a. L. arduces literary or formost technical traifful core, hard, laborcome rare, operage rare, sper heavy, techous, sweaty, difficult, slaven, WORK.

2. New DODESTRICES.

labyrinth, a mase.

labyrinthine, a. labyrinthian, labyrinthic. Dædalian (jig)

lace, a. L. fastening (contextual); string, cord, band, fatchet (dial or Biblical, thong, braid, strap

2. fabrie amtextual, netting; spec. bobbinet, Valenciennes, Duchesse, pillow lace, passement thist; net, guipure, tatting, edging all-over, insertion, Mechlin point.
3. admixture (contextual), flavor, dash.

lace, v. f. 1. fasten, enlace (literary).

2. See INTERLACE.

adulterate, flavor. lachrymatory, n tear bottle (an old name due to a false opinion as to their use).

lacing, n. Spec. enlacement (rare), flavor. lack, v. i. 1. See FAIL.

2. want; -chiefly in to "be wanting in." lack, v. t. want; spec. need.

Antonyms: see HAVE. lookey, n. 1. servant (contextual); spec. footboy, footman, valet, tiger (cant or slang), flunky (rather contemptuous), Jeames (slang).

3. See FAWNER.

lad, n youth (contextual), boy, jockey (chresty Scot.), laddie (chresty Scot.; esp. by way of affection).

ladder-shaped, a. scalar, scalariform; both learned or tech,

ladies man. gallant (rare, exc. spec.). ladie, n. dipper (chiefly U. S.; usually spec); spec. bail, bale, scoop (chiefly cant), simpulum, shank, cyathus (classical antiq.).

W (ross references are Note browledgeable: intelligent.

koboldt gabitu koboldt gabitu kotowi baw kneel

labile: unstable. Inborer: worker. Incerate: rend, distress, wound. inches: neglect inconic: brief, inde: dip indie, v : dip

LANDLORD

lady, n. 1. See mistress, Lady-Love.

2. As used with "Our": Virgin Mary.

3. gentlewoman (archaic or spec.); spec. ladykin, mem sahib (India), begum (India), countess, baroness, duchess, czarına, czarevna, etc.

4. dog, bitch.

5. wife.

ladybird, n. cow-lady (dial. Eng.), ladycow (dial. Eng.), ladybug (chiefly U. S.). lady in waiting. duenna (Spanish; spec.).

lady-killer, n. masher (slang).

ladylike, a. Spec. womanly, refined, efieminate.

Antonyms: see Manly.

ladylove, n. lover (only of one who loves in return), Dido (fig.; usually of one who is deserted), paramour (archaic and poetic; a word now usually applied in an evil sense), mistress (implying domination over the male; often used with an evil suggestion), sweetheart (a word with a sentimental suggestion).

ladyship, n. ladyhood (used only of the quality; "ladyship" being often used in

designation or address).

lady's maid. tirewoman (archaic or rare). lag, v. i. delay (contextual); spec. flag, dwell.

Antonyms: see Hurry, Rush, dash.

lagging, n. delay (contextual); spec. retardation, hysteresis (elec.).

lagoon, n. Spec. (contextually) channel,

pond, bayou, lake, etc.

lair, n. bed (contextual); spec. den, form, nest, couch, house, earth, burrow, lodge, kennel.

laity, n. people (contextual), laymen (pl.), temporalty (eccl.).

Antonyms: see profession, ministry. lake, n. mediterranean (rare), lough (Anglo-Irish), loch (Scot.), mere (chiefly poetic); spec. pond, tank (India), lakelet, salına, tarn.

lake, a. lacustrine (chiefly specific), lacus-

tral (rare), lacustrian (rare).

lake dwelling. Spec. palafitte (French),

lamb, n. offspring (contextual); spec. sheep (contextual), yearling, earling, yearling, lambling (rare), lambkin (rare), cade, cosset.

lambrequin, n. Spec. cornice, curtain, mantling (her.).

lambskin n. skin (contextual); spec. budge.

lamentable, a. regrettable, sorrowful, de- | 2. Spec. host, innkeeper.

plorable, sad, ruthful (archaic), rueful (often spec.), pitiful, pitiable, piteous, miserable, mournful, melancholy, doleful, woeful, pathetic; spec. commiserable (rare), forlorn.

Antonyms: see LAUGHABLE.

lamentableness, n. regrettableness, deplorableness, pathos, sadness, etc.

lamentation, n. 1. lament, moan (rare), plaint (archaic or poetic), mourning, wail, bewailment (rare), greet (Scot.); spec. Jeremiad (fig.), bawl, conclamation (rare), wailing, weeping, dirge.

Antonyms: see Rejoicing, Merrymak-

ING, REVELRY.

2. Referring to the experience or feeling, apart from expression: see sorrow.

lamina, n. lamination (used chiefly in pl.); spec. scale, leaf, foliation (learned or tech.), stratification (learned or tech.), sheet, fold, thickness, lift, flake, layer, stratum (learned or tech.), blade, plate, lamella, film. "Lamina" and "lamination" are both learned or tech.

laminate, a. laminaceous, foliaceous, laminar, lamellar, laminated, stratified, straticulate (rare), laminal, foliated, laminose, laminous, flaky, leafy, bedded;—all more or less learned or tech., exc. the last three words.

lamp, n. lampad (rare and poetic), lucerne (rare or antiq.), spec. sconce, lantern (French hist.), cresset, crusie, crusy (Scot.), veilleuse (French), Davy, lampion.

lance, n. 1. Spec. demilance, dart, lance-

gay (hist.), sarissa (antiq.).

2. See LANCER.

lance head. fer-de-lance (French). lancer, n. soldier (contextual), lance.

land, n. 1. Referring to the solid surface: earth.

Antonyms: see SEA.

2. Referring to some particular region of the earth: country; spec. frontage, district, grounds, lunge (for horse training), links (pl. or collective sing.), parade (mil.) wold or weald, Cockaigne, Thule, El Dorado (fig.), Beulah (fig.), desert, plains (pl.), mainland, continent, island, campus, yard, odal, premises (pl.; law), yoke, hundred, farm, country, motherland, reservation, etc.

landlady, n. 1. See LANDOWNER.

2. Spec. hostess.

landlocked, a. inclosed, mediterranean (learned).

landlord, n. 1. See LANDOWNER.

Teross references: see Note. ladylike: womanly, refined, efseminale. lambent: shining, flaming.

lame, a.: disabled, crippled, in-

effectual. lame v. t.: disable, cripple. lamed: disabled. sorrow. lament, v. i.: mourn, complain, lament, v. i.: regret, mourn.

lament, n.: lamentation. lancinate: tear. lancinating: sharp. posil. land, v. t.: disembark, catch, deland, v. i.: disembark, alight.

ary; spec hoarstone, merestone, mere (archaic), meth ,Scot), guide.

landowner, n. landholder, territorialist (rare, ; spec. landlord, landlady, patroon (U.S.), agrarian.

landscape, n. picture (contextual), pay-sage (French); spec. treescape. landsman, n. Spec landlubber (sailor's

slang; contemptuous), horse marine (sailor's slung; contemptuous).

Autonyms. see Sailor.

language, n. 1. speech, tongue (now becoming archaic or literary); spec. idiom, slang, parlance (chiefly used with "com-mon"), lingua (Latin; used chiefly in "Ingua franca"), accent, pasilaly (rare), pasigraphy (a loose use,, oration, vernacular, vulgar (rors), cryptology, dialect, Novilatin, Esperanza, Volapuk, Ro, Ido.

2. See VOCABULARY, DICTION.
languid, a weak (contextual), listless, lukewarm; see APATHETIC, FAINT.

languish, v. z. sicken (contextual), decline (contextual), sink, droop, pine, dwine (archaic or Scot.).

lanky, a. 1. lean (contextual), lank, alabsided (slang, U. S), flatsided (colloq.), rangy (primarily spec.).

Antonyms see FAT, SQUAT, STOCKY.

2. See STRAIGHT.

lantern, n. 1. lanthorn (archaic), light; spec. jack-o'-lantern (U. S. and dial. Eng.), bull's-eye.

2. Spec cupola, tholus (tech.).

lapdog, n. dog (contextual), messan (Scot.). large, a. 1. See COMPREHENSIVE.

2. big; spec largish, heroic (often humorous), goodly, hugeous (rare), liberal, generous, humming (slang or collog) (colleg), exorbitant (archaic), Babyloman (fig.), bulky, voluminous, immense, considerable, coarse, grand, elephantine, colossal, broad.

Antonyms: see SMALL, MINUTE.

largen, v. i. & t. enlarge; spec. broaden. larva, n. Spec. caterpillar, grub, hopper, worm, flyblow, cankerworm, looper, scolex, alugworm, alug, cysticercus, eruca (rare), caddis.

larval, g. 1. personate (2001.), masked. a. larvalike, larviform; spec. eruciform

landmark, n. mark (contextual), bound- lascivious, a. sensual (contextual), lustful; spec heentious, lecherous, lickerish or higherish, ffeshly, venereous (a book word), petulant (rare), lubricous (rare), lubricross (rare), concupiscent, goatish, pru-rient, wanton (used esp. of women), lewd, libidinous, salacious (learned), Cyprian Antonyms: sec Pure, Chaste.

lash, n. 1. stroke (contextual), whip; spec. swinge, scourge, flogging.

2. whip, spec. scourge, rope's-end, thong,

cat-o'-nine-tails, scorpion. 3. stroke; -referring to satire, sarcasm.

Spec. eyelash, flabellum (zoöl.)

lash, v. t. t. strike (contextual), whip; spec. scourge, swinge, flog.

2. See abuse.

lash, v 2. 1. strike (contextual), whip; spec. scourge, swinge, flog.

2. See RUSH, DASH. lashing, n fastening; spec. (naut.) gammon, gripes (pl)

last, a. Spec. hindmost, hindermost, ex-treme, final, lowest, utmost, farthest, latest (archaic), preceding

Antonyms. see first, initial. lasting, a. continuing, abiding, durable, endurable (rare); spec. perdurable, wearing, perdurant (rare, stable, diuturnal (rare), endless, immortal, perennial, subpermanent (rare), permanent, fixed.

Antonyms: see EPHEMERAL, TEMPORARY,

PASSING.

late, a. 1. Spec. latish (rare), behind, backward, latesome (obs. or dial.), tardy, tardive (rarc), impunctual (rare), slow, high, overdue, behindhand (always predicative), latest, last. Antonyms: see EARLY.

2. Sec DEAD, RECENT.

later, a latter (largely poetic or archaic), posterior, inferior (rare), spec. puisne (law) Antonyms see Earlier.

lateral, a side othe noun used attributively; less formal or tech. than lateral)

lattice, n. latticework; spec. grate, grating, transenna, trellis, cancelli (pl), espalier.

laudatory, a. praiseful; spec. encomiastic, commendatory, fine, complimentary, panegyrical or panegyric, eulogistic.

Cross references: see Note. landslide: avalanche languorous: apathetic, faint, emotronal

lap, n flap.
lap, n flap.
lap, n fold, carees.
lap, n fold, erroust.
lap, n drink, play, touch.
lap, n drink, play.
lapel: flap.

failure, apostasy,

course, passing, end, fall lapse, v i: fall, apostatise, end, pass. largeny: theft. lard: fat large: comprehensive, big.

large-hearted: generous. latgess: gift lark: froise

Institude: apathy, faintness

last, a hindmost extreme, late, utmost farthest, preceding, iast, v 1 c intest: late continue, endure lather: foam. latitude: extent, freedom, re-

latter: later, subsequent, laud: celebrate. If ut. laudable: prossessorthy, health-laudation: approsal, praise.

see ABUSIVE, CONDEMNA-Antonyms:

TORY, DISPARAGING.

laugh, v. i. Spec. giggle, teehee, sneer, grin, hee-haw, guffaw, snicker, snigger, sniggle, ha-ha, snort, fleer, cackle, hawhaw, titter, chuckle, chortle (colloq.), cachinnate (rhetorical, pedantic, or humorous), convulse.

Antonyms: see CRY, SOB, WAIL, WEEP. laugh, n. Spec. giggle, teehee, sneer, grin, gurgle or guggle, horselaugh, hee-haw, haw-haw, guffaw, laughter (rare), snicker, ha-ha, snort, fleer, cackle (contemptuous), tittle, snigger, sniggle, chuckle, chortle (collog.), cachinnation (rhetorical, pedantic, or humorous), convulsion.

Anionyms: see CRY, SOB, SIGH.

laughable, a. funny; spec. facetious, facete (archaic), quizzical, droll, drollish, witty, doggerel, ludicrous, ridiculous, risible (rare), amusing, grotesque, jocular; see COMIC.

Antonyms: see LAMENTABLE.

laughing, a. Spec. risible (learned; often humorous), giggly, laughy (colloq.), cachinnatory (rare), gigglesome.

Antonyms: see WEEPING.

laughter, n. laughing (emphasizing the idea of action); spec. titteration (rare), gigglement, risibility, convulsion, cachinnation (learned; often derogatory).

Antonyms: see WEEPING, LAMENTATION;

also cf. CRY.

lava, n. Spec. coulee, slag, pumice, bomb. lavish, v. t. bestow (contextual)); spec. squander, waste, deluge, pour, shower, rain.

Antonyms: see STINT.

- law, n. 1. Referring to civil laws: rule (rare or spec.); spec. act, statute, enactment, doom (hist.), canon (now chiefly hist. or eccl.), ordonnance (in Continental Europe), ordinance, decree, institution, constitution (esp. Roman law or eccl.), edict, plebiscite (one passed by the people in general, or spec. Roman hist.), capitular or capitulary, rescript, decision, byrlaw (dial. or hist.).
 - 2. jurisprudence.
- 3. See LITIGATION, PROFESSION, ALLOW-ANCE.

law-abiding, a. lawful; spec. orderly, ruly. Antonyms: see ROWDYISH, LAWLESS, AN-ARCHICAL, DISORDERLY.

lawful, a. legitimate, legal (more formal than "lawful"); spec. juristic or juristical, licit (rare), quiritary or quiritarian (Roman law), just, right, rightful, unpro-

hibited, warrantable, valid, jural (rare; equiv. of "juristic"), civil, forensic, constitutional.

Antonyms: see unlawful, criminal. lawless, a. unruly, ruleless (rare), disorderly (contextual); spec. riotous; see AN-ARCHICAL.

Antonyms: see Law-abiding.

lawyer, n. man-of-law (archaic); spec. advocate, attorney, solicitor (chiefly Eng.), barrister (chiefly Eng.), proctor, counselor or counsel, pettifogger, leguleian (rare), shyster (cant or contemptuous), sergeant, gownsman (Eng.), judge, rabbi (Jewish), bencher (Eng.), canonist, silk (Eng.; colloq. or slang), devil, conveyancer, Civilian, Romanist, procurator, procurer (rare), leader, brehon, cognitor (Roman law), moolvee (Mohammedan), cadi (Mohammedan), writer (Scot.).

lax, a. **1.** relax (rare).

2. Referring to the bowels: see LOOSE.

3. loose, liberal (euphemistic); see NEGLI-GENT, IMMORAL.

Antonyms: see STRICT.

lay, a. popular, laic (rare), nonprofessional. unprofessional; spec. temporal, secular, civilian.

Antonyms: see Professional, ministe-

RIAL, PRIESTLY, JUDICIAL.

layer, n. Spec. couch, bed, coping, course, lift, belt, footing, seam, sill, ply, overlay, floor, cordon, lap.

layman, n. laic (rare or tech.), nonprofes-

sional; spec. secular.

Antonyms: see Priest.

laziness, n. idleness, indolence, sloth (lit-

erary or archaic).

lazy, a. mert, idle, indolent, slothful (literary or archaic); spec. sluggard, slack, shiftless, drony, dronish or droning, osculant (rare), sleepy.

Antonyms: see active, ambitious, en-

TERPRISING, INDUSTRIOUS.

lead (led), n. Saturn (tech.); spec. pipe, channel, plummet.

lead (led), v. t. 1. See GUIDE, DIRECT, IN-DUCE, EXPERIENCE.

2. precede, front (rare); spec. head, deduct or deduce, precent (rare), captain.

Antonyms: see Follow. leaden, n. 1. lead, Saturnine (archaic or

her.), plumbous (rare); spec. leady. 2. lead-colored, plumbous (chiefly rare); spec. livid, gray, leady.

3. See HEAVY, DEPRESSING.

leader, n. 1. See GUIDE, CHIEF, DRAIN.

2. Referring to one who precedes or con-

Cross reserences: see Note.

launched: afloat.

launder, v. t.: wash. guished. laureate: crowned, distinlavatory: bath.

lave, v. t.: dip, bail.

[unstinted. lave, v. i.: wash. lavish, a.: abundant, extravagant, lawgiver: legislator. lawn: grassland.

laze: idle. lary fellow: sluggard. ducts to some place or in a course: foregoer (rare or archaic), conductor, predecessor (rare or spec); spec header, lead, heretoga (Old Eng. hist.), beliwether (contemptuous), choragus (esp in the Classic drama), forchorse, demagogue (hist), coryphæus (primarily Classic antiq.), cantor or precentor, volvode or valvode, cob (dtal. Eng.), mahdi (Mohammedan), ethnagogue (rare), stretcher, whip.

leadership, n. chieftaincy, headship, head, lead, spec. captaincy, captainship, commandership, hegemony (political science).
leaf, n. 1. Spec blade, phyllome (kch.), leaf-

let, foliole (tech.), bract (tech.), bracteole (tech.), bractlet (tech.), frond (popular usage), cotyledon (tech.), flag, pad (U.S.),

needle, petal (tech.), sepal (tech.).
2. Spec. lamina, folio, lamella, flap, fold,

interleaf, inset, valve, valvelet.
leafage, n. foliage (the ordinary term), foliation, foliature (rare), leafery (rare), frondescence (tech. or rare), spec. vernation.

leading, n. leaving (a variant), foliation, frondescence (tech. or rare).

leaflike, a. foliaceous (learned or tech.) foliar (learned or tech.), foliated (chiefly 2001.); spec. filiform (rare), leafy.

lonty, a. 1. See LEAFLIKE. 3. leaved, foliaceous (tech. or learned), phylloid (tech.), leavy (obs. or poetic), fo-

liose (rare), folious (rare), frondent (rare); apec. bowery, foliate.

Antonyms: see BARE. league, v. t. associate, ally, confederate (chiefly spec.). leak, v. i. escape (contextual); spec. ex-

travasate.

leakage, n. escape (contextual); spec. seepage, percolation.

leap year. bissextile (tech).

learn, v. t. 1. get; spec. con (archaic or literary), master, prepare, have, acquire, smatter (rare), mislearn, memorize.

2. ascertain; spec. hear, see, read, infer; see DISCOVER.

learned, a. able (contextual), intelligent (contextual), lettered (learned or formal), bookish (disparaging), book-learned (now usually disparaging); spec. literate, eru-dite, bluestocking or blue (cant or de-preciatory), scholarly, wise, profound, studied, accomplished, philosophical.

Antonyms: see ignorant, unscholarly. learning, n. 1. knowledge, lore (archaic or clumsy, ambiguous.

poetro); spec, erudition, scholarship, en-lightenment, wisdom, opsimathy, clerkship (archaic), schoolcraft (archaic), mathesis (archaic), humanity, literature (rare), science, art, religion, mathematics, languages, medicine, etc.

Antonyms see IGNORANCE.

3. See DISCOVERY.

lease, v. t. 1. grant (contextual), convey (contextual), let (broader and less formal than lease), farm (rare), demise (iech.); spec. rent, conacre, sublease, sublet.
2. In the sense of "to take a lease of": take

(contextual); spec. hire, rent, sublease.
leash, n Spec. cord, thong, slip, couple,

lune, lyam or lyme (hist.).

least, a. Spec. minimum, slightest, smallest, lowest, minimal.

Antonyms: see utmost.

least, n. minimum.

leather, n Spec. chamois or (less usual) shammy, kid, dogskin, calfskin, calf, cow-hide, doeskin, pigskin, porpoiseskin, goose akin, morocco, cordovan, cordwain, Rutland, russia, buckskin, whitleather, cuir-bouilli (French), shagreen, saffian, skiver, buff.

leathern, n. corinceous (tech. or affected), leathery.

leave, n. 1. permission (contextual); spec. furlough (esp. of a soldier).

2. See FAREWELL.

leave, v. t. 1. See ABANDON, BEQUEATH, PERMIT, REFER, COMMIT, DEPOSIT, DESERT,

3. depart (rare, exc. in "to depart this life"); spec. quit, desert, abandon, flee, evacuate, forgo (archaic).

lecher, v. i. caterwaul (contemptuous; spec. or fig).

lecture, n. 1. address (contextual), prelection (rare).

reproof,

lecture, v. f. 1. address (contextual); spec. sermon (rare), sermonize, tutor, teach. 2. See REPROVE.

ledge, n. ridge (contextual), shelf (contextual); spec. berm, bench, ledging (a collective).

ledgy, a. shelfy, shelvy. left, a. leftward (rare), sinistral (tech.), sinister (tech.); spec. larboard (naut.), near.
Antonyms: see RIGHT.

left-handed, a. Spec. sinistral (tech.),

GF Cross references: see Note. leading: chief.

league, n.: agreement, associa-tion, confederacy, leak: hole.

lean: constant. [hang lean, v. 1. : incline, rest, depend, lean, v. i.. rest.

lenn, a.: thin, lanky, innutrileaning: inclination.
leap, v i jump, go, break.
leap, v i & n jump.
least: emallest. leave, v. : . depart, cease. leaven, n : ferment, admixture.

leaven, v t ferment, leave taking: ferewell, leavings: residue, lecher: dissipator. [ous. lecherous: dissipated, leacistleer, v : gase leer, n look lees: dregs

leg, n. 1. limb (a term including both arms and legs, but often used in mock modesty or prudishness where the word "leg" is needed for clearness or accuracy), gam (slang), nethers (pl.; rare), locomotives (pl.; slang), stumps (pl.; colloq.); spec. crus (tech.), jamb (her.), gamb or gambe (her.), shin, shank, leglet, drumstick, thigh, gigot (rare), ham, podite (tech.), peg.

2. See Branch, Bow, Beat (naut.), SIDE.

leg, a. crural (tech.).

legacy, n. gift (contextual), bequest.

legal, a. 1. law (the noun used attributively); spec. juridical, judicial.

2. See LAWFUL.

legalize, v. t. legitimate (often spec.), legitimatize or legitimize (chiefly spec.); spec. formalize, authorize, regularize.

legatee, n. grantee (contextual), donee (contextual), legatary (rare); spec. collegatary (rare), colegatee, institute (Roman and Scots law).

legend, n. 1. story (contextual), saga (an erroneous use); spec. folklore, haggadah.

2. inscription (contextual), lemma (learned); spec. epigraph, motto.

8. See DEVICE.

legging, n. Spec. gramash (Scot.), gamash (archaic or dial.), gambado, gaiter, spats (pl.), puttee, gamashes (pl.), greaves (pl.), shaps (pl.; western U.S.).

legible, a. readable (the Anglo-Saxon equivalent of "legible"); spec. fair, decipherable.

Antonyms: see ILLEGIBLE.

legislative, a. legific (rare), legislatorial (rare), nomothetic or nomothetical (tech.

or rare), lawmaking.

legislator, n. lawgiver, lawmaker, legislatress (fem.), legislatrix (fem.); spec. the smothete, filibuster, senator, representative, congressman, parliamentarian, magnate.

legislature, n. legislative (rare, exc. with "the"); spec. parliament, congress, senate, house of representatives or (for short) house, duma, diet, Keys, Landtag.

legitimate, a. 1. See LAWFUL.

2. In reference to offspring: lawful, kindly (archaic or hist.), mulier (law).

Antonyms: see ILLEGITIMATE.

leisure, n. 1. freedom (contextual), ease, vacancy (rare or literary); spec. convenience.

2. time, by-time (rare).

leisure, a. free (contextual), otiant (rare), vacant (rare or literary), spare.

leisurely, a. Spec. leisured, leisureful, deliberate, hasteless.

Antonyms: see Bustling.

lend, v. t. 1. loan (now chiefly U. S., and not approved by the best writers); spec. bail (law), furnish.

Antonyms: see Borrow.

2. See GIVE, FURNISH.

length, n. 1. distance, extent, longness (rare), longitude (chiefly jocular or specif., prolixity (rare or humorous as physical length); spec. measure, fly.

2. Referring to time: extent; spec. prolixity, quantity (in prosody and phonetics).

Antonyms: see Brevity.

8. Spec. piece, roll, coil, ran, run.

lengthen, v. i. 1. See EXTEND.

2. In proceedy and phonetics: prolon

2. In prosody and phonetics: prolong.
Antonyms: see SHORTEN.

lengthwise, adv. lengthways (less usual than "lengthwise"), endlong (archaic or dial.); spec. fore and aft (in reference to a vessel), along, endwise, endways.

Antonyms: see Crosswise, sideways.

lengthy, a. Spec. long, prolix, tall.
Antonyms: see short, brief.

lens, n. refractor; spec. eyepiece, bull's-eye, objective, eyeglass, crystalline, glass, magnifier, meniscus, pantoscope.

lens-shaped, a. Spec. lenticular, menis-cal, meniscoid;—all three learned or tech.

lent, n. Quadragesima (tech. or rare).

leopard, n. pard (archaic or poetic), panther (chiefly spec.), leopardess (fem.), pantheress (fem.), catamountain (archaic or rare); spec. cheetah.

let, v. t. 1. See CAUSE, PERMIT.

2. rent (chiefly spec.; colloq. or cant), hire (not in careful usage), farm (chiefly hist. or in matters of government finance); spec. lend (money; "let" is obs. in this sense), lease, sublet.

letter, n. lessor, renter, hirer; spec. locator (Civil and Scots law), jobber or jobmaster

(Eng.).

letter, n. 1. symbol (contextual), character (contextual); spec. initial, descender, italic, roman, nasal, labial, medial, guttural, cacuminal, dental, etc., alpha, beta, etc., digamma, cue.

2. communication, epistle (formal, rhetorical, historical, or affected), favor (now only in commercial usage, and going out of fashion in that, except when a favor is really intended to be referred to), missive; spec. note, billet, brief (now rare or tech.), line

Cross references: see Note.
legate: diplomatic agent.
legendary: fabulous.
legerdemain: magic.

lengthwise: longitudinal.

lengthen: extend; (referring to sounds); prolong.

lengthy: long, prolix.
lenience: indulgence, mercy.

lenient: indulgent, merciful. lesion: harm. less, a.: minor.

lessen: grantee.
lessen: diminish, disparage,

abate, shorten, moderate.
lesser: inferior, minor.
lesson: task, reading, reproof.
lesson: teach, reprove.

let, v. t.: hinder. let, n.: hindrance. lethal: deadly. (colloq.), billet-doux, poulet (French), bull | (papal), letteret (colloq), notelet, drop letter (U.S.), valentine, pastoral, monitory. a. In pl.: see LITERATURE.

4. See TYPE.

letter, a. epistolary.

letter, v. t. inscribe (contextual); spec. initial, sign.

letterbox, n, pillar box or pillar (Eng.) letter carrier. Spec. postman, postboy,

letting, n leasing, hiring, renting; spec location (Civil and Scots law), conscre (Irish land system).

level, n. Spec horizontal, elevation, equal-

ity, stage, drift, horizon. level, v. t. 1. See FLATTEN, DIRECT, AIM, ADJUST, LOWER, DEMOLISH.

2. repose (contextual), prostrate; see FELL,

BOW, ABASE, OVERCOME, EXHAUST. lever, n. prize (chiefly dial. or archaic), pry (chiefly spec; dial U.S and Eng. dial.); spec. dog, crowbar, crow, sweep, swingle, brake, treadle, trigger, tumbler, tiller, tail, key, jack, pawl, pedal, garrot

lever, v. t. prize (now chiefly archaic or mech.), pry (U. S. or Eng. dial.).

leverage, n hold (contextual), purchase, prize (chiefly Eng.), pry (U. S. or Eng. dial.).

lewd, a. 1. coarse (contextual), sensual (contextual), lecherous (rare); spec. vile, filthy, foul, ribald, Cyprian (fig.), lascivious, indecent, unchaste, harlot.

Antonyms see Charte, modest.

2. See LASCIVIOUS.

lexicographer, n. author (contextual), vocabulist (rare); spec. dictioneer temptuous), glossarian, glossarist.

lexicographical, a. dictionarial (rare); spec glossarial.

lexicography, n lexicology (rare); spec. glossography or glossology.

liable, a. 1. See ACCOUNTABLE.

3. exposed, obnoxious (literary), open,

subject.

Har, n. prevaricator, story-teller (collegand euphemistic), equivocator (learned or euphemistic), falsifier (rure), pseudologer (rure; chiefly humorous); spec. cracker (collog.), fibber, fibster, bouncer, romancer.

Hberal, a. 1. See ABUNDANT, FRANK, GEN-EROUS, LAX, INCLUSIVE.

3. Spec. free, liberalistic, broad-minded (commendatory), open-minded, libertine (rare; usually derogatory), broad, broad-ish, catholic (commendatory; learned), latitudinarian (often disparaging), eclectic, tolerant, indifferent, democratic, etc.

Antonyms: see NARROW.

liberal, n. liberalist, libertine (rare, exc. spec.); spec. free-thinker, Radical, Grit (Canadian politics), Discomisado (Spanish hist.), Latitudinarian.

liberalize, v. t. broaden, catholicize,

libertine, n. 1. See LIBERAL, FREEDMAN. 2. Spec. debauchee, rake, lecher, Lo-thano (chiefly with "gay"), roue (French), rakehell (archaic), rip (colloq.).

librarian, n. bibliothec (rare), bibliothecary (rare,, librarianess (fem ; rare).

license or licence, n. 1. authorization (contextual), spec chop (India and China), purwanah (India), certificate, dispensation, imprimatur, warrant, passport, clearance, privilege, indult (R. C. Ch.), charter, patent.

2. freedom, liberty (an inexact use); spec.

looseness, indulgence.

Autonyms: see RESTRAINT. licentious, a. immoral (contextual), incontment, dissipated (contextual); spec, broad, free (usually euphemistic), libertine, loose, corrupt, Fescennine (literary; fig.), lewd, lascivious, orginatic, degenerate.

Antonyms: see CHARTE, MODEST.

He, n falsehood, equivocation (spec. or euphemistic), falsity (rare), untruth (often cuphemistic), story (collog, and cuphemis-tic), mendacity (rare, exc. in an abstract sense; learned and lacking the offensiveness of "lie"); spec. fib, romance, concoction, imagination, invention, rouser (colleg.), bouncer or bounce (colleg.), sockdologer (slang, U.S.), crack (archaic), prevarication.

Antonyms: see TRUTH.

He, v. i. falsify, equivocate (spec. or euphemistic); spec. prevaricate, taradiddle (slang or collog.), romance, fib, shuffle, quibble.

He, v. i. 1. recline (the Latin and less emphatic equivalent of "he"); spec. couch (archaic), lair (rare, exc. of beasts), bed, bunk (colloq.), grovel, bundle.

Cross references see Note. lethargy: sleepiness, apathy, stupm, duliness letha: forgatfulness lethiferous: dendly. letters: alphabet, correspond-

levee: dike, bank, quay. loves: reception loves, v t. flatten, direct, aim,

adjust, lower, demolish level, a even, flat, horizontal, leviable: assessable. levigate: pulverize, mir, polish. levity: lightness, fripolity. levy: enlist was libation: *acrifics. libal: defame. libelous: defamatory.

Liberate: free liberation: freeing liberation: freedom, license, right. libidinous: lascivous: librate: ribrate, balance lick: fouch, wash, defeat. liakerish: desirous, hungry, lascimons lioking: defeat. Lid. n. . core

LIKENING

Antonyms: see STAND.

2. Referring more to the idea of support than to the idea of position: rest; spec. repose, cuddle, nestle, seat, sit.

3. See extend, be, consist, inhere.

life, n. 1. being (contextual), existence (contextual), course (fig.); spec. vitality, breath, head (fig.), pilgrimage, journey (fig.).

Antonyms: see DEATH.

2. Referring to those who are alive on earth: world.

8. See ENERGY, LIVELINESS, ESSENCE, ESSENTIAL.

lifeless, a. 1. inanimate (a more learned word; chiefly spec.), inert, dead; spec. spiritless, breathless, bloodless, pulseless, defunct.

Antonyms: see LIVING.

2. Referring to what seems lifeless: spec. insensible, dull, motionless, insipid, sluggish, feckless (Scot. or literary).

8. Referring to coals that have been burning or "alive": dead, extinct, extinguished, quenched.

lifetime, n. age, day.

lift, v. t. 1. elevate, raise, heave (spec., exc. archaic); spec. boost (colloq., U.S.), heft, hoist, float, crank, crane.

Antonyms: see LOWER.

2. See DIGNIFY, ELEVATE, STEAL, PAY. lift, n. 1. elevation, heave (spec., exc. archaic); spec. boost (colloq., U. S.),

2. See LAYER, ELEVATOR.

hoist.

8. Referring to an act of assistance: spec. cast (Eng. or literary).

ligament, n. 1. band, bondage.

2. Anat.: sinew (chiefly spec.), thew (chiefly in pl.); spec. tendon, whitleather. **light,** n. 1. ray or radiance (chiefly poetic,

exc. spec.), levin (literary), leam (Scot. or dial.); spec. glim (slang), lamp (fig.), gleam, flare, phosphorescence, reflection, starlight, blink, iceblink, snowblink, daylight, candlelight, gaslight, glare.

Antonyms: see DARK.

2. luminary (literary; chiefly spec.); spec. sun, planet, star, lamp, torch, mortar (a kind of lamp or candle and candlestick), will-o'-the-wisp, phosphorescence, comet, coops (pl.; movie slang), etc.

3. Referring to a window light: pane; spec.

bull's-eye, sash.

4. See ENLIGHTENMENT, VISION, ASPECT.

light, v. t. 1. See IGNITE.

2. brighten, illuminate (rare or poetic),

lighten, emblaze (rare), irradiate, ray (rare), inflame, lamp (rare), lantern (rare), beacon; spec. relume.

Antonyms: see DARKEN.

light, a. 1. Spec. ethereal, airy, foamy, yeasty, chaffy, feathery, weightless.

Antonyms: see HEAVY, BURDENSOME.

2. Referring to sleep: spec. dozy.
Antonyms: see DEEP.

8. See Unimportant, Easy, Digestible, Cheerful, Loose, Disparaging, Gentle, Frivolous, Amusing, Active.

lighted, a. lit.

lighten, v. t. 1. Spec. buoy (with "up"), levitate, uplift, disburden.

Antonyms: see BURDEN.

2. See alleviate, diminish.

lighten, v. t. 1. See BRIGHTEN, LIGHT.

2. fulmine (rare), fulminate (rare);—both terms suggesting the accompanying thunder-clap.

lighter, n. Spec. candlelighter, spill, taper, fidibus, spillikin.

lighter, n. A kind of boat; spec. scout, gondola (U. S.).

lighthead, n. rattlebrain (slang or colloq.), rattlehead (slang or colloq.); spec. butterfly (fig.).

lighthouse, n. pharos (somewhat learned or affected), phare (rare).

lightness, n. levity; spec. airiness, etc. Cf. LIGHT.

lightning, n. levin (literary), thunderlight (archaic), fire (contextual), fulgur (rare), fulmination; spec. bolt, thunderbolt, wildfire.

lightning conductor. lightning rod, paratonnerre (French); spec. paragrêle (French).

light producing, a. lucific (rare).

like, v. t. approve, savor or savour (archaic), love (colloq.), fancy; spec. relish, enjoy, conceit (obs. or Eng. dial.).

Antonyms: see ABHOR, ABOMINATE, DIS-LIKE.

likely, a. 1. likable.

2. See CREDIBLE, GOOD-LOOKING. liken, v. t. compare, assimilate.

likeness, n. 1. See sameness, similarity, Homogeneity, appearance.

2. representation (contextual), presentment (rare), counterpart (contextual); spec. eidolon (literary or learned), effigies (now rare), similitude (rather rhetorical), semblance, image, effigy, portrait, portraiture (rare), mask.

likening, a. comparison, assimilation.

Cross references: see Note. lief: willingly.

liege, a.: bound, faithful. liege, n.: lord, vassal.

lien: claim. lieu: place. ligate: bind.
ligature, n.: binding, band,
tie.

light, a.: bright, blond, pale. ligheous: woody.

like, a.: alike, equal. like, n.: counterpart. like, conj.: as. like, v. i.: please. liked: acceptable. liken: compare.

liking, n. approval, shine (U. S.; slang); spec affinity, fancy, engouement (French), palate, relish, zest, stomach (chiefly with a negative, as in "to have no stomach for"), taste, gusto, swallow (rare), inclination, affection, preference.

Antonyms: see DISLIKE, ABHORRENCE,

AVERSION.

umb, n. 1. extremity, member (contextual); spec. arm, leg, wing, paddle, flipper. See LEG

3. See BRANCH. timber, v. t. supple.

limestone, n. Spec. calp (local Irish), clunch, chalk, kunkur (India), tosca, travertin, scaglia, lias, lumachella, marble, Rauchwacke (German)

limit, n. 1. boundary, bound, utmost, ut-termost (a less used, but emphatic, equivalent of "utmost"); spec. circumscription (rare), term, terminus (rare), date, ne plus ultra (Latin), outside (colloq), end, stint, extreme, edge, aide, list, qualification, bail, measure, condition. See BOUNDARY.

2. See PERIOD.

limit, v. t. bound; spec. circumscribe, condition, compass, stint, measure, qualify, define, tail, confine.

limitation, n. boundary; spec. circumscription, boundedness, qualification, prescription, restriction, confinement, condition, measurement, finiteness.

limited, a. bounded, restricted; spec. circumscript, confined, definite, qualified;

see FINITE.

Antonyma: see infinite, boundless, in-

EXHAUSTIBLE, UNQUALIFIED.

Hmp, a Spec hmpsy (collog., U S or dial. Eng.), flaccid, loose, flaggy, flimsy, slack, relaxed, lopping, dropping, flagging, hanging, pendulous, loppy. Antonyms see atiff.

limp, v. z. halt, hatch; spec. hobble, hirple

(Scot.), hop.

line, v. f. cover (contextual); spec. ceil, dress, wad, wainscot, fur, fillet, bush, quilt, fettle, feather, double (obs., exc.

her.), lath, lead, fill.

Hne, n. 1. band (contextual); spec. cord, thread, rope, hair, fishline, cable, buntline, string, knittle, towline.

3. Spec. crease, boundary, transit, score,

stroke, cordon, chain, scotch, stria (tech.), striation (tech.), chord, radius, dash, dash.

hyphen, taw, directrix (math.), outline, plan, hatch, team, string, queue, seam, creance, verse, equator, fortune, trench, lineage, degree, isobar, isocheim, isodynamic, isocrymal, isogeotherm, isogen, isogome (phys geog.), isothere, isotherm, isothermal, isotheral, loxodrome.

3. See agreement, course, direction. 4. file, cue, row, queue, train, string

(collog.)

lineal, a. linear; spec. direct, running.
linea, n. Spec. thread, cloth (collective),
napery (rare, Scot or U.S.), line (obsolesc.),
cerue (French), cuttance (Anglo-Indian), lingerie (collective; French), lawn, holland, crash.

linen, a. Spec. flaxen, hempen (rare), lawny.

linguist, n. Spec. philologist, glossologist (rare), polyglot, pantoglot.
linguistic, a Spec ph.lological, Glottic

(rare), glottological or glossological.

linguistics, n philology, glottology or glossology (chiefly spec.; rare), linguistry (rare, Togonomy (nonce word); spec.

grammar, phonology, accidence.

lining, n. 1. Spec. hatching, ruling, rose-

work grating.

2. Spec. interlining, facing, inlayer, sheathing, doubling, doublure, wainsheathing, doubling, doublure, wain-scot, wadding, brattice or brattish, bush, bouche (French), bushing.

link, n. bond (contextual), juncture (rare or spec.); spec. couple, coupler, bar, ring. links, n pl. or collective sing. grounds (pl.;

contextual), golflinks.

lion, n. 1. cat (contextual); spec. honess (fem.), lionet (rare), cub, whelp, lioncel (chiefly her.), lionel (her.), leopard (her.). 2. See CELEBRITY.

Hp, n. 1. labium (tech.); spec. harelip, chiloma (tech.).

3. edge (contextual), labium (tech.; often spec.), labrum (tech.; chiefly spec.); spec.

labellum (tech.). 11p-shaped, a. labiate (tech.), labelloid (rare).

liquefied, a. liquid (contextual); spec. fusile (rare), molten.

liquety, v. t. & i. fluidify (contextual; rare), liquidize (rare), spec fuse, melt, thaw, flux (old chem.), hquesce (rare, esp in e i.), deliquesce, liquate, condense, run (v. i.). Antonyms' see SOLIDIFY, COAGULATE,

CONGEAL.

Corass references see Note. limb: edge limber, a flexible limbo: forget/ulness. limitable: terminable. limitary: extreme limitative: confining limiting: confining, qualificalary determinative Binitless: boundless, infinite. Binnit generabe, depict. Binnpid: clear Binnpid: clear lineage: descent, family, anlineament: feature, outline

ling: heather linger, v 1 dela lingering: delay lingo: dialect, jargon, link, n torch link, v 1. connect, couple, acacriate Hp. v t kies, wash

LIVERYMAN

tiquescent, a. liquefying, Hqueur, n. liquor (contextual), cordial; spec. benedictine, chartreuse, curação or (less correct) curaçoa, maraschino, kirschwasser, hippocras (archaic or hist.), ratafia, cherrybounce, persico, persecot, rasolio. (rare); spec. mobile.

Antonyma: see SOLID, VAPOROUS.

2. See CLEAR, SMOOTH, CONVERTIBLE. liquidate, v. t. 1. settle (the amount due), fix (a loose usage); see DETERMINE.
2. settle, acquit (rare); spec pay.
liquidity, n. liquidness, fusion.

Itquor, n. beverage (contextual), drink (contextual; colloq.), bottle (fig; esp. with "the"), bouse or booze (slang); spec. tupple, supernaculum (learned; humorous term), ribbon (slang), creature (literary or dial.), grog, gin, Hollands, schnapps, hogwash (contemptuous), hqueur, samshoo, sake, moonshine, spirit, tizwin, tafia, tape (slang), rakı, rotgut (U. S.; slang), rum, nappy, ale, beer, wine, mescal, mead, broo (Sat), which (Scot.), bree (Scot.), whisky.

Het, n. 1. See EDGE, STRIP, LIMIT, INCLOS-

URE, ARENA.

2. Spec. inventory, roll, muster, series, catalogue, schedule, scroll, scheme, file, brief (obs.), calends (pl.; rare), panel, docket (U. S.), screed, register, ticket, slate, row, calendar, nomenclature, cadre (mil.: French), bulletin, canon, tariff, schedule, collation, manifest, roster, rota (Latin), poll.

Het, v. t. Spec. inventory, inventorize (rare), catalogue, schedule, register, inscribe, enter, enroll, enlist, admit, invoice (commerce), post (bookkeeping), book, bill, slate, leet (British and chiefty Scot.), matriculate, manifest (commerce), empanel, bulletin, docket, calendar, poll.

Haten, v. i. attend (contextual), hat (archaic), hark (chiefly archaic; literary), hearken or harken (formal or literary), hear, eaves-

listen, v. t. hear; spec. eavesdrop.

listening, n. listen (chiefly used in "on the listen'), hearkening; harkening, spec. éavesdropping, auscultation; see Listen literally, adv. literatim (Latin), verbatim et literatim (Latin), verbatim (Latin).

literary, a educated, learned, literate (relatively rare), literose (rare; disparaging), paper (depreciatory), inky (depreciatory), bookish (often derogatory), bluestocking or (for short) blue (depreciatory).

Antonyma: see COLLOQUIAL. literate, n. literatus (rare), terato (Italian), literati (pl.; scholars or educated men), clerisy (collective pl.; obs.). "Laterate" as a noun is rare

Antonyma: see IGNORAMUS.

literature, n. In reference to writings characterized by artistic form or expression: belles-lettres (French, often called "po-lite literature," that is "polished literature") or (for short) letters.

litigant, n. suitor.

Htigation, n. contention (contextual), lawing (rere or Scot.); spec. law, vitilitigation.

litter, n. 1. couch (contextual); spec. doolie or dooly (Anglo-Indian), sedan, travail (rare), dandy, palankeen or palanquin, norimono, stretcher, cacolet (French).

3. See BEDDING, ACCUMULATION, DISOR-

DER, BIRTH, OFFSPRING.

uttle, n. Spec. modicum, trifle, whit, jot (chiefly used in "jot nor tittle"), tittle (rare, exc. as used with "jot"), bit (colloq.), drop, dab, dash, pittance, touch, pinch, handful, pennyworth (Eng.), halfpennyworth (Eng.) "Lattle" is often used generically, without "a," like "much."

Antonyms : see MUCH.

littoral, a. coastal

Hve, v. i. 1. exist (contextual), abide (archaic; contextual); spec. survive, move (fig.), breathe, quicken, number, subsist (learned).

Antonyms' see DIE.

2. Referring to the manner or conditions of living: spec. fare, grow, move, flourish, go, walk, vegetate, crawl, drone, den.

1. See feed, dwell, float.

liveliness, n. activity, life, vivacity, etc. lively, a. 1. active, alive, spirited, animated (referring only to mental or emotional activity), vivacious (referring to persons only; rare, ezc. spec.); spec. dashing, effervescent, brisk, quick, buxom (archaic), breezy (colloq), spanking, sparkling, warm, racy, rousing, sharp, sprightly, spry (colloq, U.S.), bright, frisky, frisk, volatile, lifeful (rare), crisp, dapper, pleased, cheerful, gay, strong, rackety (slang).

Antonyms: see INACTIVE, MOTIONLESS,

STILL.

2. See STIMULATING, BRIGHT, RESPON-SIVE, SPIRITED.

liveryman, n. stableman (contextual), letter, jobber (Eng.), jobmaster (Eng.).

Cross references. see Note. list, o : desse list, n desse list, n desse list, e : d : hsten. listlees: hnquid, apathetic, dull, faint, sluggish

literate: learned, literary. Hthe: flexible litter, r & bear. lithurgy: rue.

livable: endurable live, a living energetic, burn-ing, electrified, loaded livelihood: living liven: stimulate, brighten, freshuvid, a. leaden, blac (Scot); spec. cyanotic living, a. 1. alive (always postpositive or predicative), live, quick (archaic), spec. breathing, organic (biol), organized (biol.). Antonyms: see LIFELESS, DEAD.

2. See FLOWING, BURNING, PRESENT.

living, n. hvelihood (less concrete, but often more definite, than "living"), subsistence or sustenance (learned), support, sustentation (rare), sustainment (rare), maintenance, cohabitation, cohabitancy (rare), benefice. "Lwing" is rare, exc. in "to get, earn, make," etc., "a lwing"

lizard, n. saurian (tech), lacertian (tech.), spec. newt, eft, asp, snake, skink, tarentola, marblet, dart, hardim, heloderm, iguana, gertje, gecko, gila monster, galli-wasp, guana, dragon, stellion.

Haard, a. saurian (tech.), lacertine (tech.),

lacertian (tech.).

lizardlike, a. sauroid, saurian, lacertiform, lacertian, lacertine; all tech., exc. lizard-

load, n. 1. burden; spec. cargo, freight, draft, pack, freightage, cargason (obs.), loading (rare), jag (U. S. or Eng. dial.), lading, charge.

2. See BURDEN, CHARGE, PRESSURE, RE-BISTANCE.

load, v. t. 1. burden, lade (now esp. of a ship, exc. in p. p "laden"), weight; spec pile, cumber, freight, hamper.

2. charge (more formal than load); spec. double-shot, slug, shot, lead, overcharge. Antonyms see discharge.

3. See ADULTERATE.

loaded, a. 1. burdened, laden (spec. "heav-uly laden"), heavy, freighted. 2. Referring to a firearm: charged; spec.

live, shotted. loadstone, n. lodestone, lode (archaic or

rare), magnet (min).
lont, n. Spec. twist, cob, brick, loaflet,

manchet (archaic), roll, block.

loafer, n. idler; spec. larrikin, wharf rat (cant), lazzarone (Italian), beggar, bum-

mer (slang, U.S.).
lobby, n. hall (contextual), foyer (chiefly spec.; French); spec. hallway (U. S.), antercom, entrance.

lobe, n. division (contextual); spec. fluke, lappet, auricle, insula, wing

lobed, a. divided (contextual), lobate, lobated, auriculate, invected (chiefly her.). lobster, n. decapod (contextual), spec homarine, shedder, crayfish (chiefly Eng.). local, a. Spec regional, regionary (rare), sectional, provincial, topical or topic (rare or tech.), territorial, epichorial (rare).

Andonyms: see GENERAL, UNIVERSAL, WIDESPREAD, WORLDWIDE.

localize, n. Spec, territorialize, provincialize, concentrate, limit, place.

look, n. Spec. tress, flake (archaic), ringlet, curl, cowlick, elflock, forelock, flock. lock, n. fastening (contextual); spec. padlock, latch, bolt, key.

lock, v. t. 1. fix (contextual), fasten (contextual); spec. latch, bolt, padlock.
2. fasten (contextual); spec. embrace, close, grapple, interlock, interlink.

lodge, n. 1. See HOUSE, COTTAGE.

2. Referring to any place where one lodges or rests: spec. camp, canton, quarter, doss (slang or cant), beach, burrow, tent, dwelling.

3. See Branch.

lodge, v. t. 1. accommodate; spec. bed. house, inn (rare), burrow, billet, quarter, kennel (often fig.), nestle, nest (a more literal word than "nestle"), embower, tent, guest,

2. See DEPOSIT, BHELTER, VEST.

lodge, v. t. 1. dwell, roost (now collog.), harbor (archaic or rare); spec. room (U. S.), bunk, bed, night (rare), cabin, quar-

2. Spec. fall (contextual), settle, light,

alight, lie (archaic), nestle, nest.

lodger, n. roomer (U. S.), dosser (slang or cant).

lodging, n. 1. lodgment; spec. depositing. 2. In pl. lodgment (rare), accommodation; spec. dwelling, apartment, housing, barracks (pl), cantonment, rooms (pl.;collog. or familiar).

lott, n. 1. Spec. attic, traverse (architecture), gallery, fly, jube, haymow, hayloft.

2. See STOREROOM.

log, n. 1. Spec. block, stump, stock (archaic or literary).

3. See RECORD.

logic, n. 1. Spec. dialectic or (more commonly) dialectics.

2. See reasoning.

logical, a. sound, legitimate, valid; spec. raisonné (French), competent, correct, clear-headed, argumentative, dialectic.
Antonyms see ABSURD, ILLOGICAL, IN-CONSEQUENT, INCONSISTENT.

logician, n. Spec. Ramist, logicaster (rare), dialectician.

loin, n reins (pl), fillet (cap. of an animal); spec. griskin.

Cross references see Note. loaf, v 1 idle loath: unwilling

loathe: dislike, abhor. [ing loathful: abominable, disgust-

loathing: aversion, abhorrence, disquet loathly: abominable, disqueting loathsome: abominable, disquetang

locality: place location: place, placing. locamotion: motion lofty: high, elevated, exalted, generous, bombastic dignified.

loincloth, n. pagne (French), dhoti or dhootie (Anglo-Indian), lungi (East Indian).

lonely, a. 1. See ALONE.

2. unfrequented, lone (*literary or archaic*), solitary, forlorn (archaic), lonesome, lorn (literary or archaic), only (rare or dial.); spec. desolate, retired.

3. depressing, lonesome (less common than "lonely" in this sense), dreary, drear (rare), bleak, drearisome (rare); spec.

gloomy, fearful, dismal.

4. See Depressed. long, a. Spec. longish, lengthy, extended, elongate or elongated, great, longsome (rare), long-drawn, far (idiomatically used, as in "a far way," "a far cry," etc.), prolix (rare, exc. in reference to discourse),

Antonyms: see short, brief.

long, v. i. yearn (more rhetorical than "long"), repine, hunger (fig.), thirst (fig.); spec. pine, hanker (colloq.), crave, lust, pant, groan, yawn, sigh, weep, cry, moan,

long-headed, a. 1. Spec. dolichocephalic, macrocephalic, macrocephalous;—all three tech.

2. See discerning.

mortal (slang).

longing, n. desire, yearning, hunger (fig.), thirst (fig.); spec. hanker (colloq.), craving, panting, lust, dipsomania, appetite, etc.

Antonyms: see AVERSION.

longing, a. yearning, hungry (fig.), thirsty (fig.; spec.), panting, hankering (colloq.), wistful, craving, lustful, etc.

longitudinal, a. lengthwise, endwise.

long-lived, a. longevous (literary or learned), longeval (rare), longæval (rare), macrobian (rare), vivacious (rare).

Antonyms: see EPHEMERAL.

long-livedness, n. longevity (the usual term), vivaciousness (rare).

look, v. i. 1. See SEE.

- **2.** behold (archaic or literary), see (obs., exc. imperative); spec. peep, peer, gaze, squint, retrospect, introspect, outpeep (poetic).
- 8. See Appear, Examine, Expect, face, ATTEND.

look, n. 1. See sight.

2. regard (rare), eyebeam (archaic and rare), eye (fig.), looking, eyeshot (rare, exc. spec.); spec. blush, glance, cast, ken (rare), retrospect, introspect, languish,

gaze, peep, peer, squint, ogle, lookout, leer.

8. See Expression, front, appearance, ASPECT.

lookout, n. 1. See LOOK.

2. Referring to the place: outlook, observatory; spec. gazebo, belvedere, tower, cupola, crow's-nest.

loop, n. fold (contextual), bend (contextual), ring; spec. hank, bight, link, bow, billet, pearl, coil, crupper, ear, buckle, staple, coque, eye, picot, noose, purl, sling, frog. loop, v. t. 1. fold (contextual), bind (con-

textual), ring; spec. noose, coil, kink.

2. See ENCIRCLE.

loophole, n. hole (contextual), aperture (contextual), vent (rare); spec. meuse or muse (rare), embrasure.

loose, a. 1. free; spec. open, light, disconnected, slack, incoherent, detached, incompact or uncompacted, graspless, crank or cranky, uncombined.

Antonyms: see Tight, firm.

2. Referring to the bowels: lax (less emphatic than "loose"), open, relaxed; spec. dysenterical, diarrheal, scoury (collog.).

Antonyms: see Constipated.

8. See INEXACT, EASY, IMMORAL, LAX, DISCURSIVE.

loose, v. t. 1. free, unloose (more emphatic than "loose"), unloosen (rare); spec. release, slacken, slack, unrein, disengage, undo, untie, unbolt, unlock unbind, unpack, unfix, slip, unclasp, unbrace, unhasp, untether, unbuckle, unsling, unshackle, unscrew, unstring, unstick, unharness, unyoke, untruss, untrace, unchain, trip, unmoor, unpin, unlace, unlash, unanchor, uncord.

Antonyms: see Loose, Bind, fasten, CLUTCH, CONFINE.

2. Spec. free, release, disengage, relax,

lord, n. lording (esp. in address; archaic or an equiv. of "lordling"); spec. master, proprietor, liege, seignor, thakur (East India), laird (Scot.), kami (Japanese), samurai (Japanese), suzerain, señor (Spanish), signor (Italian), husband, Jehovah, Christ.

Antonyms: see Vassal, subject.

lordship, n. 1. See RULE.

2. estate (contextual), domain, lairdship (Scot.); free, suzerainty, seigniory, seignory, signory, mesnalty, castellany.

3. See DOMAIN.

Cross references: see Note.

loiter: delay. loll: droop, idle.

lone: alone, unmarried, lonely. lonesome: lonely.

longevity: long-livedness. longevous: long-lived.

iongitude: place, distance. longitudinal: lengthwise. long-suffering: patient. long-winded: prolix. look, v. t.: express.

loot: plunder. lop, v. t.: cut, chop.

lop, v. i.: hang, droop. lope, n.: gait. lope, v. i.: go. lopper: coagulate. loquacious: talkative. lord, v. i.: domineer. lorn: abandoned, lonely. Iorry, n. vehicle (contextual), rolley (dial. |

lose, v. t. 1. See DEPRIVE, FORFEIT.

Spec. drop (slung), sink, miss, sacrifice (cant), pretermit, waste, dice.

Antonyms, see CLEAR, RECOVER, WIN.

loss, n. 1. See RUIN

3. detriment; spec. sacrifice (cant), cost, hurt, forfeit ire, average, dependition (rare), penalty, damage, leakage, death, casualties (pl; military), disadvantage "Loss" is not a synonym of "deprivation"; but considers the detriment from the point of view of the one deprived.

Antonyms. see GAIN, ACQUISITION, COM-

PENSATION, PROFIT.

lost, a. Spec. forfeit, unredeemed, astray, absent; see ABANDONED, RUINED.

lot, n 1. counter, sors (Latin; pl sortes). 2. Spec division, share, destiny, quantity, plot, dole.

lottery, n. gamble; spec. tombola, little-

go (hist), raffle.

loud, a. 1. hig (used esp. of the voice or of a noise), strong (as requiring or suggesting strength or violence); spec. heavy, high, stentorian (very loud), clamant (literary), crying, roaring, clamorous, sonorous, noisy, outspoken.

Antonyms: see BILENT.

2. Referring to what makes a loud noise spec. noisy, clamorous, sonorous. Antonyms: see SILENT.

3. Sec VIVID, FLASHY.

loudly, adv. aloud, loud, big, bigly (rare), spec. heavily, forte (Italian).

loud-voiced, a stentoman.

louse, n. parasite (contextual), creeper (vulgar); spec. cootie (slang, chiefly Eng.), nit, ked, crab (slang).

lousiness, n. pediculosis, phthiriasis; both tech.

lousy, a. pedicular (rare), pediculous (tech.); spec. nitty (rare).

lovable, a. amiable, lovesome (archaic), spec, loveworthy.

lovableness, n. amiability, loveworth, lovesomeness (archaic); spec. loveworthi-

ness, honey (referring to one's manner).
love, n. 1. amour (obs.), feeling (contextual), attachment; spec. affection, adoration, idolism or idolatry, idolization, passion,

fondness. Antonyms. see HATRED, DISLIKE, AB-HORRENCE, AVERSION, ILL-WILL.

2. As personified spec. Eros (Greek), Amor (Latin), Cupid (Latin), Venus (rare).

3. beloved (archaic or formal), mamorata (fem ; Italian), inamorato (masc.; Italian); apec, idol, ladylove.

4. See AMOUR, LIKING. 5. In tennis, etc. nothing.

love, v. t. 1. belove (chiefly in passive), cherish, spec. adore, idolize, idolatrize. Antonyms see hate, abhor, abominate.

2. Sec LIKE. loved, a. dear, beloved (archaic or formal). hef (archaic)

tove letter. billet-doux (French).

love making, courtship (usually referring to honorable love making), gallantry (esp. illicit), service (archaic).

lover, n. admirer (contextual), sweetheart, steady (slang; vulgar or used only among the lower classes), servant (obs. or archaic), leman (archaic); spec. beau, gallant, squire (collog.), cavalier (archaic), follower (collog.), chamberer, spark (colloq.), idolizer, Daphnis (fig.), inamorato (masc.; Italian), ladylove, truelove, cicisbeo (Italian), cavaliere servente (Italian), paramour.

tovestek, a. languishing (contextual), love-

lorn.

low, v. i. cry (contextual), bellow, moo (less usual than "low"), boo (rare).

low, a. 1. short (as opposed to tall), little (as opposed to big), base (archaic); spec. depressed, down.

Antonyms: see HIGH

2. Referring to relative position: spec. abject, depressed, profound, basal.

Antonyms see HIGH

3. See LOWLY, DEGRADED, COARSE, DE-

PRESSED, WEAK, BASE
4. Emphasizing the absence of, or incompatibility with refinement or good ideals: unrefined, vulgar; spec. plebeian, base, lousy (fig; contemptuous and rulgar or un-dignified), dirty (coarsely contemptuous), contemptible, depraved.

Antonyms: see EXALTED.

5. Referring to pitch of sound: grave,

deep, heavy; spec. flat, bass.
Antonyms: see HIGH, SHRILL.

 In reference to audibility of sound: weak, gentle, still; spec. subdued

lower, a. inferior, nether (now only literary); spec. under, subjacent.

Antonyms: see HIGHER.

lower, v. t. 1. Spec. depress, demit (rare), dip, flatten, lay (naut.), shorten (naut.), couch, doube (naut.), sink, duck, drop, strike.

ET Cross references see Note. lotion: wash lounge, v v · die, rest. lounge, n. couch lour: frown, threaten

loury: frowning. lout: boor loutish: boorush. love affair: amour [tiful. lovely: lovels, agreeable, beaulovesome: tavable, loving: affectionate tow-born: humble, low-brad: hourish, lower, v. s.: frown, threaten,

LUSTROUS

Antonyms: see RAISE, LIFT.

2. See ABATE, DEGRADE, DEPRECIATE, DIMINISH, ABASE.

3. Referring to sound: deepen, grave (rare); spec. flatten.

lower, v. i. Referring to the countenance: fall, cloud, threaten.

lowest, a. lowermost (more formal than "lowest"), nethermost (now literary or rare), last (chiefly spec.).

Antonyms: see Highest. lowland, a. lallan (Scot.).

lowland, n. lallan (Scot.); spec. valley.

Antonyms: see UPLAND.

lowliness, n. humbleness, ignobleness (rare or spec.), ignobility (rare), lowlihead (rare or archaic), humility, etc.

lowly, a. 1. humble, ignoble (primarily **spec.**), base, low, mean, vulgar (primarily spec.; archaic); spec. small, obscure. Antonyms: see NOBLE.

3. See Inferior, Modest.

low-necked, a. Spec. décolleté (French).

low-priced, a. cheap.

lozenge, n. Spec. pastil, tabloid (a trademark name; often used fig.), tablet, tablette, drop, peppermint, jujube.

lozenge, n. rhombus or rhomb (geom.), diamond (used esp. in reference to decora-

tive features).

lozenge-shaped, a. rhomboidal, rhomboid, rhombeous (rare), rhombic;—all four learned or tech.

1-shaped, a. lamboid or lambdoidal (tech.). **lubricant,** n. lubricator, dope (U, S); slang); spec. oil, grease, graphite, slush, etc.

Antonyms: see ABRASIVE.

lubricate, v. t. lubrify (rare), dope (slang, U. S.); spec. oil, grease, slush.

luminescent, a. luminous (contextual); **spec.** phosphorescent, phosphoreous (rare), phosphoric, fluorescent, noctilucent or noctilucous (rare), triboluminescent.

Antonyms: see DARK.

luminosity, n. self-luminousness, luminousness; spec. brightness, brilliance, shine, shining, splendor, refulgence, effulgence, bright (poetic), lightfulness (rare), fulgor, lightness, lightsomeness

(rare), lucency (rare), lucidity, lucidness, illumination, fire, flame, glare, brilliance, blaze, dazzle, dazzlingness, incandescency, luminescence.

luminous, a. 1. self-luminous, radiant (chiefly spec.), radiative (rare); spec. bright (contextual), brilliant, shining, lucid (now poetic or tech.), splendid, splendorous or splendrous, fulgent, effulgent (used esp. with a good connotation), refulgent, lucible (rare), lucent (rare), luculent (rare), incandescent or candescent, breme (obs. or poetic), lightful (rare), glaring, flaring, glowing, illuminated, sparkling, coruscant, dazzling, flaming, sunny, burning. Antonyms: see DARK.

2. See CLEAR, INTELLIGIBLE.

lump, n. 1. mass; spec. collection (contextual), hunk, clot, clod, clout (rare or dial.), clump, nugget, pat, knot, dab, chunk.

2. See PROTUBERANCE.

lumpy, a. Spec. cloddy, clumpy, flaky, clumpish (rare), lumpish, clubbed, knotty, cloggy.

lunar, a. lunary (rare), Cynthian (poetic);

spec. crescent-shaped.

lunch, n. meal (contextual), luncheon (obs. or dial.), déjeuner (French); spec. snack, tiffin (Anglo-Indian).

lung, n. breather (slang), lights (pl.; now

chiefly or only spec.).

lung, a. pulmonary, pulmonal (rare), pulmonic (rare);—all three learned or tech.

lurk, v. i. 1. hide (contextual), snook or snoke (chiefly northern Eng. or Scot.), harbor (archaic); spec. skulk, couch.

2. See BE, SNEAK.

luster, n. 1. Referring to reflected light: spec. shining, brightness, sheen, brilliance, gloss, glaze, reflet (French), lucency (rare), refulgence, refulgency, splendor, resplendence, bright (poetic), burnish, dazzle, dazzlingness, gleam, sparkle, fire, glitter, silver, gold, chatoyement (French), schiller.

2. See FAME, BEAUTY.

lustrous, a. 1. Referring to reflection of light: spec. bright (contextual), brilliant, shining, clear, nitid (rare), burnished,

Cross references: see Note. lowering, a.: frowning, threatening, cloudy. lowering, n.: degradation. lowery: frowning, threatening, cloudy. low-spirited: depressed. loyal: constant. lubber: clown, seaman. ble. lucid: luminous, clear, intelligiluck: chance, fortune. lucky: fortunate. lucre: profit, wealth. lucubrate: work, discourse.

ludicrous: laughable, absurd.

lug, n.: ear. handle. lug, v. t.: draw. luggage: baggage. lugubrious: depressing, depressed, mournful, sorrowful. lukewarm: languid. lull, v. t. & i.: calm. lull, n.: intermission. lumber, n.: refuse, timber. lumber, v. i.: move. lumber, v. t.: encumber. lump, v. t.: gather, unite, dislike. lumpish: lumpy, dull. lunatic, a.: deranged.

lunch, v. i.: eat. lunch, v. t.: feed. lunge: thrust, jump. lurch, n.: defeat. lurch, v. t.: cheat. lurch: incline. lurid: ghastly, cloudy, flery. lurking: hidden. luscious: pleasant, rensuous. lush: luxuriant. lust, n.: desire. lust, v. i.: long. Iusterless: dull. lustful: desirous, lascivious. lustral: expiatory.

lunatic, n.: deranged person.

glossy, shiny, vivid, lusterful, sheeny, chatoyant, silken, silky, satiny, glittering. silvery, golden, coruscant, polished, pearly.

Antonyms see DEAD.

3. See Pamous, Beautiful. luxuriant, a. 1. lusty (archave), thrifty; spec. exuberant, effuse, rank, gross, flourishing, lush, jungly, wild, rampant.

Antonyms' see BARREN.

3. See PRODUCTIVE, ABUNDANT, FLORID. luxurious, a 1. Spec elegant, rich, voluptuous, sumptuous, sybaritic or sybaritical, Corinthian, Lydian, mollitious (vare), high, epicurean, downy, silken, superb, splendid Antonyms see SIMPLE

2. See COMFORTABLE.

luxury, n. 1. Spec. elegance, elegancy, richness, voluptuousness, sumptuousness, luxuriousness, sybaritism, delicacy, epicureanism

Antonyme: see SIMPLICITY.

2. See COMFORT, ENJOYMENT.

1ye, n lixivium (tech.); spec. buck, bate,

lying, a. equivocatory (rare and spec. or euphemistic), pseudology (rare), false, truthless, mendacious (learned); spec. fabulous, fabling.

Antonyms: see Frank.

lying, n equivocation (spec, or euphemis-tic and less affensive than "lying"), falsehood, mendacity (learned and less offen-sive than "lying"); spec. fabling, prevarication; cf. LIE.

lying-in, n. accouchement (French). lyre, n. Stahlspiel (German), shell (poetic); spec. trigon.

lyre-shaped, a. lyriform (learned or tech), lyrate or lyrated (tech.).

lyric, n. poem (contextual); spec. epode, madrigal, canzone (Italian), melic.

machine, n. 1. contrivance (contextual), apparatus, gin (archaic, exc. spec.); spec. automaton, lever, lathe, motor, loom, crab, vehicle, press, die, billy, etc.

2. See PERSON, ORGANIZATION. machinery, n. 1. See MEANS.

2. apparatus, enginery (chiefly fig. or spec.); spec. clockwork. machinist, n. mechanist (rare), mechanic,

mechanician.

mad, a. 1. See DERANGED, FRANTIC, IN-FATUATED, GAY, ANGRY.

2. Referring to dogs: rabid (technical or learned)

madam, n. ma'am (collog, and now used only parenthetically or at the end of the senience), madonna (Italian), signora (Italian), senhora (Portuguese), senora (Spanish), madame (French).

madman, n. bedlamite (archaic or liter-

ary : spec. raver,

madness, n. 1. See DERANGEMENT, AN-GER, ECSTASY, FOOLISHNESS

2. Referring to dogs: rabies (technical)

magic, n. thaumaturgy (learned); spec. necromancy, black art, black magic, en-chantment, sorcery, disbolism, devilry, deviltry or diablerie, Magianism, witchcraft or witchery, bewitchery, conjuration or conjury, incantation, glamour, glam-oury or (revived in literary use by Scott) gramurye (chiefly used in "cast a glamour over"), pishouge (Irish), wizardry, male-fice (archaic), goety (obs. or archaic), cantation (rare), fascination (obs or hist.), myalism (West Indies, etc.), obeah or obi (negro), epode (rare), voodoo, hoodoo (U.S.), exorcism, theurgy, spell. See JUGGLERY, INFLUENCE

magical, a, thaumaturgic or thaumaturgical (learned), enchanting; spec. sorcerous, necromantic, Chaldean, diabolic, diabolical, occult, mystical, druidic or druidical, talismanic, hermetic or hermetical, incan-

tatory, alchemical.

magician, n. Spec. conjurer, necromancer, sorcerer, sorceress, wizard, diabolist, incantator, witch, evocator or evoca-trix, seer, tregetour (obs. or archaic), warlock, enchanter, enchantress, archimage, mage (archaic), pellar or peller (dial.), exorcist, fetishere or fetisher, medicine man, Magus, powwow, voodoo, Druid, Circe, diviner, divineress, Magnan, Shaman.

magic lantern. stereopticon; spec. mega-

scope

magistrate, n. authority (a fig. use); spec. duumvir, triumvir, decemvir, eponym, burgomaster, bencher, prefect, president, mayor, consul, recorder, tribune, sover-eign, warden, vixir, vixier, landdrost, demiurge, doge, ephete, ephor, proprætor, kotwal, judge, etc.

magnate, n Spec grandee (orig. Spanish

Cross references see Note. lusty: cheerful, healthy. Inte: cement Intate: dislocate Inxuriate: grow, abound, feast.

macaromic: confused, burlesque.

machinate: demse, conspire, machine, v. t . shape, dress. macula: spot. madden: derange, frenzy, anger. made: artificial made-up: artificial, false, madhouse: asylum,

monad: nymph, bacchante, maggoty: wormy. magisterial: arrogant, dog-matic, authoritative, commanding, dictatorial magnanimity: generouty magnanimous: generous.

or Portuguese), panjandrum (derisive), Mogul (fig.), bashaw (fig.). Antonyms: see NOBODY.

magnify, v. t. 1. See PRAISE, EXAGGERATE. enlarge; spec. microscope (rare), gigan-

maidservant, n. servant (contextual), maid (now the ordinary term), girl (now obsolescent, esp. among the more or less pretentious), wench (now contemptuous or derogatory); spec. handmaid or handmaiden (archaic or fig.), abigail (fig.), ancilla (a Latinism), biddy (Irish; colloq.), bonne (French,, slavey (slang or contemptuous), matranee (India), housemaid.

Antonyms: see Manservant mail, n As a collective sing : letters (pl.), matter; spec. tappal (East India).

mail, v. t. post; spec. drop.
maim, v. t cripple, bemaim (intensive); spec deface (contextual), truncate, pinion, hamstring.

maining, n. crippling, mayhem (law), demembration (chiefly Scots law); spec. truncation.

mainland, n. land, main (archaic), continent (chiefly spec.).

Antonyms: see IBLAND. maintain, v. l. Spec. sustain, continue, defend, support, preserve, vindicate, as-sert, fight, insist (often with "that"), keep, hold, retain.

Antonyms: see ALTER, ABJURE. fense, vindication, support, assertion, aid,

hving, keeping, holding matre, n. grain, Indian corn (U. S.), corn (U. S.), mealies (pl.; South Africa).

majority, n 1. adulthood

2. mass (esp. in "the masses and the classes"), bulk, preponderance; spec. plurality.

Antonyms: see MINORITY.

make, v. t. 1. Spec. produce, cause, effect, form, manufacture, feel, constitute, confect (affected, after French), do, fashion, forge, establish, attempt, enact, consider,

count, advance, clear, construct, con-tract, create, prepare, traverse, compose, turn, strike, take, brew (often fig.), levy, pick, cut, light, bore, coin, paint, draw, execute (as a painting), work, etc.

making, n. doing (contextual), facture (bookish), manufacture.

malcontent, n. Spec. irreconcilable, malignant (rare), frondeur (French), fronde (a collective; French).

male, a. 1. he (opposed to "she"; chiefly

used attributively), masculine (rare).

Antonyms: sec FEMALE.

2. See MANLY.

male, n. he, masculine (rare); spec. tom-(in combination), jack- (in combination), man, boy, ox, bull, rooster, milter, dog, stag, buck. Antonyms: see FEMALE.

malevolence, n. dishke (contextual), malignance, rancor, venom, ill-will; spec.

hate, hatred, despite.

Antonyms. see Compassion. malevolent, a. black (fq.), black-hearted, malign (rare), malignant, ill, rancorous, virulent, viperish, reptile; spec. evil. hateful, baleful, fiendish.

Antonyous: see BENEVOLENT, KINDLY,

COMPASSIONATE.

malfeasance, n. evildoing, delinquence (contextual); spec. criminality, misdemeanance, malversation (tech.).

malfeasor, n. evildoer, malfeasant (tech.), delinquent (contextual); spec. criminal, convict, felon, bushranger, gallows, gallowsbird, etc.

mallet, n. hammer, spec. gavel (U, S.). man, n. 1. See PERSON, MANKIND, HUS-BAND, VASSAL, SERVANT, EMPLOYEE, MAN-

LINESS, PIECE.

2. gentleman (only in address or by way of courtesy; used chiefly in pl.), fellow (for miliar, but not in good usage as an ordinary equivalent for "man"), groom (archaic), boy (in familiar address), microcosm (literary or philosophical); spec. heart, buck (slang), Caliban, Betty, Molly, Peggy, cot, cotbetty (U. S.).

Cross references. see Note.
magnet: loadstone, attraction.
magnetics hypnotic, attracmagnetism: energy, attracmagnetism: energy, currention, hypociam magnific: imposing, grand, bombastic, exalled magnificent: grand, imposing, elevated, exalled, fine. magnifico: personage. magnificoupent: bombastic. magnitude: size, extent, quan-ELZI maid: girl, virgin, domestic. maiden, n : girl, nrgin. maiden, a · youthful, sirgin, Arat. maidenly: girlish, prgin.

mail, n., armor. mail, v i. ' post mall, v f. · post main, n mainland. strongth, channel, main, a.. powerful, chief, utmost mainly: chiefly. mainstay: support majestic: dignified, grand majesty: dignity grandeur.
major: greater, adult
make, s : constitute
makeshift, n.: expedient, substitute
makeshift, a provisional
make-up: composition, armakeweight: counterposes

maladroit: awkward.
malady: disease,
malapropos: unsuitable,
malonient: discoulent,
malediction: cursing, curse. malefie: harmful maleficent: harmful malfeasant: evidoung. malformed: deformed malice: id-will malign: malevolent. malignant: malevolent, virumalignity: malevolence, illmalison: curse. maileable: ductile. malodor: emell. maltreat: ill-treat.

Antonyms: see WOMAN.

man, v. t. Spec. garrison, people. manacle, n. band (contextual), handouff (the

ordinary informal term), snitcher (slang), nippers (pl; slang), wristlet (humorous)

manage, v. t. 1. control, conduct, order, boss (slang or cant), regulate; spec. direct. handle, guide, misgovern, operate (chiefly U. S), negotiate (chiefly colloq. or slang), swing, administer, manipulate, wield (often fig.), engineer, navigate, maneuver, nurse, fight, hold, work.

3. See ACCOMPLISH, AFFORD, CONTRIVE. manage, v. i. Spec frame, do, shift, con-

manageable, a. Spec. governable, conformable, tractile, tractable, gentle, flexible, ductile, docile, buxom (archase), phable, pliant, handy (naut), wieldy, toward or towardly (archaic), advisable (rure), teachable, stc.

Antonyms. SEE UNMANAGEABLE, UN-RULY, INTRACTABLE, OBSTINATE, PER-

VERSE, UNWIELDY.

management, n. 1. control, regulation, carriage (chiefly Eng.); spec. conduct, guidance, administration, operation (chief-(U, S.), economy, operation, husbandry, ordinance (rare or archaic), dispensation, diplomacy, etc.

2. See ACCOMPLISHMENT.

3. Spec. board, directory, directorate. manager, n. controller; spec. conductor, operator, guide, dispenser (archaic), wielder, impresario (Italian), economist, maneuverer, engineer, curator, overseer, steward.

manger, n. Spec. cratch (obs.), crib,

trough, box. mangle, v. t. 1. deface; spec. cut, slash, mince, hash, butcher, hasp.

3. Referring to words, music, etc.: spec. murder, mouth, gargle, bungle, mutilate. manhater, n. misanthrope, misanthropist.

man-hating, o. misanthropic.

Antonyma: see AMATORY manhood, n. 1. As distinguished from "womanhood": virility (learned).

2. See MANLINESS, COURAGE.
manifold, v. t. multiply; spec. graph (collog.), hectograph.

manifold, n. copy; spec. graph (colloq.), cyclostyle, polygraph, hectograph, mimeograph.

Cross references. see Note. mandate: bidding. mandatory: commanding. mantuti mosty.
mantuti mosty.
mantandie: more, handle,
maniac, a.: deranged,
maniac, n.: deranged person,
manifest, v. f.: disclose, show,
tat Lunt.

manifest, a.: evident, intelligi-

manifest, n · liet. manifestation: appearance, disclosure, show. manikin: dwarf mannerless: unmannerly.

mannerly: polite mannish: manly mansion: dwelling.

manipulate, v. t. 1. See HANDLE, FINGER, MASSAGE, WIELD.

3. manage; spec. jockey, shuffle, rig (slang or colloq.), milk (cant or slang).

mankind, n. man (less formal than "man kind"), men (pl), hamanity, humankind (unusual), flesh (fig.), earth (with "the"). Antonyms: see WOMANKIND.

manliness, n. manhood (archaic), manlihood (rare), masculinity, mannishness, manlikeness, virility.

Antonyms' see EFFEMINACY, FEMININITY.
manly, a. male, masculine (chiefly spec.),
manful (often spec.), virile (elevated; often
used fig.), manlike (chiefly spec.), mannish
(chiefly spec.). "Manly" always has a good connotation.

see CHILDISH, PEMININE, Antonyms:

WOMANLY, LADYLIKE, manner, n. 1. See KIND.

2. way, mode, sort (archaic), fashion (rare, exc. spec. with "after," "in," stc.).
3. In pl.: ctiquette; spec. breeding.

4. See CUSTOM, AIR, BEHAVIOR.
man-of-war, n. ship (contextual); spec. battleship, cruiser, dreadnought, super-dreadnought, torpedo boat destroyer, gunboat, submarine, submersible.

manservant, n. man (contextual; collog.); spec. footman, flunky or flunkey, valet, gyp (cant; Eng.), boy (chiefly South African or Anglo-Indian), butler, waiter, cook, etc.; see LACKEY.

Antonyms: see MAIDSERVANT. mantie, n. 1. cloak; spec. chasuble (eccl.), toga, tallitto, pelisse, chuddar (Anglo-Indian).

3. See COVER, ENVELOPE, FOAM. mantelpiece, chimneypiece.

manure, n. fertilizer (contextual), dung (a word little used), muck, soil (obs. or rare); spec. folding (Eng.), tankage, guano. manure, v. t. fertilize (contextual), soil

(obs. or rare), dung (a word little used), bedung (intensive; rare).

manuscript, n. 1. document (contextual); spec. palimpsest, codex, opisthograph (tech.).

Antonyms: see PRINT.

2. See WRITING.

many, a. numerous; spec. frequent, manifold, multitudinous, multifold.

Antonyms: see FEW, ALL.

many-colored, a. polychromic, poly-

manual, a.: autographic. manual, a.: handbook, keyboard manufactory: factory. manufacture, n.: making, product.
manufacture, v. t.: make, demanufactured: artificial.

chromatic, polychrome;—all three learned |

Antonyms: see one-colored.

many-tooted, a. multiped, multipede;both learned or tech.

many-headed, a. polycephalic (rare). many-jointed, a. multiarticulate (tech.). many-named, a. polyonymous (rare), pacilonymic (rare).

many-seeded, a. polysperm (rarc), polyspermous (rare), polyspermatous (rare).

many-sided, a. polyhedral (tech.; geom.), polyhedric (rare), polyhedrous (rare), multilateral (less usual than "polyhedral" in geom, but often fig), polygonal (geom.). Antonyms: see ONE-SIDED.

many-stringed, a. polychord (rare). many-voiced, a. polyphonic (tech.).

map, n. delineation (contextual); spec chart, plat (now chiefly U. S.), plan, diagram, mappemonde (hist.), planisphere "Map" is especially used of geographical delineations

map, v. t. delineate (contextual), chart,

plot, spec. diagram.

mapper, n. delineator (contextual), mappist (rore), chartographer or cartographer

marauder, n. plunderer, desperado (con-textual), reaver or reiver (the Scottish spelling "reiver," introduced into literature by Scott, is the more usual spelling); spec. pirate, boothaler (archaic), freebooter, brigand, refugee (hist.), cateran (Scot).

marble, n. 1. limestone; spec. rance, cipolin, giallo antico (Italian), verdantique, ophicalcite, brocatello (Italian).

Spec. sculpture, statue, frieze, etc. 3. Spec. bonce (Eng.), taw, alley.

marble, a. marmorean or marmoreal (poetic and rhetorical), marmoraceous (rare) march, v. i. & t. 1. go (contextual), walk

(contextual); spec. troop, process (colloq.), parade, file, defile, countermarch.

2. See ADVANCE.

march, n. 1. walk (contextual); spec. file, defile, étape (French), countermarch. 2. step (contextual); spec. quick, double-

mare, n. gillie (rare or cant), lass (playful or affectionate).

marginal, a. Spsc. border toral, shore, limbic (anat.). Spec. border, coastal, lit-

marine, a sea (the noun used attributively), thalassian (rare), thalassic (rare); spec. oceanic, maritime, nautical.

Antonyms * see TERRESTRIAL.

marine, n. 1. See FLEET, PICTURE.

1. gulpin (slang), jolly (British; slang or colloq), shipman (rare).

marital, a. 1. See MATHIMONIAL.
2. husbandly (less formal).

mark, n. 1. See AIM, OBJECT. 2. Referring to a thing shot at target (primarily spec.); spec. butt (orig. archery), bull's-eye, carton, white, crease, cock, Jack-a-Lent (Eng.), Aunt Sally (Eng.), parrot, rover, cockshy, quintain,

 Spec. character, line, spot₁ stain, scratch, scar, brand, impression, impress, imprint, blur, label, print, dent, badge, device, note, hyphen, check, crisscross, discritic, chalk, charcoal, earmark, tally, score, tick, signature (rare), cross, cachet (French), cognizance (heraldry or formal), dement, difference (now rare, exc. her. or logic), chop, mintage.

4. In punctuation: character, stop; spec. comma, semicolon, colon, period, question mark, dash, parenthesis, brackets,

quotation marks.

5. See SIGN, BADGE, DISTINCTION. mark, v. t. 1. Spec. inscribe, line, dirty, stain, brand, countermark, countersign, scribe (largely tech.), postmark, star, bestar, letter, ink, enseam (rore), buoy, cross, becross (an intensive), tick, tattoo, rubricate, label, inscribe, enstamp (rare), blaze, earmark, bespot (an intensive), acrawl, bescrawl (an intensive), rule, score, stigmatize, sign, imprint, print, impress. 2. See distinguish, denote, emphasize, CONSIDER.

market, n. 1. marketplace, marketstead (archaic); spec. emporium (often rhetorical or affected), entrepôt (French), mart (literary; often about equiv. to "emporium"), vent (archaic or tech.), factory, exchange, rialto (rare), cheap (archaic or obs.), bassar, besesteen (Oriental), forum (Roman antiquities), cross (obs. or local Eng.), curb, fair, staple, gunge or gunj. 2. See DEMAND.

market, a. nundinal (rare).

market, v. t. mart (rare); spec. offer, sell, market day, nundine (Roman hist.).

marking, n. Spec. delineation, gorgelet (rare), feathering, gorget, interstriation (rare), inscription (anat.), mirror.

marksman, n. Spec. toucher (archery), sharpshooter, franc-tireur (French). marriage, n 1. Referring to the state or re-

lation: matrimony (chiefly formal or af-

Cross references: see Note. mar: deface, impair. maraid, s i plunder, march, n : border. march, s, i : border.

margin, n. edge, room, secumargin, v. t.: edge, annotate, comariner: sailor.

marionette: puppet marked: dutinguished, con-spicuous, intense, marketable: salable. maroon: abandon.

fected), wedlock (a word of finer connota-tion than "matrimony" or "marriage"), conjugality, spousehood (rare), connubialism (rare), spousage (archaic), hymen

2. Referring to the ceremony: union, matrimony (formal or solemn); unto matrimony (formal or solemn), nuptuals (pl), spousal (chieffy in pl), wedding (the Angle-Saxon term), match, bridal (orig. spec.), espousal (chieffy in pl), the fuller form for "spousal"), hymen (rare), hymeneals (pl); learned); spec. remarriage, intermediate (pl); learned); spec. remarriage, intermarriage, coemption (Roman law), opsigamy (rare), mesalhance or misalliance, conformation (Roman law), bigamy, deuterogamy, hierogamy (nonce toord), heterism or hetairism, lobola, endogamy, exogamy, polyandry, polygamy, polygyny, morganatic marriage. Antonyms see DIVORCE.

marriage, a. hymeneal, hymenean (rare) marriageable, a. marriable; spec, nubile

(rare), viripotent (rare).
marriage song. hymeneal (learned or formal), epithalamium.

married, a. mated (esp. with "ill-" or "well-", referring to the compatibility of the parties), settled, conjugate (rare); spec. farreate (rare; Latin antiq). Antonyms: see UNMARRIED.

marrow, n. 1. medulla (anat.); spec. pith. 2. See ESSENCE.

marry v. t. 1. wed (rare, exc in ceremonial or elevated use), espouse (chiefly used of the man); spec. wife (rare), husband (rare). Antonyms see DIVORCE.

2. With two persons as the subject: unite (contextual; often in "unite in holy wedlock"), join (contextual), wed (formal), pair (rare; being cheffy used of animals), couple (rare; being, like "pair," chiefly used of animals), espouse, tie (colloq.), match, splice (slang); spec. intermarry, remarry.

marry, v. f. unite (contextual), join (contextual), match (colloq.), wed (formal), pair (rare), couple (rare), intermarry; spec. wife (rare), husband (rare), remarry. marsh, n. Spec. quagmire, quag, morass (now literary), slough, mire, bog, fen (chiefly Eng.), marish (archaic), swamp, maremma (Italian), marshland, moss (chiefly Scot.), pocosin or poquosin (southern U. S), flow (Scot), carr local Eng.), coreass (Ireland), mash (local U.S.).

marshy, a paludal (learned), paludine (rare), palustrine (learned), squashy (col-Cross references, see Note.

marshal, o t arrange, escort. martyr: sufferer, marvel: wonder, masculinet make, manly, mash, o, t · crush.

mask, v t hide, disguiss masque: ball drama masquerade: ball, disguiss, mass, v t, unite, gather, master, v t control, defeat, averpower, learn

log.); spec. morassy, miry, plashy, fenny (chiefly Eng.), fennish (chiefly Eng.), swampy, boggy, marish (archaic), moory (Eng.; chiefly local or dial.).
martial, a. Spec. military, warlike.
mask, n. 1. See disguise, masker, cloak,

BALL

2. Referring to the cover or disguise for the face: spec. visor, loup (French), umberer (rare).

masker, n. mask (fig.); spec. masquerader. mummer, domino, guisard (chiefly Scot.), guiser (Scot. and Eng. dial.).

mason, n. cowan (Scot.; derogatory); spec. stonemason, bricklayer.

masonry, n. Spec. stonework, ashlar, brickwork, rubblework, studwork, rub-

mass, n. Spec. body, aggregate, quantity, number, bulk, size, lump, cake, clot, flake, majority, people, assemblage, crowd, cloud, block.

Mass, n. Eucharist; spec. canon, requiem. massacre, n. killing (contextual), scupper (mil. slang); spec magophony (rare), pogrom, populicide (rare).

massacre, v. f. butcher (contextual). Blaughter (contextual); see MURDER.

massage, n. shampoo (rore); spec. percussion, stroking, rubbing, kneading, etc.

masseur, n. Spec rubber.

massive, a. 1. big, massy (less formal and
more literary than "massive"), substantial, bulky, beamy (rare or archaic), Cyclopean (fig.), heavy, solid, ponderous (more emphatic or intensive than "heavy").

Antonyms: see unsubstantial, granu-LAR.

2. See LOUD.

mast, n stick (humorous), pole; spec. pine, mainmast, foremast, mizzen, mizzenmast, jurymast, jigger.

master, n. 1. Spec. controller, owner, lord; see CONTROLLER, CONQUEROR, EMPLOYER, EXPERT, WORKMAN, CAPTAIN.

Antonyms. see SLAVE 2. As a courtesy title: dan (archaic), don, Bir (used only in address), sirrah.

master, a. 1. Spec. chief, controlling, commanding.

Antonyms: see BUBORDINATE. 3. Pertaining to a master: herile (rare). masterpiece, n. masterwork (less used than "masterprece," and having less concrete suggestions), chef-d'œuvre (French). masterstroke, n. coup (French), coup d'état (French).

> masterful: authoritative, dommasteriy: oble masteriy: oble masteriy: control, skill. masteriy: control, skill. masticate: chew.

mastiff, n. bandog (archaic).

mat, n. fabric (contextual); spec. paunch (naut), rug, felt, ghb (hist.), bass. match, n. 1. fuze; spec. lunt.

2. Spec, referring to the matches in ordinary use: fusee or fuzee, Congreve, loco-foco (U. S.), lucifer, vesuvian. match, n. 1. equal, antagonist, Roland

(fig.).

2. contest; spec. bonspiel (Scot.), main, twosome (rare), threesome (golf), foursome (golf), shoot, roll, etc.

3. See COUNTERPART, MARRIAGE, EQUAL-ITY, AGREEMENT.

match, v. t. 1. See MARRY, EQUAL, COM-PARE, OPPOSE, FIGHT, ADAPT.

2. Spec. pair, mate, duplicate. matchmaker, n. Spec. marriage broker,

mate, n. associate (contextual), fere (archaic): spec. fellow, match, schoolfellow, schoolmate, consort, husband (rare), wife

mate, v. t. & i. pair, match; see MARRY. material, a. 1. Spec. corporeal, carnal (archaic, exc. spec.), corporal (literary; rare), boduly, physical, objective, earthy, earthly, hylic (rare), tangible, sensible.

Antonyms. see IMMATERIAL, MENTAL. 1. See IMPORTANT, RELATIVE, CONSIDER-

ABLE, SENSUOUS.

material, n. 1. substance, stuff (often somewhat contemptuous), matter; spec. metal, mettle, body, timber, stock, component, fabric, feed, staple.

2. data; spec. notes, facts, information.

materiality, n. Spec. corporeality, bodiliness, corporeity.

materialize, v. t. materiate (rare); spec. externalize, externate or externize (rare), exteriorize, embody, precipitate. Antonyms. see SPIRITUALIZE.

maternal, a. parental (contextual); spec. motherlike, motherly.

maternity, n. maternality (rare); spec. motherliness, motherhood.

Antonyms: of Barren; see Virginity. mathematician, n. Spec. arithmetician, geometrician, trigonometrician, geodesist, actuary.

matrimonial, a. conjugal, connubial (less common than "matrimonial"), nuptial (primarily spec), marital (primarily spec), sponsal (rare or learned), spousal, mean, v. t. 1. See INTEND, SIGNIFT.

conjugial (used by Swedenborgians), genial (rare); spec. internuptial.

matrix, n 1. See WOMB.

2. form (contextual); spec. mold, bed, cast, coffin, ceroplast.

matron, n 1. dowager (humorous); spec. wife, widow, mother.

2. See housekeeper.

matter, n. 1. Spec. stuff, body, substance. 2. See MATERIAL, PUB, QUANTITY, COPY, IMPORTANCE, SUBJECT, AFFAIR, CIRCUM-STANCE, MAIL

3. Referring to what is stated in a book, speech, etc.: substance, gear (archaic), stuff (often somewhat contemptuous), body. matter, v. i. weigh, bulk, import, count, skill (archauc),

matter-of-fact, a. literal, sober, prosy, prosaic or (less usual) prose, spec. practical, unsentimental, unimaginative, simple.

Antonyms: see FANCIFUL, VISIONARY, EXTRAVAGANT.

maunder, v. i. 1. See WANDER.

3. flapdoodle (collog.; contemptuous), maudle (rare).

maximise, v. f. maximate, increase, improve, magnify.

Antonyms: see MINIMIZE; cf. BELITTLE, DIMINISH, DISPARAGE.

maximum, n. limit, greatest, highest. maybe, adv. possibly.

meadow, a. pratal (rare), meadowy.

meager, a. 1. See THIN. 2. Referring to what is scarcely sufficient:

poor; spec. scanty, slender, slight, slim, thin, spare, sparing, lean, deficient, bare. Antonyms: see abundant. meal, n. flour (contextual); spec. groats (pl.), hominy grits (pl.), pinole (U. S.), meal, n. 1. Referring to food eaten at one

time: repast (rather formal or learned); spec. refection (learned or formal), spread (colloq), collation (chiefly formal or rhe-torical), snatch (colloq.), snack (colloq. or dial.), snap (rare), ordinary (Eng.), table-d'hôte (French), coffee, breakfast, dinner, tea, supper, lunch, luncheon, tiffin (Anglo-Indian), feast, mess (U. S. or Eng. dial.),

2. Referring to the act: feed (collog. and informal or vulgar); spec. feast, gorge, refection, repast, collation, regale (rare), perpendicular (slang), breakfast, dinner,

Cross references see Note. match, v i · mary, agree, matchless: unequaled, matriculate: admit, list, matronly: wifely, grave, matt: dull msturate: suppurale. mature, a · rips, grown, dus,

mature, v.: develop, ripen, compiete, accrue matutinal: early. maw: stomach, appetite, throat. mawimsh: emotional. maxim: rule, saying, maximal: greatest.

maximum, a · greatest. maybe: possibly.
maybe: possibly.
mase, n.: labyrath, tangle.
mase, c. f. confuse,
masedow: grassland
meadow: grassland. menly: powdery.

2. signify, intend, purport, import, bear (archaic equiv of "purport"); spec denote. connote, argue, imply, symbolize, infer, indicate.

mean, a. 1. See undignified, inferior, SHABBY, LOWLY, BASE, CONTEMPTIBLE, WORTHLESS, ORDINARY, WRETCHED.

1. As denoting a certain injustice or unfarness: spec little-minded or (more freely of things as well as persons) little, small, petty, shabby, scurvy, sorry, sordid, wretched, beggarly, rascally, currish, dirty (often a cheap or vulgar term of reproach), unhandsome, caitiff (literary), sneaking, spying, scoundrelly, malevolent, tattling, etc.

Antonyms see Generous, grand, noble.

meaning, n. 1. See INTENTION.

2. signification, significance or significancy, import, power (rare), purport; spec. substance, amount, upshot, spirit, interpretation, intent or intention, intendment, drift, content, sense, value, denotation, connotation, consignificance, by-sense, force, heart, effect, significate, comprehension, implication, burden.

meaningless, a empty, unmeaning senseless, insignificant; spec. unimportant.

see EXPRESSIVE, SIGNIFI-Antonyma. CANT.

means, n. 1. agency, mean (archaic), instrument (chiefly spec); spec. agent, machinery, wherewithal (colloq), wherewith (colloq.), foison (chiefly Scot.), medium, receipt (fig.), engine (chiefly literary or rhetorical), organ (archaic).

2. As a pl. resources, faculty (obs. or hist.); spec. income, wealth.

meanwhite, adv meantime.

measurable, a. mensurable (more tech.); spec. fathomable, gaugeable.

Antonyms see infinite.

messure, n. 1. See MEABUREMENT.

2. standard (contextual); spec. gauge, mile, rod, fathom, yard, foot, inch, hand, ell, cubit, line, acre, bushel, peck, degree, quart, pint, gill, hour, minute, cube, les, pound, ounce, pennyweight, grain, etc.

3. See DIMENSION, STANDARD, EXTENT, DEGREE, QUANTITY, ACTION, DANCE.

measure, v. t. 1. mensurate (more tech, and comparatively rare); spec. span, gauge, mete (now poetic, exc. in allusion to Matt. vii; 2), quantity (rare or tech), calibrate, line, girt or girth, tape, divide, caliper, dial, pace, step, inch, space.

2. See Limit, assign, traverse, reach, COMPARE.

measurement, n. 1. measure (rare), mensuration (more tech); spec. mete (rare), metage, horometry, autometry, quantifi-cation (rare), photometry, sethesiometry, calor-metry, micrometry, etc.

2. See Size, EXTENT, QUANTITY.

measurer, n. mensurator (rare); spec. eriometer, gauger, micrometer, meter, burette, pipette, alcoholometer, gasometer, galactometer, æsthesiometer, etc.

measuring, a. mensurative (rare). meat, n. 1. food (contextual); spec. lean, junk, bounli (French), bittong, cabob, mincemeat, forcemeat, jerky, jerk, charqui, pemmican, cecils (pl.).

3. See FLESH.

meatmarket, n. shambles (now rare or literary).

mechanic, n. workman (contextual), spec. machinist, mechanician, mechanist. mechanical, a. machinelike; spec. au-

tomatic, unthinking, perfunctory.

Antonyms: see MENTAL.

mechanics, n. Spec. statics, dynamics. mechanism, n. machinery, apparatus, works; spec, movement, escapement, motion, gearing, clockwork.

medal, n. medallion (large); spec. medalet,

jetton, badge, contorniate.

meddlesome, a. officious, meddling, pragmatic, busy, polypragmatic (rare); spec. inquisitive.

mediatory, a. intermediary, mediatorial (rare), mediative; spec. intercessory, intercessive (rare).

medical, a. iatric (rare), iatrical (rare), physical (rare), Galenic (jocular).

medication, n. dosage, medicamentation (rare).

medicinal, a. curative (contextual), medicamentary (rare), medicinable (archaic),

medicatory (rare); spec. druggy.
medicine, n. 1. leecheraft (archaic), leechdom (archaic), therapy (chiefly in combination); spec. loimology, pharmaceutics, pharmacology, pharmacy.

2. drug (properly spec), physic (archaic or spec), medicament, dope (chiefly spec.; slang); spec. simple (archaic), elixir, lincture or linctus, electuary, nostrum, druggery (a collective), abstract, extract, demulcent, triturate, drops, tisane

medicine man. Spec powwow (North

meander, n winding course, meander, v winding course, meander, v wind, wander. meaning, a 'expressive meantime, ads meanwhile meantime, a interval measured: uniform, deliberate.

measureless: infinite, fathommeaty: pithy.
meddle: interpose.
meddling: meddlisome.
meddling: meddlisome.
meddlin: intermediate, unerage.
median: intermediate.

mediate: indirect. mediate, v t interpose, mediate, v t arrange, medicable: curolle medicate: drug medicate: ordinary, meditate: consider

American Indian), piache (French; African), peai

meditative, a. considerative, contemplative, ruminative.

medium, n 1. mean (usually spec.), average, mediocrity (rare).

See intermediary, agent, agency.

. In hypnosis, etc. subject; spec. psy-

chie, hypnotic, oracle.

medley, n mixture, spec. jumble, mess, hash, hodgepodge, hotchpot (rare), farrago (about equivalent to "hodgepodge"; literary), gallmaufrey (about equivalent to "hodge-podge"; rare), muddle, mishmash (rare), mélange (French), porridge, olio, olla podrida (an olio; Spanish), potpourri, maca-roni (rare), mob (rare), pasticcio (Italian), pastiche (French), omnium-gatherum (collog.), pell-mell (rare), cento, charivari.

meet, v t Spec encounter, rencounter (equiv. of "encounter," now rare), front, face, cross, cope (archaic), match, see, join, intersect, oppose, fight, experience,

defray, satisfy, overcome.

Antonyms: see AVOID. meet, v. i. 1. See JOIN, COLLIDE, AGREE.

2. assemble, gather, collect, forgather (chiefly Scot.; chiefly spec.); spec. convene, rally, rendezvous, congress (rare), congregate, caucus, muster, parade, troop, hill, gam, reassemble, reconvene, Antonyms. see SEPARATE, SCATTER.

3. In reference to time: coincide, concur,

strike.

meeting, n. 1. Spec. encounter, rencounter (rare), facing, fronting, joining, junetion, intersection, opposition, fight.

2. See BATISFACTION, COLLISION, AGREE-

MENT, APPOINTMENT.

 assembly, gathering, collection; spec. congress, convention, congregation (rare or eccl., except of the act alone), conclave, cabal, conference, meet (aports), rendezvous, conventicle, congression, conversa-zione (Italian), turnout (colloq.), sabbath, séance, rally, eisteddfod, caucus, duel, muster, parade.

Antonyms cf. SEPARATE, SCATTER.

coincidence, concurrence.

meeting, a 1. Spec concutient (implying a concussion).

Antonyms: SEE SCATTERING, SEPARA-

coincident, concurrent, simultaneous. melodious, a. euphonious (learned or literary), barmonious, sweet-sounding, melhsonant (archaic), mellifluent or mellifluous, musical, sweet, mellow, sirenic (fig.; rare), Orphic (fig.); spec. songful, rich, silvery, tunable.

Antonyms' see discordant, harsh. melody, n. Spec. air, diapason, descant, lay, plainsong, counterpoint, carillon, chant, chime, sweetness, run, ranz-des-

vaches (French).

Antonyms. see DISCORD. member, n. 1. part (contextual), organ; spec. limb, branch, joint, colon.

2. socius (Latin and tech.; chiefly spec.); spec. fellow, conventioner, conventionist,

incorporator, founder.

membrane, n. film; spec. skin, pia mater, decidua, caul, chorion, arachnoid, dura mater, meninges (pl.), hyaloid, mesogaater, epithelium, endocardium, endocarp, endoderm, meninx, web, tympan, conjunctiva, drumhead, etc.

membrous, a. membraniform (tech. or learned), membranoid (tech.); spec. epithelial, cuticular, webby, weblike, skinny,

membranaceous, membraneous. memorable, a. rememberable (rare); spec.

noteworthy.

memorandum, n. note, notandum (rare); spec. minute (chiefly in pl.), jurat, abstract, texkere, agenda (pl.).

memorandum book, tickler (collog. or

cant; chiefly spec.).

memorial, n. remembrance (rare); spec. memorandum, cahier (French), monument, factum (a Gallicism), hoarstone

(chiefly hist.), ebenezir, trophy.
memory, n. 1. intelligence (contextual), faculty (contextual), retention, recollec-

2. In reference to the act or to the time to which the memory runs: remembrance; apec idea.

menagerie, n. Spec. 200 (collog. or humorous)

mental, a subjective; spec. intellectual, intellective, emotional, psychic or psy-

Cross references see Note. medium, a intermediate, fair, ordinari mediumship: agency.
mesk: submissis, humble.
mest, a: becoming, approprie meetinghouse: church, melancholia: depression, melancholio: depressed, melancholy: humor, depresmelancholy: depressed, depressing, sad.

zučlės: fight, meliorate: improve melioristic: hops/ul mellow: rips, melodious, soft, interioried mellow: ripen, soften, intoximelt: liquely, diminish, panish, soften memento: reminder memorialize: address, celememorise: learn.

meld: duclose.

men: mankind menace, n threat. menace, v t., threaten. mand, r & improve, cure, expiate, repair mend, n repair mendacions: lying mendacity: lie lying. mendicant, a begging mendicant, n begging mendicant, n beggin, frier, menial, a base menial, n sersant, wretch. menstruum: solvent mensurate: measure.

chical, immaterial, inner, inward, interior or internal, cognitive (tech.), epistemonic (tech), intentional (Scholastic philosophy), purposive, reasoning, etc.

Anionyms. see MATERIAL, MECHANICAL. mental healing. psychotherapy, psychop-

athy (rare); spec hypnotherapy

mentally, adv. Spec. intellectually, psychically, emotionally, internally, interi-orly, inly, inward, inwardly.

mention, v. t. enumerate, numerate (rare), relate, recount, specify; spec. name, designate, individualize (rare), particularize, rehearse, retail, recite, note, overname (rare), nominate, tell, quote, remember, recommend, cite, itemize, notice, margin, narrate.

Antonyms: see DIBREGARD, IGNORE, OMIT.

mention, n. enumeration, numeration (rare), relation, recounting, recountment (rare), specification; spec. rehearsal, recital, naming, designation, noting, note, particularisation, retailing, recitation, nomination, telling, quoting, quotation, citation, tale, remembrance, dinumeration (rurs), itemization, notice, narration. mercenary, a. venal, sordid; spec. hireling (implying contempt), salable, purchasable, hired.

mercenary, n, hireling; spec. pensioner or pensionary, myrmidon, Hessian (U.S.; a political or military hireling), lansquenet, bashi-bazouk.

merciful, a. kind, clement, lenient, gracious, humane, gentle, mild.

Antonyms. see IMPLACABLE, CRUEL, UN-

FEELING, RELENTLESS mercury, n. quicksilver (the popular name; meaning silver that is alive, or "quick"), hydrargyrum (tech.).

mercy, n. clemency, lenity or lenience, graciousness, grace, goodness; spec. for-bearance, quarter (mil.).

Antonyms: see CRUELTY, UNKINDNESS, RETRIBUTION.

mere, a. bare, bald, simple, naked, plain, sole, single; spec. dry. merely, adv. barely, only, alone, simply,

meridian, n. 1. acme (rare), mid-sky (poetic), mid-heaven (astron. and astrol.).
2. See HEIGHT, CIRCLE.

mermald, n. seamaid (poetic), seamaiden (poetic), merrow (Anglo-Irish); spec. merwoman (rare).

merman, n. seaman (rare or poetic); spec. marmennill.

merry-go-round, n. carrousel, round-about (Eng.), whirligg, turnabout.

merrymaking, n. gayety, merrymake (archoic), merriment; spec. riot, conviviality, festivity, revel, Comus (a personification), guadeamus, jollification (collog.), jubilee, high jinks (collog.), frolic, Maying.

Antonyms: see LAMENTATION. message, n. communication (contextual); spec. dispatch, express, evangel (rore, exc. of the Gospel), embassage or embassade (archaic or obs.), letter, telegram, telepheme, telelogue, telephone, cablegram, cable, heliogram, radiogram.

message-conveying, a nunciative, Mercurial (fig.), messenger, ambassadorial (chiefty spec.); spec. internuncial, inter-

nunciary.

Spec. emissary, envoy, messenger, n. nunciate (rare), nuncio (rare), nuntius (rare), Mercury (fig.), bode (archaic), internuncio (rare), express, herald, post (chiefly hist.), poster, courier, intelligencer, chuprassy (Anglo-Indian), runner, peon (India), hircarra (India), chiaus (Turkish). messmate, n. associate (contextual), com-

rade (contextual), buddy (collog.), commensal (literary or rare).

metal, n. element (contextual), ore (chiefly poetic; chiefly spec.); spec. bullion, gate, pig, sow, regulus.

metallic, a. 1. ory (rare), metalline (a general term, not indicating metal qualities so closely as "metallic"); spec. brazen, silvery, gilt, golden, aureate, coppery, leaden, stannic, etc.

2. See HARSH. metaphorical, c. figurative, allegorical (usually more spec.), parabolic (rore), transumptive (rare).

metaphysics, n. Spec. ontology, epistem-

meteor, n 1. phenomenon (contextual); spec. wind, cloud, rain, hail, snow, etc. 2. Spec (referring to the concrete object) fire ball, bolide, falling star, shooting star, meteorite, exhalation (archaic), Androme-

did, Lyraid, Leonid, Perseid, etc.

Cross references see Note. mentality: intelligence, mind. mercantile: commercial mercantile: commercial merchantable: salable. mercites: unfelling, creek

mere, n.: boundary. merely: hardly. merge: absorb. maritad: deserved.

meritorious: deserving. merriment: gayety, merriness: gayety merry: gay, cheerful. metry-andrew: buffoon. merrymake: disport mésallance: marriage, mesh, n hole, net, network, mesh, v. i.: catch, entangle, en-0000.

mesmeric: hypnolic
mesmerize: hypnolic.
mesme: intermediate,
mess, a dish, medi, medley
mess, a t feed, confuse.
mess, a ed, dabble,
messy: confuse
metaphysical: immalerial, abstract measure, distribute mete, n : boundary.

meteoria, a. Spec. atmospheric, transitory, flashing.

meteorite, n. meteor, meteorolite, cloud

meteorological, a. Spec. atmospherical. method, n. manner; spec procedure, process, plan, order, system, scheme, rule. Antonyma: see CONFUSION.

methodical, a. Spec. orderly, systematic, regular, businesslike.

Antonyms: see CONFUSED.

methodize, v. f. order, systemize; spec. regularize.

mew, v. i. cry (contextual), misow, misul, mewl, caterwaul

microbe, n. microörganism, germ; spec. bacterium, microphyte, microzyme.

middle, a central, centric or centrical (rare; literary or tech.), mid (now tech. or literary), midway (rare and chiefly poetic), middlemost (superl.), middest (superl.; rare), midmost (superl.), mesial (tech.), mesian (tech.); spec. equatorial.

Antonyms: border (cf. Border, n.), cur-

cumferential (cf. CIRCUMFERENCE)

middle, n center, mid (rare and literary) midmost (the exact or nearest approachable middle), middlemost (rare); spec. midst, thick, mudships, saint (her.), bull's-eye, cazimi (astrol.).

Antonyms: see BORDER, VERGE, CIRCUM-

middle class, bourgeois (esp. the shop-

keeping middle class).

middleman, n. Spec. intermediary, broker, go-between, regrater, butty (dial.), bummaree (Eng.), salesman, saleswoman. midshipman, n. middy (colloq.), reefer (slang); spec. guinea pig (Eng. naut. slang), oldster, youngster.

midwite, n. obstetrician, accoucheuse (French), Lucina (fig.), obstetrix (rare). midwife, v t attend (often euphemistic or affected), accouche (rare), deliver (often with "of").

midwifery, n. obstetrics.

migrate, v.i. transmigrate (rare), trek (South African or colloq.), wander (fig. or spec.), nomadize (rare); spec. run (of fish), emigrate, immigrate.

migrating, a. migrant, migratory, trans-migrant (rare); spec. emigrant, immigrant.

migration, n. transmigration (rare), trek (South African or collog.); spec. rush, run, passage, emigration, immigration, intermigration.

mild, a. 1. See GENTLE, MERCIFUL, MODER-ATE.

2. In reference to weather, balmy climate, etc.: temperate; spec. balmy, smooth (rare), green (as in "a green winter"), clement, soft (chiefly Scot. and dial.), summery.

Antonyms: see SEVERE, ROUGH.

milden, v. t. 1. ameliorate.

2. See SUBDUE, RELAX. military, n. soldiery, sword (fig.); spec. militia, marines, infantry, troops, etc. milk, n. Spec. buttermilk, skim, colostrum, beestings, foremilk, strippings.

milk, v. t. Spec. extract, exploit, nurse. milky, a. lacteal (tech.), facteous (rare), lactary (chiefly spec.), galactic (rare); spec. lactescent.

mill, n. Spec. crusher, stamper, brake, malaxator (rare), quern, windmill.

millenarian, n. millenary, chilast (rare). millennium, n. millenary, chiliad (rore). milliner, n. modiste (French).

Spec. buhrstone, quernmillstone, n. stone, runner.

mince, n. mincement; spec. forcement or (rare) force, hash.

mind, n 1. See REMEMBRANCE, CONSCIOUS-NESS, SOUL, INTENTION, WILL, SPIRIT, COURAGE, THINKER.

2. Referring to the mental faculty mentality; spec. head, heart, intellect, nous (tech.), brains (pl.; colloq.).

Anlonyms: see BODY. mine, n. meum (learned).

mine, n. 1. Referring to place where minerals, ores, precious stones, etc., are got: spec. pit, shaft, placer, colliery. 2. See STORE.

3. In mil. use: spec. countermine, fougasse (French), caisson, case. mineral, n. Spec. ore, rock.

Anionyms: see VEGETABLE, ANIMAL.

Cross references metleulous: careful, scrupulous metropolis: cuty, center metropolitan: capital. mettle: energy, courage. mettlesome: energetic, courageous mew, v t molt, confine. misons: exhaltron, hase. misons: exhaltron, hase. middsyt noon middlingt ordinary. midget duarf, midst: midde. midway, n: middle.

mien: carriage might: energy, power, force, mighty: energetic, power, might: energy, power, force.

mighty: energetic, powerful,
forceful, oble, big groat.

mildew: stain, bight.

milliant: fighting, combative.

mill, v : grind, groove, best.

mill, v :, grind, groove, best.

milliant: act of buffood

mimic, a.' smitative, smitated.

mimic, v.': smitator, buffood.

mimic, v.': smitator, buffood.

mimic, v.'.: smitator.

mimic, v.'.: smitator.

mimic, v.'.: mitator.

mimic, v.'.: mitator. minaret: lower. mince, v. t. chop, mangie.

minos, v v go, talk. minoing: affected. mind, v. t.: attend, notice, obey, mind, v. i.: attend, notice, obey, consider minded: disposed mindful: attentes, careful, mindless: unintelligent, carefus, mindless: unintelligent, carefus, mine, v. t. day, undermine, ruin, mine, v. t. day, undermine, ruin, mine, v. t. buryou mingle: mix, associate, minimize: email.

minimize: discrete, affected, email: minimize: diminuh, belittle, minimize: diminuh, belittle. minimum: least. minion: creature,

minister, A. L. agent; spec. councilor, diplomatic agent, dewan (Anglo-Indian),

2. clergyman (the general technical term), parson (collog., familiar, or depreciatory, exc. as used spec by the English., pastor, spec ecclesiastic, preacher, priest, rector, curate (archaic, exc. as the name of a clergyman, vicar, clerk (now chiefly legal or hist.), cleric, father (a title, esp. of com-mon reverential address among Roman Catholics), patrico (cant), churchman, gownsman (rare), divine, angel, reverend (rare; a term of respectful or deferential address or reference), domine or dominie (obs in U. S., except in Dutch Reformed Church), chaplain, liturgist (rare), cassock (colloq), curé (French), prophet, padre (Italian), presbyter, predikant, deacon, helper, regular, canon or canonic, druid.

minister, v. z. attend; spec. pander.

ministerial, a. 1. See ATTENDANT.

2. Spec clerical, clerkly, priestly, parsonic or parsonical or parsonish (often colleg. or depreciatory), pastoral.

Antonyms : see LAY ministry, n. 1. See AGENCY, COUNCIL

3. In relation to the duties, office, or character of a clergyman: spec. administration, cure, itinerancy, rectorahip, vicarage, cu-

**Recy, priesthood.

**Meaning clergymen collectively clergy; spec. priesthood, parsondom (collog. or depreciatory), pulpit (fig.), frock (fig.), cloth (fig.; with "the"), council.

Antonyms: see LAITY.

minor, a. Spec. less, by or bye, lesser. minor, n. infant (technical in this sense),

apec. ward, pupil.

minority, n. 1. childhood (contextual), infancy (technical in this sense), minorage (rare), nonage (relatively unusual); spec. pupilage, wardship.

3. less (with "the"), few (with "the");—no

good synonym.

Antonyms: see BULK, MAJORITY. minstrel, n. entertainer (contextual); spec.

bard (Celtic), gleeman (archaic), jongleur (French)

minus, a. Spec. less, wanting.

minute, a. small, tiny (a term of popular use; often deprecatory.excusatory.orthelike); spec, atomic, wee (colleg), microscopic or microscopical, nice, minikin, smallest.

Antonyms: see IMMENSE, LARGE, GRBAT. minute, a. Spec. circumstantial, trifling. particular, elaborate

Autonyma ace general.

mire, t. t. 1. bemire, lair (Scot.); spec. embag.

2. See DIRTY.

mirror, n. Spec. glass, looking-glass, speculum, pier-glass.

mia -. This prefix implies positive error, perversion, or mistake; mal- and caco-(which latter is relatively rare) imply faultiness or imperfection which may be of any degree, alight or great.

misanthrope, n misanthropist; cynic, Timonist (fig.; rare).

Antonyms: see Philanthropist.

misanthropy, n. misanthropism; spec. cynicism, cynism (rore).

misbecome, v. t mis-suit. Antonyms. see BECOME. misbehave, v. t. misconduct.

misbehavior, n. behavior (contextual), misconduct, disorder (rare), misdemeanor (chiefly spec.); spec. malfeasance, malver-

Antonyms: see DECORUM.
misbelief, n. belief (contextual), error; spec. unbelief, delusion.

miscalculate, v. t. Spec. miscount, miscompute, misreckon.

miscarry, t 1. 1. See FAIL.

2. abort (a technical term); referring only to animals), slip (collog.), slink, warp, pick (dial. Eng.).

miscellaneous, a. mixed, farraginaceous (literary), indiscriminate; spec. hotchpotch, general.

Antonyms' see PARTICULAR.

miscellany, n. mixture; spec. medley, miscellanea (pl.), collectanea (pl.).

mischief, n. 1. See HARM, INJURY, DETRI-

2. Referring to the action of mischief making: spec. destruction, ruination, roguery (playful), devilry or devilment.

mischief-maker, n. mischief (rore), firebrand (fig.), hempy (jocular), rogue (playful); spec. breedbate (archaic).

Antonyms: see PEACEMAKER. mischievous, a. 1. See HARMFUL, IN-

JURIOUS. playful (contextual), roguish, wicked (collog.); spec. arch, impish, puckish, elf-

Cross references see Note. ministes, s. i allend, contribule, serve

mint, s l com. minus: less, wanting. minute, n.. moment, memoran-

minx: husey mite, n. march, mud, dirt.

mirth gayety mirthful: gay, mirthless: sad. miry: marshy, dirty. misapply: apply, percert. misappropriate: appropriate, embezzle, steal misbegotten: illegitimale. misbode: forchode miscall: abuse, misname.

misconceive: misundersland. misconduot: mislichase misconstrue: pervert miscreant: unbeliezer, rascal, misdeem: mujudge misdemeanor: transgression, misdescribe: describe

misdirect: guide, mismanage,

ish or elvish, tricksy, prankish, urchin (rare), waggish.

misdo, v t. do (contextual); spec. misperform, misexecute.

miseateem, v. t. 1. See DIBRESPECT.

3. misjudge, misvalue, misrate, mismeasure, misappreciate.

misfire, n. miss, fizzle; spec. sputter;used of a firearm.

misform, v. t. Spec. misshape, miscreate. misfortune, n. fortune (contextual); spec. mischance, mishap, accident, adversity, disaster, calamity, scourge, catastrophe, affliction, misventure (archaic), reverse, casualty, misadventure, contretemps (French), ill, down (collog.; used esp. in "ups and downs"), illth (rare), blow, fatality, sorrow, cross, infelicity, infliction, visitation, tragedy, fate, destruction.

Antonyms. see FORTUNE. misinterpret, v. t Spec. misexplain, misrender, misunderstand.

misjoin, v. t. Spec. misally, mismarry, mismate, misyoke,

misjudge, v. t. misdeem (archaic).

mismanage, v. t. Spec. misdrect, mis-guide, mishandle, misconduct, fumble, blunder, botch.

misname, v t. miscall, misterm, mistitle, mis-style, misnomer (rare), becall (rare); apec. befool, beknave, beslave, nickname. misplace, v. f. 1. mislay, mis-set.

3. See DISPLACE.

mispronounce, v. t. mis-speak (rare), missound, spec. mangle.

mispronunciation, n. mis-speech (rare), cacoepy (tech.), cacology (rare; tech.); spec. manglement.

misquote, v. t. misgive (rare), miscite, mis-

repeat (rare); spec. misrecite.
misrelate, v. t. Spec. misreport, mistell, misrecite.

misrepresent, v. t. belie (literally "to give the lie to"), color, miscolor (a stronger, less suphemistic term than "color"), disguise, falsify; spec. caricature, disparage.

miss, n. mademoiselle (French), signorina (Italian), senhorita (Portuguese), señorita (Spanish), Fräulein (German).
miss, v. t. Spec. lose, muff, mistake, cut,

escape, slip, omit, want, overlook, overpass, pass.

Antonyms see GET, PERCEIVE, miss, v. s. Spec. fail, deviate, missim, misfire, miscue, err (rare).

miss, n. Spec. oversight. missed, a. lost, spec. astray.

miselle, n. projectile; spec. dejectile (rare), arrow, buliet, ball, shell, shot, slug, bomb or bombshell, squib, boomerang, bolas (Span. & Port.), dart.

Spec. misrelate, misreport, misstate, v. f. misword, garble.

misstep, v. i. & n. Spec. slip, stumble, stub, trip.

mister, n. monsieur (French), signor (Italian), senhor (Portuguese), sefior (Span-1sh), Herr (German)

mistress, n. 1. See LADYLOVE.

2. In a bad sense: paramour, wench (archase); spec sultana, minion (rare), doxy (cant or slang), trull (archaic; contemptuous), tart (slang), concubine, prostitute.

misunderstand, v. l. mistake; spec. miscomprehend, misconstrue, misknow, misapprehend, misconceive, misperceive. misusage, n. 1. Spec. misuser (law); see

ABUSE, PERVERSION.

2. Referring to words: barbarism; spec.

catachresis (rhet.).

mitigate, v. t. 1. soothe, subdue, temper, soften, allay, ease, alleviate, ameliorate, assuage, palliste (a wrong), quiet, quieten (the fears; rare), relieve.

Antonyma: see AGGRAVATE.

3. See RELAX.

mitigating, c. mitigatory, soothing, softening, alleviating, ameliorating, palliative (of wrong), assuasive, balmy.

mitigation, n. subdual, allayment, alleviation, amelioration, assuagement, pallia-

tion (of wrong), relief. mix, v. t. & i. 1. Spec. blend, combine, intermingle, intermix (intensive for "mix" terfuse, mell (archaic), temper, interlard, (fig.), co-mingle or commingle (intensive for "mingle"); contemper, braid (dial.), compose, confection, immingle (rare), immix, commix (archaic or poetic; in-tensive for "mix"), caudle, hotchpotch (rare), confound, confuse, interlace, intergrade, distemper, amalgamate, alloy, in-terplait, shuffle, intertangle, pie, beat,

Tors references see Note. miscoubt: doubt, fear, misemploy: abuse. misemploy: acuse.
miserable: dutressing, lamentable, calamitous, wretched.
miserly: stringy
misery: dutress, calamity.
mistormed: misshapen.
misgive, v v · fear
misgive, v v · fear
misgive, v v · fear
misgive, v v · ruls.

misguide: guide mishandle: ıll-treat. mishap: mufortune. misinform: decesse.
misinform: decesse.
mislay: meplace.
mislay: dicite, displease.
mislike: dicite, displease.
mismate: mesjoin.

missing: absent. missing: absent. missish: affected. missivo: letter

mistakable: unorisin, ombiquous mistake, v. i.r err. mistake, a : error. mistaken: erronsous. misterm: misrams, mistrat: misrams, posidate, mistrat: ill-treat [bods, mistrust: distrust, quess, fore-mistry: foggy, hary, dim, cloudy, misuse: ill-freat gauge, cross, mélange, poach, levigate, puddle, blunge.

Antonyms: see REPARATE, CLASSIFY.

2. See ASSOCIATE. mixed, a. Spec. blended, combined, immixed, medley, tempered, confused, di-

versified, heterogeneous. mixture, n. Spec mingling, mingle, minglement, minglemangle (chiefly contemptuous), blend, blendure (rare), compound, combination, composition, compounding, commixture (intensive for "mixture"), commixture (intensive for "mixture"), immixture (intensive for "mixture"), admixture, alloy, hodgepodge, hotehpotch, amalgam, intermixture (intensive for "mixture"), cross, hash, numble, eucrasy (learned), concoction, melange (French), chowchow, confusion, shuffle, interfusion, interfluence (rare), medley, motley, theocrasy, interflow (rare), batter, paste, mush, intertanglement, levigation, inter-lacement, intertexture, interlacery. Cf.

mob, n. 1. rabble, canaille (French; a term of contempt), clampamphrie (Scot. and dial Eng); spec, ruck, raff, riffraff, ragtag, rag-tag and bobtail, dregs.

2. See CROWD, PEOPLE.

model, n. form; spec. pattern, design, example, dummy, manikin, last, cast,

phantom (anat.), miniature, copy, type.

moderate, a. Spec. temperate, reasonable, indifferent, passable, mild, low (as contrasted with "high" or "intense"), sparing, slack, easy, chaste, modest, gentle, fair, ordinary, merciful, decent, light.
Antonyms: see EXTREME, EXORBITANT,

EXTORTIONATE, OUTRAGEOUS, EXTRAVA-

GANT, STEEP.

moderate, v. t. diminish, lessen, slack, slacken, slake (rore), allay, abate; spec. alloy, alleviate, sober, temper, qualify

moderately, adv. temperately, indifferently, pretty, etc.

moderation, n. moderateness, temperateness; spec. temperance, chastity, chasteness, reasonableness, indifference, passableness, passability, lowness, slackness, slackening, easiness, modesty, gentleness, fairness, mercy, diminution, abatement, decency, alleviation.

Antonyms: see AGURAVATION (cf. AG-GRAVATE).

Spec present, present-day,

late, recent, up-to-date (colloq.), up-tothe-minute (slang), neoteric (learned), fin-de-siècle (French), twentieth-century, new-fashioned, newfangled, fresh.

Antonyms: see ANCIENT.

modernness, n. modernity, neoterism (chiefly spec.; learned or tech.).

Anlonyms: see ANTIQUITY.
modest, a. Spec. diffident, demure, decorous, decent, delicate, retiring, quiet, bashful, humble, unpresumptuous, unpretending, unobtrusive, unostentatious, inobtrusive (rare), boastless, unassuming. Anlonyms: see SHOWY, LEWD, INDECENT, ASSUMING, BOASTFUL, BOLD, LICENTIOUS, CONCEITED, OPINIONATE, GAUDY.

modesty, n. Spec. diffidence, decorum,

Antonyma: see BOLDNESS, BOASTFUL-NESS.

modulate, v t adjust (contextual); spec. inflect, tongue (music; to modulate with the tongue), accentuate, pitch.

modulation, n. adjustment (contextual); spec. accent, pitch, inflection, brogue, ca-

dence, tonguing.

Mohammed, Muhammed, n. Mahomet (now obsolescent), Baphomet (a medieval cabalistic corruption), Mahound (the usual name in the Middle Ages), Prophet (with "the," "our," etc.).

Mohammedan, Muhammedan, a. Mussulman, Moslem or Muslim, Mahometan, Turkish, Islamic, Islamitic, Islamitical, or Islamistic (referring to Islam, the religion of Mohammedans), paynim (an archaic Christian term of reproach or contempt), Saracenic, Saracenical, Moorish (collog.; India

and Ccylon).

Moham medan, Muhammedan, n.
Musulman (a derivative from the source
of Moslem; pl. "Musulmans"), Moslem
or, more accurately, Muslim (from the
source of Islam), Mahometan (now rare),
Moorman (East India), Turk (because so many Turks are Mohammedans; chiefly spec.), Islamist, Islamite, Saracen (esp. in reference to the crusades); spec. sufi, Motazilite, Karmathian or Carmathian, Kadarite, Shiite or Shiah, Sunnite (including the Hanbalites, Hanasites, Mali-kites, and Shallites), shereet or sherif, Moor, Ismaelian or Ismaelian or Ismailian. Mohammedanism, n Islam (the proper name of orthodox Mohammedanism),

Cross references see Note. missen: most moan: grean, mourn. mob. v 1. crowd.

mobile: movable, liquid, changeabla

mobiline: assemble

modern, a.

mock, s. f. ridicule, defy, demock, b. 1. reacted, day, necesse, make mock, b. 1. jeer mock, n. jeer, buit, mockery: reducile, buit, imitation prefense mock-harole: bullesque, mock-harole: lemal modal: formal mode: style, manner, state.

model, v t form, model, v exemplary modicum: little modifiable: changeable, modify, v t change modish: stylesh, affected mogul: magnate molety: half moll: work

Islamism, Mahometanism (obsolescent),

Maumetry (archaic).

moist, a. Spec. wet, damp, humid (chiefly poetic or rhetorical), dank, dankish, muggy, wettish, uliginose or uliginous (rare), roscid (rare), dewy, oozy, vaporous.

Antonyms: see DRY.

moisten, v. t. & i. wet; spec. bemoist (an intensive), dampen or (less usual) damp, humidify (rare), baste, dew, sponge.

Antonyms: see DRY.

moisture, n. moistness (chiefly of the state), wetness; spec. dampness, damp, humidity, mugginess, breath, dew.

Antonyms: see DRYNESS.

molasses, n. treacle (the usual English term).

mold, n. fungus (tech.); spec. must, mustiness, mother.

mold, v. i. must (rare or Eng. dial.), fust (obs. or dial.).

moldable, a. Spec. figuline or fictile. molded, a. moulded (a variant), fictile.

molding, n. 1. casting.

2. ornament; spec. bead or astragal, reed or reeding, chaplet, cyma, cavetto, congé (French), quarter-round or ovolo, ogee, cornice, scotia, thumb, torus, torsade, tringle, round, roundel, fillet, cable, bolection or bilection, casemate or casement, surbase, platband.

moldy, a. molded, mucid (rare), mucidous (rare), mucedinous (bot.; rare); spec. mothery, stale, musty, foisty, frowzy.

mole, n. Referring to the animal: mold-warp or moldiwarp (chiefly Eng. dial.), wanty (obs.).

mole, n. nævus (tech.); spec. birthmark.

molecular, a. Spec. Brownian.

molecule, n. particle; spec. monad, dyad, triad, tetrad, pentad, hexad, heptad, octad.

molt, v. t. shed (now the usual term, except of birds); spec. cast, slough, mew (tech., or archaic), exuviate (a tech. equivalent of "slough"), throw.

molting, n. molt; spec. ecdysis (tech.),

cast, sloughing, slough.

moment, n. 1. Spec. instant, minute, flash, trice (now only in "in a trice"), crack, gliff (Scot. or colloq.), jiffy (colloq.), shake (slang), handclap, eyewink, blink, wink (more common equivalent of "eyewink"), twinkling.

Antonyms: see ETERNITY, AGE.

2. See importance, momentum.

momentum, n. energy, moment, impetus.
The terms "momentum" and "moment" are
very technical.

monarch, n. sovereign or (poetic) sovran,

autocrat, king, crown (fig.), monocrat (rare); spec. kinglet, kingling (less contemptuous than "kinglet"), Cæsar (hist. or fig.), emperor, queen, monarchess (rare; fem.), roitelet (archaic), prince (archaic), princess (archaic), royalet (rare), imperator (Latin form of "emperor"; chiefly hist.), Kaiser (German; hist.), czar (Russian; hist.), Mikado (Japanese), raja or rajah (East Indian), Pharaoh (hist.), shah, sultan, Bretwalda (hist.).

Antonyms: see Subject.

monarchical, a. autocratic, kingly, monarchial (rare), monarchic (rare), monocratic (rare); spec. imperial.

Antonyms: see DEMOCRATIC.

monarchism, n. autocratism, Cæsarism,

absolutism; spec. imperialism.

monarchy, n. autocracy, kingdom, royalty (rare, exc. as a characterizing term), realm (chiefly rhetorical or tech.), reign (fig.), princedom (rare), principality (rare), regality (rare).

Antonyms: see DEMOCRACY.

monastery, n. convent; spec. charterhouse, borzery (rare), lamasery, vihara, monkery, cell.

monastic, a. conventual, monachal, monkish (often a term of reproach), monk-

ly (rare).

monasticism, n. monachism (learned), monkism (rare), monkhood, monkery (chiefly contemptuous).

monetary, a. financial, pecuniary (chiefly

spec.), fiscal (chiefly spec.).

money, n. Spec. currency, cash, funds (pl.), specie, stamps (pl.; slang), coin (a collective), coinage (more formal for "coin"), chink (slang), rhino (slang), tin (slang), dust (slang), brass (slang or dial.), barrel (political slang), copper (colloq.), ginger-bread (slang), tender, wampumpeag, wampum, wakiki, larin, coat money (hist.), cowrie.

Mongolian, a. Mongolic, Mongol (properly spec.), Mogul (chiefly hist.); spec. Chinese, Japanese, Samoyed, Lappish, Lapponian, Lapp.

monism, n. theism, unitism (rare), hen-

ism (rare).

monk, n. ecclesiastic (contextual), conventual, monastic (more technical than "monk"), friar (a loose use), religieux (French); spec. cœnobite, anchoret, prior, caloyer, santon, santo, Benedictine, talapoin, Sarabaite, Cluniac, cloisterer, hospitaler or hospitaler, marabout, Mekhitarist, lama, palmer.

monkey, n. simian, jackanapes (archaic);

mold, v. t.: work, form.

mole: pier. molest: disturb, harm. mollycoddle, n. effeminate. momentary: temporary.

MONEEYLIKE

spec. entellus, guariba, sagoin, marimonda, mangabey, marmoset, marikina, sapajou, teetee, vitoe, tota, langur, chacma, kahau, lar, macaque, macaco, grivet, howler, boolock.

monkeylike, a. pithecoid (tech.); spec. cebocephalic.

monogram, n. cipher.

monologue, n. Spec. soliloquy.

monopolize, v. t. Spec. engross, corner

monopoly, n. staple (hist.), soleship (rare), spec. monopolism.

monotone, n. Spec drone, singsong. monotone, v. t. Spec. intone, drone.

monotonous, a dull, flat, samely (rare); spec. singsong, wearisome, jogtrot (col-loq.), dreary or dreamsome or (rare) drear (poetic), routine.

Antonyms: see VARIED.

monotony, n monotone (chiefly spec.), sameness, sameliness (rare); spec. humdrum, dreariness, drearihead (archaic), dreariment, drearihood.

Antonyms: see VARIETY.

monster, n. 1. Referring to mythical or legendary beings: spec. dragon, drake (obs. or archaic), dragonet, beliemoth, leviathan, hydra, lamid, sphinx, chimæra, mermaid (fem), merman (masc.), centaur, Frankenstein (an erroneous designation of the created monster described in the novel hy Mrs. Shelly), Scylla and Charybdus, Cyclops, Ernnyes, harpy, siren, ogre (masc.), ogress (fem.), bucentaur, mariche, manticore, hircoccrvus, hippocampus, hippogriff, kylin (of China and Japan), chichevache (French; obs.), griffin, wyvern (her)

2. Referring to what is abnormal in shape: monstrosity, freak, cacogenesis (tech); spec. hodmandod, terata (pl.; med), abortion, mooncalf (archaic), miscreation. 8. Referring to a being of unnatural cruelty. fiend, devil, shaitan (Mohammedan).

monstrosity, n. 1. abnormality, freak; spec. atrocity, teratology.

2. See MONSTER.

monstrous, a. 1. Spec. dragonish, Cyclopean, Cyclopian, or Cyclopic, horrible. 2. unnatural, abnormal, freaky; spec. teratological (med.), teratical (med.), malformed, misshapen, miscreated.

Antonyme: see NATURAL, NORMAL. \$. See Flagrant, outrageous, immense. month, n. moon (fig.); spec. lunation, ramadan (Mohammedan).

monthly, a. menstrual (tech.), mensual

monument, n. 1. memorial; spec. grave-stone, sepulcher, cromlech (archaol.), lech (archaol.), dagoba (Buddhist.), cenotaph, lat (East India), antiquity, pyramid, menhir (archarol.), tombstone, tomb, trophy, megalith, monolith, trilith or trilithon, marble, document.

2. See BOUNDARY, DOCUMENT.

moon, n. 1. Phoebe (poetic; personified),
Cynthia (poetic; personified), Luna (poelic or tech.; personified); spec. plenilune (chiefly poetic), crescent, decrescent (rare), sickle, increscent (chiefly her.).

2. See MONTH, MOONLIGHT.

moonlight, n. moonshine (poetic or rare), shine (contextual), moon, moonbeam (chiefly in pl); spec earthlight.

Antonyms: see DARK.

moonlight, a. moonshiny (rare), moony (rare).

Antonyma: see DARK.

moor, n. moorland; spec. heath, bent,

Moor, n. Moorman, Moresco (chiefly spec.); spec. Marrano (hist.), Maugrabee or Maugrabin.

moor, v. t. Spec. berth, anchor.

mooring, n. Spec. berthage, moor (rare). Moorish, a. Moresco, Moresque (fine

moral, a. ethical or (rare) ethic (chiefly spec.).

morning, n morn (poetic or literary), forenoon, morningtide (rare or poetic), morrow (archaic).

Antonyms: see Evening.

morning star. daystar, Lucifer, Phosphor (poetic), Phosphorus (rare).

Antonyms: see EVENING STAR. morsel, n. 1. Spec. bite, bit, titbit, sop.

2. See FRAGMENT, PARTICLE

mortal, a. 1. Being subject to death: earthborn, corporeal, ephemeral. Antonyms' see IMMORTAL.

2. See DYING, DEADLY, GREAT, HUMAN,

IMPLACABLE, LONG. mortal, n. earthling, deathling (rare).

mortgage, n. pledge (contextual), charge (contextual), encumbrance (contextual); epec. dip (collog.), bottomry, wadset (Scot.), bond, debenture.

Cross references see Note monomaniao: deranged person, erank mood: disposition. moody: changeable. moon, v. 1 idls, wander, moonstruck: deranged moot, n. assembly

moot, r t discuss mopish: depressed, mopate: dear, morality: surfue, thics, morality: surfue, thics, moras; morah, moratorium: deforment morbid: ailing, gloomy, deranged

mordacious: biting mordant: corresse more, a additional, greater, else. more, adv. also morgue: dead house. moribund: dying. morn: daybreak morsoe: ill-tempered morrow: morning, la-morrow. mordant: correspond

mortgage, v. t. Spec. pledge, charge, encumber.

mortgagee, n. encumbrancer.

mortify, v. t. 1. crucify (fig.); spec. humble.

2. See embarrass.

mortify, v. i. gangrene.

mortise, n. hole (contextual); spec. gain, dovetail, cocket, cog.

mosaic, n. inlay; spec. tarsia (tech.).

mosaic, a. inlaid, tessellated or tessellate (tech. or learned), musive (rare).

mosquito, n. Spec. gallinipper (chiefly U. S.), Anopheles, Culex, wriggler.

mother, n. parent (contextual), mamma or mama (chiefly in the vocative or preceded by a possessive pronoun and more fashionably accented on the last syllable), genetrix or genitrix (rare), dam (as used of human beings only contemptuous), mammy (a child's word), mam (collog.; a childish word), matriarch (jocular), motherkin (a dim., chiefly in affectionate use), author (contextual), head (contextual), venter (tech.; law).

Antonyms: see CHILD.

motherhood, n. mother, motherhead

(rare), mothership maternity.

motif, n. idea (contextual), motive (the less used Eng. equivalent of the French

"motif"); spec. theme.

motion, n. 1. movement, stir; spec. pass, move, drift, drive, driftage, play, course, dash, rush, dart, fling, flirt, onset, flight, flicker, career, dodge, excursion, travel, sweep, creep, set, hitch, flow, countermotion, flux, throw, gesture, translation, locomotion, walk, run, jump, hop, etc.

Antonyms: motionlessness (cf. MOTION-

LESS).

2. See ACTION, PROPOSAL, OFFER, EVACU-

motionless, a. 1. still, immovable; see STILL.

Antonyms: see Lively, restless, flow-

2. stationary, immotile, stock-still, immobile (chiefly spec.); spec. quiescent, quiet, fixed.

Antonyms: see Boisterous, Lively.

motionlessness, n. stillness, rest, immobility, quiescence, repose.

motive, n. 1. cause (contextual), spring; spec. reason, purpose; see REASON.

2. See MOTIF.

Spec. hill, heap, bank, tumound, n.

mulus, barrow, tell (Arabic), kurgun (archael.), cache, esker (geol.), hornito, rampart (fort.) barbette (fort.), terp (Friesland), teocalli (Mexican religion). pyramid.

mount, v. t. 1. See CLIMB, SET.

2. Spec. back (a horse), remount, horse

(a person), bestride (a horse).

mountain, n. elevation (contextual), hill (chiefly spec.), heap, highland, mount (poetic or archaic); spec. sierra, jokul (Icel.), chain, range.

Antonyms: see Plain, valley.

mourn, v. t. regret (contextual); spec. deplore, lament, bewail, wail (rare), bemoan, moan (a less emphatic word than "bemoan"), greet (Scot.), condole (now rare), keen (Irish), dirge, behowl (rare), besigh (rare), sigh, overweep, elegize.

mourn, v. i. regret (contextual); spec. lament, sigh, wail, greet (Scot.), keen (Irish), cry, weep, plain (archaic), sorrow,

grieve.

Antonyms: see EXULT, REJOICE.

mourner, n. Spec. lamenter, weeper,

howler, mute, keener (Irish), etc.

mournful, a. 1. regretful (contextual); spec. lugubrious, lamenting, lamentatory (rare), plangorous (a rhetorical term), woeful, sad, moanful (rare), plaintive, flebile (rare), doleful, dismal, sorrowful, elegiac, dirgeful, tearful, lachrymal, threnodic or threnodical, wailful (rare). Lenten.

Antonyms: see festive.

2. See lamentable.

mourning, n. 1. regretting (contextual), sorrow; spec. lamentation, deploration (rare), wailing, moaning, etc.

Antonyms: see REVELRY, EXULTATION,

REJOICING.

2. weeds (esp. of a widow); spec. crepe (French), crape, armozeen, crêpe-de-chine (French).

mouselike, a. myoidal (rare).

mouth, n. 1. jaws (pl.), gob (dial. or slang), reb (chiefly Scot.).

2. See GRIMACE.

3. opening (contextual), aperture (contextual), bouche (French); spec. embouchure (French), embouchement (French), estuary, debouchment (rare), muzzle, crater, entrance, outlet, orifice.

mouth, v. t. 1. See UTTER, DECLAIM,

MANGLE.

Cross reserences: see Note. mortified: dead, gangrenous. mortify: gangrene. mortuary: dead house. most, adv.: chiefly. most, a.: greatest. mostly: chiefly. mot: saying, witticism.

mote: particle. motherly: maternal. motile: self-moving. motion, v. i.: gesture. motion, v. t.: guide, direct, summotley, a.: party-colored, composite.

motley, n.: dress, mixture. mottle: spot. mottled: party-colored, spotted. mould: mold. moulded: molded. mound, v. t.: bank, hill. mount, v. i.: rise, climb, increase, mount, n.: hill, mountain, horse,

2. To touch, rub, etc., with the mouth; spec. | mumble, lip, kiss.

mouthful, n. gob (now vulgar).

mouthpiece, n. 1. Spec. embouchure (French), bit

3. See SPOKESMAN.

movable, a. 1. motionable (rare), changeable; spec. mobile, traveling.

Antonyms: see IMMOVABLE.

2. See impressible, changeable. move, v t. 1. Spec transport, transfer, translate (literary, dignified, or rhetorical), carry, convey, bear, take, remove, man-handle, hitch. flirt, dislodge, shake, sweep, stir, start, drift, edge, steal, play, pole, warp (naut), daudle, walk, actuate (tech.), eloin or eloign (obs, exc. as used with the reflexive or as a law term), impel, drive, throw, cart, wheel, chariot (rare) motor (collog), charioteer (rare), channel (rare), operate, shift, flutter, tilt, jiggle, change, turn, displace, disturb, etc.

2. See AFFECT, ROUSE, COMPEL, IMPEL,

ASK.

move, v. i. 1. Spec. pass, drift, lob, loco-mote (collog. or cant), career, drive, small (rare), stream, streak, lumber, travel, squb (rare), budge, clip (colloq), run, rumble, hum (colloq as implying lively action), flitter, creep, crawl, draggle, drop, drawl (rare), shift, steal, tilt, pole, jerk, advance, retreat, drumble (rare or dial.), hitch, burst, bounce, edge, idle, startle, circulate, stir, start, vibrate, remove, trend, flow, go, turn, rush, dash, fling, falter, flirt, flicker, whisk, sail, float, fly, skip, hop, whip, swing, shiffle, flounce, lounge, castle (chess), bowl, operate, play, poke.

2. See DEPART, LIVE, ACT.

movement, n. 1. motion, conduction (now esp. of natural processes, sap, etc.); spec. pass.

 Referring to the act of moving something: spec. transfer, transferal, transport (chiefly commercial), carriage, conveyal (rare), conveyance, boatage, cartage, disturbance, displacement.

1. Referring to a definite motion, esp. as tending toward, or intended to produce, a certain result: spec. maneuver, evolution,

operation, figure, inversion.

4. Referring to action of some kind by many or by people generally spec. crusade, war, propaganda, drive (collog.), revolt.

5. See action, act, activity, mechanism. mover, n Spec transporter, carrier, conveyer, teamster, drayman, carman, expressman, etc.

noving, a. 1. Spec, shifting, drifting, running, stirring, flitting, darting, astir, moving, a. 1. locomotive, live, changeful. etc.

2. Spec motive, motory, material (rare), motor, transfer.

See affecting, compulsory.

much, n. mickle (archaic or Scot.); spec. considerable (chiefly U. S.), heaps (collog.; pl.), lot (collog").

Antonyms: see LITTLE, NOTHING.
much, adv. Spec largely, enormously, highly, extremely, considerably, muchly (jocular), greatly,

mucous, a. pituitous (tech.), pituitary (tech.).

mucus, n. Spec. phlegm, pituita (tech.), snivel, mucilage.

mud, n. earth (contextual), dirt (contextual); spec. mire, muck, slush, sludge, clabber (dial.), slime, oose, moya (geol.), lute, gumbo (U. S.; colloq.).

muddy, a. 1. earthy (contextual), dirty (contextual), muddish (chiefly spec.); spec. oozy, slushy, sludgy, slimy, uliginous or uliginose (rare), limous (rare), lutose (rare), cloudy, gritty, roily, sandy.

Antonyms: see CLEAR

2. See DARK, INTOXICATED, FOUL, DULL, CONFUSED,

muddy, v. t. 1. dirty (contextual); spec. mire, bemire (intensive for "mire"), slime, slush, puddle, roil.

2. See darken, confuse.

muff, n. 1. Spec. cover, bungle, bungler, muffer, clown.

2. In baseball miss; spec. fumble, bungle. muff, v. t. & z. In baseball: miss; spec. fumble, bungle.

Antonyma: see CATCH. muffer, n. In baseball misser; spec. fumbler, bungler, butterfingers (collog.).

muffled, a. dull (contextual); spec. puffy muffler, n. wrap (contextual), muffle;

spec. scarf, veil, tippet, disguise.

mug, n cup (contextual), spec. Bellarmine, tankard, toby

mulatto, n. hybrid, half-breed; spec. griff (local, U. S.).

mute, n. horse (contextual), hybrid (contextual), half-breed (contextual); spec. mute (dial. or cant).

mullion, n. munnion (rere), monial (note

multiform, a. diversified, various, variform (are), diversiform; spec. protean or

Cross references see Note movable: challel
mow, n heap
mow, n de grimace
guick: manure, dirt, earth
mucky: dirty, filthy

muddle, e f confuse stupefy muddle, e confusion, disorder muddle-headed: confused musile, e t cover wrap, deaden. mulch: cover mulct, n fine, exaction mulet, v t fine, deprise, mulish: intractable mult: heat multifarious: directified multifarious: directified multifald: many, manyfold, multilateral: many-ended.

(less usual) proteiform, amorbiform, polymorphous or (less usual) polymorphic, metamorphotic, multiphase.

Antonyms: see Uniform.

multiplier, n. multiplicator (rare), facient (tech.); spec. coefficient.

multiply, v. t. increase (contextual); spec. decuple (tech.), decuplate (tech.), cube, double, centuplicate, tenfold, quadruple,

triplicate.

multitude, n. 1. Spec. crowd, throng, army, swarm, pack, flock, world, host, mob (chiefly disparaging), heap (colloq.). pile (obs. or inelegant), hive, legion, herd (derogatory), power (dial. or colloq.), plurality (rare), sight (colloq. or slang), ruck (derogatory), assembly, troop, cloud.

2. numerousness, multitudinousness. Cf.

MANY, a.

mumble, v. i. 1. mump, mutter.

2. See CHEW.

municipal, a. civil (contextual); spec.

city, town, village, etc.

murder, n. homicide (contextual); spec. massacre, butchery, thuggee, thuggism, lynching.

murder, v. t. 1. kill (contextual); spec. massacre, butcher, burke, bishop, morganize (U.S.), suppress, assassinate, thug, lynch.

2. See DESTROY, MANGLE.

murderer, n. killer (contextual), homicide (contextual); spec. cutthroat, gunman (collog. or cant), butcher, assassin, thug,

murmur, n. 1. Spec. babble, prattle, frumescence (rare), sough, souffie (med.), purl, hum, rustle, whisper.

2. See COMPLAINT, MUTTER.

murmur, v. i. 1. Spec. babble, bicker, brawl, hum, sough, curr (rare), prattle, purl, curmur (imitative; rare), rumor (rare), rustle, whisper.

2. See COMPLAINT, MUTTER.

murmuring, a. murmurous, murmurish; spec. babbling, brawling, babbly, purling, frumescent, rustling, whispering.

muscle, n. thew.

muscular, a. musculous (rare), torous (obs. or rare); spec. brawny, beefy (colloq.).

museum, n. repository (rare); pinæcotheca.

mushroom, n. fungus; spec. truffle, cham- | my, a. mine (archaic, exc. predicative).

pignon, chanterelle, flap, morel, whitecap, puffball, etc.

music, n. Spec. melody, harmony, descant (part music), chime, rondo.

musical, a. 1. Spec. harmonic (obs. or spec.), Orphean (fig.), singing, canorous (rare), philharmonic; see HARMONIOUS, MELODIOUS.

Antonyms: see UNMUSICAL.

2. See CLEAR.

musician, n. player, musicianer (now chiefly illiterate), harmonist (a literary term); spec. luter (hist.), bard (Lowland Scot.), minstrel, wait, gleeman (hist.), lyrist, lutanist, violinist, oboist, drummer, bugler, etc.

musket, n. Spec. culverin, caliver, matchlock, musketoon.

musketeer, n. Spec. mousquetaire (French).

mustache, n. mustachio (literary), whiskers (pl.; obs.)

mute, n. dummy (now considered a term of

reproach); spec. deaf-mute.

mutilate, v. t. 1. In the sense of disabling or destroying a member or organ: spec. maim, dismember, disarm, bemaim (intensive term), law, expeditate (rare), truncate, pinion, hamstring.

2. See Deface, mangle, pervert.

mutilation, n. 1. Spec. maining, mayhem (law), concision, dismemberment, demembration (chiefly Scots law), lawing, expeditation, truncation.

2. See DEFACEMENT.

mutter, v. i. & t. Spec. grumble, mumble,

mutter, n. mumblement (rare); spec. grumble, mumble, murmur. "Growl" and 'snarl'' differ from "mutter" in that they imply primarily a warning of displeasure or a threat.

mutual, a. common (now considered an incorrect usage), commutual (chiefly poetic; emphatic for "mutual"); spec. reciprocal; hence (contextually), interactive, interurban, international, interstate, intertribal, etc.

Antonyms: see INDIVIDUAL. muzzle, n. 1. Spec. muffle, mouth.

3. mouth (of a gun).

T智 Cross reserences: see Note. multiply, v. i.: increase. multitudinous: many. mum, v.: act. mum, a.: silent. mumble, v. t.: chew, speak. mummer: actor, buffoon. mummery: acting, pretense. mump: mumble. munch: chew. mundane: terrestrial, worldly. munificent: generous.

murderous: homicidal, fierce, deadly. mure: wall. murk: dark. murky: dark, cloudy. muse: consider, gaze. mushy: soft, emotional. musing: thoughtful, abstracted. muss, n.: confusion, disturbance, disorder. muss, v. t.: confuse, disturb, disarrange, dishevel. mussy: confused, dishereled. muster, v.: convene. muster, n.: assembly, list. musty: moldy. mutable: changeable. mutate: change. mute, a.: silent, dumb. mute, n.: dummy, silencer. mutinous: disobedient, insur-[surgence. mutiny, n.: disobedience, inmutiny, v. i.: disobey, insurrect. mysterious, a. hidden (contextual), enigmatic, enigmatical, sphinxlike.

mystic, n. Spec. cabalist, occultist, gnos tic, quietist, sufi, therapeutæ (pl.). mysticism, n. secrecy (contextual); specontologism, Orphism, quietism, cabala.

nedir, n. bottom; -no good synonyms. Antonyms: see ZENTTH.

1. ungula (tech.), unguis (tech.); spec. talon, claw.

. Spec. tack, hobnail, spike, spud, stub, sparable, sprig, brad, clout nail, counter-

naked, a. 1. bare, exposed, nude (a term less suggestive of impropriety or disadvan-tage than "naked"), stark-naked (an intensive), stark (obs. or rare for "stark-naked"), in cuerpo (used humorously in the predicate), garmentless (rare), unclad, un-clothed or ungarmented (chiefly euphemistic), unarrayed or unappareled (a dignified equiv. of "ungarmented"); spec. bare-backed.

Antonyms: see CLOTHED.

2. See EVIDENT, MERE, HELPLESS. name, n. 1. title (often spec.), term (precise or technical in sense, esp. in science), denomination (affected or obsolescent as used of individual names), designation (often spec.), appellation, denotation (now rare or obs., exc. spec.); spec. alias, appellation, appellative, epithet, firm, style, compellative (rare), compellation (rare), nickname, nomenclature (rare), cryptonym (rare), pseudonym, byname, to-name, caconym, sobriquet, prænomen, forename, nomen, cognomen, agnomen, surname, addition (obs., ezc. law), binomial, patronymic, protonym, toponym; see NOUN.

2. See REPUTATION, CELEBRITY. name, v. l. 1. call, term, style, denominate, entitle, title (rare), intitule (archaic, equiv. of "entitle"), nominate (rare), nomenclature (rare), nolepe (obe. or archaic); spec. dub (often humorous or contemptuous), cognomen (rare), cognominate (rare), christen (often general in colloquial use), count, epithet, epithetise (rare), surname, design (ar-chaic and chiefly law), nickname.

2. See MENTION, APPOINT.
named, a. called, hight (archaic), denominate, denominated, etc.

namely, a. videlicet, even (archaic or Biblical), solicet (law), to wit (more formal than "namely").

namesake, n. homonym (tech. or learned); spec. name child, name son, etc.

nap, n. pile (chiefly spec.); spec. shag, down, silk, wool, villi (pl.), villosity, fleece, cotton.

nape, n poll (rare or archaic), scruff or (dial. Eng.) scuff (chiefly used in "scuff" or "scuff of the neck"), nucha (lech).

napkin, n serviette (now a vulgar affectatron or becoming so); spec. doily.

nappy, a. rough (contextual), napped, pily (chiefly spec.); spec. shaggy, downy, villous, fleecy, cottony, woolly.

narcotic, a anæsthetic, anodyne, soporific, stupefacient, dope (slang or collog.); spec. bhang, hashish, hemp, ganja, opiate (nicotine, heroin, chloral, etc.), etc.

Antonyms: see STIMULANT. narrate, v. t. Spec. tell, retell, relate, rehearse, recite, recount, state, discourse (archaio), retail, report, record, delate (rare or bookish), chronicle, circumstantiate, repeat.

narration, n. 1. Spec. relation, rehearsal, recitation, repetition, statement, record. report, recital.

2. See narrative, account.

narrative, n. Referring to the thing narrated. spec. statement, account, narration, history, novel, story, yarn (collog.), fable, romance, tale, saga.

marrator, n. narrater (rare); spec. reciter, rehearser, recounter, chronicler, saver (orchaic), anecdotist, reconteur (French),

narrow, a. 1. confined, strait (now archaic or with Biblical reference), incapacious, limited; spec. constricted, cramp, tight, close, crammy (collog.), pinched, scanty, scant.

Antonyms: see VAST, WIDE, BOUNDLESS, SPACIOUS, ROOMY.

3. In reference to an escape: near, close, bare, hairbreadth.

3. illiberal, httle; spec prejudiced, fanatical, bigoted, hidebound (depreciatory), uncomprehensive, insular, provincial, parochial, untraveled, clannish, cliquish, etc. Antonyms see WIDE, GENERAL, INCLU-

BIVE, LIBERAL, COMPREHENSIVE. narrow, n. Referring to a narrow water-way spec. strait, tidegait, gut. The plural form "narrows" is common.

Cross references. see Note. myriad: countless. mystery: form, secret, secrecy, drama. mystery: ari, trade, associamystle: hidden

mystical: hidden mystify: perplex mythical: fictitions

nag, s. i. annoy

namby-pamby: affected nameless: obscure, anonymous, abominable nap: sleep napery: linen naphtha: petroleum narcotize: slupe/y

narrow, v. t. 1. straiten (rare, exc. archaic or literary); spec. constrict, contract, lessen.

Antonyms: see WIDEN.

2. See diminish.

nasality, n. twang.

natal, a. 1. birth;—the noun used attributively.

2. See NATIVE.

nation, n. people, nationality (fig.), folk; spec. tribe.

nationality, n. nationalism.

native, a. 1. See INNATE.

2. In reference to belonging by birth or origin: original; spec. autochthonous (learned), indigenous, natural, natal (chiefly poetic), aboriginal, live, innate, endemic or (less common) endemical, vernacular (now rare, exc. spec.), home-born, home-bred.

Antonyms: see foreign, false.

3. See DOMESTIC.

native, n. aborigine (an etymologically indefensible sing. of "aborigines," pl.; but fairly common in use), autochthon (literary or learned), indigene (rare); spec. creole, countryman, countrywoman.

Antonyms: see FOREIGNER.

natural, a. 1. normal, ordinary (context-ual), regular.

Antonyms: see SUPERNATURAL.

2. See INNATE, ILLEGITIMATE, NATIVE, ACCUSTOMED, PHYSICAL, UNREGENERATE.

8. In reference to what is in accordance with one's nature: spec. constitutional, inartificial, connatural (literary and emphatic), customary, physic (rare), easy, unlabored, artless, born, lifelike, unrestrained, unstudied.

Antonyms: see ARTIFICIAL, UNNATURAL, MONSTROUS, AFFECTED.

naturalize, v. t. 1. See ENFRANCHISE, DO-MESTICATE.

2. In reference to adapting a person or plant to a country or environment: spec. acclimate, acclimatize, creolize, domesticate, habituate.

nature, n. 1. In reference to that which is the source of life and being: kind (archaic; as in "Dame kind," "the law of kind").

2. See UNIVERSE.

3. character, constitution, quality, inbeing (rare), indoles (rare); spec. grain, kind, type, form, mold, inside, interior, disposition, structure, idiom, heart.

4. naturalness.

nascent: beginning.

nausea, a. 1. disgust (contextual), sickness (rare in this restricted sense); spec. qualm, seasickness, queasiness.

2. See DISGUST, ABHORRENCE, AVERSION. nauseate, v. i. sicken, rise (of the stomach), turn (of the stomach), spleen (rare).

nauseate, v. t. 1. sicken, turn (of the stomach), revolt (implying a revulsion of disgust); spec. drug.

2. See disgust.

nauseous, a. 1. offensive (contextual), qualmish or (rare) qualmy, queasy (rare), sickish, sickly (less emphatic than "sickish"), sickening; spec. mawkish, emetic, nasty.

2. See disgusting.

nautical, a. naval (chiefly spec.), nautic (poetic or rhetorical), tarrish (fig.; rare).

navigable, a. 1. sailable (rare).

Antonyms: see unnavigable.

2. In reference to balloons: see DIRIGIBLE. navigate, v. t. 1. sail, pernavigate (rare; an intensive); spec. cruise.

2. See steer, manage.

near, adv. 1. by, about, forby (archaic or Scot.), around (colloq., U. S.), fast (archaic or poetic, and now only in "fast by"), hard (archaic or poetic; now only in "hard by"), close (only in "close by"), nigh (archaic or dial.), nearhand (Scot.).

Antonyms: see far.

2. closely (stronger than "near").

near, prep. Spec. by, beside, about, around

(colloq., U.S.), on, at, along.

near, a. 1. Referring to space relations: spec. close (chiefly predicative), nigh, proximate (learned or tech.), warm (colloq.), nearby, neighboring, vicinal (a more learned equivalent of "neighboring"), propinquent (rare), adjacent, contiguous.

Antonyms: see distant.

2. Referring to time relations: spec. close (chiefly predicative), immediate, instant (an emphatic equiv. of "immediate"), impending, imminent.

Antonyms: see distant.

nearest, a. next, proximal, proximate, hithermost (rare).

Antonyms: see EXTREME.

nearly, adv. Spec. about, toward, nighly (rare), almost.

nearness, n. Spec. adjacency, closeness, nighness (archaic), neighborhood, appropinquity (rare), proximity (in more common use than "proximateness"), vicinity propinquity (literary).

Antonyms: see DISTANCE.

Cross references: see Note.

narrowing: constriction, contraction.

[mean.
narrow-minded: intolerant,
nasality: resonance.

nasty: dirty, filthy, foul, illtempered, dangerous. nativity: birth, horoscope. natty: smart. naturalize: enfranchise, adopt,

naught, n.: nothing, cipher.
naught, a.: worthless.
nauseating: disgusting.
nave: hub, body.
near, v. i.: approach.
nearing: approach.

domesticate, accustom, acclimate.

NEAR-SIGHTED

near-sighted, a. short-sighted, myopic needle, n. Spec. bodkin, blunt, sharp, be-(trch.).

Anionyms: see FAR-SIGHTED

necessarily, a. needs (used chiefly with

necessary, a. 1. indispensable, vital, needful, need (rare), requisite, essential, inevitable, behoveful or behooveful (ar-

Antonyma: see UNNECESSARY, ACCIDEN-TAL.

2. See CONSEQUENTIAL, AXIOMATIC, UN-AVOIDABLE.

necessary, n. indispensable, requisite, requirement, essential, necessity, needment (chiefly in pl; chiefly Eng. and spec.); apec. estovers.

Antonyms: see SUPERFLUITY.

mecessity, n. 1. indispensableness, requiaiteness, needfulness, need, inevitableness. Antonyms: see CHANCE.

 Referring to what compels or must becompulsion, must; see pate, patality. Antonyma. see CHANCE.

3. See NECESSARY, n.

neck, n. 1. cervix (tech.), jugulum (tech.), scrag (slang, exc. spec.), hals (Scot. and dial. Eng.), gullet (a loose, depreciatory term); spec. rach (dial.), nape, clod, ewe neck (fig). The adjective for "neck" is "jugular."

2. See CONSTRICTION, CHANNEL, ISTHMUS. neckcloth, n neckpiece; spec necker-chief, kercher (obs or dial), cravat, scarf, waterfall, overlay (rare), soubise, whisk, tie, gimp, stomacher, four-in-hand, choker (slang), etc.

necklace, n. gorget (rare); spec. chaplet, sultana, carcanet (archaic), rivière (French). necklace-shaped, a. monthform (learned

or tech.).

moody: poor

neck-shaped, a. trachelate (tech.). necrological, a. Spec obituary, necrology, n. Spec. obituary, nectar, n. In reference to plants: honey,

honeydew (literary and fig.).

need, n. 1. necessity; spec. occasion, commodity (archaic), convenience, turn, want, privation, use, exigency, distress, lack.

2. See POVERTY, NECESSITY need, v t. require, claim, demand, take; spec. crave (sometimes fig.), lack. tween, darner, straw.

needlework, n. stitchery (usually contemptuous), spec. embroidery, insertion, knot-

ne'er-do-well, n. good-for-nothing, losel (archaic).

negative, n 1. See DENIAL.

2. Of words expressing negation: spec. nay (archaic, exc. as used in deliberative bodies), no (the usual word expressing denial, dissent, or refusal), non placet (used in voting "no" in some assemblies).

neglectful, a. disregardful; spec. forgetful, derelict (U. S.), culpose; see CARE-LESS, INATTENTIVE.

Antonyms: see CAREFUL

negligence, n. disregard (contextual), remissness (contextual), slackness; laxity, looseness, laches, carelessness, omission, inattention.

Antonyms. see CARE.

negligent, a. remiss (contextual), neglec-tive (rare), slack; spec. laz, loose, harumscarum, aupine.

Antonyms. see CAREFUL, THOROUGH,

FASTIDIOUS.

negro, n. black, blacky (colloq.), nigger (colloq. and, exc. southern U. S., contemptuous), Sambo (a nickname), blackamoor (now only as a nickname), quashee (primarily a negro proper name; rare). coon (slang, U. S.), darky or darkey (collog.); spec. negress, negrillo, melanian, creole, Bantu, Pygmy, Hottentot, Bushman, Ethiope, Hindu, Congo, etc.

neigh, v. i. & n. cry (contextual), whinny, hinny (rare; used only as a verb), whinner (dial.), nicher (Scot.).

neighborhood, n 1. See NEARNESS. 2. region (contextual), vicinity (a Latin derivative, equiv. of "neighborhood"), vicin-age (more definite or technical than "neighborhood" in meaning); spec. precinct, environs (pl.), outskirts (pl.), venue, presence.

3. See COMMUNITY, DISTRICT. nerve, n. 1. chord or cord (now chiefly in "spinal chord" or "cord"); spec ganglion,

nervule, vagus.

2. See ETRENGTH, BOLDNESS, COURAGE, VEIN.

nerve, v. t. 1. literally innervate.

Coss references see Note. derly, compact, shapely, neb: beak, nose nebulous: cloudy necessitate: compel, cause. necromanosr: magician. needful: poor, necessary, needful: poor, necessary, neediness: poverty, needless: unnecessary, needlewoman: emer.

nefandous: abominable nefarious: wicked negation: denial, nonentity, negative, v i deny, contradict, disprove, neutralize, reject, neglect, n. disregard, neglinegligée: undress. negotiate, v i transfer, effect, accomplish, overcome, jump. negotiate, v i freat, bargain. negotiate, v 1 freat, b neighbor, a near neighbor, v t · border.

neighbor, v s . associate neighboring: near neighborly: friendly nemesis: justice neologism: innovation. neophyta: consert, nosice neotesic: recent nepotism: favoritism nervelsan: weak, apathete, nervous: forcible, excitable, apprehensive nervy: strong, bold, nescient: sgnorant. strong, bold, courageous, 2. Fig.: see EMBOLDEN, STRENGTHEN.

nest, n. 1. In reference to birds: spec. hammock, aerie (often fig.).

2. In reference to insects, small animals, etc.: nidus (tech.); spec. bike (Scot.), vespiary.

3. See LAIR, GROUP, RESORT.

nest, v. i. 1. nidify (learned or rare), nidificate (rare).

2. See LODGE.

nestling, n. bird (contextual), nestler (rare); spec. garlin (Scot.).

net, n. 1. toil (now usually in pl.); spec. drift, seine, flue or flew, fyke (U. S.), pound, pod, scringe, trammel, tuck, tunnel.

2. fabric (contextual), mesh, meshwork, network; spec. bobbinet, lace.

3. See NETWORK.

netlike, a. retiform (tech.), reticular (tech.), reticulary (rare), reticulose (rare).

netting, n. 1. net (contextual); spec. bobbinet, lace.

2. See NETWORK.

network, n. Referring to interlacing lines or filaments of any kind: net, netting, reticulation (tech.), reticulum (chiefly spec.), meshwork (rare), mesh (chiefly fig.); spec. cobweb, plexus or (less common) plexure, fret.

neural, a. nerve (the noun used attribu-

tively), nerval (rare).

neuter, n. 1. See NEUTRAL.

2. Referring to bees, etc.: worker, neutral (rare).

neutral, a. neuter (less usual than "neutral"); spec. indifferent, colorless (often fig.), inert.

neutralize, v. t. Spec. negative, drown, cancel, offset; see DEFEAT, COUNTERACT, DESTROY, OVERPOWER.

never, adv. ne'er (poetic), on, or at, the Greek calends (the Greeks had no dates called "calends").

Antonyms: see ALWAYS, SOMETIME, SOON, SOMETIMES.

new, a. unusual (contextual), novel; spec. recent, original, newfangled, brand-new, unheard-of, up-to-date (colloq.), fin-desiècle (French), modern.

Antonyms: see OLD, SHABBY, ANCIENT, OBSOLETE, IMITATED.

newcomer, n. comeling (archaic), newcome (rare); spec. arrival, tenderfoot (slang or colloq.), jackaroo (Australia), new chum (colloq., Australia), recruit.

newness, n. unusualness (contextual), novelty; spec. recency, originality, modernity.

Antonyms: see ANTIQUITY.

new-fashioned, a. new, newfangled (depreciative); spec. neologistis.

Antonyms: see OLD-FASHIONED.

news, n. information, intelligence, tidings (chiefly rhetorical or poetical); spec. gospel, gossip, report.

newspaper, n. paper, gazette (rare, exc. as a proper name or specif.), courant (now usually a proper name), courier (only as a

proper name).

nice, a. 1. See fastidious, particular, fine, difficult, dangerous, scrupulous, accurate, discriminative, elegant, exact, agreeable, minute, careful, sensitive, refined, palatable.

2. Referring to that which demands or requires great skill, acumen, or the like, in doing, handling, understanding, etc.: spec. delicate, subtle or (now rare) subtile, curious, fine, dainty, discriminating, discriminative.

Antonyms: see CRUDE, GROSS.

niceness, n. 1. As a general equiv.: nicety (a term more suggestive than "niceness" of what is specific and concrete).

2. Spec. fastidiousness, particularity, fineness, difficulty, scrupulousness, accuracy, discrimination, elegance, exactness, agreeableness, minuteness, carefulness, sensitiveness, refinement.

3. delicacy, subtlety or (now rare) subtiley, subtleness or (now rare) subtileness, curiousness, fineness, finesse, daintiness.

Antonyms: crudity (cf. CRUDE), grossness (cf. GROSS).

nicety, n. 1. See NICENESS.

2. In the sense of a thing that is nice: spec. subtlety or (now rare) subtlety, refinement, distinction, elegance, delicacy, accuracy, discrimination, etc.

Antonyms: see CRUDITY.

niche, n. recess; spec. tabernacle, fenestella, kiblah.

nickname, n. name (contextual); spec. by-

word, hypocorism (rare).

niggard, n. curmudgeon (esp. with "old"; contemptuous), skinflint (contemptuous), churl, carl (Scot.), nipper (rare), pincher (colloq.), hunks (colloq.; contemptuous), money-grub (slang), pinchpenny (obs. or dial.); spec. miser.

Tooss references: see Note.

nestle, v. i.: u.s., lodge, enuggle.

nestle, v. t.: lodge.

nestling: bird.
nestor: old man, counselor.

net, a.: clear.

net, v. t.: clear, gain.

net, v. i.: catch.

nether: lower.

nettle, v. t.: irritate.
neuter, a.: neutral, asexual,

barren.

newfangled: modern, new. next, a.: nearest, immediate.

next, adv.: immediately.

nib: beak, point. nibble: bits. nick, n.: notch, c

nick, n.: notch, cut, break. nickname, v. t.: name. nicce: relative, bastard.

niggardly: etingy.
nigh, adv.: about.
nigh, prep. & a.: near.

Antonyms: see Spendthrift, Waster. night, n. 1. nighttime, nighttide (poetic or archaic).

Antonyma see DAY.

3. See darkness, sunset.

nightelethes, n pl. night gear (archaie), nightdress (chiefly spec.); spec. night-gown, nighty (a nursery or familiar term), night robe (dignified for "nightgown"), nightshirt, bedgown (rare).

nightingale, n. Philomel or Philomela (poetic), nightbird (contextual); spec. bul-

nightly, a. i. nocturnal (more learned or technical than "nightly"), night (the noun used attributively).

2. See DARK

mightmare, n. 1. See HORROR.

3. dream, incubus (more learned than "nightmare"), ephialtes (rare), night hag (rare).

night piece. night scene, nocturne (tech

or learned).

nimble, a. 1. active (contextual), lively, agile (often spec.), light; spec. lightsome, quick, ready, tripping, light-heeled, light-foot, light-footed, light-limbed, alert. Antonyms: see BLUGGIBH.

3. Referring to the mind: see READY. nine, a novenary (rare); spec. ninefold,

nine, n. As naming a group of nine: nov-enary (rare), nonary (rare), ennead (usually spec).

nine-faced, a. enneahedral (tech.).

nipper, n. 1. claw.

2. Chiefly in pl.: spec. pliers (pl.), pincers (pl.), pinchers (pl.), forceps (pl.), tenaculum.

nipple, n. 1. mamilla (tech.), teat (now referring to the nipple of a quadruped, exc. dialectally or contemptuously of the nipple of a woman), tit (now chiefly dial. or vulgar), dug (now only in reference to animals; exc. contemptuously in reference to women), pap (chiefly literary and somewhat ar-chaic), papilla (rare).

3. See PROTUBERANCE

nipple-shaped, a. mamilliform (tech.); spec. papilliform.

nobility, n. 1. See DIGNITY, GENEROSITY, GRANDEUR.

3. aristocracy, gentility (now chiefly de-preciatory), noblesse (French), classes (pl.), patriciate, peerdom, peerage; spec. baronage, dukedom, earldom.

Antonyms: plebeianism (cf. PLEBEIAN), lowliness (cf. LOWLY); see PEOPLE.

2. Referring to the quality or state: nobleness, noblesse (French), peerage, peer-dom (rore), gentulity (now chiefly depreciatory), spec. lordliness, kingliness, etc.

Antonyma: baseness (cf. BASE), meanness (cf. MEAN).

noble, a. 1. See DIGNIFIED, ELEVATED, GENEROUS, GRAND.

2. aristocratic, gentle (now used as including the well-born who are not of noble rank), genteel (an equip. of "gentle" and now ar-chaic, exc. as broadly applied sarcastically to people of quality in general), nobiliary (rare), generous (now rare), gentilitial (rare); spec. patrician, lordly, lordlike (rare); spec. patrician, lordly, lordlike (rare), kingly, princely, regal, royal, cidevant (French; literary).

Antonyms: see Vulgar, Babe, Plebrian,

LOWLY, MEAN

noble, n. well-born, aristocrat, nobleman, patrician (orig. spec. only), noblewoman (fem.), peer or (fem.) peeress (spec. in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland), illustrissimo (Italian); spec. duke, marquis, earl, viscount, baron or (fem.) baroness, baronet, count or (fem.) countess, Junker, Hersog, thane, daimio, wildgrave, starost, douzepers (pl.; obs. or hist.), fidalgo, hidalgo, nawab, atheling.

Antonyms; see PLEBEIAN.
nobody, n. 1. no man (a more definite term), nix (slang), none (often used as sing., also as a plural).

Antonyms: see SOMEONE.

2. nonentity, cipher (fig.), lay figure, nought (an equiv. of "ripher"), nothing, insignificant (rare), obscurity (rare). Antonyms: see Personage, Magnate.

necturnal, a. nightly; spec. (of birds, in-sects, etc.) solifugous (tech.).

Antonyms see DAILY.

noise, n. sound (contextual); spec. report, clamor, din, clash, clatter, rattle, crash, hubbub, garboil (an archaic equiv. of "hubbub"), pandemonium, clutter (chiefly archaic or dial.), coil (archaic or dial.), racket, hullabaloo, hubbuboo (rare), clam, bruit (archaic), gabblement, clack, caterwauling, chirm, brawling, grating, hum, jingle; see OUTCRY.

Antonyms: see CALM, SILENCE. noisy, a. sounding (contextual), loud, noiseful (rare); spec dinsome (Scot.), fremescent (rare), pandemoniacal, rackety; see CLAMOROUS, UPROARIOUS, BOIS-

TEROUS.

Anionyms: see BILENT.

no-license, a dry (colloq. or political slang).

Cross references see Note. nimbus: glory, cloud. nimcompoop: blockhead, sim-pleton, clown

nip, v. d. n. drink nip, v. t.: squeeze, clip, bits, blight nip, n. squeeze, clip, bite. nix: fairy, goblin

nobleness: dignity, nobility, noise, v t. advertise, report noiseless: silent noiseme: harmful, foul, illamelling.

nominal, a. name (the noun used attributively), titular; spec. cognominal

nominate, v. t. 1. See APPOINT.

2. propose, name (a less formal term), propound (now U. S. and eccl.); spec. present, postulate.

nominee, n. Spec. appointee, postulate,

presentee.

none, pron. not any, not one.

Antonyms: see ALL.

nonentity, n. 1. See NONEXISTENCE, NO-BODY.

2. negation, nothing, nonexistence, non-existent (rare).

nonexistence, n. nonentity, non-being (rare), no-being (rare), inexistence (rare), nothingness, not-being (rare), nihility (rare), nihilism (chiefly spec.), nullity (chiefly spec.), non esse (a philosophical term).

Antonyms: see BEING.

nonexistent, a. inexistent (rare), null (chiefly spec.), minus (colloq.); spec. (predicatively, as used of fire, etc.) out.

Antonyms: see Existent, Being.

nonexplosive, a. inexplosive (rare), inert. nonplus, v. t. stop (contextual), confound, get (slang), gravel, pose, floor, beat (colloq.), ground (obs. or rare); see PERPLEX.

Antonyms: see Enlighten.

refined term for "drivel"), twaddle, balder-dash, trumpery, rubbish, claptrap (slang or colloq.), froth, trash (an equiv. of "rubbish," but a weaker term), flimflam (slang), fee-faw-fum, flummery, bosh (contemptuous), fudge (a less emphatic equiv. of "bosh"), stuff (contemptuous), fooling, linsey woolsey (fig.), havers (pl.; Scot.), shenanigan (slang), rigmarole, riddlemaree, gammon (colloq. or slang), rot (vulgar slang, or very contemptuous), brimborion (French), flapdoodle (colloq.; contemptuous), stultiloquy (rare).

nonsense! bosh! (slang or colloq.), tolly-vally! (obs. or rare), fudge! (colloq.), tut!, tush!, fiddlededee!, fiddlesticks!, rubbish!,

etc.

nonsensical, a. meaningless; see ABSURD. nonsensicalness, n. nonsense, no-meaning (rare); spec. absurdity.

nonvocal, a. silent, mute, surd, voiceless.

nook, n. Spec. nooklet, byplace; see An-GLE, INLET.

noon, n. 1. midday, noonday (rather more definite and formal than "noon"), noon-tide (literary), midnoon (literary; strictly considered, pleonastic).

Antonyms: see MIDNIGHT.

2. See HEIGHT.

noon, a. midday, noonday, meridional (rare), meridian (rare).

noose, n. Spec. bewet or bewit, hitch. normal, a. 1. ordinary, natural; see AVER-AGE.

Antonyms: see Abnormal, monstrous, preternatural.

2. See PERPENDICULAR.

north, n. 1. septentrion (literary), northward or (rare) norward.

Antonyms: see South.

2. northland or (rare) norland.

northern, a. north (less narrow in meaning than "northern"), northerly (less definite than "northern"), septentrional (literary), boreal or (rare) borean (now chiefly used in bot. and zoöl.), high, northernly (rare); spec. northward or (rare) norward, northwardly (less definite than "northward"), hyperborean (learned or literary), arctic, polar.

Antonyms: see Southern.

northman, n. hyperborean (learned or tech.); spec. Norwegian, Norse, Norsk, Norseman.

northward, adv. norward (rare), north or (less definite) northerly; spec. northwardly, poleward, polewards, up (chiefly in "up north").

north wind. wind (contextual), norther, north (chiefly poetic), Boreas (poetic).

nose, n. 1. snout (as referring to man, contemptuous), nese (Scot.), smeller (slang), proboscis (humorous or spec.; suggesting esp. a long nose), beak (fig.; humorous), neb (rare or Scot.).

2. See SMELL.

nostril, n. nosehole (chiefly dial.), tunnel (rare), nare (archaic, exc. as a hawk), nares (Latin, pl.; anat.), breather (slang); spec. blowhole, spiracle (tech.).

nosy, a. snouty (vulgar).

notable, a. noticeable, remarkable; spec. noteworthy, prominent, observable; see CONSPICUOUS.

realism: nonce, no: use.

nome, n.: wanderer.

nomedic, nomed, a.: wandering.

nomenclature: name, list, terminology.

nominalism: realism.

nonceptance: declination.

nonce, n.: use.

nonce, a.: occasional.

nonchalant: careless, indiferent.

noncommittal: careful.
noncompliant: disobedient.
noncompliant: disobedient.
noncomformist: dissenter,
schismatic.
nondescript: indefinite.
nonemployment: disuse, idleness.
nonessential: accidental.
nonessential: accidental.
nonessuch: paragon.
nonhuman: unhuman.
nonjuring: dissentient, schismatic.

nonparell, a.: unequaled.
nonparell, n.: paragon.
nonplus, n.: stop, predicament.
nonresistant: passise, yielding.
noose, v. t.: loop, catch.
norm: standard, pattern.
normal, n.: average.
nosegay: bouquet.
nostrum: remedy.
notable: celebrity.

notary, n. scrivener (obsolescent), greffler (Eng.; chiefly spec.); spec. prothonotary or protonotary.

notation, n. symbolology; spec. chorog-

raphy (rare), graphology. notch, n. 1. indentation (contextual); spec. nick, crena, gap, nock, dent, gain, score, cut. Antonyms: see PROJECTION, TOOTH.

3. Sec PASS.

notch, p. t. Spec. crenate (rare), mill,

score, nock, nick.

notched, a. dentate: spec. nicked, crenulate, gapped, emarginate (rare or tech.), crenate, scalloped.

note, n. 1. In music: spec semibreve, minim, crotchet, quaver, semiquaver, demisemiquaver, hemidemisemiquaver, pedal,

2. sound (contextual); spec. strain, toot, pipe, peek, mote or moot (archave); see

CALL, TONE.

note, n. 1. Spec. jotting; see MEMORAN-DUM, ANNOTATION, ABSTRACT.

2. See SIGN, LETTER, DISTINCTION, FAME. note, v. t. 1. See NOTICE, MENTION.

2. Spec record, jot, dot (less usual equiv. of "jot").

notebook, n. Spec. sketchbook.

nothing, n 1. As implying the absence of anything whatever: nought (literary), naught (archave), nil (used predicatively), nix (slang), zero.

Antonyms: see THING, MUCH.

2. See NONENTITY, NOBODY, CIPHER.

nothingness, n. nullity.

notice, v. t. 1. perceive, animadvert (rare), observe (more formal than "notice"), mark (now poetic or rare as a mere synonym of "notice"), remark, heed, regard, reck (a literary equiv. of "heed"), note (more emphatic than "notice"), hear (fig. or spec.), see (fig or spec.), feel (fig. or spec.), mind. Antonyms: see IGNORE, MISS.

2. Referring to treatment of a person: recognize, acknowledge, see; spec. patronize.

3. See MENTION, ADVERTIZE.

notice, n. 1. perception, cognizance (tech. or learned), observation, remark (rors), mark (rare), note, animadversion (rare), advertence (rare); spec. heed, regard, mght, hearing, feeling, touch.

3. See information, mention, attention, CARE, ANNOUNCEMENT, ADVERTIZEMENT. 2. Referring to the thing embodying an act of information or notification: advertisement (chiefly spec.), notification (chiefly spec.); spec. sign, placard, program, playbill, poster, warning, advice, announcement.

noticeable, a. perceivable, perceptible, observable, striking, etc.; see notable, CONSPICUOUS.

Antonyms. see UNNOTICEABLE.
notoriety, n. 1. notoriousness, proverbialness, esclandre (French).

Antonyms' see obscurity; cf. unknown.

2. See FLAGRANCY.

notwithstanding, prep despite.

noun, n. term (contextual), name (chiefly spec), substantive.

nourish, v. t. 1. nurture (more literary than "nourish"), nutrify (rare); spec. conourish, feed.

Antonyms' see STARVE.

2. Sec FOSTER.

nourishing, a. nutritious, nutrient (a more learned or tech. equiv. for "nourishing" and "nutritious"), nutritive; spec. eutrophic (rare), foodful (rare and chiefly poetic), substantial, sustentative (rare), hearty, polytrophic (very nourishing; rare). Antonyms: see invutritious.

novice, n. 1. In the religious sense: spec. probationer, neophyte, novitiate, initiate,

chela (Anglo-Indian).

2. In the general sense: beginner, tyro; spec. neophyte (learned or literary), tiate, debutant (French; masc), debutante (French; fem.), entrant, greenhorn, greeny (slang or collog), greenhead (obs.), greener (slang), gosling (collog), freshman, kid (sporting or criminal cant), puny (Eng.), youngling, colt (collog. or slang), newcomer, apprentice.

Antonyms see EXPERT.
now, adv. 1. In the present time: spec. here, presently (obs., Scot., or dial.), yet, to-day. Antonyms: see BEFORE, HEREAFTER, AFTERWARDS

2. See IMMEDIATELY.

noway, adv. noways (the usual form), nowise (more formal, or flavoring of archaism) nohow (dial.)

nowhere, adv. nowhither (nowhere in direction).

Antonyms: see somewhere, Event-WHERE.

nowhere, n. dreamland (fig.).

nullify, v t. Spec abolish, negative (rare), negate, null (rare), irritate (Roman and

Cross references: see Note. noted: distinguished, famous. noteworthy: notable, consider-

notity: inform, announce, warn. notion: idea, caprice, opinion, notorious: well-known.conspic-

uous, flagrant [though notwithstanding, com : al-nought: cipher, nothing. novel: new nozious: harmful, catching, deadly. nousle: spoul. nuclous: center.

nude: naked, bare nudge: push nugatory: invalid, trivial, nugget: lump. nuisance: annoyance null: invalid, brifting, nonexnullity: invalidity, nothingness. Civil law), cancel; see INVALIDATE, ANNIHILATE, DESTROY, COUNTERACT. Neither "neutralize" nor "defeat" is a close synonym of "nullify."

Antonyms: see CREATE.

numb, a. 1. insensible (contextual), benumbed, deadened; spec. asleep, dull.

Antonyms: see SENSITIVE.

2. See DULL, a.

numb, v. t. 1. benumb, deaden; spec. dull.
Antonyms: see STIMULATE, ROUSE.

2. See DULL.

number, n. 1. Spec. total, aggregate, sum, fraction, mass, tally, tale, quota, quotum (rare), enumeration, integer, indiction, radix, prime, folio, census, figurate.

2. See FIGURE, VERSE.

number, v. t. 1. See COMPUTE, CLASS.

2. mark (contextual); spec. paginate, page, foliate.

numberless, a. innumerous (archaic); spec. innumerable, countless.

Antonyms: see FEW.

numbness, n. 1. insensibility, sleep, deadness; spec. dullness.

2. See DULLNESS.

numeral, a. numerical; spec. numerary. nun, n. ecclesiastic (contextual), sister, religieuse (French), vowess (rare), sanctimonial (rare); spec. conventual, cloisterer, discalceate, Clare, Gilbertine, etc.

nurse, n. attendant (contextual), nutrice (rare), mammy (a child's name of affection; often spec. in southern U. S.); spec. fosterer (rare), foster (archaic), fostress (fem.), rocker (archaic), dry nurse, wet nurse, Gamp (fig.), parabolanus (rare), sister, nursemaid, bonne (French).

nursery, n. 1. brattery (contemptuous); spec. crèche (French).

2. See GARDEN.

nut, n. Spec. nutlet, mast (a collective sing.), kernel.

nutrition, n. 1. Referring to the act: nourishment (less formal than "nutrition"), nouriture (rare), nurture (rare); spec. alimentation, eutrophy (tech. or rare), dystrophy (tech.).

Antonyms: see Famishment.

2. See FOOD.

nuzzle, v. t. & i. nose (implying merely action with the nose, while "nuzzle" suggests a gentle, often repeated action); see NESTLE.

nymph, n. nymphid (rare); spec. nymphlet, dryad, oread, oceaned, naiad, mænad, hamadryad, hydriad (rare), nepheliad (a modern formation), nais (the Greek form for "naid"; pl. "naides"), ephydriad (rare), lemniad (an erroneous modern formation), poliad (a modern nonce word), Daphne, Clytie, Calypso, Callisto, Hesperides (pl.), Hyades (pl.), Echo, houri, nixie.

nymphal, a. nymphish, nymphean, nymphic, nymphical or nymphine (rare).

0

oar, n. Spec. scull, paddle, sweep.

oarsman, n. oar (a term smacking a little of cant), rower, bencher (rare); spec. bowman, stroke.

oaten, a. avenaceous (tech.); spec. oaty. oath, n. 1. See invocation, promise.

2. expletive, swear (colloq.; rare); spec. curse (the term most suggestive of vulgar profanity), imprecation, cuss (U. S.; slang or colloq.), rapper (chiefly dial.); also (obs.) 'swounds, zounds, zooks, 'sblood, etc.

obedience, n. biddableness (rare), obediency (rare), submission, submissiveness (referring to the quality only), compliance, compliancy (rare); spec. complaisance, fulfillment (rare), subservience, obsequiousness (rare), dutifulness, duteousness, obeisance, piety (archaic), morigeration (rare), buxomness (archaic).

Antonyms: see disobedience.

obedient, a. biddable (archaic or literary), commandable (chiefly spec.), submissive, compliant; spec. complaisant, subservient, dutiful, duteous (an equiv. of "dutiful," but less suggestive of the feeling, more of the outward act), obeisant, obsequious (rare as meaning "actually obedient"), pious (archaic equiv. of "duteous"), morigerous (rare), morigerate (rare), buxom (archaic); see COMPLAISANT.

Antonyms: see DISOBEDIENT, OBSTINATE, DEFIANT, DICTATORIAL, UNDUTIFUL. obelisk, n. column (contextual), guglio (Italian), needle (a popular name).

obey, v. t. hear (obs. or rare), mind, obtemperate (rare); spec. follow, fulfill. "Heed" often verges upon the sense of "obey," be-

Cross references: see Note.
numb: deaden, dull.
numbering: computation.
numbskull: blockhead.
numerable: computable.
numeral: figure.
numerate: compute.
numerical: numeral.
numerous: many.
numerousness: multitude.
nuncio: diplomatic agent.

nunery: convent.
nuptial: matrimonial.
nuptial: marriage.
nurse, v. t.: suckle, foster,
cherish, entertain, manage, embrace.
nursemaid: nurse.
nurture: nutrition, food.
nutate: droop, vibrate.
nutrient: nourishing.

nutritious: nourishing, alimentary.

oarlock: rowlock.
obdurate: wicked, obstinate,
unfeeling, unyielding.
obelsance: deference, obedience,
bow.
obelsant: deferential, obedient,
obese: fat.

nutriment: nutrition, food.

cause one who heeds a command naturally obeys it.

Antonyms: see disobey, defy. obey, v. i. comply, conform, yield. Antonyms' see DIBOBEY, REFUSE.

obliuary, n. 1. obit (rare).

See NECROLOGY.

object, n. 1. In reference to what is, or may be, perceived by the physical senses: thing; spec. individuality (rare), individual, percept, something, particular.

2. The thing to the achievement of which efforts, intentions, or feelings are directed-aim, intention, intent (obs, exc. in "to all intents and purposes"), purpose, butt (literary), end, mark (an equiv. of "aim"); spec. study, view, thought, effort, objective, destination, goal, errand, quarry.

object, v. i. Spec demur, except, boggle, challenge, kick (colloq.), spurn, repugn (rare), reluct (rare), protest, remonstrate

Antonyms: see AGREE.

objection, n. 1. Referring to the act: spec. demur, exception, boggle, challenge, kick (colloq.), objectation (rare), drawback, protest, protestation, remonstrance.

Antonyma: see AGREEMENT.

2. Referring to the thing offered by way of objecting: spec. exception, kick (collog), boggle (rare), demurrer, dislike, difficulty,

objectionable, a. objectable (rare); spec harmful, exceptionable, censurable, culpable, horrid (a weak colloquialism)

objective, a. external, subjective (the use of medieval philosophy); see MATERIAL. Antonyms: see BUBJECTIVE

obligation, n. 1. Referring to the act of obligating: see BINDING, COMPULSION.

2. Referring to orally or mentally constraining force: spec. bond, tie, sanction, obstriction (rare), incumbency (rare); see DUTY. Antonyms: see PRIVILEGE.

3. Referring to something to be done or forborne: spec. burden, debt, liability; see

DUTY.

4. Referring to the state of being obligated. epec. indebtedness, indebtedment (rare). 6. Referring to that by which obligation is created: spec. agreement, bond, chirograph, contract, mortgage, hypothecation, pledge, etc.

oblige, v. t. 1. Sec BIND, COMPEL.

2. Spec accommodate, convenience, favor, gratify, please.

obliging, a. Spec. kind, considerate, accommodating, clever (collog.), serviceable (rare); see complaisant.

Antonyms: see obstinate.

obliquely, adv. sideways, sideway, sidelong, askance, askant, slantwise, slant; see inclined.

Antonyms. see VERTICALLY.

oblong, a. elongate.

obscuration, n. 1. See DARKENING, HIDING. 2. Spec. camouflage, clouding, shrouding, disguising, obscurement (rare), shading (rare), obnubilation (rare), obfuscation (rare), glossing, etc.

obscure, a. 1. See DARK, HIDDEN, QUES-TIONABLE, PERPLEXING, INDISTINCT, IN-

DEFINITE, DULL.

2. Referring to persons having no fame nor notoriety spec. humble, unknown, nameless, unsung (luterary), inglorious (now rare), recondite (rare), inconspicuous, undistinguished, uncelebrated, unnoticed, fameless, etc. See LOWLY.

Antonyms see DISTINGUISHED, PAMOUS.

CONSPICUOUS.

obscure, v. t. 1. See DARKEN, HIDE.

2. Referring to a making vague to the understanding or unintelligible: spec. cloud, shroud, disguise, shade (rare), gloss, becloud (intensive for "cloud"), befog (intensive), bemist (intensive), obfuscate (rare), nubilate or obnubilate (rare; equiv. of "cloud").

Antonyma: 806 EXPLAIN, INDICATE.

obscurity, n. Spec. humbleness, name-lessness. Cf. obscure, a.

Antonyms: see FAME.

obsequious, a. servile; spec. abject, cringing, fawning, compliant, truckling, syco-phantic, sycophantish (rore), pickthank (archaic), parasitic (rare; equiv. of "syco-phantic"), supple, subservient.

Antonyms: see ARROGANT, IMPUDENT, BELF-IMPORTANT, BELF-BATISFIED, BELF-

ASSERTIVE, DOMINEERING.

observance, n. 1. See ATTENTION, CERE-MONY, FORM.

2. observation (rare), holding, keeping; spec. celebration, solemnisation, sanctification.

Antonyms: see disregard.

observe, r. t. 1. See NOTICE, COMMENT.

3. hold, keep, respect (contextual); spec. follow, celebrate, solemnize, sanctify, hallow, solemn (rare).

to Cross references see Note obituary: nocrological, objurgations censura oblate: failened, objections gyl. obligates trade obligated: bound, obligatory: binding, compulsory,

obliged: bound, compelled. oblique: inclined, indirect, unobliquity: inclination, error, fault

ubliterate: efface, cancel, annihilate delete [ful. oblivioue: duregardful, forgetobloquy: abuse, discredit.
obnoxious: liable, affensus.
obsopue: indecent,
obsequies: bursal
observable: noticable,
observant: altenties
observation: notice, comment.
observatory: lookant

Antonyms: see DISREGARD, VIOLATE.

obsess, v. t. beset (contextual), besiege (contextual); spec. haunt.

obsolescence, n. disappearance (context-

ual), dying, waning.

obsolescent, a. disappearing (contextual),

dying, waning.

obsolete, a. disused; spec. discarded, exploded, demoted (rare or affected), passé (French), outworn, out-of-date, ancient, dead, extinct, past.

Antonyms: see CUSTOMARY, RECENT, NEW. obstacle, n. obstruction, prevention (chiefly fig.); spec. barrage, impediment, snag, ne plus ultra (Latin; learned), rub, block, difficulty, apex (rare), stumbling-block, baffle.

obstetrics, n. midwifery (a popular term),

tocology (rare).

obstinacy, n. obstinateness (esp. of the quality), obstinance or obstinancy (rare); spec. intractability, perversity, stubbornness, obduracy, obdurateness, obduration (rare), unyieldingness, contumacy, contumaciousness, setness, willfulness, self-will, doggedness, cantankerousness, asininity, mulishness, headstrongness, headiness, bullishness, dourness (Scot.), sturdiness, protervity (rare), induration (rare), pervicacity (rare), hard-heartedness, unfeelingness, cussedness (colloq.), etc.

tory, stubborn, obdurate, unyielding, contumacious, set, willful, self-willed, dogged, stiff-necked, cantankerous (colloq.), asinine, mulish, hardened, headstrong or (colloq.) heady, bullish, pig-headed (colloq.), dour (Scot.), sturdy (archaic), persistent, pervicacious (rare), indurate (rare), hard-hearted, camelish, unfeeling,

cussed (colloq.), etc.

Antonyms: see COMPLAISANT, OBEDIENT,

OBLIGING, MANAGEABLE.

obstruct, v. t. Spec. block, stop, choke, clog, glut, jam, shut, occlude (chiefly tech. or learned), hedge, dam, foul, barricade, blockade, engorge, obturate, overgrow, silt, oppilate (learned), gob (cant), scotch, encumber or cumber.

Antonyms: see OPEN.

2. See HINDER.

obtrude: intrude.

obtrusion: intrusion.

obstruction, n. 1. Referring to the act: spec. blocking, choking, clogging, glutting, jamming, shutting, occlusion (chiefly tech.),

blockade, engorgement, obturation, encumbrance, encumberment, embolism, etc.

2. See HINDRANCE, OBSTACLE.

obtainable, a. gettable (inelegant), procurable.

occasional, a. 1. Of what belongs only to the occasion: spec. extemporary, extemporaneous, ephemeral, accidental, nonce.

Antonyms: see customary, habitual.

3. See Infrequent.

"occupant, n. occupier (less formal than "occupant"); spec. tenant, roomer, lodger (archaic), inmate, transient, interne, terretenant.

occupation, n. 1. occupancy; spec. holding, tenancy, tenure, habitation, inhabitation.

2. employment, engagement, employ (chiefly in the phrases "in employ" and "out of employ"), conversation (rare or literary), work, engagement.

3. See Business.

occupied, a. employed, busy (now spec.).

Antonyms: see INDOLENT.

occupy, v. t. 1. Spec. hold, keep, fill, beset, garrison, inhabit, tenant, take (as a building, a city, etc.).

2. Spec. busy, engage (now chiefly in the passive), exercise, employ, beset, interest,

absorb.

Antonyms: see VACATE, EVACUATE.

occur, v. i. 1. be; spec. fall (chiefly with "in" or "upon"; archaically used alone or with "out"), befall (archaic as used alone or with "to," "unto," or "upon"; usually with an indirect object), betide (now only in 3d person), arise or (less usually) rise; spec. come, pass, worth (archaic), intervene, transpire (an erroneous use), supervene, eventuate; see happen.

2. See BE.

occurrence, n. 1. Referring to the action of taking place: spec. happening, coming, falling, fall (rare), chancing, arising, rise, passing, intervention, transpiration (an erroneous use), intercurrence (rare), supervention, event (now used chiefly in "in the event of").

2. Referring to what takes place: spec. happening, instance, chance, event, occasion, contingency, circumstance, incident, fact, phenomenon, prodigy, thing (contextual), eventuality, scene, episode, landmark.

memorabilia (pl.).

cobstructive, a.: obstructive, hindering.
obstructive, n.: obstructive, hindering.
obstructive, n.: obstacle, hindrance.
obtain: gain, get.
obtainment: getting.

obtund: dull.
obtuse: stupid.
obverse, a.: opposite.
obverse, n.: face, counterpart.
obviate: overcome.
obviation: overcoming.
obvious: evident, intelligible.

occasion: cause, induce.

occiput: head.
occlude: close, obstruct, absorb.

occlusion: closure, obstruction, absorption.
occult, v. t.: hide.
occultation: hiding.
occupancy: occupation.
occupancy: sea.
occupancy: marine.
octave: eighth, eight.
octuple: eightfold.
ocular: visual.

odd, a. L. Spec. unmatched, unmated, peerless, etc.

. See EXTRA.

. unusual (contextual), peculiar, funny (colloq.), strange, bizarre, singular, eccentric, erratic; spec. cranky, outré (French), quaint, outlandish, oddish, queer; see FANTASTIC.

Antonyms: see usual, customary, com-

MONPLACE.

oddity, n. 1. peculiarity, oddness, bizar-rene (French), singularity, singularness, eccentricity, errationess; spec crankiness, quaintness, queerness, outlandishness.

2. Referring to what is oda: quality, fan-tastic, crank, queerity (rare), oddness (rare), gig (Eng; chiefly Eton slang). Antonyms: see COMMONPLACE.

oddments, n. pl. odds and ends, manavilins (slang); spec. remnants, scraps, litter (sing.).

ode, n. poem (contextual); spec. monody, genethliacon (rare), triumph, pro-ode,

odelet (collog), epicedium, epinicion, parode, palinode (rare), Olympionic (rare).

odorous, a. odoriferous (usually spec; often humarous), odorant (rare), odorate (rare); spec. redolent (chiefly used with "of" or "with"), opulent (rare), enodic (rare), rich, savory, smelly (colloq.), stinking, stenchy (rare), putrid, mephitic, olent (rare), odoriferant, aromatic. Cf. SMELL.

Antonyms: see INODOROUS.

cestrus, n. 1. See FRENZY.

2. Referring to sexual appetite: heat, rut, rage, passion.

offal, n. 1. Refuse parts in dressing an animal: garbage (now literary), cagmag (dial.); spec. slumgullion (U. S.).

2. See REFUSE, DREGS.

offend, v. t. displease; spec. affront, spite, pique, hurt, huff (chiefly in the passive; colloq), grate, mislike (literary), miff (colloq.).

Antonyms: see PLEASE.

offense, offence, n. 1. See TRANSGRES-BION, ATTACK

2. Referring to the act of giving offense to a person: offending, displeasing, affront,

affronting, etc.

2. Referring to the state or feeling of one offended: displeasure; spec. pique, hurt, huff (colloq.), miff (colloq.), umbrage, snuff (archaic), displicence (rare), displacency (rare).

Antonyms: see PLEASURE. offensive, a. 1. See AGGRESSIVE.

2. unpleasant, displeasing, ungracious, disagreeable; spec rank (now chiefly spec.), obnoxious (chiefly literary or learned), repugnant, objectionale, illfavored, mephitic, horrid (collog., exc. in the now rare or literary sense of "revolting" or "abominable"), distasteful, unsavor); see ILL-SMELLING, HATEFUL, REPELLANT, NAUSEOUS.

Antonyms: see AGREEABLE, PLEASANT, UNOBJECTIONABLE, INOFFENSIVE.

offer, v t 1. See Sacrifice, Propose.

2. Spec. tender, present, proffer (chiefly a literary equiv. of "offer'; more commonly in p. p), prefer (archaic., bid, submit, advance, volunteer, market, cheap (obs.).

Antonyms: see refuse, demand. offer, n. 1. See TENDER, SACRIFICE, PRO-

POSAL, ENDEAVOR.

2. Spec presentation presentment (rare), proffer (chiefly literary), bid, submission, advance, overture, eirenicon (rure), ultimatum, motion.

Antonyms see DEMAND.

office, n. 1. See SERVICE, POSITION, FORM, CEREMONY.

2. Spec. duty, business, function, part. 3. place (contextual); spec. headquarters, bureau, branch, countinghouse obsolescent), department, legation, room, suite, officeholder, n. placeman (chiefly deroga-

office-monger, n. barrator, simoniac

(eccl.), simonist (eccl.).

officer, n. office bearer, officiary (rare); spec. official, Dogberry (fig.), bureaucrat. official, a. functional, functionary (rare); spec. authoritative, public, curule; see

Antonyms: see PRIVATE, INFORMAL. officialism, n. bureaucratism, officiality (rare), red-tapeism, functionaryism (rare); spec. beadledom, Bumbledom (rare).

officially, adv. ex cathedra (Latin). offspring, n. 1. Referring to one individual: birth (archaic); spec. bairn (Sect., dial. Eng., or rare), bantling (now chefy depre-ciatory), branch (obs. or humorous), brat-ling or bratchet (contemptuous), descendant, imp (archauc; esp. in "ump of the Devil"), cadet, year-old or yearling, bed (fig.), olive branch or olive (fig., and now humorous), chit (colloq.), brat (more or

less contemptuous), sprig (often slightly

Cross references see Note. odds: difference, advantage. odious: disgusting, hateful. odtum: hatred. odor: smell offend: transgress, sin.

offender: transgressor, sinner.

offer: endeavor offering: secrefice, gift offhand: extemporaneous, abrupt, careless.
officiate: act.
officious: meddlesoms.

offing: sea, distance

offish: dimont offscourings: dregs offeet, a t neutraliza, counter-poise, branch offset, n start branch, counteroffshoot: branch

disparaging), slip, scion (literary); see CHILD, LAMB, KID, COLT, CALF, CUB, CHICK.

Antonyms: see PARENT.

2. Referring to a single individual or collectively to two or more: product (contextual), progeny (more formal than "offspring"), issue (chiefly legal), generation, increase (chiefly collective as to animals; poetical as to a single human offspring), race (chiefly poetic), seed (chiefly Bib.), get (now only of animals), produce (rare; esp. of animals), hatch, pullulation (rare), progeniture (rare), spawn (chiefly a collective; contemptuous).

Antonyms: see Ancestor, Parent.

8. Referring to two or more (usually) animal young: brood (now somewhat contemptuous as used of human offspring), litter (sometimes contemptuously used of human twins, triplets, etc.), fry (of small offspring or contemptuously of young or insignificant creatures); see CHILDREN.

Antonyms: see PARENT.

often, adv. frequently (more formal and somewhat more emphatic than "often"), oft (archaic or poetic), oftentimes (chiefly literary), ofttimes (archaic or poetic), oftly (rare). "Repeatedly," "recurrently," etc., are synonyms of "often" if the repetitions or recurrences come near enough together.

Antonyms: see INFREQUENTLY.

oily, a. 1. fatty, lubricious (literary), oleaginous (chiefly tech.), oleose (rare), oleous (rare); spec. greasy.

2. Referring to a person's manners or

speech: see smooth, unctuous.

ointment, n. unguent (more tech. than "ointment"), unction (rare); spec. oleamen, cerumen, balm, nard, malabathrum (hist.), collyrium, salve, pomade, pomatum.

old, a. 1. Referring to what has existed for a long time: aged (more emphatic than "old"), vetust (rare); spec. ancient, antique (archaic, exc. as meaning "old-fashioned"), antiquated (rare; referring to persons), olden (rare or poetic), eld (archaic and poetic), early, elder, senior, elderly, hoar or (more commonly) hoary, venerable, dateless, rusty (depreciatory), moss-grown (fig.; chiefly depreciatory or contemptuous), oldish, crusted (humorous), primeval, Ogygian (fig.), patriarchal, overold, overaged, gray, gray-headed, centuried, stale, oldest, experienced.

Antonyms: see young, youthful.

2. Referring to what formerly existed or to

the time when it existed: spec. ancient, olden (literary or archaic), elder, aged, senile, eldern (archaic), primitive (often depreciatory), pristine (the commendatory equiv. of "primitive"), primeval.

Antonyms: see NEW.

oldest, a. Superl. of old: spec. eldest, firstborn.

old-fashioned, a. old, old-fangled (rare; depreciatory), antique; spec. antiquated, archaic, fusty, primitive, fogyish or fogeyish, obsolete.

Antonyms: see NEW-FASHIONED, STYLISH.

old man. graybeard (often contemptuous),
grandsire (fig. and archaic), grayhead,
hoarhead (rare or literary), cuff (contemptuous; chiefly used with "old"), grisard
(rare); spec. patriarch, Nestor (fig.),
doyen.

Antonyms: see Youth.

old woman. beldame (spec. or obsolescent); spec. patriarchess (rare), oldwife, luckie (Scot.), gammer (rural Eng.), grimalkin, grannam (obs. or dial.), granny (familiar or endearing or often contemptuous), grandam (archaic).

omission, n. 1. Spec. preterition, pretermission, skip, exception, exclusion, elimination, apocope, ellipsis, apostrophe, elision, lipography, metemptosis; see

EXCEPTION.

Antonyms: see INCLUSION (cf. INCLUDE).

2. Thing omitted: out (colloq.); spec. paralipomena (pl.).

3. See FAILURE.

omit, v. t. Spec. pretermit, neglect, skip, slip, spare, hide, except, exclude, miss, eliminate, drop, pass or (rare) overpass, overlook, forget, overslaugh, elide, apocopate; see EXCEPT.

Antonyms: see INCLUDE, REMEMBER, MENTION.

omnibus, n. bus or 'bus (collog.).

omnipotent, a. all-powerful (more emphatic than "omnipotent"), almighty (chiefly spec.), cunctipotent (rare).

omnipresent, a. ubiquitous, abroad (con-

textual).

omniscient, a. all-knowing (simpler and more emphatic than "omniscient").

omnivorous, a. pantophagous (rare),

pamphagous (rare).

on, a. "Upon" and "on" are, in general, used without distinction, except that "on" is commonly used except where demand for greater emphasis, more formality or dignity, or euphony leads to the use of "upon" instead.

Toss references: see Note.

ogee: molding.

ogle: gaze.
ogre: demon, giant, monster.

oil, v. t.: anoint, smear. old, n.: antiquity. oldness: age. olio: medley.

Olympian: heavenly.
omen: sign.
ominous: significant, threatening.

one, a. Spec. singular.

one-celled, a unicellular (chiefly biol.), unilocular (chiefly bot).

one-chambered, a. unicamerate (tech). one-colored, a. unicolor or unicolorous (rare), monochrome, spec. self-colored.

Antonyms see PARTY-COLORED. one-eyed, a. monoculous or (less usual) monocular (both learned or tech), singleeyed, monophthalmic (rare).

one-footed, a. uniped, monopodous (rare). one-horned, a. unicorneous (rare), monoc-

erous (rare). one-layered, a. unilamellate, unilaminar, unilaminate; -all three tech or learned.

one-rowed, c. unifarious, uniserial; -both tech, or learned.

one-sided, a. unilateral (more formal or tech. than "one-sided")

Antonyms: see MANY-SIDED. only, a. alone (postpositive or predicative). onomatoposia, n. echoism (rare), ono-

matopoësis (rare). onomatopœio, a onomatopoëtic, echoic

oozy, a. 1. weepy (collog. or dial.), spewy. 2. See MOIST, MUDDY.

opaque, a. 1. opacous (rare), nontranslucent.

Antonyma: 306 TRANSLUCENT, TRANSPAR-ENT.

2. See DULL, DARK.

open, a. 1. ope (archaic or poetic); spec. patulous (chiefly tech.), patulent (rare), patent (rare), yawning, gaping, wide, ajar, agape, unclosed, expanded, etc. Antonyma: see CLOSED.

2. See UNCONCEALED, EXPOSED, UNIN-CLOSED, FRANK, EVIDENT, INTELLIGIBLE, LIABLE, LOOSE, FREE, ACCESSIBLE, GENER-

open, v. t. 1. ope (archaic or poetic); spec. unclose, reopen, divaricate, expand. Antonyms: see CLOSE, SHUT

2. Referring to a process of unfastening, as in order to make free for passage, of separating or apreading apart what is joined, interlocked, rolled up, etc.: undo (emphasizing the process more than the result, which "open" suggests), dup (archaic); separate, unlock, undench, unpick, unroll, unseal, pick, unclutch, unfold unstop, deobstruct (rare); see DISCLOSE. Antonyms: see OBSTRUCT.

 Referring to vessels holding liquors, and hence in fig. uses having the idea of making a first beginning on: spec. broach (orig. to pierce), tap, uncork.

Antonyms: see CLOSE, STOPPER.

4. Sec BEGIN.

open, t. t. 1. Spec. yawn, gape, expand, split, crack, part, unclose, dehisce.

3. See EXPAND, SPREAD, BEGIN. open-air, a. al-fresco (chiefly predicative; learned), hypoethral or hypethral (rare); spec. plein-air.

Antonyms: see INDOOR.

opening, n. 1. hole; spec. perforation, puncture, gape, gaping, orifice, aperture, foramen, gulf, open (rare), rift, breach, tear, lumen, placket hole, intake, gate, fistula, micropyle, drop (U. S.), bole (Scot), interspace, interstice, spiracle, blowhole has pore port hatch machine. blowhole, bay, pore, port, hatch, machico-lation, loophole, dehiscence, bunghole, débouché (French), crater, hazard, embrasure, lunette, akylight, scuttle, scupper, cut, see GAP, MOUTH, CLEARING.

2. See opportunity, beginning, initial,

CLEARING, GLADE. openly, adv. Spec. plainly, frankly, aboveboard.

opera glass, lorgnette or (less usual) lor-gnon (both French).

operate, v. i. 1. See ACT, WORK.

2. To take effect: go (slang), work; spec. run.

opinion, n. 1. idea, thought; spec. preconception, prejudice, judgment, belief, view, notion (more or less depreciatory or apologetic), mind, dogma, verdict (primarily legal), think (colloq.), tenet (primarily referring to a religious, political, philosophical or other dectrine or belief held by a party, sect, etc.), conceit (obs., exc. in various phrases), doxy (collog, and usually humorous), heterodoxy, orthodoxy, caco-doxy, cry, doctrine, apprehension, speculation.

Antonyma: ses CAPRICE. 2. See CONSIDERATION, ADVICE.

opinionated, a opinionative, opiniative (rare), opinionate, opinative (rare), opinioned (rare); spec. dogmatic, pragmatic or pragmatical, doxastic (learned and rare)

Antonyms: see MODEST.

opponent, n. antagonist, adversary (more formal than "opponent"), oppugner (rare), opposite (rare); spec. withstander, opposition (a collective), oppositionist, counter-

Cross references see Note. once, a. formerly. emest: allack, motion, most ment, beginning, onstaught: allack, rush, onus: burden, emward: forward. opacity: duliness
opan, n glade, clearing.
opan-eyed: awake, receptive.
opan-hearted: frank, generous.
opan-minded: liberal.
opan-minded: new clearing. operate: effect, manage, con-duct, exercise, work

operation: act, action, conduct, management, exercise, more management, exercise, movement agency
operative, a, octos, efective,
operative, in worker,
operative narrotic,
opiate: narrotic,
opiate: consider opine: connder.

actant or counteragent (rare), enemy,

Antonyms: see ALLY, PARTNER.

opportunity, n. chance (chiefly spec.); spec. turn, occasion, room, space, place, opening, liberty, leisure, scope, show (colloq, U.S), slant (slang), time.

oppose, v t. 1. In the sense of "to place opposite, over against, or before physically." without implying any idea of resistance present: spec. contrast, confront, front.

2. In the sense of "to set against (another) in opposition": counterpose or contrapose (rare), spec. match, countermatch, pit, pitch (rare), measure, play.

3. counter; spec. resist, withstand, meet, attack, breast, front, gainstand (archaic), head, fight (literally and fig.), antagonie, oppugn (rare), repugnate (rare), buck (slang, U. S.), hinder, check, stem, contradict, obstruct, defend, gainsay (literary), cross, countervail, contravene, traverse, counteract, counterplot, countermine.

Antonyms see ADVOCATE, AID.

opposed, a. Spec. averse, adverse, opponent (rare), antagonistic, counter, oppo-site, hostile, inimical (a stronger word than "hostile"); see UNTRIENDLY, OPPOSING, UNWILLING.

Antonyms: see disposed, favorable. opposing, a. 1. Spec contrastive.

2. Spec. opposed, repugnant (rare), resistant, resistive, oppugnant (rare), adverse, counter, contrary, cross, crossing.

opposite, a. opponent (rare); spec. antipodal, polar, converse, confronting, obverse (rare, exc. spec.).

Antonyms: see ANALOGOUS.

opposite, n. Spec. inverse, converse, antipode, counterpoint, counterpole, vis-à-vis (French), counterpart, obverse, contrary, contrast.

Antonyms: see ANALOGUE.

opposition, n. 1. Spec. presentation, contrariety, contrast.

Antonyms; see ANALOGY.

2. Spec. resistance, withstanding, breasting, meeting, fight, antagonism, oppugnance (rare), confrontation, crossing, oppugnation (rare), hindrance, obstruction, encounter, defiance, counteragency (rare), counterinfluence, contravention, contradiction, load, friction.

Antonyms: see AID, YIELDING.

2. Referring to the feeling or quality spec. TINE.

aversion, antagonism, hostility, antinomy, renitency (rare), inimicalness, opponency (rare), oppugnancy (rare)

Antonyms : see FRIENDLINESS.

oppress, v. t. 1. Spec. burden, overburden, overweigh, crush, bow, nightmare. "De-press" implies merely that the mind is cast down, without implying anything as to the

 press (rare); spec. afflict, aggrieve, load, grind, overpress, overbear, screw, squeeze, gripe, pinch, compress (archaic), grieve, overtax, overburden, rack.

Antonyms: see ENCOURAGE.

3. Spec. SWELTER.

oppressed, a. Spec. afflicted, aggrieved, burdened, downtrod or downtrodden, loaded. etc.

oppression, n. Spec. burdening, affliction, tyranny, overbearing, etc. Cf. oppress,

oppressive, a. 1. burdensome, onerous (more literary or learned than "burdensome"), heavy, hard, grinding, sore; spec. inquisitorial, racking, tyrannical.

3. See CLOSE (in reference to atmospheric conditions).

option, n. contract, privilege; spec. strad-

dle, spread, put, call. optional, a. Spec. facultative, discretion-

Antonyms: see COMPULBORY.

oracular, c. 1. oraculous (rere); spec. or fig. Delphian or Delphic, Orphic, Sibylline, Pythonic, Dodonæan, or Dodonean, Dodonian.

2. See HIDDEN, INFALLIBLE, AMBIGUOUS. oral, a. spoken, vocal, parol (now law only), nuncupative (chiefly of wills), nuncupatory (rare), varbal (an erroneous use), unwritten (a loose use); spec. acros-

Antonyma: see WHITTEN.

orally, adv. vocally, viva voce (Latin), nuncupatively (chiefly of wills).

orator, n. speaker (contextual), rhetor (now

oratorical, a. Spec. or fig. Demosthenian, Ciceronian.

oratory, n. 1. See ELOQUENCE.

2. proseucha (chiefly a word of antiquarians); spec. chapel, cubiculum, crypt. orchard, n. Spec. peachery (rare), orange-

ry (rore), grove, pomery (obs.).
ordain, v. t. 1. See appoint, decree, des-

Cross references: see Note. opportune: timely. opportunism: expediency, opportunist, a · expedient, opportunist, n · timeserver, opprobrious: abusive, discredis-able

opprobrium: abuse, discredit, optimistic: hopeful. option: choice.
opulent: wealthy, rich. oracle: answer, medium, revelo-oration: address orb, n.: ball, eye, circle.

orb, s. t., encircle orbioular: circular, spherical. orbit: circuit.
orchestic: dancing.
orchestra: band.
ordainment: appointment, decres, destination.

2. frock, priest (rare), japan (slang).
Antonyms: see DEGRADE.

order, n. 1. Net association, rank, class, becree, bidding, course, group, method, arrangement, dictation, decision, condition, system, porm.

2. In business usage: spec. commission, draft, bill of exchange or 'briefly, bill, check.

2. Referring to the conduct of society or of a gathering: orderliness; spec. quiet, obedience, regularity, form, discipline.

classify, decree, destine, manage, control.

2. Referring to the ordering of goods, etc.: spec. bespeak, engage.

orderly, a. 1. Spec. neat, tidy, well-conducted, well-behaved, shipshape, ataunt or ataunto, regular, systematic, planned, harmonious, cosmic (rare), settled.

Antonyms: see Unsystematic, Disorderly, Confused, Untidy.

2. See LAW-ABIDING.

ordinariness, n. mediocrity (the more usual word); spec. normality, customariness, etc.

ordinary, a. Spec. average, medium, mean (rare as an adjective, exc. math.), medial (rare equiv. of "medium"), middling (slightly depreciatory), mediocre (more formal than "middling," and more depreciatory or patronizing), second-rate, second-class, giftless, undistinguished; see COMMON, NORMAL, USUAL, CUSTOMARY, COMMONPLACE, EVERYDAY. Cf. FAIR.

Antonyms: see UNUSUAL, ABNORMAL, SPECIAL, WONDERFUL.

ore, n. mineral; spec. mine (iron ore), chat, float (U.S.), calmine, prill, slimes (pl.).

organ, n. 1. In music: instrument (contextual); spec. organette, hydraulicon, reed organ, regal. Also (referring to groups of stops): spec. great organ, choir organ, swell organ, solo organ, pedal organ.

2. Referring to bodily structures: part; spec. vitals (pl.), instrument, medium, viscera (pl.), gland, eye, brain, hand, etc. organic, a. organized.

Antonyms: see INORGANIC.

organism, n. organization, system; spec. animal, plant.

organization, n. 1. arrangement, systematization; spec. coördination, incorporation, regimentation, economy.

Anionyms: see DISORGANIZATION.

2. See ORGANISM.

3. Spec. machine (chiefly U. S. politics), system. association, band, army, regiment, brigade, clique.

organize, r. l. 1. arrange, systematize, systemize; spec. coordinate, correlate, incorporate, embody, structure (rare), brigade, regiment, enregiment (rare), district.

Antonyma: see disorganize.

2. See FORM.

organized, a. organic (less usual), systematic, systematized, etc.

orgiastie, a. Spec. corybantic.

origin, n. 1. Referring to the act: see BB-

GINNING, DESCENT.

2. In reference to that from which a thing springs or arises: beginning (rare; "beginning' here is to be sharply distinguished from "beginning" in the sense of "the first part of a thing"), source, fountainhead (an equiv. of "source," but more formal), fountain (rare), parent (fig.); see CAUSE.

Antonyms: see RESULT.

original, a. Spec. first, initial, earliest, primary, primitive, pristine, primal (rare), prime (rare), fontal (literary), primordial, radical, prototypal or prototypical, archetypal (an equiv. of "prototypal"), protoplastic or (rare) protoplast, aboriginal, oldest; see innate, new.

Antonyms: see IMITATED, COMMONPLACE. original, n. 1. In reference to a thing from which another is copied or on which it is patterned: spec. copy, prototype, archetype (an equiv. of "prototype").

Antonyms: see COPT.

2. See CHARACTER.

originate, v. t. Spec. begin, start; see IN-VENT, CAUSE, CREATE.

Antonyms: see COPY, IMITATE.

originate, v. i. begin; see RESULT, ARISE, PROCEED.

originative, a. Spec. inceptive, inventive, imaginative; see CREATIVE, PRODUCTIVE. ornament, n. 1. ornation (rare); spec. decoration or (rare) decorament, adornment, figure, embellishment, trim, garnish or garnishment, grace, bedizenment, fal-lal, offset or set-off, glory, flourish, curlie-wurlie or curlywurly, knickknack, kick-shaw, gaud, drapery (rare), illumination, fret, clasp, molding, vermiculation, finial, guard (obs. or hist.), filigree, foliation, fringe, gem, jewel, tassel, festoon, flower, inlay, buhl, clock, boss, stud,

cross references: see Note.
ordeal: trial.
orderless: disorderly.
orderliness: arrangement.
ordinance: arrangement, law,
appointment, destiny, decree,
ceremony.

ordinary, n.: meal.
ordination: appointment, decree, destination.
ordnance: artillery.
organic: living, constitutional,
structural, organized.
orgy: rite, carouse, dissipation.

orient, n.: east.
orient, a.: eastern.
orient, v. t.: adjust.
oriental: eastern.
orientate: adjust.
orifice: opening.
originator: creator.

crocket, tambour, plume, tooi, orphrey or orfay, rational, border, margin, decalcomania, graffito, topia, crewel, cuspidation, sprig, Moresque, fillet, fioritura, frontlet, patera, parure, patch, diadem, earring, motif (French), frog, button, frill, flounce, furbelow, chiffon, piping, chain, leglet, bracelet, necklace, labret, etc.

2. See HONOR.

ornament, v. t. Spec. beautify, adorn, decorate, embellish, garnish (now rhelorical or with allusion to Matt. xii: 44), grace, deck or (intensive) bedeck, set (contextual), beautify, bedizen or (less usual) dizen, daub or (intensive) bedaub, bedight (archaic and poetic for "bedeck"), prank, trick (often used with "out"), dress, trim, blazon or emblaze, figure, embroider (rhetorical, exc. of needlework), damascene or (less usual) damaskeen, damask (an equiv. of "damascene"), chase or enchase, set, engrail, guard, broider (archaic), paint, furbelow, foliate, fret, cable, gem or (intensive) begem, braid, mold, boss or emboss, mosaic (rare), inlay, instar, trim or (rare) betrim, bestar, head, work, bejewel or (rare) enjewel, spangle, tassel or (intensive) betassel, embroider, paper, panel, vermiculate, festoon, lace, illumine or illuminate, illustrate, gild or (emphatic) engild, enamel, enring (rare), befeather (intensive), becurl (intensive), befur (intensive), enflower (rare), beflower (rare), flag, medallion, hatch, branch, impearl or (intensive) bepearl, carve, couch, pounce (hist.), frieze (rare), hemstitch, incrust (emphatic), tool, tinsel, pipe, pink, scallop, flounce, tringe.

Antonyms: see DEFACE, STRIP.

ornamental, a. ornamentive; spec. adorn-

ing, decorative, fancy, dressy.

spec. adornment, decoration, embellishment, garnishment, ornature (rare), embroidery or (archaic or poetic) broidery, frilling, fretting, vermiculation, foliation, tooling, etc.

2. Referring to ornaments collectively or to ornamental work: spec. adornment, decoration, garnish, work (much used in composition), embroidery or broider (archaic or poetic, exc. of needlework), pride (archaic), bravery (archaic), finery, garniture, trappings (pl.), turnery, cutwork, needlework,

foliation or (rare) foliature, frillery, frippery, fallalery (rare), trim, brass, inlay, tracery.

ed, ornate, decorate (literary or archaic), decked, embellished, etc., ornate, distinct (a Latinism, and chiefly poetic), florid, fine, figured, figurative (rare), gorgeous, Asiatic, fancy, beplumed (intensive), brocaded, inlaid, inwrought, marbled, storied, mooned, behung, foliaged, flowered, gemmy, spangled, crocketed, crotcheted, fretted, cuspidate, cuspidated.

Antonyms: see SIMPLE.

orphan, a. parentless, twice-bereaved (contextual and rhetorical); spec. fatherless, motherless, unmothered.

orthodox, a. sound; spec. canonical.

Antonyms: see HERETICAL.

orthodoxy, n. soundness; spec. canonicalness.

Antonyms: see HERESY.

ossuary, n. charnel house (the more usual term).

other, a. Spec. else, another, additional; see DIFFERENT.

Antonyms: see Same.

otherwise, adv. othergates (dial.), or, elsewise, etc.; spec. alias.

Antonyms: see LIKEWISE.

out, adv. 1. forth (stronger and more formal than "out").

Antonyms: see in.

2. See ALOUD.

out, n. quondam (obs.), has-been (slang). outbreak, n. 1. burst, eruption, outburst (intensive for "burst"); spec. round (of applause); see EXPLOSION.

2. Referring to the outward exhibition of repressed activity, feeling, passion, etc. (the terms in sense 2 being used also fig.): spec. storm, flare-up, blaze, roar, outleap, peal, explosion, volley, flash; see FIT.

3. See DISTURBANCE.

outcast, n. 1. See EXILE.

2. Referring to social status: spec. pariah, cagot (French; rare), déclassé (French), Ishmael (fig.), derelict, dregs (pl.).

outcome, n. issue, end, termination, fruit (fig.), effect, hatch (rare), event, sequel, upshot, final; see PROCEEDS, RESULT.

poelic, exc. of needlework), pride (archaic), Antonyms: see BEGINNING, SOURCE. bravery (archaic), finery, garniture, trappings (pl.), turnery, cutwork, needlework, set; spec. gossan.

cross references: see Note.

orphic: oracular, melodious.

orthodox: conventional.

orthodoxy: conventionality,

opinion.

orthography: spelling.

oscillate: vibrate.

osculate: kiss.

osseous: bony.

osmotic: diffusive.

ostensible: apparent.
ostentation: show.
ostentatious: showy.
ostler: groom.
ostracism: expulsion, exclusion.
ostracise: expel, exclude.
otiose: indolent, useless, barren.
ought, n.: duty.
ought, n. cipher.

oust: deprive, expel, eject.
ouster: ejection.
out, a.: nonexistent, astray.
out-and-out: unqualified.
outbreak: v. t. & i.: burst.
outburst, n.: outbreak.
outburst, v. i.: burst.
outcast, a.: abandoned.
outcrop, n.: emergence.
outcrop, v. i.: emerge.

ontery, n. noise (contextual), clamor, vociferation or (rare) vociferance (chiefly spec) rumor (archaic, bruit (archaic), exclaim (rare); spec exclamation, up-roar, beliow, bawl (chiefly derogatory), dirdum (Scot.), shout, din, ecphonesis, brawling, scolding, etc.

Antonyms: see CALM.

outdate, v. t. Spec. antiquate.

outdo, v. t. exceed, overdo (archaic); spec. outgo, outwrangle, outwork, outweep, outshout, outhowl, outswear, outsee, outvoice, outthunder, outroar, outlie, out-leap, outjump, outbrave, outbrazen, outbray, outdrink, outdare, outcharm, out-swagger, outboast, outbluster, out-Hec-tor, outjuggle, outblush, outgive, outeat, outdress, outshine, etc.

outdoor, a. extraforaneous (pedantic).

Antonyms: see INDOOR.

outdoors, adv. outdoor (used only in combination, as in "outdoor-grown").
outlace, v. t. face (contextual), outlook,

outfront (rare); spec. outstare, outfrown,

outflow, v. i. outgo, outpour (chiefly poet-ic), flow (contextual); spec. outstream, outwell, ebb.

outflow, n. t. outgo (contextual), flow (con-textual); spec. effluence, efflux, effluxion, outpour, outpouring, effusion, outgush, outrush, escape.

Antonyms: see INCOMING.
2. Referring to what flows out: spec. effluence, escape, efflux, effluxion, effluvium, issue (rare), effluent, lasher (chiefly local Eng.).

Antonyme: see INFLOW.

outfly, v. f. outsoar, oversoar (rare), overfly (rare).

outgo, n. L. outgoing; spec. emanation, reflux, ebb, sally, sortie; see ourriow. Antonyms: see INCOME.

2. See EXPENDITURE.

outgrowth, n. excrescence or (rare) excrescency (now usually an abnormal outgrowth), enation (rare); spec. caruncle, condyloma, apophysia.

outhouse, n. skilling (Eng.); spec. office, outoffice

outlaw, n. prescript (formal), welf's head (tech.), Robin Hood (fig.).

outlaw, v. t. proscribe (formal).

outlet, n. opening (contextual), issue (rare); spec. exit (often formal or literary), egress (literary or formal), loophole, meuse or

muse (now dial.), issue (rare), offlet (rare), emissary (obs. or Roman antiq.), port, porthole, floodgate, sluice, penstock, escape

Antonyms: see INLET.

outline, n. i. contour (chiefly spec.), contorno (Italian), line (usually in pl, "lines"); spec. lineament (often in pl., "lineaments"), lineation (rare), tournure (French; rare), relief, silhouette, profile; see BOUNDARY

 Referring to a drawing of the general lines of something: delineation (less definute but more formal than "outline"), spec.

sketch, draft, skeleton.

8. Referring to a crude or incomplete statement, which may be elaborated: description (contextual); spec. draft, scheme, conspectus, sketch, minute, skeleton.

outline, v. t. 1. delineate (contextual); spec. contour, sketch, crayon, block, pro-

file, skeleton, silhouette.

3. describe (contextual); spec. sketch, draft, minute, skeleton, akeletonise (rare). outmaneuver, v. t. outgeneral (primarily mil.); spec. outplan, outplot (rare), out-flank, outjockey. outnumber, v. t. overcount (rare); spec.

outman, outvote.

out-of-the-way, a. devious. outrage, n. 1. See injury, insult, abuse.

3. Spec. atrocity, enormity.

outrageous, a. 1. excessive, purple (fig.; literary), great (contextual), rank, precious (ironical); hence, with the underlying idea of an extreme that in some way violates propriety: spec. monstrous, egregious, atrocious, black (fig.), heinous, enormous, horrible (often colloq. in a milder sense), awful (collog. or slang), arrant (chiefly a term of abuse or reprobation), ungodly (slang), absurd; see PLAGRANT, UNREA-BONABLE.

Anionyma: see MODERATE, GENTLE.

3. See ABUSIVE

outrigger, n. extension (contextual); spec. cop (obs. or dial.), float, rave, lade (local

Eng.), whisker.

outshine, v. t. In literal or figurative use: overshine (rore), eclipse; spec. outbeam (rare), outluster, outflash, outflame (rare), outray (rare), outblaze, outbrave, outglitter, outdassie, outsparkle, outglow, outglare.

outside, adv. & prep. without (now becoming archaic or formal, esp. as a preposi-

Cross references, see Note. outer: exterior outfit, n equipment. outfit, n equip. outfandish: foreign, scombie.

outlast: survive. outlay, v. f. expend.

outlay, n expenditure outplay: defeat. outpour, v. t., emil. outpour, n. outflow, output: product. ntrage: injure, ill-treat, abuse, insult. outrank: preceds.
outright, ode 'entwely.
outright, a. therough, unqualified, frank.
outspeak: cutstrip.

tion), beyond (used only to indicate relation to one within).

outsider, n. Spec. outlier, nonmember, extern, exoteric; see FOREIGNER.

outskirt, n. edge; spec suburb, purlieu (archaic);—all much used in pl. form.

outstrip, v. t. pass (contextual); spec. distance, outdistance (emphatic for "distance"), devance (rare), cote (fig.), outrun, overrun (rare), lose, outgo (archaic), forespeed (rare), outpace, forereach, fore-run (rare or fig.); outspeak, outsail, out-row, outwing, outswim, outstream, outtrot, outsoar, outride, outfly, outfoot, outgallop, outmarch, overfly, outwalk.

outweigh, v. t. outbalance or overbalance, overweigh, outpoise or overpoise (chiefly

fig.), downweigh (rare). outwork, n. Spec. outfort, ravelin, redoubt, demilune, bawn, etc.

oven, n. Spec. kiln, dryer, baker (U. S.). over, adv. & prep. Spec. above, by, beyond, upon, throughout, up, across, elc.

over, adv. Spec. across, throughout, again. Also see EXCESSIVELY.

overbear, v. t. 1. See intimidate, bully. 2. overcome; spec. overwhelm, overrule,

override, overtop, supersede. overburden, v. i. burden (contextual), surcharge (literary), overweigh.

overcoat, n. greatcoat, topcoat, wrap-rascal (Eng.; archaic); spec. spencer, Raglan, tabard, surtout (formerly not spec.), uister, Inverness, pea-jacket.

overcome, v. t. conquer, vanquish; spec. crush, bow, rout, surmount, obviate, overpower, overwhelm, prostrate, subdue, subject, quell, subjugate, meet, maeter or (intensive) overmaster, outmaster (rare), overmatch, overthrow, overbear, exhaust, rush, weather, overrule, negotiate (a use easily shading into the colloquial or slang), superate (rare), overman (rare); see CONFUTE, DEFEAT, OBVIATE, OVERHEAR.

overcome, a. conquered, vanquished; spec. crushed, defeated, heartbroken, brokenhearted, etc.

overcoming, n. conquest, vanquishment; spec. crushing, surmounting, superation (rare), surmountal (rare), defeat, obviation, overpowering, subduing, subdual,

subjection, subjugation, mastery, overmastery, overwhelming, exhaustion, negotiation, overthrow, sic.; see DEFEAT. overdo, v. t. 1. Spec. overtire, overfatigue, overweary, overtax, overtak, overwork, overwalk, overdrive, exhaust, drive, override, overstrain.

3. Špec. overcarry (a matter, proceedings, etc.), overact.

3. See EXAGGERATE.

overflow, v. t. 1. Speciflood, overflood (rare; emphatic for "flood"), inundate, deluge, overrun, overbrim, overboil, overwash (rare), wash, overspill (rare); see FILL.

2. In the sense of "to cause to be overflowed": spec. flood, float, flow.

overflow, v. i. 1. Spec. inundate, exundate (rare), debord (rare), overstream, over-spill (rare), overwhelm.

2. Referring to the vessel or other thing that is overflowed: spec. swim.

8. See ABOUND.

overflow, n. 1. Referring to the act: spec. flooding, inundation, deluge.

2. Referring to that which overflows: spec. wash; see Flood.

overhang, v. i. impend (literary or rare); spec. beetle, overlean (rare), jut.

Antonyms see RECEDE. overhang, n. Spec. eaves, overbrow. overhanging, a. hanging, pendent or pendant.

overlap, v. t. ride or override, interlap (rare), imbricate (rare, or tech. and spec.). overlapping, c. Spec. equitant, imbricated.

overlay, v. t. cover (contextual); spec. ground, hide, cost, whip, seise, wrap, pave, sand, veneer; see COAT, PLATE, HIDE,

overlie, v. t. Spec. cap, crown, overlap, override.

overload, v. t. overburden, overcharge, overweight, overlade (rars); spec. overfreight, overballast.

overloaded, a overfraught (rare). overlook, v. f. 1. command, oversee (rare); spec. rake, give upon (a Gallicism).

2. See EXAMINE, IGNORE, EXCUSE, MISS, OVERSEE.

overlying, a. superincumbent, superjacent (rare).

CT Cross references: see Note outspoken: blunt, frank, loud. outspread: expand, outstart: beginning. outstrotch: extend. outward: exterior, formal, outworn: exhaust. outworn: exhausted. oval: egg-shaped. ovate: egg-shaped. ovation: celebration. overabundanou: szessa,

overawe: intemidate, abach. overbearing: arrogant overcast, v t · darken, cloud. overcast, a · cloudy. overcharge: load, crowd, aropperate
overcloud: cloud, darken. overcolor: azaggerate.
overconfidence: assurance. overconfident: secured. overdone: excessive, overdraw: exaggerate.

overdue: accrued, lats. overflowing: excessiss, overgreat: excessive. overhead: aleft. overlarge: excessive. overleap; jump. overly; excessionly. overmatch: overcome overmost: top. overmuch: excessive. Overpass: pare, miss, cross. overpower, v. t. 1. overcome (contextual), | force; spec. neutralize, master.

2. See DAZZLE.

overrate, v. t. overestimate, overprize, overvalue.

Antonyms see Underrate, undervalue. overreach, v. t. deceive (contextual), outwit; spec. outtrick, jockey or (more emphatic) outjockey, best (colloq.), circumvent, outknave (rare).

overreach, v i. interfere (contextual), forge. overreaching, n. outwittal, overreach (rare); spec. jockeying, circumvention,

besting.

oversee, v. t. overlook (a less usual and less definite word); spec. superintend, supervise, overseer (rare).

overseeing, a. supervisory, supervisal (rare); spec. superintendent.

overseeing, n. supervision, supervisal;

spec. superintendence.

overseer, n overlooker (rare), boss (slang or cant), supervisor, surveyor (rare); spec. superintendent, superintender, foreman, forewoman (fem.), driver, intendant, manager, maistry (Indian), censor, floorwalker, matron, gauger, provost, reeve, tackler, boatswain, provedore, proveditore (Italian).

overshoe, n. Spec galosh (chiefly British), rubber, gum (chiefly local and collog.; usually in pl.), patten, India-rubber (obsolescent), arctic (U. S.).

oversight, n. 1. care (contextual), supervision, supervisal (rare); spec. super-intendence, intendance, management, intendence, intendance, n superintendency, censorship.

2. See MISS.

overspread, v. t. cover (contextual), spread; spec. overcome (rare), mantle or (emphatic) overmantle, immantle (rare), overcast, lay, film, suffuse, perfuse (rare), dip (rare), bespread (emphatic), pall, whelm, smear.

overspreading, n. Spec. suffusion (rare),

mantling.

overstay, v. f. outstay,

oversupply, v. t. overstock, glut. overtake, v. t. catch, overhaul (chiefly

naut.).

overtire, v. t. overdo, overfatigue, overweary; seetire, weary, overdo, exhaust overtire, n. overfatigue, overweariness; spec. exhaustion.

overturn, t. t. 1. In a physical sense over-

throw, throw (chiefly spec), capsize, upset, overset (now rare), overbalance; spec. coup (Scot.), culbut (rare), upturn, top-ple, tumble, evert (archaic), cast, fling, overtopple, prostrate, down, overblow. Antonyms: see Balance.

2. In a nonphysical sense: see CONFUTE. overturn, n. overthrow, capsise, upaet, overset (rare); spec. overbalance, upturn, eversion (archaic), cast, fling, throw, pros-

overwhelm, v. t. 1. See cover, overplow, OVERCOME.

2. Referring to immaterial things that are heaped or forced upon (something) to excess: spec. swamp, deluge, flood, drown, kill (collog.), oppress.

overwork, v. f. overdo, overlabor, overtoil, overply (rare); spec. overstudy.

own, a. 1. peculiar (now formal and always implying exclusiveness), german (used in "brother german," "sister german," etc.), private.

2. See appropriate.

own, v t. 1. have, possess (more formal), hold (often spec.).

2. See ACKNOWLEDGE.

owner, n. holder, proprietor (more formal and, in business, more usual), proprietress (fem. equiv. of "proprietor"); spec. bearer, occupant, master, lord (rhetorical, or a term of feudalism), esquire.

ownership, n possession, property, possessorship, proprietorship, proprietary (rare); spec. hand, dominion, title.

owning, a. proprietary, possessory.
ox, n. beef, bullock (now always an ox; formerly a young bull); spec. stot, steer. oxhead, n. Spec. bucrane or bucranium. oxidation, n. oxygenation (chiefly spec.), oxidization; spec. eremacausis, combus-

oxidize, v. l. oxidate, oxygenate (chiefly spec.), oxygenize (rare); see RUST, BURN.

pace, v. i. 1. See GO.

3. amble, rack, single or single-foot (U.S.). See GAIT.

pachyderm, n. As applied to persons: thickskin, ironclad, hog-in-armor.

pacifiable, a. pacificatory (rare), appeasable, placatory (rare), propitiable, propitiatory, placable.

Cross references see Note. override: overlie, overbear overrule: overbear, abrogate.

overrun: overflow, frequent. oversen: foreign overshadow: darken, cloud. overstatement: exaggeration. overstep: cross, exceed overstock, n excess

overstrain: etrain. overstretch: strain. overt: evident, unconcealed. overthrow, v t' averturn, over-come, sholish, confute overthre: overda, exhaust, overture: after overwatch: walch, guard overweening, a arrogant, conoverweening: arrogance, conoverweight: ezcess. owing: due, accrued, attributable

pace, n.: step, goil, speed.

pacific, a. 1. pacificatory, peacemaking; spec. mollifying, soothing, appeasing, placatory, propitiatory, propitiative, conciliatory, conciliative, irenical or (less usually) irenic.

Antonyms: see VEXATIOUS, COMBATIVE.

2. See PEACEABLE.

pacify, v. t. 1. Spec. mollify, soothe, placate, appease, propitiate, conciliate, pacificate (rare), satisfy, content.

Antonyms: see Annoy, agitate, disturb, irritate, vex.

2. See CALM.

pack, n. 1. See BUNDLE, SET, MULTITUDE, FLOCK, HERD, KENNEL.

2. Referring to playing cards: deck, stack. pack, v. t. 1. See BUNDLE, FILL, CROWD, FAKE.

2. place (contextual), arrange (contextual), stow.

packing, n. 1. package (rare), impaction or impactment (rare or tech.).

2. Referring to what is used in packing: spec. stuffing, gasket, dunnage.

packsaddle, n. saddle (contextual), bat; spec. aparejo (local, U.S.).

paddle, n. 1. See OAR.

2. A board at the circumference of a wheel: float.

page, n. attendant (contextual); spec. buttons (colloq.), ichoglan (Turkish), footboy, henchman (hist.), donzel (archaic).

pail, n. Spec. bowie (shallow; Scot.), pig-gin (chiefly dial. Eng.).

pain, n. 1. See DISTRESS.

- 2. discomfort (contextual), distress (contextual), anguish (archaic, exc. spec.), suffering (contextual); spec. hurt, ache, agony, bale (literary), torment, torture, pang, smart, lancination, sting, stitch, twinge, throe, gripe, dolor (obs. or rare).
- **3.** In. pl.: see WORK, CARE, CHILDBIRTH. pain, v. t. 1. See GRIEVE.
- 2. distress (contextual), anguish (formerly not spec.; rare); spec. hurt, agonize, torment, torture, rack, twinge, pang (rare), sting, smart, gripe, bite.

Antonyms: see PLEASE.

pain, v. i. Spec. twinge, shoot, rage, rankle, pang (rare).

painful, a. 1. See DEPRESSING, CAREFUL, DIFFICULT, ANNOYING, AFFLICTIVE.

2. distressing (contextual), fell (chiefly poetic), severe, sharp (pain); spec. hurt-

ful, pungent, agonizing, poignant, tormenting, torturous, evil, dololous or dororific (literary; rare), sore, baleful (literary; rare), biting (fig.); see TROUBLE-SOME.

Antonyms: see Pleasant.

paint, v. t. 1. depict (contextual); spec. limn (literary or archaic), bepaint, image (contextual), daub, grain, fresco, wash, raddle or reddle, pencil (archaic), flat, impaste, miniate, distemper.

2. See COLOR, DESCRIBE.

paint, v. i. Spec. blot, smear, wash, rouge. painter, n. depicter (contextual; formal or rare), brush (cant), brushman (rare); spec. limner (literary or archaic), paintress (fem.), dauber or daubster, plein-airist (cant), primitive, landscapist.

painting, n. 1. Spec. depiction (contextual; formal or rare); spec. limning (literary or archaic), daubery, imagery (contextual),

easeldom (a nonce word).

2. Spec. daub, canvas, watercolor, distemper, encaustic, plafond (French), monochrome, grisaille, gouache (French), impasto (Spanish), fresco, grotesque, elydoric (rare), lithochromy, miniature.

3. See DESCRIPTION.

painty, a. pastose (artist's cant).

palace, n. Spec. basilica (Greek and Ro-

man hist.), seraglio, Vatican.

word than "palatable", gustable (obs. or rare), tasty (chiefly colloq.): spec. savory, relishable, dainty, nice, delicate, Epicurean (bookish), toothful (rare), toothsome, toothy (colloq.), appetizing, delicious, ambrosial or ambrosian (fig.), racy, nectarean or nectareous or nectared or nectarine (fig.), savorous (rare), sapid, sipid (rare for "sapid").

Antonyms: 8ee unpalatable, tasteless.

palate, n. roof (contextual).

paie, a. 1. light; spec. pallid, wan (nearly an equiv. of "pallid"), wannish, paly (chiefly poetic), pasty, ghastly, spectral, blanched, colorless, doughy (colloq. equiv. of "pasty"), lunar (fig.), mealy, blank (now rare), bloodless, cadaverous, waxy, deathlike, sickly-looking, sickly, white-faced, whey-faced, white.

Antonyms: see Blushing, flushed, red, RED-FACED, DARK

2. See DIM.

packed: compact, full, crowded.
packet: bundle, book, set.
pact: agreement, contract.
pad, v. t.: cushion.
pad, n.: cushion, foot, tablet.
paddle, v. i.: dabble, row.
paddock: enclosure.
pagan: hymn, song.
pagan: heathen.

pageant: device, float.

pageantry: display.

paid: hired.

painstaking, a.: careful.

painstaking, n.: care, elaboration.

paint, n.: pigment, cosmetic.

pair, n.: two.

pair, v. t.: double, match, marry, mate.

pair, v. i.: match, marry, mate.
paired: double.
pal: mate, accomplice.
palate: taste, liking.
palatish: grand, imposing.
palaver, n.: talk, cajolery.
palaver, v. i.: talk, cajole.
pale, n.: stake, fence, inclosure, bound.
pale, v. i.: fade.

Antonyms: see FLUSH.
palm, n. 1. Referring to part of the hand. flat (collog.), thenar (tech.)

3. See handle, handbreadth

palmist, n. chiromant or chiromancer (less usual), palmister (rare).

palmistry, n. chiromancy (less usual). paltry, a. mean (emphasizing the idea of petiness, stinginess, or poverty of spirit; spec. contemptible, trivial, scurvy, scald (archaic; an equiv. of "scurvy"), cheap, woeful, pitallo or (less usually) pitable, worthiess, rubbishy, trashy, scrubby, footy (colloq, Eng.), foolish (archaec).

Antonyms see GENEROUS.

pan, n. 1. Spec. skillet, Turk's-head, tache, heater, pattypan.

2. Referring to part of a balance. scale.
2. See HOLLOW, SUBSOIL.

panacea, n. remedy (contextual), cure-all or heal-all (collog or disparaging), catholicon (archaic or literary), panpharmacon or pampharmacon (rare), panace or panax (rare), polychrest (obs. or rare), panchreston (obs.).

pancake, n. flapjack (dial. or U. S.); spec. froise or fraise (Eng.).

pane, n 1. See COMPARTMENT.

2. Referring to a window glass spec quar-

rel or (rare) quarry, quirk.
panel, n. 1. See LIST, JURY, INSERTION.
2. Spec. compartment, table, tablet, frontispiece, medallion.

pantomime, n. 1. actor (contextual); spec. pantomimist, mute.

2. See DRAMA, GESTURE.

pantry, n. Spec. buttery (an old-fashioned term for "pantry"), butlery (often used as a more pretentious name of any "pantry"), cuddy (naut)

papacy, n. pontificate, popeship, popedom or popehood (less usual terms).

pale, v. t. Spec. whiten, white, sickly, blanch.
pale, v. i. whiten, blanch.
Antonyms: see blush.
pallor, n. paleness: spec. bloodlessness, ghastliness, etc. Cf PALE, a.
Antonyms: see blush.

paper, n. 1. Spec. pelure, demy, crown, tissue, papyrus, case paper, filmsy, fooliate, papiers, pap

2. See document, newspaper, composi-

TION, ARTICLE.

papery, a. paper (the noun used attribu-twely), chartaceous or (rare) cartaceous (chiefly tech.), papyraceous (learned).

papilla, n. papule; spec papillule.
pappus, n. Spec. plume, plumule, clock,

parable, n. allegory, similitude (less usual, and not technical); spec. haggada.

paradiso, n. 1. Eden (emphasiang the idea

of innocent simplicity; while "paradise" emphasizes the idea of unalloyed happiness)

2. Sce HEAVEN.

paragon, n. nonesuch (a homelier Anglodaxon term), nonpareil, phoenix (fig.), flower (fig.), pink (fig.), rose (fig.), queen (fig.).

paragraph, n. 1. Referring to the mark or character: pilerow (archaic).

2. See PART

parallel, v. t. 1. follow. Antonyms: see CROSS.

2. See COMPARE.

parallel, a. 1. equidistant; spec. concentric, collateral.

Antonyms: INTERSECTING, INCLINED. DIVERGENT.

2. See abreast, analogous, equal.

s. concurrent.

paralysis, n. paralyzation (rare), palsy (chiefly spec.), palsification (chiefly spec.), sideration (rare); spec. stroke, hemiplegia, diplegia, paresis, paraplegia,

paralyze, v. t 1. palsy (now chiefly fig. or spec.), palsify (rare), impalsy (rare); spec. benumb, freeze (often fig.), lethargize (of-

ten fig.).

Antonyms see ANIMATE, STIMULATE.

panting: longing.

2. Sec enervate, disable.

Cross references see Note. For cross references see Note.
palette: tablet.
paling: frace
palinade, n.: fence, stake, cliff.
pallsade, v t. fence.
pall, v t drape, overspread.
pallet: bed.
pallet: timplement, catch.
pallite: mitigate.
palini: pale
palm: forst, handle,
palmete: hand-shaped.
palmete: palement. paimer: hand-snaped.
paimer: pulcrum, monk
palmy: prosperous.
palpable: endent, intalligible.
palpate: feel.
palpitate: pulsale.

palied: paralysed, trembling. paley, n · paralyses paley, v t paralyse, disable. palsy, v t. paralyze, disable. palter: prevariate, dodge pamper: vidulge. pamphlet: book, pamphleteer: author. [uter. pander: go-between, based, minpander: go-between, barod, man-panegyrio: eulogy panel: partition pang: para, emotion. panle fear penleksive. panleky: apprehensive. pandayum: magnale. panoply: armor, covering. pant, v: breathe, blow, gasp, long pulsale pant, n. breath.

pap: perrudge lions
paper, a papery, literary, fictipappuse: donny,
papule: pumple,
par: equality
parade, n. show, disclosure, parade, v. t.: show, disclose, parade, r i meet, march. paradislacal: heavenly, parallel, n analogue, counterpart. parallel, v t compare. paralleliam: compareson, ana-logue, analogy, equality

paralyzed, a. paralytic, palsied (chiefly

spec. or fig.); spec. paretic.

paramour, n. lover (contextual); spec. ladylove, mistress, concubine, hetæra. "Paramour" now is mostly used in reference to one who takes the place, without the rights, of a husband or wife.

parapet, n. Spec. babette, battlement, bartizan (a term apparently first used by Sir Walter Scott, and due to a misconception), glacis, esplanade, breastwork.

paraphrase, n. repetition (contextual), rendering (contextual), rewording, rehash (contemptuous), restatement.

paraphrase, v. t. reword, repeat (context-ual), restate.

parasite, n. 1. See HANGER-ON.

2. Spec. entozoön, epizoön, epiphyte, commensal.

parasol, n. sunshade (an Anglo-Saxon term, growing in use, and likely to drive "parasol" out of use).

parboil, v. t. cook (contextual), boil (contextual), coddle (chiefly spec.).

parchment, n. 1. skin (contextual), sheep-skin; spec. forel, pell.

2. See DOCUMENT.

pare, v. t. cut (contextual); spec. slice, shave, skive, beat (Eng.), dole.

parent, n. Spec. father, mother.

Antonyms: see Offspring, Child, Son, DAUGHTER.

paring, n. cut (contextual); spec. slice, shave, shaving, skive, skiving, chip.

park, n. paradise (chiefly referring to Oriental parks); spec. common, Prado.

parlor, n. 1. A room in which to hold conversation: spec. locutory.

2. best room, drawing-room (more pretentious than "parlor"), foreroom (archaic or obs.).

parochial, a. parish (the noun used adjectively; and not having the secondary connotations of parochial).

paroxysmai, a. In geology: spec. catastrophic, cataclysmic.

parquet, n. 1. See FLOOR.

2. auditorium, orchestra (chiefly U. S.). parrot, n. 1. popinjay (archaic or obs.), poll (orig. an equivalent for "Mary"; conventionally used as the proper name of any parrot), polly (dim. of "poll").

2. See IMITATOR.

parry, n. In fencing: parade (less usual); spec. prime, seconde, tierce, carte, quinte, septime, counter.

parsonage, n. Spec. benefice, rectory,

parsonium (southern U. S.).

part, n. 1. parcel (archaic or law); spec. portion, proportion, member, division, subdivision, section, segment, fragment, piece, snatch, scrap, crumb (fig.), installment, callop, cantle (chiefly Eng.), moiety (a loose use; properly, "one half"), element; see SHARE, FRAGMENT, REMNANT, JOINT, ORGAN, DIVISION.

Antonyms: see all, whole.

2. Referring to the parts of printed matter: spec. number, book, livraison (French), fascicle, fascicule, or fasciculus, passage, chapter, section, paragraph, clause, comma (Greek and Latin prosody).

8. Referring to a character acted in a play or in real life: rôle, cue, pageant (archaic),

lines (pl.), cast.

4. See some, office, side, department, place, fragment.

partake, v. i. 1. See SHARE.

2. participate (with "in"). "Partake" is followed by "of."

partial, a. 1. Spec. biased, one-sided, interested, unfair, prejudiced; see FOND.

Antonyms: see IMPARTIAL.

2. fractional, component, portional (rare);

spec. half, incomplete.

Antonyms: see Absolute, complete, thorough.

partiality, n. Spec. bias, one-sidedness, interest, unfairness, prejudice, favor, favoritism, prepossession, nepotism; see FONDNESS.

Antonyms: see impartiality.

partially, a. partly; spec. fractionally, incompletely, restrictedly, etc.

Antonyms: see WHOLLY.

particle, n. 1. Spec. bit (often somewhat colloq.), atom (very emphatic), snip (colloq.), atomy (rare), iota (a sense arising from, and often alluding to, Matt. v: 18, "iota" being etymologically equivalent to "jot"), jot (a sense arising from, and often alluding to, Matt. v: 18), tittle, whit (mostly with a negative expressed or implied), trifle (often in "jot or tittle"), mite (colloq.), morsel, scintilla (usually fig. and used with a negative), rap (used with a negative; used

Pross references: see Note.

paramount: superior, controlling, supreme.

parcel, n.: division, bundle.

parcel, v. t.: divide, distribute, bundle.

parch: burn, dry.

parching: hot.

pardon: excuse.

pardonable: excusable.

parent: father, mother, origin.

parental: fatherly, maternal.
parenthetical: inserted.
pariah: outcast.
parity: equality, analogy.
parlance: language.
parley, n.: conversation, conference, discussion.
parley, v. i.: treat, converse.
parliament: assembly.
parody: burlesque.

parole, v. t.: free.
paroxysm: fit, ecstasy, spasm.
parry, v. t.: avert.
parry, v. i.: fence.
parsimonious: stingy.
parson: minister.
part, v. t.: divide, separate, distribute.
part, v. i.: separate, break, depart.
partible: divisible.
participate: share, partaks.

parole, n.: promise.

esp in "without a rap" or "not a rap"), smitch (collog, U. S.), grain, drop, motering (rare), molecule, corpuscle, corpuscule, granule, shred, dust (rare), mp, spark, speck, fleck, crumb, glimmer, stiver, driblet, electron, ion, sup.

Antonyms: see BIG THING.

1. In grammar spec preposition, conjunction, interjection, inflex, prefix, suffix, eneutic, prochitic, etc.

particular, a. 1. special, especial (equiv. of "special," but archaic in this sense), specific; spec restricted; see DEFINITE.

Antonyms see MISCELLANEOUS, GEN-

2. Spec mice, dainty, close, circumstantial, narrow, minute, detailed.

3. Sec special, fastidious, careful, in-DIVIDUAL, INTIMATE, CONSCIENTIOUS

particular, n. Spec. detail, circumstance, respect (used with "in," as in "in this one respect"), regard, point.

particularize, v. l. Spec. detail, itemize, specify.

partition, n. 1. Referring to the act: see

DIVISION, DISTRIBUTION. 2. Referring to the dividing thing spec. fence, wall, septation (rare), phragma, septum, septulum, dissepiment, phragm, brattice or brattish, closson (French), interseptum, bulkhead, panel, mediastinum, perpend. See Division.

partizan, n adherent (contextual, partisan (a variant), sider, factioneer (rare), sectionary (rare), sectionist (rare), fautor

(rare), partialist.

partizanship, n. Spec. party, dissension, fautorship (rare); spec ministerialism, politicalism, chquism, chquishness, partyiam.

partner, n. associate; spec. copartner (more formal), halver (fig.), accomplice, cavalier, sharer.

Anionyms see OPPONENT.

partnership, n. association; spec. copartnership, sharing.

parturient, a travailing (archaic)

party, n 1. association (contextual), group (contextual); spec. division, interest, side, faction, clique (a term of contempt or reproach).

2. See COMBINATION, PARTIZANSHIP,

GROUP, PEBSON, DETAIL.

1. Referring to a social affair: assembly (contextual); spec rout (chiefly hist.), reception, ball, dance, etc.

Cross references see Note particularity; individuality, particularine; mention infer

parting, n departure, death, division, farewell.

party-colored, a variegated spec. motpartisan: var of partison. partition: diride, distribute.

partly: partially parts: ability.

tled, motley, piebald, pied, pinto (south-western U. S.), skewbald

Antonyms: see ONE-COLORED. pass, n. passage; spec. defile, notch (U. S.), gap, neck, gut, cut, gate, col (French), ghaut or ghat (Anglo-Indian), kotal (East India).

pass, v : 1. See go, move, change, occur, DIE, CIRCULATE, DECIDE, DESCEND,

THRUST.

3. In reference to time: elapse (chiefly formal or (schnical), lapse (rare), go; spec. flit (usually with an adverb, as "by," "over," flit (usually with an adverb, as "by," "over," ctc.), glide (us ally with "by"), slip (usually with an adverb, as "by," "away," etc.), expire, run, wear (often with "on"), flow (with "by").

2. Referring to the going by, away, or the like, of some state, emotion, etc.: go, over-

pass (rare), sink, slip, overblow.

4. Referring to the transfer of rights from

one to another: go, devolve, fall.
pass, v t. 1. See CROSS, DELIVER, EXTEND, OUTSTRIP, EXCEED, ENACT, MISS, IGNORE, APPROVE, PROMISE.

2. In the sense of "to get by or go by": spec. clear, skirt, leap, overpass, transmeate (obs. or rare), stride.

3. In the sense of "to let go, or cause to go":

let; spec frank, graduate

4. Referring to time: spend, overpass (rare), wear (often with "away"), use, while or wile (usually with "away"); spec. beguile, moon, languish (usually with "out" or "away"), drowse.

pass, u. 1. See STATE, THRUST, DEATH, MO-

TION, MOVEMENT.

2. authorization (contextual), permission (contextual), paper (slang; a collective); spec order (Eng.), passport, purwanah (East Indian).

passable, a. 1. pervious (rare); spec. ford-

Antonyms: see IMPASSABLE.

2. See MODERATE, FAIR. passage, n. 1. passing (emphasizing the idea of the action); spec. going, motion, movement, change, exchange, encounter, enactment, migration, evacuation.

3. In reference to time lapse, elapse (rare), tract (rare), efflux (literary), effluxion (literary); spec. course, revolu-

tion, expiry, run.

way (contextual), spec. shoot, cut, communication, defile, corridor, gallery, hall, entry, door, gate, mouth, cloister, heading, drift, level, tunnel, winze, shaft, flue,

parturience: childbirth.

chimney, caponier, cuniculus (archæology), sap, iter, chute, vomitary (chiefly hist.). Also see 1st pass.

Antonyms: see IMPASSE.

4. Referring to literature: spec. commation (Gr. prosody), pericope (chiefly in writing on Biblical literature), commonplace, collectanea (pl.). Also see PART.

5. Referring to music: spec. bar, measure, phrase, melody, coda, etc.

passenger, n. passager (obs.); spec. fare, inside (collog.), outside (collog.).

passer, n. passer-by (emphatic), by-passer (equiv. of "passer-by"), passenger (rare).

passing, a. 1. In the physical sense: spec. transmigratory, transient.

Antonyms: see ENDURING.

2. Fig.: spec. current, fleeting, revolving; see cursory, transient, great, hasty. passing, n. 1. See Passage.

2. Fig.: spec. transition, graduation, lapse, elapse; see DEATH, OCCURRENCE.

passive, a. 1. nonresistant, patient (rare).

2. See INACTIVE.

passiveness, n. 1. passivity, nonresistance, irresistance (rare), patience (rare).

2. See INACTIVITY.

passover, n. pasch (archaic or hist.).

passport, n. pass (contextual), license (contextual); spec. credentials (pl.), dustuck or dustuk (East Indian).

password, n. countersign or (for short) sign, word (short for "password"), shibboleth (spec. or fig.); spec. watchword, parole.

past, a. bygone, gone (rare, exc. as used predicatively), preterite (rare, exc. as a grammatical term), bypast (emphatic equiv. of "past"), foregone (archaic), ancient (archaic or obs., exc. spec.); spec. ago (predicative), agone (archaic), overpassed, elapsed, preterlapsed (rare); see FORMER, OBSOLETE.

Antonyms: see PRESENT, FUTURE.

past, n. foretime (rare), heretofore (rare);

spec. history, yesterday.

Antonyms: see PRESENT, FUTURE.

paste, n. 1. In cookery: dough (chiefly spec.); spec. batter, brioche, macaroni, spaghetti, vermicelli.

2. Referring to any of various things sug-

gesting the paste of cookery: spec. pastel, dope, electuary, magma, strass; see cosmetic, cement.

pasteboard, n. board (short for "paste-board"; chiefly cant), carton (rare or spec.); spec. cardboard, millboard, strawboard, binder's board.

pastoral, n. 1. composition (contextual), eclogue; spec. idyl, bucolic (chiefly in pl.).

2. See CROSIER.

pastry, n. bakemeat (obs.), patisserie (French); spec. pie, cake, tart, puff, etc.
pasture, n. 1. pasturage; spec. grass, grazing.

2. Referring to the land: grassland; spec. grazing, lea (dial. or Eng.), range (U.S.), cowgate (Eng.), yard (U.S. and Canada). pasture, a. pascual (rare), pascuous (rare); spec. grazing.

pasty, a. 1. doughy.

2. See soft, sticky.

patchy, a. Śpec. spotty (painter's cant). paternity, n. fatherhood, fathership, sireship (rare).

path, n. 1. way (contextual); spec. track, footpath, trail, berm.

2. See WALK, COURSE.

pathiess, a. unpathed (rare); spec. untracked (rare), trackless.

pathological, a. Spec. morbid, morbific. Antonyms: see HEALTHFUL.

patience, n. patiency (rare), patientness (rare); spec. endurance, forbearance, long-suffering, sufferance, longanimity (rare), forbearing.

Antonyms: see Uneasiness; also cf. irascible.

spec. enduring or (rare) endurant, long-suffering, longanimous (learned or literary), magnanimous (rare).

Antonyms: see IRASCIBLE, INTOLERANT, UNEASY.

patient, n. 1. In medicine: subject, case; spec. clinic.

2. Referring to one acted upon in any way: subject.

patriot, n. Spec. compatriot, jingo (contemptuous), Chauvinist, patriotess (fem.).

Antonyms: see TRAITOR.

PCross references: see Note.

passé: obsolete, worn-out, faded.

passion: suffering, anger, frenzy.

passionate: intense, angry,

frantic.

past, prep.: by.

past, adv.: by, beyond.

pastel: paste, crayon, picture.

pastil: candle, lozenge.

pastime: diversion.

pastor: minister.

pastoral: rural.

pasturage: grazing, pasture.

pasture, v. t.: graze.

pat, a.: appropriate.

pat, n.: stroke, lump, caress.
pat, v. t.: strike, caress.
patch, n.: repair, piece, spot,
field.
patch, v. t.: repair.
paten: plate, disk.
patent, a.: open, evident.
patent, n.: document, right.
paternal: fatherly, inherited,
descended.
paternity: fatherhood, descent.
pathos: suffering, compassion,
lamentableness.
patois: dialect.

patrician, a.: noble, aristocratic.

patrician, n.: noble, aristocrat.

patricide: homicide.

patrimonial: ancestral, hereditary.

patrimony: hereditament.

patriotic: public.

patrol, v. t.: traverse, guard.

patrol, n.: guard, watchman.

patron: defender, benefactor,
customer, saint, deity.

patronage: aid, custom.

patronize: protect, aid, notice.

patronymic: family.

patter, v. i. 1. strike (contextual), pit-apat, pit-pat, pitter-patter;—all' "strike" being imilative.

3. See DABBLE.

patter, n. pit-s-pat, pattering, pit-pat,

pitter-patter.

pattern, n. 1. form (contextual), original (contextual); spec. model, block, norm or (Latin) norma, copy, type, archetype, exemplar (rare), paradigm (rare), mold or mould, template or templet, curb or kerb, plan, last.

3. In a figurative or secondary sense: spec. ensample (archaic), paragon, mirror

(rare), idea.

2. See EXAMPLE, DESIGN.

pave, v. t. cover (contextual), lay (contextual); spec. cobble, causey (chiefly Scot.), pitch, slab, concrete, flag, brick, flint, pave-ment (chiefly in p. p. "pavemented"), floor. paved, a. paven (chiefly poetic), pave-

mented (rare); spec. flagged.

pavement, n. pave (chiefly U. S), paving;

spec. flagging, cobbles (pl.), causey (chiefly Scot.).

paver, n. pavior (more formal), paviner

(rare); apec. flagger.

pawn, v. t. pledge (contextual); spec (in reference to putting with a pawnbroker to secure a loan) spout (collog or slang), sweat (slang).

Autonyms see FREE.

pawnbroker, n. broker (contextual), lumberer (obs. or slang), uncle (slang).

pawnshop, n. pawnbrokery (rare), mont de piété (French; used of those of various other countries besides France), spout

(slang), popshop (slang).
pay, v. t. 1. With the person as the object: apec. compensate, remunerate, satisfy, repay, prepay, reward, requite (often iron-ical), reimburse, indemnify, stipend (rare), recoup (often used reflexively), recompense, stand (collog), fee, salary.

2. With the debt, obligation, or cause of in-debtedness as the object; discharge (contextual), satisfy, settle (contextual), liquidate, quit, acquit (archaic); spec. sink, lift, compound, foot, honor, defray, meet, discount

Antonyms: see REPUDIATE, DISHONOR. a. With what is given in payment as the chiect: give (contextual), render; spec. tribute.

pay, v. i. Spec. fine (Eng.), toll. pay, n. profit (contextual); spec. compensation, reward, requital, recompense, remuneration, stipend, prebend, satisfaction, perquisite, percentage, brokerage, commission, freight; see HIRE, SEE.

paying, a Spec compensatory, compensative, remuneratory, remunerative, prof-

rtable.

payment, n. 1. The act of paying a person: spec. compensation, remuneration, satisfaction, repayment, reward, requital, reimbursement, recoupment, recompense.

2. The act of paying a debt: discharge

(contextual), settlement (contextual), satisfaction; spec. liquidation, quittance, acquittance, sinking, lifting, compounding,

settlement, defrayal, discount.

That which is given by way of payment: render; spec. blood money, salvage, scot, royalty, earnest, gale (rare or U. S.), garnish (hist.), rehet (hist.), prestation, her-

iot; see fee, installment peace, n. 1. Spec. concord, accord (rare), harmony, amity, frith (obs or hist.), truce, pax (Latin), friendliness.

Antonyms see dissension, war.

2. Referring to a person's mental condition, actual or seeming spec equammity, comquiet or quietness, quietude, rest, requiem (rare), tranquillity or tranquilness, repose, peacefulness, imperturbation (rare). Antonyms. see ACTIVITY

peaceable, a. 1. peaceful (rare); spec.

pacific, quiet, gentle, bloodless. Antonyms: see IRASCIBLE, COMBATIVE, PUGNACIOUS, QUARRELSOME.

2. See PEACEFUL.

peaceful, a. 1. amicable, peaceable, concordant, harmonious

Spec. equanimous (rare), composed, placid, calm, quiet, restful, tranquil. Antonyms see Agitated.

peacemaker, n. makepeace (archaic), pacificator (rare), peacemonger (opprobrious); spec dove (fig.)

Anionyms: see MISCHIEF-MAKER. peace message. Irenicon (rare), olive

branch (fig.).

peacocklike, a. pavonian, pavonine.

peak, n. 1. See POINT, SUMMIT.

2. Referring to a mountain summit ending in a point: spec. pinnacle, horn (rare or consciously fig), pike (now local Eng., or used in proper names), butte (U. S.), cone, cusp (rare), ben (Scot.; chiefly used in proper names), nunatak.

The Cross references me Note, patter, v. babble, chatter, patter, n.: babble, chatter, dia-

pattern, v. imilat paucity: fewness paunch: abdomen

pauneby: fat pauper: beggar
pauperize: impoveresh
pause, v : stop, hemiole.
pavilion: tent, bell. canopy,

building hand, foot handserst-

paw, v t handle, pawl: lever, catch, pawn: prece pawn: pledge, payable; due pascemaking: pacific.

Anionyma: see Bottom, Plateau. pearl, n. 1. margarite (archaic); see DROP.

2. nacre (learned or tech.).

pearly, n. 1. perlaceous (rare); spec. nacreous, nacrous (rare).

2. See lustrous, gray.

pear-shaped, a. pyriform, obconic (math.). peasant, n. countryman (contextual), boor (obs., exc. of Dutch, German, or other foreign peasants), bucolic (humorous), contadino (Italian; masc.), contadina (Italian; fem.), peasantess (fem.); spec. cotter, cottar, cottier (Great Britain and *Ireland*), muzhik *or* moujik, ryot, fellah. pea-shaped, a. pisiform (tech.).

pebble, n. stone (contextual); spec. chuck-

ie (a quartz pebble; Scot.), plum.

peck, v. t. strike (contextual), beak (rare); spec. pecket (rare), peckle.

peculiar, a. 1. own, proper (rare, exc. spec.), individual, idiosyncratic; spec. appropriate, idiomatic. See own.

2. See ODD, SPECIAL.

peculiarity, n. 1. properness (rare), idiosyncrasy, individuality; spec. idiom.

2. See ODDITY.

pedant, n. precisian (contextual); spec. bluestocking (fem.; usually contemptuous), morosoph, pedantess (fem.).

pedantic, a. pedantical (rare), budge (literary); spec. bluestocking or (for short) blue (usually contemptuous), bookish.

Antonyms: see COLLOQUIAL.

peddle, v. t. sell (contextual); spec. canvass (usually less derogatory than "peddle"),

hawk, cadge (dial. or slang).

peddler, n. seller (contextual), pedlar (a variant), peripatetic (humorous and contextual); spec. canvasser, hawker, cadger (dial. or slang), costermonger or coster (Eng.), haggler (Eng.), huckster or (rare) hucksterer (chiefly a term of local use in specific senses), husksteress or huckstress (fem.), faker (slang), cheap Jack (slang; contemptuous), cheap John (slang; contemptuous), packman, duffer (slang), colporteur.

pedestrian, a. peripatetic (chiefly humor- | penetrative, a. 1. penetrant, penetrating;

ous, exc. spec.), perigrinator (rare); spec. tramp, itinerant, hiker, walker, runner.

pediment, n. frontal; spec. frontispiece, fronton (rare or obs. equiv. of "frontispiece").

peek, v. i. & n. look (contextual), peep, squint; see GLANCE.

peeker, n. peeper; spec. Paul Pry, Peeping Tom.

peekhole, n. eyehole, eyelethole (rare), eyelet (rare), loophole; spec. squint, hagioscope, Judas, oillet (hist.).

pellet, n. Spec. pebble, hailstone, bullet;

800 GLOBULE, GRAIN.

pelt, v. t. strike (contextual); spec. pepper, bepepper (an intensive), bepelt (an intensive), stone, egg, pellet, lapidate (rare), bombard.

pen, n. style (literary or rhetorical), stylus (a rare equiv. of "style"); spec. quill,

goose quill.

pen, n. inclosure (contextual); spec. fold, penfold or pinfold (chiefly Eng.), coop, hutch, sty, cruive (Scot.), crib, stall, pit, cage, crawl, pound.

penalty, n. 1. Referring to what is inflicted in order to punish: punishment; spec. chastisement, whipping, flogging, fine, forfeiture; see FINE.

Antonyms: see REWARD.

2. See disadvantage, handicap.

pencil, n. 1. See BRUSH.

2. marker (contextual); spec. crayon, chalk, charcoal, keelivine (Scot.).

pendant, n. drop; spec. flap, tag, pendicle (rare), pendule (rare), coachwhip (naut.), lobe, lob (rare), flag, eardrop, pendeloque (French), cul-de-lampe (French), tassel, jag, tippet, bulla; see Chandelier.

penetrate, v. t. 1. In a sense implying force: spec. interpenetrate, impenetrate (rare), compenetrate, cut, sink, invade, interdigitate (rare), interosculate (rare), bore, burrow, etc.; see PIERCE, PER-FORATE.

2. See enter, pervade, indent, affect, UNDERSTAND, PERCEIVE.

pelt, n.: skin.

pen, v. t.: confine.

pencil, v. t.: depict.

penalize: punish, handicap.

pendency: continuance, droop.

penance, n.: punishment. penance, v. t.: punish. penchant: inclination.

Cross references: see Note. **peal**, n.: ringing, set, outbreak. pearl, v. t.: granulate. pebble, v. t.: grain. peccadillo: fault. peck, v. i.: strike, eat. peck, n.: stroke, dot. peculate: steal. peculiarize: individualize. pecuniary: monetary. pedagogic, pedagogical: instructive. pedagogics: teaching. pedagogue: teacher. pedagogy: education. pedestal: support. pedigree: descent, genealogy. pedlar: var. of peddler.

peel, n.: skin, bark, hull. peel, v. t.: skin, decorticate, hull, strip. peek, glance, emerge, peep: chirp. peer, n.: equal, noble. peer, v. i.: look, emerge. peerage: nobility. peerless: unequaled. peevish: complaining, irascible. peg: pin. pelage: coat. pellicle: film. pell-mell: hasty.

pendent: drooping, hanging, undecided. pending, prep.: during. pendulous: hanging. penetrate, v. i.: enter, soak. penitent: regretful. penitentiary: prison.
penmanship: handwriting. pellucid: clear, intelligible. pelt, v. t.: throw. drive. pennant: flag. pelt, v. i.: strike. pennate: winged, feathered.

spec. insinuating; see PERMEATIVE, PIERC-

3. See Sharp, Piercing, Subtle.
pennon, n. Spec. pennoncel (hist.),
streamer; see Flag.

penny, n. 1. copper (contextual), saltee (slang; Eng.).

3. See CENT.

pensioner, n pensionary (often in a sinister sense), pensionnaire (French; rare), see MERCENARY.

penthouse, n. lean-to; spec. pluteus (Ro-

man antiq.).

people, n. 1. Referring to a body of persms constituting a nation, tribe, race, or the like folk (chiefly spec); spec. landfolk (rare), countryfolk, country, race, tribe,

heritage, nation, state

2. Referring to persons standing in some special relation or having some characteristic by which they are classed together: folk (less formal than "people"), spec. city, town, village, boys (pl), girls (pl), men (pl.), women (pl.), company, public.

8. The ordinary people as distinguished from the nobility or from the wealthy or educated: populace (sometimes, more invidiously, equiv. to "mob"), commons, commonalty (a collective), commonalty (rare), commonage (rare), commune (hist), proletariat, masses (pl.), mass (used with "the"), generality or (with "the") general (archaic), vulgar (rare, used with "the"), multitude (used with "the"), democracy, demos (learned or tech. or spec.); spec. crowd, mob, gentry.

Antonyms: see NOBILITY.

4. folks or folk ("folks" is now the commoner term, and is rather informal or collequial; "folk" is archaic, exc. spec.), they (an indefinite use of the pronoun), men (properly, male people).

people, v. t. 1. populate, empeople (intensive; literary); spec. settle.

Antonyms see DEPOPULATE.

2. See Inhabit.

perceive, v. t. see; spec. seise, catch, apprehend, appreciate, discern, apperceive (rare, exc. tech.), read, find, penetrate, pierce, descry, tell, observe, recognize, cognize (arare or tech.), sense, detect, spot, smoke (archaic), trace, scan (rare), hear, feel, snuff, sniff, smell; see understand, distinguish, notice.

perceive, v. i Spec. intuit (rare or learned), know, understand, feel.

perceiver, n. perceptent, spec. observer, discerner, etc.

percentage, n. Spec. pay (contextual), backwardstion (Eng. Stock Exchange), contango (Eng. Stock Exchange), factorage.

perceptible, a. perceivable; spec. apprehensible, appreciable, discernible, detectable, tangible, sensible, observable; see

VISIBLE.

Antonyms: see IMPERCEPTIBLE, UNPER-

CEIVABLE.

perception, n. 1. Referring to the act: seeing; spec. seizure, apprehension, discernment, penetration, descrial (rare), observation, recognition, percipience (rare), apperception, knowledge, cognizance, detection, cognition, illusion, sensation, vision, intuition, feeling, hearing, smell, sight.

2. Referring to the faculty senses, sensation, perceiving, ken (rare or archaic or literary); spec. eye, telesthesia, touch, feeling, hearing, smell, sight, consciousness; see insight

perceptive, a. Spec. apprehensive, intuitive, intuitional, etc.

peroh, n. rest (contextual), roost (chiefly spec.).

perch. v. i. rest (chiefly spec.); spec. alight, ait, roost.

perching, a. insessorial.

perfect, a. consummate, ideal; spec. utter; see COMPLETE, FAULTLESS

perfect, v. t. perfectionize (rare), perfectionate (rare); spec consummate; see COMPLETE, IDEALIZE

perfection, n. 1. Referring to the act or action: perfectation (rare), perfectionation (rare), perfectionment (rare), spec. completion, idealization, consummation

2. Referring to the state perfectiveness, perfectiveness (rare), perfectivity (rare); spec. finish, faultlessness, utterness; see EXCELLENCE, CORRECTNESS, HOLINESS.

Antonyms: see imperfection.

3. Of one that is perfect perfect (rare); spec. crown (fig.), bloom or flower (fig.), perforate, v. i. penetrate (contextual), pierce (contextual), foraminate (rare); spec terebrate (rare), riddle, tunnel, tre-

spec terebrate (rare), riddle, tunnel, trepan ar trepanize, transforate, prickle, pink, punch, prick.

to Cross references see Note.
panalle: hanging.
panalon, n allowance.
panalon, o t refere.
panaloe: sad
penurious: stringy
panury: poperty, deficiency,
poppery: purgent transible.

Antonyms, see MISS.

perambulate, of traverse perambulate, of walk, perambulation; excamperence perceptable: perceptable, percept: sheet percolation: eradation, percolation: eradation, percussion: stroke shock, percussive: stroking perdition run peremptory: commanding, dogmate, decisive absolute, perantial: lasting perditions: unfaithful, perforative: purceng

PERSIFLAGE

perforated, a. Spec. fenestrate or fenestrated, foraminated.

perform, v. t. 1. do, discharge, fulfill; see

2. See FILL, ACT, OBSERVE, ACCOMPLISH. performance, n. 1. doing, discharge, fulfillment; spec. act, action, accomplishment, ceremony.

2. Referring to a play, part, etc.: spec. play, entr'acte (French), concert, sing (rare or collog.), matinée, vaudeville; see show.

performer, n. 1. See DOER.

2. Spec. executant, soloist, duettist, singer, balancer, acrobat, equilibrist, contortionist, etc.; see PLAYER.

perhaps, adv. perchance (formal; obsolescent or literary), possibly, peradventure (archaic or literary), maybe (less dignified than "perhaps"); spec. probably, possibly, belike (archaic), haply (archaic or poetic), happily (archaic; rare).

period, n. 1. time (contextual); spec. epoch, eon, era, age, span, spell, stage, cycle, eternity, season, term, limit, interval, epact, luster or lustrum, kalpa, manvan-

tara, indiction, semester.

2. See END.

periodic, a. Spec. epochal, seasonal, cyclic, serial, secular, termly, centennial; see intermittent.

Antonyms: see IRREGULAR.

periodical, n. publication (contextual); spec. serial, weekly, monthly, quarterly, magazine, bulletin, gazette.

perjure, v. t. Used reflectively: man-

swear (archaic), forswear.

perjured, a. forsworn, mansworn (ar-chaic).

perk, v. i. 1. Spec. strut.

2. See SPRUCE.

permanence, n. permanency; spec. immovableness, fixity, fixture (archaic), constancy, durableness, lastingness.

Antonyms: see TRANSIENCE.

permanent, a. Spec. fixed, standing, irremovable, immovable (literally or fig.), pucka or pakka (Anglo-Indian); see LASTING, CONSTANT, UNFADING, DURABLE.

Antonyms: see Transient, Temporary, Shifting, Provisional.

permissible, a. allowable, free; spec. open, |

sufferable, unprohibited, admissible, dispensable (eccl.).

permission, n. allowance, permit (rare), leave; spec. sufferance, toleration, favor, license, liberty, congé (French) or congee (rare), grace (Eng. universities), exeat, dispensation, see AUTHORIZATION.

Antonyme: see FORBIDDANCE.

permissive, a. Spec. facultative (literary); spec. dispensative or dispensatory.

permit, v. t. allow; spec. let (with an infinitive, usually used without "to"), tolerate, leave (with an objective and the infinitive), suffer (now chiefly archaic), license, have (only with a negative, as in "he will not have it mentioned"), facultate (rare); see AUTHORIZE.

Antonyms: see FORBID.

permit, n. Spec. chop (in Chinese and East Indian trade), firman (Turkish); see LICENSE, PASSPORT.

permitted, a. licit (literary); spec. wel-

come (contextual).

perpendicular, a. 1. See ERECT, PRECIPITOUS.

2. In geometry: normal (more technical than "perpendicular"), cathetal (rare); spec. vertical.

perplex, v. t. 1. puzzle, bepuzzle (an intensive), fog (fig.); spec. mystify, nonplus, set, corner, get (colloq.), divide (rare), embarrass, stagger, metagrabolize (rare); see CONFUSE.

Antonyms: see Enlighten.

2. See COMPLICATE.

perplexed, a. doubtful (contextual), puzzled; spec. nonplussed, embarrassed, etc.

perplexing, a. Spec. puzzling, embarrassing, knotty, obscure, etc.; see confusing. perplexity, n. 1. doubt (contextual), perplexedness, puzzle, puzzlement (rare), puzzledom (rare); spec. nonplus, quandary, nonplussation (rare), embarrassment, fog (fig.); see confusion.

2. Referring to what perplexes: difficulty (contextual), puzzle; spec. cobweb (fig.).

3. See COMPLEXITY.

persecute, v. t. 1. oppress, pursue; spec. (often fig.) dragoon, dragoonade.

1

Antonyms: see INDULGE.

2. See AFFLICT, BESET, URGE

perform, v. i.: act.
perfume, n.: smell, scent.
perfume, v. t.: scent.
perfunctory: formal, indifferent.
peril, n.: danger.
peril, v. t.: endanger.
perilous: dangerous.

Cross references: see Note.

perious: dangeroux.
perimeter: circumference.
periphery: circumference,
boundary.

periphrasis: circumlocution. periphrastic: circumlocutory.

perishable: destructible, decomposable.

perk, v. i.: strut, spruce.

perk, v. t.: erect, spruce.

permeable: pervious.

permeate: pervade.

permutation: interchange.

pernicious: destructive, harmful, ruinous.

perish: die, decay, end.

perorate: declaim, end.
peroration: discourse, end.
perpetrate: do, commit.
perpetration: commission.

perpetual: constant, eternal, endless.

perpetuate: continue, eternalize.

perpetuation: continuation, eternity.

perpetuity: constancy, eternity.

perquisite: pay, profit.

perseverance: continuance, constancy.

persevere: continue.

persevering: constant, continuing.

persiflage: banter.

persistent, a. 1. Spec. sedulous, willful, personate, v. t. impersonate (usually assiduous; see obstinate.

2. See Constant, Continuing.

person, n. 1. In the sense of "a human being": man (now only in indefinite phrases, as "every man," etc., and understood as primarily meaning a male, but including women by implication), individual (chiefly a colloquial vulgarism or disparaging), party (spec., exc. when vulgar or slang as a simple equivalent of "person"), fellow (chiefly collog., undignified, or even vulgar), body (familiar), piece (archaic or dial), wight (archaic, exc in "luckless wight," "hapless wight"), chap (familiar and undignified), human (now chiefly humorous or affected or used as a neuter in gender), spec (as viewed in a certain way) spirit, beast, presence, animal, personage, nature, soul, homo (tech.; generic), creature (often depreciating, condescending, or pitying), figure, form, shape, hand, mind, mouth, machine, chit, card (slang), bloke (vulgar slang), chal (Gypsy), billy, billie (Scot), birkie (familiar or jocular; Scot), buckie (Scot.), smarty (colloq., U. S.), hulk, worthy, worm or earthworm (in contempt), egoist or egotist, dry-as-dust, dragoon, dog (in contempt or abuse), disreputable, insect (in contempt), wagtail (contemptuous; rure), deceiver, dupe, blockhead, etc.

2. In theology, of the Derty: hypostasis, personality; spec. Father, Son, Holy Ghost.

3. In law: university (chiefly Roman or Civil law), universities (Lat. equiv. of "university"), corporation, body (colloq.).

4. See PERSONALITY

personage, n. 1. person (in this sense chiefly with a qualifying word or words), somebody (collog.), figure, bigwig (humarous or contemptuous), character (contextual, buzzwig (derisive, rare), big bug (slang), clarissimo (Italian; obs.), magnifico (Italian), proceres (pl.; Latin; rare exc. hist); see MAGNATE.

Antonyms: see NOBODY.

2. See Carriage.

personal, a. 1. individual; spec. intimate: SEE BODILY, PRIVATE.

2. Of property: movable.

3. In theology essential, hypostatic. personality, n. character, individuality spec), personify (rare); see ACT, COUNTER-

personate, v. i. Spec masquerade.

personity, v. t. 1. In the sense of representing as a person, or symbolizing by a human form: impersonate, personation, personalize (rare), impersonify (rare);—"persontfy" being the most common.

3. See EMBODY.

perspiration, n. excretion (contextual). water (contextual); spec. exhalation, sweat (a word erroneously avoided as vulgar), sweating, disphoresis (tech.).

perspire, v. i. & l. excrete (contextual);

spec. exhale, sweat, swelter. pervade, t. t. 1. penetrate, permeate, fill (contextual), commente (rare); spec. interfuse (in a nonphysical sense), imbue, impregnate, infiltrate.

2. Sec animate.

perverse, a. 1. See WICKED, PERVERTED. 2. Implying a going counter to what is reasonable or demanded froward (literary), wayward, cross-grained, cantankerous, untoward or (rare) untowardly, oblique or obliquitous (both rare), contrarious (mostly literary), contrary (colloq.), wrong-headed, cussed (U.S.; slang; primarily a euphemistic oath), thwart (rare); see intractable, obstinate.

Antonyms: see complaisant, manage-

perversion, n. 1. distortion; spec. wrench, twist, misuse, misusage, misrepresentation, misappropriation, misapplication, misconstruction, misdirection.

2. degeneration, depravation, degrada-

tion, corruption.

perversity, n. 1. See WICKEDNESS.

2. perverseness, frowardness (literary), waywardness, untowardness, obliquity (rare, contrariousness (mostly literary), wrong-headedness, cussedness (U. S.; slang), thwartness (rare); see intracta-BILITY, OBSTINACY.

Antonyms: complaisance (cf. COMPLAI-SANT), manageableness (cf. MANAGEABLE). pervert, v. t. 1. distort; spec. wrest, wrench, twist, misuse, warp, writhe (rore), torture, strain, wiredraw (fig.), wry (archaic), wring (archaic), misapply, misturn (rare), mutilate, misdirect, corrupt, misconstrue, sophisticate, garble, misrepresent.

Cross references see Note. persist: continue. persistence: continuance, conabzers

persistent: constant, continu-

personable: good-looking perspective: delineation, ap-

perspicacions: discerning

perspicacity: discernment perspicuity: intelligionisty, cf. (c.e.s.a. for rlearness) perspicuous: clear, intelligible. persuade: induce. persuasive: inducise. pert: imputent. pertain: belong, relate. pertaining: belonging

pertinency: relation pertinent: belonging, relative, pertinese: impudence perturb: disturb perturbation: disturbance, peruse: read pervasive: cf DIFFUSIVE. pervert, e : apostasue, pervert, e. apostate

pertinacity: constancy.

pertinacious; constant.

2. deprave, degrade, degenerate, corrupt. perverted, a. distorted, perverse, wry (literary), misdirected, etc.

pervious, a. penetrable; spec. permeable,

diathermanous.

Antonyms: see IMPENETRABLE.

pessimist, n. Spec. cynic, malist, miserabilist.

pest, n. 1. See DISEASE.

2. Referring to something inflicting harm or distress: bane, curse; see TROUBLE.

Antonyms: see GOOD.

posthouse, n. hospital, lazaretto or (less common) lazaret (chiefly spec. and referring to foreign, esp. Oriental, countries).

pestle, n. pounder (contextual), muller,

brayer.

pet, n. dear, fondling, darling, duck (chiefly a term of endearment), daut (Scot.), favorite; spec. dotage, cosset, cade.

pet, a. cherished, favorite, fond, cosset, cockney (obs. or rare; Eng.), darling.

pet, n. fit, huff, tiff, peeve (colloq. or slang).
petrify, v. t. lapidify (rare), lithify (rare);
spec. fossilize, calcify, gorgonize, enmarble or immarble.

petroleum, n. rock oil; spec. kerosene, petrol (Eng.), gasoline (U. S. equiv. of Eng. "petrol"), naphtha, maltha, etc.

petticoat, n. Spec. balmoral, crinoline, fustanella (in Greece)

fustanella (in Greece).

pew, n. 1. Referring to the inclosed seat: spec. box.

2. Referring to the uninclosed seat: bench; spec. slip (U, S).

philanthropist, n. philanthrope (rare); spec. humanitarian (often contemptuous).

Antonyms: see MISANTHROPE.

Philistine, n. Philister (a Germanism), gigman (so used by Carlyle), Goth, Hun, Vandal.

philosopher, n. philosoph (rare), philosophaster (derogatory); spec. philosopheress (fem.; humorous; rare), metaphysician, peripatetic, cynic, Scholastic, Lockian, Hegelian, etc.

philosophy, n. metaphysics, philosophism (derogatory); spec. epistemology, empiricism, idealism, teleology, ontology, etc.

phonetic, a. 1. phonic, phonal (rare); spec. phonographic.

2. See sonant.

photograph, n. photo (colloq.), print (contextual), catch (colloq.); spec. minette, kodak, daguerreotype.

physic, v. t. 1. See DRUG.

2. Spec. purge, drench.

Antonyms: see CONSTIPATE.

pianist, n. pianiste (fem.; cant), pianofortist (formal); spec. cembalist (rare).

piano, n. pianoforte (formal), clavier (Ger.); spec. pianette, pianino.

pick, v. t. 1. See STRIKE, PIERCE, CHOOSE, MAKE, EAT, PLAY.

2. detach (contextual), pluck (chiefly spec.); spec. cull, gather, pull, cut.

8. Referring to a fowl, bird, etc.: clean (contextual), pluck; spec. plume (rare).

pickle, n. Spec. brine, marinade, dip. pickle, v. t. do (contextual), preserve (contextual); spec. brine, souse, marinade, corn, salt.

pickpocket, n. thief (contextual), gonoph (cant), robber (contextual), wire (cant; Eng.); spec. cutpurse, dip (cant), pickpurse (obs.), dipper (cant), swell-mobs-

man (slang).

picture, n. 1. piece (contextual); spec. portrayal, portray (rare), scene, delineation, daub, tableau, miniature, monochrome, monotint, perspective, drawing, etching, painting, oil (colloq. or cant), watercolor (colloq.), print, primitive, landscape, skyscape, marine, seascape (a less proper equiv. of "marine"), lithograph, photograph, portrait, portraiture, chromograph, zincograph, pasticcio (Italian), pastiche (French), pastel, cyclorama, panorama, diorama, etc.

2. See IMAGE, COUNTERPART.

pie, n. pastry (contextual); spec. paté (French), patty, pattycake, bury.

Cross references: see Note. pesky: unpleasant. pester: annoy. pestiferous: morbific, harmful, destructive, deadly, infectious. pestilence: disease. pestilential: deadly, harmful, troublesome, infectious. pet, v. t.: indulge, caress. petite: small. **petition,** n.: asking, address. petition, v. t.: ask, address. petition, v. i.: ask, appeal. petted: pet. pettifog: prevaricate. pettifogging: prevarication. trickery. pettish: irascible. petty: unimportant, mean, inferior.

petulant: irascible. phantasm: fancy, apparition, phantasy: fancy, caprice, imagination. phantom, n.: apparition, idea. phantom, a.: apparitional, pharisaic: hypocritical, formal. pharisee: hypocrite. phase: appearance, state. phenomenal: apparent, extraordinary. phenomenon: occurrence, appearance. philology: linguistics. phlegmatic: calm, dull, slugphosphorescent: luminescent. phrase, v. t.: describe.

phraseology: expression, diction, language. physic, a.: cathartic. physic, n.: drug, medicine, cathartic. physical: material, corporeal. physician: doctor. physique: build, constitution. pick, v. i.: choose, eat. pick, n.: stroke, choice, best. picked: choice. picket, n.: stake, detail, watcher, picket, v. t.: fence, guard, station. pienie: cf. EXCURSION. pictorial: graphic. picture, v. t.: depict, imagine, describe. piebald: party-colored.

chunk, chuck, rag, lump, chump, mampiece, n. 1. mock (archaic,, shred, scrap, snatch, chip. cantle, cantlet, patch, flap, gobbet, end, bit, block, blad (Seet), clip, cutting, bite, mouthful, print, pat, cut, slice, cutlet, chop, fragment, clout (archaic or diat.), cabbage (a collective). See PART.

2. In games man, spec. blot, draught, pawn, king, knight, castle, queen, bishop.

3. Referring to land plot, plat, lot (chufly U. S.), area, patch, canton (obsorrare); spec. field, square, bed, gore, circle blot, control of the con cle, block, corner.

4. Sec example, coin, firearm, compo-SITION, ARTICLE, STATUE, PICTURE, SCULP-

piecemeal, a Spec. limbmeal (archaic). pier, n. 1. support (contextual); spec. post,

buttress, pillar, foundation 2. Referring to a pur in the water: spec mole, quay, jutty, jetty, dike (local Eng), grain, dock (collog :; see WHARF.

pierce, t. t 1. penetrate (contextual), empierce (hierary and intensive); spec impale, prick, pink, transpierce, transfix, puncture, pick, breach, hole (rare), terebrate (rare), lance (poetic or spec), drill, bore, brog (dial.), gore, spear, dock (cook-ery), needle, gimlet, skewer, javelin; see PERFORATE (which implies the making of a hole clear through).

2. See affect, enter, perceive

piercing, a. 1. penetrative, penetrating, perceant (archaic and poetic), perforative; spec. cutting.

2. See Bharp, Affecting, Painful, High (in sound , DISCERNING, SARCASTIC,

pig, n. swine, hog porker; spec. roaster, whinnock, Tantony (dial), sow. pigeon, n dove (in ordinary usage a some-

what narrower term than "pigeon"); epec. duffer, culver, cushat (chiefly Scot. and dial. Eng.), squab, piper, homer, fantail, pouter, tumbler, etc.

pigeonlike, a. columbine (literary or tech.), dovelike.

pigment, n color (contextual); spec. dye, paint, wash, tincture (rare)

pillage: plunder pillow: cushion, pilose: harry pilot, n steersman, guide, Cross references see Note plece, v l jove repair. pled: parly-colored plety: religiousness, obedience. pilot, n steersman, guard aviator pilot, v t steer, guids, pilotage: guidance. piggary: pigsty piggish: swintsh, gluttenous, piggist. samua, yamana greedy pigmy, n.. variant of pygmy, pigtali: cue. pike, n. point. pilaster: pilar. pily: nappy pimp: band pln, v t fosten, hold, bind, pinch, v t squeeze, oppress, straighten, force, famish, ex-tort, arrest pile, n hair, nap. pile, v t heap, load, furnish, accumulate pile, v v accumulate pilter: steal pinchback: counterfest, pinched narrow thin pinching: distressing pinchpenny: n.ggard

pligrim, n. 1. See JOURNEYER. 2. devotee, palmer (hist or archaic; properly spec ,, peregrinator (affected), pill, n. ball colleg or contextual); spec. bolus, globule (from its shape), pellet (a small pill, p.lule (a small pill).
ptllar, n. 1. pier, column (properly spec.):
spec. shaft, post, standhon, standhel, jamb, pilaster, atlas, caryatid, stele, needle, obelisk, herm, columella, standard, newel

pigsty, n. swinery, hogsty, sty, piggery.

2. See Support.

pilloxy, n. 1. Referring to the instrument of pumshment: spec. jougs (Scot.; hist.), cangue (used in China).

2. Referring to the form of punishment spec cyphonism (Greek antiq)

pimple, n. Spec. papula, papule, pust l. chalazion, wheal, ruby, carbuncle.

pimply, a pimpled, spec. pustular, pustulate, pustulous.

pin, n. 1. peg; spec. nog, bolt, cog, spill, bodkin, gnomon, forelock, norman (chief-ly naut), wrist, kevel, duledge, tongue, tang, fin, broach, needle, dowel, toggie, thole, treenail, skewer, spile, style.

2. In games: spec. skittle, tenpin, nine-

pin, duckpin, candlepin. pincerlike, a. forcipate (tech.)

pincers, n. pl. pinchers, tweezers, claw ing), forceps; spec. pincette (sing.), crowbili or crow's-bill (sing.).

pioneer, n. 1. See ENGINEER.

2. forerunner, dewbeater (dial. or rare): spec, planter, settler, colonist.

pipe, n. 1. Referring to a kind of musical instrument: spec file, chanter, straw (collog.), pipes (pl.), flute, flageolet, oboe, shawm, hornpipe.

2. Referring to the smoker's pipe spec. meerschaum, callean or calean, hubble-bubble, narghile, chibouk, hookah, dudeen, peacepipe, calumet (Amer. Indian).

S. See TUBE, CASK.

pirate, n. 1. sea robber or (for short and contextual) robber, marauder (contextual), corsair (chiefly spec), rover (contextual) picaroon (rare), seadog (chiefly spec),

pine, v: languish, long.
pinion, v: feather
pinion, v: feather
pinion, c: t: maim, hold, bind
pinik, v: t: pierce, perforate,
underd macal interest, peak, height pinusals: turret, peak, height pious: religious, obedient.
pips, n. seed pips, v. t. tube, utter.
pips, v. t. whistle, speak, sing, play piquant: sharp, stimulating, pungent pique, n offense pique, n t offense piracy: rubbery

seathief (rare), sea wolf (a pseudo-archaism), marooner (rare), buccaneer; spec. privateer, viking.

2. Referring to the vessel: spec. sallee-man,

privateer.

pirate, v. i. maraud (contextual), rob (contextual), picaroon (rare); spec. privateer.

pistol, n. firearm (contextual), flute (slang), gun (colloq.), shooting iron (slang); spec. revolver, snaphance, buildozer, petronel, dag, derringer.

piston, n. Spec. plunger, ram, bucket.

pit, n. 1. See HOLE, TRAP, AUDITORIUM, HELL, ABYSS.

2. Referring to a surface depression as on the body: hollow (contextual); spec. alveolus, puncture.

pitch, v. i. 1. See DESCEND, FALL, ENGAGE. 2. Referring to a ship's head on a downward motion: plunge.

Antonyms: see ROLL.

pitch, n. 1. See THROW, SLOPE, DEGREE, INTENSITY, MODULATION.

2. Of a ship: plunge.

pitcher, n. ewer (literary or archaic), jug (Eng.); spec. urceus (tech.), urceolus (tech.).

pitcher-shaped, a. urceolate (tech.).

pith, n. 1. heart (contextual), core (contextual); spec. pulp, cord, medulla (tech.).

2. See energy, essence, force.

pith, v. t. decerebrize (tech.).

pithy, a. 1. porous (contextual); spec. corky.

2. Referring to literature, etc.: substantial, meaty, matterful (colloq.), pithful (rare); see CONCISE, FORCIBLE.

Antonyms: see EMPTY.

pitted, a. variolate, punctate, puncturate, foveate, foveolate or foveolated, alveolate, lacunose (rare), favose, cuppy;—all but "pitted" and "cupped" learned or tech.

pivot, n. 1. axis, gugdeon (chiefly spec.); spec. jewel.

2. Fig.: see CENTER.

place, n. 1. Referring to the general conception of extension in space: see SPACE.

2. Referring to a definite portion of space, of greater or less extent and occupied or unoccupied: space; spec. spot, part, locality, situation, location, side, region, quarter, scene, tract, corner, locale or (less | venience, district, division, latitude, longitude, neighborhood; see BOUNDS.

8. Referring to a particular locality as being a center of population and modified or more or less determined in character by local usages, customs, etc.: spec. city, town, hamlet, village, dorp, borough, vill, etc.

4. Referring to a place as occupied by a body: position, locality, location, situation; spec. seat, site or (rare) situs, station, locus (tech.), emplacement or (rare) placement, post, pitch (rare), whereabout

or whereabouts.

5. Referring to a portion of the earth's surjace: see Territory.

6. With "in": in lieu, in stead.

7. See Position, abode, resort, rank, OPPORTUNITY.

place, v. t. 1. locate, position (rare), situate; spec. set, lay, rest, fix, slip, emplace, dispose, bestow (archaic), pitch, station, stand, ir stall, plant, collocate, perch, pose, impose (archaic), deposit, orientate or orient, rank, tee (golf); see PACK.

2. Referring to the determination of the position of a thing: locate, localize, allocate (learned, tech., or rare), position

(rare); spec. lodge.

8. Referring to finding a position, as of employment, for: berth, billet.

4. See date, class, attribute, put, ap-POINT, BESTOW.

placing, n. 1. placement (rare), emplacement (literary or tech.); spec. fixation, resting, stationing, depositing, installation, bestowal (archaic), preposition (rare), postposition, bedding, orientation.

2. location, allocation (tech. or learned), localization.

placket, n. opening (contextual), placket hole, slit, fent (chiefly dial. Eng.).

plagiarist, n. plagiator (rare), plagiary (rare), transcribbler (contemptuous), cribber (colloq. or spec.).

plagiarize, v. t. & i. abstract (contextual), crib (colloq. or spec.), steal (extremely opprobrious).

plaid, n. pattern (contextual), checker or

chequer; spec. tartan.

plain, n. flat, champaign (literary), champian or champion (obs., dial., or archaic), level; spec. prairie, steppe, tundra, llano, commonly, but more properly) local, pro- pampa (chiefly in pl.), sebka (North Africa).

Cross references: see Note. pirouette: whirl. piscatorial: fishing. pit, v. t.: fight, oppose. pit, v. t.: hollow, indent. pitch, n.: resin. pitch, v. t.: erect, establish, throw, modulate, arrange. pitchy: black. piteous: compassionate, lament-

able.

pitiable: lamentable, paltry, contemptible. pitiful: compassionate, lamentable, paltry, contemptible. pittance: little, allowance, alms. pity, n.: compassion. pity, v. t.: compassionate. pivotai: axial, central. placable: pacifiable. placard, n.: notice, advertizement.

placard, v. t.: publish, advertize. placate: pacify. placatory: pacificatory. placid: peaceful, calm. placidity: peace, calm. plague, n.: disease, annoyance. plague, v. t.: trouble, annoy. plain, n.: clear, evident, intelligible, simple, homely, mere, dull, artless, crude, uniform.

Anionyma: see HILL, MOUNTAIN.

pisinsong, n. melody, counterpoint, cantilena (Italian; tech.), canto (music).

plan, n. 1. delineation (contextual); spec. diagram, chart, layout (U. S.), ichnogra-

phy; see MAP.

1. idea, method, conception, design, scheme, system, program; spec. contrivance, device, arrangement, line, lay (slang or cant), game, plot, rede (archaic or po-etic), project, trick, forecast (rare), intrigue, conspiracy.

plan, v. t 1. See DELINEATE, DIAGRAM.

a. contrive, arrange, study, design; spec. provide, set, lay, concert, calculate (archaic), project, program (rare), premeditate, devise, block (chiefly with "out"), shape, cast, plot, forecast (rare), maneuver, conspire.

plan, v. i. devise, shape, contrive; spec.

arrange, study, scheme.
plane, n. 1. plain (archaic), flat; spec. horizon.

3. See DEGREE.

plane, v. t. smooth; spec. mill, traverse.

planet, n. star (contextual), light (contextual); spec. primary, secondary (a less usual equiv of "satellite"), satellite, significator, lord, hyleg, etc., Mercury, Venus, earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune.

planking, n. plank (a collective); spec. and collectively) berthing, skin, compar-

tition (rare).

planning, n. contriving, arrangement, study, etc. See PLAN, v. t.

plant, n. 1. organism (contextual), wort (obs. or rare, exc. in combination); spec. herb, set, vegetable, plantlet, exotic, seedling, flower, flora (a collective; tech.), quick (a collective; archaic or rare), herblet. 2. See APPARATUS, EQUIPMENT, ESTAB-

plant, v. t. 1. set (chiefly with "out");

spec. transplant, sow, prick, tub, ridge, replant. Antonyms: see UPROOT, EXTIRPATE.

2. See FIX, HIDE, DEPOSIT, PUT, COLONIZE, SETTLE

plantation, n. 1. A group of cultivated plants: spec. basket, pinetum, pinery, nopalry, vineyard.

2. See ESTATE, FARM.

plant-eating, a. herbivorous, phytophagous (tech.), phytivorous (a hybrid term).

plaster, n. 1. In medicine apec. cataplasm (obs.), charge, sinapism, diachylon.

2. Spec. cement, parget, paste, stucco, staff, mortar, daub, mud.

plaster, v. t. beplaster (an intensive); spec. parget, daub, cement, tarras or trass, mortar, stucco, staff.

plasterwork, n. Spec. stucco, staff, pargeting, scagliola.

plastic, g. 1. Ses CHEATIVE.

3. moldable, fictile, formable, duetile.

Antonyms: see ELASTIC, RIGID.
plate, n. 1. Spec. sheet, lamella (tech.), paten (rare), web, plaque, escutcheon, fish plate or (for short) fish, slab, scute or scutum, vamplate, tile, planch, sala-mander; see LAMINA.

3. dish (contextual), paten (archaic or

hist., exc. spec.); spec. platter, griddle or

girdle.

2. See ENGRAVING. plate, v. t. 1. overlay; spec. gild, silver, platinise, nickel, stc.

2. In printing. spec. electrotype, stereo-

plateau, n. highland, platform, tableland; spec. mesa (southern U. S.), field, paramo (chiefly So. Amer.), puna.

Antonyms: see VALLEY, PEAK, plate-shaped, a. placoid (tech.).

platterm, n. 1. floor (contextual), dais (rare, exc. spec.), stage, pulpit (archaic or spec.); spec scaffold, suggestum (Roman antiq.), emplacement, perron, catalaque, footboard, drop, roundtop, top, turn-table, stand, bridge, predella; see pais, ROSTRUM

2. See STATEMENT.

platter, n. plate, charger (literary or tech.), trencher (obs. or hist.); spec. grail.

plausible, a. 1. specious, fair-seeming, colorable, colored.

2. fair-spoken, smooth, suave, bland. play, v. i. 1. move (contextual); spec. lap, lick, dance, caper, jiggle, flutter, wave,

ripple; see CAPER, WAVE.
2. idle, disport (literary), sport (chiefly spec.); spec. toy, wanton, trifle, flirt; ses

FROLIC, TOY.

Antonyms: see WORK, STUDY.

3. perform (formal); spec melodize (chiefly humorous or jocular), flourish, descant, pipe, drum, finger, pick, pluck, blow, chime, harp, flute, fiddle, doodle (Scot.), duet (rare), thrum, smite (the harp; poetic).

Cross references see Note. plain-spoken: blunt, frank plaint: lamentation, complaint. plaintiff: accuser

plaintive: mournful plait, n fold, braid, plait, v t fold, braid, plaiting: braid.

planch: plate. plane: flat plank: board. planter: farmer, pioneer. plash, r t interlace. plash, r t splash, plash, n splash, rain.

planky: marshu.

plat, r. f., braid plat, n · piece, diagram, map. plat, v f · diagram. platitude: commonplace. platitudinize: commonplace, platitudinous: commonplace, platoon: body, set, plaudit: applause.

PLEASURABLE

4. In playing cards: spec. crossruff (cant), seesaw, nig (slang), renege, revoke, discard.

Antonyms: see PASS. 5. Nee shine, gamble.

play, v. t. 1. move (contextual); spec. wield, ply, operate, dribble (in football); see

FIRE, THROW, EXERCISE.

2. Referring to the playing of a musical instrument: touch (chiefly with "strings," "keys," etc., as the object); spec. sweep, pick, pluck, tune, breathe, bow, finger, twang, twangle, band (contemptuous), pound (contemptuous), doodle (chiefly Scot.), drum, thrum.

8. Referring to the playing of a card or piece in a game: spec. throw, table, move,

discard, sacrifice.

4. Nee act, execute, oppose, discharge. play, n. 1. motion (contextual); spec. wielding, lap, lick, lambency, dance; see JIG-GLE, CAPER, FLUTTER, WAVE, RIPPLE, EXERCISE.

2. Spec. disport, sport, fun, toy, toying,

trifling, flirting; see FROLIC.

Antonyms: see WORK.

3. See DIVERSION, SPORT. 4. sport, fun; see JEST.

Anionyms: see Earnestness.

5. Referring to a game: spec. throw, move, sacrifice, crossruff, seesaw, renege.

6. A theatrical play: piece, drama, comedy, tragedy, revue (French); see DRAMA.

7. See Turn, discharge, freedom, dra-MA, ACTION, GAMBLING, PERFORMANCE.

player, n. 1. performer; see MUSICIAN, ACT-OR, ACROBAT.

3. Nee GAMBLER.

playful, a. sportive, playsome (rare), gamesome (literary); spec. kittenish, tricksy (literary), tricksome (chiefly literary), wanton, half-serious, toyful, toysome; see Frolicsome, Mischievous.

Antonyms: see EARNEST, SERIOUS.

playground, n. playstead (rare); spec. court.

plaything, n. sport, toy, whimwham (archaic or rare); spec. hewgag (U.S.), doll,

puzzle, whirligig, kite.

pleading, n. allegation, plea; spec. bill, answer, complaint, duply (obs. or hist.), duplication, demurrer, reply, rebutter, surrebutter, etc.

pleasant, a. 1. pleasing, pleasurable, agreeable, acceptable; spec. comfortable, likable or likeable, admirable, enjoyable, delightful, delightsome (literary), deli-

cious, delectable (often ironical or humorous), delectate (rare), lovely, charming, tascinating, captivating, entrancing, prepossessing, pretty, nice, sweet, blessed, luscious, attractive, gracious (now archaic or poetic), desirable, satisfactory, dulcet, joysome (rare), joyful, gladsome, good, welcome, seemly, gratifying, flattering, pleasureful (rare), lustly (archaic), glorious (colloq.), jolly (colloq.), goluptious (slang or humorous); see ACCEPTABLE.

Anionyms: see Torturous, Unpalatable, UNPLEASANT, OFFENSIVE, ABOMINABLE, SHOCKING, DISGUSTING, UNBEARABLE.

2. Referring to a person's conduct toward

others: see AGREEABLE.

pleasantry, n. 1. play, banter, raillery, badinage (French), dicacity (obs. or archaic), persiflage, chaff; spec. jesting, pleasance (archaic), drollery, facetiousness, funniment (jocular or colloq.).

2. Of the act exhibiting pleasantry: banter, drollery, rally, raillery, roast (colloq.), funniment (jocular or collog.), facetiæ (pl.:

Latin); see JEST.

please, v. t. pleasure (rare), take; spec. delight, oblige, charm, captivate, enchant, enamour (chiefly used with "of"), gratify, flatter, tickle, satisfy, ecstasize, enrapture, titillate, enravish (literary), hit (colloq.), suit, regale (rare); see ELATE, GLADDEN.

Antonyms: 800 PAIN, OFFEND, ANGER,

DISGUST, GRIEVE, DISPLEASE.

please, v. i. like. That "please" and "like" here are intransitives with the infinitive as the accusative showing the subject of pleasure, is shown by the fact that this use is exactly equivalent to the passive expression

"I shall be pleased to," etc.

pleased, a. Spec. delighted, glad, gladsome, gladful, jubilant (archaic), gladly (archaic), fain, happy, joyful, joyous, joyant (rare), gleeful, high, satisfied, eudemonic (rare), blithe or blithesome (chiefly poetic), elate, exultant, blissful, blessed, blest, heavenly, paradisiacal, paradisial, proud.

Antonyms: see angry, blank; also cf.

OFFEND.

pleasure, n. 1. Referring to the mental state or emotion: pleasedness (rare), pleasance (archaic and poetic); spec. delight, delectation (now rather affected or humorous for "delight"), happiness, gladness, gladsomeness, joy, joyfulness, joyance, joyancy, delectation, felicity, bliss, blissful-

CF Cross references: see Note.

playbill: notice. playday: holiday. playfellow: comrade. playhouse: theater. playmate: comrade.

playsome: playful. playtime: holiday. playwright: dramatist. plaza: square.

plea: allegation, defense, claim, excuse, appeal.

pleach: interlace. plead, v. i.: appeal, answer. plead, v. t.: defend, state. pleader: advocate. pleasing, a.: pleasant. pleasurable: pleasant.

ness, liking, gratification, satisfaction, enfoyment, elation, jubilance, jubilancy, jubilation, jubilce (rare), beatitude, blessedness, bitheness, paradise, glory, elysium, heaven, heyday, jocundity (rare), eudomony (rare); see REJOICING, ADMIRATION. Antonyma: see ANGER, OFFENSE, CA-LAMITY, DISGUST, PAIN, TORTURE, DIS-

PLEASURE, 2. Referring to the thing that pleases: spec.

delight, joy, gratification, satisfaction, en-joyment, treat, diversion, entertainment.

Antonyms: see TORTURE.

3. See WILL. pleasure, v. i. 1. Spec. delight, Joy, jubilate, sec REJOICE.

2. See WILL, DESIRE.

plebelan, a. 1. baseborn or base, prole-tarian, popular (rare), gregal or gregarian (rare), roturier (French), ignoble (rare or literary), vulgar (rare), common, mean. Antonyms: see ARISTOCRATIC, NOBLE, KINGLY.

3. See COMMONPLACE, LOW, COARSE.

plebeian, n. proletarian, proletary, pleb (slang), roturier (French; often spec.); spec. client (Roman hist.).

Antonyms: see NOBLE.
plebeianism, n. plebeianness (rare), roture (French).

pledge, n. 1. security, plight (rare), gage, pawn; spec. hostage, deposit, collateral, wager (obs. or archaic), stake.

2. See EARNEST, TOAST, PROMISE.

pledge, v. t. & z. 1. deliver (contextual), plight (chiefly poetic or rhetorical; now rare); spec. deposit, wage (obs. or archarc), pawn, impawn (rare or emphatic), gage (archaic), hypothecate, mortgage, impledge (rare), impignorate (chiefly Scots law), pignorate (rare), dip (collog. equiv. of "pawn"), borrow (obs.), stake. Antonyms: see FREE.

3. See BIND, PROMISE, TOAST.

pledget, n. stupe, dossil, tent, tampion,

pleonasm, B. superfluity (contextual), redundancy, verbosity; spec. tautology, diffuseness.

pleonastic, a. superfluous (contextual), redundant.

break, fallow (spec. or rare); spec. subsoil, rib, ridge, rafter, hack.

2. See CLEAVE.

plower, plougher, n. plowman, tiller, plowjogger (humorous or contemptuous), clodhopper (derogatory).

plowing, ploughing, n. earing (obs. or ar-chaic), tilling, spec. coaration (rare).

plow-wise, ploughwise, adv. boustrophe-

pluck, n. 1. See PULL, JERK.
2. viscera, haslet or harslet, gather (obs.; chiefly apec.).

plug, n. douk (chiefly Scot.); spec. dowel, dottle, plunger, wad, tampion; see stor-

PER, PLEDGET.

plumage, n feather (chiefly in pl.), feathering, plume (chiefly in pl.); spec. hackle or heckle, down, downiness, mantle, mir-

plume, n. 1. feather, plumage (rare); spec. plumet, egret, culgee (Anglo-Indian).

2. panache; spec. crest.

plummet, n. weight (contextual), lead, bob, plumb.

plump, a. 1. fat, full, rotund, chubby, chuff (obs. or dial. equiv. of "chubby"), embonpoint (French,, full-figured, crummy (slang), buxom, sleek, pudgy (rare), plumpy (rare), opulent (a Gallicism).

Antonyme: see Thin. 3. See direct, blunt.

plumpness, n. fatness, rotundity, embon-

point (French),

plunder, v. t. 1. With the person or thing from which plunder is taken as its object: pillage or (archaic) pill; spec. harry, devastate, rifle, ravage, loot, rob, desolate, sack, spoil, despoil, strip, maraud, raid, ransack (rare), flay, ravish, spoliate, pluck, fleece, foray, gut, dacoit (India), pirate, picaroon (rare), boothale (archaic), pilier (rare).

Antonyms: see PROTECT, ENRICH. 2. With the thing as object which is taken

away: pillage or (archaic) pill; spec. rifle, harry, loot, rob, strip, ransack (rare), pirate, ravish, scoff (slang), pilfer (rare). plunder, v. i. pillage, raven, reave or (Scot.) reive; spec. maraud, rob, depredate, boothale (archaic), loot, foray, for-

age, pirate, freeboot, prey, pilfer (rare).

plow, plough, v. t. 1. ear (archaic), till, Cross references see Note. pleat: fold plenary: absolute, plenapotentiary, a.: absolute, plenipotentiary, a.: diplomatic agent.
plenitude: abundance, fullness. plenteous: abundant plenty, n abundance, plenty, a abundant. plenum: fullness, space, asplothora: ezcess

plethorie: full-blooded, bomplanus: network, group.
pliable: femble, adaptable,
manageable. pliant: Aexible, yielding, com-plassant, adaptable, manage-able plicate: fold. plication: /old. plod: walk, drudge. plop: fall. plot, n.: piece, diagram, plan

conspiracy, intrigue, plot, s. diagram, plan, device, conspire, intrigue, plucks: pull plucks; courageous, plumb, a.: sertical, plumb, a.: sertical, plumb, a.t. secund, plumb, c.t.: sound, plume, p. t.: feather, spruce, convariants. plume, v. t.: feather, spruce, congratulate, plump, v. t.: fotten, distend, plump, v. t.: fall, blurt, plump, adv: directly, suddenly

plunder, n. 1. Referring to the action: pillage; spec. rapine, ravin, sack, sackage (rare), harrying, prey (archaic), spoil, despoliation, spoliation, expilation (rare), reave or (Scot.) reive, plunderage (rare), freebooting, devastation, desolation, maraud; see ROBBERY.

2. Referring to what is taken: booty, pillage, plunderage (rare), spoil, loot, ravin (rare or literary), rapine (rare or literary), creagh or creach (Scot. and Ir.), pilfer (rare). plundering, a. predatory, depredatory,

ravenous.

ply, v. t. 1. See Exercise, Play, Attack,

2. belabor (as with arguments or questions; rare), assail; spec. overwhelm.

pocket, n. 1. See HOLLOW, CUL-DE-SAC, BIN.

2. Referring to a pocket in a garment or attached to the person: placket (rare); spec. fob, burse.

pocket, v. t. pouch (rare or archaic); spec. appropriate, steal.

pocketbook, n. wallet (now obsolescent),

porte-monnaie (French).

poem, n. poesy (archaic); spec. ballad, cycle, dit (archaic), ditty, duan (Gaelic), eclogue, epic, epigram, epilogue, epithalamium, epode, erotic, fabliau (French), georgic, gloss, heroic, heroid, lambic, idyll or idyl, ithyphallic, Limerick, lyric, madrigal, melody, monody, mythopoem, ode, odelet, partheniad (rare), pastoral, Pindaric, quatorzain, rhapsody, rondeau, Romance, rondel, rune (Finnish), satire, sestina or sestine, sirvente (Italian), song, sonnet, Thebaid, Theseid, triolet, virelay, Voluspa, monostich, decastich, tristich, tetrastich, pentastich, hexastich, heptastich, octastich, telestich, etc. **poet**, n. maker (archaic), epopæist (rare), Parnassian (chiefly spec.), versifier or verseman (contemptuous), bard, poetaster (depreciatory); spec. rimer or rhymer, rimist or rhymist (rare), rimester or rhymester (depreciatory), poeticule, poetling, bardling, poetess (fem.), druid, elegist, epicist, gnomic, iambist, Laker, Lakist, lyricist, lyrist, minnesinger, Ronsardist or Ronsardian (rare), scop (hist.), skald, sonneteer, sonnetist (rare), troubadour,

Antonyms: see PROSAIST.

poetic, a. poietic (rare or learned), poetical, creative, imaginative, Dircæan, Heli- poke, v. t. 1. push (contextual), thrust,

conian, mural (rare), Parnassian (chiefly spec.); spec. elegiac, epic or epical, epodic, idyllic.

poeticize, v. i. compose (contextual), poetize; spec. elegize, lyricize, sonneteer.

Antonyms: see PROSE.

poetry, n. 1. poesy (archaic), Muse, verse; spec. rime, song, epos, ghazal, macaronic, minstrelsy (rare).

2. poeticalness, poeticness;—both rare.

point, n. 1. Spec. needle, style, pin, tang (now dial. or spec.), prong, spike, nib, neb, tine, pointrel (rare), pike, gad, prickle, fin, beakiron, aciculus, spicule, spine, tag, calk, calkin, bodkin, fang.

2. Referring to any more or less angular end: spec. tip, apex, cusp (chiefly tech.),

angle, peak, neb, nib, toe, spout.

Antonyms: see SIDE.

3. See dot, place, degree, particular, FEATURE, EFFECTIVENESS, MOMENT, LACE, TIP.

point, v. t. sharpen (contextual), acuminate (rare).

pointed, a. 1. sharp; spec. acute, cusped, cuspated or cuspidate, mucronate or mucronated, mucronulate, peaked, peaky, picked (archaic), piked, beaked, aciculate, spiry.

Antonyms: see Blunt.

2. See direct, effective, sharp.

pointer, n. 1. directer; spec. finger, gnomon, hand, arm, fescus, index, tongue.

2. See TIP.

poison, n. 1. virulence, venom (archaic or spec.), toxicant (tech.), virus (tech. or literary); spec. toxin, contagion, drug.

Antonyms: see antidote.

3. See Corruption.

poison, a. toxic, venomous; see Poison-

poison, v. t. 1. intoxicate (rare), venom (archaic or spec.), envenom (literary and intensive; chiefly fig.), venenate (rare), empoison (rhetorical or a literary intensive; often fig.); spec. drug, veratrize, vitriolize.

Antonyms: see disinfect.

2. See embitter.

poisonous, a. venomous (archaic or spec.), virulent (chiefly spec.), poisoning, virous (rare), venenous (rare), venenose (rare), toxicant (tech.), toxic (tech.); spec. mephitic.

Antonyms: see innocuous, healthful.

Ter Cross references: see Note. plunge, n.: thrust, dive, dip. descent, throw, gamble. plunge, v.: sink, thrust, dive, dip, descend, throw, gamble. plunger: gambler, piston. plurality: multitude, majority,

excess. ply, v. t.: fold. ply, n.: fold, layer. ply, v. t.: exercise, play, attack, poach, v. t.: trample, mix. poach, v. i.: walk, sink. poach, v. i.: hunt.

pod: hull. poignant: painful, pungent, intense. poise, n · balance, carriage. poise, v.: balance. poke, v. i.: project, move, work,

trouvère.

prod, jsb 'colleg'), job (colleg.), punch. spec pole

2. NO PROTEUDE

pole, a 1. die beam, mast ekseffy sper i, epec shaft mor rore, spile, pile, stare, spirit staff stang Scot and had, caber (Soot, upder Eng quant Eng

2. Referring to the pole farehide tongue, reach, shall stati, not neap (U.S.,

dissel-boom South Africa

policeman, n. copper (slang), bluebottle 'slang, bi-secont 'collog, cop 'slang, bulk or bulky Eng. slang, bubby Eng. slang, peeler (Eng. slang), runner (Eng. slung), Robert (rare; Eng.), trap 'Eng. slang,; spec. constable, gendarme (French), pristal (Russian,, patrolman, roundsman (U. S.), sergeant, pointsman (Eng).

polish, v f. 1. smooth (contextual , shine. slick; spec. scour, burnish, furbish, glance (tech ; U. S ,, glaze, planish, levigate,

buff, pumice.

Antonyma see ROUGHEN.

2. See REFINE.

polish, n. 1. shine; spec. burnish, glase, glazing.

2. See REFINEMENT, ACCOMPLISHMENT, ELEGANCE.

polished, a. 1. burnished, glossy; spec. glacé (French).

Antonyms see ROUGH, DEAD.

2. See REPINED, ELEGANT.

polisher, n. polissoir (French); spec, burnisher, rubber, bob, skive, jigger, buff,

runner, dolly, lapper.

polite, a. 1. civil, courteous, genteel (now often somewhat depreciatory), gentle (archaic), mannerly; spec soft, gracious, attentive, gentlemanly or (less usual) gentlemanlike, urbane, courtly, gallant, chivalrous, debonnair (a literary archaism); see RESPECTFUL.

Antonyma: see IMPOLITE, CONTEMPTU-OUS, IMPUDENT, UNGENTLEMANLY, UN-

MANNERLY, BOORISH, ROWDYISH. 2. See REFINED, ELEGANT.

politeness, a. civility, courtesy, courte-ousness, gentilesse (archaic), politesse {French; depreciatory}, comity (literary or legal); spec. devoir (archaic or literary), gallantness, breeding, gallantry, graciousnese, urbanity, mannerimess, attentiveness, respect

Antonyma MY DEPOLITENESS, CON-

TEMPT IMPUDENCE.

pond, n. lake amtestual; spec pondlet, cotesto spr., tank (dial or local), pool, carr local Eng . pisema or piscine rare), decoy; see Pool, VIVARIEM.

pony, n. hebby archaic or hist.\; spec. potro (Spania, chelty Scot , goonhilly Eng.), merina tat or tatt Anglo-Indum).

pool, n. pond contextual; spec. fresh,
plash, puddle, linn chiefly Scot., tank,
Bethesda, natatorium, theel (East India), decoy (hunting

poor, a. 1. impecunious, impecuniary (rare), needy, needful (rare; spec beggarly, desutute, penniless, indigent moneyless, poverty-stricken, dollarless (a

nonce word , fortuneless.

Antonyms see RICH, PROSPEROUS. 2. See deficient, imperfect, meager, THIN, UNPRODUCTIVE, HUMBLE, INFERIOR, INSIGNIPICANT, UNSKILLPUL

poorhouse, n. workhouse, almshouse.

poorly, adv. 1, ill; spec. imperfectly, defectively, indifferently, inadequately, badly, wretchedly, sornly, meanly, miserably, insufficiently, scantily, putifully.

Antonyms. see WELL.

2. Spec. piteously, humbly, weakly, abjectly, contemptibly, despicably, etc.

pope, n. bishop (contextual, popeling (di-minutive and contemptuous), papa (obs.), high priest (rare).

popularize, v. l. vulgarize (rare), generalize (rare), democratize, familiarize (now

porch, n. 1. entrance (contextual), stoop (a loose or erroneous use; U. S.); spec. galilee, distyle.

2. See VERANDA.

pork, n. The flesh of swine: spec. pig, hog (rare), swine (rare or contemptuous), gammon, sparerib, souse, bacon, etc.

porous, a. holey, open.

Antonyms: see COMPACT.
porridge, n. Spec. gruel, loblolly (obs. or
dial. equiv. of "gruel"), pap, mush, flummery, stirabout, hasty pudding, crowdie

Or Cross references see Note. pole, v t push, move polemio, a disputations polemio, n disputant, dispute. policy: certificate, art policy: wisdom, art, expediency, politie: wise, artful, expedient, (imexerving political: public. political: yovernment. polity: government, slate. poli, n head, list, poli, v. t.; top, cut, list, poliard, a : hornless.

pollute: dirty, foul, contamite desecrate. poltroon: coward. pommel: knob. pomp: prandeur, cham. pompon: ball, tuft | bastic, pompous: self-important, bom-ponder: consider. ponder: consuer.
ponderous: heavy, massive,
labored, duil.
pontiff: prest, bishop.
pontoon: boat
pool, n.: fund, association.
pool, v.: combine.

poorly: ailing. poorty: aung.
pop, v. t. excle, present.
pop, v. t. explose, present.
pope: bischop
populare: people,
popular, public, plobeian, lay,
common, acceptable, acceptad,
cheap populate: people.
pore, p. 1 * gaze, consider.
pores, n. hole
porosity: hole,
porosity: hole,

or crowdy (Scct. & dial. Eng.), burgoo, brochan (Scot.), drammock (Scot.), panada or panade, polenta, sagamite (Amer. Indian).

port, n. 1. See GATE.

2. opening (contextual), porthole, embrasure (rare).

port, n. Nautical: larboard (obs.).

portable, a. portative (chiefly hist.), carriageable (rare).

Antonyms: see FIXED.

portico, n. colonnade; spec. stoa, parvis, exedra, proaulion, Pœcile, xyst, veranda, prostyle, hexastyle, octastyle, etc.

pose, v. t. place (contextual), posture, pos-

turize (rare), set.

pose, v. i. posture, attitudinize (chiefly depreciatory), posturize (rare); spec. peacock (rare).

position, n. 1. place, situation, station, set, standpoint, bearing; spec. gauge.

2. posture.

8. place, situation, billet, post, berth; spec. office, bed, incumbency, dignity, intendancy, magistrature, magistracy, mastership, portfolio, countship, professorship, judgeship, etc.

4. Referring to the place one holds in public estimation or customary consideration: place, status (tech. or literary), situation, standing, dignity, honor; see RANK.

5. Referring to the mental view taken or professed: see ATTITUDE.

possess, v. t. 1. See have, own, inform, control, keep, affect, convince.

2. Referring to possession by spirits: diabolize, demonize, bespirit; spec. bedevil, obsess (only in the passive).

possession, n. 1. having; spec. seizin, tenure.

2. See HOLD, OWNERSHIP, PROPERTY, CONVICTION.

8. theolepsy, enthusiasm (rare); spec. bedevilment, obsession.

possessor, n. haver, holder; spec. bearer. possibility, n. 1. potentiality, potency;

spec. practicability, feasibility, workabil-

Antonyms: impossibility (cf. IMPOSSIBLE).

2. See CONTINGENCY.

3. Referring to the thing: potential, maybe (collog.).

possible, a. 1. Referring to capability of being brought into existence: potential; spec. compossible (rare or literary), practicable, feasible, workable, doable (colloq. or inelegant).

Antonyms: see Impossible.

2. Referring to what is capable of being (that is of being, or not being, true; or of coming, or not coming, to pass) so far as the mind can see: see CONTINGENT, THINKABLE. possibly, adv. potentially, etc., maybe; see PERHAPS.

post, n. Spec. stake, picket, baluster, stud, jamb, sidepost, cheek, newel, bollard, puncheon, bitts (pl.), loggerhead, dolphin, rymer, stump, heel, harre (dial. Eng. equiv. of "heel" of a gate); see PILLAR, PIER.

post, v. t. 1. mail (U. S.), drop.

2. See LIST, INFORM, PUBLISH.

3. enter, record.

postcard, n. postal. Some distinguish a "postal" from a "postcard."

postdate, v. t. mistime (contextual).

Antonyms: see ANTEDATE.

posterior, n. 1. See BACK.

2. rear; spec. crissum; see RUMP, BUT-TOCKS.

postern, n. doorway (contextual), posticum (rare).

postscript, n. addition (contextual), envoy (literary or learned), subscript, subscription.

Antonyms: see Preface.

posture, n. 1. position, attitude, pose, set (colloq.); spec. decumbence or decumbency (literary or tech.), decubitus, squat, guard.

2. See ATTITUDE, STATE.

pot, n. Spec. crock, kettle, bicker, craggan (archæol.), posnet (archaic), jar, jar-

Cross references: see Note. port, v. t.: carry. port, n.: carriage. portage: transportation, carry. portal: doorway, gate. portend: signify. portent: sign, wonder. portentous: significant, extraordinary, wonderful. porter: doorkeeper, gatekeeper. porter: transporter. portfolio: case. portière: curtain. portion, n.: part, share, fate, portion, v. t.: apportion, endow, portly: dignified, fat. portmanteau: handbag. portrait: picture, likeness, description.

description. portray: depict, describe. pose, v. t.: nonplus. pose, n.: posture. poser: settler. posit: assume. positive: decided. posse: force. possessed: deranged, determined. post, v. i.: hasten. post, n.: messenger, mail. post, v. t.: place, station. post, n.: place, fortification, garrison, branch, position, stage, station, settlement, goal, **poster:** notice. poster: messenger. posterior: later, hind. posterity: descendant.

portraiture: depiction, picture,

postfix: suffix. postlude: afterpiece. postpone: defer, subordinate. postulate, n.: condition, proposition, assumption. postulate, v. t.: ask, assume. posture, v. t.: pose. potable: drinkable. potation: drink, beverage. potatory: drinkable. potency: power, intensity, influence. potent: powerful, inlense, in-fluential. potentate: state, ruler. potential: possible, powerful. pother: dust, disturbance, fuss. potion: drink. dose. potpourri: medley. potsherd: fragment.

dmière (French), jackshay or jackshea (Australia).

potter, v i. putter, fiddle, trifle, fiddlefaddle, poke, niggle, dabble, dawdle; see TRIFLE.

pottering, a. trifling, poky or poking (collog), etc.

pound, n. inclosure (contextual), greenyard (Eng.), penfold, pinfold.

pour, v. t. 1. flow (contextual); cant, souse, pump (fig), effund (rare), effuse (rare), transfuse (rare), flood, superfuse (rare; literary), cascade, cataract, libate.

2. See LAVISH.

pouring, n. pour (rare); spec. decantation, effusion, transfusion (rare), regurgitation, circumfusion, perfusion (rare), libation.

poverty, n. 1. impecuniosity, impecuniousness, indigence; spec. pauperism, beggary, pennilessness, penury, destitution, need, neediness, necessity, want.

Antonyms: see WEALTH. 2. Spec deficiency, meagerness, humble-

ness, etc.

powder, n. dust; spec. flour, meal, grit, pulvil (rare), farina (rare), bloom, diapasm (archaic), putty, rouge, pounce; see EF-PLORESCENCE, DOSE, COSMETIC, DUST.

powder, v. t. 1. sprinkle (contextual), bepowder (intensive), dust; spec. flour, meal (rare), dredge, pounce, frost.

3. See PULVERIZE.

powdery, a. dusty, pulverulent, pulveraceous or pulverous (rare); spec. floury, mealy, farinaceous (obs , exc. med.).

power, n. 1. Referring to a capacity for exerting physical force or achieving results: strength, might (poetic or rhetorical), force (now rare), energy, virtue, puissance (literary), potency or potence (rare), reach; spec. leverage, arm (fig.).

Antonyms' see WEAKNESS.

2. Referring to exerted physical power, or power in action see FORCE.

3. authority; spec. (in the sense of "power of attorney") procuration (rare, exc. spec.), carte blanche (French), warrant, proxy.

4. potentate; see STATE, RULER.

5. See ABILITY, INFLUENCE, FACULTY, CONTROL, MEANING, INTENSITY, COGENCY, MULTITUDE, STATE, RULER.

powerful, a. 1. strong, energetic, forceful, forcible, potent (chiefly poetic or rhetori-

cal), mighty (rhetorical), mightful (archaic), main (now obs or rare), puissant (literary), potential (rare), spec prepotent (intension), multipotent (rare), Herculean, armipotent, bellipotent (nois jacase or wonical).

Antonyms: see WMAK, FAIRT, POWER-

LESS.

2. Sec able, forcible, influential, COGENT.

powerless, c. weak, strengthless, impotent, forceless, mightless (archaic); spec. helpless, paralytic.

Antonyms see POWERFUL, ETRONG. practical, a. 1. Referring to what has to do with practice, action, or fact, as opposed to "theoretical" or 'uleal", positive, practic (archaic), operative, pragmatical or pragmatic (obs., exc. in theel), hard-headed or (rare) hard; see MATTER-OF-FACT.
Anionyms: see VISIONARY, IMAGINA-

TIVE

2. See USEFUL, VIRTUAL, WORKING. practice, practise, v. t. 1. See DO, EXER-

CISE, PURSUE.

2. To do or perform habitually in order to acquire skill. do (contextual), perform, rehearse, record; epec. repeat.

practice, practice, n. 1. Sec EXERCISE, PURSUIT, CUSTOM, HABIT, ARTIFICE.

2. performance, rehearsal, recording;

spec. repetition.

3. Referring to the active or absolute sense of carrying on or conducting something, as opposed to "theory"; performance, orthopraxy (rare), conduct; see CEREMONY. USAGE.

4. Referring to the intransitive sense of a way of action or proceeding: see PROCE-

DURE.

prairie, a. plain (U. S. and colonial British; chiefly in pl.); spec. steppe, savannah, prairillon (rare).

Antonyms' see FOREST.

praise, v. t. approve (contextual), applaud (chiefly spec.); spec. bepraise, puff, laud, exalt, flatter, extol, bless, magnify, glorify, celebrate, commend, acclaim, eulo-gize, collaud (rare), crack (colloq), preconize (rare), doxologize, sing, carol, chant (poetic), hymn, compliment.

Antonyms. see SCOLD, REPROVE, CEN-SURE, CONDEMN, ABUSE, DEFAME, DISPAR-

AGE, RIDICULE

praise, n. approval (contextual), applause

Cross references see Note. pottage: soup. pottagy: ceramics, sarthen-

pouch, n · bag pouch, v t · rocket moullow. pouch, v · bag pouchy: bag-shaped.

poultry: foul pounce, n powder pounce, n claw pounce, v. 1. swoop, fump, dark, descend pounce, n eccop, jump, dart, pounce, p f . seize

pound, v. t. impound pound, v. t. pulverise, beat, pour, v. i. flow pour, v. flow, pouring, pout, v. i. sulk practised, practiced: experipractitioner: tearker.

(chiefly spec.); spec. acclaim, acclamation, laud (rare), laudation, puff, extolment, exaltation, magnification, glorification, celebration, commendation, collaudation (rare), doxology, puffery, compliment or complimentation; see EULOGY.

see SCOLDING, REPROOF, Antonyms: DISPARAGEMENT, RIDICULE, CENSURE, CON-

DEMNATION, ABUSE.

praiser, n. approver, applauder, puffer, proneur (French), etc.; spec. eulogist, encomiast.

praising, a. approving, applausive, etc. Cf. PRAISE.

Antonyms: see CENSORIOUS, ABUSIVE, CONDEMNATORY.

praiseworthy, a. good (contextual), commendable.

Antonyms: see Contemptible.

prance, v. i. 1. Referring to horses: spring, tittup, caper, brank (Scot. or dial.), curvet, cavort (U. S.; colloq.).

2. See RIDE, CAPER, SWAGGER.

prance, n. 1. Referring to a horse: tittup, curvet, cavort (U. S.; colloq.).

2. See CAPER.

prayer, n. 1. See APPEAL.

2. Referring to an appeal to God: bead (obs.), orison (archaic or literary), oration (hist.), invocation; spec. paternoster or (for short) pater, litany, rosary, complin, suffrage, oremus (rare), miserere, confiteor, memento, grace, collect, kyrie eleison, Te igitur, etc.

preach, v. i. Spec. exhort (contextual), sermonize, evangelize, gospel (rare), pulpit (rare), homilize, preachify (collog.; con-

temptuous).

preacher, n. discourser (contextual), sky pilot (colloq. or slang); spec. sermonizer, homilist, homilete, Boanerges, Devil dodger (humorous and contemptuous), preacheress (fem.; rare), predicator (rare), pulpitarian (rare), pulpiteer or pulpiter (chiefly contemptuous), sermoneer (rare), predicant (rare), evangelist, lecturer, rounder, circuit rider; see MINISTER.

preaching, a. predicatory (rare), predicant (rare).

preaching, n. discourse (contextual); spec. pulpitry, sermonizing, homiletics (pl.), preachment (chiefly contemptuous), predication (archaic), evangelization.

prearrange, v. t. arrange (contextual); spec. preorder (rare), preconcert, precontract. prearranged, a. cut-and-dried (colloq.; chiefly depreciatory).

prearrangement, n. Spec. preconcert (rare), precontract.

precede, v. t. 1. antecede, forego (literary or archaic); spec. forerun, prevene (rare), usher (literary); see LEAD, INTRODUCE. Antonyms: see Follow.

3. outrank, rank.

3. See ANTEDATE, PREFACE.

precedence, n. 1. precedency, antecedence, predecession (rare), precession (rare); spec. lead, pas (French), priority. Antonyms: see Following.

2. precedency, priority; spec. preference,

preaudience; see ADVANTAGE.

precedent, n. ensample (archaic); see AU-THORITY.

preceding, a. precedent (rare), foregoing, antecedent; spec. precursory, prodromal, prior, prodromic, last; see PAST, INTRO-DUCTORY, SUPERIOR.

Antonyms: see Following, successive. precious, a. 1. Nee VALUABLE, COSTLY, ES-

TIMABLE, OUTRAGEOUS.

2. precise (contextual), précieuse (French; properly fem.), bluestocking (of women), priggish, prudish (rare), precisian, purist.

precipitation, n. 1. See HASTENING, HASTE. 2. deposit (contextual); spec. rainfall, rain,

dewfall, dew, snowfall, snow, hail.

Antonyms: evaporation (cf. EVAPORATE). **precipitous, a.** steep (contextual), perpendicular, sheer; spec. cliffy, craggy, headlong (rare), scarry (rare).

Antonyms: see GENTLE.

precisian, n. 1. Spec. puritan, stickler.

2. Referring only to language: précieuse (French; a sing. or a collective; properly fem. sing.), prig, bluestocking (fem.); spec. formalist; see PEDANT.

precocious, a. forward, advanced, premature.

praiseful: laudatory. prank, n.: frolic, caper, jest. prank, v. t.: ornament. prankful: frolicsome, mischievous. prankish: frolicsome. **prate:** babble, chatter. prattle: babble, challer, murmur. pray, v. t.: bring. pray, v. i.: appeal. prayerful: devout. preach, v. t.: proclaim, teach, preachment: preaching, discourse.

Cross references: see Note.

preamble: preface, introduction. | precipitancy: rush, haste, prebend: pay, benefice. precarious: uncertain. precatory: asking. precaution: action, care. precautious: careful. precept: bidding, rule, saying. preceptive: commanding, instructive. preceptor: teacher. précieuse, a.: precious, fastidiprécieuse, n.: precisian. precinct: inclosure, neighborhood, boundary, district. precipice: cliff.

precipitate, a.: falling, rushing, hasty. precipitate, v. t.: throw, send, drive, hasten, deposit. precipitate, n.: deposit. precise: definite, fastidious. diametric, exact, accurate. precisely: exactly. precisian, a.: precious. preciude: prevent. preconceive: anticipate. preconception: opinion, anticipation. precursor: forerunner. precursory: preceding.

Antonyms: see BACKWARD, DULL, STUPID. predactious, a. predatory, raptorial, rapacious, ravening; see CARNIVOROUS.

predecessor, n. antecessor. foregoer (archaic or rare); spec. forerunner, harbinger (archaic or literary), herald, precursor; see ANCESTOR.

Antonyms: see FOLLOWER. predicable, a. affirmable.

predicament, n. condition (contextual), dilemma, quandary, corner, hole (colloq.), mess, scrape, fix, impasse (French), pickle

(collog.), plunge (obs. or dial.).

predict, v. t. 1. foretell, forecast, cast (literary or obsolescent), fore-announce (rare), forespeak (rare); spec. prognosticate, prophesy, forebode, bode (archaic), presage, divine, augur, vaticinate (rare), foresay (rare), foredoom (rare), portend (rare), harbinger (rare), fatidicate (rare).

2. See GUESS.

predict, v. i. soothsay, forecast; spec.

prophesy.

prediction, n. 1. Spec. prognostication, prognostic, presage (rare), foreboding, forebodement, boding (obsolescent), forecast, cast (obsolescent), prophecy, augury, prognosis (med.); see DIVINATION.

2. See GUESS.

predictive, a. soothsaying; spec. prophetic.

predictor, n. foreteller, forecaster, caster (literary), seer; spec. prophet, etc. See PREDICT.

preface, n. introduction, foreword, preamble (rare, exc. spec.), prologue (learned), foretalk (rare), proem (learned), exordium (rare), prolegomenon (learned), induction (rare), preambulation (rare).

Antonyms: see Postscript.

preface, v. t. precede (contextual), preamble (rare, exc. spec.), prologue, premise (rare).

Antonyms: see Follow.

prefatory, a. introductory, prefacial (rare), prefatorial (rare), proemial (rare), preambulatory (rare), preambular (rare), preambulary (rare).

Antonyms: see FOLLOWING.

prefigure, v. t. 1. indicate, show, shadow, foreshow, foretype (rare), prefigurate (rare), pretypify (rare); spec. foreshadow, adumbrate.

2. See IMAGINE.

prefix, n. affix, addition (contextual), prefixture (rare); spec. inflex (rare).

Antonyms: see Suffix.

prefix, v. t. affix, add (contextual).

prefixing, n. prefixture, prefixtion (rare);

spec. prosthesis, prothesis.

pregnancy, n. gestation (more tech. than "pregnancy"), gravidity (rare), gravidness (rare), heaviness (contextual), ingravidation (rare).

pregnant, a. 1. gravid, heavy (contextual), great (usually in "great with child"), big (usually in "big with young"), teeming (archaic), enceinte (French), gestant (rare), impregnant (rare).

2. See PRODUCTIVE.

prehensile, a. seizing (contextual), prehen-

sive (rare), prehensory (rare).

prejudice, v. t. incline, bias, prepossess, partialize (rare), turn (chiefly with "against" or, less commonly, "for"), malignify (rare), earwig (fig.), preëngage (rare).

prejudiced, a. inclined, biased, etc.; see PARTIAL, NARROW.

Antonyms: see IMPARTIAL.

prelude, n. 1. In music: preamble (poetic), prolusion (rare), descant (historical); spec. overture, voluntary, ritornello (Italian) or ritornel.

2. See introduction, forerunner.

premium, n. Spec. reward, payment, gift, fee, agio.

vision, fit (colloq., U. S.); spec. concoction, composition, confection, mixture, adaptation, dressing, equipment, strengthening, cooking, make-up, make-ready (printing), formation, etc.

2. Referring to the state: see PREPARED-

NESS.

preparatory, a. preparative; spec. dispositive, introductory, concoctive, warning, strengthening. etc.

Ter Cross references: see Note. predate: antedate. predatory: plundering, predapredestine: destine. predetermine: appoint, destine, decide. predicate, r. t.: state, base. predicate, n.: statement. predicative: affirmative. predilection: inclination. predispose: incline. predominance: control, prevalence. predominant: controlling. preruleut. predominate, r. i.: control, prepredomination: control.

preëminent: superior, chief, controlling. preëmpt: buy. preen: spruce. prefer: advance, present, choose. preferable: desirable, better. preference: adrancement. choice, liking, precedence. preferential: chosen. preferment: adrance. preferred: chosen. pregnable: assailable. prehistoric: ancient. prejudice, n.: injury, detriment, partiality, opinion. prejudicial: injurious. prelacy: episcopacy.

preliminary, a.: introductory.
preliminary, n.: introduction.
prelude, r. t.: introduce, forerun.
premature: untimely, prececious.
premeditate: plan.
premeditated: deliberate.
premeditation: consideration,
derising.
premier, a.: chief, first.
premier, n.: chief.
premonish: warn.
premonition: warning, foreboding.
preoccupation: absorption.
preoccupied: absorbed.

PRESUPPOSITION

prepare, v. t. 1. ready (rare), dight (archaic in romance, or poetic), fit (colloq., U. S.), dispose (archaic), make, work, boun (archaic or Scot.), busk (archaic or (Scot.); spec. gird; see ADAPT, DRESS, LEARN, MAKE, COOK. "Prepare" is used as a general synonym of very many words indicating a process or action that is intended to bring something into a state of readiness for some given purpose, as for "warm, heat, cool, dry, train, educate, load, prime," etc.

2. Spec. (referring to making a person ready with a retort, reply, speech, or the like, for a given occasion): load, charge, prime.

3. provide, make-up, concoct; spec. mix,

confection; see MAKE, FURNISH, FORM, COMPOSE, etc. "Prepare" in this sense is used for many terms (as in sense 1), as for "develop, complete, plan," etc.

(archaic or Scot.), busk (archaic or Scot.).

prepared, a. ready, fit; spec. ripe. preparedness, n. preparation (rare), readiness.

preparing, a. Spec. afoot, making;—the use of the present participle "preparing" in this sense being by many considered contrary to good usage.

presence, n. 1. State or fact of being present in a place: presentiality (rare), presentness; spec. attendance, company, face. Antonyms: see ABSENCE.

2. See NEIGHBORHOOD, CARRIAGE.

present, a. 1. presential (rare), here (rare).
Antonyms: see ABSENT.

2. instant (archaic, exc. spec.), current, now (rare), living (as in "a living issue"); see MODERN.

Antonyms: see PAST, FUTURE.

3. See AVAILABLE.

present, n. now; —both words used with "the." Antonyms: see PAST, FUTURE.

present, v. t. 1. See show, introduce, oppose, nominate, offer, advance, express, suggest, give.

2. With the person as the object: gift (rare), gratify (archaic); spec. tip (colloq.), compliment.

Antonyms: see DEPRIVE.

3. express (contextual), lay, bring, put, prefer, submit, adduce, pop (colloq.). **presentation**, n. presentment (rare); see

SHOW, GIFT, OFFER.

preservation, n. 1. See PROTECTION, SAV-ING, KEEPING.

2. conservation, conservancy (chiefly British), saving, cherishment (rare), embalmment (rare).

8. confection (mostly spec.), cure; spec. ensilage, mummification, smoking, canning (U. S.), etc.

preserve, v. t. 1. See PROTECT, SAVE, MAIN-TAIN, KEEP.

2. Referring to the keeping in existence or to the prevention of destruction, waste, or the like: conserve, conservate (rare), incorrupt (rare); spec. save, cherish, enshrine (cften fig.), embalm, balm (archaic or rare), file, record.

Antonyms: see WASTE, DESTROY, ABATE,

ANNIHILATE, EXTINGUISH.

8. keep (contextual), conserve, do (contextual); spec. confect, process, cure, season, ensilage, ensile, ensilate (rare), barbecue, bloat, kipper, smoke, kyanize, tin (chiefly British), can (U. S.), pot, candy, embalm, mummify, jerk; see PICKLE, DRY. preserve, n. 1. conserve; spec. sweetmeat, confection, compote, marmalade, jam, jelly, sauce, goggles (pl.; rare), dun (chiefly in pl.).

2. Spec. warren.

president, n. presider (less formal), head, preses or præses (chiefly Scot.); spec. chairman, dean, deacon, prefect, moderator, provost, speaker, toastmaster, rector, reeve (Canada).

press, v. t. 1. crush, cram (colloq.), crunch; spec. screw, crowd, cylinder, roll, roller, calender, tread, iron, goose, mangle; see PUSH, SQUEEZE, CRUSH, TREAD.

Antonyms: see STRETCH, EXPAND.

2. See Constrain, urge, distress, enlist, crowd.

pressure, n. 1. press, oppression (poetic); spec. bearing, crowding, crowd, crushing, crush, crunching, crunch, screw, load,

Toross references: see Note. prepense: deliberale. preponderance: control, prevalence. preponderant: controlling, prevalent. preponderate: control, prevail. prepossess: absorb, prejudice. prepossessing: attractive. prepossession: absorption, partiality. preposterous: absurd. prepotent: powerful. prerequisite: condition. [predict. prerogative: right. presage, v. t.: forcbode, signify,

presage, n.: foreboding, sign.
prescience: foreknowledge, foresight.
prescient: foreseeing.
prescribe: dictate, appoint.
prescription: dictation, appointment, limitation, formula,
custom.
prescriptive: customary.
present, n.: gift.
presentable: proper.
present-day: modern.
presentiment: foreboding, anticipation.
preserver: protector, saver.
preside: watch, act.

press, n.: pressure, constraint, distress, haste, crowd, cupboard. pressing: urgent. prestige: influence, reputation. presto, adv.: suddenly, immediately. presume, v. t.: venture, assume, inser. presumption, n.: assumption, inference, arrogance, dence, assurance. sumed. presumptive: probable, aspresumptuous: venturesome, arrogant, assured, impudent. presuppose: assume. presupposition: assumption.

counterpressure, pression (rare), impressure (rare), impressment (rare); see PUSH, SQUEEZE, CRUSH.

2. See distress, undency, exidency pretend, v. t. 1. feign, sham, simulate, affect, act, make-believe, counterfeit, gammon (slang or collog.), dissemble (rars or obs.); spec profess.

2. See IMAGINE.

pretend, v. i. feign, feint, dissemble, makebelieve, sham.

pretended, a. pretensive (less common than pretended"), sham, feigned, feint (rare), dissembled, counterfeit, postiche (French), affected, simulated, ostensible, spurious, colorable, dummy, bogus (colloq), false, imitated, acted, imitation, artificial, hypocritical, spec shoddy; see FALSE

pretender, n. feigner, simulator, make-believe, dissembler, actor, panjandrum, counterfeiter, spec. sciolist, antichrist; SEE DISSEMBLER, DECEIVER, QUACK, CLAIM-

ANT, HYPOCRITE.

pretense, n 1. Referring to the action, habit, or fact: pretension, affectation, feigning, simulation, mummery, masquerade, imitation, postiche (French), morkery, falsity, show, sham, glose (rare), make-believe; spec profession, puppetry, eu-phuism, bluff, shoddyism; see DECEP-TION, DISSEMBLING.

2. Referring to the thing embodying or used for pretense: pretension, veil, show, sham, postiche (French), affectation, mask, guise, imitation, make-believe; spec. mockery, shoddy (colloq.), tinsel, profession.

3. See CLAIM, PRETEXT

pretentious, a. affected, airy, Tartuffian or Tartuffish (fig), topping, high, big (collog.), brassy (colleg.), important, fastuous (rare), spec high-sounding; see AMBI-TIOUS, SHOWY.

Antonyms: see UNAFFECTED, HUMBLE. pretentiousness, n. airs (pl), side (slang; chiefly British), bigness.

preternatural, a. nonnatural; see un-NATURAL, SUPERNATURAL.

Antonyma: see NORMAL.

pretext, n. pretense, subterfuge, cover,

color, cloak, veil, blind.
pretty, a. 1. Spec. cute (colloq.), cunning. 2. See GOOD-LOOKING, BEAUTIFUL, CON-SIDERABLE.

prevail, v. i. 1. predominate, preponderate, reign (chiefly spec.), rule, obtain, subsist; spec. rage

2. As used with "on" or "upon," or "with": SCE OVERCOME, SUCCEED, CONTROL.

prevalence, n. predominance, currency, reign.

prevalent, a. predominant, preponderant, prevailing, general, current; spec. rife, regnant (rare), ruling, running,

prevarioate, v. i. equivocate, palter, quib-ble, shuffle, whiffle (rore), dodge, shift, tergiversate, sophisticate, quirk (rore), pettifog (rare), ergotize (rare).

prevariention, n. 1. Referring to the action, practices, ste.: equivocation, paltering, shuffling, quibbling, evasion, tergiversation, sophistry, casuistry, pettifogging.

2. Referring to an instance of exhibiting preparication: equivocation, evasion, quirl quip, quibble, dodge, shuffle, quillet (rate), carriwitchet (slang). A "prevari-(rare), carriwitchet (slang). A "prevari cation" may or may not be a "lie"; a "lie may or may not involve a "prevarication," prevaricator, n. sophist, sophister, shuf-

fler, guibbler, etc.

prevent, v. t. preclude, deter, help, debar, stop, save (with "from"), forestall (obsolescent,, forbid, prohibit, interdict, hinder, foreclose (rare), inhibit, shield (archaic), forfend (archaic), help; spec. veto, restrain, bar, see ESTOP.

Antonyms: see AID, CAUSE, CONCLUDE,

INCITE.

prevention, s. preclusion (rare), inhibition, stoppage, prohibition, determent, forestalling, restraint, etc.; see obstacle, ESTOPPEL.

Antonyms: see AID, PREVENTION, IN-CITEMENT.

preventive, a. preventative, preclusive, inhibitory, inhibitive, deterrent, prohibitive, prohibitory, hindering; spec. prophylactic. Antonyma: see CONTRIBUTORY.

previous, a. antecedent, anterior, preceding, precedent, prior, foregone, fore (obs.), preallable (rare); see FORMER.

Antonyms see Subsequent.
previousness, n. antecedence, anteriorness, priority, etc.

previsional, a. previsionary, foresightful

prey, n. 1. quarry, ravin (literary), kill; spec. pelt.

2. See VICTIM.

prey, v. i. 1. See PLUNDER.

2. Referring to the animal: ravin; spec. kill (rare).

price, n. charge, rate; spec. quotation, fiars (pl.; Scot.), ransom.

prick, n 1. See DOT, WOUND, STING.

2. point (contextual), pricker, spec. prod, goad, brog (dial.), prickle.

TT Cross references- see Note pretence: variant of pretened. pretention: dam prettimess: good-lookingness.

prickle, n. prick (contextual); spec. thorn, spine, acicule, spicule, needle, thistle.

prickly, a. pricky (rare or dial.); spec. aculeate, aciculate, spiny, thorny, thistly, echinate, echinated, echinulate, burry.

Antonyms: see SMOOTH.

pride, n. 1. self-esteem, proudness, disdainfulness, haughtiness. "Vanity" is not a synonym of "pride".

Antonyms: see Humility.

2. See ARROGANCE, ELATION.

pride, v. t. plume; see CONGRATULATE. **priest**, n. minister (contextual); spec. hierophant, priestlet or priestling (chiefly contemptuous), father, patrico (cant), confessor, pope (Greek Church), levite, lama,

brahmin, brahman, bonze, Brehon, fetial, pontiff, pontifex, flamen, corybant, corybantian, fulgurator, druid, hierarch, sacrificer, seminarist, protopapas, protopope, powwow, poonghie, papa.

Antonyms: see Layman.

priestess, n. Spec. nun, vestal, Pythia. **priesthood**, n. ministry (contextual); spec. clergy, pontificate, pontificality (rare). **priestly**, a. ministerial (contextual); spec.

hieratic, pontifical, pontific, levitical. Antonyms: see LAY.

prim, a. spec. prudish, precise; see STIFF, FORMAL.

prime, n. 1. See Hour, Beginning, Spring, ACCENT.

2. Referring to the early period of life, when the flush of feeling is strong: springtime, bloom (fig.), flower (fig.), heyday, May (poetic and fig.).

3. Referring to the period of greatest activity and vigor, usually in the muldle age of life: zenith (fig.), height, floruit (rare).

prince, n. 1. monarch, princelet (dim.), princeling (dim.), princekin (dim.); spec. pendragon, cardinal, duke, mirza, emir, elector.

2. Referring to a male member of a royal family, esp. a son or grandson of the monarch: infant; spec. infante, czarevitch or tsarevitch, dauphin.

3. See CHIEF.

princess, n. 1. See MONARCH.

2. Referring to a female member of a royal family, esp. a daughter or granddaughter of the monarch: spec. infant, infanta, czarina or tsarina, dauphiness.

principal, n. 1. See CHIEF.

2. Referring to a person for whom another acts: spec. client, consigner, constituent. constituency (a collective).

Antonyms: see Agent, go-between.

8. Referring to a sum of money as distinguished from increase or interest: capital, corpus (tech.), body.

Antonyms: see interest.

print, v. t. 1. impress, imprint, engrave (fig.), stamp; see BRAND, INDENT.

2. Referring to marking with or as with type, an engraved figure, etc.: type (rare); spec. reprint, lithograph, prove or (less usual) proof, pull, discharge.

print, n. 1. form (contextual), figure (contextual), impression, imprint, impress, stamp; see Brand, indentation.

2. Referring to matter printed with or as with type: typography, letterpress.

Antonyms: see Manuscript.

8. Referring to a particular thing printed: impression, impress; spec. reprint, proof, pull, lithograph, xylograph, zincograph, zincotype, chromograph, cuneiform, negative, positive, vignette.

4. See Design.

printed n. Spec. typesetter, pressman. prison, n. Spec. prisonhouse, dungeon, pit (obs. or hist.), jail, penitentiary, reformatory, lock-up, jug (slang), roundhouse (hist.), calaboose or calaboza (local, U. S.), crib (local, Eng.), kitty (slang), loga (pl.; slang, Australia), hell (rare), gehenna (rare), college (slang, choky (Anglo-Indian), bagnio, (slang, Eng.), quod (slang), cage (colloq.), guardhouse, guardroom, bullpen (slang), stockade (slang), blackhole, counter (obs. or hist.; Eng.), vault, hulk, Newgate, bridewell, conciergerie (French), Littleease, compter (Eng.). It should be understood that in early times criminals were not punished by imprisonment; prisons were then used as places of detention pending trial, torture, execution, or for personal or political offenders.

prisoner, n. captive (literary or fig.), caitiff (obs.); spec. jailbird, collegian (slang, Eng.), culprit, détenu (masc.; French). détenue (fem.; French), cageling.

privacy, n. Referring to avoidance of, or freedom from, publicity: privateness, intimacy (rare or spec.), intimity (rare).

Antonyms: see Publicity.

CF Cross references: see Note. prickle, v. t.: perforate. prickle, v. i.: sting. prig: precisian. priggish: fastidious, precious, conceited. primacy: headship. primal: original, first. primary, a.: original, first, im-

mediate, elementary, chief.

primary, n.: feather. primate: chief, bishop. prime, a.: first, original, firstclass, chief. prime, v. t.: prepare, coat. primeval: old. primitive, a.: original, old, old-fashioned, crude. primordial: original, elementary.

principal, a.: chief. principle: assumption, basis, cause, constituent, element, force, rule, truth. **Prior,** n.: monk. prior, a.: preceding, previous, former, superior. **Prioress:** nun. priory: convent. pristine: original, old.

private, a. 1. privy (archaec), nonpublic (rare), nonofficial (rare), unofficial; spec. personal.

Antonyms: see Official, Public.

2. See HIDDEN, SECRETIVE, OWN, SE-CLUDED, CONFIDENTIAL.

privilege, n. right, franchise (legal); spec. liberty, indulgence, charter, regality, regale, soke, license, monopoly, refusal, frank, prevention; see OPTION.

Antonyms, see OBLIGATION DUTY. prize, n. 1. reward, trophy, premium, meed (poetic or rhetorical , booty colloq), palm (fig or spec), plum (collog), spec, blue ribbon, sweepstakes, plate, detur (Hor-

vard University), medal, cup. Sec advantage, stake

probable, a. 1. presamable, presumptive, likely, like (rare; collog. or dial.), verisimilar (learned), verisimilous (rare), on the cards (used predicatively, colloq. cant).

Antonyms : see improbable, impossible.

3. See CREDIBLE.

probably, adv belike (archaic or rare). likely, see PERHAPS.

probationary, a. probative (rare).
probasis, n. Spec. trunk, snout, neb,
tongue, haustellum, antha, promuscis.

procedure, n. 1. proceeding, course; spec. practice, way, conduct, policy, form; see CUSTOM.

3. See action, method.

proceed, v. i. 1. See GO, ARISE, CONTINUE, ADVANCE, EMANATE, RESULT

2. act, do, go (usually with "on"); spec

huggermugger; see PROGRESS.
proceeds, n pl outcome (rare), avails (pl.), profit, result, issue (obs., ezc. legal), produce (rare), income.

process, n. outgrowth, projection, protuberance, prominence, appendage; spec apophysis, condyle, condyloma, caruncle, comb, barb, barbel, barbule, wattle.

procession, n. 1. See GOING, MARCH. 3. Referring to the body of people in pro-cession. parade, cavalcade (chiefly spec.), profit, n. 1. See BENEFIT.

cortège (French; rare), train; spec. tri-umph, ovation, funeral, skimmington.

proclaim, v. t. 1. Referring to official announcement by outery announce (contextual), cry, call (rore); spec. herald.

2. Referring to loudly making known, publish, cry, call, sing (primarily spec.), enounce, spec. preach, knell; see TRUM-

2. See SHOW, STATE.

proclamatory, a. annunciatory. produce, n. 1. See PRODUCT, YIELD.

2. Referring to the yield from plants: produet, yield, erop (chufly spec), spec. truck, gardenage (rare), emblements (pl.), grain, vegetable, harvest, see fuuit.

producer, n 1. See INTRODUCER, GENER-ATOR, CREATOR, CAUSE, AUTHOR, elc.

2. Referring to one who grows plants for their yield: grower, raiser, culturist (chiefly spec.); spec. agriculturist, horticultur-

product, n. production, result, produce (rare), yield; spec. by-product, staple, outcome, origination, output, turnout, product, n. fruit, make, work, issue (rare), birth (fig.), development, harvest, manufacture; see GROWTH, OFFSPRING.

productive, a. rich, fruitful, prolific, plenteous (chaefly poetic); spec, fructuous (rare), proliferous, fertile, generative, fat, luxuriant, elaborative, originative, quick, pregnant; see CREATIVE, CAUSATIVE, ORIGINATIVE, FRUITFUL.

Antonyms: see Barren.

profession, 7. 1. See acknowledgment, AFFECTATION, PRETENSION, BELIEF, BUSI-NESS, DECLARATION.

2. Referring to those in a profession: calling (rare), faculty (archaic or spec.); spec. law, ministry.

Antonyms: see LAIETY.

professional, a Spec trade, business;no good synonyms.

Antonyms' see AMATEURISH, LAY.

privy: accessory prize, r i capture.
prize, r i capture.
prize, r i capture.
prize, r i cirer.
prize, r i cirer.
prize, r i cirem, calue.
probation: trial probation: trad probationer names, candidate, probative: probationary, demonstrative probet, i. examine, probity: upriphiness, problematical: uncertain problematical: uncertain process, v. i preserve, prosecule.
processional: hymn

Cross references : see Note.

privity: knowledge, complicity,

privation: need.

relation

procrastinate: defer procrastination: deferment procreate: generale, create procurable: obtainable, procuration: agency, po agency, power, getting bawdry procure: get induce. procurement: getting, agency, andurement. producer: based. prod: poke. prodigal, a prodigal, a extravagant, con-erous casteful, abundant prodigal, n spendthrift, waster prodigality: criennaganes, gen-erosty, wastefulness, abun-dance prodigious: wonderful, 1m-

proclivity: inchestion

prodicy: sign wonder, occurproduce, r t. generale, create, cause show, form, furnish, make, grow, bear, compose, extend develop. producible: causable, profane, a improus, unhal-lowed, tulgar profane, v t desecrate violate. profess: state, avow, affect, preprofier: offer. proficiency: skill, accomplishproficient, a. skillful, accomproficient, n. expert. profile: outline profit, v t. benefit.

PROMOTION

2. gain, clearance (rare), lucre, fruit; spec. perquisite, velvet (slang), bunce (slang), graft; see PAY.

Antonyms: see Loss.

profitable, a. 1. See ADVANTAGEOUS.

2. gainful, lucrative, remunerative, remuneratory, paying, emolumentary (rare), fat (colloq. or slang), rewardful (rare).

Antonyms: see UNPROFITABLE.

profitless, a. gainless, useless; see UN-PROFITABLE.

progress, n. 1. See ADVANCE.

2. Referring to a going on, taking place, happening, etc.: advance, process, passage, movement, move, course, procession, progression; spec. passage, boom; see DE-VELOPMENT, REFORM.

Antonyms: see RECESSION, DECLINE. **progress**, v. i. 1. See ADVANCE, REFORM.

2. advance, proceed, move, go, grow, wag (colloq.), work, speed; spec. boom; see DEVELOP.

Antonyms: see RECEDE, DECLINE.

progressive, a. forward, advanced; spec. forward-looking.

Antonyms: see BACKWARD.

prohibition, a. dry (colloq.).

project, v. t. 1. See PLAN, DEVISE.

2. propel (contextual); spec. deliver, cast,

eject, hurl, hurtle, bolt, shoot, fire, serve, bowl; see THROW.

3. Referring to a shadow, light, figure, etc.: throw, cast.

project, v. i. extend; spec. jut, shoot, outshoot (rare), poke, butt, jutty (archaic), peak (rare), knob (rare); see PROTRUDE, PROTUBERATE.

projecting, a. projective; spec. protrusive, protrudent (rare), prominent, salient, exsurgent (rare), extant (archaic), bold, outstanding (rare), astrut (archaic), emersed, underhung, exserted, excurrent, protruding, protuberant.

Antonyms: see Hollow.

projection, n. 1. See PLANNING.

2. propulsion; spec. throw, cast, hurl, throwing, ejection, shooting, firing, etc., delivery, service; see throw.

3. projectile, project (rare); see missile.

4. Referring to the fact or condition of projecting: spec. relief (chiefly an art term), relievo, jut (rare), eminence, salience, protuberance, protrusion.

5. Referring to a thing or part that projects: extension; spec. protrusion, protuberance, prominence or (rare) prominency, spur, elevation, eminence, salience, rising, outshoot, outshot (rare), snag, jag, elbow, point, projecture (rare), finger, shoulder, jut (rare), jutty, outjet (rare), outjut (rare), rag, headland, outgrowth, process.

Antonyms: see Hole, CAVITY, Hollow, RECESS.

6. Referring to various projecting forms in carpentry, machinery, etc.: tenon, cog, coak, tusk, tooth, shoulder, shouldering, bolster, fang, ear, speer, burr, pallet, kern, kick, cam, knuckle.

prolix, a. lengthy, long-winded (often contemptuous), verbose, wordy; spec. diffuse,

exuberant.

Antonyms: see BRIEF, CONCISE.

prolixity, n. lengthiness, verbosity, wordiness; spec. diffuseness.

Antonyms: see BREVITY, CONCISENESS.

prolong, v. t. 1. See EXTEND.

2. Referring to sounds: extend, lengthen, hold, carry, continue, protract.

prolongation, n. 1. See EXTENSION, ADDITION.

2. Referring to sounds: lengthening, holding, prolongment (rare), continuation, continuance; spec. hang, cipher.

promise, n. 1. agreement, engagement, word; spec. pledge, undertaking, affiance, sacrament, preëngagement, vow, oath, parole, plight (archaic), pollicitation, subscription; see CONTRACT, BETROTHAL.

2. See EARNEST, AUSPICIOUSNESS.

promise, v. t. agree, engage, undertake; spec. plight (chiefly poetic or rhetorical), preëngage, vow, swear, pass, subscribe; see CONTRACT, BETROTH.

promising, a. 1. See AUSPICIOUS.

2. Referring to a person or thing that bids fair to turn out well: likely; spec. flattering.

profigate, a.: dissipated, extravagant, abundant.
profigate, n.: dissipater.
profound, a.: deep, abstruse, learned, subtle, intense, dense, low.
profound, n.: deep.
profundity: depth.
profuse: extravagant, abundant, generous.
profusion: extravagance, abundance, expenditure.
progenitor: ancestor.
progeniture: ancestry, descent.
progeny: offspring.

prognosis: prediction. prognostic, a.: significant. prognostic, n.: sign, symptom. prognosticate: signify, foresee, predict. prognostication: prediction, foreknowledge, sign. program: notice, plan. progression: advance, progress. progressive, n.: reformer. prohibit: forbid, prevent. project, n.: plan, enterprise, device. projectile, n.: missile. projector: founder. proletarian: plebeian.

proletariat: people.
proliferate: generale.
proliferous: productive, fruitful.
prolific: fruitful.
prologne: preface.
promenade: walk, dance.
prominence: projection, process.
prominent: projecting, notable, famous, conspicuous.
promiscuous, a.: mixed, confused.
promontory: headland.
promote: advance, aid.
promotion: advancement, aid.

Antonyms: see Unpromising,

prompter, n. reminder, souffler (French; cant, , - as in the theater.

pronounce, v t 1. Nee UTTER, STATE.

2. Referring to utterance of words: utter, speak, say, articulate, frame, enunciate, enounce (rare), form; spec. clip, garble,

pronunciation, n. utterance, enunciation, saying, etc.; spec. orthoppy; see MISPRO-NUNCIATION.

proof, R 1. See EVIDENCE, TRIAL, STAND-

2. probation (rare), verification, averment (rare), demonstration, apodeixis (learned or tech.), substantiation, show. Antonyms, see DISPROOF.

\$. print (contextual); spec. pull, slip, revise.

prop, v. t. support; spec. block, shore, underpin, underset.

prop, n. support; spec. block, shore, underpin.

propel, v. t. force, drive, impel, impulse (rare), put, send; spec. push, dash thrust, shoot, screw, paddle, row, pole, sail, stream; see PROJECT, PUSH, THRUST.

proper, a 1. See OWN, INHERENT, INDIVID-UAL, ACCURATE, APPROPRIATE, FASTIDI-OUS, GOOD-LOOKING.

2. Referring to conformity to social convention: becoming, respectable, decent, decorous. spec. demure, chaste, prudish, delicate, presentable, elegant, right, rightful (rare), correct (colloq.), due; see

Antonyms see IMPROPER, UNTIMELY.

property, n. 1. See OWNERSHIP.

 possession or (generic pl) possessions, belonging or (generic pl) belongings; spec appurtenance, appurtenant (rare), havings (pl.), estate, assets, holding (chiefly in pl.), stocks (pl.), personalty, chattels, goods, realty, land, shares.

prophet, n. 1. As being an inspired person: oracle; spec. druid, Merlin, sibyl.

3. See PREDICTOR

prophetess, n. 1. As being an inspired person. Voluspa (erroneous), sibyl.

2. See PREDICTOR.

Cross references see Note

prophetic, a 1. oracular, oraculous (rare),

prompt, a ready, immediate. prompt, v. l.: incite, remind, promulgate: publish. prone: prostrate, inclined, dispossd. prong: point, branch.

pronounced: decided, great, broad

pronouncement: statement

prop: support

propaganda: movement propagate: generale, diffuse, transmit propensity: inclination. prophecy, n.: inspiration, pre-

prophesy, s. i * speak, predict. prophesy, s. t.: predict propinquity: nearness, rela-

propitiable: pacifiable.

propitiate: pacify propitiatory: pacific. propitious: auspicious, favor

fatidical (literary), fatidic (rare), fatiloquent (rare), vatic (literary), spec. Dodonean, sibylline, druidic or druidical, Antonyms: see blind

2. See PREDICTIVE.

prophylactic, a. preventive, synteretic (rare)

proportion, n. 1. See part, ratio, dimen-SION, SHARE, EXTENT.

2. commensuration, commensurateness; spec, eurythmy, match.

Antonyme see disproportion. 8. scale, rate, ratio, quota.

proportionate, a. proportional, proportionable, commensurate, according (predicative)

Antonyms: see DISPROPORTIONATE.

proposal, n. statement, proposition, offer, advancement, submission, overture, motion; spec. nomination (see NOMINATE).

propose, v. t. 1. state (contextual), propound, advance, present, move, offer, overture (rare), submit, pose (rare), propone (obs. or Scot.), put; see NOMINATE, MENTION.

2. See INTEND

proposition, statement (contextual); spec.

axiom, postulate, problem, thesis.
propriety, n. 1. Spec. accuracy, suitability, fastidiousness.

2. becomingness, respectability, decency, decorousness, decorum; spec. demureness, chasteness, elegance, delicacy, seemliness, rightness, prudery, bienséance (French), correctness; see TIMELINESS.

Antonyms: untimeliness (cf. UNTIMELY). propulation, n. pulsion (rars), propelment (rare); spec. drift, push, dash, impulse (rare), putting, sending; see PROJECTION, PUSH.

prosaic, a. 1. prosy.

Antonyma: see FLORID.

2. See COMMONPLACE, MATTER-OF-FACT. DULL, UNIMAGINATIVE.

prosaist, n. proseman (rare), proser, prosateur (French).

Andonyms: see POET, VERSIFIER.

prose, v. t. & v. prosify (chiefly humorous), beprose (intensive); spec. depoeticize (rare), depoetise (rare).

Antonyms see POETICIZE, VERSIFY.

proportional: proportionals, relative, curresponding, proposition: statement, proposal
propound: propose,
proprietary: owner,
proprietary: owner,
proret: darribute.
proreque: adjourn.
proseculum: front.
proseculum: outlaw, forbid.
proseculum: outlaw, forbid.
proseculum: outlaw.
place, matter-of-fact

PROUDNESS

prosecute, v. t. 1. See Pursue, exercise.

2. In the sense of "to follow up or attempt. to enforce": push, drive, urge, pursue; spec. exchequer (Eng.; cant), law (rare), libel, arraign.

3. sue, implead (archaic or hist.), process

(chiefly Scot.).

prospect, n. 1. See VIEW, EXPLORATION, FORESIGHT.

2. Referring to what is to come or happen: outlook, lookout (rare), perspective; spec. expectations (pl.).

prosper, v. i. flourish, thrive, increase (archaic), cotton (obs.); spec. succeed, boom,

flower (fig.), bloom (fig.).

prosperity, n. prosperation (rare), prosperousness, thriving, flourishing, wellbeing, fortune, flourish (rare, exc. with "in"), felicity (rare); spec. success, flower (fig.), bloom (fig.), boom.

Antonyms: see CALAMITY.

prosperous, a. 1. flourishing, thrifty, thriving, golden, palmy, happy, swimming; spec. successful, booming; see FORTUNATE, RICH.

Antonyms: see Unsuccessful, unfor-TUNATE, POOR.

2. See AUSPICIOUS.

prostrate, a. 1. flat, prone (properly spec.), flatling (obs.); spec. supine, groveling, cumbent, procumbent, decumbent, couchant, recumbent.

Antonyms: see VERTICAL.

2. See Helpless, Depressed. protect, v. t. Spec. defend, fend (archaic or poetic for "defend"), guard, preserve, champion, save, shield, buckler, shelter, screen, hedge, safeguard, secure, bulwark, bestride (archaic), patronize (rare), fence (archaic), shadow, flank, bield (Scot.), sheathe, dike, cushion, shoe, arm, bush, etc.; see GUARD, HIDE, CHERISH, COVER.

Antonyms: see Attack, Assail, Expose, HARASS, PLUNDER, ILL-TREAT,

DESTROY.

protection, n. 1. Referring to the act: spec. defense, saving, guard, fence (archaic or poetic), safeguard, championship, security, ward, care, patronage, coverture, manus; see CARE, GUARD.

Antonyms: see attack, **EXPOSURE**

PLUNDER; also cf. ASSAIL, etc.

2. The thing that protects: spec. defense, guard, fence, screen, shelter, shield, sheath, shadow, safeguard, preserva-

tive, wall, hedge (fig.), bulwark, cover, covert, rock (fig.), cage, bracer, buckler, resist.

protective, a. protecting; spec. defensive,

tutelar, guarding, shielding, etc.

protector, n. protecter, protection, preserver; spec. defense, warder, ward, guard, shelter, shielder, shield, buckler, guardant (rare), keeper, pastor, safeguard, palladium, champion, promachos (Greek antiq.), ghazi (Mohammedan), bully, etc., patron.

protest, v. i. object (contextual), remonstrate, demur, expostulate, reclaim (now

rare), obtest (rare), kick (colloq.).

protrude, v. t. & i. extend (contextual), project, exsert (rare), protend (rare); spec. shoot, poke, peep, loll, pout, evaginate.

protrusile, a. extensible (contextual), protrusible, exsertile (rare), emissile (rare):

spec. evaginable.

Antonyms: see RETRACTILE; also see FIXED.

protuberance, n. projection (contextual), protuberancy; spec. convexity, roundness, bulge, bulging, swell, swelling, whelk, weal, bilge, bunch, head, lump, hump, hunch, knot, node, gnarl, nodosity, hummock, boss, nipple, embossment, bosset, gibbosity (*literary or tech.*), belly, bump, tuberosity, tubercle, bull's-eye, bud, buttress, capitulum, capitellum, torus, mamilla, papilla, inion, rose; see PROCESS.

Antonyms: see CAVITY, HOLLOW.

protuberant, a. 1. Referring to something projecting from what surrounds it: projecting (contextual); spec. convex, bulging, swelling, extuberant (rare), hummocky, lumpy, knotty, nodose, bossy, goggie, rounded.

Antonyms: see Hollow, Hollowed.

2. Referring to what has protuberances upon it or a protuberating part: spec. gibbous, torous, swelling, bulgy, bumpy,

protuberate, v. i. project (contextual), rise; spec. bulge, swell, bunch, round.

proud, a. 1. As implying an attitude of superiority to, and contempt for, another or others: arrogant, haughty, haught (archaic), supercilious, vain, cavalier, cavalierly, uppish (collog.), high-minded (ar-

Teross references: see Note.

proselyte: convert.

prosiness: dullness; for commonplaceness, cf. COMMON-

prospect, v. t.: explore. prospective: future. prospectus: description. prosper, v. t.: aid. prostitute, n.: harlot. prostitute, v. l.: degrade. prostitution: harlotry, degra-

prosy: prosaic, matter-of-fact, commonplace, dull.

protean: multiform.

proteiform: multiform. protest, n.: objection. protest, v. i.: state. protestation: statement, protest. prototype: original. protract: extend. proudness: pride.

chase), orgulous or orgillous (archase), prideful (chiefly Scot), exalted; spec. proudish; see HAUGHTY.

Antonyms. see HUMBLE. 3. See PLEASED, GRAND.

prove, v. t. 1. show, demonstrate (chiefly spec.), establish, verify, sustain, substantiate; spec. speak, document, instruct (Scots law), aver (obs., exc. spec.), probate. Antonyms. see CONFUTE, DISPROVE.

2. See TRY, EXPERIENCE.

provide, v. i. 1. See PREPARE, PLAN, STIPU-

1. purvey (archaic), cater.

provider, n. purveyor (archaic), caterer (the usual cant or technical term)

provision, v. t furnish (contextual), victual; spec. ration, fodder, provender, forage, revictual.

provisional, a. 1. temporary, provisionary (rare), tentative, makeshift.

Antonyms. see PERMANENT. 2. See CONDITIONAL.

prowl, v i wander, raven, mouse.

prudence, n. discretion, prudentiality, thoughtfulness, judiciousness, circum-spection, care, considerateness (obsolescent), counsel (archaic); see EXPEDIENCY.

Antonyms: carelessness (cf. CARELESS) prudent, a. discreet, prudential, thoughtful, eareful, circumspect, chary, judicious, considerate (obsolescent), worldly-wise; see time-serving.

Antonyma: see CARELESS.

public, a 1. popular (rare, and chiefly or only in legal use), general, common; spec. political, civil, national, state, provincial, nationwide, statewide

Antonyms see PRIVATE.

2. Open to the public patent (rare), exoteric (rare).

3. See UNCONCEALED.

publication, n. 1. announcement, advertisement (chiefly spec.), disclosure, divulgation (literary), publishment (rare); spec. celebration (literary), report, proclamation, promulgation, ventilation, pervulgation (rare,, emblazonment.

2. Referring to a book: issue, issuance (rare), evulgation (rare)

3. Referring to the thing that is published: spec. review, builetin, gazette, magazine; see PERIODICAL.

publicity, n publicness (rare); spec. daylight, limelight (collog.), spotlight (collog.).

Antonyms see PRIVACY publish, v. t 1. announce, advertize (chiefly spec.), disclose, divulgate (hterary); spec brut, celebrate (hterary), report, proclaim, promulgate, promulge (archaic), ventilate, blow, emblazon, pervulgate (rare), trumpet, preconize (rare), bulletin, post, placard.

2. Referring to a book: issue, evulgate

(rare).

pucker, v. t. & 1. wrinkle, contract, corrugate (chiefly spec.), gather, pinch, shrivel; spec. knit, purse, bulge, cockle, gauge, ruckle (rare), crape, shirr.

Antonyms. вее вмоотн.

pucker, n. wrinkle, gathering, gather, corrugation (chiefly spec.); spec. cockle, shirr, crease.

puckered, a. wrinkled, puckery; spec. pursy, knit, cockly.

pugnacious, a. combative; spec. militant, quarrelsome, bellicose, contentious. Antonyms: see PEACEABLE.

pug nose. snub, snub nose, flat nose.

pug-nosed, a. snub, snub-nosed, puggy, camois or camus (obs), retroussé (French). Antonyms: see AQUILINE.

pull, v. t. 1. In this sense implying an actual separation or motion produced by means of applied force; that is, a result equivalent to that denoted by using words in def. 2 with an added adverb, such as "away," "off," "out 'cic separate (con-

Cross references see Note. provenance: source provenance: source provender: fodder proventence: source [drama. provide, v. t. prepare, furnish, provided, conj if providence: foresight, economy provident: far-sighted, econom-ical, fore handed providential: fortunals province: division, domain, jurisdiction, sphere, departprovincial: local, narrow proving: demonstrature. provision: furnishing, prepara-tion candition, equipment, food, supply action proviso: clause, condition provisory: conditional. provocation: incidement, excitation incentice, pritation.

provocative, a provocative, n incentive provoke: incite, excite, anger. provoking: irritating prow: bom prowess: courage, deed proximate: near, immedials, proximity: nearness proxy agency, power, agent prudery: propriety, preciousprudish: prim prune: trim, abbremate. prurient: lascivious. pry, n lever
pry, v : examine
prying, a curious,
prying, n curiosity, examinapseudonym: name.

psychic, psychical: mextal. pubescence: down. public, n people.
puddle, n pool.
puddle, r dabble,
puddle, r t mire. pudgy: fat squat. puerite childish. puerility: childhood puff, n blow, breath cloud, praise, gesture, wind putt, v hreathe, blow emit, drive, swell, clate, puff putty; gusty swellen infated, fot, full muffed short-winded, puglist; fighter pugilist: fighter pugilistic: fighting, puissance: power puissant: powerful, puke: tomit pulchritude: beauty. pule: cry, chiep puling: ailing.

textual), detach, pluck, wrest, rive; spec.

epilate; see PICK.

2. In this sense implying only an applied force merely tending to move something toward the source or place from which the force acts (as distinguished from "push") and not necessarily implying any resulting separation or motion, that idea being carried by added adverbs, as "away," "off," "out," etc.: spec. drag, tug, tear, wrench, haul, pluck, tweak, twang, twitch, lug, strain, heave; see DRAW, JERK.

Antonyms: see PUSH.

3. See attract, drink, transport.

pull, n. 1. Spec. drag, draw, tug, tear, wrench, haul, pluck, twitch, tweak, twang, strain, lug (colloq.), draft (obs. or dial.); see JERK.

Antonyms: see Push.

3. See DRINK, ROW (pron. ro), ATTRAC-TION, INFLUENCE.

pulp, n. 1. See FLESH.

2. mash, mush (colloq.), pap, paste; spec. mucilage, pomace.

pulp, v. t. 1. mash, pulpify (rare); spec. masticate.

3. dispulp (rare).

pulpit, n. 1. platform (contextual), rostrum (learned or literary; contextual), tub (slang, Eng.).

2. See MINISTRY.

pulpy, a. pultaceous (rare), pulpous, pasty, pappy (rare), mushy.

Antonyms: see WOODY.

pulsate, v. i. 1. beat, throb; spec. thump, pant, quiver, palpitate, pit-a-pat, pit-pat, shudder, tremble.

2. See VIBRATE.

pulsation, n. beating, beat, throb, stroke, shudder, tremble, palpitation, etc.; spec. pant, quiver, pit-a-pat, pit-pat, ictus, rhythm, accent.

pulverize, v. t. powder; spec. triturate, levigate, grind, pound, crumble, stamp,

flour (rare), meal.

pump, n. 1. Spec. Mrs. Simpson (slang) or cant).

2. Referring to the act of eliciting information from a person: tap (collog.).

pun, n. paronomasia (learned), doubleentendre (French), conceit, calembour (French), equivoque (literary), carriwitchet (slang), clinch (rare), quibble, quillet. | pure, a. 1. In a physical sense: simple, un-

punctuate, v. t. 1. point; spec. interpunctuate or interpoint.

2. See DOT, EMPHASIZE.

pungency, n. 1. See ACRIMONY.

2. irritatingness (rare), keenness, penetrativeness (rare), penetration, poignancy (rare), sharpness; spec. heat, pepperiness, piquancy, stimulation; see ACRIDITY.

pungent, a. 1. See Painful, Affecting,

ACRIMONIOUS.

2. Irritating, keen, penetrative, penetrating, poignant (rare), sharp; spec. hot, peppery, piquant, stimulating; see ACRID.

Antonyms: see Bland.

punish, v. t. correct (euphemistic), lesson (literary), reward (literary or ironical), pay; spec. chastize, chasten, discipline, dress castigate, whip, (chiefly with "down"), trim, smite, haze, decimate, centesimate (rare), ferule, tar, impale, rusticate, masthead, hang, penance, pepper, draw, Tartarize, torture, proctorize, penalize, fine, mulct, imprison.

Antonyms: see absolve, reward, ex-

CUSE.

punishment, n. 1. correction (euphemistic), reward (literary or ironical), animadversion (archaic), punition (rare), payment, pay; spec. lesson, toco (slang, Eng.), chastening, chastisement, discipline, castigation, whipping, retribution, rod, penance, penitence (rare), impalement, cyphonism, censure, dispensation, vengeance, fine, imprisonment.

Antonyms: see Absolution, REWARD,

EXCUSE.

2. Referring to what is inflicted in order to punish: see Penalty.

punitive, a. corrective (euphemistic), punitory, disciplinary, castigatory, castigative (rare), retributive, vindictive (rare), vindicatory (rare).

puppet, n. 1. lay figure, poppet (obs.), marionette, fantoccini (pl.; Italian), neuropast (tech. or rare); spec. Polichinelle (French), Punchinello (Italian), Punch, Judy.

2. tool, jackstraw (arch. or obs.), Jack-a-

Lent (arch.); spec. creature.

purblind, a. dim-sighted, starblind, moleeyed (rare), cecutient (rare).

Antonyms: see CLEAR-SIGHTED.

THE Cross references: see Note. pullet: fowl, hen. pulley: wheel. pulmonic: consumptive. pulpous: fleshy. pumice: lava. pummel: beat. pump, v. i.: breathe. punch, n.: buffoon. punch, n.: blow, poke. punch, v.: strike, poke.

punctate: dotted. punctation: dotting. punctilio: form. punctilious: formal, scrupupunctual: ready. puncture, v. t.: pierce. puncture, n.: opening. punt, n. & v.: kick. punt, v. i.: gamble.

pup, n.: dog.pup, v. i.: bear. pupil: scholar. pupilage: minority, scholarship. puppetry: pretense. puppy: dog, jackanapes. puppyism: conceit. purchase, v. t.: buy. purchase, n.: buying, buy, advantage, tackle. purchased: bought.

puny: small.

mixed, unalloyed, unadulterated, clear, absolute, fine, neat (spec or rare), clean (obsolescent, exc. spec.); spec. unstained, refined, unsulfied, uncorrupted, uncontaminated, etc.

Antonyms: see soiled.

3. See smooth (as in sound), full-BLOODED (in reference to lineage), ABSO-LUTE (in an intensive sense), CORRECT

. In reference to freedom from moral defilement: innocent, guiltless, guileless, sincere, clean, chaste, white, stainless, candid (archaic), seraphic, immaculate, honest, virgin, incorrupt or uncorrupt, incontaminate (rare) or incontaminated, untainted, undefiled, unblemished; see CHASTE.

Antonyma: see CORRUPT, LASCIVIOUS.

purificatory, a. 1. cleansing, depurant (med.), depurative, purgative (rare), purgatory (rare).

2. In reference to morals: cleansing, purgatorial (rore), purgatorian (rore); spec. Justratory, Justral, Justrative.

Antonyma: see CORRUPTIVE.

purify, v. t. 1. cleanse; spec. purge, rarefy, refine, fine, clear, depurate, defecate, edulcorate, wash, expurgate (rere), epurate (rare), sublime, retort, rectify; see CLEAN.

Antonyms see ADULTERATE, DIRTY, AL-

LOY, SOIL.

2. In reference to moral or spiritual cleanness: cleanse, purge, chasten, sublime (fig.), sublimate (fig.), refine, fine (fig.); spec. clarify, catherize (rare), reconcile.

Anionyms: see Contaminate, Corrupt,

purity, n. 1. In a physical sense: clearness, simpleness, absoluteness, fineness, neatness (rare or spec.), cleanness.

Antonyms: see DIRT.

2. See CORRECTNESS. 2. pureness, innocence, guiltlessness, guilelessness, sincerity, cleanness, whiteness, immaculateness, immaculacy, honesty, virginity, incorruptness, incorrupti-bility, chastity or chasteness (esp in sexual matters or in style); see CHASTITY.

Antonyma: see CORRUPTION; also cf.

LEWD, LICENTIOUS

purple, a. 1. purplish, purply, purpurate (archaic), purpurean (rare), porphyrous (rare), Tyrian (literary or cant), spec

pursuese: pursty purse: border. purgation: cleaning, evacuation. purgative: catharine cleaning,

Cross references see Note.

purificatory purge, v t Purge, v t clean, purify, re-move, evacuate, acquit, expiate. purge, n cathartic, diarrhoa,

purl a mu. purl, a de e flow, murmur. purl, v t edge purlieu: bound purloin: steal purport, n . meaning. purport, v. t ' mean.

purpose, n object, intention, purpose, v t intend purse, v t. pucker

violaceous, hyacinthine, murrey (archarc).

2. See bloody, brilliant, outrageous. purple, n. Spec. purpur, murrey (hist. or archaic), mauve, pucc, violet, lilac, hya-cinth, cudbear, damson, gridelin, heliotrope, magenta, solferino, etc.

purposeless, a. idle, intentionless (rare), aimless, endless, driftless, chance.

purse, n. bag, pocket (rare., burse (archaic), pouch (archaic or poetic), sparron (Scot); spec. gipser (archaic).

pursue, v. f. 1. follow (contextual), hunt, chase; spec. course, halloo, chevy or chivy (Eng.), stalk.

2. prosecute, push, practice, drive, follow, cultivate.

3. See CONTINUE.

pursuit, s. 1. following, hunting, hunt, chase, spec chevy or chivy (Eng.), course. 2. A seeking to attain: pursuance, quest; see BEARCH,

8. prosecution, practice, cultivation, con-

duct, husiness.

4. See BUSINESS, FAD. purulent, a. Spec. puslike, suppurative, mattery, festering, pussy (collog.), samous. pus, n. humor, matter, purulence; spec. empyema.

push, v. t. press, propel, thrust, shove.

Antonyms: see DRAW, PULL. push, v. t. & t. 1. Spec. poke, detrude (rare), boost (colloq., U. S.), shuffle, hustle, jostle, jog, crowd, elbow, butt, nudge, shoulder, bunt, punt, pole, spoon.

Antonyms: see PULL. 2. propel (contextual); see THRUST, DRIVE, CONDUCT, ADVANCE, PROSECUTE, PURSUE,

URGE.

push, n. 1. pressure, press, propulsion; spec. thrust, shove, poke, trusion, detrusion (rare), shuffle, jostle, jog, impulse, impulsion, boost, trustion (rare), nudge, bunt, butt, cant.

Antonyms see PULL.

2. propulsion (contextual); see Thrust, EFFORT, ENTERPRISE, AMBITION, ADVANCE.

push button, n. Spec. pressel.
pusher, n. hustler, rustler (U. S.; colloq.),

hummer (slang or colloq.).

put, v. t 1. place; spec. lay, set, thrust, cast, hustle, stick, clap, rest, repose, impose, throw, fling, collocate; ass DEPOSIT. 2. In a sense not implying the transloca-

pursy: short-winded, fat, puckpurrey, e a provide purreyance: furnishing, puritew: hody, scape, sing, push, e advance pushing: enterprising, ambi-

pusillanimous: cowardly pustule: pimple

tion of anything: place, lay, rest, repose, cast, fix, plant, set.

8. See Translate, Base, Attribute, Apply, Propose, add, invest.

puzzle, n. 1. See PERPLEXITY, QUESTION.

2. Referring to a thing that puzzles: spec. puzzlement (rare), tangram, trifle, ring, rebus.

pygmy, n. atomy; see DWARF.
Antonyms: see GIANT.

0

quack, v. i. cry (contextual), quackle. quack, n. pretender (contextual), charlatan, mountebank (now rare or hist.), saltimbanco (Italian), quacksalver (obsolescent), medicaster (rare); spec. Sangrado, empiric.

quack, a. charlatan, circumforaneous (rare), quacky (rare), charlatanish, quackish; spec. empirical or empiric, mounte-

bank (rare).

quackery, n. imposture (contextual), charlatanry, charlatanism, mountebankery (rare), quackism; spec. empiricism.

quadrangle, n. quadrilateral, quad (colloq.), tetragon; spec. trapezium, parallelogram, etc.

qualification, n. 1. change, modification, limitation.

2. See QUALITY, ADAPTATION.

3. condition (contextual), fitness, capacity, eligibility, competency.

Antonyms: see disqualification.

4. In reference to the act of qualifying: capacitation, habilitation.

qualified, a. 1. able, fit, adapted, competent, eligible.

2. See LIMITED.

Antonyms: see UNQUALIFIED.

qualify, v. t. 1. See describe, moderate, abate, change, restrict.

2. fit, adapt, capacitate (for office), habilitate (rare); spec. rehabilitate, recapacitate, entitle.

Antonyms: see DISQUALIFY.

quality, n. 1. attribute, property, characteristic, character, feature, singularity, trait, peculiarity, affection (obsolescent),

proprium (logic), mark, tinge (fig.), color (fig.), flavor (fig.), savor (fig.), object (rare); spec. accident, spirit, virtue, timbre, qualification; see ODDITY.

2. See NATURE.

3. stamp, caliber; see Class, Brand, RANK.

quantity, n. 1. amount, quantum (learned or tech.), sum, volume, measure, magnitude, measurement, matter, mass, block, length, feck (Scot.), body, bulk, contiguity (literary), lot (not colloq., exc. spec.; often somewhat depreciatory); spec. deal (used usually with "good," "great," "vast," etc.), batch (chiefly depreciatory; colloq.), cast (tech. or dial.), size, abundance, driblet, pittance, grist (U. S.; colloq.), bunch (slang), pot, wad (colloq.), lick (colloq.), bundle, complement (rare), parcel, quota, quotum, quotiety (rare), journey (Eng.), floor, malt, baking, washing, etc.

quarrel, n. disagreement (contextual), row (colloq.), disturbance, difference (euphemistic); spec. fight, contention, contest, controversy, wrangle, squabble, brawl, misunderstanding, discord, embroilment, imbroglio, feud, bicker, miff (colloq.), tiff, huff, spat (colloq.), discord (obsolescent), breeze (colloq.), brangle (rare),

branglement (obs.), brabble or brabblement (archaic), brigue (obs.), collieshangie (Scot.), cample (Eng. dial.), pique

(obsolescent).

Antonyms: see AGREEMENT.

2. See Size, Duration.

quarrel, v. i. disagree (contextual), differ (contextual; often humorous), row (colloq.); spec. contend, wrangle, squabble, brawl, strive, fight, tiff, huff, bicker, spat (colloq.), fratch (chiefly dial.), fray (archaic), cangle (Scot.), cample (Eng. dial.).

Antonyms: see AGREE.

quarrelsome, a. combative; spec. contentious, dissentious, discordant, pugnacious, wranglesome (rare), cat-and-dog (colloq.), quarreling, cantankerous (colloq.), currish, ugly (U. S.; colloq.), unpeaceable (rare).

Antonyms: see PEACEABLE.
quarters, n. pl. billet, cantonment.

putative: supposed.
putative: supposed.
putrefaction: decomposition,
corruption.
putrefactive: decomposing.
putrefy: decompose.
putrescence: decomposition.
putrid: decomposed.
putridity: decomposition, corruption.
putter: potter.
puzzle, v. t.: perplex.
puzzle, v. i.: grope.
puzzle-headed: confused.
puzzlement: perplexity.

pygmy: dwarf, small.
pyramid: mound.
pyre: heap.

quack, n.: cry.
quadruple, a.: fourfold.
quadruple, v. t.: multiply.
quaff, n.: drink.
quag: marsh.
quagmire: marsh.
quall, v. i.: shrink.
quall, v. t.: intimidate.
quaint: odd.
quake. v. i.: tremble.

quake, n.: tremble, earthquake, qualm: ft, nousea.
qualmish: nauseoue, sick.
quandary: perplexity, predicament.
quantum: quantity, share.
quarry, n.: quantity, share.
quarry, n.: prey, object.
quarry, n.: excavation.
quarry, v. t.: dig.
quarter, n.: fourth, place, territory, lodge, abode, mercy, direction.
quarter, v. t.: divide, ledge.
quarter, v. t.: divide, ledge.
quarter, v. i.: lodge.

quartz, n. silicon (tech); spec. flint, crystal, amethyst, citrine, false topaz, chert, chalcedony, onyx, jasper, etc.

quay, n. Spec. levee (southern and western U. S.), bund or bunder (the far East); see

queen, n. 1. monarch (contextual), princess (archaic), begum (Anglo-Indian); spec. Kaiserin, czarina.

3. See Paragon.

queen, a. royal, regal, reginal (rare); see KINGLY.

question, n. t. Referring to the action or act. inquiry or enquiry, quest (obs. or rare), inquest (chiefly tech.), interrogation; spec. quiz (['. S.), documesy, crossquestion, interpellation; see EXAMINA-TION.

2. Referring to what is asked inquiry, query, interrogation, interrogatory, quære (Latin), spec. demand, puzzle, conundrum, poser, problem, carriwitchet (obs. or rare), puzzler, tickler (colloq); see RIDDLE Antonyms : see Answer.

2. Referring to a subject that gives rise to, or is the subject of, question: spec. problem, puzzle, conundrum, enigma, knot, sphinx,

mystery

Antonyms: see ANSWER. 4. See DOUBT, AMBIGUITY.

question, v. f. 1. ask, inquire or enquire, interrogate, query (rare); spec-catechize, quis (U. S.), heckle, cross-hackle (chiefly Eng.), cross-question, cross-examine, cross-interrogate, inter-pellate, pump stang or collog.), interview, wonder (P 1); see EXAMINE.

Antonyme: see ANSWER.

2. dispute, challenge; spec. recuse.

8. See DOUBT.

question, v. i. ask (usually with "after," "about," or "of"), inquire or enquire, won-

questionable, a. doubtful, uncertain, disputable, debatable, arguable, controvertible, controversial, equivocal, problematical, fishy (stang or collog.); spec. suspicious, see ambiguous, obscure. Antonyms, see unquestionable.

quick, a 1. See LIVELY, READY, TRASCIBLE, NIMBLE, RAPID.

2. speedy (as in "a speedy result"). quicken, v. i. 1. See Live

2. Also v. t. accelerate, brisk (often used with "up"); spec. raise.

Antonyms: see BLOW, RETARD.

quid, n. chew, cud .rulgar) quiet, a. 1. still, tranquil, placid, unmoved, quiescent.

Antoynnis: see AGITATED.

2. See Peaceful, Peaceable, CALM, IN-ACTIVE MOTIONLESS, SILENT.

quill, n. 1. See spoot.

2. Referring to part of a feather: shaft, barrel, tube, beam, quillet, rib.

quitter, n. craven, turneoat, welcher (cant or collog), crawfish (slang).

quiver, n. shake (contextual), tremble, quaver, flutter, flicker; spec. twitter, shiver, twitch, twitteration (rars), palpitation; see VIBRATION, PULSATION, SHUD-

quiver, v. i. shake (contextual), tremble, quaver, flutter, flicker; spec. twitter, shiver, twitch, palpitate, tirl (chiefly Scot.); see Vibrate, Pulsate, shudder. quotation, n. 1. citation, selection, excerpt, extract, excerption (rare); spec. cutting, clipping, analect, tag, text,

epigraph; see commonplace.
2. See mention, price.

quotation marks. guillemets (French; esp. those of the French kind). quote, v. t. excerpt, extract, cite, take.

rabbit, n. cony (rare, exc. in statutes, among gamekeepers, poachers, cooks, etc), bunny (a pet name), bun (collog for "bunny"); spec. doe, drummer, cottontail, jack or jackrabbit.

quicken, r t animate, e enliven kindle quickly, adv readily, ra-quick-witted: intelligent. Cross references see Note. animate, excite, quartet: four quash: invalidate, abolish, supreadily, rapidly quaver, n . trill, quiver falter quaver, s i : trill, tremble, falquiescent: motionless quiet, notioniess quiet, n peace, calm, science quiet, n t calm, stal, science quietness: peace calm, stali-ness salence quietude: peace, science quietude: peace, science queasy: sensitive, errupulous queer: odd. quell: suppress, overcome quench: extinguish appeas quilt, n bedcover quilt, n bedcover quilt, n be cushion sew. quip: sarcasm, withcuss, conquenchless: inextinguishable. querulous: complaining. query: question quest, n' pursuit, search, exceil, caprice prevarication, genequirk: utilicism, prevarication, concert caprice, flourish quit, a free. quit, s t behave, abandon, pedition question, v : search doubt n prevaricate,
prevarication.
rapidly quit, v. t beken stop leave, pay. quit, v 1 desert. quibble, p. 1 quick, adv

quite, ade completely, teuly, exactly, very. quite, a equal quittance: freeing, payment. quixotte: vinonary, quie, n jester, hoar. quie, n i jester, hoar. quie, n i jest quie, n apaire, at question, examine, quiexical: lauphable, jesting. quoni: corner quoin: corner quondam: forme quota: quantity, share. quoth: said. quotidian: daily, trivial.

rabble, n : mob. rabble, a - milgar, rabid: mad, frantic, violeni, rabics: madness.

RAISING

race, n. 1. breed, group, line, brood, stock, strain, folk, stem, tribe, nation, people, family, kind (referring esp. to animals), phylum (tech.); spec. clan, tribe; see FAMILY, BREED.

2. See KIND.

race, n. 1. See current, channel.

2. competition, career, course (archaic); spec. procession (slang), handicap, go-as-you-please (colloq.), derby, sweepstakes, broose or brooze (Scot.), lampadedromy, lampadephoria, regatta.

racecourse, n. course (contextual), track,

cursus (tech.); spec. hippodrome.

racecourse, a. dromic or dromical (literary).

racer, n. competitor (contextual), entrant (contextual); spec. runner, walker, lampadephore, lampadist.

racial, a. phyletic (biol.), gentile.

rack, n. frame; spec. crib, heck (Scot. & dial. Eng.), cratch (obs. or Eng. dial.), stand, flake, brake (hist.).

radiation, n. 1. See EMISSION, RAY.

2. In an intransitive sense: radiature (rare), emanation, irradiation, irradiance or (rare) irradiancy; see SHINING.

Antonyms: see Absorption.

radical, a. extreme, ultra.

raft, n. vessel, float, floatboat (rare), radeau (French); spec. crib, kelek, catamaran, jangada, jangar.

rafter, n. beam; spec. principal, couple,

chevron, spar.

rag, n. clout (archaic or dial.), tatter, raggery (rags collectively); spec. stitch, ribbands (pl.).

ragamuffin, n. ragged robin (fig.), tatterdemalion, ragabash (Scot. & dial. Eng.). Antonyms: see DANDY.

rage, v. i. 1. storm, rave; spec. rampage, ramp, boil, smoke, mad (rare), debacchate (obs. or rare); see BLUSTER.

2. See STORM, DESIRE, PAIN, BURN.

raging, a. 1. raving, rampant; see FRANTIC.

Antonyms: see CALM.

2. See VIOLENT, BURNING.

ragpicker. ragman, chiffonnier (French); spec. bunter.

rail, n. 1. See BAR.

2. Spec. tram, point, gully (Eng.), racer; —referring to a rail in a track.

railing, n. barrier; spec. balustrade, ban-ister.

railroad, n. railway, rail (chiefly in "by rail"), road; spec. tram (Great Britain), tramway, junction, branch, switchback, telpher. In the United States the local horse-car or electric roads are usually called "railways," in British usage "tramways"; otherwise "railroad" is the usual word in the United States, "railway" the usual word in British usage.

rain, n. 1. meteor (contextual; tech.), fall (contextual), wet (contextual); spec. shower, cloudburst, pour, downpour, plash, flood, sprinkle, mizzle, rainfall, drizzle, flurry, drencher, mist, raindown, flash, drisk (U. S.), skit, dash, brash (chiefly dial.), clash (Scot.), serein (French), drops (nl.)

drops (pl.).

2. See FLIGHT.

rain, v. i. 1. Spec. pour, sprinkle, shower, drizzle, mist, mizzle, spit (colloq.).

2. See FALL.

rain, v. t. See LAVISH.

rainbow, n. bow (rare or contextual), iris (rare); spec. watergall, weathergall.

rainy, a. wet (contextual), pluvious (rare), pluvial (rare), pluviose (rare), juicy (slang); spec. showery, drizzly, mizzly, drizzling, dripping, drippy, droppy (now dial.).

Antonyms: see CLEAR, SUNNY.

raise, v. t. 1. See ERECT, ADVANCE, REVIVE, EXCITE, CAUSE, BUILD, INTENSIFY, BREED, GROW, CREATE, ENNOBLE, ELEVATE, INCREASE, BRIGHTEN, GET, EXPECTORATE, EMBOSS, STRENGTHEN, UTTER, BEGIN.

2. elevate, lift, rise (rare), hoist, heave (archaic, exc. spec.), upheave, boost, uplift (an intensive), upraise, uphold (rare), rear, uprear (rare), upbear (rare), weigh (chiefly spec.), upwhirl (rare), higher (rare or illiterate), height (archaic); spec. mount, exalt (rare), sublime (rhetorical or rare), float, crane, crank, windlass, jack, brail, rope, cathead, cat, trip, pulley, levitate, turn.

Antonyms: see LOWER, FELL, SINK.

3. Referring to notes or tones: elevate; spec. sharp.

4. As in "to raise a question, a discussion, etc.": stir (used with "up")

5. See ADVANCE.

raising, n. 1. See ERECTION, REVIVAL, etc.

2. elevation, lift, heave (rare, exc. spec.); spec. boost (slang), uplift (an intensive),

Cross reserences: see Note.

race, v. i.: hasten.

race, v. t.: run.

rack, v. t.: pain, distress, strain, oppress.

rack, v. i.: go.

racket, n.: din, carouse, frolic.

rackety: noisy, lively.
racking: wearing.
raconteur: narrator.

racy: palatable, lively, stimulat-

radial: divergent.

radiance: light, luminosity, emission.

radiant: luminous, pleased. radiate, v. i.: shine, diverge. radiate, v. t.: emit. diffuse.

radiative: luminous, divergent. radiative: divergent, luminous.

radiogram: message. radius: line, circle. raffie: lottery.

rage: derangement, anger, frenzy, violence, fad.

raid, n.: invasion, attack.
raid, v. t.: attack, plunder.
rail, v. i.: scold, revile.
raillery: pleasantry.
raiment: clothing.

hoist, exaltation (archaic or rhetorical), rapidity, n. celerity, speed. sublimation (rare), floating, etc., levitation.

rake, v. t. 1. See GATHER, CULTIVATE, BEARCH, SCRAPE.

2. In military usage: enfilade.

ram, v. t. 1. beat; spec. tamp, pun, block. S. See DRIVE, CROWD.

rampart, n. circumvallation, rampire (archaic), wall, vallum (chiefly spec.).

range, n. 1. See now, GRAZING, AREA, PERIOD, EXTENT, SCOPE, BOUND, COMPASS, VIEW, MOUNTAIN.

2. distance, reach, throw, fire, cast, shot, gunshot, sweep; see SIGHT, HEARING.

rank, n. 1. See ROW, CLASS.

3. Referring chiefly to social position: position, place, order, sphere, gradation, grade, estate, station, standing, condition, class, quality (obsolescent), status (tech, or learned), caste, degree; apec. distanction; see PLEBEIANISM, NOBILITY.

rank, a. 1. See LUXURIANT, OFFENSIVE,

OUTRAGEOUS.

2. ill-smelling (contextual), high, strong; spec. rancid; see FOUL, FETID.
Antonyms: see FRAGRANT

rape, n. ill treatment (contextual), violation, ravishment, stupration (rare), devirgination (rare), violence (contextual).
rape, c. t. ill-treat (contextual), violate, ravish, force, devirginate (rare), deflower.

rapid, a. 1. fast, swift, quick, fleet (chiefly poetic or rhetorical), brisk, smart, lively, speedy, raking (rare), space (predicative), spec. spanking, electric (fig.), running, round, arrowy.

Antonyms: see BLOW, BLUGGISH.

2. See hasty, frequent, quick, active. rapid, n. shoot, sharp (rare), riffle (U. S.), sault (local American); spec. dalles (U. S. & Canada).

rapidly, adv. fast, quick, quickly, express, post (archaic), tite (obs., ezc. dial. in "as tite as"), briskly, roundly, apace; spec. electrically (fig.).

rare, a 1. sparse, thin, infrequent. Antonyme see ABOUNDING.

2. See UNUSUAL, INFREQUENT reseal, n rogue, scoundrel, blackguard, villain, scamp, miscreant (rare or literary), scalawag (colloq), acapegrace, rapscallion or rascallion (rare), vagahond, reprobate, knave (often opposed to "fool"), imp, limb (colloq.), sinner (in trivial use), variet (archaic), shyster (vulgar or cant; U. S.), spalpeen (Irish), scab (vulgar slong), skellum (archaic or South Africa), comrogue (archaic), canter (archaic), rautener (ohs.). rascality, n. scoundrelism, roguery, blackguardism, villainy, vagabondage, varletry (archaic), reprobacy, knavery

rascatly, a. scoundrelly, villainous, scamp-

ish, roguish, knavish, reprobate.

rash, a. hare-brained, reckless, unadvised (contextual), temerous (rare), temerarious (literary); spec. adventurous, hot-headed, hot-brained, madbrain, madcap; see HASTY, VENTURESOME, CARELESS.

Antonyms see CAREFUL.

rashness, n. recklessness, temerariousness, etc.

Antonyma: see CARE.

rather, adv. 1, more; -not idiomatically synonymous.

more, sooner, preferably.

rational, a. 1. sane, natural, ressoning, reasonable (rare).

Antonyms see IRRATIONAL, DERANGED, UNREASONING.

3. See REASONABLE.

rationalist, n. In religious matters: neologist, neologian.

rake, n.: libertine.
rake, n.: deserpole.
rake, n.: deserpole.
rake, n.: inclination.
rake, v.:, inclinarakish: dussipated.
rakish: dussipated.
rakish: n. meeting, recovery,
round. Cross references: see Note. rally, s. t.: gather, receser, con-centrate, rouse, stimulate. rally, s. t. meet, recoest, routs.
rally, s. t. baster
ramble, s. t. baster
ramble, s. wander,
rambling, s. wandering, disrambling, n. wander ramify: branch, estand. ramp: inclination rampago: rage, rusk, ge. rampageous: boulerous. rampant: boulerous, raging. nt, luxurious ramshacklet rickety.

ranch: house, farm rancid: ill-smelling, rank rancor, rancour: ill-will.
rancorous: hateful, malesoleni, random: chance traverse, classify align, arrange, range, v 1. go, wander, stray, existed, change, vary, cruise.
rank, v i. grrange, dass, place, proceds. rank, v. i.; be, rankle, v. i.; fester, pain. Panspok, v. i.; search. ransopa, n.: freeing, expidion, ransom, v t free, expide, buy. rant, v declaim. rant, v bombast. rap, n particle
rap, n strake, knock.
rap, v t strake knock.
rapacious: greedy, predactous. rapacity: greed rapier: sword.

rapine: plunder. rapport: corresp correspondence. especulion: rascal.
rapt: costatic absorbed, abducted. raptorial: predeciou rapture, n. scalasy, frenzy, rhapmody. rapture, s t. transport, framey. earety: thin, purify. then: efface. rasp: crape.
raspi crape.
raspi carespondent.
rate, n value, price, charge,
proportion, class, speed
rate, v. i.: consider, value, class, rate, a t * scold, ratingatory t confirmatory, satisf: confirm. rating: scolding, ratio: proportion ratiocinate: reason, ration, a allowance, food, ration, a t prossion. rate. s. t . scold.

rattening, n. sabotage (French).

rattle, v. i. t. clatter, ruckle, chatter, clack, brattle (chiefly Scot.), bicker.

3. See CHATTER, DRIVE.

rattle, n. 1. rattler, clack; spec. fiddle, crotalum or crotal. 3. clatter, ruckle, clack, chatter, brattle

(chiefly Scot.), bicker. 2. See din, Chatter.

rave, v. s. wander.

ravine, n. cleft (contextual), gap (context-ual); spec. gorge, gulch, gully, defile, gulf, gill (deal. Eng.), clough (now chiefly deal. Eng.), cleuch or cleugh (Scot.), waterfall, linn (chiefly Scot.), couloir (French), barranco (Spanish), kloof (South Africa), khor (Arabian), nullah (Anglo-Indian), khud (East India).

raw, a. 1. See UNCOOKED.

2. See CRUDE, INEXPERIENCED, BLEAK. s. Referring to sores, wounds, etc.: bare,

excoriated, fresh, green.

ray, n. 1. beam, radiation (rare or tech.), shaft, emanation (chiefly spec.), irradiation (rare or rhetorical), rayon (rare); spec. raylet, sunbeam, moonbeam, streamer.

2. See LIGHT, TRACE, GLANCE.
reach, v. t. 1. See EXTEND, TOUCH, GRASP, AFFECT.

2. make, arrive (archaic), attain, fetch, gain, win; spec. soar (rare), recover (rare), regain.

2. touch, make; -referring to an amount, etc

reach, v. i. 1. Sec EXTEND, CARRY.

2. come, arrive, accede (rare), attain; see

zenet, v. i. return; spec. recoil.

reaction, n. Spec. retroaction, revulsion, backlash.

reactionary, a. revulsive; spec. conservative.

read, v t. 1. peruse (literary, affected, or humorous); spec. decipher, revolve (rare), see, interpret, thumb, overlook (archaic), line, deacon, call.

2. See PERCEIVE, INTRODUCE, LEARN, UTTER.

read, v i. 1. See STUDY, SEEM,

2. go, run;—as in "the passage reads like

reader, n. peruser; spec. elocutionist, lec-

tor, gospeler, lectress or lectrice (rare), droner, liner.

readily, adv. ready (now only in the comparative or superlative, exc. collog, or dial.), quickly, immediately, summarily, promptly, forwardly, etc.

reading, n 1. Referring to the action: perusal (formal or literary), lecture (archarc), lection (obs.); spec. perfection (rars), lining, deaconing.

2. Referring to that which is read; spec.

lection, lesson, pericope.

ready, a. 1. See PREPARED, WILLING, AVAIL-ABLE, FLUENT, QUICK-WITTED, ACCESSI-

 prompt, quick, forward, facile, free, swift, clever, speedy, handy, adroit, apt, offhand, easy, nimble, alacritous, alert, habile (literary); spec. punctual.

Antonyms: see SLOW, HESITATING.

8. suitable, ripe.

realism, n. 1. In philosophy, "naturalism,"
"realism," "conceptualism," and "nominalism" are related, but not synonymous. Antonyma: see IDEALISM.

2. In literature and art: naturalism; spec. Zolaism.

Antonyms: see idealism, romanticism.

3. See ACTUALITY

realistic, a. naturalistic, descendental (chiefly spec.); spec. unideal, picturesque, positive, graphic or (rare) graphical; ase DESCENDENTAL.

realize, v. t. 1. See ACTUALIEE, UNDER-STAND, EXPERIENCE, BRING.

2. To conceive in the mind as being objectively actual: externalise, objectify, objectize (rare), entify (rare). 1. get, make, clear, net.

ream, v. t. enlarge, drift, broach. GROW, ESTABLISH.

2. Referring to bringing up by care and nurture: raise, breed, foster, educate (now rare or spec.), nurture; spec. cradle The usual term now is "to bring up."

reason, z. 1. ground, motive, wherefore (collog.), score, matter, occasion, foundation, cause, basis, root, argument, rationale (tsch.); spec. gist, pretense, consideration; see EXCUSE.

3. Referring to the faculty: intelligence,

Cross references see Note. rattle, v. t. drive rattle, v. t. knock, confuse. raucous: harsh ravage, v t. devastate, plunder.
ravage, n devastation.
ravel, v t unravel, unlangle,

disentingle
raval, n ' kingle, end.
raval, v. i plunder, proiol, eat.
ravalionas, hungry, gluttonous,

greedy, plundering. raving, a delirious, deranged, raging,
zuving, n · delirium.
zuvish: abduct, transport, rape,
plunder frenzy

ravishment: ecstasy, raps. The uncooked Thy, v 1 shine Thyloss: dark, blind, The demolish.

reach, n. ' extent. real: actual, genuine realm: domain, aphere. reaminuate: ranne, endourage. reap: cut, harvest, gam, rear, n back, posterior, tail. rear, a hind reared: bred, trained. rearward, ads | backward, rearward, a. hind. reason, v. t.; discuss, bring.

rationality, sense, sanity; see INTELLI-

3. See GROUND, BASIS. rationate (rare), intelligize (rare), intellec-tualize (rare), logicize (rare), paralogize (rure, spec, syllogize, philosophize, argue, reasonable, a 1. In the sense of "agreeable

to reason": rational logical, sensible, sane, just, spec. well-founded, see FAIR.

Antonyms see IRRATIONAL, ABSURD, GROUNDLESS.

3. See moderate, rational.

reasoning, n. ratiocination, syllogization, discursion or discourse (archaic), logic (tech.); apec. fallacy, sophistry.

reassuring, a Spec comforting, assuring,

enco raging, cheerful

rebirth, n. renascence (rare).

rebuild, v t. build (contextual), reform (contextual), reconstruct, reërect, reëdify (rare); spec Haussmanize.

recall, v. l. 1. revoke (obs. or rare); spec encore.

2. retract, swallow (collog), withdraw, unsay, recant, renounce, abnegate, deny,

spec repudiate, reject (rare), abjure.

1. In the sense of "to bring back" (to some state or condition) restore, revive, revoke (rare), reclaim (rare)

Antonyma: see DISMISS.

4. In the sense of "to bring back to the mind or as an object of memory": retrace (rare), commemorate (rare or spec), revive.

Antonyma * see FORGET. 5. See REVOKE, UNDO, REMEMBER, RE-

VIVE, COMPOSE. zecall, n 1. revocation (obs or rare), recall-

ment (rare); spec. encore, lure. 2. retraction, unsaying, recantation, withdrawal, withdrawment (rare); spec. ab-

juration. restoration, revocation (rare), reclamstion (rare).

4. retracement (rare), commemoration (rase), revival.

5. See REVOCATION, REMEMBRANCE, RE-VIVAL.

recast, v. t. 1. Referring to metal: cast (contextual), refound.

3. See REFASHION.

recede, v. i. 1. In the sense of "to go back": retrocede (rare), retrograde, regress, retrogress, retire, retreat, return, spec. ebb

Antonyma: see ADVANCE, OVERHANG, PROGRESS.

2. Nee BLOPE, DEPART, WITHDRAW, DE-

receive, v. f. 1. accept, get, take, catch, have, acquire; spec. reset (archaic), embrace, greet.

Antonyms: see DECLINE, REJECT.

2. Nee admit, believe, experience, en-DURE, UNDERSTAND, SHELTER, HOLD,

HEAR, CONSIDER.

3. In the sense of "to allow to come into one's presence or to give audience to" see. receiver, a. recipient, receptor (rare); spec. donee (tech.), donatary (esp. Scots law), grantee, donatee (rare), hopper, fence, resetter (archaic), treasurer, collector, tell-

recency, n recentness, lateness, newness, youth, lowness, neoterism (tech. or learned, see MODERNNESS, NEWNESS. FRESHNESS.

Antonyms: see Antiquity.

recent, a late, new, young, low (of a date), neoterie (tech. or learned); see NEW, MOD-ERN, FRESH.

Antonyms: see ANCIENT, OBSOLETE.

recently, adv. lately, latterly, newly, new (chiefly used in combination), late (rare or

receptacle, n 1. receiver, repository, vessel, reservoir, container (chiefly comm.), continent (archaic); spec. encasement, custodial, bin, locker, drip, well, cist, saveall, sink, cibarium, trough, boot, tabernacle, Safe; see Basin, Box, Case, Bag, Case, etc. 3. support (contextual), base; spec. torus, thalamus.

reception, n. 1. acceptance, recipience or recipiency (rare), receipt, getting, taking,

2. See Admission, Belief, Shelter,

2. Spec. matinée (French in form, but Anglicized in usage), levee, soirée (French), at-home, drawing-room, Friday, durbar (East-Indian), ruelle.

reception room. Spec parlatory

recoptive, a. recipient, suscipient (rare); spec hospitable, open-eyed; see suscep-TIBLE.

Antonyms: see unreceptive.

receptivity, n recipiency (rare) receptiveness, spec. hospitableness, hospitality.

Cross references see Note. reasoning: rational reasoniess: strational, ground-Lean, uniciae. remente: encourage. reave, v 1 plunder.
reave, v 1 deprive, lake. reave, a plunder rebate, a t deduct

rebate, n deduction, diminu-

rebel, a insurgent disobedient. rebel, " tunutgent rebellion: insurprise, disobelirebellious: waargent, disobedant

rebound, r : hound rebuff, r ! repel, check. rebuff, n repulse, check. rebuke, r !. reprove.

rebuke, n · reproof
rebus. raidle
rebut: check, dispress
recalcitrant: disabedient.
recannel: recall
recannel: repool
recannel: repool recapitulate: repeat.
recapt, n refashionment.
receipt, r t. acknowledge recension: editing

RECORD

recess, n. 1. See interval, retreat, recession, interior, inlet.

2. hollow, cover, nook, alcove, niche, retreat; spec. pigeonhole, cubbyhole, oriel; see CLOSET.

Antonyms: see PROJECTION.

recess, v. t. 1. See HOLLOW.

2. niche;—to put in a recess.

recession, n. withdrawal, retirement, retiral, regression, regress, retrocession, retreat, retrogression, recess (chiefly spec.), return; spec. retrogradation; see RETREAT.

Antonyms: see ADVANCE, PROGRESS.

recessive, a. regressive, retrogressive; see BACKWARD.

reciprocal, a. correspondent, corresponding, cross, correlative, complementary; spec. equivalent; see MUTUAL.

reciprocal, n. correlate; spec. return, equivalent, counterpart, etc.

reciprocate, v. i. 1. correspond, correlate.
2. Referring to motion: alternate, gig

(chiefly U. S.), shuttle, seesaw.

reciprocate, v. t. 1. See INTERCHANGE, REQUITE, RETURN.

2. shuttle, seesaw (rare).

reciprocation, n. 1. Referring to the relation: correspondence, reciprocality, correlation, reciprocity; spec. mutuality.

2. Referring to motion: alternation, to-and-fro, seesaw, shuttle (rare).

3. See EXCHANGE, RETURN.

reciprocity, n. correspondence.

recitation, n. 1. repetition, rehearsal, recital, saying; spec. declamation, intonation, intonement, pattering, cantillation (rare).

2. See ACCOUNT, MENTION.

recite, v. t. 1. repeat, rehearse, say; spec. declaim (chiefly U. S.), intone, patter, cantillate (rare), chant, monotone, rhapsodize.

2. See NARRATE, MENTION.

reckless, a. 1. See CARELESS, RASH.

2. Implying heedless rashness: careless (contextual), rash, harum-scarum, wild, wanton, madcap, hare-brained, hare-brain, hot-headed, bold, devil-may-care (colloq.), dare-devil, temerous (rare), tem-

erarious (*literary*); spec. desperate; see VENTURESOME.

Antonyms: see CAREFUL, AFRAID.

recklessly, adv. disregardfully, carelessly, rashly, etc., slap-bang (colloq.), slap-dash (colloq.).

recklessness, n. carelessness (contextual), rashness, etc.; spec. desperation. Cf. RECKLESS.

reclaim, v. t. 1. See REFORM, TAME, CIVIL-IZE.

2. Referring to land: recover, redeem, in (only in v. b. n., "inning"; Eng.).

recognition, n. 1. See ACKNOWLEDG-MENT, NOTICE, ACCEPTANCE, KNOWLEDGE.

2. perception (contextual), identification; spec. diagnosis, diagnostication (rare), exequatur.

recognize, v. t. 1. See ACKNOWLEDGE, NO-TICE, ACCEPT.

2. perceive (contextual), know, identify; spec. diagnose, diagnosticate (rare).

recoil, v. i. 1. return (contextual), rebound, resile (rare), kick (chiefly spec.), reverberate (rare); spec. double, tail.

2. See RETREAT, SHRINK.

recoil, n. 1. return (contextual), rebound, resile (rare), spring, kick (chiefly spec.), resilience, reverberation (rare); spec. repercussion, backstroke, bricole.

2. See RETREAT, SHRINK.

recommendation, n. 1. See ADVICE.

2. Referring to a letter or document that recommends: testimonial, testimonium.

reconciled, a. resigned.

reconsider, v. t. consider, rethink (rare), revise, review.

record, n. 1. account; spec. minutes, diary, journal, proceedings, memorandum, score, memorial, file, cartulary, docket, iter, logbook or log, itinerary, dufter (Anglo-Indian), protocol; see HISTORY, REPORT.

2. Referring to the record made by self-recording instruments: register; spec. trace, tracing, phonogram, thermograph, sphygmograph, etc.

record, v. t. memorandum (rare), minute, score, enter, enregister (rare), mark, note, monumentalize, chronicle, inscroll (rare), memorize (rare), notch, nick, journal,

recessional: hymn.
recidivate: relapse.
recipe: formula.
recipience: reception.

Toross references: see Note.

recipiency: receptivity, reception.
reciprocate: interchange, re-

turn.
recital: recitation, account, men-

tion, concert.
reck, n.: care, desire.

reck, v. t.: notice.
reckon: compute, consider, class, anticipate.

reckoning: computation, consideration, anticipation, account.

recline: incline, rest.
recluse: hermit.
reclusion: retirement.

recollect (pron. rek-o-lekt'): re-

member, compose.
recollected: calm.

recollection: remembrance, memory.

recommence: renew, begin.
recommend: commit, mention,
advise.

recommit: refer, commit.

recompense, v. t.: pay, compensate, reward.

recompense, n.: pay, payment, compensation, reward.
reconcilable: consistent.

reconcile: conciliate, reunite, harmonize.

recondite: abstruse.

reconnaissance: survey, examination.

recounciter, reconnoitre: survey, examine.

reconstitute: reform. [form. reconstruct: build, form, re-reconvene: meet.

HISTORICIZE.

recorder, n. 1. Spec. registrator (rare), register (rare), registrer (rare), chronicler, registrar, registrary (rare), clerk, notary, prothonotary, secretary, griffier (Eng.), historiographer.

3. Referring to a device or instrument spec. marker, scorer, tracer, electrograph, sphygmograph, phonograph, etc.

recover, t. l. 1. get (contextual), regain, reacquire, retrieve, reobtain, repossess, reoccupy, reget (rare), rewin; spec. revindicate (rare), replevin (now U. S.), replevy, reconquer, recapture, reseize.

Anlonyms see LOSE. 2. Referring to the regaining or resuming of a state, condition, quality, etc : regain.

resume, reestablish, recuperate (rare).

3. In the sense of "to bring back from a state, condition, etc.": reclaim, recall, rally, rescue, retrieve, right (a reflexive); See RECLAIM.

4. In the sense of "to get better from" (a sickness, etc.): recuperate (obs. or rare), retrieve (rare).

5. See CURE, REVIVE, RETRIEVE, COM-POSE.

recover, v. i. 1. recuperate, retrieve, re-

cruit, rally; spec convalence.

3. In the sense of "to regain one's footing," position, previous state, etc.: rally, rise, brace (used with "up"); see REVIVE. Antonyms: see DECLINE.

recovery, n. 1. getting, regainment (rare), retrieval, repossession, reoccupation; apec. revindication (rare), recapture, replevin.

2. Referring to the act of the person or organism in getting better after sickness or other evil: cure, recuperation, recruit, re-cruital (rare), recruitment (rare), rally; spec. convalescence, see REVIVAL.

Antonyms: see DECLINE. 8. Referring to the action of something exterior bringing a person into a better state after sickness or evil: restoration, revival.

4. Sec REVIVAL, RETRIEVAL, CORRECTION, RECLAMATION.

re-oreste (pron. re-kre-at'), v. t. create (contextual), new-form, new-create, newmake, renew.

journalize, diarize, catalogue, log; see rectangular, a. orthogonal (tech.), rectangulate (rore), normal (rore); spec.

recur, v. i. 1. return, reappear; spec. repullulate (rare); see REPEAT.

3. See REVERT.

recurrence, n. 1. return, reappearance, crebrity (rare); spec, frequence, repullulation (rare), atavism; see REPETITION.

2. See REVERSION

recurrent, a. discontinuous, returning, reappearing; spec. frequent, cyclic, haunting, rolling, atavistic, repetitory, intermittent, periodical.

mittent, periodical.

red, a. 1. Spec. reddish, reddy (rare), rubric (archaic), incarmined (rare), rufous, ferruginous, rufescent, glowing, burning, bloody, sanguineous (literary equiv. of "bloody"), gory, pink, pinkish, pinky, cardinal, miniate (rare), miniatous, miniaceous (rare), copperish, coppery, incarnadine (literary), laky, foxy, coral, coralline, vinaceous, carroty, roseate, rosal (rare). vinaceous, carroty, roseate, rosal (rare), rosy, ruby, rubied, rubious (rare), sandy, puniceous (rare), bricky, suroral, lateritious (rare); see CRIMSON.

2. Referring to complexion: apec. florid. blowsy or blousy, blowsed, ruddy, rubi-cund (rare; theatrical or rhetorical), frowsy, hectic, blushing, blushful (rare); see RED-

FACED, FLUSHED.

Antonyms: see PALE.

2. Referring to animals: spec. tawny, chestnut, bay, sorrel.

4. See BLOODY, BLOODSHOT, ANARCHISTIC.

FIERY, VIOLENT.
red, n. Spec. scarlet, cherry, cerise, kermes, garnet, grenat (French), stammel (obs.), sanguine, hectic, chaudron (French), terra-cotta, carmine, crimson, cramoisy (archaic), vermilion, vermeil (rare), damask, cochineal, sericon, orchil, magenta, gules (tech. or poetic), pompadour, pon-ceau (French), gridelin, coquelicot, reddle, etc.

redden, v. t. 1. rubify (rare); spec. fire, ruddy, ruby, empurple, inflame, vermil-ion, rubricate or (rare) rubric, rouge, rose, crimson, encrimson (rore), coral (rore), incarnadine (hterary), rosy (rare), flush (rare). 2. Referring to the complexion: flush.

Cross references, see Note.

recount: compute recount: nerties recounting: account, mention, recounting: account, mention, recount deduct, pay, compensate retriese.

recourse: application. recreancy: cowardice, tion, treachery, apostasy. compardice, deserrecreant, a . cowardly, treach-erous, apostats. represent, n : coward, deserter, apostate.

recreate, v f.: refresh, direct.

recreation: refreshment, diverrecreative: refreshing, divertrecriminate, v. s. answer.
recriminate, v. t. accuse.
recriminate, v. t. accuse.
refresh, entist.
recruit, v. v. receper

recruital: recovery rectificatory: corrective, rectify: correct, reform, redress,

rectilinear: straight.

rectitude: uprightness, correctrector: minister.

rectory: parsonage recumbency: inclination, recumbent: inclining, proc-

recuperate, r t restore, renesp. recuperative: cursice recusance: disobedience. recusant, a dischedient recusant, a dissenter, h dissenter, heretic. rednet: edit.

REFLECT

redden, v. i. 1. The words under "redden," v. t., 1, are largely used as v. i.

2. Referring to the complexion: flush; see BLUSH.

reddening, a. rubescent, erubescent (rare), flushing.

red-faced, a. red (contextual), florid, rud-dy, rubicund (theatrical or rhetorical), ruddy-faced, frowsy; see FLUSHED.

Antonyms: see PALE.

redness, n. 1. ruddiness, rubor (tech.), rubescence, rufescence (rare), rud (archaic); spec. rosiness, etc.

2. Of the complexion: flush; spec. rash, heat. redress, n. rectification, redressment (rare), amendment, righting, correction, satisfaction, remedy, repair, relief, reparation.

redress, v. t. Referring to the setting right of what is wrong: right, amend, remedy, rectify, correct, repair, relieve.

Antonyms: see AGGRAVATE.

reduce, v. t. Spec. diminish, shorten, abbreviate, contract, comminute, grind, convert, bring, commit, decompose, dilute, smelt, subdue, capture, compel, cut.

reed, n. 1. The plant: spec. rush, flag, bent. 2. As part of a musical instrument: spec. tongue.

reedlike, a. reedy, reeden (rare), arundinaceous (tech.), calamiform (rare); spec. flaggy, rushy.

reedy, a. 1. calamiferous (rare); spec. flaggy, rushy.

2. See REEDLIKE, COARSE.

reef, n. ledge, key or (Eng.) cay (chiefly spec.), scar (Brit.); see HEADLAND.

reef, v. t. shorten (sail).

reëstablish, v. t. establish, resettle, replace, restore; spec. replant, refound, rehabilitate, redintegrate (rare), reinstate, revest, reinstall, reinthrone, renew, regenerate, revive, revivify, remonetize; see RECOVER.

refashion, v. t. Spec. reshape, recast, reform, new-cast, new-mold, new-form, remold, remodel, reframe, recompose, rearrange, reconstruct, reforge (fig.), regenerate, revolutionize.

refashionment, n. Spec. reshaping, recast, reconstruction, rifacimento (Italian), new-modeling, etc.

refer, v. t. 1. See ATTRIBUTE.

2. In the sense of "to place among others of its kind": assign (with "to").

3. commit, leave, submit, relegate; spec. send, recommit, remit, relate.

4. send (contextual), direct.

refer, v. i. 1. See RELATE, APPEAL.

2. allude, advert, glance, touch, point, squint (collog.).

2. commitment, committal, relegation, recommission, submission, remission; spec. remit (rare), relation.

3. allusion, advertence, glance.

4. mark; spec. asterism, asterisk, parallel, dagger, obelisk.

referential, a. 1. allusive; spec. fiducial (tech.).

2. See RELATIVE.

refine, v. t. 1. See PURIFY, CLEAR.

2. cultivate, polish, subtilize (rare or spec.), bolt (fig.), decrassify (rare); spec. spiritualize, humanize; see CIVILIZE, IDEALIZE, PURIFY, ELEVATE.

Antonyms: see BRUTALIZE.

refine, v. i. hair-split, wiredraw, subtilize (rare or spec.).

refined, a. 1. See FINE.

2. cultured, cultivated, polished, polite (in certain collocations only), fine, Attic (learned), nice, delicate, elegant; spec. ethereal, courtly, unrude (rare), overrefined, elevated, ladylike, gentlemanly, high-minded, well-bred, spiritual, accomplished.

Antonyms: see VULGAR, UNPOLISHED, UNREFINED, COARSE, BOORISH, CRUDE, GROSS, ROWDYISH, VILE.

refinement, n. 1. See NICETY, ACCOMPLISH-MENT, SUBTLETY.

2. culture, cultivation, polish, polishedness (rare), refinedness (rare), politeness (rare), delicacy, nicety, niceness, elegance; spec. courtliness, ethereality, overrefinement, elevation, spirituality.

3. hair-splitting, subtilization (learned), micrology (rare).

Antonyms: see COARSE, BOORISH, etc. reflect, v. t. 1. See TURN, BRING, CURVE.

2. return, reverberate, flash; spec. mirror, glass, image; see ECHO.

Antonyms: see Absorb.

redeem: buy, free, reclaim, compensate, expiate.
redeliver: restore.
redemption: buying, freeing, compensation, expiation.
redintegrate: renew.
redolence: smell.
redolent: odorous.
redouble: double.
redoubt: fortification.
redoubtable: formidable.

redundance: excess, pleonasm.
redundant: excessive, pleonastic.
reduplicate: double, repeat.
reëcho: echo, repeat.
reek, n.: smoke, vapor, exhalation.
reek, v. i.: smoke, smell.
reek, v. t.: smoke, exhale.
reeky: smoky, vaporous.

redound: contribute, accrue.

reel, v. i. & n.: whirl, stagger, sway, totter.
reel, v. t.: wind, unwind.
reëntorce: strengthen.
reeve: thread.
refection: refreshment, entertainment, meal.
referable: attributable.
referedary: adviser, judge.
referrible: attributable.
referrible: attributable.
reflect, v. i.: consider.

reel, n.: spool.

REFLECTED

reflected, a. reflex, reflexed, reflective (rare), borrowed; spec, introverted, in-

reflection, n. 1. Referring to the action: return, reverberation, reflex.

Antonyms, see Absorption

2. Referring to the image formed by reflec-tion reflex, shadow, idol (literary), image, glade (chiefly in "moonglade"), specter (rare), see ECHO.

1. Sec CONSIDERATION, BLAME, DISPAR-

AGEMENT, THINKING

reflector, n reverberator; spec. mirror, speculum, heberkühn (German)

reflow, v t flow (contextual), ebb (spec. or

redux, n. flow (contextual), reflow, refluence, ebb (spec. or fig.); spec. backwater, SEC OUTGO.

retorm, n. progress (contextual); spec. amendment, reconstruction.

re-form, v. i. 1. remake, renew, reproduce, reconstitute, reconstruct, regenerate; see REBUILD.

2. Sec REFASITION.

re-form, v. t. Spec. regrow, regenerate. reform, v. t. 1. See amend, correct, abol-

2. Referring to the correction of bad habits amend, mend (archaic), reclaim, rectify. regenerate.

Antonyms: see CORRUPT.

reform, v. i. progress; spec. amend, regen-

reformable, a. amendable, corrigible. reformation, n. 1. Spec. amendment, correction, abolition.

 amendment, reclamation, recovery, regeneration.

re-formation, n. remaking, renewal, reproduction, reconstitution, reconstruction, regeneration.

reformative, a reformatory, reformational; spec. progressive.

Antonyms: see CORRUPTIVE.

reformed, a. regenerate.

reformer, n. reformist, reformado (rare); spec. come-outer (slang, U. S.), progressive, progressist (rare).

refractory, a. 1. See INTRACTABLE, OBSTI-NATE.

2. Of objects: obstinate, intractable, incoercible; spec. unworkable, infusible (rare), unmeltable

Anlonyms see DUCTIBLE, FUSIBLE, refrain, n. repetend (rare), burden, bob, overword (Scot); spec. tag, chorus, fal-

deral or folderol (rare), lullaby, faburden hister, hillibullero, ritornello or ritornel. refresh, t. t. 1. see FRESHEN.

2. freshen, invigorate, reinvigorate, recreate, renew, renovate, recruit, revive, revivify, refreshen (rare, refocillate (rare), regale, spec, rejoice (rare), recom-fort (rare), refect (chaefty reflexive), breathe, slake; see DIVERT.

Antonyms. see TIRE, FXHAUST.

refreshing, a recreative, invigorating; spec. restful, refective (rare)

Antonyms' see WEARISOME.

refreshment, n 1, remyrgoration, revival, recreation, renewal, renovation, recreance (rare, refection (spec or fig) regalement, regale (rare, refocillation (rare,: spec. relaxation, diversion.

3. Chiefly in pl provisions (pl), bait; spec. charity, bever (Eng.).

reluge, n. 1. Referring to the fact or state see SHELTER.

2. Of the place: retreat, shelter, haven, harbor; spec. asylum, sanctuary, grith (hist.), hiding (rare), bield (Scot.), stronghold, resort (contextual) dermer ressort French, literary or spec), den, earth.

refurnish, v. t. furnish, refit, reequip.

refusal, n. 1. See REJECTION.

2. declination, nonacceptance, declension; spec regret (chiefly in pl.). Antonyms' see ACCEPTANCE.

3. denial, debarment, disallowance, nay, no, nay-say (rare or Scot.).

refuse, v. i. 1. decline. Antonyms: see obey.

2. balk.

3. renege (now U. S. or local Eng.), nig (slang), revoke, renounce (now rare).

refuse, t t 1. See REJECT

2. With the infinitioal "to": decline.

2. With the thing refused as object or the double objective of thing refused and the person: deny, debar, disallow.

Antonyms: see Offer, Attribute. refuse, a rubbishy, recrementatious, quisquilious (rare,, spec trash), discarded, useless, worthless, waste, dreggy, drossy.

refuse, n rubbish, recrement (rare), re-pectamenta (pl , learned or rare), trash, lumber, garbage, offal (tech.; chiefly spec.), offscouring, outcast (rare); sprc. brash, dross, dregs, crumble, chaff, breeze, sweepings (pl.), pomace, rough (chiefly in pl.), dunder, discard, tare, rummage, gurry (chiefly U. S.), culls (pl; cant), rape, burr.

Cross references see Note.

reflex, n reflection, reforge: refushion, retound, v t. relatablish, refract: turn refrain: abeloin,

Peframe: refashion refrigerant: cooling. refrigerate: cool.

roft: cleft. refulgent: luminous. refund: repay

refutation: dispress. refute: disprove regain: recover

regal: noble, kingly, imposing regale: feast, entertain, refresh regard, n particular, atten-

RELAPSE

regenerate, v. t. 1. See CONVERT, RE-FORM, REËSTABLISH.

2. In the spiritual sense: renovate, renew, resurrect, resuscitate (rare); see REFORM, REËSTABLISH.

regenerate, a. regenerated, new-born (fig.), reborn.

regeneration, n. 1. See CONVERSION, RE-FORMATION.

2. In the spiritual sense: renovation, renewal, palingenessy or palingenesis or palingenesia (literary or learned), resuscitation (rare); see REFORMATION.

Antonyms: see DEGENERATION.

regret, v. t. 1. With the implication of mental distress over something lost or some evil: see MOURN.

2. With the implication of mental distress over one's own acts that one would now have undone: repent, rue.

regret, v. i. 1. See MOURN.

2. repent, rue.

regret, n. 1. Referring to the feeling of one who mourns: see SORROW.

2. Referring to the feeling of one who repents his own acts: repentance, penitency (rare), remorse, contrition, compunction, ruth (archaic), rue (archaic), resipiscence (rare), worm (fig.).

regretful, a. 1. See MOURNFUL.

2. repentant, penitent, remorseful, compunctious, compunct (obs.), contrite, conscience-stricken, penitential (rare), sorry, rueful (often spec.).

Antonyms: see IMPENITENT.

regular, a. Spec. systematical, systematic, symmetrical, even, methodical, constant, habitual, normal, correct, ordinary, qualified, orderly.

Antonyms: see IRREGULAR.

regularize, v. t. normalize, standardize; spec. grammaticize.

regulate, v. t. shape, settle; spec. time, police, throttle; see control, adjust, MANAGE.

regulation, n. 1. shaping, settlement; spec. police; see control, management. | relapse, n. regress, regression, fall, rever-

2. See RULE.

rein, n. 1. band, lines (pl.), strings (pl.)slang), ribbons (pl.; colloq. or slang).

2. See CONTROL, RESTRAINT.

reject, v. t. 1. discard, disallow, deny, repugn (rare); spec. dismiss, cashier (fig.), disapprove, recuse, explode (now chiefly used in the p. p.), cast, scout, negative (chiefly U. S.), repudiate, pluck, veto, respue (rare), plow (Univ. slang, Eng.); see ABJURE, DISBELIEVE.

Antonyms: see entertain.

2. Implying the refusal to accept something offered: refuse, decline, spurn, repel; spec. jilt, check.

Antonyms: see Accept, Beg, Choose, Re-

rejected, a. discarded, cast-off.

rejection, n. 1. Spec. disallowance, denial, discard, dismissal, cashierment, repudiation, pluck, veto, reprobation, disbelief, disapproval.

Antonyms: see Acceptance.

2. refusal, declination, declension, spurning, repulse.

Antonyms: see Choice, acceptance.

rejoice, v. i. exult, triumph, vaunt, insult (archaic), gloat, crow (colloq.), joy, jubilate.

Antonyms: see sorrow, mourn, com-PLAIN, CRY, WAIL.

rejoicing, n. rejoicement (rare), exultation, exultance, exultancy, elation, joy, triumphing, vaunting, jubilance, jubilation, jubilee, gratulation (rare).

Antonyms: see LAMENTATION, MOURNING, SORROW.

rejoicing, a. gratulant (rare), exultant.

Antonyms: see sorrowful.

rekindle, v. t. kindle (contextual), relight, reinflame, reignite, reillume (rare), relume (*literary*), relumine (*rare*).

rekindle, v. i. kindle (contextual), reflame. relapse, v. i. regress, backslide, slide (rare), fall, revert, weaken, recidivate (chiefly spec.); see Apostatize.

1

Cross reserences: see Note. tion, care, notice, consideration, deference, esteem, affection, (in pl.) respect. regara, v. l.: nolice, consider, esteem. regardful: attentive, careful, deferential. regarding: about. regardless: careless. regatta: race. regency: government. regenerate: reform, re-form. regent, a.: controlling, ruling. regent, n.: ruler. régime: system. regiment: government, system, diet. regiment, n.: group.

regiment, v. t.: organize. region: place, territory. regional: local. register, n.: list, record, compass. register, v. t.: list, record, adjust. registrar: recorder. regnant: controlling, prevalent, ruling. regress, n.: return, recession. regress, v. i.: recede. regression: return, recession. regressive: recessive, retroactive. regurgitate: pour. rehabilitate: restore, reëstablish. rehash, n.: paraphrase. rehearsal: recitation, account, mention, practice.

rehearse: recite, narrate, mention, practice, train. reign, n.: control, rule, prevalence. reign, v. s.: rule, control, pre vail. reimburse: pay. rein, v. t.: check, guide, control. reinforce: strengthen. reins: kidney, loin. reinstate: reëstablish, replace. reinvest: clothe, endow. reinvigorate: refresh. reiterate: repeat. reive: plunder. rejoice, v. t.: gladden. rejoin, v. t. & i.: answer. rejoin, v. t.: reunite. rejoinder: answer.

sion, throwback, recidivation (chrefty spec.), backsliding; see apostasy.

relate, v. t 1. See NARRATE, MENTION.
2. connect, correlate, interrelate, spec.

relate, v. i. refer, pertain, appertain (chiefly tech.), belong (archaic), bear (used with "on").

related, a. 1. Referring to things: connected, correlative, correlated, collateral, cognate, connate (rare), allied, congenerous (learned), congenial (rare), connatural (literary); spec. conjugate, akin, affinitive, paronymous.

Antonyms: see UNRELATED, UNCON-

NECTED.
2. Referring to persons: akin, allied (rare or spec.), sib (archaic and chiefly Soot.), consanguineous or (chiefly tech) consanguine, consanguinean (rare), cognate (often spec.), agnate (often spec.); spec. affinal, german (predicative)

Antonyms see UNRELATED.

relation, n. 1. See Nahration, ACCOUNT, MENTION.

2. apposition, connection, relationship, bearing, respect (in "in this respect," "in one respect," etc.); spec. relevancy or (rare) relevance, pertinency or (rare) pertinence, alliance, reference, rapport, interrelation, interconnection, bearing, correlation, affinity, concern or (rare) concernment, business, respect, propinquity, privity, contingency (rare or Scot.), proportion

8. relationship, kinship, kinsmanship (rare), kin, blood, connection (chiefly spec.), consanguinity, cognation (now chiefly spec.), agnation (now chiefly spec.), cousinship (spec., exc. as loosely used), sib (rare), alliance, sibness (obs. or Scot.), interrelationship; spec. affinity, nearness.

4. See RELATIVE.

relative, a. referential, pertinent, appertaining (chiefly tech.), apposite (used with "lo"), relevant, germane (literary or formal), connective, material, proportional, correspondent; see COMPARA-TIVE.

Antonyms; see IRRELEVANT.

relative, n. relation, kinsman, kinswoman (chiefly literary), connection (chiefly spec.), cognate (chiefly spec.), agnate (chiefly spec.), belonging (contextual), friend (only in pl.; rare or obs.), cousin (obs., archaic, or familiar; spec. erc. as loosely used); spec. collateral, affine, father, blood (a collective), mother, brother, sister, niece, etc.; see KIN.

relax, v. t. 1. In a physical sense loosen.

unbrace (literary or spec.), unstrain (rare), unstrain (fig. or spec.); spec. unbend, unthread (rare).

Antonyms see TIGHTEN.

2. Of immaterial things, as effort, attention, security, etc. loosen, milden, slacken, slack, diminish; spec. mitigate, dispense (rare); see ABATE, SOFTEN.

Andonyms' see INCREASE, INTENSIFY.

relax, r. i. 1. loosen, slacken.

2. loosen, unbend, slack, slacken, milden; spec. soften; see ABATE.

Antonyms see INCREASE, INTENSIFY. relaxation, n. 1. loosening, unbracing, etc.; spec. resolution (rare), laxation

(rare), diastole.
2. loosening, slackening, stc., diminution, unbending; see softening.

3. See DIVERSION

relaxed, a. loosened, slackened, lax; see LIMP.

relay, n. shift, squad, relief; spec. dawk (Anglo-Indian), translator (rare).
relent, v. i. yield, soften, bend.

relenties, a. unyielding, obdurate, stern, unrelenting, remorseless, unappeasable; see uncompassionate, unpecting.

Antonyms: see MERCIFUL, COMPASSION-

reliable, a. dependable, trustworthy, sure, certain, authentic (rare), secure, safe, unfailing, see CONSTANT, SOLVENT.

Antonyma. see UNRELIABLE, UNTRUST-WORTHY.

reliance, n. 1. dependence, recumbency; see TRUST.

Antonyms: see DISTRUST.

2. See SUPPORT.

reliant, a. defendant, recumbent; see TRUSTFUL.

Antonyms: see distrustful.

relic, n. remain, spec. halidom (archaic), survival, antiquity; see REMINDER, RE-MAINS.

relief, n. 1. projection, relievo, alto-relievo or (Italian) alto-rilievo, mezzo-relievo or (Italian) mezzo-rilievo, half-relief, bas-relief or (less usual) basso-relievo or (Italian) basso-rilievo.

2. composition; spec embossment, basrelief, high relief, etc.

1. Sec distinctness, vividness.

relief, a. raised; spec. repoussée, embossed, relief, n. 1. See AID. FREEING, MITIGATION, REDRESS

2. Referring to the mind, feelings, etc.: easement (the act), ease, lightening, relaxation; see diversion, comport, rest.

Antonyms: see distress,

Cross references ses Note. Peleana, e. i. free, loose, relinquish. release, n. freeing, loosing, relinguishment relegate: expel, refer relevancy: relation, relevant; relative, reliability: constancy, 8. Referring to one on duty: rest, respite, release; spec. spell.

relieve, v. t. 1. See AID, FREE, MITIGATE,

DEPRIVE, REDRESS.

2. Referring to the mind, spirits, or feelings: ease, respite, lighten, relax; see COMFORT, REST.

Antonyms: see distress.

8. Referring to one on duty, as on guard, at work, etc.: rest, release, free, respite, spell (now U. S.), relay.

religion, n. piety (literary); spec. theism, henotheism, egotheism, polytheism, pan-

theism, monotheism, etc.

religious, a. 1. devout, pious, godly, solemn, religionary (rare), righteous, good (chiefly contextual; often more or less sarcastic); spec. pietistic, devotional, God-fearing, holy, heavenly-minded, other-worldly, prayerful, divine.

3. See conscientious.

Antonyms: see IRRELIGIOUS.

religious, n. religieuse (French; fem. or masc.), religieux (French; masc.); spec. cenobite, anchoret, hospitaler, Culdee (Scotch-Irish).

relinquish, v. t. abandon, surrender, yield, concede, cede, resign, renounce, deliver, waive, release; spec. demit, disgorge, regorge; see ABDICATE.

Antonyms: see KEEP.

relinquishment, n. abandonment, surrender, yielding, concession, cession, resignation, renunciation, delivery, waiving, waiver (tech.), release; spec. demission, regorgement (rare), abdication.

rely, v. i. depend, rest, count, reckon, build, bank, found, trust (used with "to"),

calculate; spec. lean.

remainder, n. surplus, residue, rest (sing. or a collective pl.), residuum, residual (rare), others (pl.; contextual), leavings (pl.), remain (rare), relict (rare), remanet (rare), remanence (rare), balance (commercial slang); spec. remnant, surplusage, rump, dreg, caput mortuum (literary and fig.), tally, difference, shadow, fossil.

remaining, a. surplus, residual, residuary, behind, residuous (rare), remanent (rare),

odd.

remains, n. pl. relics, relicts, remain (sing.; rare), reliquiæ (learned or tech.); spec. disjecta membra (Latin), bones, fossil, ashes; see BODY.

remedy, n. 1. cure, help, boot (archaic); spec. specific, elixir, nostrum, treacle (now rare or fig.), vulnerary; see PANACEA, AN-

TIDOTE.

Antonyms: see disease.

2. See REDRESS.

remember, v. t. 1. recollect, recall, mind (archaic or dial.), bethink (obs., exc. with a clause or reflexive), think, retain, treasure, keep, have.

Anionyms: see forget, omit.

2. See MENTION.

remembrance, n. 1. recollection, recall, memory, retention, mind, rememoration (rare), reminiscence.

2. See MEMORY, MENTION, REMINDER.

remind, v. t. prompt, mind (rare), remember (archaic) ion

ber (archaic), jog.

reminder, n. 1. Referring to persons: monitor, prompter, remembrancer (chiefly spec.), flapper (so used in ridicule, after Swift).

2. Referring to things: memento, remembrance, remembrancer; spec. memorial, souvenir, keepsake, relic, relict (rare),

trophy.

8. Referring to the action of one who reminds: prompt (chiefly theatrical cant), jog. removal, n. 1. remotion (rare), transfer, shift, change, estrangement (archaic or rare), sequestration, deportation (rare, exc. spec.), remove (rare, exc. spec.), removement (rare); spec. dislodgment, extraction, eloignment, abstraction, sublation (rare); see withdrawal, ejection, displacement.

Antonyms: see Insertion.

2. Spec. elimination, clearance, detergency (rare), purging, discharge, retrenchment, draft, dispelling, dislodgment, expulsion, dispossession, excision, effacement, etc.

3. Spec. devestment, retrenchment, aboli-

tion; 866 DEDUCTION.

4. See DISPOSITION, DISCHARGE, DEPARTURE.

reliquary: casket.
relish, n.: taste, liking, flavoring, enjoyment.
relish, v. t.: enjoy, like.
relish, v. i.: taste, savor.
relishable: palatable.
reluct: v. i.: object.
reluctance, reluctancy: disinclination.
reluctant: unwilling.
relume: rekindle, light.
remain, v. i.: stay, continue, be.
remain, n.: relic, remains.
remake: reform.

remark, v. t.: notice, comment.
remark, v. i.: comment.
remark, n.: notice, comment.
remarkable: notable, extraordinary.
remedial: reparative, curative.
remediless: incurable.
remedy, v. t.: cure, redress, correct.
remembrance: reminder.
remiss: negligent, weak.
remission: excuse, forgoing, diminution; cf. ABATB (for abatement).

remissive: forgiving. [sign.
remit: excuse, forgo, abets, conremittal: forgoing, excuse.
remittent: intermittent.
remnant: remainder.
remodel: refashion.
remold: refashion.
remonstrance: objection.
remonstrate: object.
remorse: regret.
remorseful: regretful.
remorseless: relentless.
remote: distant, unrelated, seoluded, small.
remotest: extreme.

remove, v. t. 1. Referring to the direct physical moving of an object from one place to another. move, transfer, shift, take (chiefly used with "from," 'away," etc., and often esp. contrasted with "bring"), change (contextual); spec. draw, abstract, estrange (somewhat archaic), sequester, deport, dislodge, extract, cloign (legal, reflexive, or obsolescent), quit (rare), sublate (rare), unship, wipe (chiefly used with "away," "off," etc.), bear, wash (chiefly used with "away," "off," etc.); see MOVE, EXTRACT, ABSTRACT, WITHDRAW, EJECT, UPROOT, DISPLACE.

2. In physical senses in which the sense of actual direct bodily transferal is not dis-tinctly or immediately present spec. eliminste, clear (chiefly used with "away," "off," etc.), deterge, purge, leach (used with "out," "away," etc.), dislodge, rid (rare), discharge, scour (chiefly used with "away," "off," etc.), dress, draft, raze; see DISPEL, ENPEL, DISPOSSESS, EXCISE,

EFFACE, ASSASSINATE.

3. doff (hterary), cast, douse (colloq.);
spec. slip (with "off").

Antonyms see DON.

4. In a nonphysical sense spec. divest or devest (rare), retrench, fordo (archase); see ABOLISH, EXTINGUISH, DEDUCT.

5. See RETIRE, DEPOSE, DISCHARGE.
rend, v. i. 1. As used with "away," "off,"
"up," etc. see TEAR.

2. As implying a tearing to precest tear, lacerate, dilacerate (literary: an intenswe), disrupt, dismember, dispiece (rare), discorp (rare), divelleste (rare); spec. divide, break, burst, shatter, split, chew (used with "up," "to pieces," etc.).

8. See DESTROY.

rendezvous, n. 1. tryst (literary; chiefly spec); see RESORT

2. See MEETING.

rending, n. 1. Sec division, BREAKING,

divulsion (literary), dilaceration (literery), disruption, dismemberment, discerption (rare), divellication (rare).

renegade, a. tergiversant (rare), apostate, changeling (archaic).

renew, v. t. 1. restore, refresh, repair, reintegrate, revive, resuscitate (rare), furbish (fig.), refurbish (fig.); spec. rejuvenate, recruit, replenish, recuperate, resurrect; see REESTABLISH, RENOVATE, REGENERATE, REFRESH, RE-CREATE, RE-FORM, REPAIR.

Antonyms: see consume.

2. recommence, resume, reopen, continue.

3. See repeat, freshen.

renew, v. i. 1. recrudesce, return, regrow, reappear; spec. re-form, regenerate. Antonyms' see DECAY.

2. See BEGIN.

renewal, n. t. restoration, refreshment, reparation, revival, repair, repairment (rare), renovation, redintegration, continuation, resuscitation (rare); spec. rejuvenation; see RENOVATION, REGENERA-TION, REFRESHMENT, RE-FORMATION, RE-PAIR.

Antonyma: see DECAY.

2. recommencement, resumption, continuation, continuance.

3. recrudescence, return, regrowth, reappearance, renascence; see RE-FORMA-TION

Antonyma: see DECAY.

4. See repetition, beginning.

renovate, v. t 1. renew, furbish (orig. spec.), refurbish (orig. spec.), revamp, recoct (rure), retouch; see REPAIR.

2. See refresh, regenerate

renewation, n. 1. renewal, furbishment (rare), refurbishment, recoction (rare), revamping; see REPAIR

2. Sec refreshment, regeneration. rent, n. return, render, payment, rental, rentage (rare); spec. quitrent, fee-farm, mail (obs. or Scot.), canon, gale (Eng.), gavel (hist.), rackrent, stallage; see HIRE.

repair, b, t, 1. restore, renew, renovate, mend, botch (now spec.); spec. tinker, patch, piece, doctor (colloq.), cobble or (diol. Eng.) clobber, vamp, clout, bushel, darn, finedraw, seat, toc, heel, half-sole,

2. See RENEW, CORRECT, REDRESS.

repair, n. 1. Referring to the act: renewal, restoration, renovation, mend (rare), mending, reparation (rure).

2. Referring to the place mended: mend; spec patch, tinker (rare), darn, bushel, vamp.

disclaim.

CP Cross references see Note. remove, v 1. move, depart comove, n. removal, distance, remunerate: pay remuneration: payment, pay remunerative: paying, profitrenalssance: resiech remescence: rempal.
remeaunter, n.: contast, duel, meeting.

rencounter, o meet.
rend, v t divide, break, burst,
split, tear, disunite render, n payment, rendervous, v v meet rendition: surrender, translation, acting renegade: deserter, apostate, renegade, v. j.: desert, apostarenounce: relinguish, abandon,

renown: fame renowned: famous. rent, c t. let rent, v t. let zent, n tear, eleft, breach, rent, a torn, broken renunciation: reinquishment, disclaimer, self-denul, also cf. ABANDON (for abandenment). reopen: open, renew. repair, n. resort repair, v 1.2 go.

REPRESENTATIVE

3. See RENEWAL, CORRECTION, REDRESS, RESTORATION.

reparative, a. amendatory, satisfactive, corrective, reformatory, remedial.

repay, v. t. 1. return (contextual), refund, reimburse, restore, retaliate (rare), retribute (rare).

2. See PAY, COMPENSATE, REWARD, RE-TRIBUTE.

repeat, v. t. 1. reiterate, recapitulate, iterate (now rare, exc. spec.); spec. rote, din, echo, reëcho, cuckoo, ingeminate (rare), battologize (rare), reword, retell, remurmur; see recite, paraphrase.

2. reduplicate, redouble, renew, duplicate; see DOUBLE, PRACTICE.

3. See NARRATE.

repeat, v. i. 1. tautologize (learned).

2. recur; spec. circulate (referring to fractions, etc.).

repel, v. t. 1. repulse, rebuff, ward, rebut, fence, fend, defend, repercuss.

2. See REJECT.

3. In the sense of to cause aversion in: repugn (rare); spec. disgust; see frighten. Antonyms: see ATTRACT, FASCINATE, CAPTIVATE, ENTICE.

repellent, a. 1. repellant (rare), repulsing, repercussive.

Antonyms: see attractive.

2. uninviting, repugnant, horrid, repulsive, repellant (rare); spec. grim or (archaic) grimly, forbidding, harsh, chilling, gaunt, stern, unsightly, ugly, cold, frigid, stiff, freezing, abhorrent; see DISGUSTING.

Anionyms: see Captivating, enticing, INGRATIATING, ATTRACTIVE.

repetition, n. 1. repeat (rare), reiterance (rare), iterance (rare), iteration; spec. recapitulation, reecho, echo, ingemination (rare), encore, dilogy (rare), tautology, battology, alliteration, place, symploce, palilogy; see PRACTICE.

2. Referring to repeated words or expressions: spec. tautology, dilogy (rare), dit-

togram, dittograph, jingle.

3. renewal, iteration (literary), iterance (rare), recurrence, duplication, conduplication (literary), reduplication; see FRE-QUENCY, PRACTICE.

4. See NARRATION.

repentance: regret.

repercuss: repel.

repentant: regretful.

repetitional, reduplicative, reduplicatory (rare), reiterant (chiefly spec.), recurrent; spec. (in rhetoric) tautological, tautolo-

replace, v. t. 1. restore (contextual), reimplace (rare), return, reduce (obs., exc. spec.), replant, reimplant (rare), reset; spec. reinstate, reseat, reinstall, relay, remount; see REESTABLISH.

Antonyms: see DISPLACE.

2. displace, supersede, supplant; spec. novate.

replacement, n. 1. restoration, reimplantation (rare), return, reinstatement, reinstallment, reposition (chiefly spec.); spec. reduction (obs., exc. spec.).

Antonyms: see DISPLACEMENT.

2. displacement, supersedure, supersession (rare), replacing, supplantation; spec. novation.

report, n. 1. In the generic sense, as in "if we may trust report," and without any pl.: rumor, talk, hearsay, bruit (rare); see GOSSIP.

2. In a concrete sense, with the article "a" or "an" and having a pl., as in "a false report of you came to us": rumor, bruit (literary), news (construed both as a pl. and as sing.), talk (rare); spec. canard, misreport, cry (now archaic or rare), hearsay

3. statement (contextual); spec. delation, return (tech.), bulletin, cahier (French),

4. See ACCOUNT, NOISE, EXPLOSION.

report, v. t. 1. See NARRATE.

2. rumor, noise, bruit (literary), fame, cry (rare); spec. circulate.

3. state, tell; spec. delate, repeat, take (cant), return.

report, v. i. return (chiefly law).

repository, n. repositary (rare), repertory, repertorium (rare), treasury, salvatory (rare); spec. sacristy, museum, shed; see RECEPTACLE, STOREHOUSE, WAREHOUSE.

reprehensible, a. reprehendable (rare), censurable, blamable, blameworthy, culpable, reprovable, condemnable, illaudable, uncommendable (rare).

Antonyms: see Blameless.

representative, n. 1. agent (contextual); repetitive, a. repetitious, repetitionary, | spec. delegate, deputy, depute (Scot.).

To Cross references: see Note. reparation: renewal, correction, redress. repartee: answer. repass: cross. repast: meal. repeal, v. t.: revoke. repeal, n.: revocation. repent: regret.

repercussion: recoil. repine: fret, complain, long. replant, v. t.: plant, transplant, reëstablish. replenish: fill, renew. replete: full, abounding. repletion: fullness, abundance. replevin: recover. replevy: recover. replica: duplicate. replication: answer. reply: answer, echo.

repose, v. t.: prostrate, rest, repose, v. i.: lie, rest. repose, n.: rest, peace, calm, inactivity, ease. reposetul: calm. repossess: recover. reprehend: reprove. reprehensive: censorious. represent: act, depict, describe, example, express, show, typify, symbolize.

deputation, commissioner, commissionaire, representant (rare), lieutenant, vicar, substitute, locum-tenens, vice (rare), secondary (rare), vicegerent, viceroy, undersheriff, tipstaff, burgess, commoner, congressman, congresswoman, senator, proctor, legate.

3. See EXAMPLE.

repress, v. f. 1. See RESTRAIN, SUPPRESS. 3. suppress, silence, choke (chiefly used with "down"), check, crucify, mortify, deaden, smother, dull, stifle, retund (rare); see HIDE, CHOKE.

Antonyms: see ADVANCE.

repression, n suppression, crucifixion, mortification, deadening, check, smother-

reprieve, v t. & n. respite. reproach, v. t. 1. See REPROVE.

2. upbraid, taunt, twit.

reproof, n. t. criticism, reprehension, reprimand, censure, rebuke, reproach, chiding (now becoming archaic), objurgation (literary or rare), castigation, upbraiding, exprobation (rere), admonition, monition, lecture, blame, blaming (the action only), lesson (literary), correction, rating, dressing (chiefly used with "down", colloq. or slang), set-down (collog), jobation (literary and humorous equiv. of "lecture"), increpation (rare), reproval (rare), monishment (archave), trimming (slang), dir-dum (Scot.), slap (colloq.); spec. snub,

Antonyme: see PRAISE, COMPLIMENT.

2. See CENSURE.

reprove, v. t. 1. In the sense referring to censure addressed to the person criticized criticize, reprehend, reprimand, rebuke, censure, reproach, chide (now chiefly literary, and becoming archaic), castigate (chiefly spec.), objurgate, upbraid, blame, admonish, monish (archaic), lecture, lesson (literary), correct, rate, dress (chiefly used with "down"; colloq. or slang), trim (slang); spec. snub (colloq.), slash.

Anionyms: see PRAISE, APPROVE, COM-PLIMENT

2. In the sense in which adverse criticism is made on or about something, censure, dispraise (rare), mispraise (rare), inculpate (rare).

Antonyms' see PRAISE, APPROVE, COM-PLIMENT.

reproving, a. admonitory, reproachful. reptile, a. 1. See CREEPING, ABJECT, MA-LEVOLENT, TREACHEROUS

2. Spec lacertian (referring to ordinary lizards, geckos, chameleons, etc.).

reptile, n reptilian; spec. dragon, hydra;

see SNAKE, CROCODILIAN.

reputable, o. creditable, see HONORABLE. reputation, n name, fame (usually in a good sense), credit (esp. in a good sense), repute, prestige, character, report (now only with "good," after the Biblical usage), spec memory; see FAME.

resemblance, n. 1. simulation, favoring. nearness; spec. assonance, alliteration, imitation, mimicry.

Antonyma see DIFFERENCE.

2. See BIMILARITY.

resemble, v. t. simulate; spec. favor (colloq), facsimile (rare), copy, imitate, counterfeit, mimic, feature (a reve or dial. equiv. of "fosor"), reproduce, follow, echo, duplicate.

resembling, a. 1. simulative, imitative, simular (rare), simulant (rare), mimick-

ing.
2. See SIMILAR.

resentment, n. displeasure, anger, umbrage, dudgeon, pique, heartburn, heartburning.

Antonyms: see THANKFULNESS.

reservation, n. 1. Spec. exception, appropriation

2. Referring to a district or tract of land: reserve.

reserve, n 1. military: redif (Turkish) 2. See STORE, FUND, CONSTRAINT, SELF-CONTROL, DISTANCE, RETICENCE.

reprieve, n deferment (for the reprieve, n deferment (fact), delay (for the time) reprieve, r i respite reprimand, v i. reprosi reprimand, n: reprosi, reprint: print reprinal: retalisation. reproach, a reproof, discredit.
reproachful: reprosing.
reprobacy: rascality
reprobate, a abandoned, rascally reprobate, n: sinner, rescal. reprobate, v i: condemn, conreprobation, u.; condemnation, censure reprobative: censorious reproductive: generalive.

reprovable: reprehensible, republic: state repudiate: reject, disoloim, repugnance: inconsistency, dislike, oversion. repugnant: inconsistent, offensue repellent apposing repulse, e t repel, reject. repulse, n repulsion, rejecrepulsive: repellent repute, n reputation, fame.
repute, r i consider
request, n asking, demand.
request, r i ask requiem: mass, dirgr, chant. require: usk, demand, need. requirement: demand, neces-

requisite: necessary. requisition, n. demand. requisition, n. t. demand, imrequital: return, pay, payment, compensation, remard, retaliarequite, v l' return, pay, com-pensule, reward, relatiate, rescind: reroke resolution: revocation.
resoript: decree, law.
resoue: deliver, free, recover. research, v t reseat: replace reseat: dislike. investigate coserve, v t. keep, defer, appro-20002vod: self-controlled, rets-cent, distant. 3. Referring to land: reservation.

reservoir, n. receiver, receptacle; spec. basin, tank, standpipe, waterback, lodge, fountain, font, magazine, forebay.

residence, n. 1. Referring to the fact or action: abode (literary or archaic), dwelling, habitation (literary or learned), habitancy (rare), inhabitation (rare, exc. with "of"), inhabitancy.

2. sojourn (chiefly spec.), sojournment (rare), abidancy (rare); spec. commorancy (rare), commoration (rare), stay, stop, tarrying (rare), tarriance (rare), rest (rare or spec.), séjour (French).

3. See DWELLING (the house which is the place of residence), ABODE (time or period

of residence).

resignation, n. 1. Spec. abandonment, relinquishment, abdication, consignment. 2. acquiescence, resignment, resignedness, philosophy, submission; spec. compliance.

resigned, a. acquiescent, reconciled, philosophical, submissive; see COMPLIANT.

Antonyms: see Defiant.

resin, n. rosin (chiefly spec.); spec. pitch, fat.

resinous, a. resined, resinous, rosiny, resinaceous (rare); spec. pitchy, fat.

resist, v. t. 1. In a physical sense: withstand.

2. See Oppose.

resist, v. i. In an immaterial sense: recalcitrate (rare), reluctate (rare).

resistance, n. 1. In a physical sense: withstanding, renitency (rare); spec. reluctance, reaction, load.

2. See Opposition.

resistance, a. 1. In a physical sense: withstanding, renitent (rare), resistive.

2. See opposing.

resonance, n. Spec. roar, boom, clang, roll, thunder, din, rumble, etc.; spec. nasality, twang.

resonant, a. sonorous, resounding, plangent, vibrant, roaring, rumorous (archaic), canorous (literary); spec. rotund, clangorous, rebellant (rare), thundering, booming, thunderous, remugient (rare), reverberant; see RINGING, NASAL.

resort, n. 1. See EXPEDIENT, APPLICATION. 2. Referring to the act of going: going, re-

pair, recourse (obs. or rare).

8. place (contextual), retreat, haunt, rendezvous; spec. dive, harbor, nest, joint (slang), walk, soil, lie, lounge, wallow; see refuge.

resort, v. i. 1. See GO, APPLY.

2. In the sense of "go habitually or often": repair, recourse (obs. or rare).

3. In the sense of "carry one's action": go,

turn, proceed.

resound, v. i. vibrate, peal (chiefly spec.), thunder, boom, roar; spec. bump, roll; see RING, ECHO.

resourceful, a. shifty (Eng.).

respect, v. t. 1. In the sense of "to have reference or relation to": regard, contemplate.

2. Spec. venerate; see ESTEEM.

3. See consider, observe.

respect, n. 1. See RELATION, PARTICULAR, ATTENTION, CONSIDERATION, POLITENESS.

2. Spec. veneration; see ESTEEM.

8. In pl.: as a term denoting a complimentary message of regard or esteem: regards, commendations, greetings, devoirs, compliments, service (obs. or rare).

respectable, a. Spec. honorable, presentable; see Estimable, proper, consider-

ABLE, FAIR.

respected, a. Spec. venerable, esteemed. respectful, a. reverent, reverential, deferential; see POLITE.

see DISRESPECTFUL, CON-Antonyms: TEMPTUOUS, IMPUDENT.

responsive, a. 1. respondent, lively, responsorial (rare); spec. appealable; see EXCITABLE, SYMPATHETIC, SENSITIVE.

Antonyms: see unresponsive.

3. interlocutive (rare), responsorial (rare). rest, n. 1. repose, respite, relief, requiem, quiet, resting, breath, breathing, comfort; spec. siesta, meridian, sabbatism; see SLEEP, PEACE, CALM.

Cross reserences: see Note. reset: replace. resettle: reëstablish, settle. reshape: refashion. reside: dwell, inhere. residentiary, n.: dweller. residual, a.: remaining. residual, n.: remainder. residuary: remaining. residue: remainder. resign: relinquish, consign, abdicate. resile, v. i.: withdraw, recoil. resilient: elastic, buoyant. resistive: resistant, opposing. resistless: irresistible. resoluble: decomposable. resolute: determined, courageous.

version, determination, courage, decision, analysis (mental). resolvable: decomposable. resolve, v. t.: decompose, convert, explain, analyze (mentally), decide, dispel, assure. resolve, v. i.: decompose, decide. resolved: determined, deliberate. resound, v. t.: celebrate. resound, v. i.: echo. resounding: resonant. resource: means, expedient. resourceless: helpless. respect, n.: relation, particular, attention, consideration, esteem, politeness. respectable: estimable, proper,

resolution: decomposition, con-

presentable, considerable, fair. respecting: about. respective: individual. respiration: breath. respire, v. t. & i.: breathe, exhale. respite, n.: delay, rest, reprieve. respite, v. t.: relieve, reprieve, resplendent: bright. respond: answer. respondency, n.: responsiverespondent: answering, responsive. response: answer. responsion: answer. responsible: trustworthy. responsory: anthem. rest, n.: remainder.

Antonyms see action, work.

2. See MOTIONLESSNESS, SUPPORT, BEAR-ING.

raut, v. t. 1. repose, refresh, relieve, breathe; spec wind.

Antonyms: see WEARY, TIRE, WORK, EX-

HAUST.

 lay, set, repose, settle, couch; spec. bed, recline, level, lean, pillow; see CUSHION.

3. See PLACE, PUT, BASE.

rest, t. i. 1. repose, breathe; spec. sabbatize; see SLEEP

Antonyms' see WORK.

2. lie, set, repose, stand; spec. bed, pillow, ride, lean, perch, lounge.

1. See RELY, DEPEND, STAY, WAIT, CON-

restate, v. t. state, reword, recapitulate; 800 PARAPHRASE.

restful, a. reposeful, easy, comfortable.

Antonyms: see THESOME. rest house. hospital (obs. or rare), hospitium (rare), resting (rare), spec. hospice, choultry (India), khan (Arabian), caravansary, caravanseral, dak bungalow (India). The "rest house" is chiefly an institution of India.

restless, a. 1. In a physical sense: active, unsteady, unquiet (esp. spec.), unresting,

spec. astatic.

Antonyms: see MOTIONLESS, STILL.

2. Referring to mental conditions: see

restlessness, n. 1. activity, unsteadiness, unquiet, unquietness, inquietude, unrestingness (rare).

2. See UNEASINESS.

restoration, n. 1. return, restitution, reduction (rare), reddition (obs. or rare), restoral (rare); spec. redelivery, remitter, repayment.

Antonyms' see DEPRIVATION.

2. recovery (rare, in the active sense), repristination (rare), restitution (rare), repair, instauration (rare), renewal, renovation, retrieval (rare); see CURE, RE-

3. See RENEWAL, RECOVERY, REPAIR, RE-

PLACEMENT, RECALL.

restorative, a. recuperative, recuperatory

(rare); see CURATIVE. restore, v. f. 1. return, regive, reduce (rare), restitute (rare), redeliver; see REPAY.

2. In the sense of "to bring a person or part of the body back to some previous, usually better, condition": recover (rare), repair (rare), retrieve, recuperate, repristinate (rare), renew, rehabilitate; see CURE, RE-VIVE

Antonyms: see TIRE, EXHAUST.

2. See RETURN, RENEW, REPAIR, REPLACE, RECALL, REËSTABLISH.

restrain, v t 1. In the sense of "to bring to a complete cessatum of activity" or "to withhold from activity" check, arrest, stop, stay, withhold, deter, rebuff, refrain (rore), keep, hold, repress, inhibit (literary or tech), bind, cramp, combit (stays) or the fraint activity or the conditions of the conditi (rare), cork (fig and chiefly collog. or slang), bottle (fig; collog or slang); see PREVENT, HINDER

Antonyms: see impel, incite.

2. In the sense of "to hold back from putting forth full activity": check, contain, govern, rule, constrain (now literary), control, bridle, curb, bit (consciously figurative), rein, temper, shackle (fig.), yoke (consciously figurative), hold, discourage (now chiefly colloq.), coarct (rare), compesce (rare), trash (obs. or rare; orig. spec.); see control, confine.

Antonyma: see IMPEL, INCITE, DRIVE,

TROE

1. In the sense of "to hold back (desire, enthusiasm, feeling, or other form of activthusasm, peeing, or oner join to take the same, check, repress, deaden, damp, dampen, chill, chasten (chiefly literary), lessen, control, govern, constrain (now literary), bridle, curb, hold, bit (consciously figurative), confine.

4. See restrict.

restraint, n. 1. check, arrest, stopping, staying, withholding, deterrence, deter-ment, keeping, repression, inhibition (luterary or tech.); see PREVENTION, FOR-BIDDING

2. Referring to the action check, government, control, containment (rare), rein, discouragement (chiefly collog.); ase con-TROL, CONFINEMENT, CONSTRAINT.

Antonyms see URGING, INCITEMENT. 3. Referring to the thing that restrains: check, control, bridle, curb, bit (con-

sciously fig.), rein, shackle, discourage-ment (chiefly colloq.), deterrent. Antonyms: see INCITEMENT.

4. check, repression, control, govern-ment, confinement, bridling, curbing, cramp, binding, etc.

Antonyms see LICENSE.

5. See RESTRICTION

restrict, v. t. 1. In reference to confinement of a body within a certain space: see con-FINE.

2. Referring to the limitation of the scope or extent of the operation of activities, causes, etc.: confine, restrain, limit, constrain, straiten, astrict (rare), restringe (rare); spec. tie, qualify, circumscribe.

Tar Cross references see Note.

restful: comfortable, restiff: balky

restive: balky, intractable.

RETREAT

restricted, a. limited, strait (archaic), strict; see PARTICULAR, CONFINED.

Antonyms: see Absolute.

restriction, n. 1. See CONFINEMENT.

2. confinement, restraint, limitation, constraint; spec. qualification, embargo.

restrictive, a. limiting, limitative; spec. circumscriptive, qualificatory; see con-FINING.

result, n. 1. effect, consequence, sequel, sequela (learned; chiefly tech. and chiefly spec.), outcome, fruit, product, resultant, creature (disparaging or contemptuous), sequent (rare), resultance (rare), end (contextual); spec. corollary, superconsequence, dregs (pl.); see PRODUCT.

Antonyms: see CAUSE.

2. In pl.: see PROCEEDS.

3. In mathematics: see COMPUTATION.

result, v. i. 1. Referring to the cause: see EVENTUATE.

2. Referring to what arises from the cause: follow, come, arise, originate, redound, proceed.

resulting, a. resultant, consequent, sequent (rare), consequential, emergent, arising, appendant.

resume, v. t. 1. retake, reassume, recall, revoke; spec. reoccupy; see RECOVER.

2. See RENEW, SUMMARIZE.

resumption, n. 1. retaking, reassumption, recall; spec. reoccupation, recaption; see RECOVERY.

2. See RENEWAL, SUMMARIZATION.

retaliate, v. t. return, requite, repay, retribute, retort. "Retaliate" is now used only with reference to the return of evil.

retaliation, n. return, reprisal, requital, retribution, payment, retortion, talio or talion (tech.), pay (rare).

Antonyms: see Absolution.

retard, v. t. 1. restrain, delay, slow, forslow (archaic), slacken, slack (rare).

Antonyms: see HASTEN, QUICKEN.

2. See HINDER.

retardation, n. 1. restraint, delay, retard (rare; used in "in retard"), retardment (rare), slowing, slacking; spec. lag.

2. See HINDRANCE.

retch, v. i. reach (now dial.), heave, wamble (dial.), keck (rare), gag.

retentive, a. 1. Spec. keeping, continent (rare).

2. In reference to the mind's power to remember: tenacious.

Antonyms: see Forgetful.

reticence, n. reserve, silence, dumbness, secrecy, mumness, reservedness, taciturnity, reticency, secretiveness, closeness, seclusion. Cf. communicative, talkative. reticent, a. reserved, uncommunicative, silent, dumb, secretive, close, taciturn, mum, secret, dark, private.

Antonyms: see communicative, talka-

TIVE.

retinue, n. following, attendance, tail, train, trail, suite, suit (archaic), rout, people (contextual); spec. court, cortège (French), bodyguard.

retire, v. i. 1. withdraw, retreat.

Antonyms: see ADVANCE.

2. In the elliptical sense meaning, "to retire and go to bed," a sense generally objected to as being inexact and foolishly formal or affected: bed (rare), lair (of an animal).

3. See RECEDE.

retire, v. t. 1. withdraw; spec. seclude.

Antonyms: see ADVANCE.

2. remove, shelve (fig.); spec. pension (often used with "off"), superannuate; see DISCHARGE.

retirement, n. 1. Referring to the act: withdrawal, retire (rare), retiral (rare), seclusion, reclusion.

2. Referring to the state: withdrawal, re-

treat; spec. seclusion, reclusion.

retreat, n. 1. recession, withdrawal, recoil (rare, exc. spec.), retrograde (rare), retrogradation, katabasis (literary; used in reference or allusion to Xenophon); spec. rout; see RETIREMENT.

Antonyms: see Advance, invasion.

2. recess, place (contextual), cove, reculade (French), retirement (rare), retire (rare); spec. hold, niche, shadow, reclusion, hibernaculum or hibernacle (rare), grotto; see REFUGE.

3. See RECESS.

retreat, v. i. 1. recede, withdraw, retrograde, recoil (rare, exc. spec.), go (contextual); spec. crawfish (chiefly fig.; colloq., U. S.); see RETIRE.

Antonyms: see ADVANCE.

2. In an immaterial sense: see WITH-DRAW.

resultant, n.: result.
resultant, n.: result.
resultant, a.: resulting.
résumé, n.: summary.
resurrect, v. t.: revive, regenerate, renew.
resurrect, v. i.: revive.
resuscitation: revival, regeneration, renewal.
retail: sell, mention, narrate.
retailer: seller.

retain: keep, engage, remember, hold, detain.
retainer: adherent.
retainer: fee.
retake: resume.
retaking: resumption.
retell: repeat, narrate.
retention: keeping, remembrance, memory, holding, detention.
reticular: netlike, cancellate.

reticulation: network.
reticule: workbag.
retired: secluded, lonely.
retiring: modest.
retort, v. i. & n.: answer.
retortion: retaliation.
retouch: renovate.
retrace: delineate, draw, follow,
recall.
retract, v. t.: withdraw, recall,
retract, v. i.: withdraw.

RETREATING

cetribute, p. f. 1. See RETALIATE.

2. compensate, repay, avenge, revenge, wreak (archaic). The verb "retribute" is less usual than its synonyms.

retribution, n. 1. See RETALIATION.

 compensation, avengement, revenge, revengement, vengeance, recompense (rare), Nemesis (the goddess of vengeance), nemesis (vengeance in general).

Antonyms: see FORGIVENESS, MERCY. retributive, a. retributory, avenging, requiting.

retrieval, n. 1. See RECOVERY.

2. In the sense of "a making up for": re-

retrieve, v. t. 1. See RECOVER.

2. In the sense of "to make good"; "to make up for": recover, recoup.

retroactive, a. retrospective, regressive; spec. ex-post facto (Latin).

return, v. t 1. Referring to a sending, conducting, or putting back to, toward, or in a previous position or place: restore; spec. reconduct, volley, boast, redart, see RE-PLACE, REFLECT, ECHO, RECOMMIT.

2. give (contextual), reciprocate, requite, repay, respond (rare); see RETALIATE.

2. See REPAY, REPORT, ANSWER, ELECT, TIELD.

return, v. i. 1. In the sense of "to come back to or toward an original position": recover, regress (rare); spec. retrograde, revolve, remigrate; see RECEDE.

3. See answer, recur, report, renew,

RECOIL, REACT, REVERT.

return, A. recovery, regress (rere), regression; spec. reentry, retrogression, retrogradation, countermarch; see RECES-BION.

return, n. 1. Spec. volley; see REPLACE-MENT, REPLECTION, ECHO.

3. reciprocation, restoration, requital, repayment; see RETALIATION.

1. See RECURRENCE, RENEWAL, REPORT, REPAYMENT, RENT, YIELD, REVERSION.

reunite, v. t. & v. i. 1. unite (contextual), rejoin, recompound, recompose, recombine, recompact (v. t. only).

2. reconcile.

Ter Cross references see Note.

retrench, v. t. diminish, remove delete

enderatem retrospect, v 1. look, resert. retrospection: siew, consideraretrench, s. i. diminish, sconretrenchment: diminution,

removal economy retrogradation, n ' recession, returning: recurrent.
reveal, v. t. duclose, show, con-

decination degeneration, decination degenerate retrograde, a backward retrograde, a backward retrogradion recession, decine, degeneration.

retrogressive: backward retrospect, n.: look, mew, con-

tion, reversion tetraspactive: backward.

revenge, v. t. sindicate, retrib-

revengeful: madicine

cetreating, a. recessive, retrograde; spec. | revel, v. i. 1. disport; spec. riot, roister, Bacchanalize.

2. See delight, abound.

revelation, n. 1. Referring to dwine communications: disclosure, oracle; epec. apocalypse, gospel (rare).

2. See disclosure.

revelatory, a disclosing, apocalyptic (chiefly spec., Bib., and cap.).

reveler, n merrymaker; spec. Mayer, mænad, bacchant, roisterer or (archaic) roister, bacchanal, bacchanalian.

reveling, a. merrymaking; spec Bacchic, Bacchanalian, roystering, roisterous (rare),

bacchanal.

revelry, n. merrymaking, revel-rout (archaic), revelment; spec. carnival, deray (archaic), bacchanal, Bacchanalia (pl.),

Anionyms. see MOURNING, LAMENTA-

TION.

reversal, n. t. abrogation, annulment; cf. INVALIDATE.

3. inversion, reversement (rare).

reverse, G. 1. See BACK, BACKWARD. 2. turned, inverted, inverse; spec. re-

trorse, retrograde.

reverse, n. 1. contrary.

2. Referring to the side of medal, coin, etc., that does not bear the main device: back, counterpart, verso, tail, pile (archaic).

 misfortune, adversity, backesst, down (colloq; chiefly used in "ups and downs"), backset, check, comedown (colloq.), setback, pull-back (collog.); ses DEFEAT.

4. inverse.

reverse, v. t. 1. turn, revert (rare), invert; spec. retrograde, transpose, intussuscept, invaginate.

2. See invalidate.

reversion, n. 1. In law: return; spec. escheat.

2. In thought, discourse, stc.: recurrence. retrospect, retrospection.

3. See RELAPSE. throwback, atavism.

revert, v. i. 1. In law: return; spec. escheat.

2. To go back in thought, discourse, etc.; return, recur, retrospect, remount (rore).

3. See RELAPSE, BACKSLIDE,

revenue: income reverberate: reflect, echo. revere. esterm reverence, n esteem, bow. reverence, r t esteem reverend, n minister reverent, a respectful. reverential: respectful teverie: fancy daydream revest: residablish reat

review, n examination, con-meration discussion criticism zeview, v t examine, consider, discuss, reconsider, criticize revile, v. i. vituperate, rail, slang (colloq.). revival, n. 1. restoration, reanimation, raising, revivement (rare), recovery, resurrection, resuscitation, revivification, recall (contextual); spec. animation.

2. In an intransitive sense: resurrection, resuscitation, rising, revivescence (rare), palingenessy or palingenesis or palingenesia

(rare).

- 3. In the sense of "bringing again to knowledge, notice," etc.: recall, renewal, restoration, rekindling, resurrection, revivement (rare), revivification (rare); spec. reëstablishment. See REËSTABLISH.
- 4. In the sense of "coming again into notice, currency," etc.: resurrection (rare), renascence, renaissance, revivement (rare), revival, paligenesy or palingenesis or palingenesia (rare).

5. In a religious sense: reawakening.

- 6. See RECALL, STRENGTHENING, RENEW-AL, REFRESHMENT.
- revive, v. t. 1. restore, recover, reanimate, wake (religious or poetic), requicken (rare), resuscitate, raise, resurrect, revivify, recall (contextual); see ANIMATE.

Antonyms: see KILL.

- 2. In the sense of "to bring again into existence, notice, or currency": renew, recall, restore, revivify (rare), rekindle, resurrect; see REESTABLISH.
- **8.** See restore, renew, recall.

revive, v. i. 1. recover, resurrect, resuscitate, rise.

Antonyms: see DIE, FAINT.

2. See Freshen.

reviving, a. 1. In an active or transitive sense: resuscitative, resurrective, revivifying.

2. In an intransitive sense: revivescent (rare)

revocation, n. recall, rescission, repeal. revocatory, a. revocative, rescissory, abrogative.

revoke, v. t. annul, retract, abrogate, repeal (chiefly spec.), cancel, rescind, raise (an embargo, etc.), recall, countermand, counterorder (rare); spec. unpray (rare), unpromise (rare), disenact (rare), abolish.

Antonyms: see ENACT.

revoke, v. i. In cards: renege (local, U.S.), nig (slang, U.S.).

revolution, n. 1. gyre (poetic or literary), turn, wheel, circuit, circulation, round, circumvolution, whirl.

2. overthrow, overturn, upset.

3. See insurgency, passage.

revolutionary, a. 1. revolutional (rare), red (fig.), sansculottic (fig.); see INSURGENT.

2. See REVOLVING.

revolve, v. i. 1. Referring to an orbit or, fig., to what returns to its starting-place in a circuit: circle, roll, circuit, orb (rare), turn, round, wheel, swing, gyrate, circumgy-rate, circumvolve (rare), circulate.

2. See ROTATE.

revolve, v. t. 1. roll, wheel.

2. See Consider, Rotate.

revolving, a. revolutionary, gyral, voluble (rare), gyratory.

reward, v. t. 1. recompense, requite, reguerdon (rare), premiate (rare); spec: remunerate, gratify (archaic), repay, remember, flesh; see PAY.

Antonyms: see Punish.

2. See Punish.

reward, n. 1. Referring to the act: recompense, requital, remuneration, gratification (archaic), repayment, remembrance; see PAYMENT.

Antonyms: see Punishment.

2. Referring to the thing that rewards: recompense, return, remuneration, remembrance, premium, crown (fig.), bounty, meed (poetic or rhetorical), guerdon (literary), gratification (archaic), reguerdon (rare); spec. honorarium, pay, hire, prize.

3. See Punishment.

Antonyms: see Penality.

rewrite, v. t. rescribe (rare); see COPY.

rhapsody, n. effusion, rapture.

rhetoric, n. 1. As the name of the art: eloquence (rare).

2. As the name of a form of language: see DICTION.

rhythm, n. number, cadence, cadency, rhythmus (tech.), pulsation (rare); spec. chime, run, lilt (chiefly literary), swing, meter, measure.

rhythmic, a. metrical, metric, numerous (literary; rare), cadent.

rib, n. 1. In anatomy: costa.

2. ridge, ribbet (rare), cord; spec. groin, ogive, lierne; see FEATHER, BRACE.

3. See VEIN, QUILL, RIDGE.

ribbed, a. costate.

ribbon, n. 1. ribband (archaic), band (contextual); spec. cordon, galloon.

2. See STRIP, BADGE.

revile, v. t.: abuse.
revilement: abuse.
revise: edit, reconsider.
revivity: revive, recall, renew,
refresh, reëstablish.
revolt, n.: insurgence, movement.

revolt, v. i.: insurrect, shrink.
revolt, v. t.: disgust, nauseate.
revolting: insurgent, disgusting, abominable.
revolutionize: refashion.
revue: play.

rhapsodical: ecstatic.
rhyme, rhymer, etc.: variants
of rime, rimer, etc.
rlb, v. t.: brace.
rlbald: abusive, irreligious,
coarse, lewd.
rlbband: ribbon, strip, shred,
rag.

revulsion: shrink, reaction. revulsive: reactionary.

rich, a. L. prosperous (contextual), wealthy, opulent, affluent, well-to-do, moneyed, solid, flush, pursy (collog), pecunious (rore), crummy (slang), dollared (a nonce word, snug (chiefly Irish dial.), warm (collog., Eng.).

Anionyms see POOR.

L See VALUABLE, LUXURIOUS, MELODI-OUS, DEEP, ABOUNDING, ABUNDANT, PRO-

DUCTIVE, ODOROUS.

rich person. moneybags (pl.; humorous or contemptuous). Dives (Latin; in al-lusion to the "rich man" of Luke xvi. 19-31), richling (rare), Crossus (fig.), Midas (fig.); spec. millionaire, multimillionaire, billionaire.

Antonyms: see BEGGAR.

rickety, a. 1. See WEAK.

 shaky, ramshackle, ramshackled (rare), tumbledown, ramshackly (rare), cranky, crank, crazy.

Antonyms: see FIRM.

riddle, n. 1. question (contextual), conundrum (properly spec.), enigma, griph (obs. or rare); spec. logogriph, logogram or logograph (an erroneous usage), rebus, charade.

2. See SECRET.

ride, v. i. 1. Spec. lark, prick (archaic), bucket, pump, tool (slang or cant), walk, trot, gallop, canter, prance, spank, grind (Eng. university slang), hack, jumble (rare), jolt, cavalcade, spur, tantivy (obs. and rare), jackass (rare).

2. To ride in or on a vehicle vehiculate (rare), cycle; spec. caroche, chariot; see

DRIVE.

3. See REST, FLOAT.
ride, v. t. 1. Spec. bucket, pump, walk, amble, trot, canter, lark, prance, hunt.

2. See SIT, TRAVERSE, EXPEL

 bestride (as spectacles do the nose). rider, n. 1. horseman (masc.), horsewoman (fem.), equestrian, equestrienne (fem.; rare), pricker (archaic), rideress (fem.; rare); s.ec. jockey, galloper, smbler, postillion or routillion. tillion or postilion, courier.

3. A clause appended to a document after

us drafting: epec. tack (Eng.).
ridge, n. 1. Spec. ridgelet, keel, carina,
rib, carination, fret, fillet, spine, crest, ripple, seam, burr, inion, back, sastruga; see RIB, WRINKLE, WEAL.

Antonyma see CHANNEL.

2. Referring to a ridge of land: spec. chine, arete (French), spine, crest, bridge, kame or kaim (Scot. & North of Eng.), hogback, sowback (rare), horseback (U.S.), thankyou-ma'am (colloq., U.S.), saddle, ledge; see BANK, BAR, HILL.

Antonyms' see CHANNEL. riaged, a. ridgy; spec. keeled, carinate, cristate, crested, corded, twilled, wrin-

ridicule, n. derision, mockery, mock (rare), mocking, game (used only in "to make game of"), irrison (rare), roasting (colloq.; the action), roast (colloq.; a specific act); spec imitation; sec BATIRE.

Antonyms see PRAISE.

ridicule, v. t. contemn, deride, mock, be-mock, guy (orig. theatrical slang), roast (collog.), scout; spec. monkey (rare), sneer (rare), skit, burlesque, hoot, saturize.

Antonyms' see PRAISE.

ridiculing, a. sardonic (said of a smile or gran).

right, n. 1. See JUSTICE, UPRIGHTNESS,

2. interest, part, claim, title, droit (law; chiefly in "droits of admiralty"); spec. equity, patent; see num.

3. liberty, privilege, prerogative.

right, a 1. See JUST, CORRECT, APPROPRI-ATE, TRUE, CONVENTIONAL, PROPER, AD-VANTAGEOUS, SANE, ACTUAL, GENUINE, STRAIGHT.

dextral, dexter.

Antonyme: see LEFT.

a. droitural; spec. contractual.

righteous, a. just (now chiefly Bib.), godly, god-fearing, good, right (rare); spec. goody (colloq.); see SINLESS, UPRIGHT, RE-LIGIOUS.

Antonyma: see immoral.

right-handed, a. dexterous or dextrous (rare).

rightless, a. In law: dead (fig.), unlawed.
rigid, a. 1. stiff, indeformable (rare), implastic, marbly (a fig.), inflexible, firm,
unyielding; see HARD.

Antonyms: see DUCTILE, FLEXIBLE, SOFT,

PLASTIC.

2. See UNYIELDING, STRICT, FORMAL, AUB-

rigidity, n. 1. stiffness, rigidness, implasticity, inflexibility, firmness, unyieldingness; see HARDNESS.

Cross references see Note. rick: heap ricochet, v. v. plance. Pid, v. t. clear, free, riddle, n. v. seeve riddle, v. t. sift, perforate, ridiculous: laughable, absurd. eife: prevalent, current, abunrime: rapid, channel.

rittraff, n. mob.
rittraff, a dureputable, worthlean rifie: plunder ritt, n cleft, opening.
ritt, v t cleave
rig, n equipment, costume,
team

rig, v i hoar manipulate rigging: equipment, dothing rightful: lawful, deserved due, rigmarolo: numense rigor: severely, quaterity rigorium: revertly, quaterity rigorous: severe, quaters, strict, rila, riley: variants of roil, roily rile, riley: rolly rill: brook.

rig, v t · equip, adjust, clothe rig, n : trick, hour

RISIBLE

2. Spec. unyieldingness, strictness, formality, austerity.

rim, n. edge; spec. felloe or felly, chime or chimb, ring, flange, girdle, curb.

Antonyms: see BODY, CENTER, MIDDLE.

rime, rhyme, n. 1. crambo (contemptuous); spec. assonance.

2. See verse, poetry.

rime, rhyme, v. t. berime or berhyme (an intensive); see VERSIFY.

rime, rhyme, v. i. 1. Of words: chink (rare or contemptuous).

2. Of a person: see VERSIFY.

rimose, a. cleft, rimous, rifty, chinky, clefty (rare).

ring, v. i. & v. t. 1. resound; spec. tinkle, jingle, jangle, dingle (rare), twang, clink, clank, clang, peal (v. i. only), sing (v. i. only), tintinnabulate (literary), chinkle (rare), toll, knell, knoll (archaic or dial.), jow (Scot.); see CHIME, PLAY, DIN.

2. As a v. i.; referring to the ears: sing,

hum, buzz, tingle.

ring, n. 1. resonance; spec. tinkle, jingle, jangle, dingle (rare), twang, chink, clank, clang, clangor, ringing, tintinnabulation (literary), chinkle (rare), tinnitus, dingdong (imitative), peal, knell, knoll (archaic or dial.), toll, curfew.

2. See set.

- ring, n. 1. circle, annulus (learned or tech.), cirque (poetic), round, roundel (rare), hoop; spec. gimmal or gemel, eyelet, circlet, ringlet, keeper, grummet or grommet, whorl, cringle, traveler, torque, thimble, discus, vervel or varvel, washer, burr, terret, manilla, lasket, collar, collet; see LOOP, FERRULE, COIL, CROWN, WREATH, GIRDLE, RIM.
- 2. See SET, COMBINATION, ARENA.

ring, v. t. 1. See SURROUND, GIRDLE.

2. In the sense of "to put a ring on or around": enring (rare); spec. girdle.

ringing, a. resonant; spec. tintinnabulant (rare), tinkling, clanging, etc.

ringing, n. 1. resonance; spec. tintinnabulation (literary), tinkling, etc., curfew, peal.

2. buzz (of the cars).

riparian, a. riverside, riverine, ripal (rare), riparial (rare), riparious (rare); spec. estuarine.

ripe, a. 1. Of fruit: mature (obs. or rare); spec. mellow, soft, overripe.

Antonyms: see Unripe.

2. Of persons, judgment, scholarship, etc.: mature, developed.

8. See GROWN, ADVANCED, PREPARED, COMPLETED.

ripen, v. i. 1. Of fruit: ripe (rare), mature (also fig.); spec. mellow (also fig.).

2. Of a boil: gather, head.

3. See DEVELOP.

ripen, v. t. 1. enripen (rare), mature, mellow.

2. See DEVELOP, CURE.

ripple, n. 1. agitation (contextual), play (contextual), wave (contextual), wavelet, dimple, ruffle, curl, crinkle, lipper (cant); spec. ring, ripplet, ripple.

2. See WAVE.

ripple, v. i. 1. play (contextual), wave, lap, dimple, ruffle, curl, crinkle, lipper (cant).

2. See FLOW, WAVE, FRET.

ripple, v. t. 1. agitate, wave, dimple, ruffle, curl, crinkle.

2. See WAVE.

ripply, a. 1. agitated, wavy, dimply, ruffly (rare), crinkly, ruffled.

2. See WAVY.

rise, n. 1. ascent, ascension, ascendance, uprising (rare), levitation (often spec.), heave, tower (rare), mount (rare); spec. flow, soaring, break; see EMERGENCE, ASCENT.

Antonyms: see descent, fall.

2. See HILL, INCREASE, ADVANCE, OCCUR-RENCE.

rise, v. i. 1. ascend, uprise, mount, levitate (chiefly spec.), lift (chiefly spec.), arise (now only poetic); spec. soar, climb, clamber, upclimb (rare), upleap, scale, rear, tower, ramp, spring, spire, aspire (rare), heave, upheave (rare), remount, resurge (rare), heighten (rare), flush (of a bird), rouse (rare), break, upflow (rare), exsurge (rare), upsoar (rare), emerge.

Antonyms: see DESCEND, ALIGHT, FALL.

2. In the sense of "to get up or take a more erect position": arise; spec. bristle, prick,

stand.

Antonyms: see STOOP.

8. Referring to the flowing up of water: flow, head (chiefly U.S.), swell.

4. Insurrect (rare), insurrectionize (rare),

rebel, mutiny, revolt.

5. Referring to the spirits, passions, etc.: kindle, wax, mount, tower.

6. See ADVANCE, ARISE, APPEAR, OCCUR, PROTUBERATE, INCREASE, RECOVER, RE-VIVE, ADJOURN, DECAMP.

Toss references: see Note.

rim, v. t.: edge.

rime: frost.
rimer: versifier, poet.
rimester: versifier.
ring, v. i.: circle.
ringleader: chief.

ringlet: ring, lock.

ring-shaped: annular.
rinse, v. t.: wash, gargle.

rinse, n.: wash.

riot, n.: dissipation, merrymaking, disturbance.

riot, v. i.: dissipate, revel, delight. riotous: merry, boisterous, law-

rip, n.: commotion. rip, v. i.: go.

rip, n.: tear.

rimy: frosty.
rind: bark, hull, skin.

rise, v. t.: flush.
risibility: laughter.

risible: laughing, laughable.

ing, resurgent (rare); spec. orient.

Antonyme see Descending, Palling,

2. See HILLY, ADVANCING. risky, a. 1. See dangerous.

3. scabrous (learned or rare), risqué (French), off-color

rite, n. form, ceremony, ritual (chiefly in pl.); spec. hierurgy, liturgy, service, cult, sacrament, sacramental, use, baptism, proper, mass, form, orgies (pl.).

rival, n corrival or corival (rare); see COM-

PETITOR.

river, n. stream (contextual); spec. rivulet. riveret, riverling (rare), tributary, affluent, anabranch (Australia), Jordan (Biblical), Death (fig.), Lethe, Phlegethon, Styx, Cocytus; see RIVULET. river, a. fluvial, fluviatile, riverain, riverine,

potamic (rare).

rivulet, n. river (contextual), stream (contextual), streamlet (contextual), run (chiefly U. S.), runnel, creek (British colonies & U. S.), runlet, riverlet (rare); see BROOK

road, n. 1. way, passage, roadway, highway, street, avenue, turnpike, pike; apec. boulevard, ride, track, drive, pavé (French), causeway, ridgeway, corduroy, iter (Roman hist.), trail; see TRACK.

2. See ANCHORAGE, RAILROAD, COURSE,

DIRECTION.

roar, n. 1. cry (contextual), rout; see BEL-LOW, SHOUT, OUTCRY.

2. resonance, thunder, fremitus (rare), buller (Scot.), rote (U. S.), swough (obs. or archate); spec. rut (U. S.), echo.

See OUTBREAK.

roar, v. i. 1. cry (contextual), rout; see BEL-LOW, SHOUT.

2. See RESOUND.

roar, v. t. cry, rout (rare); see BELLOW. roaring, a 1, crying (contextual), routing; spec. musical (slang); see BELLOWING. 2. See LOUD, BOISTEROUS.

roast, n 1. cook (contextual); -said of the operation or its result.

2. Of meat: spec barbecue, cabob (primarily Anglo-Indian), sirloin, rump, sparerib, etc.

3. torrefaction (rare); spec. calcination, decrepitation, parch; ses BAKE.

4. See RIDICULE, GLOW. Cross references see Note

projection
risk, n. danger, chance, centure.
risk, r. t. endanger, senture,

rising:

ritual: formal

riven: cleft

rival, a contending.
rival, v t emulate.
rival, v t contend.
rivalry: emulation.
rival. v t. cleave

rise, insurgence, hill,

roadside: waynde. roadstoad: anchorage. roam, r : wander roam, n wander. roast, v : glow. roasting: hot

rossting: hot rob, r i plunder, steal, deprise rob, r i steal plunder, pirate, robse, r t clothe robing: clathing [peter robins: hardy regorous, ener-robustions: hardy, regorous,

rising, a. 1. ascendant, ascending, mount- | roast, v. l. 1. cook (contextual; rare); spec, barbecue, bake.

2. heat (contextual), torrefy; spec. calcine, burn, decrepitate, frit, parch' see BAKE.

B. See RIDICULE,

robber, n desperado, plunderer, thief; spec. highwayman, footpad, bandit, dacoit (India,; see PICKPOCKET, BURGLAR, PIRATE. robbery, n. thievery, plunder, hold-up, stick-up (Australia); spec. decoity (India), piracy.

robe, n 1. garment (contextual), gown; spec. cassock, chrisom, dalmatic, colobium, dolman, surcoat, peplum or peplos or peplus, prætexta, toga, trabea, manga, cymar, chimer, kimono, see CLOAK.

2. See cover, (in pl) clothing.

rock, n. 1. Referring to a large mass of stone: stone (contextual); spec. crag, bowlder or boulder, sarsen, dolman, monolith, etc.

2. Referring to the hard, massive substance in general: stone; spec. burr, trap, tufa, clint, slate, asbestos, dolomite, lava, flint, pumice, etc.

rock, v. t. 1. cradle.

2. Sec SWAY.

rocky, a. 1. stony; spec, craggy, bowldery

2. See unfeeling.

rod, n. Spec. tie, bull, pontil, spindle, slat, shaft, cue, verge, ferule, ferula, pole.

rodlike, a. virgate, veretilleous (rare), veretilliform (rare), rhabdoid;—all four

roe, n. eggs (pl.); spec. botargo, caviare. roll, v. t. 1. In the sense of "to turn over or rotate an object with the result of forward

motion or with reference to its motion rela-tive to what supports it? (contracting with "rotate," which refers simply to the turning round of the object about a central line): wheel, trundle, truckle (rare); spec. bowl,

devolve (archaic); see REVOLVE.

3. In the sense of "to fold continuously on itself," esp. with "up" or with an adverb of direction or manner: infold, euroll; spec.

Antonyms' see UNROLL.

8. See FLOW, TURN, SWAY, ACCUMULATE, CURL, WIND, WRAP, UTTER, SPREAD.

strong, self-assertive.

rococo extravagant. rodomontado, n rodomontade, n boasting. rodomontade, a boastful

rodomontade, a boastful rodomontade, v. boad rogue: rascal, muschef-maker, rogue: rascally, muschesous, roll: muddy rolly: muddy rolly: muddy rolly: put

rocket: darl, fly

roll, v. i. 1. wheel, trundle, trindle (archaic), truckle (archaic); spec. grind, wallow, welter, run; see BOWL, REVOLVE.

2. See GO, WANDER, RIDE, PASS (of time), CURL, FLOW, WAVE, RESOUND, SOUND, TURN, DELIGHT, SWAY, SWAGGER.

roll, n. 1. Of a paper, parchment, or the like, bearing a record: scroll, volume (archaic or hist.); spec. pipe (Eng.).

2. Referring to anything rolled up in cylindrical form: spec. collar, furl, bolt, fillet,

rove or row.

3. Referring to the action: trundle, trindle (archaic); spec. bowl, devolution or devolvement (archaic), run.

4. See LIST, CYLINDER, ROLLER, COIL, LOAF, WINDLASS, TURN, GAIT, RESONANCE. roller, n. cylinder, roll, rundle (chiefly spec.), trendle (rare; chiefly spec.), truck, trundle (chiefly spec.); spec. bowl, runner, barrel, mill, drum, jigger, beam, doctor, jack, trolley; see WHEEL.

romance, n. 1. narrative, romant (tech.), cycle or cyclus (rare).

2. See NARRATIVE.

romantic, a. Spec. imaginative, idealistic, fantastic, wild, picturesque.

romanticism, n. Spec. imaginativeness, idealism, wildness, etc.

rondeau, n. poem (contextual), roundel (often spec.), rondel (often spec.).

roof, n. 1. cover (contextual); spec. thatch, tortoise, tiler, cupola, tile, laquear, canopy, hip roof, mansard, dome, awning, saddleback, chopper (Anglo-Indian), deck (U. S.).

3. See CEILING, PALATE.

roof, v. t. cover (contextual); spec. shingle, slate, tile, thatch.

roofing, n. roofage; spec. tiling, tile, shingling, slate, thatch.

roof-shaped, a. tectiform (rare).

room, n. 1. apartment, chamber (rhetorical or spec.); spec. den, salon (French), saloon, stew, rotunda, conclave, cuddy, cubbyhole, cenacle, gloriette, consistory, divan, crypt, cabinet (archaic), wardrobe, library, study, closet, cabin, boudoir (now chiefly poetic), bower (archaic), berth, camarilla (Spanish), cellar, stansa, buffet, ward, surgery, cell, zeta (archaology), sala (rare), salle (French), lodge; see CHAMBER, CELL, ROOM, HALL, BEDROOM.

2. space, roomage (rare), scope (chiefly

fig.), pace (archaic), capacity, accommodation; spec. margin, headway, seaway, leeway, elbowroom.

8. See opportunity, lodging.

roommate, n. comrade (contextual); spec. chum, tentmate.

roomy, a. spacious, large, wide, broad, capacious, roomthy (now dial.), commodious, roomful (rare); spec. comfortable.

Antonyms: see NARROW.

root, n. 1. Spec. rootlet, radical, radicle, radication (rare), tap, taproot, hand, race.

2. Referring to hairs, the tongue, nails, teeth, etc.: base, origin.

3. In philology: radical, etymon (tech.).

4. See source, ancestor, bottom, reason.

root, v. i. strike;—said of plants.

root, v. i. dig (contextual), nuzzle, grout,

rootle (rare), grub.

rope, n. line (contextual); spec. fast, earing, guy, halliard or halyard, stay, halter, hawser, cable, cablet, painter, swifter, sheet, gad, gasket, ratlin, guesswarp, guest-rope, foreganger, foretack, foresheet, lanyard, boltrope, brail, span, runner, downhaul, forerunner, messenger, lunge, roband or robbin (rare), buntline, tackle, bowline, cord, tack, lariat, lasso, timenoguy, spring; see HALTER.

ropelike, a. funiform (tech. or learned).
rope-walker, n. acrobat (contextual), funambulator (rare), funambulist (rhetorical).

rose, n. 1. Referring to the plant: rosier (now poetic); spec. roselet.

2. red (contextual); spec. crimson, solferino.

roseate, a. 1. rose-colored, rose, rosy.

2. See HOPEFUL.

rose garden. rosary, rosarium.

roselike, a. rosaceous.

rostrum, n. platform (contextual), stage, stand, tribune; see PULPIT.

rotary, a. 1. See circular.

2. rotative, rotatory, revolutionary (rare), revolving (rare), peristrephic (rare); spec. whirling.

rotate, v. i. & t. 1. turn, revolve, run (contextual), roll, wheel, whirl, twist, spin, round (v. i.), twirl, pirl (archaic or dial.), purl (rare or dial.), birl (Scot.), circumrotate (rare and tautological).

2. Sec ALTERNATE.

Cross references: see Note.
rolled: curled.
rollick: frolic.
romance, v. t.: exaggerate.
romany: gypsy.
romp: frolic.
rompish: frolicsome.
rood: cross.
room, v. i.: lodge.

roomer: lodger.
roommate: comrade.
roost, n.: perch.
rooster: cock.
root, v. t.: fix, establish, uprest,
destroy.
rooted: fixed, chronic.
rope, v. t.: bind.

rope, v. i.: string.
roping: cordage,
ropy: stringy.
recter: list.
rectrate: beaked.
recy: recease, hopeful, suspicious.
ret, v. i.: decomposition.
ret, v. i.: decompose.

rotation, n. 1. turn, revolution, round, roll (rare, exc. of a single instance), wheel, whirl, twist, twirl, spin, circumrotation (rare), circumvolution, whirliging (rare),

volubility (rare)

2. See ROUND, SUCCESSION, ALTERNATION. rough, a. 1. uneven, coarse (chiefly spec), harsh, unsmooth (rare), ragged, roughish, broken, rugged, horrid (poetic), spec. salebrous (rare), seabrous, bushy, burry, seraggy; see STUBBY, BURRY, CRAGGY, SCRATCHY.

Antonyms: see SMOOTH, DELICATE, POL-

SHED.

**. Referring to weather, the winds, etc: foul, severe, violent, turbulent, harsh, rigorous (learned or literary), bousterous, tumultuous, rugged, wild; see STORMY.

Antonyms see MILD

1. Referring to the water, as of the sea: agutated (contextual), wavy, turbulent, tumultuous, broken; spec. fretful, chopping, stormy, wild, uprosrious, rampageous (rare), roaring, boisterous.

Antonyms: see CALM.

4. Of, or referring to, the hair, fur, etc.: shaggy, ragged, bushy, hirsute (learned or literary); spec. unkempt; see unshorn,

Antonyms' see BMOOTH, SMOOTH-HAIRED.

E. Referring to one's treatment of others or to the course of life as it affects one: ungentle, harsh, acid, acrimonious, hard, dure (rare), ungenial (rare), untender (rare), blunt, brutal, rude, round, astringent (rare), seamy (fig; after Shakespeare); spec. brutsh, churlish, sharp, savage (colloq.), crude, coarse, brute, surly, sour, foul, gruff, brusque, boisterous; see IMPOLITE, SEVERE.

Antonyma: see SMOOTH, GENTLE, BOFT-

SPOKEN.

6. Referring to style or quality in fiction, art, etc.: imperiect, rude, coarse, unfinished, unpolished, crude, rugged, gross, hiraute (fig. use), borrel or borel (archaic).
7. See HAIRY, COARSE, CRUDE, CLUMSY, UNREFINED, ACRID, ASTRINGENT, DISORDERLY, ASPIRATED, APPROXIMATE, DISCORDANT.

roughen, v. t. rough, coarsen (rare), ruffle (chiefly spec.), enrough (rare), engrail (lit-

crary); spec. depolish (rare); see FRET, GRAIN.

Antonyms: see smooth, polish.

roughness, n. Spec. unevenness, horror (poetic or rhetorical; rare), harshness, aspenty. crudeness, rudeness, gruffness, brutality, bruteness, grossness, acidity, etc. See ROUGH, a.

round, n. 1. See CIRCLE, BALL, RING, OUTBURST, CURVE, COIL, REVOLUTION, ROTATION, RUNG, GROUP, CIRCUMPERENCE, DISCHARGE, CIRCUIT, ROUTINE, WATCH.

2. Referring to a single complete turn of some kind, as at play, horse-racing, etc: turn, spell, bout (now chiefly spec.), cycle, rotation; spec. rally, run, lap, game, hand, wrestle, pass, heat.

8. In music: catch, troll (rare).
round-up, n. rodeo (Amer. Spanish).

rouse, v. t. 1. See start, wake, excite, startle, stimulate

2. Referring to rousing from inactivity or inattention to a state of activity or attention: stimulate, arouse, move, bestir, stir, inspire, wake, awake, waken, awaken, raise, shake, inactuate (rare).

Antonyma: see NUMB, SILENCE, STILL.

STUPEFY.

8. Referring to bringing into action the energies, spirits, etc.: raise, arouse, call (used esp. with "up," "together," etc.), summon, rally, brace, draw (used esp. with "out," "forth," etc.).

Antonyms: see STUPEFY, CALM, SILENCE,

STILL.

rouse, v. i. 1. See AWAKE.

2. move, stir, uprouse (rare); spec. rally. roused, a. up (used predicatively)

rousing, a. lively.

rout, v. t. 1. flight or fley (obs. or archaic), stampede (orig. spec.); see Chase, SCAT-TER, DISPERSE.

3. See OVERCOME.

routine, n. course, round, path, rut, rota (rare), groove (often depreciatory).

row, n. line, series, string, chain, queue, file, rank, range (rare), tier (chiefly spec.); spec. degree, cordon, bank, team, swath, windrow; see LIST.

row, v. i. remigate (rare), oar (rare), paddle (chiefly spec.), pull; spec. scull, bucket,

skiff, tub.

Coross references see Note.

20tatory: rolary
rottent: decomposed, crumbly,
corrupt, namoral
rotund: circular, spherical,
plump, full, resonant,
poute: libertine
rough, n: roudy.

rough, a to roughen, work,

cound, a. blunt circular, com-

picte spherseal.

round, v i' curve, circuit, surround, in a curve, resolve, rotate, circuit, go

roundabout, a circular, devious, indirect, circumlocutory

roundabout, a curve, indirection, circumlocuton

rounded, a curved, circular,

spherical, protuberant, finished,
full

roundel: circle
rousing, a lively
rousing, a excitation
rout, n relinue, crowd, disturbance
rout, n fight, defeat
route, n course
routine: monotonous
rove, n conder
rove, n wander
rove, n prale, wanders

row, v. t. 1. propel (contextual), oar (rare), pull; spec. scull.

2. See Transport.

row, n. pull, paddle; spec. scull.

rowdy, n. desperado (contextual), tough (colloq.), rough, ruffian, blackguard, hoodlum (U. S.; slang or colloq.), Hooligan (slang), larrikin (Australia); spec. highbinder.

rowdyish, a. disorderly (contextual), ruifianly, ruffianish, hoodlumish (U. S.;slang or colloq.).

Antonyms: see LAW-ABIDING, POLITE,

REFINED.

rowdyism, n. disorderliness (contextual), ruffianism, blackguardism, hoodlumism (U. S.; slang or colloq.), larrikinism (chiefly Australia), ruthanry (rare).

rower, n. oarsman, oarman (rare), oar, oarswoman (fem.), benchman (rare); spec. bowman, bow-oar, stroke, sculler, galleyman.

rowing, n. oarage, remigation (rare).

rowlock, n. oarlock, thole.

royal, a. 1. sovereign; spec. kingly, queenly, imperial; see NOBLE, KINGLY.

2. See GENEROUS, IMPOSING.

royalty, n. 1. sovereignty; see MONARCHY. 2. See GENEROSITY.

3. payment; spec. percentage, gale (local Eng.).

rub, v. t. Spec. chafe, fret, gall, grate, grind, grit, pumice, frictionize (rare), fridge (chiefly dial.), friz, stroke; see GRAZE, FRAY, SCRUB, WIPE.

rub, v. i. Spec. chaie, fret, grate, grind; see GRAZE.

rub, n. 1. chafe, fret, grate, grind, friction (rare, exc. of the action); see ABRASION, GRAZE.

2. See OBSTACLE.

rubber, n. 1. See MASSEUR.

2. caoutchouc; spec. ebonite, vulcanite. rubber, n. A decisive game: odd; spec. bumper.

rubbing, n. friction.

rubbish, n. 1. stuff, debris, brash, truck or litter; spec. trumpery, rubble; see REF-USE.

2. See nonsense.

ruin, n. 1. overthrow, fall, downfall, 2. See control, restrain, decree, dewreck, shipwreck, subversion, wrack, cide. rack (chiefly in "to go to rack and ruin"), | rule, v. i. 1. control, domineer, reign; spec.

crash, loss, ruination (chiefly referring to the action), undoing (the action), perdition (rare), decay, mischief, damnation (moral or spiritual ruin); spec. destruction, devastation, demolition, dilapidation, desolation, violation.

Antonyms: see Saving.

2. Referring to what is left of a ruined thing; chiefly in pl., except as used to designate a ruined structure as a unit: remains (pl.; rare); spec. carcass, wreck, débris.

8. bane;—referring to what ruins.

4. See HARM.

ruin, v. t. overthrow, overturn, subvert, ruinste (rare), sap, wreck, shipwreck, damn (ruin spiritually), sink, undo, break, blast, shatter, mine, lose (chiefly in "lost"), do (colloq.), confound (archaic), cook (slang), diddle (slang), dish (slang); spec. demolish (fig.), dash; see DESTROY, DEMOLISH, IMPAIR, DESO-LATE.

Anionyms: see SAVE, PROTECT.

ruined, a. ruinate (formal or rare), gone (collog.), lost, flat, ruinous.

ruinous, a. 1. See RUINED.

2. pernicious, damnatory (spiritually ruinous), wreckful (archaic); spec. subversionary, subversive, Cadmean, Pyrrhic; 800 DILAPIDATIVE, DISASTROUS, DESTRUC-TIVE.

Antonyms: see Beneficial, Helpful.

rule, n. 1. principle, maxim, regulation, canon, precept, règlement (French), law, axiom, formula (orig. spec.), convention; spec. philosopheme (rare), gnomology (rare), capitular or capitulary; see LAW, DECREE, CODE.

2. control, dominion, government, governance (literary or archaic), regnancy (rare), regency (rare), reign (now rare), jurisdiction; spec. lordship, interregnum, interreign (rare), condominium, raj (Anglo-Indian); see MONARCHY, AUTOCRACY.

3. See control, habit, ruler.

rule, v. t. 1. control, govern, judge (Bib.), rein (rare; fig.); spec. lord (rare), king (rare), overlord (rare), misgovern, misrule.

Cross reserences: see Note. row, n.: quarrel, disturbance. rubicon: boundary. rubicund: red, red-faced. rubric: heading.

rubricate: redden, mark. ruck: crowd, heap, mob. ruction: disturbance.

ruddy: red, red-saced. rude: rough, crude, imperfect, impolite, unrefined, undevel-

oped, artless, discordant. rudiment: element, beginning. rudimental: cf. Rudimentary. rudimentary: elementary, initial, imperfect, undeveloped. rue: regret.

rueful: lamentable, regretful. rufi: collar.

ruffian: villain, rowdy. ruffianly: villainous, rowdyish, russe, n.: excitement, disturb-

ance, fight, annoyance, ripple. ruffle, v. t.: roughen, dishevel, disarrange, ripple, annoy. ruffle, v. i.: ripple. ruffe, v. i.: swagger, bluster. ruious: red. rug: coverlet, mat. rugged: rough, hardy, unrefined, austere. rugose: wrinkled. ruin, v. i.: decay.

alize, king (used csp. with "it"), queen (used cap. with "it").

2. See PREVAIL.

ruler, n. t. controller (contextual), lord (chiefly spec), sovereign, potentate, regent (rare), sire (rare,, gubernator (rare), governor; spec. power, dynast (literary), dey, interrex, diabolarch, decarch, coregent, colomarch (rare), cosmocrat (rare), cryptarch (rare), Bosotarch, decemir, du-umvir, triumvir, hierarchy (a collective). ecclesiarch, hierarch, sultan, calph or calif, tinca, gerent (rare), pendragon, heptarch, harmost, mendarch, ethnarch, exarch, elector, thalassocrat, tetrarch, khedive, emir, sultan, genearch (rare), khan, hakım, decan, hyleg, Kaiser, czar, king; see CHIEF, GOVERNOR.

Antonyms. see Subject

2. strip, rule; spec. cheker, straightedge. ruling, a. controlling, governing, regnant, regent; apec. ignipotent, omnipotent. Antonyms: see SUBORDINATE.

rumble, n. gramble, growl, rumbling; spec. borborygmus, see RESONANCE, DIN. rump, n. 1. hip, rumple (Scot. & dial. Eng), posterior (contextual); spec. croup or crupper, podex.

3. See REMAINDER.

run, n. 1. race (obs. or Scot.), cursitation (rare); spec. burst, scamper, scud, scour, seorch, scurry, sprint, scuttle, lope, flutter (cant), helter-skelter.

Antonyms' see STANDSTILL.

2. See GAIT, AVERAGE, GRAZING, CONTIN-UANCE, SCHOOL, ROLL, TRACE, MELODY, DIRECTION, JOURNEY, TREND, FLOW, STREAM, SCORE, MIGRATION, DEMAND,

run, v. i. 1. go (contextual), cursitate (rare); apec sprint, scour, scorch, scurry, scuttle, scud, lope, scamper, bolt, course, career, scutter (collog), skir (Eng.); see FLEE.

Antonyma: see WALK.

2. See MOVE, FLOW, PABS, GLANCE, WAG (of the tongue), ROLL, FLEE, EXTEND, CLIMB, DISCHARGE, CREEP, COAGULATE, CONTINUE, CIRCULATE, LIQUEFY, GO, MI-GRATE, APPLY, READ, AVERAGE, TREND, SPREAD, SAIL, CHASE.

rung, n. stick, round, roundle or rundle (obs. or rare); spec. spoke, stave (now chiefly dial.), degree (obs , exc heraldry).

monarchize, lord (used esp. with "it"), roy-running, a. 1. See FLOWING, HASTY, RAPID, CREEPING, SUPPURATIVE, CONSTANT, LIN-

2. Referring to one that runs: current (now

3. Of handwriting current, cursive. 4. Of the feet or legs of animals cursorial. rural, s. 1. rustic (now rare), country, agrarian, bucohe (often humorous), landward (Scot.), back (usually disparaging), Arcadian (poetic); spec, pastoral, woodland, silvan, sylvan; see agaicuitural.

Antonyms. see URBAN. 2. See SIMPLE, ARTLESS.

rush, n. 1. motion (contextual), movement (contextual); spec. onrush, precipitancy or precipitance (rare as referring to action), precipitation (learned or affected), hurry (rare), brastle (Scot.), debacle, stampede, route, tear, spirt, fly, rampage, scutter (colloq.), scurry, onset, swoop, surge, lunge, plunge, estampede (rare), whiri-wind (fig.), hurry, which (rare), whir (rare), whis (rare), dash, start, clan (French).

2. See FLOW, MIGRATION, HARTE, BODY. rush, r. i. move (contextual), speed; spec. precipitate, career (rheturical or literary), rouse (rare); charge, sweep, lunge, plunge, dive, dash, drive, storm, hurtle, amoke, launch, lash (often used with "at"), rage, gush, swoop, dart, bolt, shoot, fling, flounce, spring, hurl, boom, surge, smash (collog.), skelter, scurry, hurry-scurry, helter-skelter, tumble, rampage, clap (rare), hurricane (fig.; rare), whisk, whis, whistle; see FLOW.

Antonyms: see LAG.

rushing, a. precipitate, precipitant; spec. dashing, tearing, hurtling, helter-skelter.

rushlike, a. rushy, junciform (tech.). rust, v. t. corrode (contextual), oxidize (con-

zust-colored, a. rusty, rubiginous (tech. or learned), ferruginous (tech. or learned).

rustic, G. 1. See RURAL.

2. As suggesting a lack of elegance, refinement, education, or, usually, of conventionally good breeding: country, countrified, geoponic (humorous), farmerish, boorish, loutish, clodhopping (depreciatory), cloddish (depreciatory), churlish, hobnailed (fig.), clownish, carlish (literary), borrel

ruminate: consider, chew. rummage, n.: refuse rummage, v.f.: search, examine. rummage, v. t., search. rumor: report, rumple, v. t.: wrinkle, disarrumple, n.: wrinkle.

runngate: deserter, fugitwe, runaway: fugities, deserter, eloper runlet: brook, rivulet. runnel: brook, rivilet.
runner: racer, messenger, courier, emuggler, creeper, solicitar. runt: dwarf runway: channel, ruption: breach rupture, v t.: break, burst. rush, v f. send, drive, overrust, n. ' corresson.

(archaic), swainish (rare), inurban (rare), uplandish (rare), backwoods, woolen (rare), rurigenous (rare), yokelish (rare); spec. Doric.

Antonyms: see URBAN, ACCOMPLISHED.

8. See unrefined, vulgar, coarse, simple.

rustic, n. countryman (masc.); peasant, churl, countrywoman (fem.), paysanne (French; fem.), swain (literary or archaic), clown, boor, carl (archaic or Scot.), rural (rare), ruralist (rare), lout, clout, hind (literary or historical), hobrail, clodhopper, landman (literary), homespun, chawbacon (vulgar), bumpkin, lob-Iolly (dial. or vulgar), lob (dial. or vulgar), yokel, hayseed (U. S.; humorous), swad (rare), kern (rare), Hodge (a personification), Hob (obs. or archaic; a personification), Joan (fem.; a personification), Jack (Scot.; a personification), Corydon (a personification of pastoral poetry after classic literature); spec. carter, farmer.

Antonyms: see TOWNSMAN. rusticate, v. i. retire, ruralize.

rusticate, v. t. 1. rusticize (rare); see PUN-ISH, SUSPEND.

2. See COUNTRIFY.

rusticity, n. 1. clownishness, boorishness, churlishness, rurality (rare), rusticness (rare).

2. See awkwardness, ignorance.

rustle, n. Spec. swish, swish-swash, whisper, susurration or susurrus (learned), frou-frou (French), bustle, lisp; see MUR-MUR.

rustle, v. i. 1. Spec. swish, whisper, bustle, lisp; see MURMUR.

2. See hasten, bustle.

rustling, a. rustly (rare); spec. swishing, susurrant or susurrous (rare); see MUR-MURING.

rusty, a. 1. rusted, rubiginous (rare), ferruginous (tech. or learned).

2. See Rust-Colored, Grating, Shabby.

S

Sabbath, n. 1. Lord's day;—referring to the seventh day of the week, or Saturday.

2. See SUNDAY.

sac, n. bag, cyst (often spec.), utricle, vesica (tech.), pouch, pocket; spec. saccule or

sacculus, cysticle, follicle, bursa, bladder, theca.

saccular, a. saclike, saccate, utricular, utriculate, vesiculate.

sacerdotalism, n. priestism (in hostile use); see CLERICALISM.

Protestants) baptism, Eucharist; (with most others, as before the Reformation and still in the Eastern Church) baptism, confirmation, Eucharist, penance, extreme unction, orders (pl.), matrimony.

2. See RITE.

sacrifice, n. 1. Referring to the act: oblation, offer; spec. immolation, libation, lustration.

2. victim, offering; spec. libation, heave offering, host, hostie (archaic), holocaust, corban, hecatomb, taurobolium, lustrum, lectisternium, krioboly, idolothyte (rare), chiliomb.

3. See self-denial, loss.

sacrifice, v. t. offer, oblate (rare); spec. immolate, libate, holocaust, molochise (a

nonce use).

sad, a. 1. depressed, pensive, melancholy, melancholic, grievous, disconsolate, trist (archaic), subtrist (rare; archaic or obs.), uncheerful, joyless, cheerless, mirthless, unjoyful (rare), unsportful (rare), dreary (archaic); see UNHAPPY, SORROWFUL.

Antonyms: see amusing, gay, vivacious,

GLAD.

2. See distressing, Lamentable, Mournful, BAD, Dull (colors).

sadden, v. t. distress, depress, contrist (obs. or archaic); see GRIEVE.

Antonyma: see GLADDEN, CHEER.

saddle, n. seat (contextual), sell (archaic); spec. pad, bat or (French) bat, panel, recado (Spanish or Portuguese), demipique, pillion, somerset.

saddle horse. Spec. palfrey.

safe, a. 1. See unharmed, reliable, careful, harmless.

2. secure, unexposed, dangerless, sure (rare).

Anionyms: see Dangebous, Unsafe.
safe-conduct, n. 1. safeguard, cowlo (Anglo-Indian).

2. See PROTECTION.

safety, n. security, safeness.

Antonyms: see Danger.

Toross references: see Note.
rut, n.: æstrus.
rut, n.: groove.
ruth: compassion. [entable.
ruthful: compassionale, lamruthless: uncompassionale,
cruel.

sable: black. sack, n.: bag, discharge. sack, v. t.: bag, discharge, plunder.
sack: plunder. [crate. sacrament, v. t.: bind, consessoramental: formal, inviolable.
sacrad: holy, inviolable.
sacrilege: description.
saddening: depressing.
saddle, v. t.: harness, burden,

safeguard, n.: guard, protector, protection, safe-conduct.
safeguard, v. t.: guard, protect.
safe-keeping: care.
sag, n.: droop, hollow, sag, v. i.: droop. [ing. sagacious: intelligent, discornsagacity: intelligence, discornment.
sage, s.: wise.
sage, n.: wiseasre.

said, pret. quoth (archaic).

sail, n. 1. rag (derogatory, contextual), wing, canvas (a collective); spec. flyer, course.

2. excursion, cruise; see voyage.

sall, v. i. 1. navigate, ride (contextual); spec. boat, run, make, fetch, spank, coast, quarter, scud, yacht.

3. See FLY, GLIDE.

•All, v t. 1. Referring to a place or region:
traverse, navigate, range; spec. circum-

navigate, coast.

2. Referring to a vessel: drive; spec. run,

salling, n. navigation; spec. voyaging, sea-

nating.

**sation*, n. sailer (obs.), seaman, mariner, navigator (chiefly spec.); spec. hand (contextual), sea dog (chiefly with "old"; colloq), Jack Tar (humorous or affected), water dog (colloq.), true blue (Eng; a landsman's term), tarpaulin (now archaic or rare; colloq.), sheliback (slang), lubber, bluejacket, runner (cant), lascar (East Indian), privateer, lithsman, galiongee, guinea-pig (slang), midshipman, middy (colloq.), mate, captain, etc.

Antonyms' see Landsman.

saint, n. Spec. saintling (usually cant), saintees, patron, patroness, pir, sainterrant (ironical; obs. or a nonce use), rishi (Sanskrit).

salable, a. vendable, saleable (a variant); spec. marketable, merchantable, commerciable (rare), staple.

Anlonyms: see Unsalable.

Fale, n. 1. disposal (contextual), trade (contextual), vendition (rare); spec. retail, wholesale, auction, wash (cant).
Antonyms: see BUYING.

3. See DEMAND.

salesman, n. seller (rare); spec. clerk (U.S.), counterjumper(slang), shopman, drummer. saliva, n. water (contextual); spec. froth; see SLOBBER, SPIT.

salivate, v. t. 1. Referring to a person: ptyal-

ise (tech.).

2. In the sense of "to put solive upon": insalivate, wet (contextual).

•alivating, a. salivant, stalagogic (tech. or rare). sallow, a. 1. See YELLOW.

2. Of the complexion: thick, muddy.
Antonyms: see CLEAR.

**aloon, n. 1. See DRAWING-ROOM, HALL.

2. bar, barroom, dramshop, shebeen (Irish & Soot.), grogshop (slang or contemptuous; U. S.), groggery (slang or contemptuous; U. S.), drunkery (rare, contemptuous), drinkery (rare), exchange (local U. S.), sample room (obsolescent); spec. tavern, jerryshop or jerry (Eng.). The term "saloon" is an Americanism, and usually carries with it a suggestion of cheapness or offensiveness.

salt, a. saline, salty; spec. saltish, brack-

ish, briny.

salt, v. t. Spec. souse; see PICKLE.

salutation, n. 1. Spec. salsam, hail, ave, Ave or (in full) Ave Maria, salute, bow, farewell, adieu.

2. See GREETING.

salute, v. i. 1. Spec. knee, salaam.

3. See GREET.

salver-shaped, a. hypocrateriform, salverform, hypocraterimorphous; — all three tech.

same, a. identical, one, ditto (a commercial term; colloq. or cant), selfsame, like.

Anlonyme: see distinct, other, differ-

sameness, 7. 1. identity, identicalness, oneness, likeness, selfsameness, unity; spec. connature, connaturalness, connaturality, homogeneity

Antonyms see difference.

2. See MONOTONY.

sample, n. example (contextual); spec. trypiece, swatch (cant), relish, prospect; see Example.

canctuary, n. 1. sanctum, sanctorium (rare); spec. Bethel (fig), harem, sacrarium, sanctum sanctorum, Holy of Holies, Holy Place, oracle; see Chancel, Altar, altrar,

2. Referring to the inner, or sacred, part of a church or temple spec. cella, adytum, nace, penetralia (pl.), penetral (rare),

naos, penetralia (pl.), penetral (rars), sandy, a. earthy (contextual), gritty, sabulous (tech.), sabulose (rare); spec. tophaceous.

Tare).

Tar Cross references: see Note.

said: above-mentioned,

said: pt. canonise.

sainty: holy.

sainty: holy.

salaam, n. d. v. j.; bow.

salaam, n. d. v. j.; bow.

salaary: hure

salactoue: lascanous.

salary: hure

salient: projection,

salience: projection.

salience: projection.

salience: spil.

saliy, n. issue, flight, burst, excursion, outbreak, willicism.

saity, v. i.: useue, burst, start.
ealon: room, drawnsproom, assembly
saitation: dance, jump.
saltatory: dancing, jumping.
salutary: curative, healthful,
salutary: curative, healthful,
salutatory: address.
salute, n greeting, discharge,
salute, n greeting, discharge,
salute: outment,
salve: outment,
salve: discharge.

samely: monotonous
sample, v. i... try.
sanative: curdive.
sanative: curdive.
sanative: curdive.
sanctification: onsecration.
observance, holiness
sanctity: consecrate, observe
sanction, v. authorization, approval, confirmation.
sanction, v. i.: confirm, curthorize approve, enforce.
sanctimy: holiness.
sanctimy: holiness.
sanctimy: sanctiony, v. i.: rulerpose.

salvor: saper.

same, a. 1. sound, compos mentis or (for short) compos, right; see BATIONAL. Antonyma: see DERANGED.

2. See REASONABLE.

canitary, a. sanitarian, hygiastic (rare), hygienic, hygeic (rare).

Antonyms: see unhealthful.

sanity, n. 1. See HEALTH. z. soundness, saneness, rightness (rore), balance; sce REABON.

Antonyms: see DERANGEMENT.

sap, n. juice (contextual), blood (literary; fig.); spec. latex, milk.

sarcasm, n. 1. quip, cut, nip, hit, stroke, braid (obs.); see JEER.

2. See abuse, acrimony.

sarcastic, a. sarcastical (rare), piercing, abusive (contextual), acrimonious, slashing, biting, cutting, mordant, sharp; spec. ironical; see SATIRIC.

(contextual), casement.

2. Referring to a particular ridiculing com-position: spec. lampoon, pasquil, pas-quinade, skit, squib.

satirio, a. satirical, sarcastic (contextual), Juvenahan (rare), spec. cynic, ironical, Pantagruelian; see RIDICULING.

2. Of persons: spec cynic. satirist, n. lambist (hist.), sillograph (rare; chiefly spec.); spec. lampoonist, pasquin-ader, Pantagruelist.

satirize, v. t lash (contextual; fig.); spec. lampoon, pasquinade; see ABUSE, RIDICULE. satisfaction, n. 1. See PAYMENT, PAY, EX-PLATION, REDRESS, CONVICTION.

2. Referring to satisfying a person or the mind: spec. contentment, contentation

(rare), satiation.

2. Referring to the fact or state of being satisfied: spec. contentment (a less abstract or generic word than "content"),

satisty; see PLEASURE.

Antonyms: see DISCONTENT.
4. Referring to satisfying of wishes, desires, etc.: spec. meeting, sating, satiation, appeasement, fulfillment, answering; see GRANT,

5. Referring to the satisfying of conditions, requirements, etc.: spec. meeting, answering, fulfillment, discharge.

satisfactory, a. 1. See ADEQUATE, CON-VINCING.

3. good, well (used predicatively); see PLEASANT, COMPORTABLE.

satisfiable, a. Spec. appeasable, satiable, placable.

satisfied, a. 1. content; see CONTENTED, PLEASED.

Antonyma: see DISCONTENTED.

2. sated, satiste (rure), satisted (rure), full (chiefly archaic or vulgar).

3. Referring to a person or the mind: full (rare), sate, glut, satiste (rare); spec. content; see PLEASE, PACIFY, APPEASE.

8. Referring to satisfaction of wishes, de-

sires, etc. appease; spec. meet, sate, satiate, glut, fulfill, answer; see GRANT.
4. Referring to the satisfaction of conditions, requirements, etc., to be met: spec. meet, answer, fulfill, discharge.

saturate, v. t. fill, imbue (rare), supersaturate; see impregnate.

sauce, n. 1. dressing; spec. vinsigrette, dip (local Eng. and U. S.), gravy, velouté (French).

3. See IMPUDENCE.

sausage-shaped, a. botuliform (tech.). sauté, v. t. fry (contextual), toss, jump (rare). savage, n. savagess (fem.); spec. barbarian, Goth (fig.), Hun (fig.), vandal (fig.),

Tartar (fig.).
save, v. t. 1. keep (contextual), preserve; spec, rescue, recover, snatch, redeem, deliver, salve, salvage (rare); see DELIVER.

Antonyms: see RUIN, WRECK.

3. See PROTECT, PRESERVE, KEEP, PRE-VENT, STINT.

keep, hoard, store.

4. Referring to the protecting or keeping from fatigue, wear, etc.: favor (colloq.), spare. saver, n. preserver, salvor, Savior or Sav-

iour (chiefly cap. and used of Christ). saving, n. 1. keeping (contextual), preservation; spec. rescue, salvation, recovery, redemption, salvage.

Antonyms: see RUIN.

Cross references, see Note sanguinary: bloody, bi sangulnary: bloody, blood-thresty and hopeful. canguineous: bloody, red, bloodthresty, hopeful. cantarium: health resort. sapid: palatable. sapience: wiedom. saponaceous: sonpy.

sardonio: ridiculing. sash: scarf, girdle. satan: devil satan: devil:sk satchel: handbag. sate: satisfy, surfeil. sated: full, satisfied. satellite: adherent, planet. satiate: deherent panes.
satiated: full satisfied.
satistey: fullness, surfed.
satisfy v. v. suffice.
saturnalia: festival, carouse. saturnino: depressed, dull.

sauce, v t : insult. saucebox: jackanapes. saucer: dish. sauciness: impudence. sauchiness; impulence, sauchines, v.s.; stroll, saunter, v.s.; stroll, saunter, v.s.; gai, stroll, savage, a.; wild, uncivilisal, fierce, cruel, rough, savanuah: prairis, savant: scholar. sava, v i 'economiss. save, prep. except. save-all: receptacie. saving, prep.: except.

2. See PROTECTION, PRESERVATION, EX- scalp, n. epicranium (tech.). CEPTION.

 thrift; see ECONOMY.
 In pl : store, hoard, thrift (archaic). Antonyms: see WASTE.

savor, v. i. In the sense of "to show the influence of or presence of": relish, smack; - used with "of."

say, n. 1. See DICTUM.

2. voice, floor (cant); spec. vote;—used with "to have," or "to have no."

aying, n. 1. See PRONUNCIATION, RECITA-

3. expression (contextual), statement (con-

textual); spec. apothegm, epigram, logion; see DICTUM, WITTICISM.

1. proverb, adage, saw, mot (archaic, literary, or considered as French), byword, commonplace, gnome (rare), text (rare). diet (obs. or orchaic); spec maxim, aphorism, epigram, precept, apothegm.

nonb, n. 1. slough, crust, eschar (tech.) 2. As used by trade-unionists: rat, knobstick (Eng.), blackleg, snob (dial. Eng.). seab, v. z. slough, crust, incrust (contextual; Interary or learned).

scabby, a. scald (archaec), sloughy.

scale, n. 1. Referring to a balance: pan, dish, basin.

2. In pl.: balance, beam (fig.); spec. trebuchet.

scale, n. 1. squama (tech.), lamella (tech.), plate, flake; spec. urostege, cinder; see LAMINA.

2. See film.

In botany: spec. hull, ramentum, lodi-

cule, palea, pale, bract.
scale, n. 1. In music: genus (ancient Greek music); spec gamut, mode, diapason, tetrachord, pentachord, hexachord, etc.

2. See SERIES, STANDARD, PROPORTION. scale, v. t. 1. unscale (rare).

2. flake.

scale, s. i. desquamate (tech.), shed, exfoliate, flake, pill (of skin, bark, etc.). scalelike, a. squamous squamoid, squami-

form ;-all three tech.

scaling, n. flaking, peeling, desquamation (tech.).

scaly, a. squamous, ramentaceous (bot.), scutate (chiefly zool), unbricate (having overlapping scales); see scurry.

seanty, a. 1. meager, scant, poor (contextual), scrimpy, scrimp, pinched, spare, sparing, skimp, exiguous (rare) exile (ar-chaic, frugal; spec, niggard, stingy, niggardly.

Antonyma see abundant, unstinted.

3. See DEFICIENT, NARROW. scar. n. cicatrix (tech.), cicatrice (rere); spec. cicatricle, hilum. scar, v. t. cicatrise, disfigure (contextual),

spec pit.

scarecrow, n. 1. deedman (dial.).

2. See BOGY.

acari, n. 1. sash; spec. cornet; see GIRDLE.

2. Referring to a broad strip worn variously for ornament or comfort spec, fichu, muffler, rebozo (Spanish), cloud, throw, veil, tippet, tallith, lambrequin.

scarlet, a red (contextual), bow-dyed (Eng.; rare), cochineal, Babylonian or Babylonic (cf. Rev. zvir. 4; literary); spec.

pink (cant).

perse, dispel, diffuse, dissipate, disseminate (fig. or spec.); spec. strew, shake, spread, spill, ahed, sprinkle, broadcast, sow, ted (often fig.), rout, melt, strow, radiate, spatter, sparse (rare), litter, resolve, disband, dot, see INTERPOSE, SPRINKLE, SPRAY, DISTRIBUTE.

Antonyms see GATHER, COLLECT, AC-CUMULATE, CONCENTRATE, CONVENE, CON-

VERGE.

scatter, v i disperse, dissipate; spec. melt, dissolve, spread, radiate, lift; sec STREW. STROW SPATTER, SPILL, DISBAND. Antonyms see MEET, GATHER, CONGRE-GATE, CONVENE, CONVERGE, CROWD.

scattered, a. diffuse, strewn, strown, dissipated, disseminated; spec dispersed, broadcast, etc.; see infrequent.

Antonyms' see COLLECTIVE, BUNCHY. souttering, a. dispersive, dispellent (rare), diffusive, dissipative, spec. discutient, resolvent.

Cross references, see Note. savor, saviour saser.
savor, n laste trace.
savor, t t laste
savorus: palatable
savorus; polatable, odoroue.
savorus, variant of savor. DEW: saying naw: saying nay-no, n.t dictum. neabbard, n.t. sheath. somboust rough, harsh. coatfold: platform sould, n.t. burn, boil neald, n.t. samby, contemptible. coate, n.t. climb. scale, v. i / rise scallop, v. i - indent scalloped: crenate. scamp, n rascal scamp, n t. slight scamper, n i.: run scamper, n.: flight scan : analyze, examine, consider. scandalize: dispurage, shock, scandalous: discreditable, defamatory, abusive scansorial: climbing.

indent.

scant, a.: deficient, scanty, narscant, v. t.; stint, scantily: poorly scapegrace: rascal. scapegrace: rescal.
scar, n cliff
scarce: deficient, infrequent.
scarcity: deficiency, fewness.
scarc, n few.
scarc, p frighten.
scartly: scratch, cut.
scarty: precipious.
scarty: adorming.
scatche: horm
scatches: unharmed.

scattering, n. separation (contextual), dispersion, dispelling, diffusion, etc. SCATTER.

Antonyms: see collection, meeting, CONVENTION.

scene, n. 1. Referring to a piece of theatrical property used in making up the pretended view: scenery (collective); spec. profile, hanging, slide, curtain, flat, etc.

2. Spec. panorama, tableau, phantasmagoria or (rare) phantasmagory, pageant;

see PICTURE, SITUATION, VIEW.

3. Nee disturbance, occurrence.

scenery, n. 1. See scene.

view; spec. landscape, seascape. scent, v. t. 1. smell; spec. wind;—chiefly referring to animals, as dogs.

3. See FOLLOW, TRACK.

scent, v. t. perfume, fume (rare), odorize (rare); spec. incense, cense (rare), fumigate (literary), embalm; see fumigate.

scepter, n. 1. rod (contextual); spec. bauble, mace.

3. See Supremacy.

scheming, a. Spec. designing, planning, diplomatic; see Calculating.

schismatic, a. nonjuring, nonconformist. schismatic, n. separatist, nonjuror, nonconformist, sectary (chiefly hist.), sectarian (chiefly hist.).

scholar, n. 1. student, learner, pupil, disciple (archaic, rhetorical, or jocular, exc. spec.), rapin (French); spec. classman, sophomore, freshman, junior, senior, schoolboy, schoolgirl, graduate (U. S.), postgraduate (orig. U.S.; a more common term than "graduate"), grade (a collective), master, monitor, bluecoat (Eng.), Bursch (Ger.), demy (Oxford University; Eng.).

2. savant (masc.; chiefly spec.), savante (fem.; chiefly used of Frenchwomen; French), clerk (archaic), bookman (rare), doctor (archaic), polyhistor (rare), polymath (rare); spec. Greek, Græcist, Hebraist, moolvee (East Indian), pundit (Hindu), philologist, etc.

Anionyms: see ignoramus, blockhead. scholarship, n. 1. studentship (rare), pupilage, pupilship (rare), discipleship (rare

or spec.), discipulate (rare).

2. Referring to what is given to a scholar for his maintenance: spec. fellowship, bursary. 3. See Learning.

school, n. 1. phrontistery (fig. and usually contemptuous or humorous); spec. kindergarten, primary school, common school, grade school, high school, junior high school, junior college, academy, institute, lyceum, lycée (French), seminary, college, university, conservatory, gymnasium (Continental Europe).

2. See exercise, manage, sect, group. school, n. 1. Referring esp. to fish or cetaceans: shoal, run (chiefly spec.); spec. gam, pod (of seals or whales), herd.

3. See FLOCK.

schoolman, n. Hist.: scholastic.

schooner, n. Spec. jack, tern, quart, quint, sext.

science, n. 1. See Knowledge.

2. Referring to a branch or knowledge: discipline (archaic); spec. trivium (a collective), quadrivium (a collective).

scissors, n. pl. forfex (humorously pedantic); spec. shears (more common than scissors in dignified metaphor).

scissorslike, a. forficate er forficated (tech.).

scold, v. i. chide, row (slang), rail, storm; 866 COMPLAIN.

soold, v. t. reprove (contextual), chide, rate, berate, dress (collog.; chiefly with "down") trim (slang or colloq.), wig (colloq.), huff (rare), bounce (collog.; rare), tongue (archaic or collog.), score (U. S.; collog.), strafe (collog.), row (slang).

Anionyms: see Praise.

scolding, n. reproof (contextual), rating, dressing (colloq.; chiefly with "down"), wigging (collog.), trimming (collog. or slang).

Anionyms: see Praise.

scope, n. 1. reach, range, field, purview, sphere, stretch, limit, bound, tether (fig.), amplitude, span, extension, diapason (fig.); spec. incidence.

2. Not extent, area, room, opportunity. score, n. 1. Nos notch, mark, line, ac-COUNT, CHARGE, RECORD, MATTER, REA-SON, TWENTY.

Cross reserences: see Note. scavenge: clean. scenic: dramatic. scent: smell. scentless: inodorous. schedule, n.: list, table. schedule, v.: list. schematism: arrangement. schematize: formulate, tabuscheme, n.: outline, plan, list, method, table, system. scheme, v. i.: plan. scheming: calculating. schism: breach, sect. division.

scholastic, a.: academic, pe- | seold, n.: chres. school, v. t.: teach, exercise, train. school, v. i.: flock. schoolfellow: mate. schoolmate: mats. sciatio: hip. scientific: experi. scimitar: sword. scintilla: particle. scintillate: flash, twinkle. sciolist: pretender. scion: graft, offepring. scissile: cleavable. soof: joer.

ecomoc: head DOCTION: COMPLE OD. n.: ladle, bucket, he secop, v. l.: dip, hollow. secot, v. i.: dart. coh, n.: char, run. ill, s. t.: cher. toh, v. i.: hasten, run. core, s. i.: cut, geah, corei groove, mark, arrange, vecerd count. eta: dross. poriaceous: dreesg.

2. A gaining of a point, or a particular amount scored: spec. duck's egg or duck egg (slang), goose egg (slang), run, notch (rare), bye, hole, bogy, love, string, etc.

scorn, n 1. See CONTEMPT.

2. Referring to what is despised: scoff. Scoteman, n Scotchman, Scot, Sawney (collog and derisive)

Scottish, a. Scotch, Scots, Caledonian (poetic or rhetorical).

seour, v t 1. rub (contextual); spec. holystone, scrape, fettle; see POLISH.

3. See REMOVE, CLEAR, WASH, EVACUATE, CLEAN, SWEEP.

scramble, n. 1. See contention.
2. scrabble, sprawl, clamber.

scramble, v. i. 1. See CONTEND.

3. scrabble, scrawl (obs. or dial.), sprawl; see CLAMBER.

scrape, v. t. 1. abrade (formal or tech); spec. rake, rasp, grand, grate, scrabble, scuff, file, bark, sclaff, squilgee, paw, CUTTY, see GRAZE, SCRATCH, SCOUR.

Antonyma see SMOOTH. 2. See ACCUMULATE.

corape, n 1. scraping (referring to the action; "scrape" refers esp. to a single act), abrasion; spec. attrition, scratch, grind, grate, scrabble, rasp, rake, scuff, file, sclaff, see GRAZE, SCRATCH, SCOUR.

2. Referring to the effect of the act break (contextual), abrasion, rub (contextual);

spec. gall, raw, fleck, fox. 1. See BOW, PREDICAMENT.

scratch, v. l. 1. scrape (contextual); spec. bescratch, scrabble, furrow, scarify, rake, rasp, score, claw, bite (often fig.), race, card; see GRAZE.

Antonyms' see BMOOTH. 2. See scrawl, scribble.

scratch, n. I. scrape (contextual); spec. rake, rasp, scarification, claw; see GRAZE. 2. Referring to the effect of the act: mark (contextual), line (contextual), scrape (contextual); spec. furrow (contextual), stri-

3. See GRATE, FIGHT, SCRIBBLE, SCRAWL.

scratchy, a. rough (contextual), scrapy, rasping, abradent learned or tech.). Andonyms: see SMOOTH,

scrawl, t. t. 1. See scribble.

2. Referring to drawing, painting, etc.: scratch, scrabble

sorawl, n 1. See scribble.

2. Referring to a delineation or picture: scratch, scrabble.

scream, v i. & t. cry (contextual), shout (contextual), screech, screek (rare), ululate (rare, chiefly spec); spec, scritch (archaic), squall, squawk, squal, shriek.

scream, n. cry (contextual), shout (contextual), screech, screak (rare), ululation (rare; chiefly spec.); spec. squall, squeal, squawk, scritch (archaic), shriek.

screeny, a. screechy (colloq.), ululant (chefly spec.), screeky (rare).
screen, n. 1. Spec curtain, medium, sconce, blind, blindage, blinding, shade, tat or tatty (East Indian), shield, see PROTEC-

2. partition (contextual); spec. parclose, iconostasis, reredos, mask, lattice.

scribble, v i. & f. 1. write (contextual), scrawl, scrabble, scratch.

scribble, n. scrawl, scrabble, scratch, scribblement (rare); spec, pothook.

2. See COMPOSITION. seribbly, a. scrawly,

scrimmage, n. 1. See CONTEST, FIGHT, DISTURBANCE.

2. In football: mêlée (French); spec. bully (Eton football), rush (U. S.), rouge (Eton school; Eng.).

Scripture, n. 1. Word (with "the"), Bible. Holy Writ Book (with "the"). Often used in pl., "Scriptures," and with "the" pre-

2. Referring to any sacred writings: oracles (pl.), canon.

scroll, n 1. See ROLL, LIST.

3. Referring to a convoluted or spiral ornament: cartouche; apec. volute.

3. Referring to a ribbonlike strip, often bearing a motto: spec. escroll.

Cross references see Note. SCOTTL P seornful: contemptuous scotch, n cut line scotch, n cut line scotch, n d v t bloc scoundrel: rascal. block. scoundrally: rascally. scour, a run 600UF, F 1 soour, v. i. traverse, soour, v. i. evacuate scourge, n lash calamity. soout, n: survey watcher.
soout, v: watcher.
soout, v: watch
soout, v: ridicule, reject.
soow: lighter, punt.
soows: frown.

scrap: skeleton scraggy: rough, thin. scrap: food piece scrap: contest, fight scrappy: unconnected. scrapy: abrasise grating. scrawly: scribbly. scrawny: thin acreak, n scream, grating, screak, c. 1 scream, grate, creak screen: scream creak screed: list composition screen, v t protect, hide, shade, shelter screened: sheltered, hidden

scrabble, n. * scrawl, scrabble scrabble, v. ; scrabble, scramble scrabble, v. t scrawl, scratch.

screw, n twist, spiral, distor-tion, niggard, pressure strew, r t allach, fasten, stretch, strain, propel, oppeas, exitor pross, twist, distort.

8078w-haped: spiral sariba, n clerk, amanuoneis, author seribe, v t. mark. serimp, a . econiv serimp, v t strat. serimp, v t scone econamise scrimpy: acanty scringe, r : shrink. serip, n · handbag serip, n certificate. script: handwriting. sorivener: derk, amanugueis,

scrub, v. t. rub (contextual); spec. pumice, holystone.

scrupulous, a. 1. apprehensive, strict, queasy, nice, meticulous (literary), punctilious, religious.

Antonyms: see UNPRINCIPLED.

2. See CONSCIENTIOUS, FASTIDIOUS, HES-ITATING, EXACT.

scullion, n. servant (contextual), marmiton (French).

sculptor, n. artist (contextual), sculptress (fem.), insculptor (rare); spec. statuary.

sculpture, n. 1. sculpturing, sculpturation (rare); spec. toreutics; see CARVING, MOLDING.

2. piece (contextual), figure (contextual); spec. relief, bas-relief, statuary, figurine, bust, torso, grotesque, marble, glyph; see STATUE.

sculpture, v. t. carve (contextual), insculp (rare), insculpture (rare), sculpt (rare or jocular), sculp (colloq. or jocular); spec. statue (rare); see MOLD.

sculptured, a. carved, glyphic (rare). scum, v. i. despumate (rare or tech.).

scurf, n. scales (pl.); spec. dandruff or dandriff, furfur.

scurfy, a. scaly, impetiginous (tech.), scruffy, farreous (rare), furfuraceous (chiefly med.).

scurvy, n. scorbutus (tech.).

sea, n. 1. ocean, main (poetic), deep (poetic or rhetorical; used with "the"), brine (chiefly poetic; used with "the"), blue (poetic; used with "the"), wave (poetic; used with "the"), pond (humorous; used with "the"), herring pond (humorous; used with "the"); spec. archipelago, hyaline (poetic; used with "the"); offing, mediterranean (rare).

Antonyms: see LAND.

2. See LAKE, WAVE.

seacoast, n. seashore, seaboard, seaside

(chiefly spec.), ripe (rare).

seal, n. 1. sigil (rare), cachet (French; often spec.); spec. bull or bulla, signet, cocket (Eng.), chop (India, China, etc.), wafer, impression.

2. See STAMP, CONFIRMATION, EVIDENCE.

seal, v. t. 1. sigillate (rare), obsignate (rare); spec. enseal (archaic).

Antonyms: see Unseal.

3. See Confirm, authenticate, fasten, fix.

seam, n. 1. juncture (contextual), junction (contextual), line (contextual); spec. suture, commissure, raphe, cicatrix, furrow, harmonia.

2. See interspace, ridge.

seam, v. t. line (contextual); see FURROW.

seamanship, n. navigation, seacraft (rare).
search, v. t. 1. examine (contextual), ensearch (archaic), rake (spec. or fig.), explore (literary or rare); spec. ransack, rummage, hunt, ferret (rare), seek (now

2. See INVESTIGATE, SEEK.

rare), sweep, drive, draw, drag.

hunt, ransack, rummage, seek, grub, grope, rake, nose, pry, quest, mouse, forage, delve, drag, draw, fossick (Australia); see GROPE, INVESTIGATE.

ploration; spec. hunt, quest, research, rummage, perquisition (rare), scrutation (rare), beat-up, battue (French), jerque, pursuit (used with "of"). "Search" is used with "for."

2. See INVESTIGATION.

searching, a. 1. sharp (contextual), scrutinous, scrutinizing.

2. See ATTENTIVE, DISCERNING, SHARP. seasickness, n. nausea (contextual), malde-mer (French).

season, n. 1. period (contextual); spec. spring, summer, autumn, winter, harvest.

2. See TIME.

seat, n. 1. sitting (rare or spec.); spec. chair, cathedral, divan, bench, bleacher (U. S.), ottoman, howdah, bottom, box, gradin or gradine, thwart, bank (archaic, exc. of a seat for rowers), dicky box or (for short) dicky (slang), tribunal, thronelet, settee, stall, stool, form, throne, sofa, saddle, pew.

2. See BUTTOCKS, CAPITAL, PLACE, COUN-

TRY HOUSE.

Tooss references: see Note. scrub, n.: brushwood, wretch. scrub, v. i.: work. scrubby: dwarf, shabby, bushy. scruff: nape. scrunch, v. t.: bite, crush, crunch. scrunch, v. i.: grate. scruple, n.: hesitation. scruple, v. i.: hesitate. scrutinize: examine, investigate. scrutinizing: curious, searching. scrutinous: searching. scrutiny: examination, investigation.

scryer: crystal-gazer. scud, n.: run, cloud, shower, wind, spray. scud, v. i.: run, sail, drive, speed. scuff, n.: nape. scuff: scrape, shuffle. scuffie: contest, fight. scull. n.: oar. scull, v. i. & t.: row. scum, n.: film, foam, dregs, dross. scurrility: abuse; also cf. COARSE (for coarseness). scurrilous: coarse, abusive. scurry, n.: run, rush, flight.

scry: crystal-gaze.

scurry, v. i.: run, rush, hasten. scurvy: paltry, mean. souttle: run. sea, a.: marine. seaboard: seacoast. seaman: sailor. séance: meeting. sear: dry, burn, blight. seashore: seacoast. seasick: sick. season, v. t.: flavor, acclimatise, cure, preserve, enliven. seasonable: timely. seasonale periodic. seasoning, n.: flavoring, admixture. seasoning, a.: flavoring.

seat, v. t. 1. accommodate (contextual), set; ; spec. bench, throne, cushion.

2. To cause to be seated: set. 3. In the passive: see LIE.

seaward, adv. seawards (less common than "seaward"), offshore, off, occanward, oceanwards, offward or offwards (rare). Antonyms. see LANDWARD.

seaweed, n. fucus (tech), ooze (rare); spec. wrack, fucoid, dulse, kelp, tang, tangle, whipcord, ware.

sectude, v. l. withdraw (contextual), sequester (now rare, exc. spec.); spec. embower (literary).

Antonyms' see EXPOSE.

secluded, a. remote, retired, secret, covert, sequestered, private (archarc), secluse (rare), recluse (rare, solitary, hidden; spec screened, outlying, back.

secondary, c. 1. subordinate, collateral, by or bye, second-rate, subsidiary; see IN-

DIRECT

Antonyms: see CHIEF.

2. See AUXILIARY.

secrecy, n 1. See HIDDENNESS, RETICENCE, RETIREMENT, CONFIDENTIALNESS

2. concealment, clandestineness mystery, furtiveness, surreptitiousness, stealthiness, covertness, hugger-mugger

(archare or rugar), cabbalism (slang).

CLUDED, CONFIDENTIAL.

 Referring to actions, conduct, agreements, etc. done with the intention of concealment. the motive being more emphasized than the result, which may not be achieved: furtive, concealed, clandestine, surreptitious, dark, covert; see STEALTHY.

Antonyms: see FRANK.

secret, n. 1. secrecy (archauc), concealment (obs); spec. riddle, mystery, deep.

2. See ESSENTIAL, EXPLANATION, CONFI-DENCE.

secretary, n. 1. clerk, scribe (ancient history), scrivener (learned or tech.); spec. protonotary.

 bureau (contextual), desk, writing desk, necrétaire (French).

secretaryship, n secretariat.

secrete, v. t. 1. See HIDE, APPROPRIATE.

2. secern, produce (rare), separate (contextual).

secretion, n. 1. See appropriation, hiding.

2. Referring to the physiological action: separation, production (rare), secenment (rare).

8. Referring to what is secreted: product (contextual), secrement (obs. and rare); spec. lymph, saliva, juice, bile, gall, chyle, chyme, sweat, urine; see excretion.

secretive, a private; see RETICENT.

secretly, adv. 1. Cf. HIDDEN.
2. Referring rather to the mind's intent: inly, privily (literary or archaic), clandes-tinely, etc.

seet, n. division (contextual), school, schism, faction, heresy (obs. or rare); see DENOM-INATION.

sectarian, a sectarial, schismatic; see DE-NOMINATIONAL.

secularise, v. t. laicise; spec. deconsecrate

secure, v. t. In commercial use: margin.

security, n. 1. See CARELESSNESS, SAFETY, HARMLESSNESS, FIRMNESS, PLEDGE, GAGE, GUARANTY.

2. surety; spec. pledge, collateral, share, bond, consol, debenture, mortgage, scrip, floater, margin.

sedative, a. assuaging, assuasive, soothing, calmative (chiefly med.), calmant (med.). Antonyms. see STIMULATING, EXCITING.

seduce, v. t. 1. betray, debauch, ruin (a woman); see VIOLATE.

2. Referring to what seduces: see ATTRACT. seduction, n. betrayal, debauchment, ruin, ruination; see VIOLATION.

see, v. t. 1. perceive (contextual), sight, vision (rare), ken (archaic), behold (formal or archaic); spec. survey, discern, distinguish, view, descry (literary), espy, witness, spot (slang), glimpse, drink (chiefly with "in"; fig.), notice, contemplate; see MAKE,

2. See perceive, notice, learn, escort, MEET, READ, EXPERIENCE, EXAMINE, IN-BURE, CONSIDER.

seed, n. 1. seedling, grain; spec. stone, pip pippin (obs. or dial.), gin, nucule, grapestone; see GRAIN.

2. See GERM, OFFSPRING.

seek, v. l. 1. search (rare and poetic, exc. with "out"); spec. hunt, court (fig.), woo (fig.).
2. In the sense of "to try to obtain": pursue,

court (fig.), woo (fig.).

3. See ENDEAVOR.

Cruss references see Note sected: chronic seconds: withdraw, apostatize. secession: withdrawal, apostary.

sociudo: separate, retire sociusion: retirement, separa-

soond, a. quether, socond, v. l. approve, support. soconder: supporter socond-hand: used, imitated.

poetile: cuttable section, n culting, assessing, part territory, diagram, elice, culton, v t divido, elice cutting, division, sectorial: cutting secular: lay, worldly, periodic. secure, a careless, safe, confident, firm sedan: litter, sedate: calm, sober

sediment: drags depont. sedition: insurgence, seditions: insurgent, seductive: attractive. sedulous: active, constant, per-eistent, diligent, industrious. nos, n . diorese.
nos, p : look
socable: varible.
nock, p t search search, try. socker: aspirant.

seem, v. i. appear, show (colloq.), look (orig. spec.), beseem (rare or archaic); spec. read, feel.

scer, n. 1. See spectator.

2. Spec. speculator (obs. or archaic), rishi (Sanskrit); see CLAIRVOYANT, CRYSTAL-GAZER, PROPHET.

seesaw, n. teeter (U. S. and dial. Eng.). seesaw, v. i. 1. teeter (U. S. and dial. Eng.), teetertotter (U. S. and dial. Eng.).

2. In cards, referring to alternate taking of tricks by partners: crossruff (tech.), saw.

seize, v. t. 1. In law: see invest.

2. Referring to taking possession of by legal process: spec. sequester, sequestrate, extend, impound, distrain, distress, arrest; see IMPRESS, CONFISCATE.

3. take (contextual), hent (archaic), possess (archaic), apprehend (archaic); spec. snatch, catch, clutch, grab, grip, clasp, gripe (chiefly literary), clench, clinch (U.S.), grapple, snap, rape (literary), pounce (often fig.), swoop (often fig.), hook, grabble (rare), braid (obs.), nab (slang or colloq.), nip (chiefly dial. or slang), nobble (slang), cleek (Eng. dial.), cleck (chiefly dial.), cly (thieves' cant), tail, finger (archaic), bag, intercept, chop, tong, foot.

4. See GRIP, FASTEN, CATCH, CAPTURE, AF-FECT, PERCEIVE, UNDERSTAND, USE, USURP. seizure, n. 1. Spec. sequestration, caption (esp. Scots law), extent, distress, confiscation; see IMPRESSMENT, ARREST.

2. taking, apprehension (archaic); spec. snatch, grab, grip, clutch, snap, ereption (rare), prehension; see INTERCEPTION.

S. See GRIP, CATCH, CAPTURE, PERCEPTION, UNDERSTANDING, USE, USURPATION. self-approval, n. self-commendation, self-approbation; spec. self-applause, self-conceit, self-admiration, elation (now rare); see SELF-SATISFACTION.

self-assertive, a. assured, positive, bumptious (colloq.), robustious (literary), dogmatic or dogmatical spec. forward, perky

or perk.

Antonyms: see OBSEQUIOUS, ABJECT. self-begotten, a. self-produced, autogeneal (rare), autogenous (chiefly tech.), self-begot (rare), self-born.

restraint, possession (rare), self-government (rare), control, self-possession, self-command, retenue (French; rare); spec. constraint, collection, patience, continence, self-repression, coolness, retention (rare); see CALM.

Antonyms: see EXCITEMENT, CONFUSION. self-controlled, a. reserved, self-restrained, restrained; spec. undemonstrative, self-possessed, cool, collected, recollected (rare), continent, patient; see CALM.

Antonyms: see EXCITED, CONFUSED.

self-deception, n. self-delusion, self-abuse (rare).

self-dental, n. sacrifice, self-sacrifice, self-giving, renunciation, self-renunciation; spec. kenosis.

Antonyms: see Selfishness.

self-existence, n. absoluteness, aseity (tech.), autotheism, innascibility (rare), perseity (rare).

self-existent, a. absolute, ingenerate, innascible (rare), unoriginal (rare), unoriginated (rare), uncreated, unbegotten.

self-governing, a. autonomous. self-gratifying, a. self-indulgent.

Anionyms: see Abstemious, Ascetic, Austere.

selfhood, n. selfdom, proprium (learned), seity (rare), ipseity (rare).

self-importance, n. importance (contextual); spec.arrogance, vaingloriousness, consequentialness, consequence, pomposity, stiltedness, self-consequence, consequentiality (rare).

scif-important, a. consequential; spec. pompous, arrogant, vainglorious, cocky (collog.; mostly a schoolboy term).

Anionyms: see OBSEQUIOUS.

selfish, a. self-centered, self-interested, sordid (literary), mercenary (fig.), egoistic (learned), self-regarding (learned); spec. factious, piggish (contemptuous; colloq.), hoggish (very contemptuous; colloq.); see EGOISTIC.

Antonyms: see UNSELFISH, GENEROUS.
selfishness, n. self-interest, self-partiality
(rare), self-regard, self-love, egoism (ethics), self-centration (rare), selfism (rare),

seeming: apparent.
seeming: apparent.
seeming: appearance.
seemingness: appearance.
seemingness: appearance.
seemily: appearance.
seemily: good-looking, becoming.
seepage: drainage.
seethe: boil.
segment, n.: part, division.
segment, v. t.: divide.
segmentation: division.
segregate: separate.
seignior: lord.
seigniory: lordship.
seine: net.

seismie: vibrational.
seising, a.: prehensile.
seldom: infrequently.
select, a.: chosen, choice.
selection: choice, quotation.
selective: choosing.
self-acting: automatic.
self-admiration:self-approval,
conceit.
self-approbation: conceit, self-approval.
self-assertion: arrogance.
self-assertion: assertion: self-approval.
self-assertion: assertion: self-approval.

proval.
self-completement: conseil.
self-competted: conseil.
self-competted: conseiled.
self-competted: conseiled.
self-completement: assurance,
confidence.
self-completement: conscious.
self-competement: conscious.
self-competement: conseil, pride.
self-settement: axiomatic.
self-gratification: indulgence.
self-indulgence: indulgence.
self-interest: selfeknese.
self-interested: selfek.

selfness (rare), suicism (rare), selffulness | senior, n. 1. See scholar. (rare); spec piggishness or (rare) piggery (contemptuous, colloq), hoggishness (very contemptuous; colloq.); see EGOISM.

Antonyms: see BELF-DENIAL, GENEROS-

self-made, a. Spec. self-educated, selftaught, autodidact.

self-moving, n. locomotor (rare), motile; see AUTOMATIC, AUTOMOBILE.

self-moving, a motile, locomotory (rare), locomotive, spec. self-acting, self-active; SEE AUTOMATIC, AUTOMOBILE.

self-regard, n egoism (ethics); spec. selfpity; sec selfishness.

self-righteous, a. Pharisman (rare), Pharisman, Pharism

self-satisfaction, n. self-approval (contextual), complacency or complacence, self-content; see concert.

self-satisfied, a. self-approving, smug, complacent; see CONCEIT

Anlonyma: ace obsequious. self-styled, a. soi-disant (French).

sell, v. t. 1. market, vend (chiefly tech. or literary), place (contextual), furnish (contextual); spec. prostitute (fig.), retail, wholesale, unload, dump, peddle, hawk, auction.

Antonyma: see BUY. 2. See HOAX, BETRAY.

seller, n. vender (chiefly tech. or literary); spec. auctioneer, retailer, wholesaler, saleswoman, see Balesman, Peddler.

selvage, selvedge, n. edge (contextual),

list, listing, forel (rare).

send, v t. 1. Spec. dispatch, speed, hurl, bundle, fling, drive, forward, rush, flash, emigrate, mission.

Antonyms: see BRING.

2. See REFER, PROPEL, FRANK, COMMUNI-CATE.

1. In the sense of "to cause to be carried forward": spec. ship, mail, express (U.S.), transmit.

sending, n. 1. Spec. dispatch, speeding,

hurling, etc., mission.
2. See REFERENCE, PROPULSION, COM-MUNICATION.

3. forwarding, transmission, transmittal; spec shipment, expressage (U.S.).

dean, elder; spec. doyen (French).

Antonyms see JUNIOR.

sensation, n. 1. feeling, sense (usually with), impression; spec. creep, crawl, aura. 2. Sec FEEL, EMOTION, PERCEPTION, CON-SCIOUSNESS.

a. Referring to excited feeling: excitement, impression, thrill, yellowness (slang).

sensational, a. 1. sense (the noun used attributively), sensory, sensible, sensitive, sensatory, sensative (rare), sensatorial (rare).

2. impressive, thrilling, thrillful (rare), lurid (chiefly disparaging), yellow (stang); spec sensationish (rare), spicy.

senseless, a. 1. See INSENSIBLE, UNWISE, FOOLISH.

2. Referring to the absence of the faculty of sensation: insensate, unfeeling; see IN-ANIMATE.

Antonyms: see SENSITIVE.

sensitive, a. 1. See BENSORY, SENSUOUS, SENTIENT

2. sensible, impressionable (often used with "by"), alive (used with "to"), susceptible (used with "to"), sore, responsive (used with "to"), appreciative ("of"), susceptive (rare); spec. delicate. queasy, thin, thin-skinned, tender, hypermathetic, supersensitive, passible; SYMPATHETIC, APPRECIATIVE, IRRITABLE.

Autonyms: see senseless, numb, dull,

INSENSIBLE.

8. Referring to the touch, scientific instrumente, etc.: acute, nice, delicate, fina; spec. exquisite, sore.

sensory, a. sensitive, sensible, sensual (rare), sensorial, sensuous (rare)

sensual, a. 1. voluptuous, voluptuary, gross, earthy, animal, brutish, brute, brutal (rare), boarish (rare), fleshly, carnal, sensuous (rare), spec sexual, bestial, Epicurean, Epicurish (rare); see GLUTTONOUS, LASCIVIOUS.

Antonyms see SPIRITUAL.

2. See SENSORY.

sensualist, n. voluptuary, animal, brute; spec. Epicurean; see GLUTTON.

sensualize, v. t. coarsen, carnalize, encarnalize (rare; an intensive), brutify.

Antonyms: see SPIRITUALIZE.

Cross references see Note. IF Cross references see Note, meli-opinionated: concented call-possessed: assured, self-controlled, composed beli-recording: automatic self-regulating: automatic self-respecting; proud self-restrained; self-controlled, patent. trolled, patient. self-seeking: egousm.

ealf-will: obstinacy.
self-willed: obstinate. sell, n hoar.
semblance: appearance
semblance: rescent-shaped,
seminary: source, school.
Semite: Heirew,
senate: council, legislature
senseent: aging
senile: old, imbecile
senility: age
senior: old superior
sense, n faculty, meaning, persall, n hoaz.

ception, understanding, intelligence, reason, sensation, ectoueness, opinion essence, divalue understand senselesmess: insensibility. perceptible: sensational, aware, perceptible, tangible, visible, reasonable, judicial, intelligent, conscious, sensitive, apprecia tise, sentiant

sensuous, a. 1. See SENSORY.

2. sensitive, material, luscious, delicious; spec. Epicurean; see SENSUAL.

Antonyms: see ASCETIC, SPIRITUAL.

- sentence, n. 1. See OPINION, DECISION, CONDEMNATION.
- 2. In grammar, rhetoric, etc.: period, ensample (archaic), proposition. sentient, a. 1. See CONSCIOUS.
- 2. feeling, sensible, sensate, sensitive, sensive (rare).

Antonyms: see Insensible.

sentiment, n. 1. See FEELING, IDEA.

2. Spec. toast.

separate, a. distinct, discrete, dividual (literary), sejugate (rare), segregate (rare); spec. particular, individual, definite, disembodied, alone, infrequent, different, disconnected, unconnected, distant, divided, apart.

Antonyms: see Joined, Adjacent, Col-

LECTIVE, JOINT.

separate, v. t. 1. Referring to the causing of two or more things to come apart or to be more apart from one another, or to the withdrawing of one thing from another: spec. divide, sever, disunite, dissever (literary and emphatic equiv. of "sever"), sunder, dissunder (an emphatic equiv. of "sunder"; literary or rare), cut (used with "off," "away," etc.), part, dispart (literary), isolate, eliminate, sequester, sequestrate, segregate, seclude, detach, bite (off), dissociate or (less usual) disassociate, single (rare), winnow (fig.), divorce (fig.), disintegrate, demarcate, unfellow (rare), discombine (rare), inquartate (rare), seclude (rare), prescind (rare), discorporate (rare), disintricate (rare), distance (rare), space, tease, eliquate, disaggregate, untwine, trunk, severalize (rare); see disconnect, Scatter, Strain, Sift, Disengage, Alien-ATE, LOOSEN, OPEN, WITHDRAW, PULL, SPACE, UNFOLD, WINNOW, SECRETE, DI-VORCE.

Antonyms: see MIX, ATTACH, BLEND, COLLECT, CONCENTRATE, CONVENE, GATHER, MEET.

2. See divide, distinguish.

separate, v. i. divide, sever, disunite, dissever (literary), sunder, dissunder (rare), part; see SEPERATE, v. t.

Antonyms: see CONGREGATE, CONVENE. separative, a. Spec. divulsive, divellent, segregative, separatory, diaseuctic, bursting, dissilient (rare).

Antonyms: see Joining, meeting.

sequel, n. 1. sequence, train; spec. sequelse (pl.; med.).

2. See RESULT, OUTCOME, CONTINUATION. sequence, n. 1. See SEQUEL.

2. In cards: run.

serenade, n. Spec. aubade (French), nocturne, guitar (rare), charivari, shivaree

(southern U.S.).

list, gradation, scale, train, stream, thread, range, concatenation (learned or tech.), chain, course, progression, sequence, set, rotation, order (archaic), beadroll (fig.), combination, coil.

serious, a. 1. earnest, grave (chiefly spec.), sober, solemn, severe (rare), owlish (fig.).

Anionyms: see amuring, playful, vivacious.

2. See sober, dangerous, important, deep, matter-of-fact.

sermon, n. discourse (contextual), address (contextual), preachment (chiefly contemptuous); spec. homily, sermuncle (rare), sermonette or sermonet (rare), khutbah.

serum, n. humor, water (contextual); spec. whey, chyle, lymph.

servant, n. 1. See AGENT.

2. help (cant or colloq.; generic or a collective), servitor (archaic), servitress (rare), servitude (a collective; rare), servature (a collective; rare), loafeater (hist.), sergeant (hist.), hind (obs.), feeder (obs. and rare); spec. man, boy, menial, factotum, do-all (colloq.), buttons (colloq.), domestic, butler, sewer, ferash (Anglo-Indian), maty er mate (Anglo-Indian), striker (cant), waiter, cook, etc.; see Mansiervant, Maideer, Vant, Scullion.

Antonyma: see EMPLOYER.

serve, v. i. 1. minister (often used with "to"),

sentence, v. t.: condemn.
sentence, v. t.: condemn.
sententious: concise.
sentience: consciousness, feeling.
sentimental: emotional.
sentinel: guard.
sentry: guard.
separately: apart.
separately: achiematic.
sept: clan.
sepulcher, n.: grave, monument.
sepulcher, v. t.: bury.
sepulcher, a.: burial, funereal, hollow.

sequence ouriel.
sequence result.
sequence, a.: following, successive.
sequence, n.: consequent.
sequence consequential, successive, following.
sequence: separate, remove, confiscate, seise.
sequestered: secluded.
sequestrate: separate, seise, confiscate.
seraglio: harem, palace.
seraphio: angelic, pure.

sere: withered.
sereme, a.: clear, calm.
sereme, n.: clearnese, calm.
seremity: clearnese, calm.
serit; bondman.
seringe, seridom: bondage.
serind, n.: periodical.
serintim: successfuly.
sermomine: preach, discourse.
sermomining: preaching.
serpemt: enale.
serpemtime: sinuous, snahelibs,
winding.
serrate, s.: dentate.
serrate, v. t.: indent.
serration: indentation.

help, assist, attend, subserve (rare); spec, lackey, slave; see WORK.

2. Referring to waiting upon those at table:

attend, wait; spec skink (archaw).

3. answer (used with "to" and the infinitive, or with "for"), do (used with "for"), avail (used only with the infinitive denoting the use or purpose).

4. See act, buit, suffice, contribute. serve, v. t. 1. See aid, help, benefit, suf-FICE, SUPPLY, TREAT, DELIVER, WORK.

2. Referring to waiting upon those at table: attend, help.

3. Referring to serving food or drink: help; spec dish, skink (archaic).

4. In games: deliver; spec. bowl, pitch,

service, n. 1. Referring to the state or condition: employ, employment (rurs); spec. waiterage.

Referring to the action or fact of scring: work (contextual), serving, ministration (formal), ministry (ecd, except as colored by eccl. use), spec. duty, function, office (used chiefly in pl., and with "good," "kind," etc.), exercise, eyeservice.

3. Spec. attendance, tendance (rare), at-

tention; spec. waiting. 4. Referring to the portion served: help, helping, go (slang or colloq).

5. See AID, BENEFIT, WORSHIP, RITE. serviceable, a. 1. Referring to persons: see

2. Referring to things: helpful; spec. convenient, handy, commodious (archaic equiv. of "convenient"), beneficial, improvable (rare); see DURABLE.

Antonyms: see useless servile, a. 1. Referring to what belongs or is appropriate to a slave or slaves: alavish, thrall-like, thralled (rare).

Antonyms: see Domineering, Haughty. 2. As designating the condition of a slave subject (contextual), slave, slavish, bond, unfree (formal), thrall, enslaved, villain or (hist.) villein (rare or archaic), vernile (rare).

2. See BASE, OBSEQUIOUS, IMPTATIVE. session, n. meeting, sitting; spec. diet, court, assize, school.

set, n. 1. See GROUP, COMPANY, FORCE. 2. clique, circle, coterne (chiefly spec.), ring, crowd (collog. or slang), gang (cant or slang), push (cant, slang, or Australian), pack (contemptuous), tribe (contemptuous), platoon (fig.; rare); spec. clan, covey (rare), junto, junta, cabal, class, etc.; see COMBINATION.

8. number, collection, lot, kit (collog.); spec. pack, packet, stand, nest, service, shook, train, gang, book; see SERIES, SUITE, BOOK.

4. Referring to bells tuned to one another for ringing: suite, peal, ring; spec. chime, carillon.

set, v. t. 1. See heat, put, place, fix, PLANT, PLAN, FRAME, ADJUST, POSE, STAND, REST, APPOINT, MODULATE, CLENCH, DIRECT, ESTABLISH, ORNAMENT, COMPOSE, HARDEN, COAGULATE, CONGEAL

2. start (used chiefly with "at"), put (used chiefly with "to"). "Set" is chiefly used chiefly with "to").
with "to" or "at."

reduce (a fractured bone).

4. Of a trap, noose, etc.: adjust, lay.

5. In jewelry fix, mount, enchase (now literary or fig.); spec. collet.

6. Of a guard, watch, etc.: put, place, establish; spec. clap, impose.

7. spread (the table), lay, serve (now rare). set, v. i. 1. fix, see harden, solidify.

2. See descend, germinate

set, n. 1. See MOTION, POSTURE, ATTITUDE, TENDENCY, INCLINATION, BUILD, POSITION, ATTACK.

2. hang, fit.

setting, n. 1. Spec. congelation, coagulation, planting, etc.

2. monture (rare), mounting; spec. collet, ouch, chape.

settle, v. t. 1. See REST, COLONIZE, CLEAR, CALM, ESTABLISH, APPOINT, CONSOLIDATE, REGULATE, PAY, LIQUIDATE, FIX, DECIDE,

ARRANGE, UNDO, ADMINISTER.

3. root, plant, domiciliate (rare or learned), domicile (rare or learned), locate (chiefly U. S.); spec. resettle; see COLO-

3. In law: spec. entail, jointure.

settle, v. i. 1. See DESCEND, ALIGHT, LODGE. SUBSIDE.

2. domicile (rare or learned), domiciliate (rare), plant (rare), locate (chiefly U. S.).

2. pay, account, answer. settlement, n. Spec. colony, post, factory. settler, n. 1. See DWELLER, COLONIST, IM-MIGRANT, BQUATTER.

1. finisher, clinker, clincher, corker, trimmer, sockdaloger (U. S.), staggerer, poser, squeicher; -all collog. or slang.

seven, a. septenary (rare or literary), septimal (rore). seven, n. septenary (rare), heptad (rare or

spec.). sevenfold, a. septuple (rare).

Cross references see Note. mervient: subordinate. merviette: napkin. mervitude: slavery. set, a: appointed, deliberate,

formal fixed, obstinate setaceous: bristly. notback: reverse. setness: obstinacy set-off: set-off: start foil, ornament, counterclaim, credit.

setose: brutty. settoe: eat
settle, n' bench.
settled: constant, habitual,
fixed, married, orderly.
set-to: contest. seventy, a. septuagesimal (learned or spec.), septuagenary (chiefly spec.).

severally, adv. 1. apiece.

2. respectively.

severe, a. 1. Referring to the act of imposing, or to the tendency to impose, extreme penalties, reproof, criticism, etc.: rigorous, stern, iron (fig.), iron-handed (fig.), hard, dure (literary or archaic), unsparing, dour (Scot.); spec. Draconic or Draconian (rare; fig.); see UNSPARING.

Antonyms: see EASY, GENTLE.

2. See STRICT, CRUEL, VIOLENT, EXTREME, STRENUOUS, AUSTERE, DISTRESSING, PAIN-FUL, DEEP.

3. Referring to climate, weather, etc.: distressing, hard, inclement, rigorous, bad (colloq.), intemperate; spec. bitter, extreme, cold, hot, dry, wet; see ROUGH.

Antonyms: see MILD.

severity, n. 1. rigor, rigorism, sternness, iron (fig.), iron-handedness (fig.), hardness; spec. Draconism (fig.).

Antonyms: see GENTLENESS, INDULGENCE.

2. See STRICTNESS, CRUELTY, VIOLENCE, EXTREMITY, STRENUOUSNESS, AUSTERITY, DEPTH, HARDNESS.

3. distressingness, inclemency, rigor, badness (rare), intemperateness (rare), distemperature (rare), hardship; spec. bitterness, extremity (rare), roughness, heat, drought.

Antonyms: mildness (cf. MILD).

sew, v. i. & i. stitch, needle (rare); spec. baste, backhand, whip, overhand, tack, finedraw, run, seam, buttonhole, fell, embroider, quilt.

Antonyms: see RIP.

sewage, n. refuse (contextual), soil, drainage, sewerage (now rare in this sense); spec. seepage.

sewed, a. stitched, sutile (rare).

sewer, n. stitcher, sewster (fem.; obs., exc. Scot.); spec. seamstress or sempstress, needlewoman, hemmer, feller, etc.

sewing, n. stitching, suture (literary or tech.).

sex, n. sexuality (rare), persuasion (jocular), gender (jocular).

sexless, a. asexual (tech.), agamic (biol.), nonsexual.

shabby, a. 1. inferior (contextual), mean (contextual); spec. seedy, dowdy, mangy, scrubby, scaly (slang), rusty; see WORN, FADED.

Anionyms: see NEW, DANDY.

2. See MEAN.

shackle, n. 1. bonds (pl.; contextual), hamper, fetter (orig. and usually spec.); spec. irons (pl.), gyve, clog, hopple or hobble, trammel (obs. or rare), bilbo, chains (pl.), bolt; see MANACLE.

2. See restraint, coupling.

shackle, v. t. 1. restrain (contextual), hamper; spec. manacle, fetter, iron, gyve, clog, hamshackle, trammel (obs. or rare), hobble, clog, incatenate (rare), enchain (rare); see MANACLE.

Antonyms: see free.
2. See restrain, couple.

shade, n. 1. darkness (contextual), shadow (rare, exc. spec.), umbra (tech.), umbrage (literary), twilight (fig.).

Antonyms: see SUNLIGHT.

2. Referring to a thing that shades: protection, umbrage (literary), screen; spec. blind (U. S.), canopy, curtain, globe, shutter.

3. See Degree, Tint, Kind, Trace, Shadow, Ghost.

shade, v. t. 1. protect, screen, shadow (obs. or poetic), obtenebrate (rare), umbrage (rare); spec. overshadow or (less usual) overshade, curtain, canopy, beshadow or (less usual) beshade (intensive).

2. change (contextual), gradate.

3. In painting and drawing: spec. cross-hatch, hachure, stipple.

4. See DARKEN.

shade, v. i. pass, change, gradate (chiefly spec.).

shadow, n. 1. See shads.

2. Referring to the figure cast: shade (rare or poetic), umbra (learned or tech.); spec. penumbra, silhouette; see IMAGE.

3. See REFLECTION, GUEST, ATTENDANT, SYMBOL, REMAINDER, APPEARANCE, GHOST,

APPARITION, SPY.

shady, a. dark (contextual), shaded, shadowy, umbrageous (literary); spec. shadowish (rare), bowery, bushy.

Antonyms: see sunny.

shaft, n. 1. rod (contextual); spec. truncheon (rare), loom, diaphysis; see QUILL, POLE.

2. Referring to a column: body (contextual), scape (tech.), trunk; spec. tige (French).

3. See arrow, axle, stem, pillar.

4. Referring to wagon shafts: thill.

shaft, n. Referring to a form of excavation or passage: well; spec. pit.

shake, v. t. 1. move (contextual), agitate (formal or learned); spec. concuss (rars),

Sever, v. l.: divide, separate, amputate, distinguish.

sever, v. i.: separate.

severable: divisible.

several: individual, distinct.

severance: division, distinction.
sewer: drain.
sewerage: drainage, sewage.
shaded: shady.
shadow, v. t.: shade, protect,
cloud, hide, foreshadow, sym-

bolise.
shadowy, a.: shady, unreal, imaginary, shootly.
shagt shock, nap.
shaggy: rough, unhough, unshorn, nappy, bushy, bristing.

hustle, quiver, tremble, convulse, wabble, coggle (colloq), conquassate (obs. or rare), diddle (colloq or dial.), succuss (rare), flap, jar, jolt, jerk, stagger; see VIBRATE, WAYE, WORRY, FLOURISH.

2. See DISTURB, WEAKEN, TRILL, ROUSE,

shake, v. i. move (contextual), wabble; spec quiver, flap, jar, jolt, jerk, stagger; see TREMBLE, TOTTER, VIBRATE, WAVE. "Shake," as distinct from "oscillate," "vibrate," "undulate," "wave," usually implies irregular motion.

shake, n. motion (contextual), agitation (formal or learned); spec. concussion, wabble, conquessation (rare), quiver, flap, jar, jolt, jerk, wave; see TREMBLE, VIBRA-

TION, FLOURISH.

•haky, a. 1. Spec. quaky, shackly (colloq.), jiggly, jerky, jolty, rickety. Antonyms. see FIRM.

2. See UNCERTAIN, TREMBLING.

•hall, v. will,—they are sometimes synonyms, with slightly different connotation; but usually there is a conventional rule prescribing the use of the one or the other.

chatlow, a. 1. shoal, depthless, fleet (chiefly dial and agric.); spec. skin-deep. Antonyms: see DEEP, FATHOMLESS.

3. See SUPERFICIAL.

hallow, n. shoal; spec. flat; see FORD.
Antonyms: see DEEP

*hallowness, n. shoalness, depthlessness.

Antonyms see DEPTH.

Amongine see DEFIN.

sham, i. i. pretend spec. malinger.
shameless, a. immodest, blushless, bare-faced, brazen, unblushing, cynopic (nonce word); see ABANDONED, IMPUDENT, INDECENT.

Antonyma · see BABHFUL, MODEST.

shape, n. 1. See form, Figure, IMAGE, APPARITION, APPEARANCE, ARRANGEMENT, STATE.

2. Referring to an object made in a certain shape, in manufacturing, building, etc.: spec. bend, facet, turn, bar, column, girder, angle iron, block, ball, band, etc.

shape, v. f. 1. form; spec. rough, build, roughcast (often fig.), roughhew (often fig.), bend, block, last, machine, dome, carve, cut, turn, scapple, moid, blow, forme.

2. See Plan, adapt, adjust, regulate, devise, destine.

shapely, a. well-shaped, clean, neat, well-

made, trim; spec. concinnous (rare), decent (archaic), see GOOD-LOOKING.

Antonyms: see Deformed

share, n. part, portion, division; spec. proportion, cup (fg.), allotment, deal, quantum, quota, contingent, lot, dividend, divvy (slang or collog.), dole (archaic or literary), partage (rare), purparty (archaic), legitim; see DOWER, DOWEY, ALLOWANCE.

share, v. t. 1. divide (contextual), part
(rare), divvy (slang or collog.; esp. with
"up"), whack (slang; esp. with "up");

see distribute.

2. participate, partake (rare), divide; see EXPERIENCE.

share, v. i. participate, engage, partake, enter.

sharing, n. division (contextual), participation, partaking, community; spec, intercommunity (rare), cahoot (used in "in cahoot," "go cahoots"; slang); see PART-NERSHIP

sharp, a. 1. cutting (contextual), keen, edged, edgy (rare), keen-edged, trenchant (archaic and poetic), cultrate (nat. hist.); spec. fine.

Antonyms: see blunt.

2. Referring to a person or to the mind: sharp-witted, acute, keen, clever (collog.), smart (chiefly spec.; U.S.), bright, canny (somewhat contemptuous or sneering), quick-witted; spec. shrewd.

Antonyms see Dull, Stupid.

3. Referring to language: severe, incisive (rare), cutting, penetrative, caustic (fig.), piercing, pointed, trenchant, stinging biting, pungent, piquant (rare), crisp, mordant (rare), acid, acidulous, lancinating (as criticism), stimulating, dry, brisk; see BITTER, CRUEL, SARCASTIC.

Antonyms: see SMOOTH, GENTLE, KIND,

KINDLY, AFFECTIONATE

4. Referring to the look: keen, piercing, penetrating; spec. searching.

5. Referring to pain: keen, excruciating, piercing; spec. lancinating, shooting, darting.

6. See Angular, Abrupt, pungent, Harsh, painful, vigorous, high, lively, violent, 'ntense, cold, discerning, intelligent, vigilant.

sharpen, v. t. 1. edge (chiefly fig.), sharp (rare); spec. strop or strap, reset, re-

sharpen, grind; see POINT.

the Cross references see Note.

shaken: agulated, broken (in
health)

shallow, p. s. shoal

shallow, p. deceil, counterfest.

sham, n: decest, counterfest.
sham, a. pretended, counterfest.

fest. sham, v. t : pretend

shamble, n · gait shamble, v · walk shambles: slaughterhouse shame; n t abast shamefuced: bashful shameful: discreditable, flagrant shamefulness: discreditable ness, flagrancy.
changhal: abduct.
shanty: house.
shape, v: plan, change,
shapeless: formiess
chark, n: exteriorer.
sharp, n: cheat
sharp-cut: definite

Antonyms: see BLUNT.

2. See INTENSIFY.

sharpener, n. sharper (rare); spec. stone, bone, whetstone, rifle.

sharp-featured, a. thin (contextual), hatchety (colloq.).

sharpness, n. 1. cut (rare), keenness, trenchancy (rare), edge; spec. fineness.

2. acuteness, cleverness (collog.), smartness (chiefly spec.), brightness, dexterity.

3. severity, incisiveness (rare), edge, causticness (fig.), causticity (fig.), trenchancy, sting, crispness, stimulatingness (rare), piquancy, pungency, piquantness (rare), dryness, acidity; spec. bitterness, cruelty, acrimony.

Antonyms: see GENTLENESS, KINDNESS. 4. Spec. angularity, abruptness, pungency, distinctness, discernment, intelligence, intensity, etc.

sharpshooter, n. rifleman (contextual); spec. bersagliere (pl. -ri; Italian), tirail-leur (French).

sharp-sighted, a. eagle-eyed; spec. all-seeing.

shatter, v. t. 1. destroy (contextual), break (contextual), smash, crash, rend, shiver, dash; spec. dynamite.

2. See RUIN, IMPAIR, DERANGE.

shave, v. t. 1. See PARE, GRAZE, CHEAT.

2. cut (contextual), scrape (jocular), mow (jocular), razor (rare).

shaving, n. Spec. whittling, excelsior (a collective; U. S. trade name); see PARING.

shawl, n. mantle (contextual); spec. whittle (archaic or dial.).

sheaf, n. 1. bundle, reap (agric. or dial.); spec. grab (obs. or hist.).

2. See BUNDLE.

sheaf, v. t. bind (contextual), sheave.

shears, n. pl. clip (sing.), clippers (pl.); see scissors. In dignified figurative use "shears" is more common than "scissors."

sheath, n. covering (contextual), case; spec. vagina, stall, thumbstall, fingerstall, lorica, boot, theca, ocrea, fascia, hose, coleorhiza, elytron, aponeurosis, cot, scabbard.

sheathe, v. t. cover (contextual), incase, ensheathe (rare); spec. scabbard, vaginate (rare), muzzle, clapboard.

shed, n. 1. shelter (contextual), cover, hovel (dial. Eng.), skilling (Eng.; chiefly spec.); spec. box, cot, hangar (French), lean-to, penthouse, cote, byre, roundhouse, skillion.
2. See HOUSE.

shed, v. t. 1. See SCATTER, EMIT, DIFFUSE, SPILL, SCALE.

2. Referring to tears: emit, rain (fig.), weep, drop.

8. Referring to shedding an old skin, shell, etc.: slough, throw, cast, exuviate (tech.); spec. mew (tech. or archaic), exfoliate.

4. Referring to plants: exfoliate (tech.),

drop, cast; spec. deoperculate.

sheep, n. mutton (jocular), fleece (fig.), bleater (colloq.), fold (a collective sing.), jumbuck (Australia; colloq.); spec. down, hog, hogget, hogling, yearling, herdwick, burrel (East Indian), ram; see EWE, LAMB.

sheepcote, n. sheepshed, sheepy (dial.).
sheepskin, n. pelt (contextual); spec. basan or bazan, basil or bazil, roan, parch-

ment.

sheet, n. 1. Spec. folio or folium, card, lap, blanket, web, folder (U. S.), flake, floe, foil; see LAMINA, PLATE.

3. See EXPANSE.

shelf, n. 1. Spec. bracket, gradin, gradine, desk, retable, degree.

2. See LEDGE.

shell, n. 1. test (rare or tech.); spec. frustule, pen, univalve, bivalve.

2. Referring to the hard outer covering of various animals: case; spec. elytron, carabace, shard.

8. Referring to missiles: case; spec. shrapnel, grenade, bomb, carcass, grenado (archaic), dud (slang); see MISSILE.

4. See CASE, CRUST, HULL.

shell, v. t. 1. See HULL.

2. attack, bombard.

shell-bearing, a. conchiferous (tech.).

shellfish, n. mollusk (tech.; most "shell-fish" are "mollusks").

shell-shaped, a. conchiform, conchate, conchylaceous (rare);—all three tech. or learned.

shelly, a. chitinous, conchylious, testaceous;—all three tech. or learned.

shelter, n. 1. protection (contextual), cover (contextual), screen, shield, bulwark (literary or rhetorical); spec. covert, shadow, shroud, crow's-nest, houseroom, canopy, bower, box, lee, cab, guardhouse, dugout, abri (French); see REFUGE.

2. Referring to the fact or state of being sheltered: refuge (as in "to seek refuge").

Antonyms: see Exposure.

8. Referring to giving shelter: harboring, reception; spec. housing.

4. See PROTECTOR.

shelter, v. t. 1. protect, cover, screen, pescreen (an intensive), shield; spec. ensconce, shroud, shadow, overshadow.

sharper: cheat.
sharp-set: hungry.
shattering: impairment.
shave, n.: cut, graze, paring.
shear, n.: cut.

shear, v. t.: cut, clip, cleave, deprive.
sheathing: covering.
sheave, v. t.: sheaf.
shed, v. i.: fall.

shed, n.: divide.

sheen, n.: luster, shine.
sheen, v. i.: shine.
sheeny: lustrous.
sheepish: bashful, abashed.
sheer: deviate.
shekel: cf. coin.

2. Spec. (referring to giving anytum or safety to one seeking refuge, receive, refuge (rare), harbor, haven (rare, lodge, hive, ensconce, embosom (laterary; fig), embower, reset (archaic), sanctuarize (rare); see ENTERTAIN, HOUSE.

Antonyms see ASSAIL, ATTACK, EXPOSE, sheltered, a. protected, screened, covert, cozy; spec, cloistered, sequertered, lee,

leeward.

Antonyme: see Exposed, SHELTERLESS. sheltering, a. protecting, screening,

shelding, cozy.
shelterless, a unprotected (contextual), shieldless, acreenless; spec. exposed, houseless.

Antonyms: see SHELTERED.

shepherd, n. herder (contextual), shepherdess (fem.), pastor (now rare or classical); spec. Endymion (fig.), Daphnis (fig.), shepherdling (rare).

shield, n 1. protection; *pec targe (archaic and poetic), ancile (Latin), buckler, pelta, pavis, rondache (French), roundel,

target, hielaman (Australia). 2. Referring to a protective covering of vari-

ous animals: spec. buckler, cuiraes, scute, scutellum.

3. See shelter, protector, escutcheon. shield-shaped, a. scutiform, scutate; spec clypeate, peltate, -all four tech.

shifting, a. fugitive, flitting, ambulatory (learned or tech.,, deambulatory (rare); spec. floating, unsettled.

Antonyms see PERMANENT.
shilling, n. bob (slang), thirteener (rare), twelvepence.

shine, v. t. Spec. polish, glaze, burnish,

brighten.

chaic); spcc. play, irradiate (hterary), lighten, gleam, blaze, flame, flare, glim-mer, glimpse (rare), glare, burn, glow, mer, gimpse (rare), giste, burn, glow, beacon (rare), gisten, gister, glitter, brighten (rare), blink, effulge (poetic), flash, brandish (rare), resplend (rare), luster or lustre (rare), gloze (rare), ray (rare), outbeam (rare), lamp (rare), moon. shine, n. Spec. polish, brightness, sheen,

luster, glare, glaze. shining, a. 1. radiant, bright (contextual), beaming; spec. irradiant (hterary, refulgent, fulgent (rare or poetic), resplendent,

glittering, gleaming, lambent, orient, burning, flaming, nifent (rare), relucent (rare), splendent (rare), flaring, interlucent, luminous, flashing.

Antonyms: see DARK.

2. See LUSTROUS, DISTINGUISHED. shining, n. 1. radiance, radiation; spec. refulgence, flash, lambency or (rure) lambence, glitterance (rare), irradiance or irradiancy (literary), irradiation (literary);

see LUMINOSITY 2. See LUSTER.

ship, n vessel, hulk (archaic, exc. spec.); spec. castle (poetic or rhetorical), argosy (historical or poetic), runner, leviathan (rhetorical), liner, roller, screw, razee, carvel, brig brigantine, barkentine or barquentine, frigate, galleon, junk, schooner, sloop, yawl, yacht, ketch, lugger, dromond, consort, prow, clipper, buss,

ship, t. t. t. embark.

2. Spec, export, see send, transport.
3. In "to ship a sea": spec, poop.

shipping, n ships (collective pl.), marine, tonnage.

shirk, v. t. avoid, evade, balk, blink, blench. shirk, v. i. soldier, soger (colloq.), akulk; spec, malinger.

shirk, n. quitter (U. S.), skulk, slacker (collog.; now chufly spec. and opprobrious), soger (colloq); spec. eyeservant, rogue.

shirt, n. sark (Scot.), shift (obs. or rore, exc. spec.); spec. chemise, smock, vest, camise, guernsey.

shirt front. dicky (slang or collog.), sham. plastron (rare).

shoal, v. i. shallow (rare).

shock, v. t. 1. strike (contextual), concuss (rare), spec. jar, jolt, jounce.

2. Spec. scandalize, hornly, jar (now usually considered slang), stun, stagger, jolt (chiefly slang or collog.), disedify (rare).

shock, n. 1. See ENCOUNTER.

2. impulse, concussion, brunt; spec. crash, alam, dash, percussion, water hammer; see Earthquake.

3. See START, THRILL.

shock, n 1. See GROUP.

2. shag, mat, mop, shog (Scot. and dial.). shocking, a. Spec. horrible, horrific, ghastly, ghast (archaic or poetic), ghast-

tar Cross references see Note. shalve: retire, defer shaphard, v ! tend shibboleth: counternign

shield, r t protect shelter, shift, n expedient, enasion, de-vice, turn, trick removal, dis-placement relay, change subetitution

shift, v. 1 dodge, contrive, displace, change presarroate, pybe,

shiftiona: hetpiess, lasy shifty: resourceful, evasue.

shindy: disturbance.
shine, v t polish.
shine, n tuminosity, tu
polish sunlight, moonlight. inster. shingle: gravel shinny: hockey

shipment: sending, transporta

shipshape: orderly shipwreck, v. t. wreck, destroy shire: county shiver, n. fragment, splinter shiver, v. t.' shatter, splinter, crash
shiver, c : ; quiser, shudder,
shiver, n : quiser, shudder
shoul: shallow
shoal: school, flock,
shoddy: pretended

ful (archaic); see Horrible, Abominable, disgusting.

Anionyms: see Pleasant.

- shoe, n. 1. Spec. boot, bootee (a trade name), half-boot, bottine, bootikin, buskin, cothurnus, sock, solleret, startup, clodhopper, clog, chaussure (archaic or French), balmoral, sandal, sabot (French), pump, brogan, brodekin (obs.), chopine or chopin, galosh or golosh (rare in U.S.), patten, oxford, Blücher, crakow, brogue, moccasin, stogy (colloq.), leathers (a collective pl.).
- 2. See FERRULE.

shoe, v. t. 1. Spec. boot, sandal.

2. See FERRULE.

shoeblack, n. boots (cant or collog.).

shoemaker, n. cordwainer (obs., exc. cant), crispin (fig.; sometimes cant), souter (obs. or Scot.), snob (dial. Eng.).

shoemaking, n. cordwaniery (literary).

shoe-shaped, a. Spec. sandaliform (learn-ed).

- shoot, n. 1. See GROWTH, DART, RAPID, CHUTE.
- 2. branch, sprout, graff (archaic; primarily spec.), chit (obs. or dial.); spec. bine, tendril, tiller, braird (Scot.), browse (a collective), dag (obs.), layer, turion; see GRAFT.
- shoot, v. t. 1. See Project, Propel, Discharge, Emit, Extend, Protrude, Expel, Variegate, Utter, Wound.

2. Referring to the shooting of missiles: discharge; spec. catapult.

3. strike (contextual), hit, plug (slang); spec. rifle (rare), pot, hull, flight, pistol, snipe, pelt.

- shooter, n. 1. shot, shotress (obs.; fem.), marksman (contextual), markswoman (contextual), gun (cant); spec. gunman (cant or slang), rifleman, sharpshooter; see GUNNER.
- 2. See gun.
- shop, n. 1. repository (rare, exc. spec.), store, emporium (a loose and grandiloquent use), market (chiefly spec.); spec. charcuterie (French), confectionary, cutlery, sutlery, canteen, grocery, creamery, etc.
- 2. See factory, business.

shop, v. i. Spec. market.

- shopkeeper, n. shopman; spec. bourgeois (French).
- shore, n. strand, coast, foreshore (between high and low water), waterside or side (contextual), water (contextual), ripe (rare), rivage (poetic), brim (archaic); spec. seashore, bank, beach.

short, a. 1. brief, curtate, curtal (archaic), curtailed, cutty (Scot.); spec. curt, close.

Antonyms: see Long, Endless, Lengthy.

2. See Low, Brief (in time), Crumbly, Concise, Curt (in language), Deficient.

shorten, v. t. 1. diminish, abridge, reduce, abbreviate (rare, exc. as to time), lessen; spec. curtail, dock, cut, breviate (obs.); see TRIM.

Antonyms: see Extend, Lengthen.

2. See diminish, abbreviate, contract, beguile, lower (prices), deprive.

shortened, a. Spec. curtate (tech.), abridged.

short-headed, a. brachycephalic (tech.). short-lived, a. transitory, transient (rare), ephemeral (properly spec.).

shortness, n. brevity.

short-winded, a. dyspnœic (tech.); spec. puffy, pursy, pursive (archaic), breathless, asthmatic.

shot, n. 1. Referring to an act of shooting: shoot (rare); spec. inner, carton, bull'seye, bowshot.

2. In games: shoot; spec. throw, inwick

(Scot.); see CAROM.

2. Referring to a kind of missiles: spec. buckshot, swanshot, canister, grapeshot.

4. See SHOOTER, MISSILE, EXPLOSION, AIM. shoulder blade. scapula (tech.), blade-bone (now chiefly a butcher's term), omoplate (rare).

shoulder piece. Spec. epaulet or epau-

lette, pouldron or pauldron.

shout, v. i. cry (contextual), exclaim (formal; chiefly spec.), yell (somewhat depreciatory), scream (chiefly spec.), vociferate (literary); spec. thunder, bawl, mouth, roar, clamor, whoop, acclaim; see HOLLO, EXCLAIM, CHEER.

Antonyms: see WHISPER.

shout, v. t. cry (contextual), exclaim (formal, chiefly spec.), scream (chiefly spec.), vociferate (literary), yell (depreciatory); spec. roar, acclaim (rare), thunder, bawl, bellow, mouth (rare), clamor; see Ex-CLAIM.

Antonyme: see WHISPER.

shout, n. cry (contextual), yell (depreciatory), scream (chiefly spec.), vociferation (literary); spec. thunder, bawl, bellow, roar, clamor, whoop (rare or literary), acclaim (rare); see OUTCEY, HOLLO, EXCLAMATION, CHEER.

Antonyma: see WHISPER.

shouter, n. stentor.

shovel, n. Spec. peel, battledore, plow, scoop, skeet, slice.

shook: set.

shooting, n.: projection, discharge.

shore, s. t.: ground. shore, n. & s. t.: grop. shorn: cut. shortage: deficiency. shortooming: fault. shot, v. t.: load. shoulder, v. t.: crowd, jeefe, best shove: push. show, n. 1. See disclosure, sight, proof, showing, n. 1. disclosure, display, exhibi-PRETENSE, OPPORTUNITY, APPARITION,

Referring to the act of showing to others. display, exhibition, presentation; spec-demonstration, manifestation, theophany, epiphany.

Antonyms: see HIDING.

S. Referring to a public show, as in a theater. spec. performance, exhibition, exposition, fantoccim (pl., Italian), waxworks (pl.), movies (pl.; colloq.), cosmorama, cyclorama, gaff (Eng. slang and colonial); see FAIR.

4. spectacle, pageant, display, set-out (colloq or informal); spec. masque, pro-

cession, games (pl.).

In a concrete sense, referring to the objects shown: display, exhibit, layout,

spread, set-out.

 Referring to ostentatious display: display, showiness, ostentation, ostentatiousness, pretension, pageantry, pomp, parade, bravery (archaic or literary), spec. bravura, bubble, dash (a less formal equiv. of "brawura"), vannty, vannglory, blazon-ment or blazonry, gallantry, moonshine (fig.; depreciatory), éclat (French., gay-ety, dazzle, garishness, tinsel (fig.), clinquant (literary or artistic), flash, flourish, frippery, splurge (collog.), figure (archaic), flare, glare, gaudiness, gaudery (rare), gaud (rare), ostent (rare).

*how, v. t. 1. In a sense implying an intentional bringing into sight: exhibit,

present, produce, display; spec. spring, reveal, manifest, proclaim, flaunt, flare, flash (slang), parade, air, demonstrate, outshow (poetu), discover (archaic), blason, wear, stage, represent, unfold, meld.

3. In a sense not implying any intention exhibit, evince, present, display, mani-

fest, see DISCLOSE.

2. Referring to showing by inference from outward acts, signs, etc.: evidence, exhibit, display, disclose, bear, evince, manifest, give (as in "to give signs of life"); spec. demonstrate, betray.

4. Referring to obedience, thanks, etc.: render (used with "obedience"), do (used chiefly with "obedience"), pay, give.

5. See EXERCISE. EVIDENCE, PROVE, GUIDE, DISCLOSE, TEACH, INDICATE, PRE-FIGURE, EXPRESS, REPRESENT.

shower, n. 1. scud, brash (chiefly dial.); spec fall, flurry; see BAIN.

2. See flight, fall.

tion; spec. manifestation, etc.

2. See STATEMENT.

showy, a ostentatious, brave (now archaic or literary,, pretentious, spec. ambitious, dashing (colloq.), vain, spectacular, theatrical, clashy (colloq), gay (rare), pea-cocky (colloq), loud, braw (Scot), showish (rare,, branky (Scot), garish (literary), splendid (collog.), gaudy, sparkish (rare), bright, flaunty (rare), gallant, gorgeous (colloq. or slang), splendiferous (colloq. or slang), flash (cant), smart (collog), gewgawish (rare), gingerbready (collog.), flary (rare), glaring, flashy, magnificent (colloq.), sumptuous (colloq.), ambitious; see GAUDY.

Antonyms · see MODEST, SIMPLE.

chrew, n. termagant, virago, viren, cot-quean (archaic), brimstone (fig.), rantipole (rare); spec. scold. shrewd, a. 1. See ILL-TEMPERED.

2. intelligent (contextual), discerning, knowing, astute, astucious (rare), canny (a sense based on qualities attributed by the English to the Scotch; on English usage), keen, cute (colloq.), long-headed, hardheaded; see SHARP

Antonyms: see DULL, STUPID.

shrill, a. high, thin, sharp, acute, keen, small, penetrative, penetrating, clarisonous (rare); spec. stridulous, treble, pipy (rare).

Antonyms: see DULL, LOW, SWEET shrill, v. i. sound, pipe; spec. stridulate;

see CRY, EXCLAIM.

shrine, n. sanctuary (contextual), reliquary, reliquaire (French), relicary (rare); spec, feretory or feretrum (rare), tabernacle (obs.), tester (rare), martyry, lara-rium, durgah (East Indian), pir (Mohammedan), phylactery (Hebrew), nymphæum. shrink, v. i. 1. See CONTRACT, DIMINISH,

HESITATE.

2. contract (contextual), seringe (collog. or dial), cringe, huddle (usually with "to-gether").

Antonyms: see EXPAND, BLOAT, SWELL. 3. recoil (contextual), wince, cringe, scringe (colloq or dial), quail, cow, flinch, blench or (archaic) blanch, funk (slang); spec. boggle, revolt, start; see shy.

shrink, n. 1. See CONTRACTION, HESITA-

TION, DIMINUTION

3. contraction, scringe (collog or dial.). cringe, bundle.

3. recoil (contextual), revolt, resilience (rare), revulsion, wince, cringe, scringe

Cross references see Note. chow, e : appear
chower, e ! lawsh, we!
showery: rainy
shred, n fragment, piece, par-

shred, e t cut, tear, fray, shrewish: ill-tempered, shrick: scream shrift: absolution, confession

shrill, n cry shrinkage: contraction, diminushrinking, a bashful, timed. shrive: absolve confess.

(colloq. or dial.), funk (slang), flinch; spec. gabble, start; see shy.

shroud, n. 1. See GARMENT, DISGUISE, SHELTER.

2. cerecloth, cerement (rare), winding sheet, sheet (short for "winding sheet"), sindon (hist. or archaic).

shrub, n. bush, frutex (rare; tech.).

shrubby, a. 1. bushy, frutescent (tech.), fruticose (tech.), fruticous (rare); spec. fruticulose (rare), suffruticose.

2. See Bushy.

shudder, v. i. shake (contextual), quiver, horror (chiefly med.), shiver.

shudder, n. shake (contextual), quiver, horror (chiefly med.), shiver.

shuddering, n. shaking, quivering, horrent (rare or literary), horrescent (rare).

shuffle, n. 1. See EXCHANGE, TRICK, PRE-VARICATION, EVASION, PUSH.

2. Referring to the gait: scuff, scrape; see DANCE.

shuffle, v. i. 1. scrape, scuff.

2. See PREVARICATE, DODGE.

shut, v. t. 1. Referring to a door, gate, etc.: close; spec. snap, slam, clap;—these last specific synonyms being contextual senses.

Antonyms: see OPEN, UNFOLD.

2. See CLOSE, OBSTRUCT.

shy, v. i. shrink, skit, skew, boggle.

shy, n. shrink, boggle;—referring to horses. sick, a. 1. See AILING, DISEASED, DEPRESSED, SPOILED.

2. qualmish, nauseated; spec. seasick.

3. tired (used with "of"), weary (used with "of"), disgusted (used with "with").

sicken, v. i. 1. fail, invalid; see LANGUISH.

2. Referring to a becoming weary of a thing: tire (used with "of"), weary (used with "of").

sicken, v. t. 1. indispose, craze (archaic); see NAUSEATE.

2. tire, weary; see disgust.

sickle-shaped, a. falciform (tech.), falculate (rare).

sickly-looking, a. peaky (colloq.), peaked (chiefly colloq.), peakish (colloq.; rare).

sickness, n. 1. illness, ill health, morbidity, invalidship (rare), invalidism, indisposedness (rare); see NAUSEA.

2. See AILMENT, DISEASE.

side, n. 1. pleuron (anat.), paries (anat.); spec. flitch, flank.

surface (contextual), face (contextual); spec. aspect, lee, leeboard, broadside, front, bottom, top, interior, exterior, slope, shore.

Antonyms: see POINT.

8. hand;—as in "on either side" or "hand."

4. cause, part, party (now rare), behalf.

5. See LIMIT, EDGE, PARTY, ALTERNATIVE, DIRECTION, PLACE.

sideboard, n. Spec. cellaret, buffet, dresser. sideway, a. lateral, sidelong, sideling, sideways (colloq.), sidewise, sideward; see BROADSIDE.

sideways, adv. sidelong, sidewise, laterally, sideward, sidewards, sideway, collaterally; see BROADSIDE, CROSSWISE, OBLIQUELY.

Antonyms: see LENGTHWISE.

siding, n. track (contextual), sidetrack (orig. U. S.); spec. pass-by.

sidie, v. i. side (rare), edge, skew; spec. crabsidle.

siege, n. investment, beleaguerment, leaguer (literary), besiegement (rare), blockade (chiefly spec.).

siesta, n. rest (contextual), nap; spec. meridian (rare).

sieve, n. tense (obs. or dial.; chiefly spec.), search (obsolescent), cribble (obsolescent); spec. screen, bolter, colander, drum, grate, grating, riddle, griddle, grizzly, harp (Scot.); see STRAINER.

sievelike, a. cribriform (tech.), cribrate (tech.), cribrose (tech.), coliform (rare);

spec. ethmoid.

sift, v. t. 1. separate (contextual), sieve, searce (obsolescent), cribble (obsolescent); spec. bolt, screen, riddle, garble; see STRAIN.

2. See discover, examine, discuss.

sigh, n. breath, suspiration (rare); spec. heigh-ho, sob, aspiration (rare).

Antonyms: see Laugh.

sigh, v. i. 1. breathe (contextual), suspire (rare), sough (literary or dial.); spec. heigh-ho, sob.

2. See LONG, SORROW, MOURN.

sight, n. 1. Referring to that which is seen: vision, view, show, beholding (archaic),

Cross references: see Note.
shrivel: contract, wrinkle.
shriveled: contracted, wrinkled.
shroud, v. t.: disguise, hide.
shrunken: contracted.
shuck: hull.
shuffle, v. t.: push, mix, manipulate.
shun: avoid.
shunt: switch.
shuttle: reciprocate.
shy, a.: distrustful, timid, bashful, elusive.

```
shy, n. & v. l.: throw.
sibilant: hissing.
sibilate: hiss.
sibilation: hiss.
sibyl: prophet, witch.
sibylline: oracular.
sickening, a.: nauseous, disgusting.
sickish: ailing, nauseous, diseased.
sickied: ailing, emotional.
sickly: ailing, faint, diseased, unhealthy, nauseous.
```

```
side, a.: lateral.
sideling, adv.: sideways.
sideling, a.: sideway.
sidelong, adv.: sideways.
sidelong, a.: sideway.
sidereal: starry.
sideward, adv.: sideways.
sideward, a.: sideway.
sideward, a.: sideway.
siege, v. t.: besiege.
sieve, v. t.: sift.
sigh, v. t.: mourn.
sightless: blind, invisible.
sightly: good-looking, viewy.
```

spectacle; spec. gawk, fright, eyesore,] guy; see SPECTACLE, VIEW.

Referring to the act of seeing something: perception (contextual), vision, view, spectacle, look, glimpse; spec. notice, contemplation.

3. Referring to the faculty or power of seeing vision, eyesight, seeing, view (rare), light (poetic or rhetorical).

Antonyms: see BLINDNESS.

4. Referring to the area open to eight. range, eyeshot, view, eye (now only fig., as in "out of one's eye").

5. Spec. target, vane, housse (French), dispart, pinnule, notch, leaf.

sightsee, v. i. Spec honize, slum. sign, n 1. See GESTURE, VESTIGE.

 indication, signification (rare or learned), mark, significative (rare or learned), token, note, signal (chiefly spec.), denotation (rare), ensign (archaic), signature (rare or tech), significant (rare), signum (Latin); epec. direct, discresis, collar, charact (archarc); see BADGE, NOTICE, COUNTERSIGN, PASSWORD, SYMBOL.

3. Referring to a business sign; spec. device, signboard, shingle (colloq.), post, bush (chiefly hist.), winebush (chiefly hist.), pole. 4. Referring to what indicates coming events: omen, portent, auspice (chiefly spec.), augury (rare), prognostication, presage, token, foretoken, presignification (rare), prognostic, boding, bodement (rare), prodigy (rare), ostent (rare); see BYMPTOM.

sign, v. t. 1. See SIGNAL.

2. confirm (contextual), subscribe; spec. countersign, letter, cross, initial, indorse.

2. sign, token (rare); spec. beacon, whis-tle, cry, oue (theatrics), catchword (chiefly theatrics), enunciator, flare-up, light, tar-get (U.S.), telegraph, semaphore, wave, wigwag, balk, assembly, reveille, tans, tattoo, beat, flam, chamade (French), troop, watchword; see GESTURE, ALARM.

signal, v. t. 1. inform (contextual), notify (contextual), sign (rare), signalize (rare), signify; spec. fugle, flame, whistle, flag.

2. See announce, distinguish.

signaler, n. signalman, spec. flagman. trumpeter, operator, sentinel, etc.

signaling, n. Spec. beckoning, waft (rare), wasture (rare), etc.; spec. heliography, telegraphy, etc.

signatory, a. signing, signatary; spec. cosignatory.

scription, subscript (rare), autograph, sign manual, hand (chiefly tech.); spec. mark, cross, frank, countersignature; see INDORSEMENT.

2. Referring to the act or action: subscription, signing, signation (rare), indorsement.

significant, a. 1. See EXPRESSIVE, IMPOR-TANT, EMPHATIC.

2. expressive, indicative, suggestive, mignificative; spec. presageful, ominous, prognostie, boding, bodeful, oracular, portentous, smister, consignificant; see THREATENING.

Antonyms: see EMPTY, MEANINGLESS. signity, t. t. 1. See EXPRESS, INDICATE,

MEAN, ANNOUNCE, SIGNAL. 2. indicate, denote, mean, betoken, augur, omen, portend (sep. evil), presignify (rare), preindicate, promise, foretoken, foreshow, foresignify (rare); spec. bode, symbolise, forebode, nod, announce, harbinger, prognosticate; see FORESHADOW. silence, n. 1. speechlessness, silentness, mumness, hush (imposed or enforced si-

Antonyma: see sprech, talk.

lence); see RETICENCE.

2. noiselessness, silentness, quiet, quietness, quietude, stillness, still, hush; spec. dead (of night).

Antonyms' see NOISE, DIN, SOUND, SOUND-

ING, UPROAR.

allence, v. t. 1. Referring to speech: hush, quiet, dumb, mum (collog. or rare), muszle (spec. or fig.), throttle (spec. or fig.).

2. Referring to the prevention of noise or of

the perceptibleness of noise: still, hush, quiet, quieten (rare), deafen or (archaic) deaf, drown.

Antonyms : see ROUSE.

\$. See disable, suppress, confutel,

silence, v. i. quiet, hush.

stlenger, n. Spec. mute, sordino (Italian), sordine, silentiary (rare), choker (slang), muffler.

silent, a. 1. speechless, mute (primarily spec), voiceless, dumb, quiet, mum (colloq.), husht (archaic), whist (archaic or rare), tacit (rare), conticent (rare), wistful (rare); spec. tongueless; see RETICENT. Antonyms: see UPROARIOUS, CLAMOROUS.

BOISTEROUS, NOISY.

2. noiseless, quiet, still, dumb, inauchble, stilly (poetic), hush (archaic), dumb (emphatic); spec. hushful, echoless (poetic or rhetorical), tuneless.

Antonyms: see LOUD, BOISTEROUS, NOISY, SILENT.

signature, n. 1. Referring to the mark: sub-T Cross references see Note.

algn, r 1 gesture algnal, a conspicuous, signal, r 1 gesture. signalise: aignal, distinguish,

indirate

eignalment: description.

significance: portance

algnification; expression,

significative: significant, symbolic, expressive indicative. aignory: lordship, domain,

3. See NONVOCAL.

silently, speechlessly, dumbly. adv. mutely, noiselessly, etc.

Antonyms: see ALOUD, NOISILY.

siliceous, a. silicious (less usual).

silky, a. 1. silken, sericeous (tech.), flossy; spec. satiny.

2. See INGRATIATING, SOFT, SMOOTH, DOWNY.

sill, n. Spec. threshold.

silly, n. featherhead, goosey;—all three collog.; see SIMPLETON.

silver, n. argent (archaic, poetic, or her.).

silver, a. argental (learned or tech.), argentine (rare), silvern (archaic or poetic), white (obs. or archaic).

silver-haired, a. white-haired, silvered.

silvery, a. 1. silver (chiefly poetic), argent (literary or tech.), argenteous (rare), argentine (rare).

2. See CLEAR, MELODIOUS.

simian, a. apelike, apish; spec. baboonish. catarrhine.

simian, n. ape (chiefly spec.), monkey, jackanapes (archaic); spec. Jocko, baboon, gorilla, catarrhine, etc.

similar, a. resembling, resemblant (rare); spec. like, alike (a predicative), such, consimilar, conspecific, conformable; see ANALOGOUS.

similarity, n. resemblance, similitude (rare); spec. likeness, alikeness (rare; a predicative), consimilarity (rare), parity; see analogy.

similarly, a. likewise (as in "to do likewise," etc.; archaic).

simple, a. 1. See ARTLESS, INSIGNIFICANT, MERE, UNAFFECTED.

2. simple-minded, innocent, unsophisticated, onefold (rare), guileless, inartificial, silly (archaic); see UNSUSPECTING.

Antonyms: see Affected, Artful.

3. plain; spec. homely, homelike, russet, rustic, rural, frugal, natural, native, homespun (fig.), Attic.

Antonyms: see ambitious, showy, lux-URIOUS, ELABORATE, FANTASTIC, GAUDY, ORNAMENTAL.

4. uncompounded, unmixed, incomposite (learned or rare), single, elemental or elementary, incomplex (rare); see PURE, UNADULTERATED.

Antonyms: see COMPLEX, COMPOSITE. 5. easy, plain, uninvolved, straightforward.

Antonyms: see Unsolvable.

simpleton, n. lighthead, simple, stupid, wantwit (archaic or literary), jay (slang or collog.), nincompoop (contemptuous; colloq. or slang), geck (obs. or dial.), gaby (collog. or dial.); spec. gawky or (undignified) gawk, greenhorn (colloq.), gander, gulpin, gull, noddy, gump (U.S.; vulgar), tony (rare or archaic), spoon (slang or colloq.), spoony (slang or colloq.), ninny, ninnyhammer, idiot (collog.), soft or softy (slang), ass, simpkin (rare), Gothamist or Gothamite (rare; fig.), booby (colloq. or slang), juggins (slang), jobbernowl (collog.), innocent (euphemistic), goose (colloq.), noodle; see BLOCK-HEAD (referring esp. to the lack of understanding), FOOL (referring to extreme deficiency of the faculty of understanding). simplicity, n. 1. Spec. artlessness, hum-

bleness, lowliness, unaffectedness. 2. simple-mindedness, simpleness, niaiserie (French), innocence, unsophisticat-

edness, unsophistication, naiveté, simplesse (archaic), silliness (archaic); spec.

unsuspiciousness, ignorance.

Antonyms: cf. the adjectives mentioned

under SIMPLE, 2.

3. plainness, simpleness, homeliness, simplesse (archaic), rusticity, frugality, naturainess.

Antonyms: see LUXURY.

4. uncompoundness (rare), incompositeness (rare); see PURITY.

5. easiness, plainness, straightforwardness.

simplify, v. t. disintricate (rare); spec. abbreviate (math.).

Antonyms: see COMPLICATE.

sin, n. transgression (formal), offense (contextual), wrong, wickedness, crime, piacle (rare), iniquity, debt (Biblical), trespass (rare or Biblical), error (contextual), peccancy (rare); spec. peccadillo.

sin, v. i. transgress (formal or literary), offend, trespass (Biblical), err (esp. in "to

err is human, to forgive divine").

since, adv. 1. See AGO.

2. subsequently, later, afterwards.

sincere, a. 1. See PURE.

2. In the sense of "not containing any element of insincerity": real, true, genuine, unfeigned, single (literary), unaffected, simple, honest, deceitless (rare).

Antonyms: see Insincere, specious,

TRIFLING.

3. In the sense of "characterized by sincer-

Cross references: see Note. silly: foolish, imbecile, unwise, absurd. silt: deposit. silvan, a.: woodland, woody.

similitude: counterpart, likeness, comparison, allegory. simmer: stew. simony: traffic. simper: smile.

simple, n.: ignoramus, simple-

simpleness: artlessness, simplicity. simulate: pretend, resemble. simulation: pretense, resemblance. simulative: resembling. ous. simultaneous: contemporane-

rural.

simile: comparison.

ity," and referring to persons, their actions, etc. honest, honorable, hearty, cordial, simple (rare or literary), single (literary), direct, straight (colloq.), straightforward, undecentful, fraudless (rare, single-hearted, whole-hearted, single-minded, heart-whole (rare), single-eyed (rare), heartful rare), unaffected, spec. devout. Antonyms. see Appected, insincere.

sincerity, n. 1. See PURITY.

2. reality, truth, trueness, genuineness, singleness (literary), simplicity, honesty. sterlingness.

Antonyms: see Insincerity.

2. honcesty, honorableness, heartiness, cordiality, cordialness, singleness (literary), single-heartedness, single-mindedness, whole-heartedness, devotion, similar, the control of the cordinal similar control of the cordinal similar control of the cordinal similar cordinal simi plicity (rare or literary, integrity, directness, straightforwardness.

Antonyms: see insincerity

cordy (rare), nervous (rare), nervy (rare).

3. See STRONG, FORCIBLE.

sinful, a. transgressive (rare), wicked, wrong, wrongful, piacular (, are), peccant (literary), sinning, peccable (literary); spec blamable, corrupt.

Antonyms' see SINFUL, BLAMELESS, HOLY,

INNOCENT.

sing, v 1 1. Spec lilt, melodize (rare,, descant, warble, chant (archaic or poetic), carol (chiefly poetic), melody (rare), choir (poetic), trollol (rare), yodel, hum, troll, singsong (rare), hymn, psalmodize, lullaby (rare)

2. Referring to birds: flute, whistle, pipe;

spec. warble, lilt, carol, crow.

B. See CRY, HUM, BING. sing, v t. 1. utter (contextual), raise (contextual), spec. lilt, chant (archaic or poetic), carol (chiefly poetic), warble, bear (in "to bear a part"; archarc), modulate (rare), choir (poetic), yodel, troll, intone, cantillate (rare), monotone, succent (rare), hum, timbrel, lullaby, pealm,

2. See intone, celebrate, proclaim. singer, n. 1. Referring to males or females. vocalist (rare), voice, songster; spec. descanter (rare), chanter (chiefly poetic), melodist (rare), warbler, caroler, chorister, precentor, orpheonist.

2. Referring to males: songman (rare), cantator (rare); spec. bass, barytone, tenor, falsetto, warbler, yodler, minstrel, bard, minnesinger, troubadour, gleeman, hymner, hymnist, Iliadist (fig.), rhapsodist, psalmodist, cantor, succentor.

3. Referring to females songstress, cantatrice (Italian); spec. chantress (poetic or archaic), soprano or (rare) sopranist, alto, contralto, nightingale (fig.), siren, prima

4. Referring to birds: song bird, songster, songstress (fem.); spec. warbler, whistler.

singing, a. cantatory (rare)

charm, cantillation (rare), intonement, humming, minstrelsy, hymnody.

2. See INTONATION.

single, a. 1. See ALONE (as being apart from others), INDIVIDUAL (as being considered separately), ONE (as being the only one), SIMPLE (as being made up of one part only), SINCERE, MERE.

2. sole; spec. celibate.

sink, n. 1. Spec. cesspool, hollow, drain. basin

Referring to a place where things sink in and are lost: spec. slough, mire, quicksand, hole.

8. Referring to a place of moral degradation: cloaca (fig.), sewer (fig.).

sink, v. i. 1. submerge (rare), subside (rare); spec. founder poach (in walking).

Antonyms: see EMERGE, FLOAT.

1. Referring to a giving way, as under emotion, etc.: fail, collapse, subside (chiefly spec.); spec drop, lapse; see FALL. 3. See Subside (referring to the lowering, as of a body of water, etc), PENETRATE, DESCEND, FALL, DEGENERATE, LANGUISH. DISAPPEAR, CHANGE.

sink, v. t. 1. submerge, submerse (rare); spec. plange, founder, swamp; see brown. Andonyms' see HAISE, FLOAT.

2. See Lower, insert, ignore, depress, LOSE, DEGRADE, ABASE, PAY, RUIN.

sinklike, a. colluvial (rare).

sinless, c. innocent, righteous, impeccable, blameless, unspotted; see HOLY. Antonyms: see WICKED, BINFUL, BLAM-

ABLE, CORRUPT.

sinner, n transgressor (which see), trespasser, offender, wrongdoer, malfeasant; spec. reprobate.

Antonyms see innocent. sinuosity, n. curve (contextual), crook (contextual), sinuation (rare), bend (contextual); spec. undulation, wave, wind, winding, flexuosity, crinkle.

Kar Cross references see Note. stnew: ligament, strength singer hurn. single, v. l.: separate, distinsingle-handed: unorded single-hearted: ancere singleness: sincerity, relibitely

singletree: whippletree singsong, a monotone singular; one individual, odd, extended in incompanies, and individual singularity; oneness individuality, oddity, quality singularize; distinguish, individualize Sinister: dishonest, harmful, wicked, eignificant, threatening, unfavorable ill-omened, left. sinistral: left almistrous: ill-omened. sinuate: sinuous sinuation: winding enuosity.

sinuous, a. crooked, curved, curving, sinuate, sinuated (rare), sinuose (rare), winding, undulating, wavy, zigzag (contextual); spec. flexuous (chiefly tech.), flexuose, vermicular, vermiculate, tortuous, circuitous, serpentine, anfractuous (rare).

Antonyms: see STRAIGHT.

sip, v. i. & n. sup.

sister, n. 1. Spec. cadette.

2. associate (contextual); spec. nun.

sisterhood, n. 1. sistership.

2. association (contextual), sisternity (rare; a barbarism); spec. nunnery.

sit, v. i. 1. Spec. set (referring to a hen; commonly considered bad usage), incubate (tech.), squat; see PERCH.

Antonyms: seestand, kneel, lie, bustle.

2. Referring to a body convening for business: meet.

3. See STAY, LIE, POSE.

sit, n. Referring to the act: sit-down (rare). "Sit" is rare.

sit, v. t. Spec. ride.

sitting, a. sedent (rare).

sitting, n. 1. Referring to the act: session (rare).

Antonyms: see Standing.

2. See session, seat.

situation, n. 1. See PLACE, POSITION, STATE.

2. juncture, scene.

six, a. senary (rare).

six, n. 1. Spec. sise or size (archaic or rare).

2. sextuplet (chiefly spec.), hexad.

six-angled, a. hexagonal or (rare) hexangular (learned).

six-columned, a. hexastyle (architecture). sixfold, a. sextuple (learned).

sixfold, v. t. sextuple (rare), sextuply (obs. or rare).

sixpence, n. kick (slang), tizzy (slang), size (slang; obs. or rare).

six-sided, a. hexahedral (learned or tech.). sixty, n. threescore; spec. sexagenary.

ness, greatness, grossness (archaic or obs.), quantity (cbs., exc. math.), amplitude (chiefly spec.; formal or literary); spec. measure, measurement, content, folio; see WIDTH.

2. See EXTENT, AREA.

size, v. t. 1. Spec. adjust, gauge.

2. See CLASSIFY, ARRANGE.

skein, n. Spec. bottom, hank, hasp.

skeleton, n. 1. anatomy (archaic, exc. spec.), atomy (archaic).

2. Referring to a very thin person or animal: scrag, gangrel (archaic), anatomy (archaic), atomy (obs. or jocular).

3. See STRUCTURE, OUTLINE.

skeptic, n. doubter, freethinker, minimifidian (rare); spec. Pyrrhonist.

Antonyms: see BELIEVER (cf. BELIEVE).

skeptical, a. doubtful, skeptic, spec. Pyrrhonian or Pyrrhonic.

Antonyms: see Believing.

skepticism, n. doubt; spec. Pyrrhonism, nihilism.

Antonyms: see Belief.

skill, n. 1. ability, expertness, dexterity, proficiency, cleverness, address, expertness, mastery, mastership (rare), masterhood (rare), technique (tech.), featness (archaic), cunning (archaic), sleight (archaic); spec. perfection, science, art, craft (rare), handicraft (rare), adroitness, handiness, deftness, adeptness, virtuosity.

Antonyms: cf. skillful.

2. See TACT.

skillet, n. saucepan, stewpan.

pert, habile (literary), canny (Scot.; archaic), clever, proficient, slick (slang), facile (chiefly literary), dexterous, good (contextual); spec. adept, masterly, clean, neat, perfect, deft, adroit, handy, ingenious, feat (archaic), cunning (archaic), artful (archaic), crafty (archaic), knacky (colloq.), wise, workmanly, workmanlike, scient (rare), sleighty (archaic), tight (chiefly dial.), dædal (chiefly poetical), Dædalian; see TACTFUL, TRAINED.

Antonyms: see UNSKILLFUL, AWKWARD, CLUMSY, CRUDE.

skim, v. t. 1. scum (rare), despumate (rare); spec. cream.

2. See cover, slight.

skimmed, a. Referring to milk: fleet (chiefly dial.).

skin, n. 1. Referring to the integument of a vertebrate: covering (contextual), integument (tech. or learned); spec. membrane, coat, hide, pelt, fell, rind, leather (slang), case (rare), jacket (colloq.), buff, felt (dial.), peltry (a collective), derma or (less usual) dermis, epidermis, cutis, cuticle, corium, scarf skin, sheath, parchment, mort, crop, kip, shagreen, butt, woolfell, parfleche, lambskin, deacon; see fur.

Tross references: see Note.
sir: master.
sire: father.
siren: monster.
sirrah: master.
siss: hiss.
site: place.
situate, v. t.: place.
situated: circumstanced.

sizable: considerable.
sizz: hiss.
sizzle: hiss, glow.
skate: glide.
skeletal: thin.
skelter: rush.
sketch, v. t.: outline.
sketchy: unfinished.
skew, a.: inclined.

skew, n.: inclination.
skewer: pin.
skid: slide.
skilful: variant of skillful.
skilled: skillful.
skim, n.: glance.
skim, v. i.: glance, glide.
skimp, a.: scanty.
skimp, v. i.: economise.

 Referring to the skin of various animals | other than the vertebrates, covering (contextual,, coat, integument; spec. tunic.

3. Referring to the covering of fruits spec

integument, peel, rind, epicarp (tech.), jacket (collog. or slang), parings (pl.); see HULL, BARK.

Antimyms: see PLESH.

4. See FILM, PACING, ENVELOPE, MEM-

BRANE, EXTVIUM.

skin, a dermal (tech ; often spec.), cuticular (often spec ,, integumental, cutaneous (often spec.); spec. epidermal (tech.), epidermic (tech.), epidermatous (rare; tech.).

bark (slang); spec. hide (rare), excoriate, decorticate (fig), pelt (obs.), case (cant or obs), scalp.

1. Spec. peel, pare, pill (archaic), rind (rare), bark; see DECORTICATE.

3. See COVER.

skinlike, a. dermatoid, dermoid, dermoidal; all three tech.

chinned, a bare (contextual), excorated (learned or tech.), raw.

skinny, a. 1. cutaneous, membranous.

2. See THIN.

skirmish, v. i. fight, pickeer (archaic). skirmisher, n fighter, tirailleur (French),

apec sharpshooter.

*kirt, n. 1. Spec. overskirt, petticoat, crin-oline, hoopskirt, jupe (French), basque, lappet, kilt, draggle-tails or (obs. or dial.) daggle-tails (pl), fustanella.

2. See BORDER, EDGE, SUBURB. skittish, a. 1. See FROLICSOME.

2. Of a horse; shy (rare), bogglish (rare) skull, n head (contextual,, headpiece (archair or collog.); spec. cranium (tech.), brainpan (archaic or tech.), braincase, skullcap, death's-head.

slag, n. 1. cinder, clinker, clink,

2. See LAVA.

stant, n. slope, inclination; spec. bias. steep; see SLOPE, INCLINATION clap, n. 1. stroke (contextual), blow (contextual); spec smack, cuff, clap, dab, box, sidehit, spank (chiefly spec.),

2. See CLAP, REPROOF

slap, c t. 1. strike (contextual), hit (contextual; spec. smack, cuff, clap, box,

3. Spec. reprove, clap.

slap, i. t. Spec. slipslop, slipslap; see FLAP. stattern, n. sloven, slut, drab, trollop, dowdy, dab (rare; colloq), trapes (colloq). , draggle-tail (collog), dolly (colloq ., slammakin (chiefly dial.).

slatternly, a. slovenly (which see), sluttish,

drabbish, dabbish (rare).

slaughter, n. 1. Referring to the killing of animals for food butchering, butchery (now chiefly or only as an attrib., as in "butchery business")

2. killing (contextual), butchery, carnage, slaughter; spec. bloodshed, massacre, holocaust, hecatomb.

slaughter, v t. 1. Sec BUTCHER. 3. kill (contextual), massacre.

slaughterer, n. butcher, butcherer, flesher (chiefly Scot.); spec. knacker.

alanghterhouse, n. butchery, abattoir (French; chiefly spec.), shambles (pl.; ob-

solescent or fig).
slave, n. 1. bondman, bondsman, neif
(hist.), sexf (chiefly spec.), bondmaid
(fem), bondwoman (fem.), bondslave, thrall (literary or hist), theow (archaic or hist.); spec. contraband (U. S.), black bird (colloq.), galley slave, native (hist.), gallerian (rare), odalisque, hierodule (Greek hist), mameluke (hist.), villem (hist), carl (obs. or hist.), vassal (hist), helot (Greek hist), peon (Spanish American), captive (hist.)

Antonyms' see MASTER.

2. See BUBJECT.

slavery, a 1. bondage, servitude, serviture (rare), thralldom (literary), enthrallment (rare), enthralldom (rare; chiefly fig.), thrall (archaic), yoke (fig.), slavedom (rare), seridom or seriage or serihood

Cross references see Note. skinfint: niggard anadine: niggara
altip, n. jump caper, glance, intermission, interpal, interspace,
omission
altip, o i jump, caper, glance,
depart skip, v t · omil, ignore, jump skipper: captain skirnish, n fight skirt, s t border, edge, pass. skirt, n sature rain skive, n paring skive, c t pare skuik, s 1 lurk, sneak, skuik, n shirk skulk, n shiri skunk: wreich sky: heaven skyward: heavenward elab: plate, fing board, table

slack, n coal slack, v t m moderate, loose, relax, slow, appease, abate slacken, s. t . retard, moderate, relax, loose, abate slacken, r 1 moderate, loose, relax abote slake, v 1 moderale slake, v 1 moderale, appeare, extinguish slam, n blow impact slander, Pξ disparagement, defamation slanderous: dispuraging.
slang, n jargon language,
slant, a inclined

plance, fall diverge. slant, v i elunt, of suctine alope alanting; suctined slantwise, adv obliquely, alantwise, a suctined alash, a blow, gash, etc, switch, alash, r t gash, reprove, switch, slash, r t strike slashing; sareaste, slat, a end slat, a for flap, slate; lable, list slat, n & z flap. slate: tablet, list slave, a servile
slave, r : enslave, drudge,
slaver, n slobber, nonsense.
slaver, r : d: t slobber elavish: cervile, base, abject. elay. kill eleavy: firmsy.

(chiefly spec.); spec. villeinage (hist.), vassalage (hist.), helotism (Greek hist.), peonage (Spanish Amer.), captivation.

Antonyms: see FREEDOM.

2. See DRUDGERY.

sled, n. 1. sledge, drag, boat (chiefly in "stoneboat").

2. sledge (chiefly Brilish), sleigh (chiefly spec.); spec. bobsled, bobsleigh, carriole (Canada), cutter (U. S.), pung (U. S.), train (Canada), toboggan, jumper (U. S. and Canada).

sleep, n. 1. rest (contextual), repose (contextual), slumber (chiefly spec. or used in pl.), balmy (slang), dormancy (rare or learned), sopition (rare), hypnosis; also (giving forms of profound sleep, in order of increased intensity) sopor, coma, stupor, lethargy, carus.

2. [cap.] Referring to the personification of sleep: Morpheus, Somnus, Hypnos (Greek myth.), Dustman (collog. used with "the"), Sandman (collog.; with "the").

3. Referring to a time or occasion of sleeping: rest (contextual), doss (slang or cant); spec. slumber, drowse, doze, nap, snooze (colloq.), nod, wink (colloq.), dog sleep, catnap, siesta.

4. See DEATH, NUMBNESS.

sleep, v. i. 1. rest (contextual), repose (formal or affected; contextual); spec. slumber, doze, drowse, nap, nod, snooze (colloq.), bundle, lie.

2. numb (*rare*).

sleepiness, n. sluggishness (contextual), drowsiness, heaviness, lethargy (literary or spec.), duliness (contextual), somnolence or somnolency (rare), oscitancy (rare), oscitation (rare); spec. doziness, hypnæsthesis (med.), kef or keif or kief (literary or (riental).

sleeping, a. asleep; spec. slumbering, dozing, dead, unwakeful (rare), dormant (lit-

erary or learned).

sleeping, n. slumbering, dozing, etc., dormition (rare); spec. incubation (Greek religion).

sleepless, a. slumberless, wakeful, insomnious, insomnolent (rare).

sleeplessness, n. wakefulness, insomnia. sleepwalker, n. somnambulist, somnambule (rare), somnambulator (rare).

sleepwalking, a. somnambulant.

sleepy, a. slumbery, slumberous, drowsy, heavy, heavy-headed, lethargic or (rare) lethargical (literary or spec.), Morphean (fig.), oscitant (rare); spec. dozy, nodding, dozing, etc., comatose (rare), somnolent or somnolescent (literary), dull (contextual).

Antonyms: see Wakeful.

sleeve, n. 1. arm; spec. gigot, mousquetaire (French), union (tech.), manche (obs. antiquarian, or her.), mancheron (her.).

2. In machinery: tube; spec. gland, thim-

ble, bush.

slender, a. 1. Referring to spare or poor animals: see thin.

2. Referring to an object: attenuated (literary), small, thin, slim; spec. slimmish, slight, gracile, lithe, fine, exile (archaic), delicate, tenuous, exiguous (rare), elongate, linear, waspy, spindling, threadlike.

Antonyms: see BIG, COARSE.

3. See MEAGER, SCANTY.

slenderness, n. 1. See THINNESS.

2. attenuation (literary), thinness; spec. tenuity, tenuousness, slimness, slightness, gracility (rare), fineness, exility (archaic), delicacy, exiguity (rare).

3. Spec. meagerness, scantiness.

slice, n. 1. piece (contextual), section (contextual), cut (contextual); spec. shaving, cantle, collop, bard, steak, rasher, flitch, chop, divot (Scot.), plit; see PARING.

2. See Knife, bar, shovel.

slice, v. t. section (contextual), cut (contextual), sectionize (rare); spec. leach (archaic); see PARE.

slide, v. i. 1. move (contextual), pass (contextual), glide, slip; spec. coast (U. S.), skid, toboggan, avalanche, glissade.

Antonyms: see Engage.

2. See STEAL.

slide, v. t. move (contextual), pass (contextual), slip; spec. skid.

slide, n. slip, glide; spec. coast (U, S), skid, glissade.

slight, a. 1. See slender, gentle, small, MEAGER, UNIMPORTANT.

2. weak, frail, flimsy, delicate, unsubstantial.

slight, v. t. 1. See disregard.

2. Referring to failure in doing something:

neglect, scamp, skim, slur.

3. Referring to treatment of others: neglect, snub, cold-shoulder (colloq.); spec. cut, ignore.

slime, n. 1. mud, ooze.

2. Referring to animal or vegetable substances: glair, gleet (rare, exc. spec.); spec. mucus, semen.

slimy, a. viscous (learned or tech.), slippery (contextual), lubricous (literary), lim-

Terross references: see Note. **sledge,** n.: sled.

sleek: smooth, plump. sleigh: sled.

sleight: trick, skill, trickery. slick, a.: smooth, plump, skillslick, v. t.: smooth, polish.

slighting: disrespectful, disregardful, disparaging. slim: slender. slime, v. t.: muddy.

ous (rare); spec. slobbery, mucous, muculent (rare), oozy.

eling, n. 1, slingshot; spec, catapult (British), shanghai (Australia), staffsling.

* See THROW.

sling, n. loop; spec parbuckle.
slipper, n. pantofie (chiefly hist.); spec. mule, papoosh or papouche or pabouch,

slipper-shaped, a. soleiform, calcuiform, calceolate, -all three tech. or learned

slippery, a. 1. smooth, lubricous (literary), slippy (colloq), gliddery (dial), shthery (dial), slither (dial), sliddery (collog.), lubric rare), lubricate (rare), see SLIMY. 2. See UNCERTAIN, ELUSIVE, DISHONEST, EVASIVE.

alit, n. 1. cut (contextual); spec. (in a dress) slash, pane, pink, jag (hist.).

2. See CLEFT.

slit, a cut (contextual), slashed, jagged (hist.), pinked.

stobber, v. 1. slaver, drivel, slabber, drib-bl., drool (dial or collog; U.S).

slabber, v. t 1. dirty (contextual), slaver, slabber, beslabber (an intensive), beslaver (an intensive; chiefly dial.), drivel (rare), bedrivel (an intensive; rare).

2. See UTTER.

slobber, n. Spec. saliva (learned or tech.), slaver, drivel, dribblings (pl.), slabber, dribble, drool (dial. or collog.; U.S.).

slope, n. 1. slant (contextual), ramp (chiefly tech); incline, inclination (rare as applied to the surface), cant (chiefly tech.); spec. pitch, declivity (considered as sloping downward), acclivity (considered as sloping upward), grade (U, S), gradient (Eng.), bevel, batter, bezel, talus, esplanade, counterslope, glacis, calade, hillside; see DESCENT, ASCENT.

2. Referring to the fact or condition: see

INCLINATION

stope, v. i. incline, slant, cant (chiefly tech.); spec recede, tilt; see DESCEND, ASCEND.

sloping, a. inclined, slant, sloped, aslant, aslope (rare, only predicative), declivitous (chiefly spec.); spec. shelving, shelvy, bevel, descending, ascending.

aloven, n. slouch (collog. or slang), slob

(collog. and inelegant), Grabian (literary; rare): see BLATTERN

Antonyms: see DANDY.

slovenliness, n. untidiness, frowziness, sluttishness (contemptaous), sluttery (obs.), slatternliness, etc.

slovenly, a. 1. untidy, unkempt, frowzy, blowzy, blowzed, sloppy (colloq.), slobbery (colloq.), slouchy (colloq.), grubby (colloq.), slipshod (primarily spec.), sluttish (very contemptuous), tacky (collog.); SEE SLATTERNLY

2. See Careless.

Antonyms: see DANDY.

slow, a. 1. See DULL, SLUGGISH, LATE, DE-LIBERATE.

2. unready, unhasty (rare), behindhand, behind.

Antonyms: see READY.

3. sluggish, slack, tardy, dilatory, lasy, unspeedy (rare), testudinous (rare; fig.); spec. gradual.

Antonyms: see SUDDEN, RAPID. slow, v. t. slacken, slack; see RETARD.

Antonyms: see QUICKEN. alow, v. i. slacken, slack. "Slow" is chiefly used with "up."

Antonyms: see quicken.

sluggard, n. slug (rare or archaic), do-little (collog.), drone (fig.), slugabed (archaic), lurdan (archaic).

sluggish, a. 1. inactive, dull, inert, slow, listless, sluggard, heavy, sleepy (fig. or spec.), drowsy, dopey (slang), torpid, torpent (rare), logy (U. S.; colloq.), sullen (literary), languid (fig. and literary), languishing (fig. and literary), lentitudinous (core), lymphatic (recent fig.), phlammatic (rare), lymphatic (rare; fig.), phlegmatic (rare or fig.).

Andonyms. see ACTIVE, ALERT, NIMBLE, RAPID

2. See DULL, INSENSIBLE, SLOW

sluggishness, n. inactivity, duliness, torpor, inertness, etc.

sluice, n. 1. gate; spec. hatch, waste, floodgate.

2. See CHANNEL.

slush, n. sludge, slosh; see MUD.

alushy, a. sludgy, sloshy (rare), plashy, sloppy, slipsloppy (rare); see MUDDY

slough, v t shed slough, v t scab.

Cross references: see Note ling, v. t. throw.

sling, v. t. throw.

sling, v. t. cop, houst.

slink, v. v. sted, smak.

slip, v. clay

slip, v. clay

slip, v. teash, gown, mattention, error, slide, glude, masslep, analanche blunder.

able v glide, shide, steal, pass, escape, err, misstep blunder alle, v i slide, place, remove, withdraw, free, loose, displace, miss, omit, avoid clipshod: slovenly

sliver: fragment. sloop: ship slop, n garment, trousers, slop, n · spill food slop, n · spill. sloppy: wel, slovenly, slushy, slops: drink, slot: hele. sloth: laziness

stouch, a clown, sloven, gail, droop stoop slouch, r : droop walk, slouch, r : mcline slough, n : mk march, pool slough, n : scab, exuruum.

slough, e e scab. sloughy: scabbed sludge: mud slue: turn deviate. alug: missile sluggard. a. lazy, sluggish, sluice, r t drain, wash, slumber: sleep. slumberous, slumbrous: slumbery: sleepy slump, o : fall, depreciate slur, c t disparage, slight, slush, c t . muddy.

small, a. 1. See SLENDER.

2. Referring to physical size: diminutive, little, lilliputian (fig. or allusive); spec. smallest, petite, dapper, pygmy or pigmy, fine, puny, elfin (fig.), minikin, miniature, lesser, toyish (rare), comminuted; MINUTE, DWARF.

Antonyms: see LARGE, IMMENSE, BIG,

COARSE, ENORMOUS, GRAND.

3. Referring to quantity or to some mental aspect or consideration: slight, narrow, limited, trifling, inextensive (rare), slender, little, light; spec. least, faint or (less emphatic) faintish, inconsiderable, dribbling, smallest, infinitesimal, petty, remote, less, nice, evanescent, skin-deep.

Antonyms: see Large, great, consider-

ABLE, GRAND, ENORMOUS. 4. See FEW, LOWLY, FAINT, SHRILL, IN-

SIGNIFICANT, WEAK, MEAN. small-headed, a. microcephalic, micro-

cephalous;—both tech. **smallpox,** n. pox (obs.), variola (tech.).

smart, a. 1. See BRISK, VIGOROUS, RAPID, INTELLIGENT, CLEVER, SHARP, STYLISH.

2. spruce, trim, fine, dapper, showy, natty (colloq.), chic (French), gallant (archaic); spec. smartish, stylish, saucy, rakish, perk (colloq.), elegant (colloq.), nobby (slang).

smatter, n. knowledge (contextual or euphemistic), smattering, smatch.

smatter, v. i. dabble.

smear, v. t. 1. See Anoint.

2. Spec. smirch, smudge, smutch, smut, stick, splotch, daub, bedaub (intensive), plaster, beplaster (intensive), besmear (intensive), besmutch (rare), besmudge (intensive), blur, gum, moil (archaic), coat, gaum (dial. or colloq.), clam (obs. or dial.), inunct (rare), oil, grease, begrease, rosin, butter, ruddle, pay, pitch, lime.

Antonyms: see Clean.

smear, n. smudge, smirch, smutch; spec. daub, plaster, blur, coat, glair.

smearing, n. smudging, smirching, smutty, etc.; spec. illinition (obs. or rare), unction (literary).

smeary, a. smudgy, smirchy (rare); spec. dauby, splotchy, blottesque, elc.

Antonyms: see CLEAN.

smell, n. 1. Referring to the sense or faculty: | smooth, a. 1. See EVEN. nose, scent, flair (French).

2. Referring to the act: sniff, snuff, scent; olfaction (rare).

3. odor, scent (chiefly spec.); spec. stink, stench, fume, mephitis (tech.), malodor, tang, perfume (often in a generalized literary use), aroma, incense, flavor, redolence, fragrance or (less usual) fragrancy, nosegay, savor, essence (archaic), bouquet, hogo (obs. or dial.), drag, nidor (obs. or rare), empyreuma.

4. See TRACE.

smell, v. t. 1. scent, nose (rare), savor (rare); spec. snuff, sniff.

3. See DISCOVER, SUSPECT.

smell, v. i. 1. nose (rare); spec. sniff, snuff, scent.

2. savor (archaic), scent (rare); reek, stink, draw.

smelt, v. t. fuse, melt, reduce, run.

smile, v. i. grin (spec. or depreciatory); spec. smirk, simper, fleer, sneer.

Antonyms: see CRY, FROWN.

smiling, a. grinning (spec. or depreciatory);

spec. smirking, etc.

smith, n. worker (contextual), forger, Cyclops (fig.; classical myth.), hammerman (rare), hammersmith (rare); spec. striker, tilter, blacksmith, whitesmith, goldsmith, silversmith, locksmith.

smoke, n. 1. fume (archaic), smudge (now U. S.), reek (literary or Scot. & dial.); spec. smolder, smother, suffumigation (rare), pother (rare), funk (slang); see in-CENSE.

2. See haze, exhalation, dust.

smoke, v. i. 1. fume, reek (literary or Scot. & dial.); spec. smolder, smudge (rare), smother (contextual), funk (slang), lunt (Eng.).

2. See Rush, Rage.

smoke, v. t. 1. fumigate, fume, reek (literary or Scot. & dial.); spec. besmoke, smudge, suffumigate (rare), tobacconize.

2. Referring to tobacco or opium: puff.

smoker, n. puffer, tobacconalian (nonce word); spec. piper (rare), pipeman (nonce word).

smoky, a. 1. fumy, fuliginous (literary or learned), fumose (rare); spec. reeky, smudgy.

2. See hazy, spraylike.

2. Referring to absence of physical rough-

Cross references: see Note. **slut:** slattern, bitch. sluttery: slovenliness. sly: artful, stealthy, hidden. smack, n.: slap. kiss. smack, v. t.: sound, slap, kiss. smack, n.: taste, trace. smack, v. i.: taste, savor. smack, v. t.: taste. smallest: minute, small. small talk: gossip.

smart, n. & v.: pain. smarten, v. t.: spruce. smash, v. t.: shatter, crush, strike, destroy, overwhelm. smash, v. i.: dash, crash, strike, shatter, fail. smash, n.: blow, collision. crash, failure. smatch, n.: trace, smatter, smattering: smatter. smelly: odorous.

smirch, v. t.: soil, stain, smear, discredit. smirch, n.: smear, stain, dissmirk: smile. smirking: smiling, affected. smite, n.: stroke. smite, v. t.: strike, kill, affect, afflict. enamour. smite. v. 1.: strike. smolder, r. i.. burn, smoke, smolder, n. fire smoke.

MORE OF THE PRESIDENT PARK BUSINETHE mine after seam seams are referred the men, kindy kind French man it kirikula kirik 79.40 FILLENSE. TIP-MERCHANTELL NO. gride fill by hillery willist

TLY PERIETY WELTER.

& agreement which we case, busing bus is the seconder. Butterforest stational smake worship. Ignatustry. the state of the s the for the some memoria T27! OUT WHILE BUILD FULL ON PLATEURE IS-CRETILITIES, LORELLES

Andrews: we estor, bears, butst. CRAKELL.

L. In reference to the room of a mountain. wind the continue with the livery . pure the setting a raining his wing. TENER ELLY SA : EPPL LECTION OF

ATUMYMA: WE HAKEH.

S. 1966 CALM, TARVENTATE, BLAND.

smooth, t. l. L. M. EVEN.

2. MILLARIES. TOTA; Epoc. Blick, Block. mercen, non, punce, roll. He. pource. Boat, unknit, velure, unwrinkle, dub. place, hander, placeh; see Polish.

Anumyma: we whatch, educates. WEAPE, CORREGATE, DISHEVEL, PUCKER. 8. Nee Guize, Handle, Calm, Flatter. ZAF.K.

smooth-haired, a. Eintrichous, lissotricturist; —takk lech, or learned.

Ardmymus: we would H.

smuggled, a. uncustomed (rare), run (card).

smuggler, n. freetracies condexival or! hist., runner (cant), contrabandist (rare or literary.

smuggling, n. free trade contextual or hist., contraband (literary,

smut, n. 1. mark, black (esp. in pl.), sinudge, crock; see BMEAR.

3. See want.

sname, n. bridle; spec. bridoon.

snail, n. gastropod, hodmandod or dodman (now chiefly dial.).

snail-like, a. limaceous (tech.). snail-shaped, a. cochleate (tech.).

chiefly used of the birger or more venomous species, or rheterical, ophidian (tech.), where exchange spec vices diseas. Hy-The Greek night. Printer Greek registe.

spake a seriell serielle, grande Work . Of the Tary . Shill the

make-charming a prime tore.

Arbeigna we recolled eville exist snakelika a sukly serventionen fresh. serventine continue works charge eyec.); PROFESSION OF THE PARTY OF THE

SMAP. 1. L. L. MR ETTE. SELEE STATES. SETT. FIEL BELAK

2. SOUTH A STREET PARK CONCRETE BOY COLORER. & year concerned, fig. fig. spec. THE TANK.

snap, t. i. L. Mc Bitt. GRASP. TYPER, EPILL.

कामने कालो: काल कोले.

2. jerk ordentud . Lip. Lim: spec. fick,

shap, v. L. Mr eite. Grasp. Break. Prost.

2. sound ordertun . Crack report: spec. CTECLE: ME CLICK.

2. jerk 'contextua', filip, flip: spec. flick,

smare, n. 1. trap ornicatual, noose, springe, shart the or did.; spec. springe, 2. Fig.: NOT TRAP.

snare, r. i. L. trap 'contextual', ensnare, catch, roose 'rore', sparl jobs, or dial.): spec. wire.

2. See TRAP.

snarl, r. i. growi, gnar (rare or dial.). girn The or dia.

sneak, r. i. 1. skulk, slink, lurk, crawl, slip 'rare . miche 'obs. or dial.).

Antonyme: see STALK.

2. See CRINGE.

sneak, n. sneaker, skulker, slinker, sneaksby 'rare or obs.'.

sneaking, a. 1. furtive (literary), sneaky, slinking, skulking.

Anionyms: see frank.

3. See ABJECT, MEAN.

snell, n. snood. "Snell" is an Americanism. sniff, v. i. 1. spurn (literary), snuff (obsolescent).

3. Nee INHALE.

snake, n. reptile (contextual), serpent (now | snivel, v. i. sniffle; spec. see whine, cant. **snob,** n. flunkey, lackey, toady.

Autonyms: see Gentleman, Lady.

VAT (.7013 references: see Note. smooth, n.: gloss. smooth-faced: heardless. smother, v. l.: sufficate, hide, repress, suppress, deceler, extinguish. smother, v. i.: sufficiale, smoke, burn. smother, n.: smoke, fire, dust,

haze. smoulder: variant of amolder. smudge: smear. smudge, n.: smoke, fire.

smudgy: emoky, smeary. smug: tuly, self-naturfied. smutch, v. t.: smear, stain. smutty, a.: blackened, smeary, indecent. snack: lunch, meal. snag: slump, projection, ob-

stacle, tooth. snaky: anakelike. deceitful. treacherous, winding. snappish: curt, irascible.

snarl: langle. snarly: irancible, ill-tempered. snatch, r. t.: seize, sove. snatch, n.: seisure, piece, meal, song, strain. sneer: smile, laugh, joer. sneering: smiling, contemptysnicker: laugh. sniff, v. t.: inhale, examine, perceire, smell, suspect, utter. snime: snivel. snigger: laugh. snip, v. t.: cut. snip, n.: piece, particle, cut.

snobbery, n. Spec. flunkeydom, flunkey-

snort, v. i. snore (dial.), snortle (dial.). Antonyms: see snuff.

snow, n. meteor (tech.; contextual), fleece (fig.); spec. flurry, slush, sleet, Firn (German), névé (French).

snowfall, n. snow; spec. snowstorm, flurry (contextual), blizzard, buran.

snowy, a. snowish, niveous (rare).

Antonyms: see CLEAR.

snub, a. Referring to the nose: snubby, retroussé (French), rhinocerical (obs.). Antonyms: see AQUILINE.

snuff, v. t. 1. Referring to a candle: crop, snift (rare).

2. See EFFACE.

snuff, v. i. 1. inhale (contextual), sniff, snift (now chiefly dial.); spec. snuffle. Antonyms: see SNORT.

2. See SMELL.

snuffbox, n. tabatière (French).

snuggle, v. i. snug, nestle, nuzzle, cuddle, hug, crowd, snoozle (rare).

soak, v. i. 1. seethe, steep; spec. souse. Antonyms: see DRY.

2. See DRINK.

soak, v. t. 1. drench (contextual); spec. infuse (rare or tech.), steep, seethe, sodden, souse, sop, sob (Eng. dial. and U. S.), macerate.

Antonyms: see DRY.

2. See Drench, Absorb.

8. Referring to plying with drink: liquor (slang), liquefy (slang or jocular).

soaked, a. Spec. sodden, sozgy, pappy, poachy, soppy.

Antonyms: see DRY.

soapiness, n. saponacity (jocular; rare). soapy, a. saponaceous (tech. or learned); | spec. lathery.

soar, v. i. 1. fly (contextual), plane (rare, exc. of an aëroplane).

2. See FLY, RISE.

sob, n. cry (contextual), singult (archaic), singultus (rare).

Antonyms: see LAUGH.

sobbing, a. singultient (rare).

sober, a. 1. See MODERATE, SERIOUS, AB-STEMIOUS, CALM, DULL, ACTUAL, MATTER-OF-FACT.

2. sedate, serious, staid, grave, solemn, commonplace, demure; spec. matronly, matronal, heavy.

Antonyms: see amusing.

3. unintoxicated (formal or rare).

Antonyms: see drunken, intoxicated.

sober, v. t. 1. solemnize, soberize (rare),

Antonyms: see Intoxicate.

2. See MODERATE, DULL.

sobriety, n. sedateness, seriousness, solemnity, etc.

sociable, a. 1. See social.

2. companionable, social, conversable, vis-à-vis (French), intersocial (rare), intercommunicative (rare); see Affable, con-VIVIAL.

Antonyms: see unsociable.

social, a. 1. See sociable.

2. sociable, gregarious; spec. republican. socialism, n. Spec. collectivism, communism, communalism.

society, n. 1. See companionship, asso-CIATION.

2. Referring to the state: community (rare); spec. democracy, aristocracy.

8. company (now less usual than "society"), fashion, monde (French); spec. bonton (French; obs., rare or jocular), swelldom (colloq.).

 \mathbf{sock} , n. 1. See shoe.

2. half-hose.

socket, n. hole, pan (rare), nozzle (rare), pit; spec. bucket, alveolus, budget (hist.). tabernacle, step, pad, orbit, gudgeon, pyxis, acetabulum, cotyle, crapaudine.

sod, n. 1. Referring to a piece: clod, turf,

divot (Scol.).

2. Referring to the surface of the ground: grass, turf, sward, grassland, greensward (rhetorical or poetic). "Sod" is the ordinary word, which often is used in poetic or emotional contexts.

soia, n. couch, settee (chiefly spec.); spec. tête-à-tête (French), causeuse (French),

squab.

soft, a. 1. Nee Gentle, Mild, Faint, Easy, POLITE, SMOOTH, EUPHEMISTIC, EFFEMI-NATE, FOOLISH, AFFECTIONATE, KIND, IM-PRESSIBLE, COMPLAISANT.

2. yielding (contextual); spec. mellow, mushy, pasty, squashy, waxen, silky, silken, velvet, velvety, crummy, doughy, downy, creamy, fleecy, flabby, flaccid, pulpy, plastic; see CRUMBLY.

Antonyms: see HARD, RIGID. soften, v. t. 1. See mitigate.

2. mollify, milden, sweeten, attemper (literary), intemper (rare), mellow, tender (rare), humanify, humanize, melt, touch, dulcify (literary), unstarch (rare; fig.), relax, gentle (rare); see ENERVATE, EF-FEMINATE.

Cross references: see Note. snood: fillet. snore, v. t.: breathe. snore, n.: breath.

snort: laugh.

snowstorm: snowfall. snub, v. t.: reprove, slight, check. snuffle: snuff. snug, a.: comfortable, compact, snout: nose, beak, spout. hidden.

snowslide: avalanche.

snug, v. i.: enuggle. soaring: ambitious, high, devaled. **80b**, v. i.: cry. sobriquet: name. **sodden:** soaked.

A 1600 your see Eugetter. Flavett.

I deposit of in injuried affiness million tite, tenden out it the Thuland the property of the contract o CIV TIRMETLE

La fragion of the continue of the in the 2000 ور 44 مناه مو د ۲۰ د و ---consecting form of the experience taking events ammine Till.

Antimopma we concert hades will-77

soften. " 1 1. Ten A.T. LTD.

2. Marity Milden a vorten melity mel-CARRICO POLICE WARRENT

softening to 1. tex Contraction

2 mountainer everetaile literation the meaning thetherical the 151272 1.S.

 moundation for fendeming triefly MALA CAROLL THE fore relaxation for execution for ethologophies malacia materialica.

soft-spoken, a Mindia. Menty is Menty-MONTON OR VINTER PLATFIELD SWOOTE. A PARMAYMA NOR REST LA ATRIT BUTTE.

soil a least writing the whitereal college spectation of the second section IN ATOM, APOLL TO THE A 12 Tours Tours 2005.70.

2. Her COUNTRY.

soll, v. l. 1. disty, a my fortigly weren or elegated; agen, to ... the ... define there! an interested two my an interested deface, tegritie, joil i'e, mick wor migar. tar, gream, temple, theirib, fingermark. finger, track, greate, tmeat. tmirch. etain, muddy, elobber, draggle, daggle. blacken, alop.

Anumyma: we clean, purify.

2. Noc contaminate.

solled, a. dirty, sullied, soily: spec. greaty. thumbed, fingermarked: 200 SMEARY. MUDDY, DRAGGLED, BLACKENED.

Anumyma: Ree DIRTY, CLEAN, PURE, SPINTERS.

solling, n. dirtying, soilure 'rare,; spec. defilement, befoulment (rare), defacement, pollution.

solar, a. heliac or heliacal (rare).

solder, v. t. exment (rare; contextual, conferruminate (rare); spec. soft-solder, TOPICAS:

Anlemyma: see BREAK.

zoldler, n. warrior (literary or elevated), sole, v. t. tap; spec. half-sole, cork. man-of-war (archaic or jocular), man-at- sole, a. plantar (tech.).

- rout ir routly sing: British. elalaticative wing. Correct . Holds designed i du com Elli allure ming mar-Talain the street of the female com-The mariner organism this was manually arbineer. namical of Front Long aum . carpet AND THE REPORT OF THE PARTY. lan li uli -l ulum ulmq ledendare, fedeindustrial France Dersagliere incemua. Tislier B.C.s. IT TUR. . gendarme Jones Inches I d'aconfederate Enablet full teman, harqueousier ir urqueousier dagdunk. Hessian, concle break that a migerial jayhawker parameter of parameter Turkish tur jarenneer jemaint East Indian), aren alam alame, aleguenet, lescar Zian Indian . liesman, lobster i slone: British mamerice risk, marine, militars", miler, mousquetaire French , mussereet, musketoon, myrmiden, partisan, percent Greek hus. . perinsular, provinnal, petartiers in petartier, pioneer, pistoper, portoriner, pretorian **Roman** nud - mager, maggaree, redoo**at, regular,** ndemaa, ratter arthuw, saber, sapper, seriously Argu-Indian sentinel, sepoy, - Arguelation servitor obs. or artrau . Sower. Spani. Spearman. striker with targeteer, territorial, timariot Turbuch that. Turco, uhlan, velite (Roman hist., voltageur French , jager, yeoman British. Zouave. Hessian (hist.). amazon. Tommy Atkins or a for short) Tommy B-tiles, doughboy (U, S_i) , Sammy Cangi rare: U.S., boche (slang; a Green pollu a French soldier); see INFANTRYMAN. CAVALRYMAN.

soldierly, a. warlike, military, martial, soldiery, n. multary, legion primarily Roman hist, and spec. . troops (pl.), forces 'pl.: *pec. rank. ranks | pl. |, line, militia. trainband, immortals (pl.), Ironsides (pl., rifle, horse, gendarmery (French), lootie (Anglo-Indian:, lashkar (East Indian), musketry, charlotry, landsturm (Ger., Swedish, etc.), landwehr (Ger., Swedish, etc.), opalchenie (Russia), reserves (pl.), redif (France).

sole, n. tread; spec. insole, outsole, clump;—referring to a shoe.

rems (archaic or jocular), sojer (dial. or solicit, v. i. Spec. canvass, drum, tout (cant).

Bar Crint reserences, see Note. soggy: noaked. soll, n : discoloration, stain, conlamination, sewage, excrement. polzán: reception. solourn, v. 1.: stay, dwell.

so)ourn, n.: slay, residence,

abode. solace: cheer. solacement: cheering. solder: cement. soldier, r. i.: malinger. sole, a.: single, alone, unique, solecism: barbarism, imprepriety, error, blunder. solemn: religious, formed, seriour, sober, impressive. solemnize: observe. solicit, v. t.: ask, court, attract, canvass, try, ply.

exclusive, mere.

SOPRANO

solicitor, n. 1. See LAWYER, ASKER.

2. Spec. canvasser, drummer, runner, tout (cant), touter (cant).

solid, a. 1. cubic (math.); spec. hard, congealed, frozen; see CONCRETE.

Antonyms: see FLUID, LIQUID, VAPOR-OUS.

2. Spec. massive (which see), compact (which see).

Antonyms: see Hollow.

8. See FIRM, STRONG, UNINTERRUPTED, UNMIXED, ACCOUNTABLE.

solidification, n. hardening, concretion, consolidation, etc.

solidify, v. t. 1. harden, concrete (chiefly spec.), set, consolidate, fix; spec. plot; see CONGEAL, COAGULATE, CONDENSE, PETRI-FY, CRYSTALLIZE.

Antonyms: see SOFTEN, EVAPORATE.

2. See UNITE.

solitude, n. Spec. loneliness, seclusion, desert.

solstice, n. sunstead (archaic), standing (archaic).

soluble, a. dissolvable.

Antonyms: see Insoluble.

solution, n. 1. resolution (formal or tech.); spec. unriddling, unraveling; see EX-PLANATION, ANSWER.

2. See END, TERMINATION, DISSOLUTION, DISSOLVING.

3. Spec. decoction, apozem (rare), cremor (rare), sirup, lixivium, alloy.

solve, v. t. 1. resolve, do (contextual), unravel, unriddle, work (colloq.); see Answer, EXPLAIN.

2. See TERMINATE, DISSOLVE, DISCHARGE. solvent, a. 1. In finance: sound, solid, good, reliable, responsible.

2. Referring to the dissolving of something: resolvent, dissolvent, resolutive, diluent; —all tech. or less usual than "solvent."

solvent, n. resolvent, menstruum, dissolvent, diluent;—all tech. or less usual than "solvent."

somehow, adv. someway or someways (now chiefly dial.).

someone, n. somebody, quidam (rare); spec. so-and-so.

Antonyms: see NOBODY.

sometime, adv. somewhen (rare).

Antonyms: see NEVER.

sometimes, adv. sometime (now rare), somewhile or somewhiles (archaic or rare).

Antonyms: see NEVER.

somewhat, adv. something, rather, slightly, some (now colloq. U. S. or dial.).

somewhere, adv. Referring to motion: somewhither (rare or archaic).

Antonyms: see NOWHERE.

son, n. 1. child (contextual); spec. cadet, dauphin; see INFANT.

Antonyms: see Parent, father, mother.

2. See descendant.

sonant, a. sounding; spec. phonetic; see VOCAL.

descant (literary or poetic), chant (poetic or tech.), ditty, note (poetic), lay, strain, pæan, snatch, canticle, rune, chansonette (French), aubade, canzone (Italian), canzonet, carmagnole, catch, choral, chorus, dithyramb, dithyrambic, epinicion (literary), glee, hunt's-up, jorram lay, lilt (chiefly Scot.), lullaby, madrigal, Marseillaise, matin, noël, Orphic, prothalamium, round, roundelay, scolion, serenade, chanty, sonnet, stornello (Italian), villanella (Italian), warble, hymn, dirge; see BALLAD.

2. See POETRY, POEM.

sonorous, a. sounding; spec. see RESONANT. soon, adv. 1. presently, quickly, shortly, anon (archaic), forthwith (emphatic), betimes (rare, exc. literary), briefly (obs.).

Antonyms: see NEVER.

2. See EARLY.

soot, n. carbon, smut, crock (rare), coom (Scot. or local Eng.), fuliginosity (rare).

sooty, a. 1. corky, smutty, fuliginous (literary).

2. See DARK.

sop, n. morsel (contextual), sippet.

sophomore, a. junior sophister (Eng.), student (contextual), soph (colloq.). "Sophomore" and "soph" are now U.S. only.

soporific, a. somniferous (rare), somnific (rare), somnolent (rare), somnificationt, sleepy (rare), drowsy (rare), slumberous (rare), dormitive (rare), soporiferous, hypnotic (rare), papaverous (fig.), soporous (rare); see NARCOTIC.

Antonyms: see STIMULATING.

soprano, n. descant (hist.), canto (cant).

Cross references: see Note.
solicitous: anxious, careful.
solicitude: anxiety, care.
solidarity: unity, community.
soliloquy: monologue.
solitaire: hermit, gem.
solitary, a.: alone, secluded, lonely.
solitary, n.: hermit.
somber: dark, depressed, depressing, dull.
some, n.: part.

some, adv.: somewhat.
somebody: someone, personage.
somnambulist: sleepwalker.
somnolence: sleepiness.
somnolent: sleepy.
sonant, a: vocal.
song bird: singer.
songful: melodious.
songster: singer.
sooner: rather, before.

soothing: calming, sedative, miligating.
soothsay, v. i.: predict.
sop, v. t.: soak, drench, absorb.
sophism: argument, fallacy.
sophist: prevaricator.
sophistic: absurd.
sophisticate: prevaricate, adulterate, fake, falsify.
sophistry: prevarication, reasoning.
soppy: soaked.

soothe: pacify, calm, mitigate.

ore, n. Spec. raw, ulcer, abscess, fistula, pumple, canker, gangrene, impostume (rare), fester, felon, boil, carbancle, exulceration (rare), binin, crepance, etc.

sore, a 1. See Painful, sensitive, oppres-

SIVE, INTENSE.

3. Spec raw, ulcerated, ulcerous, cankered, gangrened

sorority, n. society (contextual), club (contextual), sorosis; spec. Doreas society, sisterhood.

corrow, n. 1. Referring to the mental state, or experience: distress, pain, grief, mourning, lamentation, wor, woefulness, regret, dole (archaic or bookush), dolor (poetic), heartache, heartbreak, bale (literary; rarc), disconsolation, disconsolateness, ruth (archaic), rue (archaic), grame (archaic), teen (archaic), discomfort (rare).

Antonyms see REJOICING.

3. Referring to what causes sorrow distress, grief, pain, heart-sore (rare), heart-

break, discomfort (rare).

3. Referring to the outward manifestation. see MOURNING.

sorrow, v. i 1. Referring to the mental state: grieve, lament, mourn; spec. sigh.

Antonyms: see REJOICE.

- 2. Referring to outward acts: see MOURN.
 sorrowful, a 1. sad, grievous, grieved,
 mournful, sorry (now rare and literary or
 learned), griefful (rare), lugubrious, heartsore, broken-hearted, woeful, woebegone,
 trist (archave), doleful, dolorous (literary),
 baleful (rare), lamentable (rare), funereal.
 Antonyms see GLAD.
- 3. See LAMENTABLE.

sortilege, n. sortition (rare); see DIVINA-

soul, n. 1. spirit, breath (obs. or hist.), pneums (hist.), shade (obs. or hist.), shadow (obs or hist.), nephesh (Heb.; hist.), entelechy (rare), psyche (learned or myth.), mind, interior, ghost (archaic). Antonyme: see BODY.

a. heart.

- 3. See FEELING, ESSENCE, PERSON, SPIRIT. soulless, a. 1. Spec. inanimate, brute.
- 2. See UNFEELING, BASE, EXPRESSION-LESS.
- sound, a. 1. See healthy, bane, valid, logical, orthodox, intact, honest, bolvent, drep, sweet.

2. uninjured, unimpaired, incorrupt (rare or archaic).

cound, v. t. 1. Referring to water: examine, plumb, fathom.

2. Sec Examine,

blast, boom, bourdon, bazz, cacophony, chime, chink, chirm, chir, clang, clank, clap, clash, clatter, click, clink, cloop, clunk, crack, crackle, cropitation, crack, crackle, cropitation, crack, crunch, decrepitation, din, dingdong, discord, drone, drum, dub, flump (colloq), gluck, glug, guggle, gurgle harmony, hem, hurtle, jungle, jar, jungle, jungle-jangle, jow (Scot. or Eng. dual.), klop, knull, lisp, melody, moan, murmur, muffle, pat, phone (uch.), plash, plunk (colloq.), purl, râle (French; med.), roll, shill, smack, voice (often fig.), splash, souse, stroke, swish, tang, tap, thud, tick, ticktack, toll, tone, toot, trumpet, twang, volley, wash, whistle, word, sip; see Noise, Whisper, Mummur, RUSTLE, HUM, CLICK, NOTE, MELODY, HINGLE, HISS, RING, etc. The foregoing list is but a few of those that might be given or referred to.

Antonyms: see BILENCE.

2. See HEARING.
sound, v. i. go (contextual), consonate
(rare), speak (fig. or transferred sense);
spec. bang, beat, blare, blow, boom, buzz,
chime, chink, chirm, chir, clang, clank,
clop, clap, clash, clatter, click, clink,
crack, crackle, crepitate, creak, crick,
crick-crack, crump, crunch, decrepitate,
crick-crack, crump, crunch, decrepitate,
chin, ding-dong, drone, gluck, guggle, gurgle, bum, jangle, jar, jingle, jow (Scot.
or Eng. dial.), knell, lisp, moan, murmur,
outring (poetic), pat, plash, plunk (collog.), purl, roll, roop, shrill, smack, speak,
splash, strike, swish, tang, tap, thud, tick,
toll, toot, trumpet, twang, volley, whistle,
hiss, ring, etc.

blare, blow, boom, bugle, buss, chime, chink, chirm, clang, clank, clap, clapper, click, clink, crack, creak, crunch, decrepitate, drone, gurgle, hum, jangle, jar, jingle, jow (Scot. or Eng. dial.), lisp, pat, play, pluck, plunk (colloq.), roll, shrill, smack, speak, tap, tick, toll, toot, twang, whistle, wind, ring, hiss, etc.

2. See ANNOUNCE, CELEBRATE, sounder, n 1. leadsman (tech.).

2. See LEAD.

sounding, a 1. sonorific (learned or rare); spec. crepitant, crepitating, horrisonant, drony, ringing, melodious, jingling, etc.; see NOISY.

Antonyms see SILENT.

2. See BOMBASTIC, PRETENTIOUS.

[ar Cross references see Note.
sorceret: magician
sorcery: magic hewitchment
sordid: foul, filthy, mean, selfish, shingy, merchary, base

sorrel: red corriy: poorly sorry: sorrouful, regretful, mean, contemptible sort, v t classify, pack. sort, v = asocialo. tort, n kind, class, manner, nortie: issue tot drunkard sottish: drunken, sough: murnur, sigh. sound, n channet.

sounding, n. sonation, sonifaction;—both rare and tech.

Antonyms: see SILENCE.

soup, n. potage (French), pottage, broth; spec. purée, consommé, bouillon;—all French.

sour, a. 1. acid, tart, sharp; spec. vinegarish, vinegary, vinaigrous (rare), foxy, dry; see ACID.

Antonyms: see SWEET, SUGARY.

2. See ILL-TEMPERED, ROUGH, DISAGREE-ABLE, ACRIMONIOUS.

sour, v. t. 1. turn; spec. prick, vinegar (rare), verjuice, fox (cant), acidulate (tech. or learned).

2. See EMBITTER.

Antonyms: see sweeten.

- which water flows: origin, spring, head-spring, springhead, fountainhead, fountain (rare), head (contextual), wellspring (rhetorical or rare), wellhead (rare), issue (rare).
- 2. Referring to that which affords or gives rise to something: origin, original (rare), beginning (rare); spec. parent (fig.), birthplace, cradle (fig.), cunabulum (literary), nidus (fig.; literary), root, radix (rare), fountain (rare), fountainhead (rhetorical; fig.), wellspring (poetic; fig.), provenance or provenience (learned or tech.), seminary (rare or tech.), derivation, hand (fig.), primordium (rare).

Antonyms: see OUTCOME.

southern, a. south, southerly, austral (literary), southron (chiefly Scot.), meridian (rare), meridianal, high (contextual); spec. southward.

Antonyms: see NORTHERN.

southerner, n. southron (chiefly Scot.). south wind, n. south (chiefly poetic), Notus (rare).

sovereign, n. 1. See RULER, MONARCH.

2. Referring to the British coin: shiner (slang), chip (slang), James (slang), gold-finch (slang), quid (slang).

sovereignty, n. 1. See SUPREMACY.

2. Spec. referring to the position, power, etc., of a monarch: sporanty (poetic), crown (fig.), royalty, scepter (fig.), regality (rare), throne (fig.), reign, principality (rare), kingship, despotism.

Antonyms: see DEPENDENCY.

sow, v. t. 1. Referring to the depositing of seed: scatter, seminate (archaic); spec. cast, drill, dibble, broadcast.

Antonyms: see HARVEST.

- 2. Referring to the land: seed (often used with "down").
- 3. See SCATTER.

space, n. 1. See time.

2. Referring to the generic idea: place (now archaic or rhetorical, and chiefly in contrast to "time"), expansion (obs.), extension (learned or tech.).

3. Often admitting of being used with the article "a" or "an": place, region; spec.

plenum, infinity, heavens, ether.

4. See DISTANCE, GAP, PLACE, ROOM, AREA.

spacious, a. 1. wide, broad; spec. vast, vasty (rare), extensive; see ROOMY.

Antonyms: see NARROW.

2. See ABOUNDING.

spade, n. shovel; spec. slice, spud, didle (local), loy (Anglo-Irish).

spadelike, a. palaceous (tech.).

span, v. t. 1. See MEASURE, ENCIRCLE.

2. extend (contextual), overspan (rare), overreach (rare); see ARCH.

spangle, n. paillette (tech. or rare); spec. star.

spar, n. pole; spec. (naut.) mast, boom, gaff, bowsprit, yard, sprit.

spare, a. 1. additional (contextual), extra (colloq.), subsecive (rare); see EXCESSIVE, UNNECESSARY.

Antonyms: see deficient.

2. See Leisure, scanty, thin, meager.

spare, v. t. 1. Referring to refraining from injuring or destroying a thing: forbear (archaic or rare), respect (contextual).

2. Referring to avoidance of inflicting or visiting upon: save (as in "save him all you

can").

3. See SAVE, ECONOMIZE, WITHHOLD. sparrowlike, a. passeriform (tech.).

spasm, n. 1. Referring to muscular contraction: paroxysm, convulsion, throe, cramp, crick, seizure, grip, gripe; specelampsia, hiccup, entasia, flurry (a collective), laryngismus, tetanus, holotony.

2. Referring to sudden convulsive action: see FIT.

For Cross references: see Note.

souse, n. & v. i.: swoop.

souse, v. t.: pickle, dip, drench,
 soak, pour.

souse, v. i.: soak.

south, a.: southern.

souvenir: reminder.

sovereign, a.: supreme, royal.

space, v. t.: separate.

spade, v. t.: dig.

spall: chip,

span, n.: team.

span, v. t.: harness.
span, n.: period, width, arch,
range.
spangle, v. i.: twinkle.
spank, v. t. & n.: slap.
spank, v. i.: drive, ride, sail.
spanking: rapid, lively, fine.
spare, v. i.: box, contend.
spare, v. i.: economize.
spareness: cf. thin.
sparing, n.: economy.
sparing, a.: frugal, economical,

meager, moderate, scanty, forbearing.

spark, n.: fire, trace, particle, flash.

spark, n.: blade, lover.

spark, v. t.: court.

sparkle, n.: flash, trace, witticiem, brightness, twinkle.

sparkle, v. i.: flash, bubble, twinkle.

sparkling: lively, witty.

sparse: infrequent, few. spasmodic, a. 1. paroxysmal, convulsive, paroxysmic (rare), spastic (lech), catchy (rare).

2. See INTERMITTENT.

spatter, v. t. 1. See SCATTER, SPRINKLE. 3. spot (contextual); spec. bespatter (in-

tensive), aprinkle, beaprinkle (intensive), oversprinkle (rare), splash, splutter (rare)
spawn, n. 1. eggs (collective pl.), spat, roe,

spec. brood, redd (Scot. or dial.).

2. See offspring

a. Mycehum (tech).

speak, v. i. t. talk, word (rare); spec. outspeak (rare), snap, pipe, dulcify (humorous), sputter, splutter, drawl, sniff, sniffle, snuffle, perorate, lisp, wharl (rare), whisper, murmur, shout, intone, sing,

1. discourse, oration (collog; rare), patter (slang or cant), orate (usually humorous or surcastic), oratorize (rare equiv. of "orate"), stump, speechify (contemptuous), speechmake (rare), spout (colloq); spec. lecture, platform; see converse, DECLAIM.

3. See SOUND, BARK.

epeak, v. t. 1. utter (contextual), say, pro-nounce (formal or spec.); spec. mutter, mumble, discourse, enunciate, sputter, smiff, snuff, snuffle, splutter, dictate.

2. Referring to the use of a tongue as a spoken language: talk, use.

1. See state, express, pronounce, dis-CLOSE, ADDRESS, PROVE.

speaker, n. 1. talker; spec, drawler, lisper, eic.

 discourser, speechifier (contemptuous), voice (fig.), orator, rhetorician, oratress (fem.), oratrix (fem.; rare), concionator (rare); spec. elocutionist, droner, lecturer, lecturess (fem.), demagogur, spouter (collog.), patterer (cant or collog.), Boanerges (fig.), valedictorian, thunderer; see DE-CLAIMER, SPOKESMAN

3. See CHAIRMAN.

speaking, n. utterance (contextual), talk, discourse; spec. patter (slang or cant), longiloquence, mumble, prolocution (rare), dictation, declamation, pronunciation.

speaking, a. loquent (rare); spec. dulciloquent (rare; chiefly humorous). Antonyms see SILENT.

spear, n. lance; spec bourdon, gaff, pike, leister, trident, harpoon, dart.

spear-shaped, a hastate (technical or lit- speed, n. 1. See RAPIDITY.

erary), hastiform (rare); spec lanceolate (chiefly tech), lanceolar (chiefly tech)

special, a. 1. exceptional, peculiar, par-ticular, express, especial (not now used predicatively), marked; spec intimate.

Antonyms * see ordinary, usual. 2. See Particular, intimate.

specialize, v. t. 1. See MENTION.

2. Referring to a rendering specific or investing with a specific character separate, individualize, differentiate (chiefly biol.), distinguish (rare), specificize (rare), specify (rare).

specially, adv. express, expressly.

specious, a. colorable, flimsy, colored (rare); see PLAUSIBLE.

Antonyma: see SINCERE. spectacle, n. 1. See show.

2. sight, object, gazingstock (chiefly de-

preciatory); spec. guy.
3. giglamps (slang), barnacles (pl.; collog), spec. preserves, goggles.

spectator, a. beholder, onlooker, server, seer (rars), viewer, gazer, witness, spectatress (fem.); spec. bystander, grounding, gallery god.
speculation, n. 1. See CONSIDERATION,

OPINION.

venture; spec, flyer (U.S.).

speculative, a. speculatory, (tech.); see INFERENTIAL, ACADEMIC.

speculator, n. 1. See REASONER.

2. Spec. bear, bull, lamb, lame duck. long, short.

speech, n. t. Referring to the act: utter-ance (contextual), talk, loquency (rare); spec. declamation, sputter, splutter, par-lance (archaic), parle (archaic), whisper, shout, roar, sing, etc.

Antonyms' see BILENCE.

2. Referring to what is said: utterance (contextual); spec. word, talk, discourse, palabra (Spanish; depreciatory), locution (rare), parle (archaic), palaver (chiefly spec. or contemptuous), whisper; see con-VERSATION.

3. Referring to the faculty or power: tongue, language (rare).

4. Rejerring to a more or less formal discourse to others: address, oration, rhesis (rare); spec. declamation, dithyramb, exhortation, speechlet (dim.; colloq.), defense, eulogy, dirge; see harangue.

5. See LANGUAGE.

To Cross references see Note. spat, n · quarrel, tap spat, r · quarrel, tap spawn, r · generate, specialist: expert generate, bear.

specie: moncy species: class, group, kind. specific, a. particular, definits.

specific, n remedy specification: mention, designation

specify: mention, indicate apecimen: scample

epeak, n · spot, dot, particle, im-perfection speck, e t. spot, dut

speckle: spot, dat spectacular: showy, specter: apparation, ghost, fancy, boyy spectral: ghostly, pale, 1mmaterial, unreal
speculate: consider
speculum: mirror

SPIRITUAL

2. Referring to the rate of motion or action: rate, velocity (chiefly tech.; mech.), pace (spec. or fig.); spec. music, tempo, time, haste.

Antonyms: see DELAY.

speed, v. i. go (contextual); spec. race, ramp, scud, skirr (Eng.), scurry, pelt (collog.), peg (collog. or dial.), lick (dial. or collog.; U. S. and Australia); see RUSH.

Antonyms: see DELAY.

spelling, n. orthography (properly spec.); spec. transliteration, homography, phonography (rare), cacography, misspell-

spendthrift, n. 1. spender (contextual), prodigal, spend-all (rare), scapethrift (archaic), scattergood (archaic or rare), unthrift (rare).

Antonyms: see NIGGARD.

2. See WASTER.

spent, a. Referring to a fish: shotten, spawned.

sphere, n. **1.** See Ball, rank, scope.

- 2. Referring to the place or domain in which something acts or prevails: realm, domain, province, kingdom, circuit, round (rare), arena, element, field, scope, range, walk, department, bound;—mostly spec. or fig.
- spherical, a. sphere-shaped, orbicular (rhetorical or technical), round or rounded (contextual), globose (tech.), spheral (rare), spheric (rare), rotund (rare), orbed (literary or spec.), globy (rare), globous (rare); spec. globoid (rare), globulous (rare), orbiculate (rare), orbic (rare), spherular, spheroid, spheroidal or (rare) spheroidical, bulbous, circular.

spider, n. arachnid, spinner (now dial. or rhetorical).

spike, n. gad (obs. or hist.), spec. nail, spikelet, dag, gadling, boss.

spike-shaped, a. spiciform.

- **spill,** v. t. 1. Referring to blood: shed, let, broach.
- 2. slop, drip, drop, bespill (intensive), overflow.
- 3. See SCATTER.
- **spill,** n. 1. slop.
- 2. See Fall.

spinal, a. Spec. vertebral.

spindle-shaped, a. fusiform;—tech. or learned.

- spine, n. 1. point (contextual), thorn; spec. spinula, thornlet, quill, ray, neurapophy-SIS; see PRICKLE.
- 2. See BACKBONE, RIDGE.
- spinner, n. spinster (usually fem.), spinstress (jem.).
- spiny, a. 1. spinous, spinose (tech.), thorny, spinescent; see PRICKLY.
- 2. spine-shaped, thorny, spinose; spec. spinulate.
- **3.** spinigerous (tech.), spiniferous (tech.), spinose (tech.), thorny.
- spiral, n. 1. Referring to a curve in a single plane: curl, coil (tech.), helix (rare), winding.
- 2. Referring to a screwlike coil: twist, screw, coil.
- spiral, a. 1. curled, winding, coiled, helical (rare).
- 2. helical, twisted, screw-shaped, coiled. spire, n. 1. See GROWTH.
- 2. Referring to a conical or tapering end or body: spec. steeple, branch, broach, flèche (French), aiguille.
- spirit, n. 1. See SOUL, GHOST, DEITY, DE-MON, ANGEL, GENIUS, FORCE, ENERGY, MEANING, DISPOSITION, ESSENCE, PERSON, BRAVERY, QUALITY.
- 2. liveliness, soul, vigor; spec. spice, morale or (the proper French form) moral, mind, dash, pith, mettle, ésprit (French), sprightliness, enterprise, go (colloq.), ginger (slang), spunk (colloq.), devil (colloq.), élan (French), heart, bravura.

8. Referring to strong distilled alcoholic liquid: spec. proof; also in pl. form (spirits) whisky, gin, brandy, faints

(pl.), schnapps (pl.), etc.

spirited, a. high-spirited, animated, highstrung, mettlesome or mettled, eager, keen, sharp, crank, cocky (slang), lusty, strenuous, proud (chiefly poetie), beany (colloq.), galliard (archaic), spunky (colloq.), fiery, enterprising; see LIVELY.

Antonyms: see APATHETIC.

spiritual, a. immaterial, supersensible (contextual), psychical, ethereal, ghostly

Cross references: sec Note. speed, v. t.: send, hasten, advance. **speedy:** rapid, ready, quick. spell, n.: magic, influence, bewitchery. **spell**, n.: round, period, turn. spell, n.: fit. spell, v. t.: relieve. spell, v. t.: bewitch. **spellbind:** bewitch. spellbound: bewitched, transported. spend: expend, exhaust, pass, bestow.

```
spew, v. i.: vomit, flow.
spew, v. t.: vomit, eject.
spew, n.: vomit.
spewy: oozy.
spherule: ball.
sphinx: monster, question.
sphinxlike: unexplainable,
 mysterious.
spice, n.: flavoring, dash, ad-
 mixture.
spice, v. t.: flavor.
spicule: prickle.
spicy: fragrant, sensational.
spigot: faucet.
spike, v. t.: fasten.
```

```
spile: pole.
spill, n.: splinter, lighter.
spin, v. t.: rotate, devise, fabri-
 cate, attenuate, continue.
spin, v. i.: rotate.
spindle, n.: axis.
spindle, v. i.: grow.
spindling: elender, thin.
spineless: smooth, weak, irreso-
 lute.
spinous: spiny.
spinster: spinner, celibate.
spire, v. i.: coil.
spire, v. i.: rise, jet.
spiritless: lifeless, dull.
```

(literary or archaic), inner, interior, internal, inward, high-minded, pneumatical epitoe, v. t. join, marry; spec. plan (rare), pneumatic (rare), unworldly, spec. Platonic; see DIVINE, REFINED

Antonyms see ANIMAL, WORLDLY, COARSE, EARTHLY, BODILY, SENSUAL, BENSUOUS.

epiritualist, n. spiritist (rare), rappist

spiritualize, v. t. enspiritualize (rare), etherealize, uncarnate (rare), sec IDEALIZE. Antonyms: see MATERIALIZE, BRUTALIZE,

EMBODY, SENSUALIZE.

epit, v. i. 1. spawl (obs), spec. splutter, drivel, drool, slobber, salivate (tech.), ex-pectorate. It is not good usage to use "ex-pectorate" as a general synonym of "spit." 2. See eject.

*pit, n. spawl (obs); spec. spittle, saliva (tech), water (contextual), froth, slobber,

drivel.

spit, n. Referring to the depth of earth that is turned up by a spade or plow: cut (contextual), graft.

spit, n. broach.

spittoon, n. cuspidor (U.S.); spec. spitbox.

splash, v. i. plash (less usual than "splash"), splurge (U. S.), splodge, splotter (chiefly U. S. or dial. Eng.), slush, spatter (rare); spec. dabble, swash, swish, wash, dash, squatter, swish-swash, plap, plop; see SPATTER.

splash, v. t. t. wet (contextual), plash (less usual than "splash"), dash (contextual), splatter (chiefly U.S. or Eng. dial.), slush; spec. squash, swash, wash; see SPATTER.

2. Referring to the liquid acted upon: plash (less usual than "splash"), splatter (chiefly U. S. or dual. Eng.); spec. dash (contextual), bedash (rare), squatter, slush, swash, swish, wash, swish-swash; see SPATTER.

splash, n. plash (less usual than "splash"), splatter (chiefly U. S. or dial. Eng.), splurge (U. S.); spec. dash (contextual), elush, swash, swish, wash, swish-swash.

spicen, n. 1. entrail (contextual), milt (rare) 3. See ILL TEMPER, ILL WILL, DEPRESSION.

splice, v. t. join, marry; spec. plank. splinter, n. fragment (contextual), sliver (often spec.), shiver, spil, splint (now rare or dual.), chip, flinder (chiefly in pl.); spec. spall, spillikin.

aplinter, v. t. & t. split, sliver, shiver, chip; spec. spall.

split, v. i. divide (contextual), cleave; spec. fissure, rend, rive; see CRACK, SPLINTER.

split, v l. divide (contextual), cleave, spec. rend, rive, rift, fissure, wedge; see CRACK, SPLINTER.

split, n. division (contextual), cleft; spec. rent, fissure, rift; see CRACK, BREACH (in a fig. sense).

splitting, n. division (contextual), cleavage, rending, fission (tech.).

spoil, v. t. 1. See PLUNDER, DEPRIVE, DE-STROY, IMPAIR, DEFORM, DEFEAT, IN-DITLGE.

2. Referring to destruction or impairment of the good qualities of a thing mar, ruin, vituate (formal), butcher (collog.), murder (collog.), mangle (collog.); spec. demolish. Antonyms' see AMEND, IMPROVE.

spotted, a. damaged, impaired, injured,

sick (spec. or fig.).

spokesman, n speaker, mouthpiece, mouth (fig.), prolocutor (rare or spec.), spokeswoman (fem.)

sponger, n. sponge, bloodsucker (collog. or contemptuous), sucker (collog.), dead beat (slang, U.S.), deadhead (orig. U.S.), beat (slang); spec. smell-feast, trencher freed corper. friend, sorner.

Autonyme: see entertainer, benefac-TOR.

spontaneous, a. natural, free; see INTEN-TIONAL, AUTOMATIC, EXTEMPORANEOUS. Antonyms see LABORED.

spool, n. reel (chiefly spec, or tech.); spec. bobbin, quill, pirn, cop, bottom, wharve or wherve.

spoon, n 1. Spec. cochleare, labis, éprouvette (French).

3. See SIMPLETON.

spoon-shaped, a. cochlear, cochleariform, spatulate, spatuliform; -all four tech, or learned.

EF Cross references see Note. spiritual: refined spirituous: alcaholic. spirituous: alcaholic.
spirit, n. rush. effort
spirit, n. d. v. i. spout, jed.
spirit, v. i. spout, emit
spirit, v. i. spout, emit
spirit, v. i. transfix
spirit, v. i. transfix
spirit, v. i. ili. grudge.
spirite, v. i. ili. grudge.
spirite, v. i. ili. rush. grudge.

fend epiterul: hateful epittie: spit splanchnio: sisceral.

eplendent: bright, beautiful, grand
splendid: grand, fine, showy,
luxurious, impressive, luminous, bright splendor, splendour, a.: grandear, luster, brightness. splendrous, a · bright. splenarous, a 'migal splina: feather splint: spinier splotch: stain spot splutgo: display, splash. splutter, v speak splas splutter, n · speech splash.

spoil: plunder, graft, acquire tion wpoken; oral poliation: plunder, deprivaspongy: porous, marshy, absponsor: godparent godfather. sponsor: gosparent godfather godmother speck: apparation, thost, spoon, v 1 court, spoon; anatory, affectionals, spoor: track sporadio: infrequent, spore: cell.

SPRINGTIME

- sport, n. 1. See diversion, play, plaything, freak, butt, frolic, sportsman, jest.
- 2. In a generic sense: play, game, fun; spec. joke, jest.
- 8. In a slang or cant sense, referring to a flashy or dashing young fellow: blood (slang), flash man (cant), swell (slang); see GAMBLER.

sporting, a. flash (cant).

sportsman, n. hunter, sport (rare), sports-

woman (fem.); spec. pothunter.

spot, n. 1. mark (contextual); spec. dot, dab, speck, speckle, macula, maculation, dash, cast (rare), daub, drop, blotch, spatter, splotch, moil (literary or archaic), pock, blur, blot, fleck, mottle, clouding, dapple, spangle, patch, facula, blaze, mole, fleece, mottle, smear, discoloration, stain, eye, freckle, pip.

2. Referring to a natural marking on an animal, esp. on the face: spec. snip, cloud,

blaze, star.

3. See SULLY, PLACE. spot, v. t. 1. See SULLY.

2. mark (contextual); spec. stud, speck, speckle, spatter, bespatter (intensive), dab, maculate, dash, daub, dot, drop (archaic), splotch, pock, blur, blot, blotch, fleck, mottle, dapple, sprinkle, besprinkle (intensive), bespot, pepper, measle (rare), smear, stain, discolor, freckle.

3. See SULLY, DISCOVER, PERCEIVE.

spotless, a. 1. immaculate (literary or rhetorical); spec. stainless, smearless (rare); see CLEAN.

Antonyms: see dirty, spotted, stained, soiled.

2. See Unsullied.

spotted, a. spotty; spec. splotchy, specky, specked, mottled, speckled, dotted, dappled, blotchy, flecky, maculose, maculated, macular, measly, guttate or guttated, fleecy, flecked, fleckered, fleabitten, mealy, ocellated, ocellate, oculated, bimaculate; see PARTY-COLORED.

Antonyms: see SPOTLESS.

spouse, n. associate (contextual), consort (chiefly spec. or rhetorical), companion (contextual), partner (chiefly dial. or uneducated), mate (now rare as used of persons), espousal (obs. or rare), fere (archaic); see HUSBAND. "Spouse" is chiefly

formal or official.

spout, n. 1. outlet (contextual); spec. pipe,

nozzle, snout, beak, waterspout, monitor, jet, gargoyle; see cock.

2. issue, spirt, spurt, spire (rare), gush, squirt, jet; spec. stufa (Italian), waterspout, sandspout.

spout, v. t. & i. 1. eject, emit (contextual), issue (rare as a v. t.), spirt, spurt, spire (rare), squirt, gush, jet; spec. blow.

2. See DECLAIM.

sprain, n. & v. t. strain, overstrain (emphatic); spec. wrench, rick.

spray, n. mist (contextual); spec. (referring to water blown or thrown up from the waves, etc.) scud, foam, spume, spindrift, drizzle.

spray, v. t. scatter (contextual), nebulize (chiefly spec.); spec. atomize.

spraylike, a. sprayey, misty, smoky, hazy;
—the last three contextual uses.

spread, v. t. 1. In a physical sense: spec. open, stretch, roll, unroll, run, drive, couch, ted; see EXPAND, DISTRIBUTE, DIFFUSE, SCATTER, FLARE.

2. See OVERSPREAD.

3. Referring to a report, rumor, etc.: tell,

circulate; spec. rumor.

4. Referring to the extending of the parts, esp. of a person or animal, so as to reach out widely, esp. in confusion, aimlessly, or awkwardly: sprawl, splay, display (chiefly spec.); spec. explanate (rare).

spread, v. i. 1. In a physical sense: spec. open, run, stretch, strike, trail, creep, crawl, gape, flange, flare, flanch, mantle, fan (rare); see EXPAND, DIFFUSE, SCATTER.

2. To extend or reach out loosely, etc.:

sprawl; spec. straddle.

8. Referring to rumors, reports, etc.: circulate, run, go (contextual); spec. canard, fly.

spread, n. 1. See EXPANSE, DIFFUSION, SHOW, MEAL, BEDCOVER.

2. sprawl, splay; spec. straddle (colloq.). spreading, a. diffusive (formal), patent (rare); spec. patulous (literary or tech.), effuse.

spring, n. 1. Spec. source, prime.

2. Referring to a flow of water from the earth, primarily a natural one: fountain (archaic, poetic, or fig.), font (poetic), fount (chiefly poetic), wellspring (archaic), wellhead (rare or archaic); spec. fresh, deerlick, seep (rare), spa, gipsies (pl.; local Eng.), geyser, Castalia or Castalic (fig.), Hippocrene (fig.).

**Erross references: see Note.

**sport, v. i.: frolic, play.

**sportive: jesting, frolicsome, playful, gay, freaky.

**spotty: spotted.

**spousal, n.: marriage.

**spousal, a.: matrimonial.

sprawl, v. i. & n.: scramble,

spread.
spray: branch.
spree: carouse, frolic.
spright: ghost, demon, fairy,
goblin.
sprightliness: spirit.
sprightly: lively, gay.

spring, v. i.: dart, rush, prance, issue, flow, rise, arise, descend, grow, deform, appear.

spring, v. t.: start, displace, deform, bend.

spring: snare.

springhead: source.

springtime: spring, prime.

spring, a.: vernal.

prime (rare), springtime, springtide | (archaic or literary); spec seedtime

4. See JUMP, RECOIL, START, DART, MO-TIVE

springy, a 1. fountainous (rare), fountful (rare; poetic).

3. See ELASTIC.

sprinkle, v. l. 1. Referring to the thing dispersed strew, scatter, sparge (chiefly Scot); spec. spatter, powder, dust, dredge, sand

3. Referring to that upon which something is sprinkled: strew, scatter, asperse (literary or spec.); spec. besprinkle, spatter,

flour, powder. . See dot.

sprinkled, a. besprent (archaic or poetic);

spec. dotted.

sprinkler, n. Spec. dredger, aspergillum. sprinkling, n. aspersion (literary or tech.) spruce, v. t. & i. dress, smarten, titivate (collog.), perk, plume, prink, prune, preen, trim (chiefly spec.), lick (slang) "Spruce" is chiefly used with "up."

spur, n. 1. The spur of a rider: point, pricker, prick, ripon (local or hist.).

2. The spur of a fowl or bird: heel, calcar (tech.), claw (rare); spec. gaff.

S. See INCENTIVE, STIMULANT, PROJEC-TION, BRANCH.

opur, v. t. 1. prick (archaic), rowel.

2. See incite, hasten, urge. spurlike, a. calcariform, calcarine; -both tech.

spurred, a. spicate, calcarate, spiciferous (rare); -all three tech. or learned.

epy, n. watcher (contextual); spec. intelligencer, scout, shadow, lurcher (literary), tout (slang or cant), smeller (slang), beagle (Eng. cant), plant (slang), nose (slang), emissary, hircarra (East India), mouchard (French).

spy, v. t. 1. watch (contextual), espy (rare); spec. scout, pry, nose (slang), smell (slang or consciously fig.), tout (rare).

2. See observe, discover.

square, n. 1. rectangle, quadrate (tech.); spec. pane.

2. Referring to buildings: see BLOCK.

3. Referring to an open area: plaza, piazza, parade (Eng).

square, a 1. rectangular (formal), foursquare, quadrate (tech.), quadratic (rare); spec squarish.

3. See rectangular, just, honest.

square, r ! 1, quadrate (rare).

3. See ADJUST, ADAPT, BALANCE squat, a. thickset, stocky, pudgy, podgy, squidgy (rare), punchy, stumpy, dumpy, squatty, spuddy (rare), tubby (colloq), tubbish (colleg), squab or squabby. Antonyms see LANKY.

equenmish, a. Spec. sick, fastidious, distant, priggish.

equeeze, v. t & i 1. press, compass, pinch (chiefly spec.), wring, coaret (rare); spec. nip, clutch, crush; see construct.

Antonyms see STRETCH.

2. See FORCE, EXPRESS, OPPRESS, EX-TORT.

squeeze, n. 1. pressure, compression, coarctation (rare); spec. nip, pinch, vise (rare); see CRESH, CONSTRICTION

2. Spec. forcing, expression, oppression, extortion.

squelch, v. t. 1. See CRUSH, FLATTEN, SUP-

2. quelch, quash, squatter, squish, squash.

equelch, n. quelch, quash, squatter, aquidge (rars), squish, squash.

squetchy, a squashy, quashy, squishy. squint, v. i. 1. look (contextual), squinny (rare), goggle (rare), skew (rare), slant (rare).

2. See PEEK, REFER, TEND.

aquint, n. 1. look (contextual), cast (rare or archaic), squinny (rare), goggle (rare); spec. strabismus, cross-eye.

2. Spec. peek, reference, inclustion, tendency.

squint-eyed, a. strabismic (tsch.), squint (rare), goggle-eyed (rare), squinting; spec. cross-eyed.

squire, n. 1. Referring to the knight's attendant: esquire (archaic), armiger (tech.), henchman (hist.); spec. page.

3. Referring to a landed proprietor es-

Cross references see Note. sprinkle, o i rain. sprint: run. sprit: pole sprite: ghast, demon, fairy, gobsprocket: tooth aprout, v s.: germinale.
aprout, n shoot, bud.
apruce, a smari.
apume: foam.
spumy: foamy epunk: spirit, courage.
epunky: spirited, courageous. apur, s. t. good, incite, hasten, spurious: illegitimate, false,

wetend. kick, rejection. opuru, n . spurn, v t · tread, reject. spurt, n outb outbreak, effort, increase advance
spurt, or havien.
spurt: spout, jet.
spurter, repeak, hies, eject,
squab, a fet
squabole: quarrel.
squadd: company, relay.
squalid: foul.
squalid: foul.

squall, n & e : scream. wind squally: intermittent, windy.

squalor: foulness squamose, squamous: scoly, scaletike squander: lamsh, waste. squandering: waste squash, to to crush, flatten, squash, t t crush, splash, squelch, squash, n squelch, squashy: soft, marshy, equatin crouch.
squatin crouch.
squater, v i splash, squeich.
squatwk: scream, cry.
squaki: cry creak.
squeaky: graing.
squeak: scream.
squeicher: settler
squire, v i escori.

STANDARD

quire (archaic; Eng.); spec. squireen, squirelet, squireling.

squirrel, n. rodent, sciurine (tech.), bunny,

bun (rare), con (Eng. dial.).

s-shaped, a. doubly-curved, sigmoid (tech.).
stab, v. t. 1. pierce (contextual), stick, job, jab (colloq.), dig (colloq.), pink, broach (literary or fig.); spec. poke, prick, prong (rare), bayonet, dirk, knife, spear, stiletto, creese or crease or kris, poniard, dagger, paunch, gore.

2. See AFFECT.

- stab, n. job, jab (colloq.); spec. prick, dig (colloq.), poke.
- stable, n. stall (rare as referring to horses); spec. haras (French), mew (a collective), mews (pl.), livery (U.S.).

staff, n. 1. See POLE.

- 2. rod (contextual), wand, baton (chiefly tech.); spec. truncheon, caduceus, crook, crosier, cross, crutch, mace, lituus, warder, thyrsus (rare), thyrse, tipstaff, cowlstaff.
- stag, n. deer (contextual); spec. royal, brocket.
- stage, n. 1. See STORY, DEGREE, PLATFORM, ROSTRUM, DRAMA, LEVEL, PERIOD.
- 2. Referring to a division in a journey: post, reach; spec. manzil.
- 3. stagecoach, coach; spec. diligence, omnibus.
- 4. scene (classical antiq.), footlights (cant); spec. proscenium (antiq.), post-scenium (antiq.), parascene (antiq.).
- stagnant, a. 1. still, motionless, dead, standing.

Antonyms: see AGITATED, FLOWING.

2. See INACTIVE.

stain, n. 1. discoloration (contextual), soil (rare), soilure (rare); spec. tarnish, splotch, blur, blot, blotch, cloud, smirch, smutch, crock.

2. See SULLY, CONTAMINATION.

- stain, v. t. 1. discolor (contextual), distain (archaic), soil; spec. tarnish, bestain (intensive), splotch, blot, blotch, smirch, smutch, besmutch (intensive), smut, dye, engrain (rare), imbrue (literary), blacken, mildew, ink.
- 2. See sully, contaminate, dye.
- stained, a. discolored (contextual), soiled, imbrued (literary; rare); spec. smudgy, smirchy, spotted.

Antonyms: see Spotless.

stair, n. flight, grece (obs. or dial.), staircase, stairway; spec. winder, companionway, escalator. In England and America the pl. form "stairs" is now generally used, but in Scotland the sing. form "stair" is still the ordinary form.

stake, n. stick (contextual); spec. bar, rod, stock, post, pale, pile, palisade, picket,

palisado (rare), snub.

stake, n. 1. hazard, prize (chiefly spec.), risk (rare); spec. bank; see PLEDGE, WAGER.

2. See VENTURE.

- stake, v. t. hazard, risk; see PLEDGE, WAGER.
- stale, v. t. hackney, hack (rare).
- stalk, v. i. go (contextual), sweep; spec. strut.

Antonyms: see SNEAK.

stalk, v. t. hunt (contextual), still-hunt.

stalk, n. 1. stem, caulis (tech.), caudex (tech.); spec. spear, spire, shaft, caulicle, culm, helm (Eng. or dial. of grain), haulm (Eng.), bun (dial.), boon, bent, bennet, straw, stipe, stipes, stipule, cane, pedicel, footstalk, beam, castock (Scot.), pedicle, peduncle, petiole, gynophore, funiculus, funicle, scape, tigella or tigelle, stipel.

2. See STEM.

stalked, a. Spec. pediculated, petiolate, pedicellate, tigellate, pedunculate, pedunculated, stiped, etc.;—all tech.

stall, n. 1. See STABLE.

- 2. Referring to the division or compartment for accommodating one animal: travis (Scot.); spec. crib (obs. or rare), box stall or box, cote.
- **3.** stand, booth, crame (Scot.); spec. bulkhead (Eng.), bulk (Eng.), pandal (Anglo-Indian).
- stalwart, a. 1. strong, stout, sturdy.

2. See DETERMINED.

stand, v. i. 1. There are no direct synonyms: remain (contextual), stay (contextual).

Antonyms: see Fall, Lie, Sit.

2. See REST, CONTINUE, BE, HESITATE, STOP, BRISTLE.

3. candidate (rare).

standard, n. 1. flag (contextual), ensign (mil. or naval; chiefly spec.), oriflamme (spec. or fig.), vexillum (Roman antiq.), gonfalon, labarum.

Cross references: see Note.

squirm: wriggle.
squirt: spout.

squish: squelch. stabilize: firm.

stable, a.: firm, lasting, constant.

stable, n.: livery.

stack, n.: heap, group, chimney. stack, v. t.: heap, gather.

stage, v. t.: show.

stagger, v. t.: perplex, shake, shock, zigzag, weaken.
staggerer: settler.
staid: sober.
stainless: pure.
stale, a.: tasteless, moldy, commonplace.
stalk, n. & v.: hunt.
stalk, n.: gait.
stall, v.: stop.

stagger, v. i. & n.: falter, totter.

stallion: horse.
stamina: vigor, strength.
stammer: falter.
stampede, n.: rush, flight.
stampede, v. t.: rout.
stanch, a.: strong, firm, constant, courageous.
stanchion: pillar. [dure.
stand, v. t.: station, place, enstandard, a.: authoritative, average.

STANDARD-BEARER

. measure, norm or norma (tech. or learned); spec. canon, scale, gauge, diapason, vernier, metewand (literary), proof, assize, criterion, test.

3. See EXAMPLE, CANDLESTICE, UPRIGHT. standard-bearer, n. ensign, signifer (rare), vexillator (rare); spec. cornet, gonfalonier.

standing, n. 1. Referring to the action or condution: station (now tech.).

2. See Position, Continuance, Endur-ANCE, BANK.

standstill, n. Referring to the fact or state: stand, station (rare), deadlock (only fig.), stay (now becoming archaic).

Antonyms see RUN stanza, n. stave, staff, strophe (rare); spec. sixain, terzina, tercet, pennill, quatrain, redondilla (Spanish), englyn, envoy, tristich, tetrastich, pentastich, hexastich, heptastich, octastich.

star, n. 1. light (contextual), luminary (ltterary or rhetorical), twinkler, starlet (dim.), planet (astrol. or spec.); spec sun, nova, vesper, shooter (rare), primary,

 Referring to the figure or image: spec. pentacle, pentagram, pentangle, pental-pha, mullet her), asterisk.

3. See destiny, spangle. starchy, a. 1. farinaceous.

2. See STIFF.

staring, a. 1. Referring to the look: gazing, glaring, fixed.

2. See CONSPICUOUS. starling, n cutwater. starred, c. 1. stellular.

2. See CRACKED.

starry, a. 1. Full of stars: constellate (literary).

2. astral (tech. or formal), stellular, stellar (formal or tech.), sidereal, starlike.

8. star-shaped, stellate, stelliform, stellular; -the last three tech. or learned.

start, n. 1. spring, shock, startle (rare), jump, braid (obs.), see SHRINK

2. beginning, go-off (collog.), outset, off-set, setoff; spec break, breakaway (cant), get-away (cant or slang); see RUSH,

3. impulse (contextual), send-off (collog.). lead; τeferring to an advantage of posilion, as in racing

5. See DISPLACEMENT, BRANCH.

start, v. i. 1. spring, jump, startle (rare), braid (obs. or archaic); see SHRINK.

2. break, put (U. S; colloq), sally (liter-

ary, rhetorical, or humorous), boun (ar-chaic); spec. burst, flash, sail.

3. See begin, enter. start, t. t. 1. Referring to game: rouse, apring; see Flush.

2. See BEGIN, BET, DISPLACE.

startle, v. l. surprise, rouse, electrify (fig.),

jump (rare), see FRIGHTEN. condition of affairs in which a thing exists: condition, status (learned), situation, estate (archaic or literary), posture (rare), pass, case, plight (rare, exc spec.), disposition, circumstance or (usually) circumstances (pl).

2. Referring to the condition in which a person or thing is condition, estate (archaic or literary), form, shape, fettle, trim (chiefly cant or colloq.), keeping, kelter or kilter (colloq. or dual.), case (rare), tone, order, affection (rare or archaic).

8. Referring to a mode of existence: phase, stage, mode (tech.), modus (tech.).

4. government, commonwealth (chiefly spec.), country, polity (tech. or learned); spec. power, potentate (rhetorical for 'power'), democracy, aristocracy, republic, monarchy, toparchy, see REPUBLIC, MONARCHY. Most of the synonyms of "government" are also used for a state having such a government.

state, t. l. 1. See EXPRESS, NARRATE, RE-

PORT, PROPOSE, RESTATE.

2. affirm, have, assert; spec. (or in a transferred sense) declare, insist, asseveratc, protest, predicate, aver, allege, expound, avow, avouch, vouch (rare), warrant, profess, say, speak, pronounce, enounce, proclaim, testify (Biblical), premise (logic), preface (rare), plead, bulletin, swear.

Antonyms: see abjure.

statecraft, n. diplomacy, policy; spec. courteraft

stated, a. 1. fixed, settled, given.

2. fixed, set.

statement, n. 1. See EXPRESSION, AC-COUNT, PROPOSITION.

3. affirmance, affirmation, assertion; apec. (or in a transferred sense) declaration, insistence, asseveration, protestation, proposition, predication, protest (rare), averallegation, avowal, exposition, vouch (rare), vouchment (rare), predicament (tech. or rare), pretension (rare).

Antonyms. see DENIAL

LT Cross references see Note. standardise: regularise standing, a · upright, stagnant,

standpoint: position, view-

staple, n.r product.

staple, a. · salable

staple, n. loop staple, n. loop staple, n. fiber, material stark, a. fastidious, stiff, formal stark: gase. stark: absolute, naked, unmit-

pated, stiff
etarted: affoot
etarted: famish
etarted: hungry
etatehouse: capitol.
etataly: dignified, imposing, grand.

- 8. Referring to what is stated: spec. allegation, predicate, protest, thesis (tech. or spec.), pronouncement, saying, testification (Biblical), pronunciamento, platform, affidavit, pleading, scheme, schedule, memorial, case (law), ipse dixit, dictum, theorem, bulletin; see saying, report, proposal, formulation, narrative.
- 4. Referring to a document setting forth a status of financial facts: spec. bill, budget, showing (chiefly U.S.).

statesman, n. politician, politicaster (contemptuous), statist (archaic), politico (rare), stateswoman (fem.).

station, n. 1. See PLACE, POSITION, DIGNITY, RANK.

2. Spec. post, depot (mil.), camp, encampment, garrison, factory.

3. stopping place, stop; spec. stand, depot (U. S.), terminal (U. S.), stationette $(a \ nonce \ word)$.

station, v. t. place, post, stand, plant; spec. garrison, quarter, lodge, picket.

statue, n. image, piece (contextual); spec. statuette, sculpture, bronze, colossus, term, terminus, figurine.

stay, v. i. 1. remain, rest, stop (not in good usage in this sense), continue, abide (literary or rare), bide (chiefly archaic), lie, sit, keep, swell (chiefly archaic); spec. hang, sojourn, nestle, sist (Scots law); see DELAY.

Antonyms: see DEPART, FLEE.

2. See CONTINUE, DESIST.

stay, n. 1. remain (rare), continuance, rest, stop (not in good usage in this sense), abode (literary or rare); spec. sojourn; see DELAY.

2. Spec. continuance, desistance.

steal, v. t. 1. appropriate (contextual; often euphemistic), thieve (rare), lift, purloin, crib (colloq.), take (contextual), convert (contextual), snatch (contextual or slang), rifle, plunder, filch, cabbage (slang or tailors' cant), cly (thieves' cant), convey (a euphemism), nobble (slang), nim (archaic), pinch (slang), abstract (slang), bob (slang or cant), prig (slang or cant), hook (slang or cant), rob (rare or spec.), bone (slang); spec. misappropriate, pilfer, peculate (rare), finger.

2. See MOVE.

steal, v. i. 1. thieve, lift, purloin, rob (rare or spec.), crib (colloq.), filch; spec. pilfer, peculate, shoplift.

2. move, slip, slide, slink, sneak, creep,

lurk (rare).

stealthy, a. 1. See THIEVISH.

2. secret, furtive, surreptitious, sly, underhand, clandestine.

steamer, n. puffer (colloq. or contextual), steamboat (chiefly spec.); spec. steamship, tug, propeller, sidewheeler, greyhound. "Steamer" is chiefly spec.

steep, a. hilly (contextual), declivitous, high-pitched, brant (obs. or dial.), steepy (rare), arduous (fig.), heavy, abrupt, bold, proclivous (rare); spec. hanging (as in "hanging gardens"); see PRECIPITOUS.

Antonyms: see MODERATE.

steeplechase, n. grind (Eng. university slang).

steer, v. t. 1. guide (contextual), direct, navigate, con or cond or cund (tech.), helm (chiefly spec.), pilot (often spec.).

2. See GUIDE.

steer, v. i. stand, course (rare), point.

steerage, n. 1. steering, guidance, direction, pilotage (often spec.), pilotism (rare), pilotry (rare).

2. See GUIDANCE.

steersman, n. steerer, helmsman, pilot (often spec.); spec. coxswain, hoveler or hoveller (Eng.), manjee (Anglo-Indian), nobbler (Eng.), patroon (rare), patron (rare), wheelman, sluer.

stem, n. 1. stock, caudex (tech.), axis (tech.); spec. cane, kex (obs. or dial.), creeper, runner, brier or briar, pedestal,

caulome (tech.); see STALK, TRUNK.

2. bow, cutwater.

8. In philology: base, theme (tech.), thema (rare).

4. shank, shaft, stalk, pillar.

5. See RACE.

step, v. i. 1. tread; spec. tramp, clamp, clump, stride, trip, pace.

2. See GO, WALK.

step, n. 1. tread, footstep; spec. tramp, stride, pace, clamp (chiefly dial.), footstep, trip.

2. Referring to dancing: spec. pas (French), flicflac (French), chassé, whirl, coupee (dancing), grapevine, drag, etc.

3. Referring to a rest for the foot, as in

**EP' Cross references: see Note.

**stationary: immovable, motionless.

**statuary: sculptor, sculpture.

**statue: state, position, rank.

**statute: law.

**statute: law.

**statuneh: variant of stanch.

**stave, n.: strain.

**stave, v. t.: break, ward.

**stave, n.: support, brace.

**stay, n.: support, brace.

**stay, n.: stoppage, stop.

stay, v. t.: stop, fix, restrain, detain, defer.
stead: place.
steadfast: fixed, constant.
steady, a.: firm, constant, uniform, sober.
steady, v. t.: firm.
stean, n.: theft.
steamy: vapor, exhalation.
steamy: vaporous.
steed: horse.

steel, v. t.: harden.
steep, v.: soak.
steep, v.: hill, cliff.
steer, n.: beef.
stellar, stellate: starry.
stelliform: starry.
stellular: starry.
stem, v. t.: oppose.
stench: smell.
stentor: shouter.
stentorian: loud.

STEPFATHER

stairs tread, pace (rare), degree (obs., ezc. heraldry), spec. flyer, gradin or gradine, half-pace, winder, rung, stile.

4. See GAIT, MARCH, FOOTPRINT, ACTION, DEGREE, INTERVAL.

stepfather, n. good-father (Scot.).

stepmother, n. good-mother (Scot.). To adjective for "stepmother" is "novercul."

sterilize, v. t. asepticize, aseptify (rare); spec. disinfect.

stern, a. 1. unyielding, grim, grimmish (rare), grimly (archaie), gaunt (literary or archaic), dour (Scot.), hard; see RELENT-LESS, REPELLENT.

Antonyms: see AFFECTIONATE, GENTLE, KINDLY.

1. See Austere, Bevere, Bharp, Fierce, RELENTLESS, MERCILESS,

stern, n. Referring to a vessel: buttocks (rare), spec. counter, poop.

stevedore, n. Spec. roustabout (U. S.), hobbler (Eng.).

stew, v t cook (contextual), boil, coddle,

seethe, simmer; spec. curry. stew, n. 1. Referring to the action: boil,

seethe, simmer. 2. Referring to the dish: spec, hodgepodge, olio, ollapodrida, curry, colcannon, lobscouse, pepperpot.

2. See FRET.

steward, n. 1. agent (contextual), stewardess (fem.), spec. bailiff, husband, hind (local Eng.), dewan (Anglo-Indian), chamberlain, seneschal, major-domo, khansamah or khansaman, sirkar (Anglo-Indian), mattre d'hôtel (French).

2. purser. stick, n. 1. Referring to a piece of wood, usually one long in relation to its breadth or diameter: spec. spar, billet, cue, rod, walking-stick, cane; see BRANCH, TWIG, STAKE, POLE, SWITCH, MAST, RUNG, CLUB.

 Spec. hesitation, stickiness, stab. stick, v. t. 1. Sec STAB, THRUST, FUT, TRANS-FIX, BMEAR, FASTEN.

2. agglutinate (rare or learned); spec. wafer, cement, freeze.

stick, v. i. 1. adhere, cling, take (chiefly cant,; spec cleave, hold, mire, freeze,

2. Referring to mental action: adhere, hold, cleave, cling, abide, hang, persist.

8. See BIND, HESITATE.

sticky, a adhesive, tenacious, clingy (rare) clinging, cohesive, viscous (learned or tech.), viscid (learned or tech.), glutinous (tech. or learned), agglutinative (learned); spec claiming, claim (dial.), gluey, pasty, stringy, ropy, cledgy (Eng. dial.), guinmy, dauby, cementitious (rare), fat, strong, tacky (chiefly cant), smeary (rare), clarty (dial.), cloggy, plastery, mucilaginous

stiff, a. 1. firm, rigid, unlimber (rare), unpliant (rare), crisp; spec. stark (obs. or spec.), heavy (chiefly dial.); see UNYIELD-ING, TENSE.

Antonyme: see FLEXIBLE, LIMP, WIL-LOWY

2. Referring to what is hard to overcome: hard, obstinate, pertinacious; see UN-YIELDING, DIFFICULT.

1. Referring to manners, style, etc.: constrained, cramped, budge (obs. or archae), buckram (fig.), prim, starch, starched; see PORMAL,

Antonyms: see unconventional, home-LIKE.

4. See HIGH, STRONG, REPELLENT, CON-VENTIONAL.

atiffen, v. t. 1. In a physical sense rigidify (rare); spec. buckram, bone, size, starch. glue, etc.; see HARDEN, BRACE.

2. Referring to prices: harden.

3. Referring to the mind, feelings, etc.: see HARDEN.

stiffening, a. rigescent (rare). stiffness, n. Spec. firmness, rigidity, hardness, constraint, etc. Cf. stiff.

still, a 1. motionless. Antonyms: see AGITATED, LIVELY, REST-

LESS, FLOWING. 2. See SILENT, CALM, STAGNANT, LOW

3. Referring to wines, beer, etc.: dead. still, v. t. 1. quiet, bestill (rare), immobilize (rare).

Antonyms: see ROUBE, AGITATE.

2. Sec CALM, SILENCE.

still, n. stillatory (rare); spec. retort,

worm, serpentary, serpentine. stimulant, n. 1. In a general sense' stimulus (more dignified than "stimulant"), tonic (fig.), stirring; spec. fillip, sting, whet-stone (fig.), incentive, encouragement,

2. In medicine: cordial, tonic, cardiac: apec. restorative,

Antonyms: see MARCOTIC.

Intoxicant; spec. liqueur, bracer, pickme-up, eye-opener.

Cross references see Note. sternum: breastbone

staw, r : fret. stawpan: skillet. stlakle, v : card, bargain, hesi-

tate stickle, n · canil, heritation.

stickler: precision stiff-necked: obstinate stiffe, v t sufficate, extinguish, repress suppress

etifing: sufficiate etifing: sufficiative etigrams: broad, extraversation, blotch, sully

stigmatize: brand, sully stille: step, upright stiletto: dauger attll, nitry silence attll, auto it cony but attll, a silence [lence, calm attlliness; motionlessness, si-attlliness; motionlessness, si-attlliness; motionlessness, sistimulate, v. t. 1. excite, stir, goad, prick, actuate (rare), brace, liven, rally; spec. electrify (fig.), sting, pique, fan, rouse, nettle; see ENCOURAGE.

Antonyms: see NUMB, DULL, PARALYZE.

2. See ROUSE.

stimulating, a. 1. stimulant, stimulative, exciting; spec. inspiring, biting, lively, racy, spicy (colloq.), electric (fig.), stinging, bracing, poignant, piquant, inflammatory (fig.), pungent (fig.); see SHARP.

Antonyms: see SEDATIVE, SOPORIFIC.

2. cardiac, cordial, tonic; spec. restorative.

sting, v. t. 1. prick, urticate (rare); spec. nettle.

2. Referring to what causes a sharp tingling, as liquors or cold: bite, nip.

3. See PAIN.

sting, v. i. 1. prick, prickle, tingle; spec. nettle.

2. Referring to the sensation: tingle.

sting, n. 1. Referring to a stinging organ: spec. ovipositor, dart, nettle.

2. See STIMULANT, PAIN.

8. Referring to liquor, as wines, etc.: bite, tang, edge, sharpness, zest, nip (Scot. or collog.).

4. Referring to the feeling of being stimu-

lated, often pleasantly: tingle.

stinging, a. Referring to speech, wit, etc.:

poignant, pungent, salt (rare).

stingy, a. 1. illiberal, close, miserly, niggardly or (less usual, but more emphatic) niggard, mean, parsimonious, penurious, sordid, close-fisted (colloq.), pinching, cneese-paring (colloq. or contemptuous), near (rare or archaic), economical (a euphemism), miser (archaic), churlish (archaic or literary), sparing, grudging, close-handed (archaic), hard-fisted (colloq.; rare), tight (colloq.), hard, uncommunicative (rare).

Antonyms: see GENEROUS, EXTRAVA-GANT, WASTEFUL.

2. See SCANTY.

stint, v. t. 1. See LIMIT.

2. economize, save (euphemistic or contextual), scant, scrimp, skimp, pinch.

Antonyms: see LAVISH, WASTE.

stipulate, v. t. arrange, provide, bespeak (rare or literary), condition.

stir, v. t. 1. See MOVE, ROUSE, STIMULATE, EXCITE, RAISE.

2. Spec. stoke, poke, pole, spoon, beat, poker.

stirrer, n. Spec. poker, pole, strike, rabble, paddle, swizzle-stick (colloq.).

stirrup-shaped, a. stapedial (tech. or learned).

stitch, n. 1. See PAIN.

2. Spec. backstitch, cross-stitch, blind-stitch, hemstitch, feather stitch, tent stitch, petit point, tack, diamond, prick-seam, overhand.

stock, n. 1. See STAKE, TRUNK, STEM, AN-CESTOR, RACE, FAMILY, BREED, FUND,

MATERIAL, CAPITAL.

2. butt, thick; spec. handle.

8. supply, store, accumulation, budget; spec. repertoire (French).

stocky, a. thick-set, stumpy, stubby, stout, portly (rare), close; spec. bunting; see FAT, SQUAT.

Antonyms: see LANKY.

stomach, n. belly (not now in refined usage), maw (now only of animals, exc. ludicrous or contemptuous), abdomen (slang or incorrect), craw (chiefly humorous or derisive, exc. spec.); spec. ingluvies, proventriculus, gizzard, gorge, rumen or paunch, reticulum or bonnet, omasum, psalterium, manyplies, abomasum.

stomachic, a. gastric (tech.), gasteral

(rare).

stone, n. 1. In a collective or generic sense: spec. metal, rubble; see ROCK, GRAVEL.

2. Referring to a stone of any size: rock (Australia and colloq. U.S.); spec. meteorite, megalith, hog, whetstone, grindstone; see GRAVESTONE.

3. Referring to a small piece of rock: pebble, cobble, cobblestone, coggle (obs. or

dial.).

4. Referring to the stone of a fruit: pyrene (tech.), pit (U. S.).

5. See CALCULUS, GEM.

stone, v. t. 1. Spec. pebble (rare), cobble, pave, gravel.

2. lapidate (rare).

stone, a. lithic (tech.), lithoid (tech.).

stony, a. 1. rocky, petrous (rare, exc. fig.), lapideous (rare), saceous (rare), lapidose (rare or tech.); spec. bowldery, pebbly, gravelly, shingly, gritty.

2. See UNYIELDING, UNFEELING, UNCOM-

PASSIONATE, COLD.

stool, n. 1. Spec. tabouret, cricket, commode, nightchair, close, stool, cucking-stool, cutty-stool (Scot.), standrest, footstool.

2. See EXCREMENT.

to Cross references: see Note.
stimulating: stimulant.
stink: smell.
stinking: odorous. ill-smell:

stinking: odorous, ill-smelling, fetid.

stint: limit, task. stintless: generous. stipend: pay. stipulate: agree, contract.
stir, v. i.: move, rouse, bustle, act.
stir, n.: motion, activity, disturbance, commotion, bustle, fuss.
stirring, a.: exciting, stimulant, about.

stitch, v.: sew.

stithy: anvil, forge.

stoker: fireman.
stolid: impassive, stupid.
stomach, v. t.: endure.
stoneware: earthenware.
stool, n.: decoy.
stool, v. i.: defecate.

stock-still: motionless.

stoical: impassive.

stoop, v. i. 1. lean, bend, incline, bow; spec. cower, slouch; see CROUCH.

Antonyms: see RIBE

2. See YIELD, CRINGE, SWOOP, CONDE-BCEND.

stoop, n 1. bend, inclination, stooping; spec slouch, crouch, cower.

2. descent, condescension, vouchsafement, condescendence.

3. Sre swoop.

stooping, a. crouching, cowering, slouchy. Antonyms' see ERECT.

stop, v t 1. See CLOSE, OBSTRUCT.

2. Referring to action not put forth by the person or thing that causes the stop check, arrest (formal or literary), hold, stay (now literary); spec resist (contextual), halt, intercept, bar, block, embar (obs or archaic), stall, cease (rare), belay (sailors' slang), discontinue, pawl, field (bascball); see PREVENT, INTERRUPT, RESTRAIN, SUP-PRESS, NONPLUS.

Antonyms. see IMPEL.

3. Referring to stopping one's own action: cease, discontinue, quit (U. S.), belay (sailors' slang), drop (slang; chiefly in "drop it"), leave (archaic); spec. arrest, abandon.

Antonyma: see CONTINUE.

stop, v i 1. desist (chiefly literary), cease, surcease (literary; rare), stay (now literary or formal and chiefly in the imperatwe), discontinue (formal); spec. die (usually with "out"), pause, halt, leave, hesitate, breathe (fig.), stall, intermit; see

Antonyms' see CONTINUE.

3. Referring to a cessation of a physical journey or progress: stand, halt, prop (Australia), touch; spec. bait, noon, lodge, tarry.

3. See DELAY.

stop, n. 1. stoppage, check, cessation, stay (now literary or tech.), cease (obs., exc. in "without coase"), discontinuance, surcease (literary); spec. block, desistance, pause, hesitation, halt, hitch (colloq.), cæsura, intermusion.

Antonyms: see CONTINUANCE.

stand, prop (Australia), jib (rare);

spec, check.

8. In music: register; spec. diapason, cromorna or cremona, tuba, celeste, flauto (Italian,, flageolet, flute, dolcan, dital, larigot, gamba, gemshorn, serpent.

4. See STATION, MARK, STOPPER, DELAY. etop, interj. soft, hold, avast (naut.), quit (colloq., U.S.); spec. silence, whoa.

stoppage, n 1. stop (rare), stopping, stay

(chiefly legal), arrest (formal), arrestment (rare), discontinuance; spec. check, checking, resistance, interception, see END, PREVENTION, INTERRUPTION, SUPPRES-SION, CLOSURE, RESISTANCE.

Antonyms' see IMPULSE, CONTINUANCE,

CONTINUATION.

2. See STOP.

stopper, n. stop, stopple; spec. cork,

bung, plug, spigot, shive.
stopper, v. t. close, stop, stopple; spec. cork, spike, plug.

Antonyms see OPEN.

storage, n. storing, stowage; spec. warehousing, tankage.

store, n. 1. See STOREHOUSE, STOREROOM, SHOP.

3. supply, stock, accumulation, treasure (hterary); spec. mine, reserve, garner, hoard, magazine, cache, clamp (cant); see BAYING, FUND.

store, v. l. 1. See FURNISH, ACCUMULATE, HOARD.

2. deposit, reposit (rare), hive (fig. only). garner, treasure (literary: rare), entreasure (rare); spec. magazine (rare), hide, bury, cache, reserve, tank (rare), reservoir, bottle, sack, warehouse.

storehouse. n. depository, repository, store (U. S. and British colonies), repertory (literary or rars), repertorium (rars), treasury (literary); spec. magazine (mil.), hive (fig.), golah (Anglo-Indian); ses

GRANARY, WAREHOUSE.

storeroom, n. depository, store; spec. loft (U, S_{\cdot}) , cellar, larder.

stork, n crane (local). stork, a. pelargic (rars)

storm, n. 1. tempest (literary or rhetorical), bluster (fig.), rack (obs. or rure); spec. hurricane, cyclone, anticyclone, blizzard. blow (stang or colloq.), gale, brickfielder (Australia), tornado, whirlwind, squall, typhoon, snowfall, rainfall, etc.

Antonyms: see CALM 2. See OUTBREAK, FLIGHT.

storm, v i. 1. Referring to the elements: rage, rave (rare); spec. snow, rain, blow, hail, etc.

2. See BAGE, SCOLD, RUSH.

storm, v. t. Spec. see assail, attack.

stormy, a. 1. foul, rough, severe, tempestuous (formal), wild, dirty (used sep. of wet weather at sea); spec oragious (rare), breme (obs. or poetic), uproarious, rampant, rampageous (colloq.), roaring, rainy, snowy, sleety, sic.; see WINDY, ROUGH. Antonyms: see CALM.

3. See VIOLENT.

Cross references see Note.

stoop, v t bom stop-gap: expedient

stopping: stoppage. stopple: stopper storied: famous, ornamented.

storm: assail, attack. story: occaunt, history, v ar tive, legend, fable

STRENGTH

- **story**, n. floor, stage, contignation (rare); spec. basement, clerestory, loft, flat, mez-
- stove, n. 1. Spec. heater, range, cockle, furnace, kiln.
- 2. See GLASSHOUSE.
- straddle, v. t. & i. bestraddle (v. t. only; an intensive), stride (rare), bestride (v. t. only), cross (v. t. only; colloq.).
- straggle, v. i. 1. See WANDER.
- 2. draggle, tail, string, stretch. Antonyms: see CROWD.
- straight, a. 1. right, direct; spec. straightlined, rectilinear, (of hair) lank, lanky. Antonyms: see ANGULAR, BENT, CURVED, CROOKED, DEVIOUS, SINUOUS, ZIGZAG.
 - 2. See ERECT, UPRIGHT, INFERABLE.
- straight, adv. 1. directly, dead, right, forthright (archaic), outright (archaic).
- 2. See IMMEDIATELY.
- straightedge, n. staff; spec. strickle, strick.
- straighten, v. t. straight (rare).

Antonyms: see curve.

- strain, n. 1. See RACE, FAMILY, TRACE, NOTE, SONG.
- 2. In music: diapason (tech.), fit or fytte (rare), stave, snatch, point (archaic).
- 8. Referring to conduct, way of talking, etc.: passage, flight, movement, vein, tone.
- strain, v. t. 1. stress; see stretch, bend, DEFORM, PERVERT.
- 2. bend, tax, task.
- **3.** overstrain (intensive), try, outstrain (rare), overtax; spec. overexert, screw, rack, wrench, outstretch (rare), overstretch (rare); see SPRAIN.
- 4. separate (contextual), percolate, transcolate (rare); spec. colander, elutriate; see filtrate.
- strain, n. 1. stress, tension, tensity; see FORCE, EFFORT.
- 2. tax, burden, task.
- 3. overstrain, overtax; spec. wrench; see
- **strainer,** n. sieve, colature (rare), colatory (rare); spec. bolter, physeter, colander, filter.
- strand, n. 1. string, twist; spec. sliver.
- 2. See FIBER.
- **stranger,** n. unknown.

Antonyms: see Acquaintance.

strap, n. band (contextual), strip, strop (chiefly spec.); spec. enarme (armor), crupper, jess (falconry), martingale.

- strap-shaped, a. ligulate (tech.).
- strategy, n. 1. Spec. generalship, tactics.
- 2. See ARTIFICE.
- stratified, a. stratiform (tech. or learned), layered; see LAMINATE.
- stratum, n. layer; spec. (in geol.) post, measure, magma.
- straw-colored, a. yellow, stramineous (learned), festucine (rare).
- **stray**, v. i. 1. deviate, exorbitate (archaic), estray (archaic), extravagate (rare), range, err (chiefly fig.; now archaic); see WAN-DER.

Antonyms: see Gather, convene.

- 2. See err.
- stray, a. 1. deviating, strayed, astray, errant (literary); see WANDERING.
- 3. See accidental.
- streak, n. 1. stripe, vein, fleck, flake, stria (tech.), striation (tech.); spec. thread, band, line, interstriation, slick, vitta (tech.), penciling, seam, ridge, furrow.
- 2. See TRACE.
- **streak**, v. t. stripe, vein, fleck, flake, striate (tech.); spec. pencil, tabby, line, bestreak (intensive; rare), band.
- streaked, a. striped, veined, striate (tech.), flecked; spec. lined, rowy, penciled or (tech.) pencilate, brinded, brindled, tabby.
- stream, n. 1. flow, run, current, rindle (rare or dial.), fleet (local Eng.), flood (obs. or poetic), fresh, kill (local U. S.; chiefly in proper names); spec. coulee, confluent, affluent; see RIVER, RIVULET, BROOK, TRIBUTARY, STREAMLET.
- 2. See FLOW, SERIES.
- stream, v. i. 1. flow, run, rindle (rare or dial.), rill (rare); spec. drill (rare or dial.), trickle, discharge, spout.
- 2. See MOVE, HANG, EXTEND.
- streamlet, n. stream, rill, trickle, drill (rare or dial.); see RIVULET, BROOK.
- street-cleaner, n. scavenger (formal), orderly (Eng.), white-wings (slang; local U. S.).
- strength, n. 1. Referring merely to capacity to exert force: see POWER.
- 2. Referring to the capacity of man or beast to exert force: sinew or (pl.) sinews, nerve, muscle, brawn, stamina, thew or (pl.) thews (archaic), sturdiness (rare), stoutness, foison (chiefly Scot.), main (obs., exc. in "with might and main"), doughtiness (literary; archaic or humorous); spec. arm (fig.); see STALWARTNESS.

street: road.

Cross reserences: see Note.

stoup: flagon.

strand, n.: shore.

- stout: firm, big, fat, brave, cou-1 ageous, hardy, stalwart, strong. **stow:** pack, hide, furl, hold.
- stowage: storage. straightly: immediately. straightway: immediately.

strand, v. t.: ground. stranded: aground.

strap, v. t.:

strange: foreign, unfamiliar, surprising, odd, inexperienced, distant, bashful, distrustful. stranger: foreigner, visitor, in-

strangulate: constrict.

sharpen. strass: paste. stratagem: artifice. straw: stalk. strawberry: birthmark. streak, v. i.: move. stream, v. i.: flow. streamer, n.: flag, pennon, ray.

thrash, fasten,

STRENGTHEN

See also the general terms under POWER.

Antonyma: see WEAKNESS.

3. Referring to the mere capacity to resist force solidity, toughness, stoutness, stanchness, robustiousness (rare or humorous,; see firmness

Antonyms: see WEAKNESS.

4. Referring to the wind: freshness, brisk-

5. Referring to alcoholic liquors: body, potency (formal), potence (rare); spec.

proof.

 Spec. adhesiveness, stickmess, effectiveness, hardiness, vigor, determination, activity, decidedness, violence, intenaity, acuteness, brilliance, ability, influence, loudness, depth, energy, cogency, emphasis, stress, durability

strengthen, v. t 1. Referring to a physical structural strengthening fortify (rare, exc. spec.), reinforce or reënforce, support, buttress (fig. or spec.), see BRACE.

Antonyms: see WEAKEN.

2. Referring to an increase in power, or capacity to exert force invigorate, invigor (rare), potentiate (rare), reënforce or reinforce, fortify; spec. recruit, enforce, reman, flank, fortify, gird, freshen, Antonyms: see WEAKEN, EXHAUST,

BLIGHT, ENERVATE.

2. Referring only to the strength of man or animal: indurate, sinew, nerve, vitalize, harden, brace. See also def. 2, above.

Antonyms: see Weaken, enervate, ex-

HAUST.

.4. Referring to a making more secure, unchangeable, or probable in respect of ideas, habits, opinions, etc.: confirm, fortify, roborate (rare), encourage, clench, clinch, corroborate (rare); heighten.

Antonyms: see WEAKEN. 5. Referring to the voice: raise, rear (rars or archaic).

6. See AID, INTENSIFY, SUPPORT, CHEER, ENCOURAGE, CONCENTRATE.

stretch, v. t. 1. See EXTEND, EXAGGERATE, EXCEED.

2. strain (contextual), draw (contextual), pull (contextual, exc. as with "out"), tense (rare), tenser; spec. screw, brace, beam, rack, finedraw, wiredraw (often fig.), crane; see EXPAND, DISTEND, BEND.

Antonyms: see CQNTRACT, SQUEEZE,

PRESS.

phasise

Tor Cross references see Note. strumuous: energetic, apirited,

pigorous strain, accent, em-

stretch, n · scope, effort, ex-panse flight strew: scatter, appinible.

etrewn: scattered. stria: line strenk

striate, o t streak striate, 1 streaked stricken: blighted etress, n.: force, constraint, strain, height, effort, importance, accent, emphasiz stratch, v s. extend, straggir stricture: censure stride, v. i step, walk

stretched, a. tense, taut, strict.

stretcher, n. 1. Spec, tent, tenter, temple.

2. See LITTER. stretching, a. tensive.

strict, a. 1. See TIGHT, STRETCHED, AC-CURATE, RESTRICTED.

2. unyielding, inflexible, unswerving, uncompromising, stringent, severe, exact, rigorous, rigid, strait (archaic), precise, nice, punctual (archaic), scrupulous, ex-

Antonymis see LAX.

3. Referring only to morals, religious practices, etc.: strait-laced, puritanical, blue; see scrupulous, conscientious, aus-Antonyms: see LAX.

strike, i. i. 1. In the general sense of to cause to be impinged upon: impinge (rare or tech.), hit, smite (archaic or rhetorical),

verberate (rare), take (contextual).

2. With special implications bang, baste (now collog), thwack, bethwack (intensive), belabor, box, buffet, clour (Scot. or dial.), cob (collog.), crack (chiefly slang), dash, flail, hurtle (rare), job, smash, pash (archaic or rare), pick, plug (slang), punch, rap, slam, slash, slug (colloq.), smack, swipe (colloq.), whang (dial. or colloq.), whop (colloq.), fisticuff, clout, saber, sabre, cut, bunt, bowl, dolly, stamp, butt, cane, cannon, foul, nob (boxing slang., knee, brake, beat, cudgel, fist, flap, flip, harpoon, knock, lash, peck, pelt, pound, punch, shock, shoot, slap, percuss, switch, drum, tap, thrash, whip.

3. In the sense of to cause (a thing) to impunge: impinge (rare), hit, smite (archaic or rhetorical), collide (rare); spec. bang, bound, crack (slang), drive, dash, hurtle, rap, slam, slash, smack, stamp, beat, clash, flap, knock, lash, pelt, pound, slap, switch, drum, tap, thrash, whip.

4. See DEAL, IGNITE, HOOK, LOWER, AF-FLICT, BLIGHT, DISCOVER, ASSUME, SOUND,

MAKE, MEET, AFFECT, FLATTEN.
strike, v. 6. 1. impinge (rase), hit, smite (archaic, or rhetorical); spec. buffet, cannon, clash, clatter, crash, smash, dash, drive, jar, knock, pat, patter, peck, pelt, spat (colloq.), tattoo, thud; see GLANCE.

2. To make a stroke (at) spec. smite (archaic or rhetorical), slash, smash. 8. See COLLIDE, GO, HAPPFN, ROOT, SOUND.

stride, s t cross stride, s step, god strident, harsh, creaking.

strider: creak shell stridulate: creak shell stridulate: creak shell stride: contaction, shell stride: contaction, contention, discount discount discount contention, discount contention, discounts, disputatione,

strike, n. 1. See STROKE, DISCOVERY.

2. turnout, walkout (cant), tie-up (U.S.; colloq.).

striking, a. 1. percussive, percutient (rare).

2. See NOTICEABLE.

striking, n. strike (rare), percussion, verberation (rare), illision (rare).

string, n. 1. band (contextual), line, cord, snare (chiefly spec.), thread (chiefly spec.), chord (now poetic); spec. twine, cordon, cordonnet, cordeliere, braid, bride, gut, lace, leash, lead, lanyard, mese (Greek music), wire (music).

2. Referring to a series of things: chain, festoon, rope; spec. chaplet, rosary.

3. Spec. gang, coffle, stud, file. "String" is collog.

4. See ROW, HOAX.

string, v. t. 1. cord, rope; spec. shard, wire.

2. See FILE, EXTEND, HOAX.

string, v. i. 1. rope, fibrillate.

2. See STRAGGLE.

stringcourse, n. table, tablet or tablette (rare), tablement (rare); spec. ledgment or ledgement.

stringy, a. 1. cordy (rare), ropy; see FILA-MENTOUS.

2. See STICKY.

strip, n. 1. slip, ribbon or ribband (chiefly spec. or tech.); spec. ligula (tech.), ligule (rare), counterlath, rand (obs. or dial.), skelp, list, rod, lath, label, welt, tape; see STRAP, THONG.

2. stripe; spec. screed, headland, listel,

fillet; see BAND.

strip, v. t. 1. See DEPRIVE, PLUNDER, HULL, SKIN.

2. bare, disfurnish (rare), deplenish (rare), displenish (Scot.), disinvest (rare), divest, skin (colloq. or spec.); spec. dismantle, peel, disgarnish (*literary*), disarm, defoliate, deforest, disflower, deflorate, dismast, plume (rare), displume (rare), glean; see DISMANTLE.

Antonyms: see COVER.

3. bare, undress, disrobe, disvest (*literary* or tech.), divest (literary), disinvest (rare), denude, disarray (literary), peel (colloq. or slang); spec. uncloak.

Antonyms: see CLOTHE.

strive, v. i. 1. endeavor, strain, labor.

2. See CONTEND, QUARREL.

stroke, n. 1. strike (rare), smite (archaic or rhetorical), impact, hit, percussion (chiefly spec.); spec. see BLOW, KNOCK, GLANCE, DRUMBEAT, TAP, SLAP, SWITCH, LASH, FLAP.

2. With more special implications: spec.

chuck, pick, peck, pat, flick, bob, lick, bunt, touch, tapotement (French; rare). rap.

3. In games: shot, hit; spec. follow, return, fluke, hazard, jenny, massé, screw, string, snick, take-off, roquet, boast, foul, cut, foozle, loft, putt or put, lob.

4. action, coup (French), hit.

5. See ATTACK, PARALYSIS, PULSATION, MOVEMENT, CARESS, LINE, SOUND, FLOUR-ISH, SARCASM.

stroke, v. t. Spec. palm, lick, pat, flick.

peck; see RUB, CARESS.

stroll, v. i. saunter, loiter, lounge, troll (rare), spatiate (rare), dander (Scot.); spec. ramble.

stroll, n. saunter, loiter, lounge, spatia-

tion (rare); spec. ramble.

stroller, n. saunterer, loiterer, etc., flåneur (French); spec. boulevardier (French).

strolling, n. sauntering, etc., flanerie (French).

strong, a. 1. Referring merely to the capac-

ity to exert force: see POWERFUL.

2. Referring to the strength of man or beast: sinewy, nervy, sinewous (rare), nervous (spec., exc. fig.), muscular (spec., exc. fig.), brawny, sturdy, stout, husky (colloq., U.S.), doughty (chiefly literary; archaic or humorous), robustious (chiefly archaic; often humorous), Herculean (fig.), Atlantean (fig.), buckra (slang, southern U. S.); spec. tough; see STAL-See also the general words under WART. POWERFUL.

Antonyms: see WEAK, EXHAUSTED, POW-

ERLESS, WEAKLY.

8. Referring to the mere capacity to resist force: solid, tough, stout, stanch, robustious (rare or humorous); see FIRM.

Antonyms: see WEAK, BRITTLE, CRUM-

BLY, FLIMSY.

4. Referring to the wind: powerful, lively, smart, virent (rare); spec. brisk, fresh, freshish.

Antonyms: see WEAK.

5. Referring to alcoholic liquors: full, solid (rare), nappy, bodied, stiff, heavy, hard.

6. Referring to an odor or smell: spec. gamy, high, hot; see RANK.

7. Referring to the feelings: powerful,

forcible, masterful; see INTENSE.

8. See STICKY, HARDY, VIGOROUS, DETER-MINED, ACTIVE, DECIDED, VIOLENT, ABLE, BRIGHT, INFLUENTIAL, LOUD, DEEP, ENER-GETIC, EMPHATIC, COGENT.

"Strong" can be used as a synonym of very many words that denote more than usual activity, intensity, or the like.

TEP Cross reserences: see Note. stringent: strict.

stronghold, n. hold, fastness; see FORTI- studio, n. workroom, atcher (French). FICATION, REFUGE.

struck, p. a smitten (archaic or rhetorical) structural, a constructional, constitutive (rare, exc. spec.), conformational (rare), textural, organic; spec. geotectonic, tectonic, architectural.

structure, n 1. make, build, frame, constitution, composition, construction, organization, make-up, texture, conformation, nature (contextual), tissue (chiefly spec.), schematism ,rare), physique (chiefly spec.) organism (rare), framing; spec. malconformation, see ARCHITECTURE.

2. frame, framework, fabric, texture, work, shell, case, skeleton, careass, corpus, machine (rare), erection, compages (literary); spec contignation (rare, superstructure, network, cradle, trestle, truss, crib, chassis, creel, grillage, cage, griduron, grid, cortex; see Building

structureless, a unformed, unorganized. struggle, v. t. I. reluctate (rare , sprawl (obs or rare), reluct (rare), agomize (rare,, spec. wrestle, tussle, scramble, scuffle, wriggle, kick; see contend.

Antonyms' see YIELD.

 See endeavor. struggle, n. 1. reluctation (rare), reluctance (rure); sper. wrestle, scramble,

wriggle, scuffle; see contest. 3. See ENDEAVOR, EFFORT. struggling, a. reluctant (rare).

strut, v. i. cock (fig), prance, swell, major, peacock (fig), flaunt, bestrut (an intensive), brank (archaic or Scot.), perk; ace BWAGGER

strut, n. cock, prance; see swagger.

stub, n. 1. See BTUMP, END.

 Remainder of a check, etc.: counterfoil. stub, v. t. 1. See CLEAR.

2. Referring to the toe. strike, stump (col-

stubble, n. eddish (tech , Eng.). stubby, a. 1. rough, stubbly.

3. See STOCKY.

stud, v t 1. See SUPPORT, SPOT.

2. boss, emboss, bestud (an intensive), set, beset (an intensive), knot (rare)

studded, a. bossy, bossed, embossed, set, beset; spec. naily.

student, n. studier (rare), bookman (rare), lucuhrator (rare); spec. bookworm, grind, dig (slang), sap (slang), opsimath (rare), see SCHOLAR.

Antonyms: see TEACHER.

studious, a. 1. booky, bookish.

2. Nec ATTENTIVE, DILIGENT.

study, n 1. lucubration (literary); spec. cram, pilpul

2. See CONSIDERATION, EXERCISE, OR-JECT, SKETCH.

study, v. : 1. lucubrate (rare), read (contertual), con (archaic or dial ,, spec. pore (chiefly with 'over'), grind, sup (school slang), d.g (colloq), cram (stang),

Antonyms see PLAY 2. See CONSIDER

study, v t 1. read (contextual); spec. grind (colleg), dig colleg or slang; con (archaic or dial), eram (slang).

2. Nee CONSIDER, PLAN.

stuff, v. t. fill (contextual), ram, cram; spec pad, pack, wad flock, lard.

Antonyms see EMPTY stuffing, n Npec paiding, wadding, excelsior, dressing,

studdity, a t besot dancify (rare), idiotize (literary or fig.

stumblingblock, n. offense (archave), scandal (a religious term).

stump, n. 1. stub, snag (chiefly spec.), serng chiefly dual, stool (rare); see Log. 2. remnant, stub; spec. dock.

3. See CHALLENGE

stunt, t t Referring to growth: check, cramp, nip; see DW ARF.

stunted, a. undergrown, checked, nipped,

runtish, scrubby, spec dwarfish.
stupefaction, n 1. confusion, bewilderment, petrifaction (rare), paralysis (chiefly spec), dazing, obf scation (rare), stun-

ning, elc.
2. See STUPOR, INTOXICATION

stupefactive, a stupefactent, confusing, etc., torpific (rare), carotic (rare), narcotie, dazing, spec. intoxicating, daz-

stupefied, a. confused, dazed, benumbed. dazy (rare), stupent (rare,; spec. comatose, intoxicated,

Antonymu: see ALERT.

stupety, t. t. confuse, confound (archaic), obfuscate (rare, obstupety (rare), dull; spec, bewilder, stun, daze, muddle, besot (chiefly spec), benumb, maze (archave), bemuse (archaic, dare (obs or dial, Eng), daver (Eng dial), deaden, petrify, paralyze, dullify (colleg), entrance, narcotize, opiate (rore), drug, intoxicate, dazale.
Antonyms: see ROUSE.

Cross references are Note. strum, v : thrum. strumpet: harlot. stuco: plaster stud: string studied: deliberate, slaborate, stuff, o . gormandies

stuffe, a matter from stuffed: full, surferted stuffy: close stumble, r 1 mustep, falter, blunder, err, happen stumble, n: mustep, falter, blunder, error. stump, s a walk, speak

stump, c. t . stub. defeat, chaitemp stocky, squat, stun; stupe; stocky, squat, stup; stocky, shock, denfen, strangers, stuncing; fine stunt, n feel stupendous; immens, **stupid**, a. unintelligent, witless, thoughtless (rare), stolid, heavy, brainless, vacant, empty, dull, inept (literary), senseless, dull-witted, dense, inane, fatuous (a literary term), slow, obtuse, insulse (rare), crass, asinine, doltish, fat (colloq.), fat-headed (colloq.), flat, incapacious, wooden, wooden-headed, headless (rare), dotish or doatish (rare), doting or doating (rare), dumpish, anserine (rare), purblind, cloddish, blockish, oafish (rare), addle (rare), addle-headed, fiddle-headed (rare), pig-headed (colloq.), buffle-headed, sottish (chiefly spec.), donkeyish (rare), heavy-headed, dotardly (rare), daft (obs. or dial.), Bootian (fig.), stockish (rare), hebete (rare), hebetudinous (rare); spec. foolish, idiotic, imbecile, driveling (extremely contemptuous).

Antonyms: see INTELLIGENT, CLEVER, SHARP, SHREWD, PRECOCIOUS, WITTY.

stupid, n. See SIMPLETON.

stupidity, n. witlessness (rare), ineptitude (literary), crassitude (literary), density, opacity (literary or learned; rare), inanity, fatuousness or fatuity (literary), noodleism (contemptuous), noodledom (contemptuous), jackassery (rare; contemptuous), jobbernowlism (colloq.), hebetude (rare), senselessness, dullness, etc.

Antonyms: see INTELLIGENCE, DISCERN-MENT; also cf. CLEVER, SHARP, etc.

stupor, n. stupefaction, daze, confusion (contextual), lethargy, mazement (rare), dazedness (rare), dazement (rare), deadness (rare), lull (rare); spec. narcotism, coma; see SLEEP.

style, n. 1. See point, pen, name.

2. mode, fashion, genre (French), manner, character, ton (French), form, taste, gout (French); spec. histrionism, gusto.

8. Relating to expression: diction, wording, phraseology; spec. cacology, euphuism, preciosity, Gongorism, Guevarism, journalese (colloq.), Johnsonese, Carlylese, Ruskinese, etc.

4. Relating to a conventional standard, esp. in social relations, dress, etc.: spec. fashion, ton (French), pattern, model, vogue, chic (French or slang), fashionableness, bon ton (French or slang), haut ton (French), format, get-up, make, wear (rare or cant), block, cut.

styliform, a. stylate, styloid, pen-shaped. stylish, a. fashionable, modish, elegant,

chic (French or slang), genteel (chiefly sarcastic), tonish (colloq.), high-toned (a cheap or contemptuous term), tony (slang or colloq.; U.S. and colonial Eng.), alamode; spec. dressy (colloq.), smart.

Antonyms: see OLD-FASHIONED.

subdivide, v. t. divide (contextual), redivide.

subdual, n. subjection, subjugation, reduction, subduement (rare); spec. downing (colloq.), taming, etc.; see OVERCOMING, INTIMIDATION, MITIGATION.

subdue, v. t. subject, subjugate, allay; spec. down, milden, tame, curb, reduce, bend, bow, break; see OVERCOME, INTIMI-

DATE, MITIGATE, SUPPRESS.

subdued, a. subjected, reduced, redact (obs. or rare); spec. chastened, dispirited.
Antonyms: see UNSUBDUED.

people (a collective; contextual). A "citizen" is not a "subject."

Antonyms: see LORD, RULER, MONARCH.

2. Referring to one subjected to some action, power, or habit: slave, patient.

Antonyms: see ACTOR.

8. In hypnotism, spiritualism, etc.: patient, medium, sensitive, sympathetic; spec. psychic, hypnotic.

4. matter, theme, topic, question, head, subject matter, object matter, text (chiefly spec.), locus (a Latinism; rare); spec. lemma, food, Leitmotiv (German), testo, dux.

5. In logic: premise.

6. In metaphysics: ego.

7. In medicine: see PATIENT.

subject, v. t. 1. master, subjugate, break, enslave; see SUBDUE, OVERCOME.

2. expose, submit, surrender, abandon, put; see subordinate.

subjective, a. 1. inner, interior, objective (the use of the older medieval philosophy).

Antonyms: see OBJECTIVE.

2. See Introspective, deceptive.

sublet, v. t. let (contextual), sublease, underlease, underlet, underset (Eng.).

submerge, v. t. 1. See SINK.

2. whelm, drown, bury, submerse (rare); see OVERFLOW.

submissive, a. yielding, passive, meek, tame, slavish, humble; see DEFERENTIAL, COMPLAISANT, RESIGNED, OBEDIENT.

Antonyms: see Unsubmissive, defiant, arrogant, authoritative.

Cross references: see Note.

stupid, n.: blockhead.

sturdy: determined, strong.

hardy, stalwart.

stutter: falter.

sty: pigsty, pen.

style, v. t.: name.

styptic: astringent.

suavec smooth, agreeable.

subject, a.: servile, liable, conditional.

subject matter: subject.

subjoin: add, attach.

subjugate: subdue, subject, overcome.

sublimate, v. t.: purify, idealize.

sublimate, n.: deposit.

sublime, a.: exalted.
sublime, v. t.: purify, idealize.
submarine, a.: underwater.
submerge, v. i.: sink.
submergence: submersion.
submission: yielding, offer.
submit, v. t.: subject, profose,
present, offer, refer.
submit, v. i.: yield.

subordinate, n. inferior, sub (colloq.), understrapper (contemptuous), underling (depreciatory); spec. subaltern (chiefly mil.), dependent.

subordinate, a. subsidiary,

ancillary (chiefly tech. or fig.), servient (chiefly tech.); spec. dependent, understrapping (rare); see SECONDARY, COLLATERAL.

Antonyms see CHIEF, MASTER, RULING. subordinate, v. f. subject, submit, post-

pone, postposit (rare)

subordination, n subjection, submission, aubservience, servitude (rare), aubordinacy (rare); spec. postponement.

subscribe, v t 1. underwrite, undersign, postscribe: see sign

3. See INSCRIBE, PROMISE.

subsequent, a. 1. Referring to order or time: following, sequent, after (chiefly referring to time), posterior, sequacious (rare), sequential (rare), latter, succeeding, successive, attendant (contextual)

Antonyms: see FORMER, PREVIOUS. 2. Referring to time only later, future (a

loose usage), postliminary (rare), postliminious (an erroneous use).

Antonyms: see FORMER.

subside, v. i. 1. See SINK.

3. lower, sink, settle, fall, drop, lapse. subsidy, n. gift, grant, aid, allowance, contribution, subvention, bounty; -all contextual.

Antonyma: see TAX.

subsoil, n. earth (contextual), substratum. undersoil; spec. pan.

substance, n. 1. See ESSENCE, MATTER, MATERIAL, MEANING, WEALTH, ACTUALITY. matter, substratum, essence (tech.), hyle (obs. or tech.), hypostasis (tech.), stuff.

3. body, sum, gist, heart, core, fullness, volume, gravamen (tech.), pith, content. substitute, n. Spec. makeshift, apology, duplicate, succedaneum (rare), surrogate (rare or spec.), vicar, understudy, repre-

sentative, change.

substitute, v. t. exchange (contextual), supposite (rare), suffect (rare), substi-ture, subrogate (rare or spec.), surrogate (rare).

substituted, a. vicarial (rare), vicarious (chiefly spec; literary or learned), suffected (rare), subrogated (rare or spec.),

substitution, n. exchange or change (contextual), shift, subrogation (rare or spec.), surrogation (rare); spec. enallage, nova-

subtle, a. 1. See ATTENUATED, PENETRA-TIVE, ELUSIVE, NICE, DELICATE, INTELLI-GENT, INGENIOUS, DISCERNING, ARTFUL.

profound, fine, refined, fine-spun, wiredrawn (fig), superfine, nice, delicate, derp, subtile (now rare), astute, sharp, witty (chiefly spec.), serpentine (literary; fig.), keen, exile (archaic).

Antonyms: see CRUDE.

subtlety, n. 1. See ATTENUATION, NICE-NESS, NICETY, DELICACY, INTELLIGENCE.

2. profundity, fineness, refinement, profoundness, delicacy, subtleness, subtleness (now rare), subtility (now rare), nicety, depth, astuteness, sharpness, wittiness (chiefly spec), keenness, exility

Antonyms see CRUDENESS; of CRUDE. 3. Referring to an argument, distinction, etc.: profundity, quiddity (rare), refine-ment, subtility (now rare), nicety.

suburb, n outskirt, skirt (often in pl.). faubourg (French).

succeed, v. t. follow; spec. inherit, replace. succeed, v i. 1. See FOLLOW.

2. Referring to a person: prosper, speed (archaic), prevail, cotton (obs.), win. Antonyms · sec FAIL.

1. Referring to a thing: go, do, take (rare or med.), prevail.

Antonyma: see FAIL.

success, n. 1. See FORTUNE.

2. prosperity, speed (archaic), hit (collog.; often spec.), go (chiefly U.S.; collog.). Antonyms: see DEFEAT, FAILURE.

*. Referring to what succeeds go (chiefly U. S.; colloq.), hit (colloq.; often spec.).

succession, n 1. following, sequence, consecution, consequence, rotation, seriality (rare), procession.

2. See DESCENT, SERIES.

3. inheritance; spec. reversion, entail (rare).

successive, a. sequent, sequential, consecutive, serial, progressive, successional. contiguous; spec. ordinal; see FOLLOWING. Antonyma: acc Preceding.

Cross references, see Note. C'oss references, see Note, tuborn: indure, brishe subrogate: substitute subscript; potaeript; augustive, subscription: potaeript, signature, contribution, subscription: potaeript, signature accession, contribution, subscription; subscripti subservient: subordinate, ob-sequious, obedient, serviceable, contributory complaisant. subsidiary: auxiliary, subordi-nate, accidental.

subsidize: bribe, aid subsidies: bribe, and
subsidies; r t be, continue, consist, inhere, live prevail, apply,
subsidies, r t - support feed,
subdistance: being living
subsidies being, inherent,
substantial: essential, important, considerable, massive, actual, influential, sirtial, noursping, pithy
substantialise: actualise, emsubstantialise: actualise, emsubstantiate: octualize, em-body, proce, confirm.

substratum: subseri substance subterfuge: artifice, pretent, enous: underground. subtile: subile subtilize, t i refine. subvention: subsidy subversionary: rainous, subvert: "uin abolish. successful: fortunate, prospe

successively, a. consecutively, serially, etc., seriatim.

suck, v. t. 1. draw (contextual), pull; spec. drink, inhale.

2. See ABSORB.

suck, n. draw, pull, suction (formal or tech.); spec. exsuction.

sucker, n. Spec. suckling, proboscis, haustellum, acetabulum, bothrium, haustorium, surculus.

sucking, a. 1. sugent (rare).

2. suctorial (formal), sugescent (rare; tech.), suctional (rare); spec. haustellate.

suckle, v. t. feed (contextual), nurse.

suckle, v. i. draw, suck, nurse, pull (colloq.).

suckling, n. lactation.

sudden, a. 1. abrupt, precipitant (rare), subitaneous (rare).

Antonyms: see GRADUAL, SLOW.

2. See ABRUPT.

suddenly, adv. slap (colloq.), plump, presto, smack (collog.).

sudorific, a. sudoriferous, sudoriparous, hidrotic;—all tech.

sudorific, n. diaphoretic (tech.), sudatory (tech.), sweater.

suds, n. pl. lixivium (tech.).

suffer, v. t. 1. experience (contextual), bear, endure, sustain, undergo; spec. receive, pay, get, take.

2. See ENDURE, PERMIT.

suffer, v. i. groan, smart, agonize, sweat (slang), smoke (spec. or fig.); spec. pay.

sufferer, n. patient (rare); spec. martyr, protomartyr.

suffering, n. 1. sufferance (archaic), experience (contextual), endurance, bearing, sustainment, undergoing; spec. receiving, etc., passion (obs., exc. of Christ on the cross and of his agony in the Garden of Gethsemane), pathos (learned), teen (archaic), martyrdom; see PAIN.

2. Spec. endurance, permission.

suffice, v. i. serve, do, satisfy.

suffix, n. affix (contextual), ending, termination, postfix, addition (contextual), terminant (rare).

Antonyms: see Prefix.

suffix, v. t. affix (contextual), postfix.

suffocate, v. t. 1. choke, smother, strangle | sullenness, n. ill temper, sulkiness, sulks (chiefly spec.), stifle, asphyxiate (tech.), spiflicate (slang), scomfish (Scot.); spec. drown, overlie (v. t. only), charcoal; see CHOKE.

3. See extinguish.

suffocate, v. i. 1. choke, smother, strangle (chiefly spec.), stiffe, asphyxiate (tech.); spec. gulp.

2. See DIE.

sufficient, n. choking, smothering, asphyxiation, etc.

suffocative, a. choky, choking, stifling, smothery, strangly (colloq.), pothery (rare).

suffrage, n. 1. See ACCESSION.

2. vote.

sugary, a. sweet, saccharine (tech.), saccharous (rare); spec. honeyed.

Antonyms: see Sour.

suggest, v. t. present, prompt, inspire; see INTIMATE, ADVANCE.

suggestion, n. 1. presentation, prompting, inspiration, prompture (rare); see INTIMATION, ADVANCE.

2. Referring to what is suggested: inspiration, cue (chiefly spec.), prompt (rare); see INTIMATION.

suicide, n. 1. homicide (contextual), selfdestruction, self-murder, self-homicide (rare), felo-de-se (a loose use; Latin), selfslaughter (rare); spec. hara-kiri (not "hari-kari"), seppuku (rare).

2. self-murderer, felo-de-se (tech.; Latin),

self-destroyer.

suit, v. i. agree, fit, serve (chiefly spec.), sort (archaic).

suite, n. 1. See RETINUE.

2. Referring to rooms: set, suit; spec. apartment, flat, conclave.

suitor, n. 1. lover (contextual), beau, attendant (contextual), wooer, protestant (rare), steady (slang or dial.). "Suitor" is formal; "beau" is the ordinary familiar word.

3. See Litigant.

sulk, v. i. pout, pet, mope, mump (rare), grump (rare; colloq.), boody (rare).

sulk, n. fit, pout, pet.

sullen, a. ill-tempered (contextual), sulky, glum, grum, glumpy (rare), morose, moody, mumpish, dogged, doggish (rare), cloudy.

Antonyms: see GOOD-NATURED, GAY, CHEERFUL, VIVACIOUS.

(pl.; colloq.), sullens (pl.; colloq.), glumness, etc.

sully, v. t. 1. In a physical sense: see soil,

Toss reserences: see Note.

succinct: concise. succor: aid.

succulent: juicy. succumb: yield, die, surrender.

such: similar. suction: suck. suctorial: sucking. sue, v. t.: prosecute, court. sue, v. i.: ask, court, appeal. sufferable: permissible, endurable.

sufferance: endurance, patience, suffering, permission. sufficiency: adequacy, ability, fortune, conceit.

sufficient: adequate, able. suffuse: diffuse, bathe, fill, overspread. suit, v.t.: adapt, answer, become. suitable: agreeable, appropriate, becoming, applicable, worthy, ready.

sulky: ill-tempered, sullen.

blemish, tarnish, stigmatize (rare or literary), blot, blur, spot, cloud, blacken, darken, defile, foul, smirch, defame, asperse (rare), denigrate (rare), disluster or dislustre (rare), dusk (rare), attaint

Antonyms see Purify.

3. See CONTAMINATE.

sully, a stain, stigma, blemish, tarnish, blot, blar, spot, cloud, smirch.

sullying, n staining, soiling, defilement, etc

sulphurous, a. sulphury, brimstony (rare), hepatic (tech.).

num, n. 1. See AGGREGATE, QUANTITY. HEIGHT, SUBSTANCE.

amount, purse

summarization, n abridgment, summarizing, recapitulation, summing (chiefly with "up"), resumption

summarize, t. t. abridge (contextual), si.m (chiefly with "up"); spec. resume, ab-

atract, recapitulate.

summary, n abridgment, brief; spec. résumé (French), précis (French), abstract, capitulation, breve, breviate (rare), breviary (obs or rare), continent (archaic , conclusum (a term of diplomacy).

summer, n. summertime, summertide

(literary); spec midsummer. Antonyms: see winter.

summer, v. i. æstivate (tech. or learned; chiefly spec.).

Antonyms: see WINTER.

summer, a. æstival (tech. or learned). summerhouse, n. Spec. mahal (East In-

dian), kioek. summon, v. t. 1. call, bid (archaic), cite, invoke (rare, exc. spec.), summons (colloq), demand (rare), ask; spec. drum, preconise (rars), motion, bugle, muster, knell, lure, ring, subpæna, avoke, pipe; see CONVOKE, INVOKE.

1. See ROUSE, CALL (in law)

summoning, a. citatory, invocatory;both tech, or learned.

summons, n. call, bid (archaic or slang). invocation, citation, calling; spec alarum, larum (archaic), roll-call, subpœna; see CONVOCATION, INVOCATION.

sumptuary, a expense,

2. In an immalerial sense: stain, soil, unn, n. 1. soi (mythol, or poetic), Phoebus (fig. or Greek myth.), daystar (poetic), Itian (fig or Greek myth.); spec. mock sun, particlon.

2. See SUNLIGHT, SUNRISE.

sun, t / solarize (rare), insolate (tech.). Sunday, n. Lord's Day, Sabbath, First Day

sunlight, n sunshine, sun (fig.), daylight, day (contextual), shine (contextual), light (contextual).

Antonyms see shade.

sunny, a 1. sunshiny; see CLEAR. Antonyms see SHADY, RAINY.

3. See CHEERFUL.

sunrise, n. sun (contextual), sun-up (collog., U. S.).

sunset, n sundown, nightfall, night, evensong (archaic), set (poetic).

sunstroke, n. comp-de-soled (French), m-solation (rare; tech.).

sunwise, a clockwise.

superficial, a 1. Sec surface.

3. Referring to mental qualities: shallow, meretricious; see cursory.

Antonyms see DEEP superfluity, n. 1. See EXCESS.

2. A superfluous thing, neednot (rare), fifth wheel fig).

Antiny is see NECESSARY.

superhuman, a preterhuman (rare), transhuman (rare); spec. seraphic (literary), angelic, divine.

Autonyms see human.

superior, a t. See Higher, fine, better, ADVANTAGEOUS

2. Referring to superiority in general: supreme, preeminent, paramount, palmary (rare, topping, superemment. Antoryms see inferior.

3. Referring to superiority in rank or office: higher, upper, over, above; see DIS-TINGUISHED

4. Referring to precedence of rights: prece-

dent, semor, elder, preferent, prior.
superior, n. cluef, head, top-sawyer (colloq), higher-up (slang); spec. mahaut (East Indian), suzerain, lord, hege or liege lord, domina, major, prior, prioress guardian

Antonyms: see inferior.

Cross references, see Note ty tous references, see Note
aultary: hot, close
summary: t. add, summarize
summary, a concise.
summation: addition, aggregate sumptions: luxurious sumptions: luxurious sumptioniness: luxury. sunder, a separate sundown: sunset. sundry: partous sunken: desp-set.

sunshiny: sunny, cheerful, sup, v t & n sip, sup, v t sip, cal. superabundant: excessive, abundant. superand: odd.
superannuste: disqualify, resuperb: fine, grand, imposing, supercitions: proud, haughty. contemptuous

runshine: sunlight, cheerful-

supererogatory: unnecessary, superficies: surface superfice: fine, subtle superfluone: unnecessary, esexister
superimpose: superpose,
superimpose: supering,
superinduce: cause,
superintend: oversee
superintendence: overseeing,
superintendency: overseeing,
superintendent: overseer,
superintendent: superintendent: superintendent;
superintendent: superintendent;
superintendent: superintendent;
superintendent: superintendent;
superinten supernatural, a. preternatural (formal or learned), supranatural (rare), transnormal (rare), marvelous, unearthly, hyperphysical, miraculous, metaphysical (rare); spec. superhuman, superorganic.

Antonyms: see NATURAL.

supernumerary, n. supe or super (colloq.); spec. figurant (masc.), figurante (fem.).

superpose, v. t. impose, superimpose.

supersensible, a. metaphysical; spec. spiritual, supernatural.

supersensual, a. supersensuous, supersensory.

superstition, n. believingness (contextual), belief (contextual); spec. (and contextually) tradition, idea, fear.

superstitious, a. believing (contextual); spec. (and contextually) fearful.

supplement, v. t. supplete (rare).

supplementary, a. additional, supplemental, suppletive, suppletory, parergal (rare); spec. accessory.

supply, n. 1. See STORE, STOCK, FURNISH-ING, FUND, SUBSTITUTE.

2. Chiefly in pl.: stores, materiel (French), crop, provision, stock; see AMMUNITION.

support, v. t. 1. bear, sustain, carry, uphold (chiefly literary), hold; spec. corbel (used with "out" or "off"), cradle, pillow, truss; see PROP, BRACE, FLOAT.

2. Referring to giving aid or favor to a person, cause, etc.: strengthen, uphold, sustain, maintain, second, back (colloq. or cant), champion (primarily spec.), reenforce or reinforce (rare), float (fig.), tide (with "over"), sustentate (rare); spec. grubstake, prop, bolster, patron (rare), favor; see APPROVE, AID, DEFEND, AD VOCATE, JUSTIFY.

8. Referring to provision of the upkeep of a person or thing: maintain, subsist, keep;

spec. winter, feed.

4. Referring to making more probable by evidence, etc.: strengthen, uphold, sustain; see EVIDENCE, CONFIRM, PROVE.

5. See ENDURE, STRENGTHEN, ACT, CONTINUE.

support, n. 1. Referring to the action of physically supporting: sustentation, upholding, upbearing, sustenance (rare), sustainment (formal or rare), bearing.

2. Referring to what supports physically: rest, base; spec. bearing, bottom, seat, underpinning, bolster, prop, brandreth (dial.), stay, guy, potent (archaic), buttress, undersetter (rare), pier, pillar, pedestal, bed, bedding, back, stud, tread, trestle, leg, stilt, block, dog. triangle, yoke, easel, buoy, float saddle, hanger, trammel, truss, straddle, shore, stirrup, step, bush, skid, ran (chiefly Scot.), cushion, pillow, cant, caryatid, atlantis, cantilever, horse, gantry or gauntry, footman (dial. Eng.), chaplet; see FOUNDATION, BEARING.

8. Referring to the act of supporting a person, cause, etc.: strengthening, backing, maintenance, behalf, championship (primarily spec.), sustentation (formal); spec. reënforcement or reinforcement (rare), prop (rare), patronage; see APPROVAL,

AID, DEFENSE, ADVOCACY.

4. Referring to the person or thing from which one receives support: strength, pillar, prop, stay, mainstay, dependence, trust, reliance; spec. understudy (cant).

5. Referring to the act of upkeep: main-

tenance, upkeep, keep.

6. Referring to that which is supplied for upkeep: upkeep, keep; see LIVING.

7. See EVIDENCE, CONFIRMATION, ENDURANCE.

supporter, n. maintainer, upholder, seconder, stand-by (colloq.), patron (chiefly spec.), patroness (fem.; chiefly spec.); spec. espouser, champion, partizan, defender, approver, countenancer; see ADHERENT.

Antonyms: see HANGER-ON.

3. supposed, a. 1. See ASSUMED. **3.** suppositive (rare), supposititious (formal or learned), suppositional (rare), suppositionary (rare), believed (rare), putative (chiefly tech.), reputed, reputative (rare); spec. conjectural.

Antonyms: see ACTUAL.

suppress, v. t. 1. subdue, destroy (contextual), stop, check, quell, quench, squelch, quelch (rare), quash (rare), stifle, strangle, repress, allay, extinguish, smother, cushion (rare), retund (rare), kill, burke (rare), hush, eliminate, silence; see SWALLOW, HIDE;—mostly fig. uses.

Cross references: see Note.
supernumerary: excessive.
superscribe: inscribe.
superscription: inscription.
supersede: replace.
superstitious: fearful, believing, timid.
superstructure: structure, building.
supervene: occur.
supervenient: accessory.
supervention: occurrence.
supervise: oversee.
supervision: overseeing, over-

sight.
supervisor: overseer.
supine: prostrate, negligent.
supper, v. i.: eat.
supplant: replace, displace.
supple, a.: flexible, complaisant, obsequious.
supple, v. t.: limber.
supplement: addition, counterpart.
suppletory: accessory.
suppliance: asking.
suppliant, a.: asking.
suppliant, n.: asker.

supplicant, a.: asking.
supplicant, n.: asker.
supplicate: ask.
supplication: asking.
supplicatory: asking.
supply, v. t.: furnish.
supportable: endurable, defensible.
suppose: assume, imagine, believe, imply.
suppositional: conjectural.
suppositious: supposed, conjectural, false.
suppository: assumptive.

Antonyma: see ADVANCE.

3. See Abolish, Repress, Murder.

suppurate, v. s. maturate (tech. or learned), mature (rare), ripen (rare or dial.), fester,

putrefy (rare), gather.

suppuration, n. maturation, fester, pyosis (rare), diapyesis (rare), impostuma-lent.

2. See PURULENT.

supremacy, n. 1. supremity (rare), supremeness, sovereignty, sovranty (poetic), principality (rare), principate (rare), paramountcy, primacy; see HEADSRIP.

 authority, sovereignty, paramountcy, primacy, scepter.

supreme, a 1. highest, sovereign, sovran (poetic), paramount, hegemonic (rare); spec imperial

2. See EXTREME.

surety, n. 1. See confidence, becurity. 2. sponsor (formal), guarantee, guarantor, security, spec. gage, warrantor, insurer (rare), voucher, fidejussor (rare or spec.), pledge (historical), mainpernor (historical), bond, bail.

surf, n. breach (rare), breakers (pl.). enriace, n. 1. exterior, face, superficies (tech or learned), periphery (tech), rind (rare or spec.); spec. top, outside, inside, brim (archaic), bosom, flesh, flat, concav-

ity, convexity; see SIDE, FINISH.

Antonyms see INTERIOR,

2. See APPEARANCE.

surface, a. exterior, superficial (formal), superficiary (rare), peripheral (tech.); spec. peripheric (rare), epigene, epipolic. Antonyms: see INTERIOR, DEEP.

surfeit, n 1. feeding, satiety, glut, gorge, cloy, engorgement (rare), crapulation (rare), gorging, cramming, etc.

2. fullness, satiety, cloy, crapulence; see NAUBEA.

Antonyma: see APPETITE, HUNGER.

surfait, v. t feed, overfeed, sate (chiefly literary), satiate (formal), cram (collog or spec), stuff, overcram (intensive), cloy (literary; often used fig.), overcloy (intensive), gorge, engorge (rare), overgorge (intensive), glut, englut (archaic), crapulate

surfeit, v. i. overeat, cram, gorge. Antonyma: ace HUNGER, THIRST

eurfeited. a. satisted, crapulent (literary), stuffed.

Antonyma: see HUNGRY, UNBATISFIED. surge, v. i. 1. See BILLOW.

Cross references see Note. euroingle: girth

euro: confident, reliable, unquestionable, unquestioning, unerring, certain

surfeiter: glutton surging, a billowy surmise, n. quess, suspicion. guess, suspect surpassing: fine.

3. sway, sweep, swing, rush. surgeon, n doctor (contextual), chirurgeon (archaic), sawbones (slang); spec. orthopedist, laparotomist, etc.

surgery, n. Spec orthopedy or orthopædy, orthopraxy, autoplasty, laparotomy, etc surly, a ill-tempered (contextual), ungracious, churlish (literary or bookish), cynical or cynic (rare), grumpy (collog.), grum (rare), doggish (rare), dogged (rare), enarling, rusty (rare).

Antonyms: see SMOOTH-SPOKEN, AFFA-

BLE, AGREEABLE, GRACIOUS.

surmount, v. t 1. overmount (rare), rise (chiefly U. S.), overpass (rare), overget (rare), overclimb (primarily spec.).

3. See TOP, OVERCOME.

surpass, v. t exceed, excel, beat, cap (fig.), top, ding (archaic or dial.), transcend, overtop, outmatch, distance, better, ontvie, outrival, outclass (sporting), pass (archaic), lick (slang), outpeer (rare), overpeer (rare), best (collog.), overpass (rare), outpass (rare), outbid (rare), outbrace (rare), overcome (archaic), pretergress (rare), outdo, outnumber.

surprise, v t. 1. See ATTACK, STARTLE. 2. astonish, astound, stound (obs. or archaic), astony (archaic), steen.

surprise, n 1. See ATTACK,

2. surprisal, surprisement (rare), astonishment, astoundment (rare), amazement, mazement (rare), wonder, marvel (archaic).

surprised, a. 1. startled.

3. astonished, thunderstruck, thunder-stricken (rare), wonderstricken (rare).

surprising, a. astonishing, astounding, mazing (rare), marvelous strange (contextual), miraculous, tremendous, mirific (rare and jocular); spec. startling.

surrender, v. f. 1. yield, render, deliver, betray, sacrifice.

2. See RELINQUISH, ABANDON, BUBJECT,

DEDICATE. surrender, v. i. yield, capitulate (chiefly

mil) flinch (now obsolescent), fall (chiefly mil.), succumb. surrender, n. 1. yielding, rendition, de-

livery, capitulation (chiefly mil.), fall (chiefly mil.), dedition (rare). 3. Spec, relinguishment, subjection, aban-

donment, dedication. surround, v. t encircle (primarily spec.), circle (now chiefly poetic), inclose, enclose, encompass, compass, girdle, beset, invest, hem (chiefly used with "in" or "round");

spec. sphere, ensphere, skirt, hedge, clip

surplus, n excess remainder surplus, a excessive, remaining surplusage: excess, remainder, surreptitious: hidden, stealthy,

(rare or spec.), cincture (rare), encincture (rare), enwreathe or inwreathe (often fig.), embay, enring (rare), girth (rare), gird, begird (intensive), begirt (intensive), beleaguer, round (rare), invest, circumvent (rare or learned), brace (rare), collar, twine, ring, rim, orb (elevated), loop, necklace, inorb (rare), inarch (rare), enwind or inwind, cordon, circumsept (rare); see INCLOSE, INVEST.

surrounded, a. inclosed; spec. cinct (rare), girt, circumcinct (rare), bestead

(literary).

surrounding, a. inclosing, encompassing; spec. ambient, circumjacent, circumambient.

surrounding, n. 1. surroundal (rare), inclosure, enclosure, encompassment, etc.

2. In pl.: environs, environment (a collective), entourage (French), externality (rare), milieu (French), neighborhood.

survey, v. t. 1. examine, view; spec. sweep, reconnoiter, scout, pickeer (archaic), perambulate.

2. See SEE, EXAMINE.

survey, n. examination, view; spec. sweep, reconnoissance, reconnaissance, reconnaissance, reconnoiter, scout, panorama (rare), conspectus, perambulation.

survive, v. t. 1. outlive, overlive (rare).

2. outlast, outlive (fig.), outwear, outgrow; spec. outride.

susceptible, a. receptive, susceptive (rare), capable, open, passionate (literary).

Antonyms: see INSENSIBLE, APATHETIC. suspect, v. t. 1. surmise, imagine, think, mistrust, smell (fig.), suspicion (dial.), doubt (archaic), misdoubt (archaic), jalouse (Scot.), sniff; see GUESS.

2. See distrust.

suspend, v. t. 1. See hang, intermit, ad-Journ, defer.

2. dismiss; spec. rusticate.

suspenders, n. pl. braces, gallows, gallowses (Scot., dial., or U.S.);—all pl.

suspicion, n. 1. surmise, imagination (rare), mistrust, smell (fig.; colloq.), inkling, jealousness or jealousy (now dial., exc. spec.), misdoubt (archaic); see GUESS.

2. See DISTRUST, TRACE.

suspicious, a. 1. doubtful, distrustful;

spec. thunderstruck.

Antonyms: see unsuspicious.

2. See QUESTIONABLE.

sutlery, n. canteen.

swagger, v. i. 1. strut, roll, swash, swell, renown (rare), flourish, brandish, ruffle (archaic); spec. prance.

Antonyms: see CRINGE.

2. See BLUSTER.

swagger, n. 1. strut, roll, flourish, brandish, ruffle (archaic), swashing, swash. Antonyms: see CRINGE.

2. See Bluster.

swallow, n. progne (poetic).

swallow, v. t. 1. gulp, ingurgitate (literary), englut (archaic), take (contextual), consume (contextual), slabber (chiefly dial.), deglute (rare), bolt (colloq.), paunch (rare), gobble (colloq. or humorous as used of human beings), swill (contemptuous) regorge (rare); spec. pouch.

Antonyms: see vomit.

2. engulf or ingulf, involve, devour, gulf (rare).

Antonyms: see EMIT, ERUPT.

3. See ENDURE.

swallow, n. 1. deglutition (tech.), ingurgitation (rare), gulp, bolt (colloq.), gobble (colloq. or humorous of human beings), glutition (rare).

2. Referring to what is swallowed: gulp.

8. engulfment or ingulfment, involution, devourment.

swallowing, a. deglutitious, deglutitory, deglutitive (rare);—all tech.

swan, n. cygnet (rare, exc. literary); spec. pen (female), cob (male).

swanlike, a. swanny, cygneous (rare), cycnean or cygnean (rare).

swarm, n. 1. crowd, brood; spec. (referring to bees) colony, hive, cast.

2. See CROWD.

swarm, v. i. 1. See CROWD, FLOCK.

2. abound, teem, swim, formicate.

swarming, a. abounding, teeming, swimming (fig.); spec. crawling, full, alive.

swastika, b. gammadion, fylfot, triskele, cross cramponee.

swathe, v. t. bind, enswathe, swaddle, bandage (chiefly spec.), cocoon (fig.); spec. clothe.

sway, v. t. 1. swing; spec. roll, rock, wag, waggle; see swing, wave.

2. See Turn, influence, control.

sway, v. i. swing; spec. roll, rock, reel,

Cross references: see Note.
suspensive: hesitating.
suspensory: hanging.
suspicious: distrustful.
sustain: support, act, approve,
aid, defend, maintain, prove, suffer, continue, confirm, endure.
sustainable: endurable.
sustained: continued, constant.

sustenance: support, aid, con-

tinuation, endurance, suffering.

sustentation: support.
suture: seam.
suzerain: lord.
swaddle, v. t.: swathe.
swamp, n.: marsh.
swamp, v. t.: sink, overwhelm.
swamp, v. i.: fail, sink.
swamped: afloat.
swampy: marshy.
swap: barter.
sward: sod.

swardy: grassy.
swarm, v. t.: crowd, climb.
swart: dark.
swarthy: dark.
swartness: dark. [boast.
swash, v. i.: splash, swagger,
swash, v. t.: splash.
swash, n.: splash, swagger,
channel, bar.
swashbuckler: boaster.
swath: row.

SWING, SURGE, WAVE

swear, v. i. 1. affirm, depone (tech.).

2. curse, oath (rare), cuss (vulgar or euphemistic; U. S.), objure (rare). swear, v t. 1. affirm, depone (tech.), depose; spec. vow.

3. bind (contextual), objure (rare),

3. See PROMISE.

sweaty, a. sudorous (rare).

sweep, v. t. 1. besom (rare; literary), brush. 3. See TOUCH, MOVE, FLOURISH.

1. Referring to guns or gunfire, etc.: scour, rake, enfilade (tech.).

4. See Search, Play, Clear, Survey. sweep, n. 1. brush (colloq.); spec. whisk,

brush-up.

1. See MOVEMENT, FLOURISH, SURGE, DRIVE, RANGE, COMPASS, AMPLITUDE, LEVER, CURVE, OAR.

sweet, a. 1. mell.fluous (rare), dulcet (archaic), honey (rare, exc. spec.), honeyed or homed (rare, exc. spec.); spec. candied; 800 BUGARY.

Antonyms: see BOUR.
2. Of the voice, etc.: pleasant, soft, mellifluous (literary), honeyed or honied (fig), sugared (fig.), Hyblean (fig.; poetic), Hyblan (rare); see PLEASANT, KINDLY, MELODIOUS.

2. Referring to food, fruits, etc.: sound,

wholesome; see fresh.

Antonyms: see decomposed, Tainted.

4. See FRAGRANT, FAIR, FRESH. Antonyms. see HARSH, SHRILL.

sweetbread, n, burr (rare); spec. pancreas, thymus.

sweeten, v. t. 1. dulcify (literary or rare), sugar, saccharize (tech.), honey (rare or spec), disembitter (rare), disacidify (rare); spec. candy, sirup.

Antonyms see BITTER, BOUR.

2. See SOFTEN.

sweetheart, n. lover (always masc. ezc. in pl.), love (chiefly feminine), flame (now jocular); spec. valentine; see LOVER, LADYLOVE.

sweetment, n. titbit, dainty, confection, confectionery (a collective), confectionnry (rare), goody (chiefly in pl.), sucket (obs or dial), comfit, confect, confiture (French), candy, tuck (slang), sweeties (pl.), bonbon; spec. conserve, sugar plum, ice, compote, caramel, preserve.

sweetness, n. 1. dulcitude (rare); spec. honeyedness, augariness, honey.

2. See MELODY.

wag, waggle, wabble, wobble, waddle; see swell, v. i. 1. See ENLARGE, INCREASE, RISE, PROTUBERATE, BILLOW, BLUSTER, SWAG-

2. expand, bulk, volume (rare), distend, turgesce (rare), puff (spec. or fig.), plim (rare or dial), turnely (rare); spec. bloat, intumesce, heave.

Antonyms: see WITHER, SHRINK.

3. Referring to swelling with pride: peacock (rare).

Antonyms: see CONTRACT.

swell, v. t. Spec. see inchease, distend. INFLATE.

swell, n. 1. See increase, protuberance, HILL, BILLOW.

2. Cornthian (rare or humorous). "Swell" is colleg.

swelling, a. 1. See PROTUBERANT.

2. tumescent, intumescent (rare), turgent (rare), turgescent (rare), bulging; spec. swollen, puffy, bloated, baggy, tumefacient (rare), bunting (dial.), bouffant or bouffante (French), surging, surgent (rare).

swelling, n. 1. See INCREASE, INFLATION.

PROTUBERANCE,

2. tumefaction (rare or tech), intumescence (rare or tech.), turgescence (rare or tech.), ebullience (rare).

3. In medicine spec. gathering, bump, clour (Scot. and north Eng. dial.), wen, tumor, goiter, boil, carbuncle, capelet. swim, v i. 1. Spec. paddle, overhand.

2. dissy (rare).

swine, n. grunter (collog. or humorous), porcine (rare), baconer (rare), grice (ar-chaic or Scot), spec. hog, pig, piggy (dim. or humorous), gruntling, brawn (dial.), sow, hoar, farrow (now dial), galt or gilt (now dial), shoot or shot or shote (Eng. dial. and U.S.), hogget, ratorback.

swineherdship, n. sybotism (rare).
swing, v. i. 1. Referring to a movement of a body, as a pendulum, a horse's tail, a play swing, etc., about or as if about a center at one end of it or beyond it sway, switch, swish, pendulate (rare), sweep; spec. dangle, dingle-dangle, flap, flop,

gybe,

2. See REVOLVE, ROTATE, MOVE.

8. Referring to a regular back-and-forth, or reciprocating, motion, between regular or fixed limits: fluctuate, vibrate, oscillate, wave, pendulate (rars), undulate.

swing, v. t. 1. sway, switch, swish, sweep;

spec. dangle; see FLOURISH.

Cross references: see Note. sweat, n. exudation, perspiration. ewest, v i.. szude, perspire, fissce, work sweep, v. i.: rush, stalk, surge.

soften. sweeten, e sweet-sounding: melodious. swelter: perspire glow sweltry: hot close swerve: demale, turn swift: rapid, ready brief

swill, c t drink, steallow, swim, n dirriness swimming; footing, swindle; cheat, swindler; cheat, swindlery: cheating

2. See MANAGE, HANG.

3. wave, vibrate, oscillate, fluctuate, undulate (rare).

swing, n. 1. sway, sweep, swish, switch; see flourish.

2. See movement, gait, rhythm, free-DOM.

3. fluctuation, vibration, oscillation, wave, undulation, pendulation (rare).

4. Spec. trapeze.

swinish, n. 1. hoggish, piggish, porcine (rare), suilline (rare); spec. boarish.

3. See Coarse, Cruel.

switch, n. 1. rod, twig, stick, wattle, withe, wand; spec. birch, hickory, rattan or ratan; see whip.

2. stroke, slash, scutch (dial.), cut.

3. shunt (chiefly British); spec. by-pass (elec.).

4. See swing.

switch, v. t. 1. strike, whip, cut, scutch (chiefly dial.), slash; spec. birch.

2. shunt (chiefly British), turn (contextual); spec. sidetrack.

3. See BWING.

swollen, a. 1. big (contextual), swoln (chiefly predicative), tumid (learned or tech.), turgid (learned or tech.); spec. puffy, bloat, bloated, gouty (fig.), blown (fig. or spec.), gummy, baggy, plethoric, varicose, proud, blowzy, blobber.

Antonyms: see WITHERED.

2. See protuberant, swelling, in-FLATED, ELATED, BOMBASTIC.

swoop, v. i. 1. descend (contextual), stoop (rare), pounce, souse; spec. fly (contextual). 2. See Rush.

swoop, n. 1. descent, stoop, pounce, souse. 2. See Rush.

sword, n. brand (archaic or poetic), giaive (archaic or poetic), falchion (poetic, exc. spec.), slasher (colloq.); spec. rapier, cutlass, scimitar or scimiter, saber, sabre, foil, estoc (French), hanger, broadsword, backsword, point, verdun, damascus, wafter, bilbo, Balmung, Colada, Caliburn, Excalibur, Toledo, diego (obs. or hist.), Durendal.

sword-shaped, a. ensate, gladiate, ensiform;—all three tech. or learned.

swordsman, n. spadassin (rare); fencer.

syllabify, v. t. syllabicate, syllabize (rare), syllable (rare).

syllogism, n. Spec. elench or elenchus, sorites, enthymeme, epicheirema, trilemma, prosyllogism.

symbol, n. representation, sign, significative (rare), emblem, figure, type, token, shadow (fig.), ensign (learned), presentation (rare), sacrament (rare); spec. palm, pictograph, totem, badge, character, letter, exponent, word, image, picture.

symbolic, a. representative, significative, typical, emblematic, emblematical; spec. sacramental (rare), figurative, mystical or mystic (a term of religion), ideographic or ideographical, hieroglyphic or hiero-

glyphical.

symbolise, v. t. represent, present (rare), signify, mean, typify, figure, emblemize, emblem (rare), emblematize (rare), shadow (fig.), symbolify (rare), similize (rare); 800 Signify, Express.

symmetrical, a. 1. symmetral (rare), regular, even; spec. radiate.

3. See Proportionate.

symmetry, n. regularity, evenness; spec. radiation, radiism (rare), peloria.

sympathize, v. t. 1. condole.

2. See HARMONIZE.

sympathizer, n. compassionator (rare), condoler, sympathist (rare).

sympathy, n. communion, compassion. symptom, n. indication, sign, prognostic

synonym, n. equivalent (contextual), duplicate (rare), polyonym (rare), poeculonym

An "antonym" of any word is a word of opposite meaning; a "homonym" of any word is word having the same sound but a different meaning; a "heteronym" of any word is a word having the same spelling but a different sound and a different meaning. Thus, intelligent is an antonym of stupid; it is also an antonym of dull as said of a boy, but not of dull as said of a knife; pair, pear, and pare are homonyms; and the noun sow, a female pig, is a heleronym of the verb sow, to scatter seed.

system, 7. 1. Nee Organism, Organiza-TION, UNIVERSE.

2. regimen, régime, scheme: *spec.* dispensation, economy (used chiefly in theology); see Plan, Method, Order.

Anionyma: see Confusion.

Cross references: see Note. swinge: whip, lash. swirl: whirl, eddy. swish: rustle, splash. swivel, v. t.: turn. swoon: faint. sycophant: fawner. sycophantic: obsequious. syllabus: abstract. syllogize, v. i.: reason.

syllogine, v. i.: infer. sylph: demon. sylphine: graceful. sylvan: variant of silvan. sylviculture: forestry. sympathetie: compassionals, harmonious. symphomy: harmony. sympostum: 'east. synchronous: contemperaneous. sympopate: contract sympopation: confraction. sympopa: confraction. symplecto, n.: combination syndlente, v. t.: combine. symod: council, accombly. symopole: abstract. symthesis: composition. synthetical: compect syrings, s. i.: inject.

systematize, v. f. L. See ORGANIZE, AR-RANGE.

3. systemise, regularise, regiment (rare or tech.).

T

table, n. 1. slab, tablet (dim.); spec. board; see TABLET,

2. board (contextual), tabling (a collective); spec stand, teapoy (Anglo-Indian), tabaret, mahogany, credence, desk, mensa (eccl), Pembroke, dresser (now rare), tripod, toilet, sideboard.

statement (contextual), tabulation, chart, scheme, schema (rare); spec. ephemeris, tariff, schedule.

4. See PANEL, FARE, FACET.

tablecloth, n. cover, cloth (collog.), tapis (only in "on the tapis").

tablet, n. 1. See TABLE.

2. table (contextual), tablature (rare), tabula (antiq), slab (rare, exc spec); spec. slate, palette or pallet, board (contextual), brass, cartel, cartouche, plaque, plaquette, medallion, diptych, pax, diglyph, parapegm, tessera, pad

8. tabula or tabella (chiefly med.); spec.

cake, lozenge, wafer.

tabular, a. tabulary, tabulate, tabuliform; —all tech. or formal.

tack, v t. 1. See ATTACH, ADD.

2. beat, ply, stay, claw, board (rare), busk (obs. or archaic), lave (obs., exc. literary); spec. boxhaul, clubhaul, gybe. tack, n. 1. See NAIL, COURSE.

3. trip (contextual), beat, board, leg, reach; spec. gybe

tackle, n. 1. purchase; spec. fish, cat, garnet, whip, jigger, jeer, fall, burton, halliard or halyard.

2. See CORDAGE, EQUIPMENT.

tact, n. skill, address, diplomacy, savoir faire (French)

tactful, a. skillful, diplomatic; spec. adept. Antonyms see AWKWARD.

tactual, a. tactile, tactic (rare)

tag, n. 1. tab, tail, taglet (dim.); see LABEL. PENDANT.

3. See Addition, REFRAIN. tail, n. 1. rear, back.

Anionyma: acc head. Cross references see Note

systematic: methodical, orderly eystemize: organize, arrange, methodize, systematize.

table flap, lag.
tabernacie: dwelling, temple,
church.
table, c. l. · play, defer

tableau: scene picture tableland: pleten taboo, a involuble, forbidden. taboo, n forbiddance. taboo, v f forbid tacit: implied, vient.

taciturn: retirent tackle, v t grapple, attack. tactics: strategy tactle: tactual tangible.

2. appendage (humorous), tailpiece (humorous), narrative (huminous), spec flag. fud, flap or flapper, trundletail, brush, fantail, dock, scut, bunt (Eng.), single, pole, wreath.

3. end (contextual); spec train, hripipe (hist ,; see TAG, END, CUE, RETINUE.

4. See REVERSE

tailor, n. tailoress (fem), sartor (humor-ously pedantic), needleman (rare), snipper (contemptuous), whipeat (collog.), pricklouse (derisive; dial.)

tailor, a. sartorial, sartorian (rare); -both

learned or literary.

tall-shaped, a. caudiform, caudate;both tech or learned,

taint, r. t. 1. Sec CONTAMINATE.

2. In a physical sense, and implying some deleterious change, affect (contextual), infeet, touch, corrupt ,rare), spoil; spec. mildew, cork, flyblow.

taint, n. 1. See CONTAMINATION, IMPER-

FECTION.

2. touch, infection; spec. haut-gout (French).

tainted, s. touched, infected, spoiled or spoilt; spec corked, flyblown, decayed.

Autonyms: see sweet.

take, v. t. 1. grasp, seize; spec. pocket, reave (archaic), whip ("mit," as a knife), sack (slang); see SEIZE, RECEIVE, STEAL,

Antonyma: see BESTOW.

2. See APPROPRIATE, WITHDRAW, ACCEPT, NEED, ADOPT, GET, ASSUME, QUOTE, RE-MOVE, CHOOSE, ATTRACT, AFFECT, ACT. PLEASE, STRIKE, MAKF, JUMP, MOVE, CATCE, CAPTURE, BUY, EXACT, DERIVE, CONSUME, COPY, CONSIDER, CONTRACT, IN-HERIT, BREATHE, OCCUPY, USE.

take, v 1. 1. See GO, STICK, WORK.

2. cotton (Eng. or colloq).

taking, n. 1. take (rare), grasp, seizure, caption (rare); see SEIZURE, RECEPTION. 3. See ACCEPTANCE, DERIVATION, SUMPTION, CAPTURE, APPROPRIATION. talk, n. 1. Referring to the act simply or to

what is said: see SPEECH.

2. In the generic sense: discourse (formal). palaver, parley (literary or rare), gas (slang), vapor (slang), buzz (colloq. or slang), haver (Scot.), jaw (slang or collog.; contemptuous and usually inelegant), gab (inelegant and contemptuous), chin (slana

tmotless: awkward tag, r f attach add, follow, tail, v i straggle taint, v i decompose. taint, v : decompose. taking: ultractive, calching, talebearer: gosup talent: ubitty, intellectual, talented: ubis talisman: chorm talismanie: mugicul

and contemptuous), talkation (dyslogistic; a nonce word), tongue (contemptuous); spec. loquacity, slackjaw (vulgar slang), chatter, gossip; see Conversation, AD-DRESS, BABBLE.

Antonyms: see SILENCE.

3. See REPORT, CONFERENCE.

4. proverb, byword, fable (rare), fame (rare).

talk, v. i. 1. See speak.

2. palaver, jaw (slang and often contemptuous), parleyvoo (humorous or slang), gab (inelegant and contemptuous), chin (slang and contemptuous), noise (contextual), gammon (slang or colloq.), chirp, patter (slang); spec. splutter, smatter, honey (archaic or U. S.), snarl, mince, babble, chatter; see converse, gossip.

8. See consult, communicate.

talkative, a. loquacious (literary or learned), garrulous, voluble, babbly, tonguey (collog. or vulgar), lubrical (rare), windy (collog.), mouthy (slang and coarse), gaggling (contemptuous), gabby (vulgar or Scot.), irreticent (rare), multiloquent (rare), narrative (rare), conversable (a dignified term); spec. glib (collog.), conversational, leaky.

Antonyms: see reticent.

garrulity. talkativeness, n. loquacity, volubility, polylogy (rare), etc.

Antonyms: see reticence. talker, n. 1. See speaker.

3. palaverer, palaverist (rare), mag (colloq.), gabber (undignified and contemptuous), blatherskite or bletherskite (dial. or collog.; U.S.), blatterer (collog.), chatterbox, windbag (collog. or slang); spec. babbler, chatterer; see conversationalist.

tambourine, n. drum (contextual); spec.

timbrel, tympanum.

tame, a. 1. domesticated or domestic, broken, mansuete (archaic), familiar (rare).

Antonyms: see WILD.

2. Nee submissive, commonplace, dull. tame, v. t. 1. domesticate, domesticize (rare), break, bust (horse-training cant; western U.S.), reclaim (rare or literary), man, gentle, meeken (rare), entame (rare). 3. See SUBDUE.

tangible, a. 1. sensible, material, palpa- taste, a. gustative, gustatory, degustatory ble, touchable, tactile.

Antonyms: see intangible. 2. Nos actual, perceptible.

tangle, n. 1. See entanglement, confu-

2. tanglement, snarl, snare; spec. knot, maze, ravel, twist.

tank, n. 1. Nee Pond.

2. Spec. cistern, boiler.

tap, n. stroke (contextual), touch (contextual), spat (colloq.), pat, tip; spec. peck, sick, dab, patter, chuck; see CLICK. tap, v. l. & i. strike (contextual), touch (contextual), pat, tip; spec. tick, peck, dab, spat (colloq.), bob, dib, chuck, bepat, virginal (v. i. only; nonce use), percusa; 866 CLICK.

tape, n. Spec. inkle, ferret.

tapering, a. taper, spiry, fastigiate (tech.), conical; spec. pyramidal.

tapestry, n. drapery (conicalual), arras; spec. verdure.

tapster, n. skink (rare), skinker (archaic), spec. bartender, barmaid.

tarry, v. i. 1. abide, bide (chiefly archaic), sojourn, stop (colloq.), harbor (archaic), rest, stay, lodge; spec. camp; see DWELL, STOP.

Antonyms: see DEPART.

2. Nee Delay.

task, n. 1. labor, work, stint, business, chore (chiefly spec.), job, lay (slang); spec. duty, lesson, exercise, assignment, pensum (rare; a school term), imposition.

2. Nec etrain.

taskmaster, n. tasker (rare), exactor (rare), taskmistress (fem.); spec. overseer. tastable, a. gustable.

taste, n. 1. Referring to the act: gustation,

gust (rare), degustation (rare).

3. Referring to the sense or faculty: palate, tooth (fig.), gusto, gust (archaic), goût (French).

Referring to the quality of what is tasted: sapor (chiefly tech.), savor, smack, smatch (rare), gust (rare), gout (French); spec. tang, relish, flavor, piquancy, subflavor.

4. Referring to a little that is eaten: emack. smitch, soupcon (French), taster; spec. sup.

5. Not fondness, experience, trace, JUDGMENT, STYLE.

(rare); all learned.

tacky: slow, lete.

rel: pand

nter deduc

Cross references: see Note.

tall: high.

tallness: height.

tally, v. t.: check, brand.

tally, v. i.: correspond, agree.

tally, n.: check. talon: nail, claw. tamp: ram.

tamper: interpose.

tang: tooth. tang: aftertaste, sting.

tangle, v. l.: entangle, i trap. tantalize: deceire, tease. tantamount: equal. tantrum: AL taper, n.: candle, ligi nution.

tangency: contact. tangent: touching.

taper, a.: tapering. taper, s. i.: diminish.

E: charge, t ternish: e tarry: evel, d REFINES 100 tertan: plaid. tack, v. l.: strain, accues.

rot: shield, mark, be

teach, v. t. t. See inform.

sper, profess.

able, tractable

2. See COMMUNICABLE.

teacher, n. 1. See INFORMER.

(pl.), rhetor, docent, oracle.

Antonyms: see Student. teaching, n 1. See INFORMATION.

2. instruct, educate, inform (rare), lesson (literary), learn (obs. or vulgar); spec.

school, show, inductrinate or (archaic) doctrinate, catechize, ground, regent (rare), tutor, dry-narse (collog. or cant),

in: inculcate, preach, indoctrinate (rare);

teachable, a. 1. instructible (rare), docile, docible (rare), educable (rare), disciplin-

2. instructor masc. or fem.), instructress (fem.), spec. schoolmaster, schoolmistress,

preceptor, preceptress, pedagogue (now

usually hostile or depreciatory), educator,

dominie (largely local), doctor (archaic, master, mistress, governess, inculcator, professor, dame (obsolescent), tutor, tu-

toress, coacher, crammer (colloq.), my sta-gogue, usher, drillmaster, guru (India), principal, pædotribe, khoja, lecturer, catechist, sophist, sophister, Sopherum

1. instruction; spec. tatelage, tuition, inculcation, grounding, discipline, education, edification, catechesis, catechining,

tutory (rare), indoctrination, lesson, lecture, etc.
2. The art or science: pedagogy (tech),

pedagogics (tech.), didactics or didascalies

(rare and tech), didacticism (rare), protreptic (rare); spec. mystagogy.
4. That which is taught. doctrine, lore.

team, n. 1. rig; spec. span, line, tandem,

2. drop, pearl (poetic), brine (a collective).

2. pull, draw, rip, rend; spec. wrench,

tear (pron. tair), n. 1. tearing, rending, pull.

rip; spec. wrench, laceration, dilaceration

3. Spec. nine, eleven, fifteen, four, etc. tear (pron. ter), n. 1. Sec DROP.

dew (poetic; a collective). tear (pron. tair), v. 4. 1. rend.

tear bottle. lachrymatory.

Antonyms see unteachable.

lecture, cram (colloq ,, coach, college. 3. Referring to an inculcation of knowledge

taste, v. t. 1. savor, smack, degust or degustate (rure), palate (rure), spec. sip-2. See FEEL, EXPERIENCE.

taste, t. t. savor, relish, smack, smatch (archave).

tasteless, a. I. msipid, flat, savorless, vapid, mawkish, unsavory, dead, stale; spec. silent, watery, waterish. Antonyms' see PALATABLE.

2. See CRUDE.

tattle, v i 1. See GOSSIP.

3. inform, tell, blab (course or contemptuous), babble, snitch (slang), peach (slang),

(coarse or contemptuous), blat (coarse or contemptuous), babble, buzz (rare), be-

a. babble, tittle-tattle.

a informer, tellt de, talehearer, blab (inelegant or coarse) clatterer (rare), blabber, cackler (contemptuous), whisperer, pickthank (archaic), tittle-tattle (rare), anitcher (slang).

taunt, n. reproach, twit, scorn (archaic),

as equiv. to "duty"), gabelle (obs., exc spec.), cess (archaic or local, exc. as equiv to "rate" in Eng.); spec. capitation, carnatch (Arabian), carucage (feudal), chancer, choky (Anglo-Indian), contribu-tion, danegeld, decimation (rare or hist.), fifteenth, fumage, geld, groundage, hidage (hist), jeziah, kharaj, lastage, lockage, poll, poundage, quarterage, quint, quinzième (hist.), rate (chiefly in pl.), saladine, sayer (India), scavage, scot, seignorage, surtax, supertax, tallage, tithe, tribute, tonnage, tunnage; see DUTY.

Antonyma: see SUBSIDY.

2. See STRAIN.

tax, v. t. 1. assess, rate (chiefly spec.), ceas (obs. or local, exc spec.); spec. tariff, excise, aurtax, tonnage, tithe.

2. See ACCUSE, BURDEN, STRAIN.

taxable, a. assessable, ratable (chiefly spec.); spec. customable, duttable, tithable taxation, n. assessment, imposition; spec. decimation (rare, exc. hist.), capitation, pollage (rare), tollage.

tattoo, n : drumbeat tattoo, r l mark taut: hyhl tautological: repetitive. tautology: repetition tavern: saloon, inn

tearful, a. watery (contextual), teary (coltaverner: unkerper tawi alley tawdry: gandy tawny: fulcous, red, dark, teamster: driver, teamy: tearful.

swing.

claw, shred.

1. See RUSH.

(rare). 2. rent, rip.

3. See distress.

round, buzz (rare). tattle, v. t. tell, divulge (contextual), blab

tattle, n. 1. Sec Gossip.

tattler, n. 1. See nossip.

taunt, v. t. reproach, twit, upbraid, mock,

flout, jeer.

tax, n. 1. charge, assessment, due, taxation (rare), rate, toll, levy, mail (obs. or Scot.), gild (hist.), duty, impost (obs., exc.

CF Cross references see Note. tasterul: palatable, wellelio. taster: palatable, wellelio. taster, n rap. taster, n i ray. tasterdemallon: rapamufin.

loq.), mournful (contextual), lachrymose or lachrymous (both learned or tech.), liquid, maudlin (archaic), wet (contextual), moist (poetic; contextual), larmoyant (rare); spec. swimming.

Antonyms: see TEARLESS. tearless, a. dry (contextual). Antonyms: see TEARFUL.

tear-shaped, a. lachrymiform (tech.).

tease, v. t. 1. See disentangle.

2. annoy, trouble, harass, bother, pester, torment, plague, vex; spec. lark, badger, bullyrag, haze (U. S.), tantalize.

technique, n. 1. See EXECUTION, SKILL.

2. technic, technics (pl. or collective sing.), technology.

teeth, n. pl. Referring to artificial teeth: set (contextual), denture (cant).

telegram, n. message (contextual), telegraph (obs. or rare); spec. cablegram, marconigram, radiogram, heliogram, wire (collog.), cable (collog.).

telegraph, n. Spec. wire (colloq.), cable (colloq.), heliograph, heliotrope, marconigraph, wireless (colloq.), radiograph, ra-

diotelegraphy.

telegraph, v. i. communicate (contextual); spec. wire (colloq.), cable (colloq.), radiograph, heliograph.

telescope, n. tube (colloq.); spec. reflector, refractor, glass (colloq.), finder, photohelioscope, equatorial.

tell, v. i. 1. babble, inform; see TATTLE.

2. count, make, act.

temper, n. 1. See CALMNESS, DISPOSITION.

2. Referring to actual frame of mind at a given time: mood, tone, vein, humor, frame, cheer, spirits; see ILL TEMPER.

temper, v. t. 1. See MIX, ALLOY, MITIGATE, MODERATE, RESTRAIN.

2. Referring to metals, glass, etc.: anneal.

**English of the state of the s

2. See CHURCH.

temporal, a. 1. Of or relating to time: chronal (rare), temporaneous (rare); see CHRONOLOGICAL, WORLDLY.

2. See TEMPORARY.

temporary, a. temporal (rare), momentary, short-lived, momently (rare), flashing; spec. interimistic; see PROVISIONAL.

Antonyms: see ETERNAL, LASTING, PERMANENT.

temporize, v. i. 1. Referring to indulgence in opportunism: diplomatize; spec. trim.

2. See HEDGE.

ton, n. 1. Referring to the number: decad.

2. Referring to a set, group, etc.: decade, dicker (cant), decad (rare).

tenacious, a. 1. firm, strong, holding, holdfast (rare), fast, unyielding.

2. See STICKY, CONSTANT, PERSISTENT, RETENTIVE.

tenant, n. holder, tenantry (collective pl.), tenementer (rare); spec. leaseholder, renter, vassal (feudalism), termor; see OCCUPANT.

tend, v. t. 1. See attend.

2. Referring to cattle, etc.: herd, guard, tail (Australia); spec. shepherd, graze.

tend, v. t. 1. Nee INCLINE, CONTRIBUTE.

8. lean, incline, head, lead, point, gravitate, look, conduce; spec. squint.

tendency, n. 1. See Inclination.

2. leaning, inclination, gravitation, gravity, set, tendence (rare); spec. bias.

tender, v. t. 1. In law: offer, delate (obs. or Roman law).

Antonyms: see DEMAND.

2. See Offer.

tender, n. In law: offer.
Antonyms: see DEMAND.

tenfold, a. decuple (chiefly math.).

tenon, n. projection (contextual); spec. dovetail, cog, dowel.

tense, a. 1. See STRETCHED, TIGHT, IN-TENSE, EXCITED.

2. high-strung, strung-up (chiefly predicative), strained.

ten-sided, a. decagonal (literally "tenangled"), decahedral;—both tech.

technician: expert.
techy: irascible.
tedious: dull, tiresome.
tedioum: ennui.
techee: laugh.
teem: generate, swarm, abound.
teeming: fruitful, abounding, abundant, swarming.
teetex: seesaw.
teetotal: abstemious.
tell, v. t.: compute, disclose, communicate, mention, narrate, express, report, tattle, assure, inform, announce, evidence, perceive, distinguish, bid, confess.

Toss references: see Note.

t: nipple.

temerity: cf. RASS. disposition. temperance: moderation, abstinence. temperate: moderate, abelemious, mild. tempest, n.: storm, commotion. tempestuous: slormy. template: pattern. tempt: provoke, altract, enlice. temptation: altraction, enticement. tempting: altractive. temable: desensible. tenamey: tenure, holding, cocupancy.

temant, v. i.: occupy.

temd, v. i.: attend.

temder, a.: delicate, weak,
weakly, unstable.

temder, v. i.: eoften.

temderteet: newcomer.

temding: disposed.

temdon: ligament.

temebrous: dark.

temement: temure, helding,
abode, dwelling.

temet: opinion, creed.

temslle, a.: ductile.

temslle, a.: ductile.

temslle, a.: kightness, strain, intemsity.

tent, n. pavilion (chiefly spec.), tilt; spec.] marquee, marquise, prætorium (Roman antiq), canvas, booth, kıbıtka, tepee, wigwam.

tenth, n. tithe, decima (rare), denary

(rare), tithing (obs. or rare).

tenure, n. tenement (rare), holding, tenancy, tenantship, tenantry (rare); see OCCUPATION

term, n. 1. See LIMIT, DURATION, PERIOD, NAME, EXPRESSION.

2. In logic. spec. subject, predicate, ma-

jor, minor, conclusion.

1. In math * spec mean, extreme.

4. In school use: spec semester. terminable, a. limitable, lapsable or labile, determinable, see FINITE.

Antonyms' see ENDLESS.

terminology, n. nomenclature (tech.), glossology (rare), orismology (rare), tech-

nology; spec. toponomy.

terrestrial, a. 1. earthly (rare, exc. in contrast with "heavenly"), earthy (obs., exc. spec.), tellurian (literary), terrene (literary), worldly (chiefly in contrast to "heavenly"), mundane, sublunar or sublunary, subastral, terranean (rare), telluric (rare), tellural (rare).

Antonyms' see HEAVENLY.

2. See WORLDLY.

territory, n. 1. extent (contextual), region, place, land, tract, quarter, district, locality; spec. division, side, countryside, part, section, terrain, terrane, corner, latitude, confine, ambit, domain, bound (chiefly in pl.), coast (obs.), climate, clime (postic), fatherland, Cockaigne, El Dorado, realm.

2. politically: domain, dominion, demesne, empire, diocese (obs. or hist, exc spec.); spec. enclave, exclave; see DIVI-

testator, n. legator (rare), bequeather (chiefly spec.), deviser (chiefly spec.).

Antonymia: see LEGATEE,

tentity, v. t. 1. state (contextual), swear, attest, depose, depone (a less usual equiv. of "depose"); spec. witness.

2. See EVIDENCE, AVOW. testimonial, n. 1. credential.

2. See GIFT. tethor, v. t. fasten (contextual), the (contextual); spec. bush, picket, stake,

text, n. 1. composition, wording, scripture (rare,; spec context, mantra (East Indian), hexapla, libretto.

3. See SUBJECT.

texture, n. 1. See FABRIC, STRUCTURE, COMPOSITION.

3. constitution, fabric, fiber, grain, contexture (rare); spec. grit.
thank, v. l. bless (usually ludicrous or hy-

perbo'ic).

thankful, a. grateful.

Antonyms see UNGRATEFUL, THANK-

thankfulness, n. gratitude, gratefulness. Antonyms see RESENTMENT

thanks, n pl blessings (usually ludicrous or hyperbolic); see GRACE.

thanks, interj. gramercy (archaic), merci (French).

thanksgiving, a. eucharistic (literary). that, pron. & a. thilk (archaic); spec. yonder, yon (poetic). thatch, a. Spec. haulm (Eng.), cadjan

(Anglo-Indian), reed, grass.

theater, n. 1. playhouse, house (contextual); spec. Colosseum.
2. See DRAMA.

theatrical, a. 1. Referring to the stage or stage playing histrionic (tech. or learned). dramatic, stagy (derogatory), dramaturgic or (rare) dramaturgical (both literary), scenic or scenical.

2. See DRAMATIC, SHOWY, ABTIFICIAL. theft, n. I. steal (rare), stealing, conversion (contextual), larceny (often spec.), depredation (contextual, often euphemistic), thievery, thiefdom (rare); spec. pilfer cobs. or rare), pilerage (rare), pilery (obs. or rare), pickery or picking (obs. or Scots law), cribbage (colloq.), robbery, burglary. "Theft" is not properly a synonym of "embezzlement"

2. The thing stolen: steal (rere), filch (rare); spec. pilfer, pilferage (rare), pilfery (obs. or rare), crib, mainour (hist.).

theist, n. Spec. deist, monotheist, polytheist, pantheist.

Cross references see Note. tent, n: pleiget. tent, e: dwell, camp-tentacle, a feeler tentative, a provision provisional. tenter, n frame. tenter, v. t. stretch tonuous: elender, thin. name.

terminal, a. final. terminal, a. final.

term. v. t.

terminate, v. 1. end. terminate, v 1. end. termination: ending, end, outcome suffix. terminus: limit, end, destinotermless: boundless. terra-cotta: carthenware terrain, terrane: formation, area, territory area, territory
territor; ferriful, alarming,
territor: alarming,
territoria afraid
territoriai: local. terror: fear terrorise: frighten.

tertiary: third, tessellate: inlay. test, n exam examination, trial, tent, v i examine, try.
tentament will.
tenty: irascible
tether, n fastening.
textile: fibric
textural: structural
thankless: ungrateful,
thankless: tructural thaw: liquely thome: subject, composition them: afterwards, therefore

terse: concine.

theologian, n. theologer (rarc), theologaster (derogatory), theologue (rare), theologist, theolog (slang or colloq.); spec. divine.

theology, n. divinity; spec. isagogics, dog-

matics, homiletics.

theoretic, speculative, theoretical, a. notional (logic or philos.), doctrinaire, paper (fig.); spec. ideal; see Conjectural, ACADEMIC.

theorist, n. speculator (rare), doctrinaire (often used in reproach), doctrinarian, notionalist (logic or philos.).

theorize, v. i. speculate, doctrinize; see GUESS.

theory, n. 1. See IDEA.

2. hypothesis, speculation, doctrine, system, ism (chiefly disparaging; colloq.), principle, philosophy; spec. theosopheme; see guess.

there, adv. 1. thereat (a formal term).

3. thither (now chiefly literary).

thereabout, adv. 1. thereabouts, therebesides (archaic or poetic), thereby (archaic or dial.). There is no decided choice between the two forms "thereabout" and "there-

2. thereupon (archaic or formal), thereon

(formal), thereanent (rare).

therefore, adv. & conj. thus, consequently, hence, so, ergo (tech. or Latin), wherefore; spec. henceforward, then.

thereon, adv. thereupon (more formal or emphatic or employed for euphony).

thermometer, n. calorific (a loose use); spec. mercury, glass, Fahrenheit, Centigrade, Keaumur.

thick, a. 1. Referring to extension from one surface to the opposite: heavy, crass (obsolescent); see DEEP.

Antonyms: see Thin.

2. Referring to that which consists of visible separate parts or objects, as hair, a forest, etc.: dense, thickset, crowded; spec. see BUSHY.

Antonyms: see Thin.

3. Referring to fluids: stiff, inspissated, viscid, viscous, grumous or (rare) grumose (chiefly tech.), crass (rare); spec. clotted.

Antonyms: see thin.

4. See coarse, cloudy, foggy, hazy, FREQUENT, ABUNDANT, HOARSE, GUT-TURAL.

thicken, v. t. thick (rare), stiffen, inspissate (tech. or learned), inviscate (rare), incrassate (rare); spec. embody (paints); 8ee CONDENSE, COAGULATE.

Antonyms: see thin, dilute.

thickening, n. 1. stiffening, inspissation, incrassation (rare), inviscation (rare); see CONDENSATION.

2. Referring to what makes thick: stiffening, binding; spec. liaison (cookery).

thickening, a. stiffening, inspissant (rare),

incrassative (rare).

thicket, n. brush, underbrush, thickset (rare), bosk (literary), boscage (literary), covert, brake; spec. chaparral (southwestern U. S.), fernshaw (rare), canebrake, jungle.

thickness, n. 1. thick (rare), crassness or crassitude (rare), heaviness; spec. grist,

diameter.

2. density, crowdedness.

3. stiffness, consistence or (less usual) consistency, spissitude (literary or tech.), viscosity, crassness or crassitude (rare).

thick-skinned, a. 1. pachydermatous,

pachyderm;—both tech.

2. See insensible.

thief, n. stealer, purloiner (chiefly spec.), larcener (rare), pilferer (chiefly spec.), filcher (chiefly spec.), lurch (rare; archaic), robber (chiefly spec.), lifter, depredator (contextual), micher (obs. or dial.), prig or prigger (slang or cant), nimmer (archaic), snatcher (obs. or rare), snapper (obs. or rare), hooker (slang, obs., or spec.); spec. picklock, pickpocket, shoplifter, kleptomaniac, pickpurse (rare or hist.), cutpurse (hist.), light horseman, burglar.

thievish, a. larcenous, furacious (pedantic or humorous), stealthy (rare), furtive (rare), mercurial (fig.; literary), lightfingered, pilfering (chiefly spec.), pitchy (fig.; said esp. of the claws, finger, etc.), sticky (fig., like "pitchy"), thefterous

(rare).

thievishness, n. thievery, furaciousness or furacity (rare); spec. kleptomania.

thigh, n. ham (chiefly in pl., exc. spec.), hock or hough (spec. and chiefly Scot. as applied to man).

thighbone, n. femur (tech.); spec. cross-

bones (pl.).

thighpiece, n. In armor: cuisse or cuish. thimble, n. Spec. thumbstall.

thin, a. 1. Nee slender, sensitive, shrill, UNSUBSTANTIAL, FAINT.

Antonyms: see THICK.

2. rare, rarefied, crude (rare), exile (archaic), subtle or (now rare) subtile, tenuous (literary or formal), tenuious (rare), unsubstantial (contextual).

3. Spec. thinnish, dilute; see WATERY. Antonyms: see THICK, VISCID, CROWDED.

Toss references: see Note. theorem: statement, rule. thereat: there. thesaurus: dictionary.

thesis: statement, composition, proposition. thew: muscle, ligament. thick, n.: stock.

thicken, v. i.: cloud, increase. thieve: steal. thievery: thievishness, thest, robbery.

4. lean, leanish (rare), slim, poor, spare, meager (literary), pinched, slender; specthinnish, peaked (chiefly collog), spindling, emaciated, spindly (colloq.), gaunt, lank, lanky, scraggy, scrawny (U. S.), hollow, shrunken, macilent (rare), haggard, bony, fleshless, lathy (collog.), skinny (very emphatic or loose and collog.; often contemptuous), skeletal, scrannel (rare or obs.), raw-boned, squinny (rare).

Antonyms: see FAT, PLUMP.

thin, v. t. 1. rarefy, attenuate, extenuate (rare), subtilize (rare).

Antonyms: see THICKEN. 2. Spec. water, dilute, adulterate.

1. See EMACIATE.

thine, n tuum (Latin).

thing, n. 1. See occurrence, deed, con-CERN, MATERIAL, ARTICLE, PTEM, OBJECT, IDEA, SUBJECT, CREATURE, PERSON, CHAT-TELS, GOODS

2. article, affair, arrangement, production, contrivance, concern, commodity, business (collog.), shebang (slang, U. S.), jiggumbob (colloq.), fakement (slang),

dodge (collog. or slang).
1. entity (learned or tech.), individuum (tech); spec. non-ego, monad, something.

think, v. i. 1. cogitate (tech or literary). ween (archarc); spec. misthink; see REA-

2. To form a conception (of): dream (used with "of").

4. As in "to think well of," "to think a good

deal of": reckon (rare).

think, v. t. conceive, ideate; spec. imagine,

understand, realize. thinkable, a. cogitable (literary or learned), conceivable, possible; spec, imagi-

nable. thinker, n. mind, intellect, intelligence or

intelligency (rare) thinking, a. cogitating (literary or tech.), reasoning, rogitative (literary or tech.),

cogitant (learned,, sec REASONABLE. Antonyms see unthinking

thinking, n. 1. cogntation (tech. or literary), thought, brainwork; spec. conception, reflection, see consideration, REA-BONING, IMAGINATION.

2. Sec belief. third, a. tertiary, ternary, ternal (rare);all learned or tech.

third, n. tierce (obs. or spec.); spec. ditone,

thirst, n. 1. appetite (contextual), longing (contextual), drought or drouth (archaic); spec dipsomania polydipsia.

Cross references see Note.

thin-skinned: sensitive.

thirst, r 1 long thistle: prickle. thistly: prickly.

thole: rowlock thorny, pricky thoroughgoing; unqualified though; if although thought: Danking, saleli

2. See GREED. thirsty, a. 1. Having thirst: athirst (archave or literary), thirstful (rare), droughty or drouthy (archaic), dry (collog. or vulgar). 2. Causing thirst dry (colleg. or vulgar),

3. Nee desirous.

thong, n. strip, band, range (rare); spec. nem or rheim (So. Africa), lasso. thoracie, a. pectoral.

thorn, n 1. spine, spec, brief or briar; see PRICKLE.

2. See ANNOYANCE

dipsetic ,tech ,.

thorough, a. complete, absolute, unqualified, straight-out, regular, ingrained, outand-out, downright, right-down (colleg.) outright (rare), unmitigated (colloq.), good (contextual); spec. radical, see EXHAUST-IVE, DEEP.

Antonyms: see negligent, incomplete, PARTIAL

thoroughly, adv. completely, well, up, good (cotton), downright, spec. radically, thoughtful, a 1. considerative, reflective, pensive (rare), cogitabund (rare), deliberate, musing, contemplative.

Antonyms' see Blank, Thoughtless,

UNTHINKING.

2. See CAREFUL, PRUDENT, ATTENTIVE,

thoughtless, a. 1. unthinking, unreflecting, irreflective (rare), unweighing (rare), vacant, blank, vacuous (literary or learned), unideaed (rare, unideaed (rare), lightheaded (rare), inconsiderate (rare).

2. Referring to what is done thoughtlessly: unthinking, unweighed, casual.

Antonyms: sec THOUGHTFUL, DELIBER-ATE.

3. See blank, careless, stupid.

thoughtlessness, n, unthinkingness, unreflectingness, vacuousness, blankness, etc. Antonyms: see Consideration.

thousand, a millenary (literary or learned); spec, MILLENNIAL

thousand, n. chiliad (literary), millennium (learned or spec), millenary (rare), milliad (rare).

thrash, r. t. 1. strike, beat, thresh (obs. or rare), carry (fig), comb (slang), dust (obs. or colloq.), wallop (slang), whale (colloq.), trim (slang), drub, trounce (colloq.); spec. belt, strap

2. See DEFEAT.

thread, n. 1. string (contextual), filament (contextual); spec. yarn, cotton, linen, purl, lisle, twine, twist, tram, shute, lingel or lingle (dial).

gence, idea fancy, opinion, in-lention expectation, considera-tion attention care. thralls date thralldom: davery,

IS See Notes of Explanation.

THROWING

3. The thread of a screw: fillet.

3. See filament, streak, series, channel, course.

thread, v. t. 1. Naut.: reeve.

2. Referring to a screw: spec. tap.

3. trace; spec. (of dancing) braid.

4. See FILE.

threadlike, a. linear (chiefly tech.); see HAIRLIKE.

thready, a. setuliform (tech.); see FILA-MENTOUS.

threat, n. 1. menace, thunder (fig.), thunderbolt (fig.), commination (literary or learned); spec. denunciation (learned).

2. Referring to the aspect of the sky: lower or lour.

threaten, v. t. 1. menace, threat (archaic), comminate (rare); spec. denounce (rare), warn.

2. With the thing held out by way of a threat, as object: menace; spec. vow.

3. See FOREBODE.

threaten, v. i. overhang, lower or lour.

threatening, a. 1. significant (contextual), minatory (literary), menacing, sinister, dark (contextual), black (contextual), ominous, comminatory or (rare) comminative (literary or learned), ill-boding, direful, dire, threatful (rare); spec. thundery (fig.), denunciatory (literary).

2. Referring to the sky, clouds, etc.: lower-

ing or louring, lowery or loury.

3. See FOREBODING.

three, n. trio, ternion (literary), triad (chiefly tech.), trinity (literary or spec.), trine (rare); spec. triumvirate (chiefly fig.), triplet.

three-cornered, a. triangular, triangle (rare), triangled;—all three tech. or formal. threefold, a. triple, triplicate, treble, ternary, ternal (rare), triplasic (tech.), triplasian (obs. or rare), trine (rare), triadic, trinary; spec. trimerous.

threefold, adv. triply, trebly.

three-footed, a. tripod, tripodal, tripodic (rare);—all three learned or formal.

three-headed, a. tricephalous (tech.). three-hundredth, a. tercentennial, tercentenary;—both learned.

three-legged, a. tripod.

three-parted, a. tripartite, triparted; spec. trichotomous;—all three tech. or learned.

three-sided, a. trilateral (tech. or learned), triquetrous (chiefly spec.; tech. or learned). thresh, v. t. Referring to the threshing of grain: thrash (now rare); spec. flail. threshold, n. 1. sill, groundsel, doorsill.

2. See Border, Beginning.

3. In psychol.: limen (tech.).

thrill, n. sensation (contextual), shock, flush, tingle, tickle, electrification (fig.), dirl (Scot. & Eng. dial.).

thrill, v. t. affect (contextual), rouse, tingle, tickle, electrify (fig.), dirl (Scot. & Eng.

dial.).

thrilling, a. sensational, electric (fig.), tinglish (rare).

thrive, v. i. 1. See PROSPER.

2. flourish, batten, boom.

3. grow, flourish; spec. bloom, vernate.

throat, n. gullet (a loose, depreciatory use), throttle (chiefly dial.), thropple (Scot. & dial.), gorge (archaic of the exterior front of the throat; rhetorical of the internal throat), maw (chiefly spec.), lane (slang), hals (Scot.), fauces (tech.).

throat, a. faucal (tech.), guttural (chiefly

tech.), gular (zoöl.), faucial (rare).

throaty, a. hoarse (contextual), guttural. through, prep. 1. thorough (archaic), throughout.

2. See BY, DURING.

throw, v. t. 1. See Project.

2. Referring to projection by the motion of the arm or hand: project, cast (chiefly literary or used in games), pitch (chiefly spec.), sling, fling; spec. deliver, hurl, hurtle, launch, skim, lance (rare or poetic), elance (archaic and rare), toss, chuck (often colloq. or slang), dash, shy, jaculate (rare), lob, heave (naut. or colloq.), cob, pelt, pitchfork (fig. or spec.), sky (slang), reject (rare), retroject (rare), jettison, jerk, quoit, fork, flirt, flip, play.

Antonyms: see CATCH.

8. Meaning to throw off or down: cast, tumble, cant, flap (colloq.), flop (colloq.), fling; spec. wrestle (cowboy's cant; western U.S.), hipe; see FELL, UNHORSE.

4. precipitate, fling, plunge.

5. See OVERTURN, DISCHARGE, PUT, BRING, DEFEAT, EMIT, PLAY, SHED.

throw, n. 1. See PROJECTION.

2. Referring to projection by the motion of the arm: projection, throwing, cast (chiefly literary or used in games); spec. delivery, pitch, sling, fling, hurl, toss, chuck, dash, shy, jaculation (rare), put (Scot. or cant), lob, rejection, downcast, flip.

3. See PLAY; spec. crab, nick, cast, main.
4. precipitation, throwing, plunge, pitch.

5. Meaning a casting off or down: cast, cant, tumble, fall (chiefly spec.), fling; spec. buttock, backcast, nelson, hipe.

throwing, a. jaculatory (rare).

The Cross references: see Note. threnody: dirge. thrift: economy.

thriftless: imprudent.

throb, n.: pulsation.

throb, v. i.: pulsate.
throe: spasm, pain.
throne: seat, chair, cathedra,
sovereignty. [crowding.
throng, n.: crowd, multitude,

throng, v. i.: crowd, congregate.
throng, v. t.: crowd.
throttle: choke, silence.
throw, v. i.: gamble, flounce.
throwback: relapse.

thrum, v. i. 1. strum; see DRUM.

See ним.

thrum, v. t. strum; spec, thumb; see PLAY. thrum, n. 1. strum.

See ним.

thrushlike, n. turdiform (tech.). thrust, n. 1. See PUSH.

2. push, pass (chiefly fencing and pugilism), dub (colloq), spec. dab, jab (colloq.), job, plunge, lunge. thrust, v. l. 1. See PUSH.

3. push, propel, stick, poke, run; spec. plunge, lunge (rare), ram, jam, jah (colloq.), perk, strike (contextual). Antonyms see DRAW.

1. punch, dig, see POKE.

4. See PROPEL, PUT.

thrust, v. i. 1. push, pass; spec. lunge, poke, job, jab (collog.), prick, dab, foil (archaic), foin (rare or obs.).

2. push, poke; spec. lunge, pass (chiefly fencing and pugilism), plunge, ram, job, jab (colloq.), return, remise (French), flanconade, passado, riposte (French), prime, tierce, carte, seconde, quinte.

8. punch, dig (colloq.), dub; spec. stab,

poke.

thumb, n. digit (formal or learned), pollex (lech.).

thunder, v. i. 1. detonate (rare), fulmine or fulminate (rare).

3. See RESOUND, SHOUT.

thunderbolt, n. thunder (poetic or archaic), thunderstone (archaic), thunderstroke.

thunderolap, n. thunder (poetic or rhetor-scal), thunderblast.

thunderous, a. 1. thundering, fulminatory (rare), thundery.

2. See RESONANT.

ticket, n. 1. Spec. coupon, ballot; see LA-BEL, LIST.

2. Referring to a ticket of admission: pasteboard (slang), billet (archaic or obs.); spec. ivory (slang or cant).
ticking, n. The sound tick-tock (colloq.).

tickie, v. t. 1. See PLEASE, DIVERT.

2. titillate, curry (fig.); spec. ginnel. tickling, n. titillation.

ticklish, a. 1. tickly, kittly (Scot, and local $U. \, S.$).

2. See DANGEROUS.

tidied, a. redd (Scol.; chiefly with "up"). tidy, n. antimacussar (now rare or obs.). tidy, v. t. arrange, groom, redd (Scot. or dial.; chiefly with "up"). Antonyms. see DIBARRANGE.

tie, n. 1. See band, bond, pastening, ob-LIGATION, EQUALITY.

2. In music, typography, and writing: ligature, slur (music).

tiger, n. cat (in roological classification), pussy (humorous), Johnny (sportsman's cant); spec whelp.

tight, a. 1. See COMPACT, FIRM, NARROW,

IMPASSABLE, CLOSE, STINGY

2. tense, taut or taught (chiefly naut.), strict (rare or tech.), strait (rare or literary), hard (contextual); spec, snug.

Antonyms: see LOOSE.

tighten, v. t. 1. draw (contextual), tauten; spec. lace.

Antonyms: see LOOSE, RELAX.

2. Spec flag.

tightness, n. tension, tensity, etc.

tile, n plate; spec. quarl, head, pantile. timber, n. 1. wood (contextual); spec. lumber (chiefly U. S.), raff, pilework, piling, stumpage (cant, U. S.).

2. See BEAM, MATERIAL. timbre, n In music: clang tint or (for short) clang.

time, n. 1. tide (archaic), space (rare, exc. contextual), day (fig.), days (pl.; less fig. than "day"), while (chiefly in "worth while"); spec. long, eve, usance, breath-ing, bit; see date, period, leisure, or-PORTUNITY, EXPERIENCE,

2. Referring to a particular instant in time, without reference to duration: point, instant, moment; spec. bell; see HOUR.

timely, a. 1. appropriate, seasonable, opportune, tempestive (archaic), convenient (archaic), timeous (obs. or tech.); spec. fortunate, acceptable.

Antonyms see Untimely, IMPROPER.

2. See EARLY.

timely, adv. 1. acceptably, seasonably, opportunely, apropos.

2. See EARLY.

timepiece, n. timekeeper, horologe (tech.), horologium (rare), chronometer (chiefly spec.), clock (chiefly spec.); spec. watch, water glass, journeyman, clepsydra, hy-

Cross references see Note. thumb, v t. handle, read. thump, n. blow. thump, s. t. beat. thunder, s. t. shout. thunderstruck: surprised. thwack, n. blos. thwack, v.t. strike, beat. thwart, v.t. defeat, controvens. tick, n. account, credit tick, n. h. kop, mark, check. tickle, n. thrill.

tide, n. i flow tide, s. i : float, flow. tide, s. i. transport. tidings: news.
tidings: news.
tidy: orderly considerable,
tle, v. t.; bind, fasten, knot,
equal, confine, attach, restrict. equal, confin tier: row till, n pet quarrel. till, v i quarrel. tigerish: fierce.

till, prep. & conj - until, till, v t . cultivale, plow. tillable: grable. tillage: drable tillage: lever, helm. tillt, v t vacture tilt, v t vacture tilt, v i valope, fight, contend. tilt, v : alope, fight, contend. tilt, v : alope, fight, contend. tilter, n: fighter, contestant, timeless: eternal.

droscope, regulator, pendule (French), repeater.

timeserver, n. opportunist, politique (French hist.), temporizer, trimmer.

timeservice, n. opportunism (chiefly politics).

timeserving, a. opportunist, temporizing, politic, diplomatic.

time-table, n. schedule (chiefly U. S.).

timid, a. fearful, timorous (literary or formal), meticulous (obs.), scary (colloq.), pavid (rare), tremulous (rare or spec.), unhardy (rare); spec. shrinking, shy, diffident, faint-hearted, faint, half-hearted, cow-hearted (rare), creepmouse (fig.; chiefly in nursery talk), cowardly, superstitious, heartless (rare), spiritless (rare), spineless (fig.), inadventurous (rare), ghastful (archaic), funky (slang); see BASHFUL.

Antonyms: see Assured, Bold, Confident, Venturesome.

timidity, n. timidness, fearfulness, timorousness (literary or formal), meticulousness (obs.); spec. shyness, cowardice, cowardliness, diffidence, faint-heartedness, etc.; see BASHFULNESS.

Antonyms: see Assurance, Boldness,

tinkle, n. ring, tinkling, ting-a-ling (colloq.), tintinnabulation (literary), ting (rare), tingle (rare), tink (rare); see RING.

tinkle, v. i. ring, tink (rare), ting (rare).
tinner, n. tinsmith, tinman, whitesmith
(rare or obsolescent).

tint, n. color (contextual), shade, tinge, tincture (rare), tinct (archaic or poetic), tone, cast, nuance (French).

tint, v. t. color (contextual), shade, tinge, tinct (archaic or poetic), tincture (rare).

tip, v. t. & i. 1. See TAP, INCLINE, INFORM.

2. fee, remember (euphemistic), pouch (slang or colloq.), dash or dashee (African coast), baksheesh (Oriental).

tip, n. 1. See TAP, INCLINATION.

2. point, pointer (colloq., U.S.), hint.

8. gift, fee, remember (euphemistic), douceur (French), dash or dashee (African coast), baksheesh (Oriental), bonus. tipple, v. i. drink, nip.

tippler, n. drinker, nipper, bencher, sipper. tirade, n. discourse (contextual), harangue, declamation, screed, rant.

tirade, v. i. discourse (contextual), harangue, declaim, rant, screed (rare).

tire, n. 1. See dress.

2. tyre (the usual British spelling); spec. pneumatic.

tire, v. t. 1. weary, fatigue, tucker (colloq.; New Eng.), forweary (archaic); spec. jade, fag, bore, exhaust.

Antonyms: see divert, refresh, rest, restore.

3. See SICKEN.

tire, v. i. 1. weary, flag; spec. jade, fag.

2. See SICKEN.

tired, a. wearied, weary, fatigued, etc.; spec. tiry (colloq. and rare).

Antonyms: see FRESH.

tiresome, a. 1. wearisome, fatiguing, tedious; spec. fagging.

Anionyms: see RESTFUL.

2. See DULL.

tissue, n. 1. See Fabric, structure.

2. In biology: spec. web, membrane, parenchyma, prosenchyma, cartilage, cinenchyma, muscle, etc.

to, prep. 1. toward.

2. See at, by, until, after.

toad, n. batrachian, paddock (archaic), toadlet or toadling (dim.).

toast, v. t. 1. Spec. see Brown, Warm.

3. drink, bumper (rare), pledge.

toast, n. 1. pledge, pledging, wassail (ohs. or archaic), skoal (archaic); spec. sentiment, health.

2. See GLOW.

tobacco, n. weed (colloq.), nicotian (rare), Nicotiana (a personification).

toddle, v. i. walk, waddle, paddle.

toe, n. digit (tech.; humorous or affected in ordinary language), dactyl or dactylus (tech.); spec. heel, hallux.

together, adv. Spec. mutually, reciprocally, unitedly, conjointly, contemporaneously.

Antonyms: see APART.

tolerant, a. 1. See ENDURANT.

3. forbearing, indulgent; see LIBERAL.

Antonyms: see INTOLERANT.

timorous: timid.

tinge. n.: tint, quality, trace, admixture.

tinge, v. t.: tint, dye, impregnate.

tingle, v. i.: sting, thrill.

tinker, v.: repair, bungle.

tinsel: gaudy.

tiny: minute.

tip, n.: point, end.

tip, v. t.: top.

tipster: informant.

tipsy: intoxicated.

tiptop: excellent.

tire, v. t.: clothe.

tire, n.: weariness.

titanics immense, gigantic.

titbit: morsel, sweetmeat.

titilate: please, tickle.

title, n.: heading, name, right,
ownership.

title, v. t.: name.

titter: laugh.

tittle: particle, little.

tittle tattle: gossip.

tittup: prance.

titular: nominal.

toadeater: fawner.

toady, v. i.: fawn.
toadying: fawning.
toadyish: fawning.
toast, v. i.: glow.
tocsin: bell.
to-day: now.
toil, n.: net.
toil, n. & v.: work.
toilet: dressing, dress.
toilsome: laborious.
token: sign, symbol, badge,
evidence.
tolerable: endurable, fair, inferior, considerable.
tolerance: endurance, toleration.

toady, n.: fawner.

TOLERATE

tolerate, v. t. 1. See ENDURE, PERMIT.

3. indulge.

toleration, n. 1. See ENDURANCE, PERMIS-SION

2. tolerance, forbearance, indulgence; spec, liberality.

tomb, n. 1. See GRAVE.

2. sepulcher or sepulchre (hist, or rhetorical) sepulture (archaic), bier (rare), cist (archaol , spec. mausoleum, charnel, charnel house, feretory, mastaba ar mastabah, vault.

to-morrow, n. morrow (literary), to-morn (obs or dul).

tone, n 1. See SOUND.

3. Referring to a sound of a definite musical pitch note; spec second, third, fifth, etc., touch, hypate (ancient Greek music), toot, monotone.

3. Referring to vocal pitch or modulation. strain, key, accent, intonation, spec.

singsong.

4. Referring to the sentiment of discoursestrain, key, spirit, accent (often in pl., as in "in accents mild").

5. See temper, strain, health, state, HITE.

tongue, n. 1. lingua (tech.), clapper (slang), clack (slang).

2. Referring to a tonguelike part: spec. lingua, lingula, languet (chiefly mach), examen (rare), doab or daub, clapper.

2. See Language, Pole, Pointer, Head-LAND

tongue-shaped, a. lingulate, linguiform; —both tech or learned.

tooth, n. 1. ivory (slang), dental (humorous), spec. game (pl.; Scot.), fang, snag, tang, gang tooth, pearl (fig), incisor. molar, see TUSK.

2. projection (contextual), dent (tech), jag: spec. denticle, denticulation, dentil or dentel (orchaic), cog, spur, sprocket.

B. See TASTE

toothless, a. edentate (tech.; chiefly spec.), edentulate, edentulous (rore), anodont (rare); spec fangless,

tooth-shaped, a. dentiform (tech.), odontoid (rare); -both tech or learned.

top, n. 1. See HEAD, CROWN,

2. summit, head, cop (obs. or dial.), crown, apex, upside (rare); spec. tiptop. Аптопуть: все воттом.

3. Referring to a top sloping to a point or edge: apex, peak, vertex, fastigium (chiefly architecture; rare), pitch; spec. crest, edge

Antonyms' see bottom.

4. Referring to the mece or covering forming the top: head, headpiece (chiefly in spec.), heading, cap, capping, crown, cumulus (rare), topping, capital (chiefly architecture); spec, drumhead, lid, capstone, cornice, corona, larmer, coping.

top. v. t. 1. cover, cap, tip, crown, head,

surmount, crest, ride.
2. ascend, surmount, rise (chiefly U. S.), crest (rare).

3. head, spec. crop pollard, pall.

4. Sec CROWN, SURPASS.

top, a. 1. highest, topmost, apical (learned or tech), culminal (rare), culminant (rare), uppermost, overmost.

2. See CHIEF.

top-shaped, a. turbinate (tech.).

topsyturvydom, n. Spec. hysteron proteron (rare).

torch, n link (literary or rare), brand (poetrc), flambeau, mussal (Anglo-Indian); spec lampion, light

torohbearer, n linkman or linkboy (rare or literary), lampadephore (Greek antiq.; rare), mussalchee (Anglo-Indian).

torn, a. rent, riven (literary), lacerate or lacerated (tech. or learned), mangled, hroken

Antonyme' see intact.

tort, n. delict (civil and Scots law); spec. trespass.

torture, v. t. 1. pain (a contextual sense), agonize, torment, excruciate, anguish (rare), spec. impale, martyr or (rare) martyrize, strappado, rack, roast, burn. card, pincer, boot.

2. See GRIEVE, PERVERT.

torture, n pain, torment, excruciation; spec, impalement, martyrdom, strappado, estrapade, fire, boot, serews, rack, sling, etc.

Cross references see Note tolerate: endure, permit, indulge toil: ring, toil: hix, tomboy: hoyden, tombotone: gravestone, tome: book tomfoolery: fooling. ton: style. tongue-lash: abuse, tongueless: eslent, dumb, tonic, a stimulating, tonic, n stimulant, tonsure: cutting tonsured; bareheaded.

tool, n . instrument, puppet. tool, v i drive, bowl tool, v blow, sound, tooth, v t indent tooth, a t vident toothed: dentate toothsome: palatable. tootasums: passanse, topoat: vercoat.
tope: druker
topheavy: unstable,
topias: ubject, commonplace.
topias: local.
topknot: crest.
tenmont: for topmost: top topping: pretentious, arragant. toppie, v i fall. topple, v i overturn torment, v i pain, torture, dustres, lease, annuy, trouble torment, n pain, distress, am-noyance, trouble torpid: insensible, apathetic, sluggish insensible, apathy, torque: heist torrety: roast, torrety: roast, torrid: burnt, hot, torrid: burnt, hot, torridity: heat, torsion: fwuf, torso: hody tortuous: sinuous, indirect

Antonyms: see Pleasure.

torturer, n. tormenter, excruciator.

torturous, a. painful, excruciating (often humorous), agonizing.

Antonyms: see Pleasant.

totter, v. i. 1. See FALTER.

2. Referring to what seems about to fall from weakness or instability: shake, reel, stagger, rock, titubate (rare), waver, tremble.

totter, n. 1. See FALTER.

2. shake, reel, stagger, rock, titubation (rare), waver, tremble.

tottering, a. shaky, labefact (rare), titubant (rare), staggering, etc.

Antonyms: see FIRM.

touch, v. t. 1. Spec. reach, impinge (tech.), kiss, lick, sweep, brush, glance, graze, feel, handle, palm, toe, finger, join, adjoin.
2. See Affect, injure, impair, caress, annoy, soften, play, taint, reach, irritate.

touch, v. i. 1. contact (rare and tech.); spec. impinge, kiss, glance, graze, brush, lap, border, adjoin, join, osculate.

2. See STOP.

touch, n. 1. contact, impact (tech.), trait (archaic; now chiefly fig.), tangence (rare), attaint (archaic); spec. feel, kiss, graze, glance, brush, osculation, tickle, button; see IMPACT.

2. sensation, feel, feeling.

8. Referring to a quality of a player or artist: hand, stroke; spec. finger.

4. See CARESS, ACTION, EXECUTION, STROKE, LITTLE, DASH, TRACE, FIT, IMPERFECTION.

touching, n. contingence (rare or tech.), joinder (rare), tangence or tangency (tech.; chiefly spec.); spec. adjacence, adjacency.

touching, a. 1. tangent (tech.; chiefly spec.); spec. adjacent.

Antonyms: see APART.

3. See AFFECTING.

toughen, v. t. strengthen (contextual); spec. indurate, inure; see ANNEAL, HARDEN.

tournament, n. 1. fight, tourney; spec. hastilude (hist.), carrousel, justs or jousts.
2. See contest.

tousle, v. t. 1. ill-treat (contextual), tumble, touse (rare), maul, mishandle, manhandle (slang), mouse or mousle (archaic).

2. See WORRY, DISHEVEL.

tow, v. t. 1. draw (contextual), drag, cordelle (U. S. & Canada); spec. tug, track.

Antonyms: see PUSH.

2. See DRAW.

tow, n. 1. draw, drag;—referring to the act of towing a vessel.

2. towline, cordelle (U. S. & Canada). toward, prep. towards (less usual than "toward"), to.

Antonyms: see FROM.

towel, n. cloth (contextual), wiper (rare), diaper (rare or obs.), napkin (rare); spec.

lavabo (eccl.), rubber.

tower, n. Spec. towerlet, sikhra, vimana, pyramid, pagoda, pylon, bastile, lantern, peel, nyragh, donjon, dungeon, barbican, bartizan, beacon, tracker, turret, helepole (hist.), belfry, castle, keep, spire.

town, n. burg (colloq. or slang; U. S.), wick (obs., exc. in place names); spec. borough, city, burgh (now Scot.), pueblo,

hamlet.

townsman, n. citizen (contextual), towny (slang), urbanite (humorous), urban (rare), oppidan (rare), burgher (archaic), snob (university cant; Eng.), Philistine (a term of dislike or contempt), cit (short for "citizen"); spec. cad (Eng.).

Antonyms: see RUSTIC.

toy, v. i. 1. See PLAY.

2. play, dally, dalliance (rare), trifle, fondle, wanton, daff (chiefly Scot.); spec. finger, fiddle, twiddle, twaddle (rare).

trace, n. Part of a harness: tug.

trace, n. 1. See track, footprint, evidence, drawing, delineation.

2. mark, impression, vestige, vestigium

(tech.).

s. trifle, taste, savor, smack, smatch, shadow, shade, smell, tang, touch, suspicion (colloq.), flavor, suggestion, hint, tinge, cast; spec. ray, trick, strain, streak, spark, sparkle, tincture; see DASH.

trace, v. t. 1. follow; spec. retrace.

2. See Track, Delineate, Describe, Copy, Perceive.

3. derive, track, fetch (obs. or rare), deduce.

track, n. 1. trace, trail, wake, vestige (rare), slot (archaic or spec.), run (rare), rack (rare); spec. tail (tech.), file, spoor, furrow, footing (rare), scent; see FOOT-PRINT, PATH.

Cross references: see Note.
toss, v. t.: throw, agitate, annoy,
bandy.
toss, v. i.: flounce.
toss, n.: throw, agitation.
total, a.: whole, absolute.
total, v. i.: amount.
total, v. t.: add, constitute.
totaling: addition.

totality: wholeness, whole.
touchable: tangible.
touching, prep.: about.
touchy: irascible.
tough, a.: strong, intractable,
hardy, difficult, troublesoms,
violent.
tough, n.: rowdy.
tour, n.: circuit, excursion.
tourist: excursionist.

tourney: tournament.
tout, n.: epy, soliciter.
tout, v. i.: epy, solicit.
tower, v. i.: rise.
towering: high.
texics: poisonous.
texicsmt, a.: poisonous.
texicsmt, n.: poison.
traceable: attributable.
tracery: ernamentation.

2. way (contextual), road (contextual), run, runway, rails (collecture pl.), spec. tramway (Eng.), tram (Eng.), plate; see BIDING.

3. See ROAD, COURSE.

track, v t 1. trace, trail, spoor, slot (rare, exc. spec.; spec. pad, foot (rare), prick, pug (Anglo-Indian), scent, road, draw (hunting).

2. See TRACE.

trade, n 1. See BUSINESS, ASSOCIATION,

BARTER, TRAFFIC, SALE. 2. craft, handieraft, mystery (archaic).

tradesman, n dealer, spec. shopkeeper. tradition, n 1. See DELIVERY.

3. Spec folklore, sunna.

traditional, a. traditive (literary or learned), traditionary (rare), unwritten.

traffic, n. 1. See DEALING.

3. business (contextual), trade, trading, operations (pl), mongering (chiefly archaic or depreciatory), dealing, commerce, merchantry (rare), truck, merchandry (archaw), nundination (rare), chapmanry (obs. or archaic), chaffer (obs.); spec simony, huckstery, arbitrage, contraband,

trame, v. t. 1. trade, deal, operate, merchandise, merchant (rare), chaffer (obs. or archaic); spec. huckster, bucket, truck,

barter, commerce. 3. See DEAL.

tragedian, n. actor (contextual), tragédienne (French; fem), Thespian (literary or humorous).

tragedy, n. drama (contextual), buskin (fig).

Antonyms see BURLESQUE.

tragic, a dramatic, cothurnal (fig), Thespian (literary), buskined (fig.). Antonyms: see COMIC

trail, n. 1. train (chiefly spec.), drag, tail. 2. See TRACK, PATH

train, n 1. See TAIL, PROCESSION, SERIES, SET, RETINUE, SEQUEL.

2. Referring to persons or things following or attending entourage, cortège (French); spec coffie (Oriental).

1. Spec. local, express, accommodation,

freight. train, v. f. 1. teach, discipline, drill, edu-cate, school (chiefly spec), form (rare); spec. make (cant), rehearse, pace, gait; see ACCUSTOM, EXERCISE.

2. In hortscutture, spec. espalier.

3. See AIM.

trained, a. skilled, disciplined, educated (contextual); spec. thorough-paced, reared. Antonyms: see untrained

trainer, n. educator (contextual), drill or driller (chiefly mil.), coach (chiefly spec); spec. rough-rider, walker, lanista (Roman antiq.).

training, n. discipline, drill, drilling, school (chiefly military; cant), manege (French) or (archarc) manage (equestrian-18m), making (tech.; hunting), education; SEE EXERCISE.

training, a. educative (contextual).

traitor, n betrayer, proditor (obs. or rare), snake (fig.), serpent (fig., traitress (fem.), Iscariot (fig.), Judas (fig., renegade, turn-coat; spec. particide (fig.), deserter. Antonyme: see PATRIOT.

tramp, v i. go (contextual); spec. walk,

hike, plod, trudge.

trample, v. t. trend (contextual), betrample (intensive., tramp, overtread (rare), over-trample (rare); spec. hobnail, poach. trampled, a trod or trodden (chiefly used

in composition).

trance, n ecstasy (hist.), rapture (obs.), catalepsy, hypnosis, coms. transaction, n 1. See DOING.

2. act, action, affair, job, deal (U. S.). transcribe, t 1 1. write (contextual), copy; apec. exemplify, engross, estreat.

2. See TRANSLITERATE

transcriber, n. writer, copyist, scrivener, scribe (learned or specific) spec. literalist. transcript, n. writing (contextual), copy, transcription; spec. exemplification, engrossment, estreat,

transcription, n 1. Referring to the action: writing, copying, transcribing; spec. ex-

emplification, engrossment.

2. Referring to the copy sec TRANSCRIPT.

transfer, v. t. 1. See REMOVE, COPY.

3. convey, cede (formal or tech), alienate (tech), grant (rare or tech.), divest (hterary), pass (contextual), transmigrate (rare), spec devise, bequeath, consign, assign, lease, charter, will, demise, give, negotiate, mancipate.

Cross references see Note trackless: pathless, tract: composition. tract: area. tractable: adaptable, manage-

tractate: composition. tractile: ductile manageable. traction: drawing trade, v : traffic, barter, trading, n traffic trading, n traffic traduce: disparage.

trajectory: course.
trammel: homper
tramp, r : step, walk.
tramp, r t trample, traverse

tramp. n: step. tread, walk, pedastrian, vagrant. trample, v: walk trample, a tread tranquil: calm peaceful. tranquilise: calm, peaceful. tranquilise: calm, peace. transact: do transcend: exceed, surpass. transcendent: exceeme, fine, unequaled unequaled transcendental: obstract

trail, v t · draw, draggle, track,

trail, . 1 draw, hang, float, flow, creep. trait: touch, characteristic,

traitorous: treacherous, trea-

3. Referring to intangible things: pass, remove, devolve, devolute (rare), translate (chiefly spec.), transfuse (fig.), transmit, shift, transplant (chiefly fig. or spec.), post, carry; see DELEGATE.

transfer, n. 1. See REMOVAL, MOVEMENT, COPY.

2. transference, transferal, conveyance, cession (rare or tech.; often spec.), assignment (often spec.), assignation (now rare), alienation (tech.), disposal, disposure (rare), grant (chiefly tech.), passing (contextual); spec. deed, devise, devisal, bequest, bequeathment (rare), bequeathal (rare), lease, demise, mancipation (rare), commendation, negotiation, gift.

3. Referring to intangible things: transferal, transference, removal, devolvement, devolution, translation (chiefly spec.), transfusion (fig.), transplantation (chiefly fig. or spec.), transmission, transmittal, shift; spec. convection, metony-

my, metaphor.

transferable, a. conveyable, assignable, disponible (Scot.), etc.; spec. bequeath-

able, devisable, negotiable.

transferee, n. assignee (often spec.), grantee; spec. consignee, indorsee, legatee, devisee, donee.

transfix, v. l. pierce, impale, transpierce (rare); spec. spit, broach, stake (rare),

spear, skewer, pin.

transform, v. t. change (contextual), transfigure, transfigurate (rare), convert, metamorphose, translate (chiefly spec.), transverse (rare), transmute (chiefly spec.), transpeciate (rare), transnature (rare), transmogrify (humorous or contemptuous), transshape (rare); spec. transubstantiate, bedevil, revolutionize, resolve.

transformation, n. change (contextual), transfiguration, transfigurement, conversion, metamorphosis (chiefly spec.), trans-(chiefly spec.), transmutation (chiefly spec.), version (rare), transmorphism (rare), transnaturation (rare), transpeciation (rare), transmogrification (humorous or contemptuous), metastasis (rare); spec. resolution, diagenesis.

transgress, v. i. offend, trespass (now literary or archaic), slip, fault (archaic), misdo

(rare); see sin. transgression, n. 1. See VIOLATION, DIS-

2. offense, trespass (now literary or archaic), slip, misdeed, fault, delinquency (chiefly literary or tech.), crime, delict (tech.; chiefly a term of Roman or Civil) law or of French law); spec. enormity, misdemeanor; see sin.

transgressor, n. offender, offendant (rare), trespasser (literary or archaic), misdoer, delinquent, culprit, misfeasor; malefactor, criminal, misdemeanant; see SINNER.

Antonyms: see Innocent.

transience, n. 1. transientness (rare), transiency, temporariness, evanescence (chiefly fig.), fugacity or fugaciousness (literary), caducity (rare), impermanence or impermanency, ephemerality, ephemerainess, passingness (rare), fleetingness (rare), preterience (rare), volatility (rare); see Brevity.

Antonyms: see PERMANENCE.

2. cursoriness (cf. cursory).

transient, a. 1. transitory, temporary, fleeting, passing, impermanent, ephemeral, ephemerous (rare), evanescent (chiefly fig.), caducous (rare), evanid (archaic), fugitive, volatile (literary), fleet (poetic), meteoric (fig.), cometary (fig.), fugacious (literary), preterient (rare); spec. transeunt, transitive, monohemerous (med.), deciduous; see Brief, short-lived.

Antonyms: see imperishable, perma-NENT, CONSTANT.

3. See Passing, cursory.

transient, n. ephemeron (literary).

transition, n. change (contextual), transit (rare), passing, passage; spec. leap, jump, break, graduation, saltation (literary), saltus (rare), play, rise, fall, metastasis, metabasis.

transitional, a. passing; spec. gradual, metabatic.

translate, v. t. 1. See MOVE, TRANSFER, TRANSFORM.

2. Referring to being carried to heaven without death: transport, ravish (rare), enheaven (rare).

3. render, turn, do (contextual), put (contextual), throw (contextual), construe (a loose use); spec. retranslate, retrovert (rare), transdialect (rare), interpret, English, paraphrase, metaphrase (rare), decipher, decode (cant).

translation, n. 1. See MOTION, TRANSFER, TRANSFORMATION.

2. Referring to the action: rendition (U. S.), version, construction (a loose use), turning, etc.

3. Referring to the result: version, construe (a loose use); spec. metaphrase, paraphrase, interpretation; see CRIB.

translator, n. translatress (fem.), ren-

Cross reserences: see Note. transference: transfer. transfigure: transform, dignify, idealize.

transfuse: pour, transfer, intransgress, v. t.: violate, dis-

transgressive: sinful. transitive: transient. transitory: transient, shortlived.

TRANSLITERATE

derer, doer (contextual), versionist (rare); [spec, interpreter, interpretess.

transliterate, v. t. transcribe; spec. de-

translucent, a. I. See TRANSPARENT.

2. semitransparent, semiopaque, semi-diaphanous (rare), translucid (rare). Antonyms see OPAQUE

transmigrate, v. i. 1. See MIGRATE. 3. metempsychosize (rare), transcorpo-

rate (rare).

transmigrationist, n. Pythagorean. transmission, n. 1. See communication.

2. In physics. transmittal, transmitment (rare), propagation, conveyance, conduction (chiefly spec.); spec. convection, ra-diation, circulation, communication. transmit, v. t. 1. See SEND, TRANSFER,

COMMUNICATE.

2. In physics: convey, propagate, conduct; apec. radiate, communicate.

transparency, n. t. clearness, transparence, diaphaneity or diaphanousness (literary or tech.), lucidity or lucidness (literary), limpidity (literary), luciency (rare), pellucidness or pellucidity (hterary or learned); spec. thunness, cloudlessness. 2. Referring to a transparent object: trans-

parence, diaphane (literary); spec. dia-

positive.

transparent, a. 1. diaphanous (literary or tech.), clear, translucent (rare), lucid (literary), pellucid (titerary or learned), limpid (titerary), transpicuous (rare), crystal (fig.); spec. thin, cloudless, white.

Antonyma: see OPAQUE. 2. Referring to what can be seen through

mentally: flimsy, thin. transpire, v. i. 1. See EXHALE, OCCUR. 2. escape (contextual), leak out.

transplant, v. t. 1. plant, replant; spec.

repot.

2. In surgery. graft. transport, v. i. 1. move (contextual), carry, take (contextual), convey, transfer, hear (primarily spec.), translate (literary); spec. conduct, lug (colloq), smuggle, spec. conduct, lig (conoq), smugge, row, pull, boat, tide, ship, raft, trail, float, wagon, cart, truck, coach, vehiculate (rare), chair, horse, telpher, vehicle, buck (colloq, U. S.), waft, wheel, transship, tram, pack, portage, sled (chiefly U. S.), sledge, roll, bow, run, drive ware while draw (rare free) drive, wing, whirl, drog (rars, Eng.), whisk, freight, ferry; see TRANSLATE, Ex-PEL, ABDUCT.

rapture, entrance, trance (rare), imparadise or emparadise (fig ; literary), rapture (rare), rape (rare), rap (now rare), rapturize (rare); spec. see FRENEY.

transport, n. 1. See MOVEMENT, TRANS-PORTATION, VESSEL.

2. ravishment, transportation (rare), rape (rare or archaic), rapture (rare).

3. See FRENZY.

transportation, n. movement (contextual, carriage), transportal (rare), con-veyance, bearing (primarily spec.), trans-porting, transport, transit (rare), transference, translation (literary), spec. fare (obs.), lug (colloq.), traduction (rears), transvection (rare), convection (rare), ahipment, transshipment, ferriage, telpherage, portage, truckage, porterage, freight, gestation (rare; tech.); see Ex-PULSION

transported, a. entranced, ravished, spellbound (rather colloq. or spec.); see FRAN-

TIC, ECSTATIC

transporter, n. carrier, bearer, conveyer; spec. porter, shipper.

transporting, a. entrancing, ravishing, Orphic (fig.).

transpose, v. t interchange, transverse (rare); spec. see REVERSE.

trap, n. 1. gin (archaic); spec. snare, net, pit, springe, trapfall, trous-de-loup (pl.; French), deadfall (chiefly U. S.), creel, pot, cruive (British), mousetrap.

2. In a figurative sense: snare, gin (literary), net, trepan or trapan (archaic), am-

bush.

trap, v. f. 1. catch, entrap (rare or literary), gin (archaic); spec. snare, springe; see BNARE, NET.

Antonyme: see FREE.

2. In a figurative sense: catch, snare, insnare or ensuare, tangle, trepan or trapan (archaic), gin (literary), enmesh.

trap, v. t. adorn, caparison. trapping, n. 1. For a horse: caparison, bard.

2. In pl.: see DRESS, ORNAMENTATION.

travel, v. z. 1. go (conlexival), itinerate (rare or spec.), journey; spec rail, rail-road (U. S.), tram (Eng.), tramp, rogue (now rare), drive, wheel (collog), stage, camel, cab, caroche (obs.), roll, gig, sledge, aled (U. S.), train, post, motor, boat, canoe, sail, steam, trek (South Africa or collog), pad; see JOURNEY.

2. See MOVE, JOURNEY

2. overpower, ravish, enravish (rare), en- | traveler, n. 1. goer (contextual), ganger

transmittal: sending, comtransmute: change, transform transplouous: transparent

transpire, r t e transude: crude exhale, occur. transverse, a. cross transversely: crossesse trapper: hunter traps: goods, baggage

trash: refuse, nonsense, trashy: refuse, paltry, travail: childbirth travel, v t traverse travel, v 1 go, travel, n. traveling, motion

(archaic), viator (rare), wayfarer, passenger, itinerant (rare or spec.); spec. polytopian (to many places; rare), sleigher, rider, excursionist, roadster, trekker.

2. See Journeyer.

traveling, a. 1. going (contextual), travel, journeying, itinerant (rare, exc. spec.), errant (archaic, exc. spec.).

2. Nee movable.

traveling, n. 1. going (contextual), journeying, travel, itineration (rare), itinerancy (literary), itineracy (rare).

2. See Going.

traverse, v. t. 1. See CROSS, TURN, OPPOSE,

3. travel, make (contextual), cover (chiefly contextual), transit (rare), overgo (rare), overpass (rare), peregrinate (rare), pervade (rare), itinerate (rare), peragrate (rare); spec. run, round, range, quarter, march, ride, walk, retravel, retraverse, patrol, promenade, perambulate, wander, scour, track, measure, overmeasure (rare), wing, procession (rare), sail, boat, cruise, shoot, oversail (rare), override (rare), overwalk (rare), overwander (rare), navigate, swim, trot, thread, tramp, trace (rare or obs.), ply, percur (rare).

tray, n. Spec. box, plateau, galley, coaster,

trencher, voider, salver, server.

treacherous, a. 1. faithless, traitorous, traitor, false, perfidious, untrue, recreant (literary), reptile (fig.), snaky (fig.), Iscariotic or Iscariotical (fig.; rare), trappy (colloq.), serpentine (fig.), proditorious (rare), trustless (rare), treasonable (chiefly spec.), Punic (fig.), treasonous (rare); see Treasonable.

Antonyms: see constant.

2. See deceitful, unreliable, unsafe. treachery, n. faithlessness, traitorousness, treason (chiefly spec.), infidelity (formal; often spec.), perfidy, falsity, falseness, recreancy (literary), prodition (rare), ctc.

tread, v. t. walk, pace, foot (rare or colloq.), press (contextual), pad (rare), stamp, spurn (literary); spec. full (tech.), tramp; see TRAMPLE.

tread, v. i. step, go (coniextual), pace (often spec.); spec. tramp, trample, dance, trip, walk, run.

treason, n. treachery (contextual), parricide (fig.), prodition (rare), lese-majesty (Civil law).

treasonable, a. treacherous (contextual), traitorous, proditorious or proditious (rare).

Antonyms: see constant.

treasurer, n. receiver, bursar (iech.), cofferer (hist.); spec. dewan (Anglo-Indian). treasury, n. fisc (chiefly spec.), bursary (tech.), exchequer (Eng. or literary), coffer. treat, v. i. 1. deal, negotiate, capitulate (rare); spec. parley, temporize; see BAR-GAIN, DISCOURSE.

2. entertain (contextual); spec. shout

(slang).

treat, v. i. 1. handle, serve (now chiefly colloq.), use; spec. work; see DISCUSS, DOC-TOR.

spec. shout 2. entertain (which see); (slang; U.S.& Australia).

treat, n. 1. See PLEASURE.

2. entertainment (which see); spec. shout (slang; U.S. & Australia), set-up (slang, U. S.).

treatise, n. composition (contextual), discourse (contextual); spec. commentary, tract, tractate, tractlet (dim.), monograph, handbook.

treatment, n. 1. dealing; spec. negotia-

tion, bargaining.

8. handling, dealing, use, usage; spec.

service, detail; see discussion.

3. therapy (mostly in comp.); spec. hydrotherapy, serotherapy, aerotherapy, etc. treaty, n. agreement (contextual); spec. accord, concord.

treble, n. soprano.

troble, v. i. triple, triplicate (rare or formal). tree, n. 1. dryad (fig.); spec. pollard, stand, sapling, rampike (U. S. or dial.), cordon (hort.), scrub, anag, espalier, Yggdrasil (myth.).

3. In genealogy: stemma (tech.); spec.

treelike, a. arboreal (literary or learned), dendriform (tech.), arborescent, dendritie or dendritical (tech.), dendroid (tech.).

tremble, v. i. shake, shiver (chiefly spec.), quake, quiver, quaver (rare), tremulate (rare), dither (chiefly dial.), didder (now dial.), dirl (Scot. & dial. Eng.); see TOT-

TER, QUIVER, SHUDDER, PULSATE.

tremble, n. shake, tremor, quiver, quaver (rare), quake, tremulation (rare), trepidation (rare), tremblement (rare); spec. twitter, twitteration, tremolo (music); 800 QUIVER, TOTTER, SHUDDER, PULSATION. trembling, a. shaking, shaky, tremulous (literary or formal), quivering, quavering (rare), quaking, trembly (colloq.), palsied, tremulant, aspen (fig.); spec. trepid (rare), vibratory.

Cross references: see Note. traverse, n.: crossing, passage, pass, denial.

travesty: caricature, burlesque.

treadle: lever.

treacle: molasses.

store, hourd. treasure, n.: wealth. treasure, s. i.: hoard, remember,

trek: travel, journey. trellis: lattice.

tromble, v. t.: chake, vibrate. trombly: trombling, tromulous tremendeus: immense, fearful. surprising. tremeio, n.: frembie. tramers tremble, vibration.

TORY.

2. shaky, quivery, quavery (rare), trem-

bly (rare); spec. totterv.

trench, n ditch, fosse (tech., often spec), furrow (chiefly spec.), line (contextual), cutting (contextual), spec parallel, zigzag, boyau (mil.), sap, cunette (mil.).

Antonyms' see dike. trend, v 1. tend (rare of persons), gravitate (formal or learned), set, drift, strike (rare or spec ,; spec lean, run, go (contextual)

trend, n, course, direction (contextual), bent, set, determination(literary), spec, run, tide, trespass, v. i. 1. See BIN, ENCROACH.

3. Referring to intrusion on land intrude (rare), enter (contextual), encroach; spec.

trespass, n. 1. See SIN, ENCROACI MENT. 3. Referring to land: intrusion (rare), entrance (contextual), encroachment.

trial, n. 1. hearing, doom (archaic), judgment (rare, exc. in reference to God, as in "the Last Judgment"); spec, ordeal, mistrusi.

2. test, probation (rare, learned, or pedantic), try (rare), proof; spec. prospect, van. 3. experiment, experimentation, tenta-tion (lech., rare), try (rare).

4. distress, ordeal, cross, denial; ses AF-

PLICTION.

5. See ENDEAVOR.

trial, a. experimental, probative, probationary, probatory (rare), empirical, peirastic (rare), tentative.

triangle, n trigon (rare), delta (chiefly spec.); spec gore, gusset.

triangular, a trigonal (rare), triquetrous (rare; learned or lech.), deltoid.

tribal, a. tribusl (rare), tribular (rare), gentile (rare or tech.).

tribunal, n. t. bench (contextual), chair (contextual), spec. dais.

2. See COURT.

tributary, n. stream, affluent, feeder, influent (rare); spec, leader.

trick, n. 1. artifice, ruse, shift, bilk (rare), device, game (colloq.), dodge (colloq.), fob (slang), rig (slang or collog), trap, fake (slang), cantel (archaic), jape, shave (fig; esp. in "a clean shave"), sleight (now rare, exc spec.), braid (obs.); spec eog, bunco or bunko, double, shuffler, flimflam; see HOAX, CAPER, FROLIC, ARTIFICE, EXPEDI-ENT, PLAN, HABIT.

2. In wrestling, trip, chip, chek; spec, mare, nelson, half-nelson, hip, etc.

tremulous, a. 1. See TREMBLING, VIBRA- | trick, v. t. 1. deceive, cheat, fob, jockey; spec. trap, intrigue (rare); see HOAK.

2. See ORNAMENT.

trickery, n. deception, artifice; apec. claptrap (contemptaous), sleight (now rare, exc. of trickery in legerdemain), horus-poeus, pett fogging, hocus (archaic or rare), trap (collog or slang), buncombe or bunkum, practice (rare); see chicanery.

Autonyms' see ARTLESSNESS, SINCERITY. trickiness, n. deceit, deceifulness, evasiveness, art, artfulness, shiftiness, crook-

edness.

trickster, n. deceiver, cheat, hocus-pocus,

shifter (rare), juggler.

tricky, a deceitful, evasive, artful, pawky (chiefly humorous; Scot. or dial.), tricksy (rars), shifty, shifting, crooked, quirky

Antanyms see ARTLESS.

tried, a. proved, proven, tested, proof.

Antonyma: see Untried.

trifle, n. t. nothing bagatelle, folderol or falderal, fillip, fig, fice (archaic), straw, bean, fiddle-faddle (chiefly in pl.), fidfad, bubble, fiddlestick, flimflam, feather (rare), toy, triviality, vanity (rare), breath, doit (fig.; literary or archaic), minim (rare; literary), frivolity, nihility (rare), nothingism (rare), bawbee (fig.; Scot.); see GEWGAW.

2. See Particle, Trace

triffe, v. i. 1. fool, shilly-shally, frivol (colloq.), mggle (chiefly Eng.), moon (collog.), dawdle, dally, toy, dillydally, fiddle-faddle, fribble (contemptuous), palter, peddle (rare), piddle (rare or colloq.), trick (rare), tomfool (colloq.), flimflam (colloq.); see IDLE, POTTER.

3. See PLAY.

trifie, v. t. fool, frivol (colloq.), dawdle, fribble (contemptuous), palter, fritter, toy, flimflam (collog.).

trifler, n. dawdler, fribble (contemptuous), frivoler (colloq), shilly-shallier, tomfool (rare); spec. idler, potterer, butterfly (fig.).

triffing, a. idle, foolish, silly (rore, exc. spec), trivial, finicking; spec, null; see FRIVOLOUS.

Antonyms: see Earnest, sincere.

trifling, n 1. fooling, dalliance (literary), play, fidfad (rare), fiddle-faddle, frivolity, flummery, etc.; spec. flimflam, boy's play, girl's play.

2. See PLAY.

trill, n. quaver, vibration; spec. roll, burr.

Cross references see Note. tranulant: trembling. tremch, v i.: encroach. trenchant: sharp, energetic. trees: lock.

tribe: race, group, set. tribune: restrum tribute: tax, contribution, comp/iment

trios: moment triokish: decentful triokis, v : flow, drsp, triokis, v : flow, drsp, streamlet, triokis; misohievaus

TROUSERS

rhotacism, shake, tremolo, vibrato, tremblement, warble.

trill, v. i. quaver, vibrate; spec. roll, shake, warble, tremble.

trim, v. t. 1. See ornament, adjust, arrange, defeat.

2. In nautical use: adjust, fill.

8. cut, clip, lop (rare or spec.); spec. crop, poll, shear, prune, shrub, pare, dub, skirt, barber, list.

trim, n. 1. See STATE, ADJUSTMENT, AR-RANGEMENT, DRESS.

2. cut, clip; spec. crop.

trimming, n. 1. cutting, clipping; spec. pruning, inducation, cropping, etc.

2. See REPROOF.

trinity, n. 1. Of the state or quality: triunity, triplicity (rare).

2. Of what constitutes three in one: triunity, triplicity (rare), trine (rare), triad. "Trinity" is especially applied to Deity.

trinket, n. bijou (French), bauble; spec. jewel, jingle-jangle; see GEWGAW.

trip, v. t. 1. stumble (rare).

2. See CATCH.

tripod, n. tripos (rare), trivet (chiefly spec.); cat, teapoy (Anglo-Indian).

trivial, a. 1. Pertaining to a crossroads where three ways meet: compital;—both rare.

2. insignificant, unimportant, trifling, light, little, petty, small, slight, slim, niggling (chiefly Eng.), picayune (colloq.), picayunish (colloq., U. S.), flimsy (chiefly spec.), sixpenny (Eng.), futile (formal or literary), empty, frothy (fig.), nugatory (literary), quotidian (rare), nugacious (rare), minute (rare), immemorable, worthless, gimcrack (chiefly spec.), trumpery (chiefly spec.), sapless (fig.); spec. paltry, doggerel.

Antonyms: see important.

triviality, n. insignificance, unimportance, nugatoriness (literary), flimsiness (chiefly spec.), futility (formal or literary), emptiness, fiddle-faddle (in a generic sense), etc. tropical, a. tropic (rare), intertropical or intratropical.

worriment (colloq.), pain, vexation, torment, affliction, care, cross, cark (archaic), teen (archaic), sore (obs.), cumber (archaic), fash or fashery (Scot. and dial. Eng.), molestation (rare), perplexity (now

rare or obs.); spec. sorrow, misfortune, anxiety, fear.

2. In a loose sense referring to any degree, however slight, of discomfort or inconvenience: bother, botherment, ado, pother, fuss, annoyance, vexation (a loose use), discomfort; see EMBARRASSMENT, INCONVENIENCE.

3. Referring to what causes trouble: distress, vexation, torment, cross, curse, thorn, bale, pest, plague, bane, bother, chagrins (pl.); spec. care, burden, misfortune, sorrow.

Antonyms: see COMFORT.

4. Nee EFFORT, AILMENT, DISTURBANCE. trouble, v. t. 1. distress, disquiet, ail, worry, pain, vex, torment, plague, afflict, harass, agitate, excruciate or (archaic) cruciate (rare), crucify (fig.), cut (fig.), infest (rare), cumber (archaic or obs.), cark (archaic), perplex (rare or obs.), molest (archaic); spec. frighten, oppress; see GRIEVE.

2. In a loose sense: bother, pother, ail, fuss (rare or slang), curse, annoy, pester, dun; see EMBARRASS, TEASE.

troubled, a. 1. distressful, disturbed, etc., troublous, careful (archaic).

2. See Unsettled.

troublesome, a. 1. distressful, disturbing, distressing, troublous (rare), afflictive, grievous, painful, worrisome, cruel (often in colloq. use as a mild intensive), troubling, spiny (fig.), thorny (fig.), tough (colloq.), vexatious, bad, cumbersome (archaic or dial.), molestful (rare), fashious (Scot.); spec. burdensome; see CALAMITOUS.

2. In a loose sense: distressful, discomfortable (rare), bothersome, pestiferous (colloq. or humorous), pestilent or pestilential (colloq. or humorous); spec. inconvenient, difficult, unwieldy.

troubling, n. distressing, agitation, worriment (rare), vexation, affliction, harassment, excruciation or (archaic) cruciation, molestation (archaic).

trough, n. 1. Spec. manger, hutch, launder.

2. See Channel, Tube.

trousers, n. pl. pantaloons (orig. spec.), breeches (colloq.), pants (vulgar or cant), kickseys (slang), inexpressibles (humorous), innominables (humorous), sacks

trim, v. i.: hedge, temporize.
trim, v. i.: hedge, temporize.
trim, a.: elegant, smart, shapely.
trimmer: timeserver.
trip, n.: step, excursion, journey, errand, circuit, error.
trip, v. i.: step, misstep.
triple, a.: threefold.
triple, v. t.: treble.
triplet: three.

triplicate, a.: threefold.
triplicate, v. t.: treble.
tripod, a.: three-legged.
trite: commonplace.
triturate: grind.
triumph, n.: celebration, victory, exultation, accomplishment, hymn.
(exult.
triumph, v. i.: celebrate, rejoice, troll: goblin.

troll, v. i.: fish.
trollop: slattern.
troop, n.: body, company, multitude, flock, herd.
troop, v. i.: meet, march.
trooper: cavalryman.
troops: soldiery.
troophy: prize, memorial.
trot, n.: gait.
trot, v. t.: drive, jiggle.

(slang), unmentionables (humorous), ineffables (humorous), kicks (slang), continuations (slang); spec. slops, bloomers, chauses (French; hist.).

truce, n 1. armistice. Antonyms: sec war.

2. See DELAY. true, a. 1. See CONSTANT, ACCURATE, COR-RECT, GENUINE, SINCERE, JUST, FULL-BLOODED, ACTUAL, TRUTHFUL.

2. Referring to agreement with reality: right, accurate, correct, substantial, sooth (archaic).

Antonyms see Untrue, Absurd, Er-BONEOUS, FALSE.

trueness, n. 1. See constancy, accuracy, CORRECTNESS, SINCERITY, ACTUALITY, TRUTHFULNESS.

3. rightness, substantiality, soothness (archave).

truly, adv. 1. Spec. constantly ("truly" in this sense is archaic), accurately, correctly, purely, actually, sincerely, justly.

28. By way of emphasis, or, sometimes, as a mere expletive: assuredly, indeed, quite, sooth (archaic), soothly (archaic), for-sooth (now only ironical and used parenthelically), respectively. thetically), verily, yea (archaic), iwis (archaic), perfay (archaic)

trumpet, n. trump (archaic), horn (often spec.), spec. lituus (Roman antiquities), lure (Scot.), conch.

trumpet, v. t. blow, toot (chiefly spec.; often contemptuous); spec. tootle.
trumpet, v. t proclaim, blow, blare; sec

CELEBRATE, ADVERTIZE.

trumpeter, n. blower (contextual), tooter (chiefy contemptuous or humorous), blazer (archaic); spec. tootler.

trunk, n. 1. stem, body, bole, stock, book (Scot.), truncheon (rare), butt, caudex (tech.), axis (tech.).

Antonyms : see Branch.

3. See SHAFT, BODY.

3. box (contextual), chest (contextual), peter (thieves' cant); spec. imperial.

4. probessis (tech), snout (collog).

5. Referring to the body or main part: spec. beam, synangum (anat).

truss, v t 1. See BIND

Cross references see Note.

2. Referring to fastening the wings or legs (as of a fowl) for baking spec, skewer. trust, n. t. confidence faith, reliance affiance (literary); see BELIEF.

trudge: walk true, r t a tjust truelove: lover trull: harlot trumpery, a rubbish, nonsense trumpery, a. worthless, friztrumpery, a. olous trivial

truncate: duck, maim. truncheon: staff, club trundle, n wheel, roller.

Antonyms: see distrust, doubt.

2. See hope, credit, duty, association. trust, v. i. 1. confide, lippen (chiefly Scot.); see RELY, BELIEVE.

Antonyms see DOUBT.

2. See BOPE.

3. tick (collog).

trusted, a. confidential, bosom, doubted, unsuspected. trustee, n depositary, fiduciary (rare);

spec. garnishee.

Antonyms see Grantor.

trustful, a. confiding, confident (rare), unsuspicious, reliant, trusting, credent (rare), undoubting, questionless (rare), unquestioning, fiducial (theol.); see BE-LIEVING.

Antonyms: see doubtful, trusty, faithworthy, a. faithful, trusty, faithworthy (rare), responsible; see RELIABLE, CREDIBLE, CONSTANT.

truth, n. 1. See constancy, accuracy, correctness, authenticity, bincerity, JUSTICE, ACTUALITY, TRUTHFULNESS.

2. Referring to conformity with what is actual: fact, reality, verity (learned), accuracy, correctness, trueness, right, troth (archaic, sooth (archaic).

Anlonyms. see Error. 3. Meaning a thing that is true or in conformty with reality. fact, reality, oracle, principle; spec. præcognita (rare), gen-

eralia (pl.). Antonyms: see Untruth, Error, FAL-

LACY, LIE.

truthful, a. true, veracious (literary), veridical (learned), veridicous (rare), soothfast (archaic).

Antonyms: see untruthful.

truthfulness, n. truth, trueness, veracity (chiefly a literary term, veridicality or veridicalness (rare), fidelity.

try, v f. 1. See ATTEMPT, STRAIN, AFFLICT, JUDGE.

2. examine, test, prove (archaic or tech), essay or assay (literary or archaic); spec. sample, taste, ring (a coin), suft (a person), smell; see EXPERIENCE.

tempt, solicit.

4. hear (as a case in court). try, v i 1. See ENDEAVOR.

2. seek, fish. tub, n. keeve or kive (Eng. or tech., and chiefly spec), spec cowl (archaic or dial),

truncie, " ; roll trundle, s / e d. wheel truss, " hundle gradle truss, " t hipe credit, expect, commit

trust, a fiduciary.
trustiness: constancy
trusty: trustworthy, constant
try, a attempt, endeavor, effort. try, n allempt, rideavor, egore, tryst: appointment, rendezvous.

bowie (Scot.), kit, corf (mining), beck

(brewing).

tube, n. pipe, duct (chiefly spec., anat., or bot.), tuba (tech.), trough (rare or dial. Eng.), tubulus (tech.), tubule (dim.); spec. bore, catheter (med.), hose, chimney, lead, trap, tuyère or twyer, worm, fistula, quill or quillet, lull (whaling), pipette, bronchus, bronchiole, tubulure.

tube, v. t. pipe.

tuber, n. Spec. tubercle or tubercule (dim.). "Bulb," "corm," and "tuber" are not, in exact usage, synonymous.

tubercular, a. 1. tuberculous (now rare); spec. verrucose, verrucous.

2. See TUBERCULOUS.

tuberculous, tubercular (now rare); spec. consumptive, hectic, phthisical (rare),

phthisicky (rare), scrofular.

tubular, a. tube-shaped, tubate (rare or tech.), tubiform (rare), pipy (rare); spec. tubuliform, tubulous, tubulose, vasiform (tech.), fistulous, fistulose, fistuliform, fistular, capillary, canalicular, canaliculate.

tuck, n. fold, pleat, plait, wimple (obs. or archaic), take-up (cant; colloq.).

tuck, v. t. 1. fold, pleat, plait, wimple (obs. or archaic).

2. See CROWD.

tuft, n. 1. bunch, brush, feather; spec. tussock, pompon, spear, fetlock, scopa, penicil, floccus, topknot, coma, cirrus, verricule, villus; see FLOCK, CREST, CLUMP.

2. bassock, tussock, bag (Scot, and dial.)

2. hassock, tussock, hag (Scot. and dial. Eng.), bog (Scot. and dial. Eng.).

tufted, a. 1. tufty; spec. penicillate, plumed, floccose.

2. tussocky, hassocky.

tumble, v. i. 1. roll, wallow, welter; see FLOUNCE.

2. See RUSH, DEPRECIATE.

tumble, n. 1. See FALL, FLOUNCE.

2. roll, wallow, welter.

tumor, n. tumefaction (rare or learned); spec. neoplasm, boil, carbuncle.

tune, v. t. 1. adjust, modulate; spec. temper, disattune (rare).

2. See PLAY.

tunnel, n. Spec. tube (colloq.), drift (mining).

turban, n. headdress, mandil (Arabian); puggree or puggaree (Anglo-Indian). turbid, a. 1. thick, muddy, cloudy, roily

(U. S. & dial. Eng.), riley (U. S.), drumly (chiefly Scot.), lutulent (rare), unsettled; see DREGGY.

2. See CONFUSED.

Antonyms: see Clear.

turfy, a. grassy, soddy (rare), cespititious (rare), cespitose or cespitous (rare), turfen (rare), turbinaceous (rare and erroneous). turkey, n. gobbler (masc.).

turn, n. 1. See rotation, revolution.

2. Referring to a change in position only: turning; spec. twirl, roll, swing, twist, troll (chiefly spec.; rare), anteversion, antroversion, retroversion, retortion (rare), cock-up, volution (rare), cast, return, counterturn; see TWIST.

8. Referring to a change of direction or course: deflection (literary or tech.), diversion (literary), flexure (rare or tech.); spec. slue, slew, bend, swing, wheel, double, doubling, demivolte, volte, refraction, blanch, canceleer, contraversion (rare), caracole; see DEVIATION, WIND.

4. Referring to the motion of the eyes: roll,

cast, cock, goggle.

5. Referring to speech: twist, crank,

crankle, crankum (literary).

6. spell, shift, tour, trick, try (colloq.), go (colloq. or slang), inning (orig. spec. in sports); spec. hand (games), watch; see ROUND, OPPORTUNITY.

7. See BEND, TWIST, CURVE, CIRCUIT, ROUND, CHANGE, COIL, NEED, CRISIS, COURSE, FIT, INCLINATION, FOLD.

turn, v. t. 1. Šes ROTATE, REVOLVE.

2. Referring to change in position only: sway, bend, swivel, cast, twist, twirl, wheel; spec. traverse, crank, grind, trip (naut.), sphere; see BEND, TWIST, FOLD, REVERSE, CURVE.

2. Referring to change in the direction of motion: sway, roll, swerve, deflect, divert, flex (rare or tech.); spec. reflect, retract, refringe, slue, slew, antrovert, introvert (chiefly fig.), topsyturn (rare; also fig.), brace, round (rare), avert, haul; see REVERSE, DRIVE, WIND, SWETCH.

4. Referring to the eyes: roll, cock, cast;

spec. goggle, troll.

5. Referring to remarks, arguments, etc.: direct, retort.

6. See Adapt, Dissuade, Convert, Make, Direct, Consider, Avert, Prejudice, Nauseate, Sour.

tuberosity: protuberance.
tuck, n.: drumbeat.
tug, n.: pull, effort, trace.
tumble, v. t.: throw, overturn,
tousle, disarrange, dishevel.
tumbledown: rickety.
tumefaction: swelling.
tumefy: swell.

tumescent: swelling.
tumid: swellen, bombastic.
tumultuary: disorderly, agitated.
tumultuous: disorderly, beisterous.
tumulus: mound.
tume, n.: melody, harmong.
tumedul: melodious, harmonisus.

tumeless: inhermonious.
tumiele: cost.
tumbulent: disorderly, beisterous, rough, violent.
tumf: sed.
tumpid: meellen, inflated, beubastic.
tummell: disturbance, commetion, agitation, activity.

turn, v. i. 1. See BOTATE, REVOLVE.

2. Referring to a change in position: move, bend, roll, shift, twist, twirl, wry (ar-

chaic); spec. grind; see TWIST.

8. Referring to a change in direction of motion: bend, sway, swing, roll, deflect (formal or literary); spec. veer, slue, slew, cast, double, deviate, swerve, maneuver, jib, broach, tack, haul, warp, elbow (rare), wear (naut.), return, wind, shy, goggle.

4. Referring to mental action: advert.

5. See BECOME, RESORT, NAUSEATE, DE-PEND, APPLY, APPEAL.

turnable, a. versable (rare), versatile (tech.); see DIRECTABLE.

turned, a. Spec. retroussé (French); see REVERSE.

turnip-shaped, a. napiform (tech.).

turnkey, n. screw(slang).

turret, n. tower, pinnacle, tourelle (rare); spec. gazebo, lantern, belvedere, cupola, serac, louver.

tusk, n. tooth, tush (chiefly archaic or dial.), ivory (spec. or slang; colloq. or tech.); spec. scrivello.

twang, n. 1. ring (contextual), twangle, twank (dial.).

2. See NASALITY.

twang, v. i. & t. 1. ring (contextual), twangle, twank (dial.).

2. See Pull.

twelve, a. duodecimai (tech. and chiefly spec.), duodenary (arith.). "Dozen" with a following noun, as in "a dozen men," is properly construed as a noun followed by a word of measure. It now is, however, in effect an adjective.

twelve, n. dozen.

twentieth, a. vigesimal (tech. or learned), vicenary (rare).

twenty, n. score.

twice, adv. bis (tech.); see DOUBLY.

twiddle, v. i. 1. See FIDGET.

2. twirl, wiggle, fiddle, play.

twiddle, v. t. twirl, fiddle, wiggle, play.

twig, n. stem (contextual), shoot, stick, switch, rod, sarment (rare); spec. slip, withe.

twiggy, a. 1. virgal (rare), viminal or vimineous (both tech.).

2. See BRANCHY

twilight, n. 1. dusk, candlelight (fg.), crepuscle or crepuscular or crepuscular (all three tech. or literary), gloaming (literary or poetic), gloam (rare), glooming (rare), dimmit (dial. Eng.), nightfall. The time from daybreak to sunrise is aldom called "twilight."

2. See SHADE.

twilight, a. crepuscular (chiefly tech.), crepusculine (rare), crepusculous (rare).

twin, n. gemini (pl.: Latin): fig. Decreio

twin, n. gemini (pl.; Latin); fig. Dromic (in Shak.), Antipholus (in Shak.), Caster (classical), Pollux (classical).

twinkle, v. i. 1. flash, sparkle, spangle, scintillate, twink (rare).

2. See flit.

twinkle, n. twinkling, flash, sparkle, scintillation, twink (rare).

twist, n. 1. See cord, thread, rotation, spiral, wind, coil, perversion, distortion. Inclination, attitude, turn, convolution, tangle.

2. Referring to the making of thread, year, cord, etc.: spin, spinning, throwing (tech.),

purling (archaic); spec. lay.

8. torsion, torque (tech.), screw, twine (rare), twirl (rare, exc. spec.), wreath (rare, exc. spec., as in "a wreath of smoks"); spec. curl, turn (contextual), crinkle, intorsion (rare), kink, buckle, kinkle.

twist, v. t. 1. Referring to thread, yarn, cord, etc.: spin, throw (tech.), purl, pirl (archaic), twine (rare or archaic), wreather

(rare); spec. slub, lay.

2. Referring merely to torsion: screw, twine (rare, exc. spec.), twirl (rare), wring, turn (contextual), entwist (emphatic; literary); spec. kink, crinkle (dim.), curl, coil (rare), wreathe (rare, exc. fig.), wry (rare), intort (rare).

Antonyms: see untwist.

3. See ROTATE, WIND, COIL, INTERLACE, TURN, CONTORT, DISTORT, PERVERT.

twist, v. i. 1. Referring to motion of torsion: turn, spin (chiefly spec.), kink (chiefly spec.), twirl.

2. See ROTATE, WIND, TURN, COIL.

twisted, a. 1. crooked (contextual), screwed, twisty, torqued (tech.), tortulous (tech.), tortile (rare), tortive (rare), wreathen (literary and chiefly fig.), wreathy (rare; literary)

turnoat: apostate, deserter.
turning, n.: turn, dissussion.
turnout: equipage, meeting.
turnpike: road.
turpitude: baseness, wickedness.
tush: nonsense.
tussie, n.: contest.
tussock: tuft.
tut: nonsense.
tutelage: guardianship, teaching.
tutelar: protective.

coach.
tutor, v. t.: teach, coach, discipline.
twaddle, n.: commonplace, nonsense.
twaddle, v. i.: commonplace.
twain: two.
tweak: pull. jerk.
tweezers: pincers.
twine, v. t.: twist, wind, interlace, encircle.

tutor, n.: guardian, teacher,

twine, n.: string, coil, wind.
twinge: pain.
twinkling: twinkle.
twirl, v. i.: twist, rotate, turn,
twiddle.
twirl, n.: twist, rotation, turn,
twiddle.
twit: reproach, taunt,
twitch, v. t.: jerk, pull,
twitch, n.: jerk, pull,
quiver.
twitchy: jerky, uneasy,
twitter: chirp, quiver.

twine, v. i.: wind, coil.

UNALLOYED

ary and chiefly fig.); spec. convolute, tyranny, n. 1. See AUTOCRACY. kinky.

2. See Spiral.

two, a. twain (archaic or poetic).

two, n. 1. twain (literary or rare); spec. both.

2. Referring to two things taken as a unit: dyad (chiefly tech.), duad (literary), pair; spec. couple, couplet, doublet (tech., cant, or colloq.), brace, match, span, yoke, cast.

3. Referring to cards, dominoes, etc.: deuce. two-colored, a. dichroic, dichromic, dichromatic, dichroöus;—all four tech.

two-edged, a. ancipital (rare), ancipitous, ancipitate (rare);—all three learned.

two-faced, a. 1. bifacial (tech.), bifront (rare);—both learned.

2. Nee DECEITFUL.

two-handed, a. bimanous (tech.).

two-headed, a. double-headed, dicephalous (rare), bicephalous (rare), bicipitous (rare; chiefly spec.), bicipital (chiefly spec.).

two-horned, a. bicorn, bicorned, bicornous, bicornute, dicerous;—all five rare or spec.

two-legged, a. bicrural (rare).

two-paired, a. bigeminal (esp. in anat.), bigeminate (esp. in bot.), bijugate (esp. in

two-rowed, a. biserial or biseriate (tech.), distinction distinction (tech. or learned); spec. bifarious (rare).

two-sided, a. bilateral (tech. or learned).

type, n. 1. See SYMBOL, PATTERN, KIND, NATURE.

2. example, representative, ideal, model, pattern, beau ideal.

3. Referring to any block used in printing: spec. letter, figure, member, character, etc. **4.** Collectively: spec. letters (pl.), letter (tech.), form, script, roman, italic, text,

clarendon, brevier, etc.

typical, a. 1. See SYMBOLIC.

2. exemplary, representative, true, ideal, model.

typify, v. t. 1. See SYMBOLIZE.

2. exemplify, represent, type (rare), idealize, image; spec. impersonate, embody; see PREFIGURE.

tyrannical, a. pendragonish (rare), tyrannous, arbitrary; see DOMINEERING, OP-PRESSIVE.

tyrannize, v. i. despotize (rare), tyrant (rare); see DOMINEER.

2. arbitrariness, despotism, harshness; see DOMINEERING, OPPRESSION.

tyrant, n. 1. See AUTOCRAT.

2. oppressor (contextual), despot, liberticide (rare).

udder, n. bag (only of cows, goats, etc.). ugly, a. 1. unsightly, hideous; spec. hardfavored (archaic), evil-looking.

Antonyms: see BEAUTIFUL.

2. Nee REPELLENT, ILL-TEMPERED, ILL-SHAPED.

ulcerate, v. i. fester (chiefly spec.).

ulcerous, a. Spec. cankerous.

umbrella, n. Spec. gingham, gamp, chatta (Anglo-Indian), parasol.

umpire, n. arbitrator, referee; spec. linesman.

umpire, v. t. referee (sports).

unaccented, a. atonic (tech.), unstressed, toneless, weak.

unacceptable, a. unwelcome, disagreeable; spec. unpopular.

Anionyms: see ACCEPTABLE.

unaccommodating, a. disobliging, noncompliant, incompliant.

Antonyms: see complaisant.

unaccountable, a. irresponsible, unanswerable.

Antonyms: see Accountable.

unaccustomed, a. unusual. unused, strange, foreign (rare).

Antonyms: see customary.

unadorned, a. plain, simple, bare, unornamented, ungarnished; spec. unvarnished (fig.), naked, blank.

unadulterated, a. pure, clear, simple, sincere (rare or literary), honest; spec. undiluted, neat.

unadvisable, a. inadvisable, inexpedient, impolitic.

Antonyms: see advantageous, wise. unaffected, a. 1. untouched, unmoved, unchanged; spec. see INTACT.

Antonyms: see Affected.

2. simple, plain, natural, native, inartificial.

Antonyms: see Affected, pretentious. unaided, a. unsupported, unseconded; spec. singly (predicative), single-handed, helpless.

unallowable, a. inadmissible, impermissible.

CP Cross reserences: see Note. twofold, a : double. twofold, adv.: doubly.

tympanum: drum, eardrum. tyrannous: autocratic, tyran-

tyre: tire. tyro: novice. U

ubiquitous: omnipresent. ulterior: distant, additional. ultra, a.: extreme.

ultra, n.: radical. ultra, adv.: excessively. umbrage: offense.

umbrageous: dark. umpire, v. i.: decide. unable: incapable. unaccompanied: alone. unaccountable: irresponsible. unacknowledged: hidden. unacquainted: inexperienced. unalloyed: absolute.

UNALTERABLE

unambitious, a. humble, unaspiring (rare). Antonyms' see ambitious.

unanimous, a agreeing, consentaneous, consentient, sold countly slang, in political usage; U.S.)

unappealable, a. final.

unappeasable, a. inappeasable, implacable, de idly, mortal; spec. inexpiable; see RELENTLESS

Antonyms: see COMPASSIONATE.

unappreciative, a. inappreciative, unapplausive (rare)

Antonyms see APPRECIATIVE. unarmed, a. weaponless, inerm (rare, or bot.).

Antonyms' see ARMED.

unascertainable, a. indeterminable. unassallable, a. invulnerable (often fig.), inoppugnable (rare).

unatonable, a. mexpable, unauthorized, a. degitimate, bastard. unavoidable, a. inevitable certain, necessary, incluctable (literary), escapeless (rare); sper. mavertible (rare), indispensable, unpreventable.

unaware, a unknowing, ignorant. Antonyms' see Knowing,

unawareness, n. ignorance.

unbaked, a raw, crude; spec. green, unfired, unburnt.

unbearable, a. intolerable, insupportable, insufferable, unendurable.

Antonyms : see Endurable, Pleasant. unbecoming, a unbeseeming (literary or archaic), unseemly, unworthy, misbecoming (rare or literary), uncomely (rare, unmeet, unsuitable, unfitting, indecent (rare); spec. incorrect; see IMPROPER

Antonyms: see becoming. unbelief, n. heresy (tending to create schism), miscreance (archaic), disbelief, miscredit (rare), discredence (rare), infidelity (chiefly eccl.), incredulity, incredulousness.

Antonyma: see belief.

unbelievable, a. incredible, disbelievable (rare); spec. inconceivable.

Antonyms: see Believable.

unbeliever, n. disbeliever, infidel (chiefly

eccl.), heretic (chiefly eccl.), miscreant (archaic), mischeliever, spec minimifician (rare), milhfidian (rare), free-thinker -zendik (Orantid), nothingarian (eccl. rare). Antonyms see Believer.

unbelleving, a. meredulous; spec. infidel, disbelieving.

Antonyms see Believing. unbosom, v. t. unburden, unbreast (rare).

unbreakable, a. infrangible (learned), irruptible (rare).

Antonyms see BRITTLE.

unbreathable, a. irrespirable. unbroken, a. t. even; spec. blind, dead (level)

2. See CONSTANT, UNINTERRUPTED.

uncalled, a. uninvited.

uncanny, a. unnatural, weird.

unceremonious, a. abrupt, bluff, blunt, offhand brusque, curt, gruff, informal; spec. familiar.

Antonyms. see FORMAL.

uncertain, a. doubtful, indeterminate; spec. precarious, problematical, shaky, slippery, equivocal, insecure, mistakable. Antonyms' see CERTAIN. uncertainty, n. doubt; spec. precarious-

ness, insecurity.

Antonyms: see CERTAINTY

unchangeable, a. unalterable, immutable. unchaste, a. wantou, see LASCIVIOUS, uncivilized, a savage, barbarous, bar-

barian, barbaric, low (contextual), uncivil (rure), raw (rare).

Antonyms: see Civilized.

uncle, n nuncle (obs or dial), nunk (obs.

uncomfortable, a. distressing, uneasy (obs. or rare).

Antonyms: see COMFORTABLE,

uncompassionate, a. unkind, unfeeling, pitiless, stony, relentless, ruthless, fierce, cruel, impiteous (rare).

Antonyms: see COMPASSIONATE. unconcealed, a. open, public, overt,

Antonyms sec HIDDEN.

uncongenial, a. incongenial (rare), incompatible.

uncleanly: dirty

Cross references, see Note. unalterable: constant, changeable changeante unampliquous: clear unampliquous: clear unamplide: dil-tempered. unappalled: dauntiess. unapproachable: maccossible. unastached: prounded. unattended: intred, unattended: unimed, unattended: alone unavalling: ineffectual, unavowed: hidden unbalanced: deranged unbend: relar

unbending, a formal relaxation unbending, a ferma unbending, a relace unbiased: impartial unbind: free, loose unblemished: intact unbolt: loose. unbounded: unlimited, absolute unbrace: loose unbuckle: loose unburden: free, disclose uncage: free uncalled-for: groundless unceasing: constant unclast: naked unclasp: loose unclean: darty indecent

unclosis disclose
unclose: pen
unclothed: naked,
unclouded: clear
uncombined: free
uncommon: infrequent, un-LEBRAGE uncommunicative: relicent uncomprehending: blind uncomprehensive: narrow uncompromising: unyaciding, unconcerned: careless, indi unconditional: absolute unconfined: free, uninclosed

UNDERSTANDING

unconnected, a. 1. separate, disparate, distinct, disjunct; spec. individual.

2. Referring to knowledge, facts, etc.: unrelated, incoherent, scrappy, disjointed, loose.

Antonyms: see RELATED.

unconquerable, a. 1. invincible, indomitable, unsubduable, irreducible (rare), inexpugnable.

Antonyms: see CONQUERABLE.

2. See IMPREGNABLE.

unconscious, a. insensible, unaware (only in pred., with "of"), inconscious (rare), inconscient (rare), nonconscious, incognizant (rare), brute (literary).

Antonyms: see conscious, AWARE, AWAKE.

uncontrol, n. freedom (contextual).

uncontrollable, a. ungovernable, incontrollable, unrestrainable, wild; spec. rampant, rampageous; see UNMANAGEABLE.

Anlonyms: see manageable.

uncontrolled, a. unbridled, unbitted, reinless, wild, intemperate.

unconventional, a. Spec. unofficial, unaccustomed; see Informal.

Antonyms: see conventional, custom-ARY, STIFF.

unconvincing, a. weak.

Antonyms: see convincing, cogent, IMPRESSIVE.

uncooked, a. raw.

uncorrupted, a. honest, innocent, untarnished, uncorrupt (rare).

Antonyms: see Corrupt.

uncover, v. t. open, discover, disclose; spec. undrape, unveil, uncurtain, unsheathe, discase (archaic).

Antonyms: see cover.

uncovered, a. open, bare, naked, undis-

unction, n. 1. anointing, aneling (esp. as a religious rite).

2. See EMOTIONALISM.

unctuous, a. 1. bland, smooth; spec. see EMOTIONAL.

2. smooth (contextual), only (fig.), greasy (fig.; contemptuous).

Antonyms: see HARSH.

uncultivated, a. 1. wild, untilled, unreclaimed, unhusbanded (rare); spec. fallow.

2. homely, home-bred, rough, unrefined; understanding, n. knowledge, sense, spec. uncultured, uncouth.

uncultured, a. artiess, rural, Philistine; see Boorish.

undeceive, v. t. disillusion, disabuse, disillude (rare), unbefool (rare).

Antonyms: see DECEIVE.

undecidable, a. indeterminable.

undecided, a. 1. uncertain, undetermined, irresolute, unresolved, unsettled; spec. open, pendent, drawn (battle, etc.).

2. See DOUBTFUL, HESITATING.

undefended, a. unguarded, unprotected, guardless, naked (fig.), exposed.

undefiled, a. 1. Sec CLEAN.

2. inviolate, unpolluted, unfiled (rare). undeniable, a. unquestionable, incontest-

able, indisputable, incontrovertible, irrefutable, irrefragable.

under, prep. below, beneath, underneath.

Antonyms: see UPON.

underbrush, n. undergrowth, underwood; see THICKET.

underclothes, n. underwear, undergear (colloq.); spec. flannels, underlinen.

undercurrent, n. underset, underflow (rare); spec. undertow.

underground, a. subterraneous, subterranean, subterrane (rare), subterrestrial (rare), catachthonian (rare).

underhung, a. Spec. undershot underlying, a. subjacent (to).

Antonyms: see incumbent.

undermine, v. i. 1. mine, sap, underwork (rare); spec. honeycomb.

2. See WEAKEN.

underrate, v. t. depreciate, underestimate, disparage (rare), extenuate (rare or archaic); see UNDERVALUE.

Antonyms: see Overrate.

undersong, n. refrain, bourdon, burdoun, burden (hist. or rare), faburden (hist.).

understand, v. t. know, comprehend, perceive, catch, grasp, penetrate, seize, realize, sense (colloq.), apprehend, conceive, twig (slang), receive, have, intelligize (rare), ken (Scot. or obs.), wool (slang), tumble to (slang), take (rare); spec. decipher, interpret, construe, follow, fathom, bottom.

understandable, a. knowable, **comprehen**sible, apprehensible, penetrable, intelligible, fathomable; spec. interpretable.

comprehension, conception, perception,

Cross references: see Note. unconstrained: easy. unconstraint: ease. uncontented: discontented. uncontrolled: absolute. unconventional: informal. uncouple: disconnect. uncouth: awkward. uncreated: self-existent undated: dateless. undaunted: bold.

undeceitful: sincere. undeceivable: infallible. undecipherable: illegible. undemonstrative: impassive. under, a.: lower. underestimate: underrate. undergo: suffer, experience, undergrowth: underbrush. underhanded: hidden, deceitful, stealthy.

underling: subordinate, wretch. underpin: prop. underpinning: support. underset, n.: undercurrent. underset, v. t.: prop. undershot: underhung. undersign: subscribe. undersized: dwarf. understanding, a.: intelligent. understanding, n.: intelligence, agreement.

UNDERSTUDY

head, intellection (rare or learned); spec.] grip, appreciation.

understudy, n. substitute, devil (collog. or

undertake, r. t. accept, attack, tackle (collog.), assume, enterprise (archave); see ATTEMPT, PROMISE, GUARANTEE, CON-

Antonyms: see AVOID.

undertaker, n Spec. projector, entrepreneur (French); see CONTRACTOR.

undertaking, n. enterprise, emprise (archaic), affair, assumption, venture, con-tract (spec. or slang); see ATTEMPT, GUARANTY.

undervalue, v. t. underrate, deconsider (rare), underprize, depreciate, disappreciate (rare), misprize underestimate.

Antonyms: see Overbate

underwater, a. subsqueous (learned or tech); spec. submarine.

underworld, n. 1. antipodes (pl.; learned). 3. See HELL.

undeserving, a. deserveless (rare), unworthy, desertless, indign (archaic).

undeveloped, a. Spec. rudimentary, embryonal, rude, embryonary, embryonic, primordial, perennial, immature, unbaked.

undevelopment, n. immaturity.

undignified, a. belittling, mean; spec. degrading.

Antonyms: see DIGNIFIED.

undiscriminating, a. indiscriminate, indiscriminative, promiscuous.

undisputed, a. unquestioned, uncontroverted, uncontested.

undissolvable, a. irresoluble, insoluble, insolvable (rare).

undisturbed, a. 1. sound, unmolested.

3. See CALM

undo, v. t. 1. Spec. unknit, unrip, untie, unplait, unpick, unhook, unlace, unbutton, unspin, unwork (rare), unweave, untuck, unwreathe (rare, unmake.

3. See OPEN, INVALIDATE, RUIN

undress, v i. unrobe, unclothe, disrobe (literary, formal, or affected), devest (obs discase (archaic), unapparel or rare) (rare), disarray (literary), spec. disgown; SEE STRIP.

Antonyms: see dress

undress, v. t. disrobe, strip (collog.), peel (slang), unattire (rare). Antonyms: see DRESS.

undress, n. disarray (literary or formal);

spec. negligée, dishabille or deshabille. mufti.

undressed, a. 1. See CRUDE.

2. Of stone. unhewn, self-faced (tech.). wave, ripple, roll (of prairie land), pulsate, pulse, wimple, crisp, crimp, crimple. 2. See swing, billow.

undulate, v. i. agitate; spec. wave, crin-kle, ripple, roll.

undulating, a. undulous, fluctuant; spec. rolling, rippling, wavy; see Billowt, BINUOUS.

undulation, n. 1. agitation, wave, billow (chiefly spec.), rolling; spec. crispation, pulsation, pulse.

See sinuosity, swing.

undulatory, c. wavy, rolling, rippling, ripply, crinkly.

undutiful, a. dutiless (rare), remiss; spec. disobedient.

Antonyma: see OBEDIENT.

unessiness, c. restlessness, unrest, unquiet, unquietness, unrestingness (rare). intranquillity (rare), inquietude, disquiet, unrestfulness (rare), dispence (chiefly Scot.); spec. impatience, impatiency (rare), fidgetiness, fidgets (colloq.), perturbation, agitation, discomposure; see Dis-COMFORT.

uneasy, a. 1. restless, unreposing (rare), unresting, disturbed, inquiet (rare); per-turbed, disquieted, discomposed, spec. queasy, sleepless, twitchy, impatient, excited, fidgety, feverish.

Antonyms · see CALM, COMPOSED, PATIENT. 2. See distressing, difficult, agitated. unestable, a. inedible, inesculent (learned

or formal)

Antonyms: see EATABLE.

uneducated, a. ignorant, untaught, illiterate, letterless (rare); spec. untutored, untrained.

Antonyma see EDUCATED.

unemotional, a. cold, cool, apathetic, icy, dry (chiefly spec.), impassive, unimpassioned.

Antonyms: see DEMONSTRATIVE, EFFU-SIVE.

unemployed, a. idle; epec. loafing. Antonyma: see industrious.

unemployment, n. idleness, nonemployment; spec. loafing. unengaged, a. i. unemployed; apec.

briefless (law).

2. free, heart-whole.

Cross references see Note undertow: current underworld, a infernal underwrite: subscribe undertating: constant, undiluted: crude undiscerning: blind

undisciplined: inexperienced, undiscovered: huiden undisguised: frank undismayed: coarageous undisputed: unquestioned undistinguished: commanplace undoubted: unquestioned

undue: improper, excessive, undying: immortal, endless unearth: disinter, disclose, exunearthly: supernatural, unembarrassed: easy unending: endless

UNFORTUNATE

unequal, a. inequal (rare), disparate, inadequative.

Antonyms: see Uniform.

unequaled, a. fellowless (rare), matchless, inimitable, unparalleled, unpeered (rare), unexampled, unpatterned (rare), nonpareil, peerless, incomparable, transcendent, unmatched (rare), unique, unrivaled, unapproached; spec. unmatchable (rare).

unerring, a. 1. See INFALLIBLE.

2. accurate, sure, inerrant (rare); spec. dead (shot, etc.).

unescapable, a. includible (literary), inevitable, inevasible (rare), inescapable (rare), unavoidable; spec. unexcludible (rare), inexcusable (rare).

unessential, a. 1. meaningless, pithless.

2. dispensable; see UNNECESSARY.

uneven, a. rough (contextual), tumbly, variable, lumpy, stony, cuppy, pitted, hilly, holey, broken.

Antonyms: see EVEN, UNIFORM, PLAIN.

2. Of numbers: odd.

uneventful, a. smooth, eventless.

Antonyms: see eventful.

unexaggerated, a. true, real; spec. cool (collog.; as in "he has a cool million").

unexcitable, a. imperturbable, calm.

Antonyms: see EXCITABLE.

unexhausted, a. inexhausted (rare); see

unexpected, a. sudden, unlooked-for, unforeseen.

unexperienced, a. 1. See INEXPERIENCED. 2. untasted, unfelt.

unexplainable, a. insoluble, inexplicable, unaccountable, inexplainable (rare); spec. sphinxlike (fig.).

unexploded, a. live.

unexposed, a. protected, unobnoxious (rare); spec. see SAFE.

Anionyms: see exposed, unprotected. unexpressed, a. unworded (rare); spec. unwritten, unsaid.

unfading, a. fast, fadeless, immarcescible (rare), amaranthine (literary), permanent.

unfailing, a. 1. intallible.

2. See RELIABLE.

unfair, a. inequitable, unjust, oblique (literary or rare), unequal; spec. foul; see PARTIAL.

Antonims: see Impartial.

unfaithful, a. faithless, recreant, dishonest, derelict (rare), unleal, illoyal (rare), false, untrue, disloyal (now chiefly spec.), untrusty (rare), perfidious.

Antonyms: see constant.

unfamiliar, a. strange, novel, new, unacquainted, inconversant; spec. outlandish, bizarre.

Antonyms: see familiar, common.

unfasten, v. t. loose, unloose, loosen, unloosen (rare); spec. unscrew, unbind, unhitch, unhasp, unpin, disglue, untack, unlace, unspar (rare), unclasp, unfix, unlink. Antonyms: see fasten.

uniathomable, a. 1. bottomless, soundless, unplumbed (rare).

2. See Unintelligible.

unfavorable, a. unfriendly, sinister, adverse, disadvantageous; spec. ill, inauspicious, unlucky, indisposed, foul, contrary; see Inauspicious.

Antonyms: see favorable.

unfeeling, a. merciless, pitiless, unpitiful (rare), unmerciful, hard, hard-hearted, cold, cold-blooded, cold-hearted, obdurate (literary or learned), careless, heartless, soulless, inhuman, inhumane (rare), dispiteous (literary), granitic (fig.; rare), unimpressionable, callous, incompassionate (rare), rocky (fig.), stony, marbly (fig.), marble (fig.), flinty (fig.), bloodless, dispassionate, iron (fig.). bowelless; spec. hollow, emotionless, relentless, adamantine, empty; see senseless, insensible, CRUEL, DULL.

Antonyms: see Kindly, Merciful, com-PASSIONATE.

unfinished, a. crude, incomplete, incondite (rare); spec. raw, sketchy, inelegant; see ROUGH.

Antonyma: see finished.

unfitness, n. unsuitability, disqualification; spec. ineligibility, disability.

unfold, v. t. open, undo, display (rare or spec.), unroll, evolve (chiefly literary), expand; spec. undouble (rare), spread, unfurl, disinvolve (rare), separate; see DEVELOP.

Antonyms: see fold, close, shut, wrap. unfolding, n. Spec. evolution, disclosure, display; see DEVELOPMENT.

unforeseeable, a. incalculable, unforeknowable.

unforgiving, a. implacable, unrelenting, inexorable, unappeasable; spec. rancorous. merciless, pitiless; see RELENTLESS.

Animyms: see Forgiving.

unfortunate, a. ill, unlucky, disastrous, destructive, ruinous, fatal (hyperbolical), hapless (archaic or literary), ill-starred; spec. fortuneless, misfortunate (now chiefly Scot. & dial. U.S.), luckless, evil, unsuccessful.

图 Cross references: see Note. unequivocal: definite.

unexpressible: inexpressible. unexpressive: blank.

unfaded: fresh. unfearful: courageous. unfeigned: sincere. unfetter: free.

unat, a.: improper. unfit, v. t.: disable, disqualify. unfix: unfasten, loose, detach. unfold, v. i.: develop, disclose.

Antonyms' see fortunate, prosperous. unfounded, a. proofless, unevidenced; see GROUNDLESS.

Antonyms. see WELL-FOUNDED.

unfrequented, a. solitary, desolate, desert, deserted, forsaken, abandoned, lonely, lone (archaic or poetic), lonesome; spec. uninhabited; see UNINHABITED, LONELY. unfriendliness, n. hostility

unfriendly, a. hostile, inimical, ill-affected (rare), enemy (rare, esc. spec.), opposed (contextual), indisposed.

Antonyms see FRIENDLY.

unfurnished, a. bare, naked, unequipped,

ungaltant, a. unchivalrous, unchivalric; spec. caitiff.

Antonyms: see BRAVE, POLITE.

ungentlemanly, a. uncivil, impolite, coarse, see BOORISH. Antonyms see POLITE.

ungirt, a zoneless, unzoned (rare), uncinctured, discinct (rare).

ungovernable, a unruly, uncontrollable, unmanageable.

ungoverned, a. 1. unbridled, uncontrolled. 3. See ANARCHICAL.

ungrateful, a. ingrate (literary), unthankful, thankless.

Antonyms. see THANKFUL,

unguarded, a. unwatched, uncared-for; spec. blind (side).

unhallowed, a. profane, unsanctified, unbaptized (spec. or fig.).

Antonyms. see HALLOWED.

unhappy, a 1. miserable, wretched, sad, infelicitous (literary or formal), disconsolate, unblessed (rare), unblissful (rare), unjoyful, joyless; spec. heartsick, incon-solable, dismal.

Antonyms: see HAPPY.

2. See CALAMITOUS. unharmed, a. uninjured, unhurt, safe, scatheless, immune, scotfree, harmless

unharness, v t. 1. unrope (local U. S.), untackle (rare), unlitch, spec. outspan (So. African), unsaddle.

Antonyms, see HARNESS.

2. See LOOSE.

unhealth, n. infirmity, morbidity (rare), sickness, cacochymy (med; used by the old humorists), feeblesse (archaic), valetudinarianism, spcc. disease. Antonyms' see HEALTH.

unhealthful, a. unwholesome, insalubrious, healthless, insanitary.

Antonyms, see HEALTHPUL, SANITARY, unhealthy, a ailing, morbid, sickly, insalubrious, healthless (rare), morbose (rare), valetudinarian.

Antonyms: see HEALTHY.

unheeded, a. unobserved, unregarded; spec ignored.

unholy, a. 1. unsanctified, profane; see UNHALLOWED.

2. ungodly, godless, impious; see IRRE-LIGIOUS.

Antonyms: sec hallowed.

unhorse, v. t. Spec. throw, unsaddle, buck: see dismount.

unitorm, a. equal (rare as to physical things, and then equivalent to "equable"), steady, constant, even, smooth, equable (archaic of temper, mind, etc.), unvarying, regular, same, dead, plain, level; spec. flat, unbroken (color), measured, solid, undi-versified, jog-trot, pure, self, undeviating, homogeneous, correspondent; see EVEN.

Antonyms see varied, unequal, uneven, diversified, multiform, varie-

GATED.

uniform, n. livery, regimentals (pl.; spec. or fig.); see coerume.

uniformed, a. Spec. liveried.

uniformity, n. constancy (which see), evenness, regularity, sameness; spec. steadiness, monotony, homogeneity, homogeneousness, unity.

Autonyms' see VARIETY, DIVERSITY.

unimaginable, a inconceivable, unthinkable, impossible. Antonyms. see Thinkable.

unimaginative, a prosate, unromantic, fanciless (rare); see MATTER-OF-FACT.

Antonyms: see IMAGINATIVE, FANCIFUL. unimpassioned, a. cold, passionless, dispassionate, bloodless (slang or colleg.), cold-blooded; see UNEMOTIONAL, CALM. Antonyms: see excited, andry.

unimportant, a immaterial, inconsequent (rare), inconsiderable, insignificant, light, inconsequential, slight; spec. ines-sential, petty, small, inferior, inapprecia-ble, meaningless, minor, indifferent, immomentous (rare), nonessential.

Antonyms: see IMPORTANT, FLAGRANT, GREAT.

uninclosed, a. open; spec. fenceless. Autonymns: see confined.

Cross references see Note unfruitful: barren, unproduc-Expe

unfunded: finating ungainly: awkward. ungental: inclement.

ungentle: rough ungraceful: awkward, alumey

ungracious, a impolite, ofungratefulness: ingratitude. unguent: ointment unguiform: hook-shaped.

unguinous: fat unhair depilate unhandsome: homely.

unhandy: dumsy. unhearable: enaudible, unheedful: cardens, desregardunhinge: derange, unseal. unity: unite uninfluenced, a. unswayed; spec. see IMPARTIAL.

uninformed, a. 1. unapprised, ignorant. 2. See IGNORANT.

uninhabitable, a. untenantable, unlivable.

Antonyms: see Habitable.

uninhabited, a. unfrequented, lifeless, desolate, desert (now rare), unsettled, peopleless (rare); spec. waste, abandoned. uninjured, a. whole, unprejudiced; see SOUND, INTACT.

unintelligent, a. unapprehensive (rare), mindless (rare); spec. impenetrable; see STUPID.

Antonyms: see INTELLIGENT, CLEVER.
unintelligible, a. inexplicable, inscrutable, unfathomable, fathomless, blind, inconceivable, incomprehensible, hidden.
Antonyms: see INTELLIGIBLE, CLEAR.

unintentional, a. unmeant (rare), indeliberate (rare), undesigned, inadvertent, spontaneous, unpremeditated.

Antonyms: see Intentional.

uninterrupted, a. continuous, unbroken, solid.

uninteresting, a. dry, dreary, drearisome, arid, barren. flat, jejune; spec. featureless, dry-as-dust, tasteless; see DULL, INSIPID.

Antonyms: see Interesting.

uninvited, a. unasked, unbidden, uncalled.

union, n. 1. Referring to the act or action: uniting, joining, interunion (rare), unition (rare); spec. conjunction, conjuncture, connection, fusion, combination, incorporation, consolidation, coalescence, inosculation; see ATTACHMENT.

Antonyms: see division.

2. See COUPLING.

3. Referring to a vital process, as of growth: spec. conjugation, fusion, symphysis, inosculation, synartesis (rare), synosteosis, ankylosis, coössification, synizesis, synechia.

4. association (contextual), federacy, alliance, confederacy (usually a looser or more temporary union than a "confederation"), coalition (especially in politics); spec. Zollverein (Ger.), guild, craft, trade union or (for short) union; see ASSOCIATION, MARRIAGE.

unique, a. singular, only, sole, single (rare).

unison, n. unisonance, homophony (music, tech.); see HARMONY.

unisonous, a. unisonant, unisonal (rare), unison (rare), homophonic or homophonous (tech.).

unit, n. one, unity, monad (chiefly tech. and spec.), monas (rare); spec. item, integer, module, standard, point.

unitary, a. monadic, monadical;—both

tech. or learned.

unite, v. i. 1. combine, join, conjoin; spec. connect, incorporate, couple, marry (fig.), inosculate, interosculate, fuse, cement, consubstantiate, consolidate, blend, interlace (chiefly fig.), anastomose, coalesce, conjugate, syncretize (rare), solidify, regelate, agglutinate; see Join.

Antonyms: see disunite.

2. combine, join, coalize (rare or tech.), solidify (fig.), league, confederate, federate, consolidate, inone (rare); spec. ally, interleague (rare), pair, couple, mate, fraternize, harmonize, mass, center, club, wed (fig.), amalgamate; see ASSOCIATE, MARRY.

Antonyms: see BREAK, DIVIDE.

unite, v. t. 1. combine, join, conjoin (rare or formal, or intensive); spec. connect, couple, incorporate, concentrate, conflate (learned or literary), marry (fig.), fuse, aggregate, cement, consolidate, center, unify, solidify, lump, dovetail, agglutinate; see ADD, ATTACH.

Antonyms: see disunite, comminute,

DIVIDE.

2. combine, join, conjoin (rare or emphatic); spec. ally, solidify, league, confederate, federate, harmonize, mass, amalgamate; see ASSOCIATE, MARRY.

Antonyms: see distinite.

united, a. 1. combined, joined, consolidate or consolidated, conjunct (rare or emphatic); spec. connected, conjunctive, attached, indiscrete (literary), conjugate, connate.

Antonyms: see DIVIDED.

2. combined, joined, conjoint (rare or emphatic); spec. federal, confederate, allied, leagued, amalgamated (fig.), cor-

porate.

uniting, a. 1. combinatory, conjunctive; spec. concrescive, connective (rare), additive, coalescent.

2. federative, confederative, incorpora-

tive, coalescent (rare).

unity, n. 1. oneness, singleness, undividedness, indivision (rare); spec. compages (often fig.; literary or tech.); see SAMENESS.

2. oneness, singleness, harmony, concord, solidarity.

universal, a. 1. cosmic or cosmical; see GENERAL, COSMIC.

Antonyms: see LOCAL.

2. catholic, ecumenical or œcumenical.

8. Spec. pandemic, encyclopedic.

ary or tech.), system, nature; spec. macrocosm, megacosm.

unjointed, a. marticulate, marticulated;

spec, unhinged

unjust, a unwarranted, unrighteous, unright (archaic), unequal, unrightful (rare), ill, inequitable, iniquitous (chiefly inten-

Andonyma: see JUST.

unjustifiable, a. unwarrantable, inexcus-

unkompt, a. disordered, disarranged, disheveled, shaggy, see DISHEVELED, SLOV-

unkind, a. unfeeling, hard-hearted; spec. pitiless, merciless, harsh, cruel, atrocious, brutal, ferocious, savage, inhuman, barbarous, see ILL-NATURED.

Antonyms: see KIND

unkindness, n unfeelingness, etc.; spec. cruelty, atrociousness, atrocity, brutality, ferocity, inhumanity, barbarity, etc.

Antonyms: see KINDNESS, MERCY. unknown, a. unascertained, hidden, unbeknown (collog.), undiscovered, dark; spec. untold, incognita (fem.), incognito

(masc.); see ANONYMOUS, OBSCURE.
unknown, n. incognita (fem.), incognito
(masc.), terræ filius (Latin); see ETRANGER.

unladen, a. disburdened, light.

unlamented, a. unmouned, unmourned; spec unwept.

unlawful, a. illegal, illegitimate, illicit; spec. unconstitutional.

Antonyms see LAWFUL.

unless, prep. except. unlimited, a. boundless, limitless, illimitable, unbounded, illimited (rare), indefinite, absolute; spec. unconfined, confineless; sec infinite, endless.

Antonyms: see CONFINED.

unload, v. t. & i. discharge (more formal than "unload"), disburden or (archaic) disburthen, disemburden or disemburthen (both rare), diaload (rars), unlade (rare), disencumber, discumber (rare), off-load (South Africa); spec. unship, empty, dump.

Antonyma: see ENCUMBER.

untucky, a. 1. unhappy, unfortunate, mischanceful (poetic or rare), mischancy (chiefly Scot.), misadventurous.

Antonyma see FORTUNATE.

2. See INAUSPICIOUS.

nniverse, n. world, creation, cosmos (hter- | unmake, r. t. 1. uncreate, unform; see ANNIHILATE. Antonyms: see CREATE.

2. See INVALIDATE.

unman, v. t. 1. Spec. disgarrison.

2. See EMASCULATE.

unmanageable, a difficult, wieldless (rare), unworkable (rare), unwieldy; ses UNGOVERNABLE

Antonyms see MANAGEARLE.

unmannerly, a ill-mannered, manner-less, ill-bred; spec. caddish, rude, rustic Antonyous see POLITE.

unmarked, a blank.

unmarried, a single, celibate (chiefly tech, or literary), lone (only of women in mock pathes , unwed diterary), spec wifeless, husbandless, discovert (law).

Antonipus see MARRIED

unmentionable, a. indescribable; spec. ineffable.

unmentioned, a. unnamed, nameless, untouched.

unmitigated, a. unredeemed, unrelieved. stark, perfect, utter, absolute, sheer, mere. unmixed, a. pure, unmingled, straight (slang), sheer, solid, clear, unalloyed, simple.

unmoral, a. nonmoral,

unmusical, a. rude, musicless (rare). Antonynys: see MUSICAL.

unmutilated, a. immutilate (rare), unmaimed.

unnamed, a. 1. innominate (rare or tech.). 2. See unmentioned, anonymous.

unnatural, a. nonnatural, foreign, ab-normal, prodigious (rare); spec. preternatural, contranatural, subternatural, subnatural, cataphysical (rare), infranatural; see Monstrous, artificial, affected.

Antonyms see NATURAL.

unnecessary, a. needless, inessential, superfluous, dispensable, supererogatory, spare, unneedful (rare), supervacaneous (rare).

Antonyms: see NECESSARY.

unnerved, a. upset (collog.); spec. flighty. unnoticeable, a. inconspicuous, unobservable, unobtrusive, mobservable.

Antonyms: see conspicuous.

unnoticed, a. unobserved, unnoted, unperceived, unremarked, noteless (rare). unobjectionable, a. inoffensive, unexceptionable.

Antonyms' see OFFENSIVE.

Cross references ses Note. university: school unkindly: school unknowing: university uniash: loose. unlearn: forget. unlearned: ignorant, unlike: different. unlikely: improbable.

unlikeness: difference, unloaded: empty unloase: loose uniovely, a homely, unpleas-ant, ill-tempered unmeaning: meaningless, expressionless unmeasured: infinite unmelodious: harsh

unmeitable: refractory unmerchantable: unsalable unmindful: carcless, forgetful, unmistakable: erdent unmoved: constant, insensiunneighborly: distant unnutritious: innutritious

UNREFLECTING

unobservant, a. careless, disregardful, unobserving, inobservant; see CARELESS, INATTENTIVE.

Antonyms: see ATTENTIVE, CAREFUL. unobstructed, a. open, fair, clear, free. unoccupied, a. 1. vacant, unpossessed; spec tenantless.

2. See IDLE.

unpaid, a. Spec. unsatisfied, unsalaried, unfeed, feeless, unsettled.

unpalatable, a. distasteful, untoothsome (rare); spec. bitter, sour, etc.

Antonyms: see Palatable.

unpardonable, a. unforgivable, irremisaible (rare), inexcusable.

Antonyms: see EXCUSABLE

unperceivable, a. incognizable; spec. unseeable, intangible, indiscernible.

Antonyms see PERCEPTIBLE. unpleasant, a. displeasing, bad, unpleasing, distasteful, offensive, unlovely, disagreeable, pesky (collog or dual., U.S.), displacent (rare), unagreeable (rare); spec. indelectable (rare), nasty, brackish (fig.), ungracious, disgustful, sickening, jarring (spec. or fig.), noisome; see OFFEN-SIVE.

Antonyms, see PLEASANT.

unpleasantness, n. 1. displeasure, disagreeableness; spec. noisomeness, jarringness (spec. or fig.; rare), insuavity (rare), Burliness.

2. time (as in "to make a time about a thing"), stink (slang; vulgar).

unpolished, a. 1. See ROUGH.

2. rude, ill-bred, crude; spec. cubbish; see COARSE.

Anionyms: see REFINED.

unprecedented, a. unexampled.

unpretentious, a. modest, simple, unas-suming; spec. unambitious, homelike, homely.

Antonyms: sec absuming.

unprincipled, c. Spec dishonest, crooked (collog.), fraudulent, thievish, rascally, scampish, roguish, lawless; see ABAN-DONED.

Antonyma: see UPRIGHT, CONSCIENTIOUS, BCRUPULOUS.

unproductive, a. 1. fruitless, unfruitful, sapless, dead, poor, waste; see BARREN.

Antonyms: see FRUITFUL. 2. futile, barren, nugatory, otiose (rare); spec. see INEFFECTUAL.

Antonyma: see Effective

unprofitable, a. profitless, bootless, un-beneficial (rare), ungainful (rare). Antonyms, see Profitable,

unprogressive, a. improgressive, backward; spec vegetative (fig.), stagnant; spec. see Conservative

unpromising, a, unlikely. Antonyms: see PROMISING.

unprotected, a. defenseless, naked, fenceless (rare), unfenced (obs. or spec.); spec. unguarded.

Antonyms see UNEXPOSED.

unprovable, a. undemonstrable, indemonstrable

unproved, a. unauthenticated.

unpunished, a. scatheless (chiefly liter*ary*), immune.

unqualified, s. 1. straight, outright, outand-out, thoroughgoing; see THOROUGH, ABSOLUTE.

Antonyms: see Limited.

3. disqualified (less general than "unqualified"), unsuited, unfit, ineligible (legally disqualified),

Antonyms: see QUALIFIED.

unquestionable, a. indubitable, sure, indisputable, questionless, unimpugnable (rare), certain, dead (as in 'dead certainly'); see UNDENIABLE.

Antonyms: see ambiguous, conjectural.

DISPUTABLE, QUESTIONABLE,

unquestioned, a. undoubted, undisputed.

unquestioning, a. implicit, sure. unquiet, a. unpeaceful, disquiet (rare), inquiet (rare), peaceless; spec. unquiescent; see RESTLESS.

Anionyms: see AGITATED. unravel, v t. 1. ravel, unweave; spec. feaze, see dibentangle.

Antonyms: see Entangle. 3. See DEVELOP, EXPLAIN.

unreal, a. illusionary, illusory, imaginary, fictitious, shadowy, aerial (fig.); spec. fanciful, spectral, dreamlike; see UNSUB-STANTIAL.

Antonyms: see ACTUAL.

unreasoning, a. irrational, unthinking, brutal, brute, brutish, animal, unreasonable (rare).

Anionyma: see RATIONAL.

unrefined, a. t. rude, gross, rough, coarse, inelegant, unpolished, vulgar, rustic, inelegant, unpolished, vulgar, rustic, rural, uncultivated, uncultured, incult (rare), Gothic (fig.), common, vulgate (rare); spec. rugged, Doric, see Low.

Cross references see Note unobservable: unnoticeable, unobtrusive: modest unoficial: informal unorganised: structurdess, inunostentations: modest unpack: loose. unpassionate: imperiol, calm. unpeople: depopulate unpercoiving: blind. unperformed: unsatisfied. unperturbed: calm. unpin: loose unprejudiced: impartial. unpresumptuoue: modest. unpretending: modest. unpropitious: manapimous unproportionate: duproporunquenchable: inertinguishunready: slow. unreality: plusion. unreasonable: pllopical, exunreflecting: thoughtless.

UNREGENERATE

Antonyma: see REFINED.

2. See CRUDE.

unregenerate, a. natural, irregenerate (rare).

unrelated, a. irrelative, irrelate (rare), disrelated, foreign, alien, remote, apart (predicative, used with "from").

Antonyms see kindred, related. unreliable, a. unsure, uncertain, ticklish, fallible (liable to error); spec. treacherous, inconstant, inauthentic; see UN-TRUSTWORTHY, UNSTABLE.

Antonyms' see CONSTANT, RELIABLE,

TRUSTWORTHY.

unremovable, a. ineradicable, inextirpable, merasable.

unrequited, a unreturned, unanswered. unresisting, a nonresistive, nonresistant, yielding, resistless; spec frictionless. nnrest, n disquiet, disquietude.

see MOTIONLESSNESS; cf. Antonyms: MOTIONLESS.

unrestrainable, a. irrestrainable (rare), irrepressible.

unrestrained, a. 1. untrammeled, unbounded, unbridled, unchecked, uncurbed; spec. unconfined, fetterless, unfettered; see FREE.

Antonyms: see CAREFUL.

2. incontinent, broad, wanton, inordinate, licentious (rare), lawless, lax, loose, effuse (archaic), wild, rampant, reinless; spec ruleless.

unripe, a. immature, crude. Antonyms: see RIPE.

unroll, v. t open, outroll (rare).

Antonyms: see ROLL.

unruly, a. 1. obstreperous, unmanageable, wanton, insubordinate, fractious, re-fractory, rowdy (rare), breachy (of cattle).

Antonyma: see MANAGEABLE. 2. See LAWLESS, DISOBEDIENT.

unsase, a. insecure, precarious, uncertain; spec. treacherous.

Antonyms: see BAFE.

unsalable, a. dead, unmarketable, unmerchantable.

Antonyms : see BALABLE. unsatisfiable, a. insatiable, insatiate. unsatisfied, c. 1. insatiste, unstanched

(rare). Antonyme: see SURFEITED.

> unscrew: loose unseemly: unbecoming unsentimental: maiter-of-fact. unshakable: loose unshakable: fixed unshakable: constant, unsheltered: exposes. unship. displace. unship. displace. unshipd: barefoot. unsightly: repellent. unsoiled: cisun

unsolicited: groundless unsophisticated: simple unsophisticated: simple unsophistication: mezurimas. unsought: groundless unsough; diseased, derunged, decayed, incurrect, imperfect unspeakable: inexpressible, unspiritual: bodily unstableness: metability, unstableness: metability.

2. Spec. unperformed, undischarged, unrendered, unpaid. unsatisfying, a. empty, hungry (of fare, food, etc., rare).

unscalable, a. insurmountable.

unscholarly, a. ignorant, illiterate, illibcral, bookless (literary).

Antonyms: see LEARNED, unseat, v. t Spec. unship, unhinge, un-

unsetfish, a. self-sacrificing, self-forgetful, disinterested, altrustic, selfess, self-renounced, generous.

Antonyms: see Belfish, Egoistic. unsettle, v. t. 1. disarrange, disturb, dissettle (rare), upset; spec. unstring, un-

Antonyms: see FIX. 2. See derange.

unsettled, a. 1. indeterminate, unfixed: spec troubled, unnerved, afloat: SHIFTING.

2. Spec pendent, pendant, pending, outstanding, unpaid.

unshaped, a. unfashioned, unformed.

unsheathe, v. t. bare. unsheathed, a bare, naked.

unshorn, a. uncut, rough, shaggy.

unskilled, a. inexpert, rough, rude (archaic), unversed.

unskillful, unskilful, a. skillese, bunglug, clumsy, poor, ill, inapt; spec. unpracticed.

Anionyms: see CLEVER, SKILLFUL. unsociability, n. reserve, aloofness, unsocialism (rare), unsociality (rare).
unsociable, a Spec. reserved, distant, re-

turing, shy, dissociable, insociable, insocial, segregative (rure), morose, sour.
Antonyms: see SOCIABLE.

unsolvable, a. insoluble, insolvable, irresoluble (rare).

Antonyms: see BIMPLE. unspoken, a tacit.

unstable, a. changeable, inconstant, infirm, instable (rare), variable, fluotu-ant (fig.), wavering (fig. or spec.); spec. fluid, labile, crank, tender, topheavy. Antonyms see CONSTANT.

unsteady, a. 1. In a physical sense: vacillating, tottery, shaky, tottlish (colleg.), ticklish, tipply (colleg.), wavery, wabbly, drunken (fig.), rocky (slang), coggly (col-

unrelenting: relentless. unremitting: constant. unrepair: dierepair unreserved: frank, absolute, demonstrative, affable. genmarmine, dyane. unruffed: calm. unruffed: calm. unsanotfied: unhallowed. unsavory: ofensise. unsay: recall.

Cross references see Note.

UNTRUTHFUL

ing, jumpy.

Antonyms: see firm.

2. wavering, fluctuating, trembling, shifting, desultory.

Antonyms: see constant, firm.

3. See restless.

unstinted, a. abundant (contextual), prodigal, profuse, profusive (rare), lavish; see abounding.

Antonyms: see Scanty.

unsubdued, a. unbowed, untamed, unbroken.

Antonyms: see SUBDUED.

unsubmissive, a. insubmissive, unruly, ungovernable; see DISOBEDIENT.

Antonyms: see Submissive.

unsubstantial, a. 1. bodiless, slight, insubstantial, unsolid (rare), nonsubstantial; spec. gaseous, imponderable, thin, pasteboard; see slight, flimsy.

Antonyms: see Massive.

2. tenuous, vague, flimsy, vaporous, airy, frothy, vain, shallow, yeasty, fungous (fig.), mushroom (fig.), moonshiny (colloq.), dreamlike (fig.); spec. unreal; see EMPTY.

unsuccess, n. insuccess (rare); see FAIL-

unsuccessful, a. 1. unprosperous, thriveless (poetic); see UNFORTUNATE.

Antonyms: see Prosperous, fortunate.

3. See Ineffectual.

unsuitable, a. 1. ill-adapted, improper, unbeseeming, inapplicable, dissuitable (rare), unchancy (chiefly Scot.), inappropriate, malappropriate (rare), malapropos, infelicitous, misappropriate, unbecoming, inapt, unapt, bad, inapposite, impertinent, inept (rare or archaic), incongruent, incongruous.

Antonyms: see AGREEABLE, APPROPRI-ATE, BECOMING.

2. See Untimely.

unsullied, a. 1. See INTACT.

2. spotless, immaculate.

Antonyms: see Sullied: cf. Sully.

unsupported, a. Spec. unbacked, naked. unsuspected, a. unguessed, undoubted.

Antonyms: see Known.

 ${f unsuspicious},\;\;a.\;\;{f unsuspecting},\;\;{f simple},$ undoubtful (rare); see TRUSTFUL.

Antonyms: see suspicious, distrust-

unsystematic, a. disorderly, planless (rare); spec, haphazard.

Antonyms: see ORDERLY.

loq.); spec. unballasted, wayward, falter- unteachable, a. ineducable (rare or literary).

Antonyms: see Teachable.

unthinkable, a. inconceivable, insupposable, incognitable (rare or learned).

Antonyms: see Thinkable.

unthinking, a. incogitative (tech.), incogitant (learned); spec. mechanical, automatic; see unreasoning, thoughtless CARELESS.

Anionyms: see thinking, thoughtful. untidy, a. Spec. dowdy, frumpy, slatternly, mussy (U. S.), mussed (U. S.). littery, disorderly, helter-skelter; spec. see SLOVENLY.

Antonyms: see ORDERLY.

untie, v. t. Spec. unknit (rare), unknot; see LOOSE.

until, prep. & conj. till (less formal than

"until"); spec. to.

untimely, a. unsuitable (contextual), inopportune, ill-timed, ill-placed, unseasonable, timeless (rare), intempestive (rare); spec. immature, premature, late, inconvenient.

Antonyms: see Timely, Appropriate,

untiring, a. indefatigable, unfatigueable, unweariable, fatigueless, unwearied, tireless, unwearying; spec. unremitting, unrelaxing.

untrained, a. raw, green; spec. unbroken, unbacked (of colts).

Anionyms: see Trained.

untried, a. virgin (fig.), maiden (fig.), untested, unassayed (rare), unattempted; see INEXPERIENCED.

Antonyms: see Tried.

untrodden, a. untrod, unbeaten.

untrue, a. maccurate, wrong, false; see ERRONEOUS, INCORRECT.

Antonyms: see TRUE, CORRECT.

untrustworthy, a. unreliable, slippery; see dishonest, unreliable.

Antonyms: see trustworthy, reliable. untruth, n. 1. See incorrectness, error. **3.** fabrication, fudge (colloq.), deceit, fable, falsehood, tale, story (colloq. and euphemistic), cog (obs.), rapper (chiefly dial.), taradiddle or tarradiddle (slang or colloq.), lie; spec. mistake (often euphe mistic), imposture, fib (often euphemistic), flam; see LIE.

Antonyms: see TRUTH.

untruthful, a. false, unveracious, lying, faithless, inveracious.

Anionyms: see TRUTHFUL.

Cross references: see Note. unstich: loose. unstring: loose. unsuitability: unfitness. unswear: abjure. unswerving: constant.

unsymmetry: dissymmetry. untangle: disentangle, explain. untanned: crude. untenable: indefensible. untether: loose. unthankfuk ungrukful.

unthankfulness: ingratitude. untold: incalculable. untoward: perverse. untrammeled: free. untransferable: inalienable. untroubled: careless, calm.

UNTRUTHFULNESS

 falsehood, fibbery, lying, leasing (archaic), unveracity, inveracity.

untwist, v. l. disentwine, untwine; spec. unlay (a rope), unwreathe.

Antonyms: see TW18T.
unused, a. Spec. virgin (fig.), maiden (fig.), idle, waste, disused.

Antonyms: see used.

unusual, a. abnormal, exceptional, extraordinary, uncommon, out-of-the-way, unordinary (rare), invaitate (rare), unwonted, unaccustomed especial (only attributively), exceptionable (a misuse), rare, recherché (Prench), supernormal (rare), singular, extra; spec. curious, peculiar.

Antonyms: see USUAL, ORDINARY, COM-

MON, COMMONPLACE.

unutterable, a. unspeakable, incommunicable; spec. see inexpressible, abomina-BLE.

unuttered, a. unvoiced, unvented (rare); spec unsyllabled, unpronounced.

unwieldy, a. heavy, ponderous, cumbersome, cumbrous, elephantine (fig.), hulking (colloq.), hunky (colloq.), unwieldsome (rese), megatherial (fig.), hippopotamic; see CLUMSY.

Antonyms: see WIELDY, MANAGEABLE.

nawilling, a. disinclined, indisposed, reluctant, averse, loath, backward.

Antonyms: see WILLING, DISPOSED. unwillingness, n. disinclination, reluctance, etc.

unwind, v. f. uncoil; spec. reel, unreel, untwine, ravel.

Antonyms: see COIL.

nuwisdom, n. insipience (rare); spec. foolishness, silliness, imbecility, indiscretion, injudiciousness, folly, senseless-

Antonyma: see WISDOM.

unwise, a. injudicious, unwary, imprudent, ill-judged, ill-advised, unadvised; silly, goosish (rare), senseless, ess, stupid, witless, reasonless, brainless, crazy, mad, insane, insensate, empty, foolish, impolitic, inexpedient, indiscreet, inconsiderate, absurd, insipient (rare), imbecile, fatuous, idiotic, weak.

Antonyms: see WISE, ADVANTAGEOUS,

JUDICIAL.

untruthfulness, n. 1. falsehood, hollow-ness. unyleiding, a. 1. Spec. immovable, un-bending, adamantine (fig.), inductile; spec see Rigid.

Antonyms: see YIELDING, DUCTIBLE.
2. indomitable, immovable, grim, inflexible, obdurate (literary or learned), inexorable, relentless, uncompromising, hard, stiff (fg.), rigid, rocky (fg.), story, iron (fg.), steel (fg.), steely (fg.); spec. unconquerable, incoercible, stubborn; see STERN, TENACIOUS, STRICT, OBSTINATE.

Antonyms. see YIELDING, ADAPTABLE,

COMPELLABLE, COMPLAISANT.

up, adv. upward, upwards, upways (colloq), heavenward, skyward; spec. aloft, uphill, upstream.

Antonyms. see DOWN.

upheaval, n. 1. agitation, upthrow, upthrust, uplift, upcast; spec. cataclysm; see CATASTROPHE.

2. In a nonphysical sense: spec. cata-

clysm, debacle, paroxysm.
upland, n. 1. ridge, down (usually in pl.); spec. fell.

Antonyma: see LOWLAND.

3. See INLAND.

upon, prep. on, over. "I'pon" does not essentially differ from "on," except in being more formal or emphatic and in some places more euphonious.
upright, a. 1. See VERTICAL

3. conscientious, honorable, righteous, straight (colloq.), incorrupt, honest, uprighteous, standing, stand-up (colloq.), rightful (rare), perpendicular (literary; rare); see

Antonyms: see unprincipled, immoral. upright, n. standard, vertical, perpen-

dicular; spec. post, stile. upright, adv. endlong, endwise.

uprightness, n. 1. erectness, perpendicularity, verticalness, verticality.

2. righteousness, rightness, goodness, morality, honesty, honor, right, rectitude,

probity, integrity. uproar, n. discord, tumult, hubbub, pother (colloq.), hullabaloo (colloq.), pandemonium; spec. larum, Bedlam (a scene of mad confusion), ferment, din, clamor, embroilment, bruit, hurly-burly; see our-CRY, DISTURBANCE,

Antonyms: see SILENCE. uproar, v. i. hurricane (rare), hurly-burly

Cross references see Note. untwine: disentangle. unvaried: constant. unwary: unuse. unwary: unuse. unwaring: constant, unwearied: univeng. unwell: diseased, asing. naworthy: discredibile.

unwrought: crude. unyought crues.

tuyoke: loose

upbraid: reprose,

upcast: upheasel,

upcountry: mland,

upgowth: declopment,

uphold: support and, defend,

upholder: supporter

wholding: supporter

wholding: support defense, upholding: support, defense.

(rare).

upkeep: support,
uplift: raise,
upon, also abose,
upper, a higher
uppermost: highest,
uprise, n development,
uprise, n, t rise,
uprise, n, t rise,
uprise; usuvoence uprising: maurgence

uproarious, a. noisy, tumultuous; see BOISTEROUS, CLAMOROUS, FESTIVE.

Antonyms: see SILENT.

uproot, v. t. 1. root, grub (used chiefly with "up"), disroot (rare), displant (rare); spec. muzzle, stub.

Antonyms: see Plant.

2. See EXTIRPATE.

uprush, v. i. rise (contextual), upsurge (rare).

upset, v. t. 1. overtumble (rare), overthrow, overset (rare); see overturn. Antonyms: see BALANCE.

2. overthrow, subvert, overset (rare).

3. See disconcert, derange.

4. In metallurgy: jump.

upset, a. 1. topsyturvy, confused.

2. disconcerted.

upstart, n. parvenu, mushroom, start-up (rare).

upturned, a. raised elevated, retroussé (French).

Antonyms: see DOWNCAST.

urban, a. town (the noun used attributively), townish, oppidan (now rare).

Antonyms: see Rural, Rustic.

urge, v. t. press, push, drive; spec. hound, spur, egg, solicit, exhort, crowd, importune, incite, ply, persecute, bucket, yoick (a term in hunting), goad; see ENCOURAGE, DRIVE, EXHORT, HASTEN, PROSECUTE.

Antonyms: see RESTRAIN.

urge, v. i. press, push, drive; spec. insist. urgency, n. push, pressure, drive, press, instancy (literary), instance (rare); spec. goad (fig.), clamorousness, importunity, drive, cogency (rare), haste.

urgent, a. pressing, importunate, instant (literary); spec. cogent (rare), imperative, crying, clamant (chiefly Scot.), exi-

gent; see EXIGENT.

urging, n. pressure, exhortation, cohortation (rare), prosecution; spec. encouragement.

Antonyms: see RESTRAINT.

urinate, v. i. stale (obs. or dial.), micturate (an erroneous use).

urine, n. water (contextual and usually euphemistic), lant (obsolescent), stale (now only of horses and cattle).

usable, a. utile (rare); spec. applicable, practicable, consumable, available.

Antonyms: see USELESS.

usage, n. practice, fashion, custom, consuetude (chiefly Scot. or law), mode, ordinance (chiefly eccl.); see Custom, Habit.

see use, n. 1. usage (rare), employment, employ (rare), occupation, entertainment (rare); spec. nonce (as in "for the nonce"), see FREQUENTATION.

Antonyms: see disuse.

2. avail, service, advantage.

8. See Custom, Habit, NEED, FORM.

use, v. t. 1. employ (more literary and rhetorical than "use"), utilize (technical or bookish); spec. improve, take, seize, condemn, christen (fig.), handsel, borrow, brook (obs. or archaic), handle, spare, do (contextual), treat, waste; see EXERCISE, EXPEND, PASS, APPLY.

Antonyms: see disuse.

2. See ACCUSTOM, FREQUENT.

use, v. i. wont.

used, a. Spec. second-hand, worn.

Antonyms: see unused.

useful, a. serviceable, practical, advantageous, valuable.

Antonyms: see useless.

useless, a. unserviceable, worthless, bootless; spec. waste, unprofitable, impracticable, helpless, inutile (rare), fruitless, otiose (rare), inapplicable, dead; see IDLE, PROFITLESS, INEFFECTUAL.

Antonyms: see USABLE, SERVICEABLE, USEFUL.

uselessness, n. inutility.

Antonyms: see UTILITY.

usher, v. t. announce, introduce; spec. ring, induct.

usual, a. customary, habituary, wonted, ordinary, general, usitate (rare), regular, normal, unexceptional (rare); see customary, habitual.

Antonyms: see UNUSUAL, ODD, SPECIAL.

usurp, v. t. seize, accroach (rare).

usury, n. interest (contextual), gombeen (Anglo-Irish).

(2170g00-270010).

ness, use, cui bono (literary and pedantic or humorous).

Antonyms: see uselessness.

utilize, v. t. 1. See USE.

3. exploit, use (colloq.).

utmost, a. 1. See Extreme, Highest.

2. main, supreme, superlative, greatest, highest, last, full.

Antonyms: see LEAST.

utter, a. stark, downright, sheer, blank, absolute; see DIAMETRIC, PERFECT.

utter, v. t. 1. voice, emit, give, fetch, tell (dial. or colloq.), tongue (rare), breathe, raise, mouth (archaic); spec. deliver, articulate, bespout, blat, blate, bleat (fig.),

upset, n.: disconcertedness. upset, a.: fixed, unnerved. upset, v. t.: overturn. upshot: meaning, outcome.

upthrow: upheaval. up-to-date: modern. urbane: polite. urbanity: politeness. urchin: child.

usher, n.: doorkeeper. usurp, v. i.: encroach. utensil: instrument. utopian: visionary. utricle: sac. blunder (usually with "out"), blurt (usually with "out"), hurl, bolt, brawl, bray, call, cast (obs.), chime, consummate, coo, cough, crack, cry (often with "out"), dietate, discourse, draw, drivel, drone, drop, ejac date, enounce, enunciate, fulminate, grind (usually with "out"), gabble, giggle, gasp, groan, gurgle, harp, heave, hiss, hollo, hollow, holls, howl, hum, hymn, jabber, jangle, jerk, keckle, launch, lip, isp, low, m.mble, oracle, outspeak (rare), pass, peal, phonate (tech.), pipe, prate, pronounce, prattle, preach, pule, rattle, rave, read, resound (rare, rip (used with "out"), roar, roll, rumble, aay, shoot, shriek, sigh, slobber, snap, snarl, sniff, sniffle, snuff, splutter, spout, styllable, tang, twang, whimper, whisper, yawn, yowl, express, fling, grate, boot, scream, shout, sing, speak.

2. See ISSUE.
utterance, n. 1. emission (rare), deliverance, delivery, breathing, elocution (rare, exc. spec), vent (as in "to give vent to"), voice, parol (now only law); spec. articulation, blurt, chorus, drawl, effusion, ejaculation, fulmination, gibber, heave, hiss, scream, hum, humph, phonation (lech.); see PRONUNCIATION, SPEECH.

2. Referring to what is uttered. specbreath, whisper, speech, dictamen (rare or learned), dictum, pronouncement, dixit (learned), effusion, observation, remark, wind.

v

vacancy, n. 1. vacuity, emptiness (rare), voidance (rare), vacuousness.

Antonyms: see FULLNESS.
2. opening (for a position).

2. See absent-mindedness, gap, emptiness, leisure.

vacate, v. t. 1. See invalidate.

1. disoccupy (rare), quit, void (rare), abandon.

Antonyms : see OCCUPY.

vacillate, v. i. 1. oscillate.

2. fluctuate (of persons, opinions, etc.), waver, wabble (colloq.), sway, stagger. Antonums: see CONTINUE.

vacillating, a. willy-nilly, shilly-shally.

Antonyms: see CONSTANT.

vacillation, n. 1. oscillation

2. wavering, faltering, wabbling (colloq.), wabble (colloq).

Antonyms: see CONSTANCY.

vacuum, n. void, vacancy (rare), vacuity (rare), voidness (rare; see EMPTINESS.

vagabond, n. wanderer, stroller, tramper, tramp, lurdan (archaic), loafer (archaic), palliard (archaic), shack (dial.), canter (archaic), landloper or landlouper (literary), gangrel (archaic); see RASCAL, BEGGAR

Antonyms. see WORKER.

vagabond, a wandering, landloping or landloping (literary), truant (now usually spec.).

vagrancy, n. wandering, vagabondage, vagabondism.

vagrant, a. wandering, vagabond, roving, gangrel (archaic), circumforaneous (rare), vagrom (an alluswe Shakespearianism), arrant (archaic).

vagrant, n. wanderer, vagabond, tramp (non chiefly spec.), floater (rare or spec.); spec. caird (Scot.), hedgebird (Eng.), saberlungia (Scot.)

gaberlunsie (Scot.).
valet, n attendant, body-servant, tireman
(obs. or archaic), lackey (chiefly spec.);
spec. footman.

valid, a. 1. well-grounded, solid, sound, good, see LOGICAL.

2. legal, sound, just, good, effectual (tech. or learned).

Antonyms see invalid.

valley, n. hollow, basin, vale (poetic), bottom (now obsolescent or local); spec. cafiada (Span), cañon or canyon, clough (Eng.), col, coomb (Eng. or Scot.), corrie (Scot.), coulee, dale (chiefly poetic or dial.), dean or dene 'local Eng.), dell, d imble (dial. Eng.), donga (South Africa.), dingle, glen, gully, gorge, gap, park (U.S.), pocket, ravine, rille, slade (Eng.), swale, swire;

see GLEN.
Antonyms: see HILL, MOUNTAIN, PEAK.
valuable, a 1. rich, precious, prizable or
prisable (rare); see costly.

Antonyms: see WORTHLESS.

2. See ESTIMALLE

valuation, n appraisal, appraisement, estimate; spec. assessment, appreciation, extent.

stion.

Antonyms: see WORTHLESSNESS; cf. WORTHLESS.

2. See MEANING.

value, t t. estimate, sense, appraise,

ter Cross references see Note utterly, adv : absolutely. uttermost: extreme.

v

vacation: invalidation, holiday.

vacuous: emply, blank, thoughtless vado-mocum: handbook

vagary: caprice vague: indefinite, discursive. vain: empty, conceiled, showy, proud, ineffectual vainglorious: boastful, selfimportant valuation: farewell valediction: farewell valedictory: farewell valet, c (attend valetudinarian: asling, vallant: brave, courageous, vallant; confirm

VEGETATIVE

apprise, treasure, mete (archaic), rate, price (archaic or spec.), ponderate (rare); spec. prize, assess, extend (Eng.); see AP-PRECIATE.

valve, n. 1. Spec. flap, poppet, butterfly, cock, ventil, piston, pallet, valvula, por-

2. See LEAF.

valvular, a. valvate, valviform.

van, n. 1. See FRONT.

2. wagon (contextual), caravan (chiefly spec.); spec. pantechnicon (Eng.).

vandalic, a. barbarous, Hunnish.

vandyke, n. beard (contextual), pick-devant (obs.).

vane, n. 1. beard (of a feather).

2. Of an arrow: feather.

3. See WEATHERVANE.

vanish, v. i. disappear (contextual); spec. melt, evaporate, fleet, fly, sink, die (usually with "away" or "out"), vamose (slang, U. S.).

Antonyms: see Appear.

vanishing, a. disappearing, dewy (fig.;

vanity, n. 1. windiness, inanity (of human desires, etc.); see EMPTINESS, SHOW, FOOL-ISHNESS, CONCEIT, INEFFECTIVENESS.

2. triffe (a vain thing).

vapor, n. 1. exhalation, reek, steam, fume, brume (literary), halitus (rare); spec. cloud, mist.

2. See fancy, boast, bluster.

vapor, v. i. 1. exhale, reek, steam, fume. Antonyms: see CONDENSE.

2. See BLUSTER.

vaporous, a. reeky (rare), steamy, smoky, fuming, reeking, fumose (rare), fumy, vapory, halituous (rare); spec. moist.

Antonyms: see LIQUID, SOLID. varied, a. diversified; spec. dædal (liter-

ary), checkered (often fig.).

Antonyms: see Uniform, monotonous. variegate, v. t. diversify, counterchange (rare), variate, vary, varity (rare); spec. freak (usually in p. p. or p. a.; rare), shoot (usually in p. p. "shot"), lace, interlace, fret, diaper, water, camlet, intershoot (rare), mottle, streak, spot.

variegated, a. diversified, varied (tech. or rare); spec. motley, multicolored, harlequin (fig.), dappled, dædal (literary), discolor or discolorate or discolorous (biol.), varicolored, varicolorous, laced, intershot (rare), mottled, streaked, spotted, partycolored, checked.

Antonyms: see Uniform.

variety, n. 1. diversity, assortment, variation.

Antonyms: see Uniformity, monotony.

3. subspecies, race;—both tech.

3. See GROUP.

variolous, a. pocky (now obsolescent or col-

various, a. different, manifold, sundry, divers (now chiefly in scriptural or legal use); spec. omnifarious; see diversified, MULTIFORM, DIFFERENT.

varnish, v. t. 1. Spec. megilp, lacquer, shellac, japan, enamel.

2. See GLOZE.

vary, v. i. change (contextual), fluctuate, veer, range; spec. depart; see DIFFER, DEVIATE.

vase, n. 1. Spec. tazza, lachrymatory, murrhine, epergne, urn, beaupot, boughpot. In Greek antiq.: amphora, crater, cylix, lecythus.

3. In architecture: basket, bell, drum.

vaseline, n. petrolatum (British).

vassal, n. feodary, liege, man (contextual), subject (contextual), feudary, bondman; spec. vavasor, subvassal; see feudatory. Antonyms: see LORD.

vast, a. wide; spec. monumental (loose or contemptuous); cosmic; see Enormous, SPACIOUS, IMMENSE.

Antonyms: see Narrow.

vat, n. Spec. tun, hopper, buddle, union.

vault, n. arch; spec. dome, cupola, crypt, cope, dungeon, round; see CELL.

vault, v. t. arch; spec. dome.

vaulted, a. arched; spec. domed, domical (rare), domic (rare), dome-shaped, cupolar, cathedraled.

vegetable, n. plant, produce (a collective), truck (a collective); spec. greens (pl.), salading, sauce (pl.; chiefly U.S.), fruit (a collective), legume, fruitage (rare; a collective), fruitery (a collective; rare).

vegetable, a. vegetal, vegetative, halophytic (tech.); spec. olitory (rare).

Cross references: see Note.

valvate: valvular. vampire: demon.

vandal: destroyer. vandalism: barbarism, destruction.

vanishment: disappearance. vanquish: overcome.

vanquishment: defeat, overcoming.

vapid: tasteless, dull. vaporize: evaporate.

variable: changeable, changing,

floating, capricious,

variance: difference, disagree-

variant: changeable, different. variate: change, variegate, diversify.

variation: difference, alternation, change, deviation, diversity. varicolored: variegated.

variform: diversified, multiform. varlet: fellow.

vary, v. t.: change, alternate, diversify, variegate.

vassalage, enslavement. **vast,** n.: immensity.

vast, a.: spacious, immense.

vasty: immense. vault: arch, curvet. vaulter: acrobat.

vaunt: boast, rejoice, exult. vaunting: boastful, boasting. veer, v. i.: deviate, turn.

Veer, n.: deviation.

Vegetate: germinate, grow. vegetation: growth, herbage. vegetative: regetable.

VEHEMENCE

Antonyma: see ANIMAL, MINERAL. vehemence, n. force (contextual), hardness; spec. passion; see albor, imperuosity.

Antonyms. of impassive.

vehicle, n. 1. carriage (now chiefly spec.), conveyance (chiefly spec.); spec. voiture (French), caravan, caroche (archaic or hist.), cart, catafalque, chair (archaic), chariot, chaise, cuach, equipage, float, hackney, hack $(now\ U.\ S)$, hearse, rattle-trap, sled, sledge, sleigh, taxi, trap (colloq.), tumbrel, van, vis-à-vis (French), wagon, wagonette, car.

3. See AGENCY.

vehicular, a. vehiculatory (rare), curricular (rare)

veil, n. 1. film (contextual); spec. yashmak (Turkish), muffier, fall, mask.

2. See pretense, gloss, curtain, cover, DISGUISE.

veil, v. t. 1. enveil (rare), shroud, overveil (rare).

2. See COVER, DISGUISE, GLOZE.

vein, n. 1. vena (lech.); spec. veinlet.

2. nerve, nervure; spec veinlet, venule, venula, veinule, rib, midrib.

3. In mining. spec. leader, ledge, lode. 4. See DISPOSITION, TEMPER, STRAIN, STREAK.

voined, a. netted, reticulate.

vendor, n. institur (chiefly Roman & Scots law); spec. hawker, peddler, cramer (Scot.), consigner.

venous, a. venosal (rare), venose.

vent, n. 1. opening (contextual), orifice (contextual; learned); spec. bung, bungspec. bung, bunghole, fumarole, femerell, touchhole, bouche, bush, hydrant, plug.

2. See EXPRESSION, MARKET.

vent, v t. 1. emit (contextual), exhale, breathe.

2. See EXPRESS.

ventilate, v t. air, aërate (rare or spec.), perflate (rare).

ventilator, n. aërator (rare); spec. louver, transom, funnel.

ventral, a. stomachal (tech.), sternal (tech.); see ABDOMINAL.

venture, n. 1. chance, risk, stake, slap (collog. or slang), spec. flyer.

2. See danger, speculation.

venture, t. t. chance, risk, hazard, presume, dare, adventure, undertake; see ATTEMPT, ADVANCE.

venturesome, a rash (contextual), bold, adventurous, venturous; spec. reckless, foolhardy, presumptuous.

Antonyms see CAUTIOUS, TIMID.

veranda, n. stoop (incorrect, U. S.), porch (local, U. S.).

verbal, a word (the noun used attributively); spec. literal, wordy.

verbaliet, n wordsman (rare); see CRITIC. verbose, a. wordy, wordish, expletive (rare); spec. talkative; see PROLIX.

Antonyme: see concise.

verdant, o. green (contextual), verdurous; spec. viridescent; see GREENISH.

verdict, n. decision, deliverance. verdure, n foliage, green (chiefly in pl.

and spec.), greenness (rare), greenery (rare), vegetation, greenth (rare); spec. vert.

verge, n. edge (contextual), rim (chiefly po-etic), brink; see BOUNDARY, BORDER. Antonyms: see CENTER, MIDDLE.

verge, v. 1. border (upon), approach, verity, v. 1. confirm (contextual), support, substantiate, aver (rare); spec. actualise, number; see PROVE

Antonyms' see DISPROVE. verily, adv. so, actually, truly.

vernacular, a living, vulgar (now rare or literary), trivial (tech.); see NATIVE.

vernal, a. spring. versatile, a. mobile (rare), mercurial (literary), many-sided, two-handed (fig.), ambidextrous (fig.), polytropic (rare), see ADAPTABLE.

verse, n. 1. line, stave (tech. or literary), bob (prosody), statch or stichos (tech), number; spec. heroic, versicle, verselet, echo; see DIVISION.

Antonyms: see PROSE.

2. numbers (pl.); spec. rime or rhyme, doggerel; see POETRY

versed, a. conversant, versant (rare); spec. accomplished.

versification, n. orthometry (tech.), prosody (tech.).

Cross references see Note. velocity: speed. valvet: emooth, bland valvety: emooth, bland venal: mercenary venatic, venatorial: hunting. venation: hunting. venest, n. facing, gloss, disgune veneer, v. t.: face, glose, dis-**GUILLE** venerable: respected, old venerate: respect, esteem. veneration: respect, esteem

venerous: lascimous. venery: hunting, chais, vengeance: retribution. venial: accusable. venison: dest poison, ill will, mavenom, n levolence.
venom, v l.; poison. venture, o i desume. venturous: venturesome. venue: neighborhood. veracious: truthful verbosity: probetty vardict: opinion, decision

verification: proof, confirmaiton verisimilar: probable. veritable: actual... verity: buth vermicular: annous. vermiculate: annous. vermitorm: wormlike. vernacular, n dielect. vernation: lenfage. version: translation. vertebral: epinal, vertex: top.

VICTIM

versifier, n. poet, versificator (rare); spec. rimer, rimester, jingler, rhymester, rhymist, lyrist.

Antonyms: see Prosaist.

versify, v. i. meter (rare or obs.), metrify (rare); spec. rime or rhyme.

Antonyms: see PROSE.

vertical, a. upright, perpendicular, plumb, aplomb (French), downright; see ERECT.

Antonyms: see HORIZONTAL, PROSTRATE, INCLINED.

verticality, n. uprightness, perpendicularity, aplomb (French), etc.

verticalize, v. t. plumb.

vertically, adv. perpendicularly, plumb, downright (archaic).

Antonyms: see obliquely.

very, adv. right (archaic or dial.; or colloq. U. S.), quite, hugely, vastly, exceedingly (stronger than "very"), excessively (stronger than "exceedingly"), full, jolly (colloq.), uncommon (illit. or vulgar), parlous (colloq.), enormously (spec. or colloq.), wondrously (spec. or colloq.), wondrously (spec. or colloq.), horribly (colloq.), terrible (colloq.), woundy (archaic and colloq.), woundily (archaic and colloq.); spec. see EXTREMELY. vesicle, n. bladder, bleb, pompholyx (tech.); spec. bulla, blain, blister, follicle, vacuole,

blotch; see BLISTER.

vesicular, a. vesiculate, vesiculose, vesiculous, cystic (tech.), vesical, blebby, bullate (tech.), bullous; spec. vacuolar, vacuolate, follicular, folliculose, folliculous.

vespers, n. evensong (tech.).

vessel, n. 1. boat, craft (a collective); spec. hulk, coffin (colloq. or slang), tub, bark, blackbirder, catamaran, cockle, cockleshell, coaster, collier, convoy, hooker, lapstreak, razee, slaver, tender, transport, tramp, whaleback, whaler; see ship, RAFT.

2. receptacle; spec. horn, dish, canteen, crock, glass.

**S. In anatomy: spec. vein, artery, capillary. vest, n. waistcoat; spec. caftan (Oriental). vest, v. t. 1. lodge (as a power); spec. revest.

2. See CLOTHE, ADMIT.

vest, v. i. inhere, rest; spec. see ACCRUE.
vestibule, n. entrance, propylæum (rare),
porch (rare); spec. hall, lobby, prothyrum,
pronaos, narthex, tambour, anteroom.

Antonyms: see BODY.
vestige, n. evidence, sign; see FOOTPRINT,

vestment, n. garment; spec. stole, dalmatic, pallium, maniple, succinctorium (eccl.), cope, chasuble, pall, tunicle.

veterinarian, n. farrier, vet (colloq.); spec.

hippiatric, horseshoer.

veto, n. 1. intercession (Roman hist.).

2. See FORBIDDANCE.

veto, v. t. 1. intercede (Roman hist.).

2. See FORBID.

vex, v. t. disquiet (contextual), disturb (contextual), gall, harass, irritate, pes, ter, plague, spite, irk (archaic), chagrin, nip (rare); see TEASE, TROUBLE, ANNOY.

Antonyms: see PACIFY.

vexation, n. 1. disquiet, spite; see ANNOY-ANCE, TROUBLE, TROUBLING, ANGER, EMBARRASSMENT, DISTURBANCE.

2. disquiet, chagrin, mortification; see

ANGER.

vexatious, a. annoying, disturbing, pesterous (rare), pestilent (humorous); see Annoying, TROUBLESOME.

Antonyms: see Pacific.

viaduct, n. Spec. trestlework or (for short) trestle.

vibrant, a. oscillating, oscillant, undulous, librating, etc.

vibrate, v. i. & t. oscillate, librate, waver (rare), sway, shake, undulate (rare), quiver, pulsate (rare); spec. nutate, dirl (Scot. & dial. Eng.), jar, tirl (chiefly Scot.),

thrill, trill, tremble; see swing.

vibration, n. oscillation, libration, undulation (rare), shaking (contextual), shake (contextual), quiver, wavering (rare), wag (spec. or colloq.), motitation (rare), pulsation (rare), pulse (rare); spec. jar, fremitus, thrill (rare), tremor, tremble, vibrato (Italian), trepidation (rare), vibratiuncle (rare); see swing.

vibrational, a. undulatory, oscillatory, libratory, shaking (contextual), vibrative (rare), vibratile (rare), motatorious or motatory (rare), pulsatile (tech. or rare), pulsatory (tech. or rare), pulsative (tech. or rare), seismic.

vibrator, n. Spec. trembler, oscillator, diaphragm.

viceroy, n. prorex (obs.); spec. exarch, regent.

vice versa. contrariwise, conversely, turn about.

victim, n. prey; spec. dupe, hoaxee (rare; jocular); see SACRIFICE.

vertiginous: dizzy.
vertigo: dizziness.
verve: energy, ardor.
very, a.: actual.
vesica: sac.
vesication: blister.
vesiculation: inflation.
vesper: evening star.

TRACE.

vestry: chapel.
vesture: dress, clothing, cover.
vexed: annoyed.
vibrator: vibration.
vicar: deputy, minister.
vicarage: benefice.
vicarial: substituted.
vicarious: substituted.
[fault.

vicinage: neighborhood.
vicinal: near.
vicinity: neighborhood, nearness.
vicious: immoral, corrupt.
viciousness: immorality, corruption.
vicissitude: change.

viceregent: governor.

immorality, corruption,

victor, n. conqueror, triumpher, victress (fem.), victrix (fem.), master; spec. winner, pancratiast, champion, conquistador (Spanish hist.).

viotorious, a. conquering, triumphant, tri-umphal, prevalent (rare)

victory, n. conquest, triumph, palm (fig.), mastery; spec. walkover (colloq.), epini-cian (Greek literature), gammon.

Antonyms see DEFEAT. vie, v. i. contend, strive.

view, n 1. Referring to what is seen by the eye: prospect, survey, sight, outlook, vista. purview, range, scene, spectacle (chiefly spec.); spec picture, eyeshot, command, lookout, perspective, cloudscape (rare), seascape, landscape, offscape (rare), offskip (rare), scape; see SCENERY.

2. Referring to mental view, the view of the mind's eye: look, outlook, conspectus (formal), light (as in "to come to light"), spec. retrospect, retrospection, review, purview, foreglance (rare), glimpse, pano-

rama, see SURVEY, OPINION.

3. See sight, vision, object, considera-

TION, ASPECT

view, v. t. 1. Referring to beholding with the eye: see, behold (archaic); spec eye, gaze (rare), contemplate, envisage (rare), consider (archaic), meditate (rare); see sur-

2. Referring to mental vision: see CON-SIDER.

viewer, n. seer, beholder, observer, surveyor, onlooker, etc.

viewpoint, n. ground, standpoint. Many consider "viewpoint" not in good usage, though it is very common.

viewy, a 1. sightly, showy.

2. See VISIONARY.

vigil, n. watch; spcc. in pl. devotions, pernoctation (rare)

vigilant, a. watchful, jealous, sharp, un-

slumbering; see CAUTIOUS.

vigor, n. 1. activity, vehemence, strenuousness, strength, vim (colloq.), freshness, forcibleness, intensity, intenseness, intension (rare), strenuosity (rare), severity; spec. cordiality, heartiness, boldness, eagerness; see activity, energy, spirit. Antonyms' see WEAKNESS.

3. virility, smartness, stamina (originally a pl.; now mostly construed as a sing.), lustilead (archaic), lustileod (archaic), lustiness, dewiness (rars), pith (fg.), strength, flower (fg.), nerve, energy, vitality, health; spec hardiness.

Antonyms: see Weakness.

vigorous, a. 1. active, strong, lustful, lusty, robust, robustious, fresh, hale, stout, flourishing, smart, entire (archaic), vegete (rare); spec. b.ixom; see nobust.

Antonyms: see Alling, WEAK, WEAKLY. 2. active, energetic, strong, strendous, smart, sharp, quick, crank (dial.), hot, severe, sturdy, stout; spec. bold, cordial, nervous (as in "nervous English"), hearty, masculine, virile.

Antonyms' see WEAK.

vile, a 1. See DIRTY.

2. base, filthy, contemptible, discreditable, ugly, lousy (in contempt; usually vulgar), dirty, obseene (rare or spec.); spec. slavish, degraded, p :gish, hoggish, brutish; see BEASTLY, ABOMINABLE, LEWD.

Antonyms' see Elevated.

village, n wick (obs. ezc in place names), thorp archaic or hist, , settlement; spec. vill (chu fly hist.), hamlet, dorp, clachan (Scot. & Irish), rancho, kampong (Malay), kraal (South Africa), bustee (Anglo-Indian), compound.

villain, n. blackguard, miscreant, slip-halter (archaic), nithing (archaic); spec.

ruffian: see BARCAL.

villainous, a. miscreant; spec. ruffianly; SCC CRIMINAL, RASCALLY.

villainy, n miscreancy (rare), doggery (fig.); spec. see wrong, rascality.

vindicate, v. t. defend (contextual., right, avenge, maintain; spec assert, revenge

vindictive, n. retabative, revengeful, grudgeful (rare), vengeful.

vine, n Spec. liana, grape.

vinery, n. grapery

violate, v. t. 1. desecrate, defile, profane, dishonor; spec. deflower (fig.), abuse, force.

Antonyms: see HONOR,

2. infringe, invade, contravene (tech. or learned), break, infract, transgress.

Antonyms: see OBSERVE.

3. See ILL-TREAT, RAPE. violated, a. broken; spec. breached, desecrated.

violation, n. 1. desecration, defilement.

deflowering (fig).
2. infraction (firmal or literary), transgression, breach, infringement, contravention (tech. or learned), breaking.

3. Sec RAPE.

violence, n. force (contextual), fury, furiousness, furiosity (rare), heaviness (contextual), rage, headiness (fig. or rare).

Cross references see Note. victual, v t provision victual, v t eat. victuals: food. vileness: filth.

vilification: abuse, disparagevilliontory: abusees, disparagvility: disparage, abuse, defame

villa: country house villous: harry, shaggy, vim: force vindication: defense, vintage: harvest.

strength (contextual), severity (contextual), rampage, rudeness (rare), brunt, turbulence, ferocity, ferociousness; spec. strain, flagrancy, desecration, excess, intensity, desperateness.

Antonyms: see GENTLENESS.

Antonyms: see GENTLE.

violent, a. furious, forcible (contextual), forceful, strong, fierce, raging, extreme, severe, rabid (literary); spec. sharp, grievous (archaic), rampant, high, wild, tough (colloq.), smart, hot, heavy, hard, heady (dust, current, etc.), rank, impetuous, rude (literary or rare), rough, roaring (rare), sore, impetuous, stormy, boisterous, drastic, desperate, outrageous (rare), virulent, vicious (colloq.), tearing, towering, stiff, red (fig.), turbulent, passionate; see ROUGH, FLAGRANT, BURNING, INTENSE.

violin, n. fiddle (now colloq., familiar, or depreciatory), viol (rare; poetic), catgut (fig.); spec. crowd, rebeck, kit (rare).

violin, v. i. fiddle (familiar, often cant). violinist, n. fiddler (except as denoting the violinist in action colloq. or derogatory), scraper (derogatory); spec. crowder.

virgin, a. 1. maiden, maidenly, virginal, vestal, parthenian (rare), parthenic (rare); spec. vestal.

2. See Pure.

virgin, n. maiden, maid (archaic), may (poetic and archaic); spec. vestal.

virtual, a. potential, practical, substantial;

spec. moral.

virtue, n. 1. rectitude, uprightness, morality, worth, honor, goodness; spec. cardinal virtues (justice, prudence, temperance, fortitude, as distinguished from the theological virtues of faith, hope, and charity; the last also with modern writers being called "cardinal virtues"); see CHASTITY, HONESTY.

Antonyms: see Wickedness, Dishonesty.

- 2. Referring to a virtue: grace.
- 8. See POWER, EFFECTIVENESS.

virtuoso, n. connoisseur, master (contextual), adept; see EXPERT.

virtuous, a. honorable, good, moral, honest (chiefly literary; often spec.), upright; spec. goody, goody-goody, exemplary; see CHASTE.

Antonyms: see WICKED, DISHONEST. virulent, a. acrid, bitter; see ACRIMONIOUS, ACRID, MALIGNANT, POISONOUS.

viscera, n. pl. entrails (now chiefly spec.), insides (colloq. or dial.), inwards, internals (rare), numbles (archaic), guts; spec. inmeats, haslet or harslet.

visceral, a. splanchnic; see ABDOMINAL.

viscid, a. viscous, adhesive, sticky, mucilaginous, thick, stiff, tough, tenacious, slab (literary); spec. glairy, glaireous (rare), slimy, sizy, clammy, glutinous, thready, ropy, plastery; see SLIMY.

Antonyms: see thin.

visible, a. visual, perceptible (contextual), open, seeable, unhidden, apparent; spec. megascopic, macroscopic, conspicuous.

Antonyms: see INVISIBLE.

vision, n. 1. Referring to the faculty: sight, eyesight, light (fig.); spec. diplopia; see SIGHT.

2. Referring to the range of vision: eyeshot, eyesight, eye, ken.

3. Mental vision or comprehension: foresight, prospect, view; spec. dream.

4. See SIGHT.

visionary, a. unreal, impractical, chimerical, absurd, Laputan (fig.), fantastic (rare), viewy (colloq.); spec. quixotic, Cervantic; see imaginary.

Antonyms: see ACTUAL, PRACTICAL, MATTER-OF-FACT.

visionary, n. visionist (rare), dreamer, fantast (rare); spec. utopian; see IMAGINER.

visit, n. Spec. call.

visit, v. t. 1. seek (archaic), do (contextual), spec. intervisit, haunt, lionize; see FREQUENT.

2. affect, afflict.

visitor, n. visitant, company (a collective); spec. caller, sojourner, incomer, stranger: see GUEST, IMMIGRANT.

visor, n. Spec. beaver.

visual, a. optical, ocular, optic (rare, exc. spec.).

visualize, v. t. externalize, envisage, actualize.

vital, a. 1. life (the noun used attributively); spec. biotic.

2. See ESSENTIAL, NECESSARY.

vitiation, n. 1. See DEGRADATION, COR-RUPTION.

2. contamination, corruption; spec. adulteration, spoiling.

vitrify, v. t. vitrificate (rare); spec. glaze. viva, interj. vivat (French), vive (French). vivacious, a. 1. See LONG-LIVED.

virago: shrew.
viridescent: greenish.
virule: forceful, manly.
virulence: poison.
virus: pcison.
visage: face.

viscous: viscid, sticky, slimy, thick.
visé: approval.
visé, v. t.: approve, indorse.
visitation, n.: affliction, frequentation.
vitality: life.

vitiate: degrade, corrupt, impair. spoil.
vitiatory: corruptive.
vitreous: glassy.
vitriolize: poison.
vituperate: abuse, revile, denounce.
vituperative: abusive.

vitalize: animate, strengthen.

VIVACITY

active, smart, lively, bright, breezy; (fig); see LIVELY, GAY.

Antonyms. see SAD, SULLEN, SERIOUS. vivacity, n. vivaciousness, activity, élan (French); see GAYETY.

Antonyms: see ENNUI.

vivarium, n. vivary (rare), claire (French), pond, stew (obs. or dial. Eng.), preserve, preservatory (rare); spec park (for oysters), pound (for fish), aquanum, mulletry, penguinery, pelicanry, insectarium (rare), aviary.

vivid, a. fresh, lively, living, quick, clear, loud, brilliant, strong; see DESCRIPTIVE,

DEFINITE, INTENSE.

Antonyms: see DULL.

vocabulary, n. 1, language, terms (pl.).

2. See DICTIONARY.

vocal, a. 1. sonant, voiceful (rare), phthongal (rare); spec, sonorescent (rare).

2. See ORAL.

vociferate, v. i. bellow, bawl, yell, howl, clamor; see shour.

Antonyms: see whisper.

vociferation, n. bellow, howl, bawl; spec. see OUTCRY.

vociferous, c. open-mouthed; see CLAM-

voice, n. 1. tongue, tone, vox (Latin); spec. whisper, bass, barytone, tenor, alto, soprano, contralto, falsetto, pipe, breast (archaic), ery.

2. See BAY, BPEAKER, SINGER.

void, a. 1. See EMPTY, DEVOID, INEFFECT-

2. blank, null, invalid, inept (law; rare). void, n. 1. blank; spec. chasm; see HOLE, ABYES.

3. See EMPTINESS.

void, v. t. 1. empty, clear; see EVACUATE,

2. evacuate (learned).

volatile, a. 1. flyaway, flighty, mercurial (literary), giddy, light-headed, inconstant, transient, see PRIVOLOUS, LIVELY.

1. incoercible (gases), evaporative. volley, n. t. flight; spec. round, platoon, return, harquebusade; see DIECHARGE.

2. See OUTBREAK

volplaning, n. flight, planing (colloq.). volume, n. 1. content, bulk, bouk (Scot.). quantity, substance, size.

3. See QUANTITY.

1. book, tome (chiefly literary); spec.

codex, heptateuch, folio, octavo, duodecimo, etc.; see Boll.

voluminous, a. big (contextual), full; spec discursive, flowing, ample, polygraphic (learned)

voluntary, a. intentional, willing, deliberate, free, unconstrained.

Antonyms. see INVOLUNTARY.

voluptuary, n. pleasurist (rare), softling (obs. or rare), sensualist; spec. beast,

voluptuous, a. voluptuary; spec. effemmate, sybaritic; see SENSUAL, LUXURIOUS. vomit, v. t. 1. eject (condextual), spew, disgorge (contextual), regorge (rare), puke (vulgar), cast, egurgitate (rare), eructate (learned or tech.)

Antonyms see SWALLOW.

2. See eject.

vomit, v. 1 spew, puke (collog or vulgar). voracious, a. ravenous, devouring, ravening (literary), vulturous rare), rapacious, cormorant (fig.), bulumic (chiefly med.), bulimious (rare), polyphagous (rare), voraginous (rare).

voracity, n ravenousness, raven or ravin;

see HUNGER.

vortex, n. whirl, tourbillion or turbillion (rare), gyre (poetic and literary).

votary, n. adherent (contextual), votarist (colloq.), votaress (fcm.), spec. Cytherean; see DEVOTEE.

vote, n. 1. voice (spec. or fig.), say (spec. or fig.); spec. plebiscite, plebiscitum, plumper (Eng), ballot.

2. franchise, suffrage, poll (rare); spec. ballot.

voter, n. Spec. suffragist (rarc), floater, potwalloper (Eng.), potwaller (Eng.), plumper (Eng), repeater (U, S), elector: see CONSTITUENT.

votive, a. votary; spec. sec DEDICATORY. vouch, v. t. evidence; see quarantes.

voyage, n. journey, trip; spec. cruise, navigation (rare), sail, passage; see EXCUR-

voyage, v. i. journey; spec. travel, sail. steam, row, passage.

vulgar, a. 1. plebeian, popular, common, profane (learned or literary); see LOWLY.

Antonyms: see NOBLE. 2. base, cheap, rustic, raffish, carlish (literary), gross, Bowery (fig. U.S.); spec. boorish, coarse, rabble; see LOW.

Cross references: see Note.

vivify: animale. vixen: chrew. vixenish: ill-tempered. visor: mast. vocalist: singer vocation: business. vociferant: elamorous. vociferate, v. i. shout. vogue: style voiceless: dumb, silent. voldance: ejection. volatilize: ejaporale. volitant: flying. volley, v. L. discharge. voluble: talkative, fluent. volunteer, v t. ofer. voluptuary, a.: sensual. volute, a curled, volute, n coil, curl vomitory: ensetic, voudoo: magic voucher: esidence, vou, p i promise, vou, p i susur vou, p i susur voyaging: sailing.

Antonyms: see REFINED.

vulgarize, v. t. plebeianize, plebify (rare); 866 POPULARIZE.

vulnerable, a. assailable, woundable. Antonyms: see INVULNERABLE.

W

wade, v. t. Spec. ford.

wading, a. Spec. grallatorial (tech.).

wafer, n. Spec. cachet, konseal, obley; see HOST.

wag, v. t. & i. 1. See SWAY.

2. Referring to the tongue: run.

wager, v. i. gamble; spec. plunge (slang).

punt; see BET.

wager, v. t. gamble, stake, risk, set (archaic), go, adventure; spec. play; sec GAMBLE.

wager, n. stake, gamble, risk; spec. bet, ante, raise, straddle, pot, jackpot; see GAMBLE.

wages, n. sing. & pl. pay, payment, stipend; see HIRE, EARNINGS.

wagon, n. Spec. truck; see VEHICLE.

wail, v. t. 1. bewail (an intensive), behowle (rare), beweep (rare); see MOURN. Antonyms: see REJOICE, LAUGH.

2. See ACCLAIM.

waist, n. 1. See BODY.

2. Referring to a garment: body; spec. bodice, vest, basque, corsage, bolero, blouse, cuirass, corset (now rare).

wait, v. i. 1. rest, defer; spec. watch.

2. See attend.

3. To wait at table: minister (archaic or literary).

walter, n. Spec. garçon, pannier (Eng.), skinker (rare), Robert (rare).

wake, n. wash (of a vessel); see TRACK. wake, v. t. 1. See ROUSE.

2. waken, awake, awaken, arouse, rouse, excite.

wakeful, a. waking, roused.

Antonyms: see SLEEPY.

walk, n. 1. Act of walking: deambulation (rare and learned); spec. excursion, tramp, trudge, hike, pace, waddle, daddle, march, promenade, perambulation, plod, saunter, stroll, stalk, cakewalk; see GAIT.

2. A distance walked: spec. constitutional (colloq.), hike, tramp, saunter, stroll, promenade, dander (Scot. & dial. Eng.),

3. Place where one walks: spec. path, cloister, promenade, pergola, frescade

(rare), mall, deambulatory (rare), boulevard, marina (Spanish and Italian), esplanade; see course.

4. See SPHERE.

walk, v. i. 1. deambulate (rare), tread, pedestrianize (rare), pedestrianate (rare); spec. trample, tramp, trudge, stamp, hike, stump, stride, step, plod, poach, grind (Eng. university slang), dade (obs. or dial. Eng.), leg (esp. with "it"), pad, falter, stalk, foot (used with "it"), mince, perambulate, saunter, stroll, lounge, ramble, tiptoe, shin (colloq.), thump, trundle, roll, trapes or traipse (collog. or dial.), promenade, parade, shamble, pound; see March, Toddle.

Antonyms: see RUN.

2. See LIVE.

walk, v. t. 1. traverse, tramp; spec. pace; see TREAD.

2. Sec move.

walker, n. footman (rare), footer (rare), peripatetic (chiefly humorous); spec. pedestrian, dustyfoot (obs. or hist.; Scot.), perambulator (*rare*), trudger, tramper, hiker, etc.

walking, a. gradient (tech.), ambulant (tech.), gressorial (tech.), ambulatory (tech.); spec. pedestrian, trippant.

walking, n. pedestrianism, peripateticism

(humorous), perambulation.

walking-stick, n. Spec. staff, cane, bourdon (obs.), palster (archaic), crutch.

wall, n. Spec. partition, bulkhead, bail or bailey, canaut (Anglo-Indian), counterscarp, parapet, escarp, revetment, countermure; see inclosure.

wall, v. t. Spec. mure, inwall, countermure; see fortify.

wallow, v. i. welter, muddle (archaic); spec. see Tumble.

wand, n. stick (contextual), rod; spec. rodlet, baton, caduceus, scepter; see STAFF, SWITCH.

wander, v. i. 1. ramble, roam, rove, stray, straggle, range, meander, maunder, stroll, prowl, roll, trapes (obs. or dial.), spatiate (rare), divagate (literary); spec. gad (used with "about"), obambulate (rare), expatiate (rare or fig.; literary), vagabondize (rare), vagabond (rare), scamander (rare), estray (rare), shack (dial. or colloq.), truant, forage.

2. Referring to mental wandering: moon, ramble, gander (dial. Eng.); see RAVE.

3. See MIGRATE, DEVIATE.

Cross references: see Note.

wabble: sway, shake. wade: ford. wadding: lining. wag: humorist.

wage, n.: hire. wage, v. t.: conduct. waggishness: fun. waggle: sway. wall, n.: cry. wall, v. i.: cry, weep. wainscot: lining.

wait, v. t.: awail. waiting: attendance. **Walve:** relinquish. **wake:** awake. waken, v. l.: rouse. waken, r. i.: awake. wan: pale.

wander, n. ramble, rambling, roam, rove, divagation (literary); spec. prowl, gad (dial. Eng. or collog), trapes (collog. or dial), stroll (literary)

wanderer, n. rambler, roamer, rover, strayer, etc., runagate (archauc), vagabond (now rare or literary), vagrant (chiefly spec.), scattering (archaec), waif, gadabout (colloq.), runabout (colloq); spec nomad.

wandering, a. 1. rambling, roaming, roving, etc., stray, vagarish (rare), vagarious (rare), abroad (predicative); spec. nomadic, discursive (literary), floating, nomad, vagabond, migratory, multivagant (rare), perambulatory, itinerant, devious, vagrant, truant, cometic, aberrant, circumforaneous (rare), erratic, excursive, planetary (fig.), obambulatory (rare).

2. Referring to thought or discourse: rambling, discursive.

Antonyms: see direct. 3. See DEVIOUS, DELIRIOUS

wandering, n. 1. rambling, roaming, straying, etc., error (poetic), divagation (literary); spec. gadabout, obambulation (rare), discursion (rare), extravagation (rare), evagation (rare).

1. See DEVIATION, DELIRIUM, ABERRATION. waning, a. decrescent (literary or tech.).

wanting, a. minus; spec. absent, gone, lost, destroyed, etc.

wanton, n. Referring to a woman: gill, flirt (archaic), baggage (often playful), bitch (not now in decent use), light-o'-love (literary), light-skirts (rare), Cyprian (lit-erary), akit (chiefly Scot.), bona roba (learned); see FLIRT

war, n. fight (contextual), hostilities (pl.), spec. warfare, guerrilla (rore), jihad, jehad, crusade, gigantomachy (rare).

Antonyms. see PEACE, TRUCE. war, v. i. fight (contextual); spec. crusade, campaign.

war czy. slogan, battle cry, on-cry (rore). ward, n. 1. alumnus (masc.), alumna (fem.); -- both tech or learned.

2. See GUARD, PROTECTION, PROTECTOR, DIVISION, DISTRICT.

ward, v. t. fend (rare or archaic), guard, drive (used with "off"; archaic); spec. stave (used with "off"), parry; see REPEL warden, n Spec. herenach (Anglo-Irush), dizdar, disdar (Oriental); see GUARD,

CUSTODIAN.

Cross references: see Note. wane, n. decline wane, r. 1 abole want, n. deare, e poserty, need, absence want, p. 1.: lock wantage: deficiency deficiency.

wanting: deficient absent warton, v 1 flort, frolic, play warble: yodel ward ward, e : guard warehouse, v i store. wartare: wer

warder, n. Spec. gatekeeper, gateward (archaic); see GUARD, PROTECTOR. wardrobe, n. 1. clothing, vestiary (rare); spec. vestry. 2. See CLOSET.

ware, n. 1. Spec. crockery, earthenware,

enamel, silver, plate, glass, etc.
2. commodity, truck (a collective), goods (pl.); spec. merchandise (a collective), import, export.

warehouse, n. repository, bankshall (Oriental), emporium (a loose usage); spec. hong (Chinese), godown (in the Far East), pantechnicon (Eng.), packhouse, storehouse.

warlike, a. belligerent, bellicose, belluent (rare); spec. truculent, militant; see PUG-NACIOUS.

warm, a. 1. Spec. calid, tepid, lukewarm; SCC HEATED.

Antonyms: see COLD.

2. See LIVELY, GLOWING, FRESH, APPEC-TIONATE, ARDENT.

warm, v. t. heat (contextual), calefy; spec. tepefy, roast, toast (colloq.).

Antonymu: uee cook. warm-blooded, a. hemathermal, hemathermous; both tech. or rare.

warmth, n. 1. heat (contextual); spec. tepidity, tepidness; see GLOW.

Antonyms' see COLD.

2. See ardor. warn, v. t. caution, admonish (formal), premonish (rare), notify, inform, precaution (rare), forewarn (emphatic), monition (eccl.; rare), prewarn (rare), advise (chiefly spec.), readvise (rare).

warning, a monitory (formal), cautionary, admonitory (formal), premonitory (emphatic); spec. sematic.

warning, n. caution, monition (learned or literary), premonition (rare or spec.), monitor (fig.), forewarning (emphatic), preadmonition (rare), notice, notifi-cation, information, admonition (for-mal), precaution (rare), commonition (rare), advice (chiefly spec), caveat (now only fig.); spec example, exem-plar, memento (rare), ensample (archaic).

warp, n stamen (tech. or hist.), web (dial.). chain, bend. warp, v. i. Spec. hog, kedge, cast.

warring, a. belligerent (tech.), militant (literary). warrior, n. belligerent (contextual; learned),

> warp, v f. more bend, distort, warrant, n authority
> warrant, v l quarantee, state,
> assure justify warrantor: surely. warranty: quaranty, authorsty,

brave (now chiefly spec.); spec. Hector, Amazon (fem.), berserker, crusader.

warship, n. Spec. battleship, cruiser, battle cruiser, destroyer, dreadnought, monitor, frigate.

warty, a. verrucous or verrucose (both tech.), warted (rare).

wash, n. 1. Spec. rinse (colloq.), scrub, scour, swab; see Bath, Cleaning, splash, GARGLE.

2. Referring to the waves: see BREAK.

8. Referring to liquid with which to coat or wash: spec. bath, liquor, coat, calcimine, whitewash, pigment, paint, embrocation, liniment, lotion, eyewater, collyrium.

4. In geology: spec. alluvium, till, silt.

5. Referring to an amount of clothes to be washed: washing, batch, buck.

wash, v. t. 1. clean (contextual), lave (literary), bathe; spec. rinse, sluice, irrigate, launder, lick, lip.

2. coat (contextual); calcimine, spec. whitewash, paint.

3. See ABSOLVE.

wash, v. i. 1. lave (literary); spec. lip, rinse, scour (usually jocular as used of the face), scrub, flush, sluice; see BATHE, SPLASH.

2. Referring to covering with a liquid: spec. coat, elutriate (rare), flush, edulcorate, gull (dial. or tech.), pan; see splash, LAUNDER, GARGLE, PURIFY.

washer, n. burr (of a rivet).

washing, n. 1. The action: ablution (rare), lavage (chiefly med.), lavation (literary, pedantic, or tech.); spec. elution (rare), edulcoration, lavabo; see CLEANING.

2. See WASH.

washing, a. Spec. lavatory (chiefly eccl.). washroom, n. lavatory (formal or literary). washstand, n. lavabo (grandiose or cant); spec. commode.

wasplike, a. vespine (tech.).

waste, v. t. 1. lose, dissipate, squander, scatter (archaic), misspend, consume (contextual); spec. lavish, dilapidate (rare), wanton, riot, lounge, fritter (chiefly with "away").

Antonyms: see Economize, stint, pre-

2. See devastate, desolate, emaciate.

3. emaciate, tabefy (tech.), forpine (ar-

waste, r. i. tabefy (tech.), pine, dwine (archaic or Scot.); spec. molder.

Antonyms: see fatten.

waste, n. 1. squander, ineconomy (rare); spec. estrepement; see DECAY.

Antonyms: see Economy.

2. Referring to what is wasted: wastage, offal (tech.), refuse, wastrel (literary or archaic); spec. culm, debris, detritus, spilth, sands (pl.), slops, trash, wash, wilderness, dross, leakage, junk, alluvium, egesta.

Antonyms: see Savings (see Saving, n. 3).

3. See desert, devastation.

wasted, a. 1. lost (contextual); squandered, misspent.

2. See EMACIATE.

wasteful, a. prodigal, unthrifty; see ex-TRAVAGANT.

Antonyma: see Economical, Stingy. **wastefulness,** n. prodigality, unthrift.

waster, n. prodigal, wastrel, lavisher; see spendthrift.

Antonyms: see Niggard.

wasting, a. 1. tabescent (tech.).

2. Causing wasting: emaciative, tabific (tech.).

wasting, n. emaciation, tabefaction (tech.), contabescence (rare); spec. maceration, marasmus, syntexis, colliquation, consumption, tabes.

watch, n. 1. Referring to the act: observation (contextual), ward, guard, vigil (formal or literary), outlook, espial (rare), wake (chiefly spec.); spec. oversight (rare), surveillance, dog watch, round; see GUARD.

2. One who watches: observer, ward; spec. sentinel, sentry (the more technical military term), picket; see GUARD.

8. A timepiece: tompion (obs.), ticker (slang), tattler (slang); spec. bull's-eye (colloq.), hack.

watch, v. i. invigilate (rare or spec.); spec. waken (rare), mark, picket, preside, scout, float; see GUARD.

watch, v. t. 1. observe (contextual), overwatch (emphatic), oversee (rare), ward (archaic), attend (rare), notice (rare), espy (archaic), twig (slang), stag (slang), mark (rare or literary); spec. dragonize (rare), follow, eye; see GUARD.

2. See AWAIT.

watchdog, n. bandog (archaic), porter

(fig.); spec. Cerberus (fig.).

watcher, n. observer (contextual), guard (rare); spec. lookout, crow (thieves' cant), spy, picket, scout, dragon or (fem.) dragoness, invigilator.

watchful, a. observing (contextual), vigilant, alert; spec. erect.

Antonyms: see CARELESS.

watching, n. vigilance; spec. surveillance,

spying, espionage, invigilation.

watchman, n. watch, ward (archaic); spec. lookout, scout, runner, patrol, night watchman, Charley (obs.), dozener (obs.); see GUARD.

Teross reserences: see Note. wary: careful.

wash, v. i.: break. waste, a.: wild, desolate. wastrel: waster. watchfulness: alertness.

WATCHTOWER

watchtower, n. beacon.

watchword, n. word, cry, shibboleth (fig.);

see Password, Countersion.

water, n. 1. aqua (Lutin), eau (French); spec. lymph (rhetorical or poetic), crystal (poetic), flood (poetic or rhetorical), steam. 2. A body of water: spec. dam, drink (humorous; U. S.), sluice, river, lake, pond, sea, ocean, pool, etc.; see FLOOD.

water, a. aquatic (formal or tech.), hy-

draulic (tech.).

water, v. t. 1. wet; spec. damp, irrigate, flood, soak, sprinkle, moisten.

Antonyms: see DRY.

2. calender, moiré, tabby, cloud.

water cooler. olla (U. S. & formerly in Spain, etc.), guggler, goglet, gugglet,

gorgolette (rare).

watercourse, n. run (chiefly U. S. & North Eng. dial.); spec. arroyo (local, U. S.), nullah (Anglo-Indian), inlet, lead, donga (South Africa).

water cure. hydrotherapy, hydrothera-

peutics.

watered, a. moiré (French).

waterfall, n. fall; spec. cataract, cascade, force (local, Eng.), sault (local, America), Niagara (fig.), linn (chiefly Scot.).

watery, a. waterish, aqueous (learned or tech.), liquid (rhetorical); spec. wheyish,

thin (contextual), washy, serous.

wattle, n. gill, jowl, jollop (rare); spec.

dewlap, jewing.

- wave, n. 1. undulation (literary or tech.); spec. bore, billow, comber, curl, decuman (rare), eager or eagre, groundswell heave, ripple, head, roller, ranger (rare), ripplet, sea, seiche, surge, swell, wavelet, whitecap; see BILLOW, RIPPLE.
- 2. A body of moving water: spec. flood, flush.
- 8. See UNDULATION, SINUOSITY, SWING, SEA, GESTURE, FLOURISH.
- 4. A wave of emotion, success, etc.: flush,
- wave, v. i. 1. undulate; spec. heave, wallow (archaic), ripple, fluctuate (rare), roll, curl, crisp, crinkle; see ripple.
- 2. swing (contextual), flaunt, tremble (fig.), shake, sway; spec. play, flow, ripple; see flutter, undulate.

3. See gesture, curve.

wave, v. t. swing (contextual), sway, shake; spec. flourish, brandish, flaunt, ripple, flash, flare (rare), stream, flutter; sec WAVER, RIPPLE, FLOURISH.

waver, n. 1. wave (contextual), oscillation,

fluctuation.

wattle, n.: switch, withe.

wax, v. i.: rise, increase, become, grow.

wattle, v. t.: bind.

wayfarer: traveler. waylay: ambush. wayward: disobedient, capricious, perverse.

2. See flicker, falter, totter.

waver, v. i. 1. wave (contextual); spec. fluctuate, oscillate, pendulate (rare); ess FLICKER, TOTTER.

2. vacillate, balance, fluctuate; see HES-

ITATE.

3. See FALTER.

waving, n. undulating (literary or tech.);

spec. flying, flourish.

wavy, a. 1. undulant (tech. or learned), undulatory (tech. or learned); spec. surgy; see billowy, ripply, rough, chopping, FLICKERING.

3. Marked with wavy lines: undate (tech.), undulate (chiefly tech.), undose (tech.), undulated (tech.), repand (tech.); spec. flexuous, flamboyant, undé (her.), curly, crisp, crisped, crispy, gyrose; see RIPPLY, SINUOUS.

waxing, a. crescent (tech. or literary).

waxy, a. 1. waxen, cereous (literary or learned), ceraceous (tech.); spec. ceruminous.

3. See impressible.

way, n. 1. via (Latin); spec. passage, avenue, path, footway, walk, route, cut, lane, byway, midway, boulevard, driftway, canal, footpath, cul-de-sac (French), ierry, wireway, wheelway, waterway, fairway, thoroughfare, wynd (Scot. & *Eng.*), alley, defile, causeway, gate, transit, descent; see TRACK, ROAD, PATH.

2. See distance, direction, custom,

MANNER, PROCEDURE, COURSE.

wayside, n. roadside.

weak, a. 1. Having little power: feeble, weakly, feckless (Scot. or literary), foisonless (chiefly Scot.), infirm, asthenic (tech.); spec. debilitated, impotent, decrepit, inenergetic, shaky (colloq.), strengthless, doddered, groggy (slang or farriery), debile (obs. or archaic), crazed (archaic), crazy (archaic), imbecile (rare), impuissant (rare), brittle, weakling (rare), poorly, languid, faintly, sickly, faint, feeblish, effeminate, enervated, dotty (collog. or slang), low, atonic (tech.), remiss, puny, forceless, nerveless, small, spineless; see POWERLESS, EFFEMINATE. UNCONVINCING.

Antonyms: see STRONG, ABLE, COGENT, POWERFUL, FIRM, FORCIBLE, INTENSE. VIGOROUS.

2. Having little power to resist: unsubstantial, frail, slimsy (collog., delicate, soft, molluscous (fig.), alender. reedy (fig.), tender, infirm, spineless (fig.); spec. fragile, paper (fig.), brittle,

rickety, boneless (fig.), sinewless, invertebrate (fig.), little; see SLIGHT, FRAGILE, BRITTLE, COMPLAISANT.

Antonyms: see STRONG, VIGOROUS.

8. Referring to liquors: thin, small, single

(archaic), light, wash, washy.

weaken, v. t. 1. enfeeble, feeble (rare or archaic); spec. unstring, undermine, depotentiate (rare), shake, reduce, imbecilitate (rare), impair, debilitate, retund (rare), faint (rare), disinvigorate (rare), unsinew (fig.; rare), devitalize, unman, emasculate, attenuate, enervate, indispose, disintensify, slacken, sap, stagger, blunt, bate, effeminate, effeminize, unnerve.

Antonyms: see STRENGTHEN, CONFIRM, ENERGIZE, FIRM, INTENSIFY.

2. Reduce the resisting force of: shake, impair; spec. fatigue, strain.

Antonyms: see STRENGTHEN.

8. See DILUTE, ADULTERATE.

weaken, v. i. 1. decline, languish, flag, fail.

See BACKSLIDE

2. See BACKSLIDE.

weakened, a. enfeebled, broken, reduced, impaired, broken-down; spec. decrepit, emasculated, atonic (tech.), enervate (fig. or literary), unmanly, effeminate.

Antonyms: see STRENGTHENED; cf. STRENGTHEN.

weakening, a. debilitating, debilitant (rare), debilitative, asthenic (tech.); spec. exhausting.

Antonyms: see STRENGTHENING; cf. STRENGTHEN.

weakening, n. enfeeblement, impairment, impair (archaic), labefaction (rare); spec. attenuation, effemination, debilitation.

weakling, n. jellyfish (fig.), squab (fig.).

Antonyms: see ATHLETE.

weakly, a. frail, tender, unhardy (rare); spec. rickety; see DELICATE.

Antonyms: see STRONG, VIGOROUS, HARDY. weak-minded, a. feeble-minded; spec. doting, dotish.

weakness, n. 1. feebleness, impotence, impotency, impuissance (rare), infirmness, caducity (literary); spec. decrepitude, superannuation, senility, atony (tech.), debility, neurasthenia (tech.), faintness, languidness, languor, imbecility, puniness, attenuation.

Antonyms: see STRENGTH, ENERGY, INTENSITY, POWER.

2. frailty, frailness; spec. invertebracy (rare), delicacy; see EFFEMINACY.

Antonyms: see VIGOR.

3. foible, failing, foiblesse (rare; old | French); spec. liking, besetment.

4. See AILMENT.

weal, n. Spec. welt, wale, ridge, fleabite, streak.

wealth, n. 1. riches, fortune, substance, lucre (chiefly depreciatory), pelf (depreciatory), mammon (Biblical), gold (rhetorical for large sums), treasure, moneybags (fig.); spec. capital.

2. opulence, affluence, richness, wealthi-

ness.

Antonyms: see POVERTY.

8. See ABUNDANCE.

weapon, n. arm (chiefly in pl.); spec. dagger, gun, sword, etc.

wear, v. t. 1. consume (contextual), eat, impair; see DETERIORATE, FRAY, EXHAUST.

2. carry (as a watch, crutches, etc.), bear (as in defense or display), sport (colloq.), display (colloq.).

3. See Pass.

wear, n. consumption (contextual), impairment; spec. detrition (tech. or learned).

wearied, a. tired, fatigued, worn; spec. ennuyé (French), bored.

Antonyms: see FRESH.

weariness, n. fatigue, tire (colloq.), tiredness (rare); spec. ennui (French), tedium, boredom, languor, lassitude, languishment, sickness, monotony.

Antonyms: see freshness, energy.

wearing, a. Referring to pain: racking, grinding.

wearisome, a. weary, weariful (rare), fatiguesome (rare); spec. borish, tedious, boring, irksome; see tiresome.

Antonyms: see RESTFUL, REFRESHING. weary, v. t. 1. fatigue, tire, wear (as with

Antonyms: see REST.

2. Referring to mental attitude: bore, ennui (rare; French), tire, irk (archaic); spec. glut, surfeit.

Antonyms: see divert.

weary, v. i. tire; see SICKEN.

weary, a. 1. See TIRED.

2. impatient, ennuied, aweary (poetic); spec. careworn; see SICK, DISCONTENTED.

weathervane, n. weathercock, vane, cock. weave, v. t. 1. inweave (rare), compose (contextual), loom (rare); spec. twill, knit,

tissue, damask.

2. See INTERLACE, DESIGN.

weaving, n. loom (fig.), weave (cant). web, n. 1. Web of spiders, etc.: cobweb, net; spec. tent, gossamer.

2. See feather, membrane, plate, tissue.

webbed, a. vexillate (tech.).

web-footed, a. bicolligate (rare), palmiped (tech.), totipalmate (tech.).

TF Cross references: see Note.

wealthy: rich. wean: alienate.

wedge, n quain or cain (tech. or literary); | welcome, v. t. embrace (spec. or fig.), spec shim, cleat, slice, cotter, chock, block, forelock, froe, frow, glut, gore, bias

wedge-shaped, a. spheroid (chiefly tech.), cuneiform (tech. or literary), cuneal (rare), cuneate (chiefly tech.), wedgy (rare).
weeds. n. pl. sackcloth (a collective), Ba-

bles (pl), mourning.

week, n. sevennight (literary or rare), sennight (archaw), heptad (rare), hebdomad (chiefly spec; rare).

weekly, c. hebdomadal or hebdomadary

(learned; chiefly spec.).

weep, v. i. 1. cry, greet (Scot.); spec blubber (generally contemptuous and in ridicule), blirt (dial.), boohoo (contemptuous; often jocular), wail; see CRY.

Antonyms see LAUGH. 2. See DRIP, DROOP.

weeping, n ery (colloq.), greet (Scot.), lachrymation (rare), tears (pl.), ploration

(rare), lachrymals (pl.; rare), sobbing; cf. LAMENTATION.

Antonyms see LAUGHTER.
weeping, a 1. lachrymatory (learned or tech), ploratory (rare).

Antonyms. see LAUGHING.

2. See DROOPING.

weigh, v. t. 1. trutmate (rare); spec. scale. 2. consider (contextual), prepend (rare), ponderate (rare), poise (rare); spec. heft (collog.).

3. See BAIRE.

weigh, v. i. 1. scale (rare); spec. counterweigh.
2. To weigh on the mind: press, sit.

1. count, talk (slang); see MATTER. weight, n. 1. ponderousness (rare), ponderance (rare), ponderosity (hierary; chiefly rhetorical), heaviness, heit (U. S.

& dial. Eng); spec tonnage, gravity.
2. Spec. plumb, sinker, counterbalance, pea, bob, plummet, counterpoise, halteres (pl.), bias; see PLUMMET, CLOG.

See BURDEN, EMPHABIS.

weight, v. t. ingravidate (rare and chiefly fig.); spec. plumb, load, lead; see LEAD, LOAD, BURDEN.

weightless, a. imponderable.

weir, n stop (contextual); spec. goryd (local, Eng.), lasher (chiefly local, Eng.), hedge, waste; see DAM.

weird, a. cerie or eary (literary), unearthly, uncanny, witching, eldritch (chiefly Scot); spec. elvish, elfish.

gratulate (archaic); spec. greet.

welcome, n. bienvenue (French); GREETING.

welfare, n. weal, well-being; spec. commonwealth (obs.), commonweal (obsolescent).

well, n. 1. eye (archaic); spec. cesspool,

gusher. 2. See Shaft.

well, adv. t. Spec. exemplarily, capitally, first rate (colloq.), finely, galiantly, fairly, clean, famously (colloq.), splendidly (colloq.), nobly, rarely, timely, properly, justly; see thoroughly. Antonyms: see POORLY.

2. Spec. conveniently, fortunately, agreeably, favorably (cf. CONVENIENT, FOR-

TUNATE, elc.).

well, a. whole, sound, right (rare), wholesome (obs. or archave), bobbish (dial. or slang); see HEALTHY.

Antonyms: see AILING.

well-balanced, a. level (collog., U. S.). well-being, n. good, welfare, health (archaic); spec. comfort; see PROSPERITY. Antonyms. see discomport.

well-born, a. thoroughbred (collog. or fig.);

see noble, gentle.

well-bred, a genteel (vulgar or deprecia-tory); spec. gentlemanly, ladylike.

well-founded, a. reasonable, just. Antonyms: see unfounded.

well-informed, a. intelligent, (colloq.); spec. well-read, learned. Antonyms: see IGNORANT.

well-known, a. familiar, notorious; spec. famous, renowned, celebrious (archaic), proverbial.

well-shaped, a. eumorphous (rare); sec SHAPELY.

Antonyms: see DEFORMED.

welsh, v. i. back out, jib, weaken, funk (slang), crawfish (fig.; collog).

welsher, n. funker, jibber (rare), weakener, recreant.

wench, n. 1. girl (which see); spec. (in de-preciation) blowze, dowdy or dowdie, trull, alut (not in polite use).

2. See MAIDBERVANT.

werewolf, n. lycanthrope, loup-garou (French)

west, n. occident (rare, exc. spec. and with cap., "Occident"), sunset. Antonyms: see EAST.

Cross references: see Note. wed: marry wedding: marriage. wedge, v s crowd wedlook: marriage.

weet minute weep, v. t. shed, drip. Weep, it cry

weet: ay wett: woof weighty: heavy welcome: acceptable. welcome: acceptable, plegagni. welkin: heaven. well-becoming: becoming

weil-behaved: orderly, good, well-conducted: orderly, well-founded: kindly well-founded: reasonable, just, well-thaped: shapely well-to-do: prosperous, rich, well, p. t. beet welter: tumble.

western, a. west, westerly, westward, Hesperian (poetic), ponent (obs. or rare), occidental (rare, exc. spec. and cap., "Occidental").

Antonyms: see Eastern.

wet, a. madid (rare); spec. drippy, dewy, rainy, sprinkly, drunken (rare or literary), dripping, irriguous (rare), nasty (contextual), soppy, sloppy, slushy, slobbery (chiefly dial.), wishywashy (colloq.), spewy, squelchy, clammy, sour, dabby; see MOIST, FOUL.

Antonyms: see DRY.

wet, v. t. water (chiefly in spec. senses), moil (archaic), humidify (rare), humect (rare), humectate (rare), humify (rare); spec. dip, daggle, dew, bedew, drench, dabble, sluice, slaver, slobber, shower, bedraggle, bedrabble, bedabble, draggle, soak, saturate, moisten, irrigate, embathe (poetic), drown, bucket, buck (rare), blubber, beweep (rare), besplash, beslubber, bedrench, baste (cookery), hose; see MOISTEN.

Antonyms: see DRY.

wet, n. moisture; spec. humidity, wash, damp.

wetting, n. humectation (rare); spec. drench, irrigation (rare, exc. spec.), flushing.

wetting, a. Spec. irriguous (rare), irrigational or irrigative (rare, exc. spec.).

whale, n. cetacean (contextual), cete (literary); spec. cub, finner.

wharf, n. Spec. quay, pier (a pier used as a wharf), dock (colloq. & U. S.), key (obs.).

whatever, n. whatsoever (formal or archaic), whatsomever (dial. & illiterate).

whatnot, n. rack (contextual); spec. étagère (French).

wheat, n. cereal (contextual), grain (contextual); spec. frumenty, spelt.

wheel, n. 1. Spec. roller, balance, caster, bowl, pulley, fusee, rowel, roulette, trundle, truck, trolley, lap, drum, sheave, scaife (local), skive, truckle; see CYCLE, CASTER, TURN.

2. See ROTATION, REVOLUTION, TURN.

wheeler, n. Referring to a horse: poler, thiller.

wheel-shaped, a. rotate (tech. or learned), rotiform.

wheezy, a. phthisicky (humorous). whelp, n. cub, puppy, pup.

whence, adv. where, wherefrom (formal), whenceforth (rare); spec. whencesoever.

where, adv. 1. Spec. wherever.

2. whereto (formal), whither. whereness, n. ubiety (rare), ubication (rare).

whetstone, n. Spec. rubstone, burr, hone, oilstone.

which, pron. whether (archaic).

whichever, pron. whether (archaic).

while, conj. whilst (archaic), whiles (archaic).

whine, n. cant, snivel.

whine, v. i. whimper, mewl, cant, pule;

spec. snivel, nasillate (rare).

whip, n. 1. flagellum (humorously pedantic), scourge (rhetorical or spec.); spec. cat, cat-o'-nine-tails, kourbash or koorbash, knout, crop, cowhide, swinge, switch, dick (slang), plet (French), quirt (U. S.), bullwhack (U. S.), taws (pl.), sjambok, chabouk; see LASH.

2. See SNAP.

whip, v. t. 1. beat (contextual), scourge (rhetorical or spec.), swinge, flagellate (tech. or learned); spec. switch, rawhide, twig (rare), cowhide, flog, knout, koorbash, lace, willow, thong, horse, birch, flick, breech, double-thong (colloq.), horsewhip, tar, quirt, discipline (rare, exc. spec.), slash, lash.

2. See GATHER, DEFEAT, HURRY, SNAP,

TAKE

whipped, a. flagellate (rare).

whipper, n. flagellator (learned); spec. flagellant.

whipping, a. flagellatory (learned), flagellative (rare).

whipping, n. 1. flagellation (learned or spec.); spec. flogging, dusting (colloq.), jacketing (colloq.), quilting (rare), bastinado, breeching.

2. See DEFEAT.

whippletree, n. crossbar, singletree, swingletree.

whip-shaped, a. flagellate (learned or tech.).

whir, n. Spec. birr or burr, chirr or chir, whiz, whish (rare).

whirl, n. 1. rotation (which see); spec. vortex (tech.), reel, spin, pirouette, twirl, swirl.

2. Referring to bodily motion in a circuit: revolution, swirl, vortex (tech.); spec. eddy. whirl, v. i. & t. 1. rotate (which see); spec.

whack, v. t.: beat.
whack, n.: bump, blow.
whacking: big.
whale, v. t.: beat.
wheel, v. t.: cajole, get.
wheel, v. i.: roll, circle, revolve.
wheel, v. t.: roll, transport, ro-

tate, move, revolve.

wheeze, n.: breath.

wheeze, v. i.: breathe.

whelk: protuberance.

whelm: submerge.

whet: grind, excite.

whiff, n.: blow, cloud.

whiff, v.: blow.

whigmalectie: contrivance.
while, v. t.: pass.
whim: caprice.
whimper: cry.
whimsical: capricious.
whin: furse.
whinner, whinny: neigh.
whip-shaped: flagellate.

WHIRLING

reel, swirl, spin, pirouette, trundle, twirl, [

2. Referring to bodily motion in a circuit: revolve (which see), swirl; spec. eddy.

whirling, a. 1. rotatory, vertiginous (learn-

ed,; spec. giddy, dizzy.
2. revolving, vortical (learned), vorticase (rare), vortiginous (rare), swirling, swirly (rare), eddying.

whiripool, n vortex (learned), gurge (rare), well (rare), gulf (now chiefly fig); spec. eddy, curl, gurglet, maelstrom, spec. eddy, cur Charybdia (fig.).

whirlpool-like, a. gulfy (poetic).

whisker, n 1. hair; spec. vibrissa (tech.); ace FEELER.

2. In pl: sec HEARD.

whisky, n usquebaugh (Irish or Scot. or humorous), tanglefoot (slang, U.S.); spec. poteen or potheen (Irish).

whisper, n. 1. murmur, busz. Antonyma: see shout.

2. See RUSTLE.

whisper, v. v. 1. speak (contextual), round (archaic).

Antonyms' see SHOUT.

2. See Rustle.

whisper, : t speak (contextual), breathe, round (archaic).

Antonyms: see shout, vociferate. whispering, a. susurrous (learned), susur-

rant (rare); spec, rustling. whistle, n. 1. note (contextual); spec. call,

catcall, siren, pipe, whew.

2. The thing: spec. hooter, pipe. whistle, r i 1. Spec. sifile (rare or literary), pipe, pule, flute, toot. 2. See sing.

white, a 1. candid (archaic); spec. whitiah, silver, milky, whity (rare), snowy, snowish, ivory, frosty, hoary, canescent, frosted, marmoreal (fig., poetic or rhetorscal), marmorean (fig.; rore), chalky. Antonyms' see BLACK.

2. See PURE

white, n 1. glair (of an egg)

white, n. 1. giair (of an egg).

2. cracker (a poor white; U. S.).
white man. Spec. buckra (a Negro term),
pakeha (New Zealand), paleface
whiten, v. t. white, dealbate (obs., exc
spec.), blench (rare), bleach (spec. or fig.),
blanch (spec. or fig.); spec. pale, etiolate,
besnow, grizzle, silver, ermine (fig.; rare),
hearthstone (met. hearthstone, frost.

Antonyms see BLACKEN

whiteness, n 1. Spec canescence, hoariness, milkiness, frostiness, blink, grizzliness. 3. See PURITY.

whitening, a. canescent (learned or literary), incanescent (rare), albescent (tech. or learned).

whitening, n. dealbation (rare, exc. spec.);

spec. blanching, bleaching, bleach. whitewash, n. Spec parget (rare), roughcast, calcimine.

whitewash, v. t. 1. white; spec. calcimine. 2. To make speciously fine by use of fair words. gild, varnish (slang).

whitewashed, a. white-limed.

whitish, a. white, albescent, whity (rare).
whole, a. 1. total, entire, complete, all
(with "the" or predicative), integral (rare), integrate (learned or rore), gross, indiscrete; see INTACT.

Antonyms: see BROKEN.

3. Sec WELL,

whole, n. totality, entirety, entire (rare), all, ensemble, general (archaic), be-all (rare or spec), integer; spec, integral (math.), complex.

Antonyms. see Abstract, part.

wholeness, n. entirety (which see), completeness, totality, totalness, integralness, integrity, integrality (rare), allness (rare), omnety (rare), omnitude (rare), spec. universality, undividedness, intactness.

wholesale, adv. in block, en bloc (French). wholly, adv. entirely, clean, fully, alto-gether, quite, utterly, outright.

Antonyms : see partially.

whore, v. i. wench (archaic), drab. whorl, n. volution (tech.), gyre (rare); spec. involucre or involucrum.

why, adv. wherefore (formal or archaic).

wicked, a. evil, iniquitous, wrong, wrong-ful, bad, nefarious (chiefly literary), nefandous (learned), sinister, perverse, felon, dark, black, ill (rare or literary), nefast (rare), unholy, unrighteous; spec unregenerate, obdurate, ungodly, heurous, abominable, atrocious, black-hearted, infamous, facinorous (archaic), graceless, godless, devilish, flagitious, horrible, corrupt, unprincipled, ungracious (obe.), vicious, villainous, criminal; see sinful, FLAGRANT.

Antonyms: see BINLESS, VIRTUOUS, IN-NOCENT.

wickedness, n. evilness, evil, turpitude, iniquity, perversity, depravity, darkness (fig.), ill (rare), iniquitousness, unrighteousness, improbity (literary), perverseness, pravity (rare), spec darkness, unregeneracy, corruption, villainy, criminality, crime, obduracy, corruption, putridity, gracelessness, godlessness, atroc-

THE Cross references see Note.

which, a flourish which, a t flourish which, a t rush whiskered: bearded whist, inter; silence whit, n parti le, little whit, a parts white-limed: whitewashed

whiz: hum whire wholesome: healthful, sweet

ity, devilry, deviltry, diabolism, malignity (rare), enormity; see SIN, IMPIETY, FLAGRANCY, IMMORALITY, HORRIBLENESS.

Antonyms: see VIRTUE, HOLINESS; also

cf. sinless.

wide, a. 1. broad, broadish, expanded; spec. heavenwide, statewide, nationwide.

Antonyms: see NARROW.

2. See SPACIOUS, ROOMY, COMPREHEN-SIVE, ASTRAY, INCLUSIVE, EXPANSIVE.

widely, adv. far.

widen, v. t. 1. broaden, breadthen (rare).
Antonyms: see NARROW.

2. See ENLARGE, EXPAND, EXTEND.

wideness, n. broadness; see EXPANSION, ENLARGEMENT, EXTENSION.

widening, a. broadening; see EXPANSIVE. widespread, a. diffuse, rife; spec. worldwide, nationwide, statewide; see EXTENSIVE, GENERAL.

Antonyms: see LOCAL.

wide-spreading, a. effuse (archaic).

widow, n. relict (legal), matron (contextual); spec. jointress or jointuress, dowager, suttee.

widowed, a. viduous (rare), husbandless (contextual), bereaved (contextual), un-

husbanded (rare).

widowhood, n. viduity, viduation, vidu-

age;—all rare.

width, n. size (contextual), breadth, broadness, amplitude (formal or literary), latitude (obs. or humorous), wideness; spectread, measure, diameter, beam, span, roominess, spaciousness.

wield, v. t. ply, manipulate, handle; see PLAY, EXERCISE, MANAGE.

wieldy, a. handy (colloq.).

Antonyms: see UNWIELDY.

wife, n. spouse (contextual), woman (contextual; low, contemptuous, or dialect), helpmate (chiefly rhetorical or literary; a corruption of the Biblical "helpmeet"), rib (humorous or in allusion to Gen. ii:21), queen (fig., exc. spec.), matron (contextual), lady (contextual; complimentary or deferential), feme (legal); spec. concubine, Grizel, grass widow, bride, empress.

Antonyms: see husband, celibate.

wifelike, a. wifely.

wifely, a. matronly (contextual).

wig, n. periwig (obs. or historical), jasey (chiefly spec.; colloq. and humorous); spec. toupee, peruke, pigtail, tail, Ramillie, frizz, Gregorian, Brutus, Chedreux (French); see GRIZZLE.

wig, v. t. periwig (now rare), bewig (emphatic); spec. peruke (rare).

wiggle, v. i. & t. tweedle; see TWIDDLE. wild, a. 1. untamed, savage, untame, feral (learned), ferine (rare), undomesticated;

Antonyms: see TAME.

spec. tameless.

2. uncultivated, wilding (poetic), incult (rare); spec. desert, waste, rough, luxuriant, desolate, rude.

Antonyms: see Cultivated; cf. culti-

VATE.

- 8. Of persons or conduct: harum-scarum, harum (rare); see EXCITED, FROLICSOME, GAY.
- 4. See STORMY, ROUGH, RECKLESS, BOISTEROUS, UNCULTIVATED, EXTRAVAGANT, DISSIPATED, ILL-CONSIDERED, UNCONTROLLED.

wild-looking, a. frenzied, haggard.

wildness, n. 1. savageness, savagery, ferity (rare).

2. uncultivation, naturalness, incultiva-

tion (rare); spec. desolation.

willful, a. heady, headstrong, capitose (rare), willyard (Scot.); spec. high-handed; see OBSTINATE, ARBITRARY.

will, n. 1. volition, pleasure, mind, desire;

spec. discretion; see Intention.

2. testament.

willing, a. 1. See INTENTIONAL.
2. volitive (rare), ready, forward, free

(chiefly spec.).

Antonyms: see Unwilling.

willingly, adv. readily, freely, lief (literary).

will-o'-the-wisp, n. ignis-fatuus, jack-o'-

willowy, a. supple (contextual), willowish (rare); see FLEXIBLE.

Antonyms: see STIFF.

willy-nilly, adv. nolens volens (Latin).

wimple, n. gorget (historical).

win, v. t. 1. gain, get (rare), conquer, carry (as one's point), gather, obtain (archaic), score (fig., exc. spec.); spec. steal, recover, take, make, kick.

Antonyms: see LOSE.

2. gain, engage; spec. reclaim, recover, curry (as a person with one in argument), conciliate; see INDUCE.

Antonyms: see Estrange.

3. Spec. reach, accomplish.

win, v. i. Spec. recover, overcome; see succeed.

wind, n. meteor (tech.; contextual), air (chiefly spec.); spec. aura, blow, blast, blare (archaic), blizzard, bluster, blusterer, Boreas, breath, flurry, breeze, buster, Cæcias, cat's-paw, coil, cyclone, east,

Wigwag, n.: flag. wigwag, v. t.: wave. wilderness: desert. wildwood: forest. wile, v. t.: pass.
wile, n.: deception.
wile, v. t.: entice.
wiliness: art.
will, v. i.: intend.

will, v. t.: convey.
wilt: wither.
wily: artful.
wince: shrink.
wind, v. t.: blow.

Eurus fanning (rare), flaught (chiefly windy, a. 1. airy, breezy, blowy; spec. Scot.), flaw, foehn (German) or fohn, blasty, gusty, blustery, blusterous, drafty, fresh, fuff (rare or Scot.), squall, gale fretful, fitful, squally, stormy. (naut., a storm; poetic and rhetorically, a gentle breeze), gust, hurricane, monsoon, scud, puff, simoon, strocco, stroc (rare), slant, slap, sough, slat, snorter (wlang or collog), storm, tornado, typhoon, waft, whiff, whiffle, whirlwind, whisk, windate, williwaw, windfall, sephyr, Zephyrus.

wind, v. i. twist, turn, wry (archaic); spec twine, meander, serpentize (rare), anake (rare), coil, spool (rare), circuit, bottom,

curl, zigzag.

wind, v. l. 1. turn (contextual), entwine (emphatic or formal); spec. twine, twist, involve, wreathe, coil, crank, roll, reel, quill 3. To wrap something around: encircle (contextual); spec. serve, woold, gange,

wind, n. curve (contextual), turn, twist; spec. twine, meander, coil, circuit, curl, curling, roll, crankle (rare or Scot.), zigzag; see SINUOSITY, COIL.

winder, n. Spec. flyer, blow (chiefly in "sidewinder").

windfall, n. Spec. obvention (occasional or incidental, rare; chiefly tech.), legacy.

winding, a. crooked (contextual), twisting, turning, sinuous (formal or literary), de-vious (contextual), voluble (rare), spec. meandering, meandrous, serpentine, snaky, tortuose (rare), tortuous, cranky, circuitous; sec sinuous.

winding, n. 1. twisting, turning, circuit; spec. twining, sinuation (formal or liter-

ary), reeling, filature.
2. That which winds: twist, bend (contextual); spec. meander (chiefly in pl.), serpentry (rare), circumvolution (rare), crinkle-crankle, intervolution, crankle, insinuation (rure); see SINUOSITY.

wind instruments. wind (cant or collog.); spec. brass wind, wood wind.

windlass, n. roll (contextual), roller (conspec. capstan, hurdy-gurdy, textual);

winch, jack.

window, n. light, casement (spec or poetic), fenestration (a collective; learned or tech.), bole (Scot.), spec fenestella (rare), windowlet, dormer, lattice, oriel, bay, bow, bow-window, glass, transom, rosace, lychnoscope (tech.), bull's-eye, ceil-de-bouf (French), lucarne (obs. or French).

window, a. fenestral (rare)

window-shaped, a, fenestriform (rare). windpipe, n. wessand (archaic), traches (tech.), guggle (slang).

1. NCC PLATULENT, EXPOSED.

wine, n. 1. vinum (tech , Latin); spec. cup, verdea (Italian), sherry, vidonia, sack, tent, must; see ELEMENT.

3. See FFAST

wine, a. vinic, vinous; - both tech. or learned.

wine cellar. Spec. catacomb

wine-colored, a. vinous,—lech. or learned.

wineshop, n. bodega (Spanish). wing, n. 1. ala .tech; Latin), sail (poetic or tech.), van (rare); spec. pinion, poiser, alula, winglet, elytrum.

2. Wing of an army horn (rare).

3. See EXTENSION, LOBE, SAIL, FLIGHT. wing cover. elytrum, shard (an erroneous usage, based on an erroneous interpretation of Shakespeare; see the Oxford English Dictionary).

winged, a. 1. See ALAR.

2. pennate.

s. lofty, wingy, soaring, aspiring. winged creature, volatile (rare or obs.).

wingless, a apterous (tech.), impennate (chiefly spec.), flightless. wink, n. t. twinkle, blink,

2. See MOMENT.

wink, v i twinkle, blink; spec. nictate, nictitate.

winking, a. nictitant (tech. or rare).

winnow, v. t. 1. separate, ventilate, wind (rare), see FAN.

2. See FLAP.

winter, n. hiems (Latin). Antonyms see SUMMER.

winter, a. hiemal (hierary or learned), hibernal (rare).

winter, v. i. hibernate (spec. or learned), shack (local, U. S.), overwinter (rare), hiemate (rare).

Antonyms: see BUMMER.

wintering, a hibernating (spec. or learned). latitant (rare)

wintering, n hibernation (spec. or learned), hiemation (rare), latitancy (rare).

wintry, a. winterly, brumal (literary), brumous (literary).

wipe, v. t. rub, mop; spec. feak.

wiper, n. Spec. squeegee, wipe.

wisdom, n. 1. sapience (learned and chiefly humorous), advisability, policy, wiseness Antonyms: see UNWISDOM, POOLISHNESS.

2. Sec LEARNING

 advisability, expediency, policy; see PRUDENCE.

wise, a. 1. sapient (learned and chiefly hu-

137 Cross references: see Note. wind-up: end winglike: alar

wing-shaped, a · alar, winner: conqueror winning, n conquest, gain winning, n persuance, at-

winsome: attractee wiredraw: refine wirework: filipsec

morous or ironical), sage, Solomonic (fig.); spec. worldly-wise; see LEARNED, EXPERIENCED, SKILLFUL.

2. advisable, expedient, politic; see PRU-

DENT, JUDICIOUS.

Antonyms: see UNWISE, FOOLISH, UNAD-VISABLE.

wiseacre, n. 1. sophist (rare), sapient (learned and chiefly jocular). "Wiseacre" is now chiefly depreciatory.

Antonyms: see BLOCKHEAD.

2. See SCHOLAR.

wishbone, n. furcula (tech.), furculum (an incorrect form), merrythought (chiefly literary).

wit, n. 1. See INTELLIGENCE, FUN.

2. Referring to a witty person: spec. droll, bel-esprit (masc.; French).

witch, n. 1. pythoness (spec. or fig.), sibyl (spec. or fig.), cummer (Scot.); spec. water witch; see MAGICIAN.

2. See HAG, CHARMER.

with, prep. 1. See BY.

2. plus, besides.

withdraw, v. i. 1. See RETIRE.

2. retreat (contextual; spec.), recede, retract, shrink, resile (literary), inshell (rare), dissociate (rare), secede; see RETIRE, RETREAT, DEPART.

Antonyms: see INTRUDE, EXTEND.

3. welsh, crawfish (fig.; colloq., U. S.);

spec. resile (tech.).

withdraw, v. t. 1. remove, separate, subduce, take; spec. sequester, retract, retire, slip (with "off" or "out"), minish (rare), abduce, subtract, extract, deduct, detract; see ABSTRACT, RETIRE.

Antonyms: see COMMIT, INSERT, INTRO-DUCE, INTRUDE.

2. See RECALL.

withdrawal, n. 1. See RETIREMENT.

2. separation, removal, retraction; spec. drain, subduction (rare), subtraction, deduction.

Antonyms: see Insertion, Introduction.

8. See RETIREMENT, DEPARTURE, RETREAT, RECESSION, ABSTRACTION, RECALL.

withdrawer, n. Spec. seceder, burgher (Scot.), secessionist (U. S. hist.), secesh (U. S. hist.; colloq.).

withe, n. withy, wicker, osier, wattle; see switch.

wither, v. i. 1. wilt, shrivel, dry, fade, wizen, sear (rare).

2. See DECLINE.

wither, v. t. wilt, shrivel, wizen, sear, blight (contextual), fade.

Antonyms: see SWELL.

withered, a. wilted, sear or sere, wizen, blighted (contextual); spec. sapless.

Antonyms: see swollen, fresh.

withering, a. Spec. marcescent (tech.).

withhold, v. t. 1. Spec. forbear, check, spare, detain.

2. See RESTRAIN, KEEP.

within, prep. 1. in, inside; spec. inboard.
Antonyms: see OUTSIDE.

2. See DURING.

within, adv. in, internally, interiorly, inside, withinside (rare), ben (Scot.); spec. indoors.

without, prep. 1. sans (archaic); spec. beyond.

2. See outside.

without, adv. outwardly, externally; see OUTSIDE.

witling, n. witticaster (chiefly literary), smart Alec (slang).

witness, n. 1. observer, overlooker, beholder, bystander.

2. testifier; spec. compurgator.

3. See EVIDENCE.

wits, n. pl. beaux esprits (French); see FACULTY.

witticism, n. saying, bon mot (French), quip, sally, flight, mot (French), jeu d'esprit (French), quirk, sparkle.

witty, a. clever (contextual), bright (contextual), funny (colloq.), sharp (contextual), smart, sparkling.

Antonyms: see DULL, STUPID.

wolf, n. Spec. whelp, cub, wolfkin, wolfling, Isegrim or Isgrin (literary and archaic; a personification), lobo, coyote, hyena (often fig.).

wolfish, a. 1. lupine (bookish or tech.), lu-

pous (rare).

2. See FIERCE, CRUEL.

woman, n. female (contextual), tabby (contemptuous), dona (slang), maness (rare), carline (chiefly spec.; Scot.), feminine (rare), petticoat (fig.), femme (French), fair (archaic or poetic), burd (obs.), Amazon (fig.); spec. beebee (Anglo-Indian), beldam (literary), Bellona (fig.), cailleach (Gael.), crone, cummer or kimmer (Scot.), dame (hist. or poetic), damsel (archaic, literary or playful), damosel or damozel (poetic or a word of the romances), matronage (a collective), dowager, dowd, hag,

Wish: desire.

wishful: desirous.
wishy-washy: dilute.
wistful: longing.
witch, v. t.: bewitch.

witcheraft: magic.
witchery: magic, captivation,

bewitchery, bewitchment. withe, v. t.: bind. withhold, v. i.: abstain.

withiness: flexibility.
withstand: recist, endure, op-

withstanding: resistance, opposition. withy: flexible.
wizard: magician.
wizardry: magic.
woe: sorrow, depression.
woebegone: sorrowful.
woeful: sorrowful, depressing,
depressed.
wold: down.

WOMAN-HATING

dragon or dragoness (fig.), duenna. gib | woof, n welt (reproachful, Gorgon (fig.), matron mother, nymph, squaw, sylph, Titaness (fig), vixen

Antonyms see MAN

woman-hating, a misogynous.

Antonyms see amatory

womanish, a petticont, feminine, effeminate; spec. haggish; see effeminate. Antonyms see MANLY

womankind, n. woman, femininity, feminity (rare), feminine (archaic), womanhood, distaff (fig., used with "the").

Antonyma. see MANKIND. womaniy, a womanlike; spec, ladylike,

matronal, matronly.

Antonyms: see CHILDISH, MANLY. womb, n uterus (tech), matrix (rare), ven-

ter (tech.), ventricle (rare). wonder, n. 1. wonderment, astonishment,

awe; spec. see SURPRISE. prodigy, marvel, miracle, portent, phenomenon (contextual), wonderwork.

wonder, v. i 1. marvel.

2. See QUESTION wonderful, a marvelous, miraculous, wondrous (elevated), prodigious, portentous, astonishing, stupendous.

Antonyma: see ORDINARY. wondering, a. marveling, agape (predica-

wonder-working, a. miraculous, thaumaturgic (learned), mirific (rare and jocular).

wood, n. 1. hurst (chiefly dial. or in combination); spec. grove, shaw (rare or archave), thicket, book, bosket, hanger (Eng.), hold (poetic), covert, carr (Eng.), coppice,

copse, spinney, spinny, greenwood. 2. Spec brash, lumber, timber, loppings (pl.), lop (Eng.), driftwood.

wooded, a. overgrown (contextual); spec. busky, tufty (rare).

wooden, a. 1. ligneous (chiefly jocular). 2. See AWKWARD, STUPID, EXPRESSIONLESS.

woodland, n. Spec. bush, bocage (French), 866 FOREST.

woodland, a. silvan or sylvan; spec, forestal, forestial (rare)

woodworker, n. Spec. carpenter, joiner, cabinetmaker, cartwright, wheelwright, bender, ebonist.

woody, a. 1. ligneous (tech.), lignescent, lignose (rare), xyloid.

Antonyms: see PULPY.

2. Spec sylvan, bosky, silvestral (rare), silvestrian (rare), braky, nemorous (rare), woodsy (U, S.).

wool, n. 1. fleece; spec. marling, brokes, matchings, slub.

2. See DOWN

wool-bearing, a. laniferous, lanific, lanigerous,-all tech. or learned.

woolly, a. 1. fleecy, lanose (tech.).
2. Bearing wool lanate (tech.); spec. ulotrichous.

3. See fluffy, flocculent.

word, n. 1. A unit of speech, having in modern writing a formal independence: term; spec. name, vocable, monosyllable, folio (a collecture), accents (pl.), antonym, metonym, synonym, heteronym, homonym.

2. See speech, promise, information, CONVERSATION.

word, a. Spec lexical; see VERBAL. word, v. t. To express in words: spec. phrase.

wordy, a verbose (formal or literary); apec. diffuse, garrulous; see PROLIX.

Antonyme. see Concise

work, n. 1. toil, labor, moil (archaic or literary), business (chiefly spec.), cark (archaic); spec handiwork, handwork, hand, headwork, brainwork, journeywork, elbow grease (humorous), counterwork (rare), slavery, grind, fag (colloq), drudgery, turn, Sisyphism (fig., luerary), pain, corvée.

Antonyms: see INDOLENCE, REST, PLAY,

DIVERSION.

2. Concretely with "a": labor, opus; spec. opuscule or opusculum (learned, often humorous), bronze, statue, etc.

3. See TASK, OCCUPATION, SERVICE, STRUCTURE, EMBROIDERY, ORNAMENTA-TION, ACCOMPLISHMENT, EXERCISE.

4. In military usage: battery.

work, v. i. 1. labor (chiefly spec.); spec. peg (colloq), ply (rare), toil, cark (granaic), root (colloq., slang; U. S.), hustle (colloq.; U. S.), moil (archaic or library), drudge, poke, grind, slave, scrub, fag, job, char (Eng.), chore (U.S.), devil (cantor slang), grub, lucubrate (rare or literary), push, sweat, practice or practise, doctor, serve, hammer.

Antonyms see IDLE, PLAY, REST.
2. operate; spec. act, go, run, seethe, take; see PERMENT.

3. See act, progress.

work, v. t. 1. To cause to work: spec. employ, belabor, drive, busy, drudge (rare), horse (cant), sweat.

2. To put into operation: operate (chiefly U.S.), play, run; spec. treadle, crank.

Cross references see Note. wonderment: wonder. wondrous: wonderful wont, a - accustomed.

wont, r. t occustom. wont, r. katat wonted, a habitual woo: court, seek

woolng: courtship wording: diction workable: possible workaday: everyday Antonyms: see REST, DIVERT.

8. To shape, make, or alter by work: spec. hammer, forge, tool, puddle, pug, knead, beat, rough, torture, mold.

4. To give effect or expression to: vent

(rage, fury, etc.).

5. See ACCOMPLISH, MANAGE, CULTIVATE, EXPLOIT, EMBROIDER, EFFECT, BURROW, ACT, PREPARE.

workbag, n. Spec. reticule, hussy.

worked, a. wrought; spec. embroidered,

chased, carved, inlaid, etc.

worker, n. 1. One who works: laborer, toiler; spec. performer, moiler (literary), drudge, slave, hack, artist, grubber, sweater, grinder, fagger, handicraftsman, jobber, handworker, practitioner, practician (rare).

Antonyms: see IDLER.

2. A worker at some occupation of the so-called working class: laborer, labor (a collective), hand; spec. journeyman, operative, hind (Scot. and local Eng.), peon (Spanish America), coolie, cooly, docker, lumper, ditcher, diker, shoveler, heaver, doffer, brazier, kanaka, paddy (cant or slang), navvy, longshoreman, stevedore, proletarian.

Antonyms: see VAGABOND.

3. See AGENT, ARTIFICER, SMITH, NEUTER. workhouse, n. bridewell (Eng.), union (Eng.).

working, n. 1. operation.

2. See action, exercise, fermentation. working, a. practical.

working girl. grisette (French).

workman, n. wright (obs., exc. in combination); spec. master, workmaster (rare), machinist, machiner, mechanic, journeyman, operator, hobo (cant or slang), artisan, artificer, craftsman, mason, maistry (East Indian), brazier.

workmanlike, a. workmanly, masterly;

see skillful.

workmanship, n. facture (rare); spec. craftsmanship.

work place. works; spec. shop, room, factory, workroom, workshop.

workroom, n. work place; spec. shop, laboratory; see studio.

workshop, n. officina (rare), works (sing.); spec. plumbery, chapel, pottery, atelier (French), workroom; see FACTORY.

world, n. 1. See EARTH.

2. The inhabitants of the earth: mankind, monde (French), earth; spec. microcosm.

3. See MULTITUDE, LIFE.

worldliness, n. secularism, temporalism, secularity, carnalness, mundanity (rare), mundaneness (rare);—all six formal or rare.

worldly, a. temporal, terrestrial, secular, worldly-minded, terrene (literary); spec. mundane, unspiritual, carnal (archaic), earthborn, fleshly (rare), unregenerate, unsanctified.

Antonyms: see HEAVENLY, SPIRITUAL. worldwide, a. cosmopolitan (formal or literary); spec. universal.

Antonyms: see LOCAL.

worm, n. helminth (tech.; chiefly spec.), vermin (a collective); spec. wormling (chiefly fig.), grub, larva.

worm-eaten, a. wormy, vermiculate (tech.

or literary).

wormlike, a. vermiform (tech.).

wormy, a. vermiculate (tech. or literary), vermian (rare), helminthoid (rare), vermiceous (rare), vermicular, vermiform (tech.), vermiculose (rare or tech.), verminous (rare); spec. grubby, maggoty.

worn-out, a. gone, passé (French).

Antonyms: see NEW.

worried, a. fretted, distressed, harassed.

worry, v. t. 1. distress (contextual), touse (rare), tousle, disquiet, beset, bait (fig. or spec.), harass, shake, harry, faze, bedevil; see TROUBLE, DISTURB, DRIVE.

Antonyms: see comfort.

2. tease, bait (fig.), badger; see TROUBLE. worry, v. i. fidget, fuss, fume; see FRET.

worry, n. distress (contextual), cark (archaic), fret, fume, fuss; see disturbance. worship, n. 1. office (chiefly tech.), service, adoration (formal or spec.), laud, devotion, cult or cultus (tech.); spec. synaxis (rare), incense, latria, prayer, order, chapel (Eng.), compline or complin, matin, Lychnic, hours, cosmolatry, ecclesiolatry, geolatry, gyneolatry, hagiolatry, hygeiolatry, iconolatry, idolatry, idolatrization, idolism, logolatry, lordolatry (jocose), Mariolatry, Marianolatry (rare), martyrolatry, necrolatry, topolatry, zoölatry,

2. See esteem, honor.

zoömorphism, zoötheism.

worship, v. t. 1. adore (formal or literary), bless (archaic); spec. hymn, idolatrize, idolize, cense, incense; see DEIFY.

2. See ESTEEM, HONOR.

worshiper, n. adorer (formal or spec.); spec. idolater, idolatress (fem.), idolist, fetishist, fetichist, iconolator, ignicolist (rare), kneeler, hagiolator, Marian.

worshipful, a. 1. adorable (formal or rare).

worshipable.

2. See HONORABLE.

worth, n. worthiness, value, merit, account, excellence, dignity (a Latinism); spec. nobleness, condignity; see DIGNITY.

Antonyms: see FAULT.

Cross references: see Note. workmanly: skillful.

worm, v.: crawl, insinuate. worsen, v. i.: deteriorate, decline. worsen, v. t.: aggravate. wort: plant.

worthless, a. meritless, naught (predicative), unworthy, unvaluable (rare), goodfor-nothing chiefly spec.), precious (ironical); spec losel (archaic), chaffy, light, empty, ne'er-do-well, riffraff, refuse, rubbish, trumpery, mean, draffish, draffy, queer (thieves' cant), trashy, yeasty; see PALTRY, TRIVIAL.

Antonyma: see VALUABLE, INVALUABLE. worthy, a worthful (rare); spec. noble, suitable, estimable; see HONORABLE, DE-

wound, n. traumatism or trauma (tech), breach (rare, exc spec.), gride (archaic); spec hack, cut, scratch, stab, crepance, bite, prick, laceration.

wound, v. t. Spec. cut, shoot, bite, scratch, harrow (rare), lance, wing, calk, tear, vuln (chiefly heraldry), lacerate.

wounded, a. vulnerose (learned or literary).

woven, a, textile

wrap, n. envelope; spec. muffler, mantle, shawl, nubia, sontag, overwrap (rare), see

wrap, v. t. envelop or envelope (formal or literary), fold, enwrap or inwrap (literary); spec involve, cere, bewrap (intensive), enswathe (rare), impall, wind, whip, serve, seize, shawl, lap, roll, muffle, mob, furl (rare), swathe, tuck, mantle, scarf; see FOLD.

Antonyms: see UNFOLD.

wrapper, n. 1. envelope (literary, formal, or spec.), wrapping, wrappage (rare); spec. puddening or pudding (naut.).

2. See CONTAINER.

wrapt, a. absorbed, breathless.

wreath, n ring (contextual); spec. bays (pl.), laurel, garland, crown, twist, torse (heraldry; rare), festoon, coronet.

wreathe, v. t. twist (contextual), overtwine (rare); spec. festoon, garland.

wreck, v. t. shipwreck (originally spec); spec. dynamite.

Antonyms: see Bave.

wreckage, n flotsam, jetsam, ligan.

wrocker, n. Spec salvager.

wrench, n. 1. Spec. wrest; see STRAIN, PERVERSION, TEAR.

2. Spec. spanner, key, monkey-wrench, s-wrench.

\$. See FORCE, PERVERSION.

wrench, v. t. 1. wrest; see DEFACE, STRAIN,

2. See DISTORT, PERVERT.

wrestle, v. i. struggle, tug; - both con-

wretch, n. 1. A wretched person. elf (literary), devil (used with "poor"), soul (used | 3. manuscript, lucubration (now usually

with "poor"), caitiff (archoic); spec. menial, underling.

2. As a term of reprobation: miscreant, slubberdegullion (obs. or diol.), scab (slang, opprobrious or a term of abuse), bugger (low), cullion (literary and archure), caiuff (contemptuous); spec. beggar (fig.), hound (fig.), skunk (vulgar), scrub, hilding (archare), cur (colloq.; contemptuous).

wretched, a. miserable, mean, forlorn; see

DEPRESSED, MEAN. wriggle, v. i. writhe, squirm (chiefly U. S.

& dual. Eng.), worm; spec. busk. wrinkle, n. 1. Spec. crumple, rumple, ridge (contextual), ruga (tech), crimple (dtal.), furrow (contextual), ruck, crease, touse (rare), rugosity, pucker, crimp, crinkle, crow's-foot; see FOLD, RUFFLE.

wrinkledness; spec. crumpledness, ruf-

fledness.

3. See EXPEDIENT.

wrinkte, v. t. & i. Spec. rumple, crumple, corrugate (literary or tech.), crinkle, puck-er, knit, furrow (contextual), crease, ruck, frumple (obs or dial), ridge (contextual), ruckle, crimp, crape, shrivel; see RUFFLE. wrinkled, a. rugose (tech.), corrugated (literary or tech.), puckered, wrinkly, ru-

gate (tech.); spec. crinkly, crimpy, crimpled, rugous (tech.), rugulose (tech.), oursed (rarc), puckered, rugged (features), knit, bent, shriveled.

Antonyma: see BMOOTH.

wrist, n. carpus (tech.).

wristlet, n. band, wrister (local, U, S.). writ, n. brieve (law; Scot.), precept; spec. extent.

write, v. t. 1. inscribe (formal or literary), indite (now literary), set (now always with "down"), scriven (rare); spec. engross, pencil, draw, scrawl, hieroglyph, bescribble, record.

2. See COMPOSE.

write, v. i. 1. inscribe; spec. cipher; see SCRIBBLE, DISCOURSE.

2. In sense of urite up: spec. paper, paragraph, scribble.

writer, n. 1. scribe, scriptor (rare); spec. calligraphist, penman, penner, pen (fig). 2. See AMANUENSIS, AUTHOR, CORRE-

SPONDENT.

writhe, v. i. worm, twist, wring, contort, wry (rare); spec. distort. writhing, a, twisting, worming, serpen-

tine. writing, a. scriptory (learned).

writing, n. 1. inscription, engrossment.

Cross references see Note. wounding: cutting. wraith: apparetion.

wrangie: quarrel, dispute, comi wrath: anger wrathful: anory

wreak: recute wrest, wreach, wretchedly: poorly,

derisive or playful), writ (chiefly used of Scriptures), script (obsolescent); spec. legend, autograph, scroll, scribble, document.

8. A style, manner, etc., of writing: hand-writing, hand; spec. cipher, lexigraphy, cuneiform, haplography, dittography, macrography.

writing desk. table (contextual); spec. davenport, escritoire.

writing room. scriptorium (learned or tech.), scriptory (rare).

written, a. scriptory (rare), literal (rare).
Antonyms: see ORAL.

wrong, a. 1. amiss (predicative), erroneous, abroad; see INCORRECT.

Antonyms: see RIGHT.

2. See WICKED, IMPROPER, IMMORAL, CRIMINAL, SINFUL.

wrong, n. 1. See ERROR.

2. A wrong act or deed: injury, injustice, tort (law), crime, grievance, gravamen (rare); spec. unfairness, villainy; see INJURY, SIN.

Antonyms: see Justice.

X

x-shaped, n. decussate, chiasmal; —both tech. or learned.

Y

yachtsman, n. Spec. Corinthian.

yard, a. inclosure (contextual); spec. court, curtilage, garth, bailey, farmyard, barton (Eng.), barnyard, bawn.

yarn, n. 1. Spec. worsted, inkle, fingering (Eng.), crewel.

2. See NARRATIVE.

year, n. 1. twelvemonth (formal or emphatic), sun (fig.); spec. indiction, jubilee.
2. In pl.: see AGE.

yeast, n. leaven; spec. barm, emptyings (U. S.), emptins (dial. U. S.).

yeasty, a. barmy (archaic).

yellow, a. xanthous (tech.); spec. buff, buffy, citrine or citrinous, cream, drab, fallow, flavescent, foxy, fulvous, icterine (tech.), isabelline, jaundiced, khaki, luteous (tech.), luteolous (tech.; rare), lutescent (tech.), nankeen, ocherous, ochery, ochrous, ochry, orange, saffrony (rare), sallow, sandy, sorrel, subflavous (rare), vitelline, xanthochroic (tech.), xanthochroius (tech.), yellowish, yellowy, flaxen; see STRAW-COLORED, GOLDEN.

yellow, n. Spec. fustic, jonquil, massicot, orellin, saffron; see GOLD.

yeoman, n. goodman (hist. or poetic), laird (Scot.); spec. beefeater, duniwassal (Scot.), cocklaird (Scot.; humorous).

yes, exclamation. yea (archaic), aye (ar-

chaic or spec.); spec. placet.

yesterday, a. pridian(rare), hesternal(rare). yesterday, n. Spec. yestermorn, yestereve, yestereven, yesternight;—all four archaic. yield, n. 1. return, produce; see HARVEST.

2. bend, give (colloq.).

yield, v. i. 1. In a physical sense: give, budge, go; spec. fall, come, bend, sink, cave in, duck, start, ply (rare).

2. succumb, meeken (rare), weaken; spec. defer, submit, cringe, crouch, budge, stoop, melt; see surrender, Accede, ADMIT, RELENT.

Antonyms: see STRUGGLE.

yield, v. t. 1. furnish (contextual), return, afford, bear, pan (esp. with "out"; spec. or fig.); spec. net; see PRODUCE.

2. See RELINQUISH, SURRENDER.

yielding, a. 1. nonresistant, pliant, weak; see soft.

Antonyms: see Unyielding.

2. weak, pliable, acquiescent, passive, flexible, toward (literary or archaic); see COMPLAISANT, SUBMISSIVE, RELENTING.

Antonyms: see UNYIELDING, AUTOCRATIC. yielding, n. submission, submittal (rare); spec. homage, acquiescence, fall, lapse, deference, abandonment, relinquishment, submissiveness.

Antonyms: see Opposition.

yodel, v. t. & i. warble (U. S.), carol, troll, trollol.

yonder, adv. beyond, yon (poetic).

yonder, a. yon (poetic).

young, a. 1. youthful, youthy (rare), youthsome (rare), green (fig.); spec. juvenile, infant, immature, squab (esp. of doves or pigeons).

Antonyms: see OLD.

2. See RECENT.

younger, a. junior, puisne (obs., exc. law), less (a Latinism).

dren (pl.; chiefly spec.), juvenescence (rare), youthhead (archaic), youthhood (archaic), youngness (rare); spec. adolescence, boyhood, boyage (rare), girlhood, immaturity, nonage.

Antonyms: see AGE.

2. A boy or girl: youngster (chiefly familiar or contemptuous), younker (obsolescent), youngling (rare), sprig (often somewhat contemptuous), slip (chiefly spec.).

3. Referring to a boy: stripling, lad (usu-

Wrong, v. t.: injure.
wrongful: immoral, sinful,
wicked, injurious.
wrong-headed: perverse.

yarn, v. i.: discourse.
yawn, n.: gape.
yawn, v. i.: gape, long.
yawning, a.: gaping, open.

yearly: annual.
yearn: long.
yearning: longing.
yoke, v. t.: harness.
yokefellow: associate.

YOUTHFUL

ally familiar or spec.), laddie (a term of endearment; chiefly Scot.), cockerel (fig.), springal (chiefly Scot.), grummet (historical), callant (Scot.), whelp (contemptuous), gossoon (chiefly Anglo-Irish); spec. cub, damoiseau (obs. or archaic), hobbledehoy (colloq.), buckeen (Anglo-Irish), boykin (dim.), knave (archaic).

Antonyms: see OLD MAN.

4. See RECENCY.

youthful, a. childish (contextual), young (contextual), early (contextual), juvenile, youngly (rare), green (fig.; chiefly depreciatory); spec. beardless, maiden, boylike, boyish, puerile.

Antonyms: see OLD.

youthfulness, n. childishness, juvenility, green (as in "in the green"; often depreciatory); spec. boyishness, boyism.

y-shaped, a. ypsiliform;—tech or learned.

Z

zeal, n. devotion, passion, jealousness (archaic), jealousy (archaic), zealotry, zelotypia; see ARDOR.

zealot, n. Spec. enthusiast (often depreciatory), religionist; see DEVOTEE, FANATIC. zealous, a. ardent (which see), alacritous, jealous (archaic).

zemstvo, n. assembly (which see).

zenith, n. 1. prime.

Antonyms: see Horizontal, Nadir.

2. See HEIGHT.

zenithal, a. culminant (literal or fig.).

zero, n. 1. See CIPHER.

2. nothing (contextual); spec. goose egg (U. S.), duck (slang).

zest, n. 1. flavor, salt (fig.).

2. See EDGE, FLAVORING, ENJOYMENT, STING, LIKING.

zigzag, n. Spec. dancette, boyau.

zigzag, a. crooked (contextual), sinuous (contextual), cranky (rare); spec. zigzaggy, dog-legged (said of a kind of staircase), chevrony.

Antonyms: see STRAIGHT.

zigzag, v. t. stagger.

zonal, a. zonary, arthromeric (tech.), metameric (tech.).

zone, n. band (contextual); spec. zonula, zonule, zonulet; see GIRDLE.

Cross reserences: see Note.

Z

sany: buffoon.

zealotry: fanaticism.
zealous: ardent, jealous, frantic.

zenana: harem. zephyr: wind.

zigzag, v. i.: wind. zikkurat: tower. zip: sound. zoster: girdle.

See Notes of Explanation.

	•	
,		
		•
	•	
		·
		·

·		
•		
	•	



•					
	•	•			
				•	

